# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

#### Educational guide 2015 / 2016



## (\*)Escola de Enxeñaría de Telecomunicación

#### Presentatiton

**Telecommunications Technical Engineer** 

www: http://teleco.uvigo.es/index.php/es/estudios/gett

#### **Master in Industrial Mathematicics**

#### Equipo Directivo y Coordinación

#### EQUIPO DIRECTIVO DEL CENTRO

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Coordinador de Prácticas Externas: Jorge Marcos Acevedo (teleco.practicas@uvigo.es )

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Coordinador del Plan de Acción Tutorial: Artemio Mojón Ojea (teleco.pat@uvigo.es)

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#### COORDINACIÓN DEL MASTER EN INGENIERÍA DE TELECOMUNICACIÓN

Coordinadora general: Edita de Lorenzo Rodríguez (teleco.master@uvigo.es)Â Â

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#### COORDINACIÓN DEL MASTER EN MATEMÁTICA INDUSTRIAL

Coordinador general: José Durany Castrillo (durany@dma.uvigo.es)

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#### Web page

www.teleco.uvigo.es

### (\*) Grao en Enxeñaría de Tecnoloxías de Telecomunicación

#### Subjects

| Year 1st      |   |            |           |
|---------------|---|------------|-----------|
| Code          | Name  | Quadmester | Total Cr. |
| V05G300V01101 | Empresa: Fundamentos de empresa                 | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01102 | Física: Fundamentos de mecánica e termodinámica | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01103 | Informática: Arquitectura de ordenadores        | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01104 | Matemáticas: Álxebra lineal                     | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01105 | Matemáticas: Cálculo I                          | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01201 | Física: Análise de circuítos lineais            | 2nd        | 6         |
| V05G300V01202 | Física: Campos e ondas                          | 2nd        | 6         |
| V05G300V01203 | Matemáticas: Cálculo II                         | 2nd        | 6         |
| V05G300V01204 | Matemáticas: Probabilidade e estatística        | 2nd        | 6         |
| V05G300V01205 | Programación I                                  | 2nd        | 6         |
|               |   |            |           |

| Year | 2nd |
|------|-----|
|      |     |

| Code          | Name  | Quadmester | Total Cr. |
|---------------|---|------------|-----------|
| V05G300V01301 | Comunicación de datos                         | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01302 | Programación II                               | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01303 | Transmisión electromagnética                  | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01304 | Procesado dixital de sinais                   | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01305 | Física: Fundamentos de electrónica            | 1st        | 6         |
| V05G300V01401 | Tecnoloxía electrónica                        | 2nd        | 6         |
| V05G300V01402 | Electrónica dixital                           | 2nd        | 6         |
| V05G300V01403 | Redes de ordenadores                          | 2nd        | 6         |
| V05G300V01404 | Técnicas de transmisión e recepción de sinais | 2nd        | 6         |
| V05G300V01405 | Fundamentos de son e imaxe                    | 2nd        | 6         |
|               |   |            |           |

| Year 3rd      |   |            |          |
|---------------|---|------------|----------|
| Code          | Name  | Quadmester | Total Cr |
| V05G300V01501 | Servizos de internet                                | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01502 | Circuítos electrónicos programables                 | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01511 | Circuítos de radiofrecuencia                        | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01512 | Sistemas de comunicacións por radio                 | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01513 | Tratamento de sinais multimedia                     | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01521 | Sistemas de adquisición de datos                    | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01522 | Sistemas electrónicos de procesado de sinal         | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01523 | Enxeñaría de equipos electrónicos                   | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01531 | Fundamentos de enxeñaría acústica                   | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01532 | Sistemas de audio                                   | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01533 | Vídeo e televisión                                  | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01541 | Sistemas operativos                                 | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01542 | Arquitectura e tecnoloxía de redes                  | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01543 | Seguridade  | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01611 | Circuítos de microondas                             | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01613 | Principios de comunicacións dixitais                | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01614 | Infraestruturas ópticas de telecomunicación         | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01615 | Redes e sistemas sen fíos                           | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01616 | Xestión do espectro radioeléctrico                  | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01621 | Instrumentación electrónica e sensores              | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01622 | Deseño microelectrónico                             | 2nd        | 6        |
| /05G300V01623 | Sistemas electrónicos para comunicacións dixitais   | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01624 | Electrónica analóxica                               | <br>1st    | 6        |
| V05G300V01625 | Electrónica de potencia                             | 2nd        | 6        |
| /05G300V01631 | Tecnoloxía audiovisual                              | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01632 | Fundamentos de procesado de imaxe                   | 2nd        | 6        |
| /05G300V01633 | Sistemas de imaxe                                   | 2nd        | 6        |
| /05G300V01634 | Procesado de son                                    | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01635 | Acústica arquitectónica                             | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01641 | Programación concorrente e distribuída              | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01642 | Teoría de redes e conmutación                       | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01643 | Redes multimedia                                    | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01644 | Sistemas de información                             | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01645 | Arguitecturas e servizos telemáticos                | 2nd        | 6        |
|               |   |            |          |
| Year 4th      |   |            |          |
| Code          | Name  | Quadmester | Total Cr |
| V05G300V01801 | Xestión e dirección tecnolóxica                     | 2nd        | 6        |
| V05G300V01802 | Laboratorio de proxectos                            | 2nd        | 12       |
| V05G300V01911 | Teledetección                                       | 1st        | 6        |
| V05G300V01912 | Sistemas de navegación e comunicacións por satélite | 1st        | 6        |
| /05G300V01913 | Procesado dixital en tempo real                     | 1st        | 6        |
|               |   |            |          |

V05G300V01914

Comunicacións dixitais

6

1st

| V05G300V01915 | Fundamentos de bioenxeñaría                  | 1st | 6  |
|---------------|--|-----|----|
| V05G300V01921 | Deseño de aplicacións con microcontroladores | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01922 | Dispositivos optoelectrónicos                | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01923 | Deseño e síntese de sistemas dixitais        | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01924 | Sensores electrónicos avanzados              | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01925 | Comunicacións industriais                    | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01931 | Procesado e análise de imaxe                 | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01932 | Tecnoloxía multimedia e computer graphics    | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01933 | Acústica avanzada                            | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01934 | Técnicas de medida de ruído e lexislación    | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01935 | Produción audiovisual                        | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01941 | Servizos multimedia                          | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01942 | Redes sen fíos e móbiles                     | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01943 | Programación de sistemas intelixentes        | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01944 | Deseño de sistemas integrados                | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01945 | Novos servizos telemáticos                   | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01981 | Prácticas externas: Prácticas en empresa l   | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01982 | Prácticas externas: Prácticas en empresa II  | 1st | 6  |
| V05G300V01991 | Traballo de Fin de Grao                      | 2nd | 12 |

| IDENTIFYING DATA               |  |                       |                 |                     |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Business: Company Fundamentals |  |                       |                 |                     |
| Subject                        | Business:<br>Company<br>Fundamentals                             |                       |                 |                     |
| Code                           | V05G300V01101  |                       |                 |                     |
| Study<br>programme             | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación |                       |                 |                     |
| Descriptors                    | ECTS Credits   | Туре                  | Year            | Quadmester          |
|                                | 6  | Basic education       | 1st             | 1st                 |
| Language                       | Spanish  |                       |                 |                     |
| Department                     |  |                       |                 |                     |
| Coordinator                    | González Vázquez, Beatriz  |                       |                 |                     |
| Lecturers                      | Álvarez Llorente, Gema<br>González Vázquez, Beatriz              |                       |                 |                     |
| E-mail                         | bgonza@uvigo.es  |                       |                 |                     |
| Web                            | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                       |                 |                     |
| General<br>description         | This subject has like objective give to know the or company.     | ganisation, managemer | nt and institut | tional frame of the |

#### Competencies

| Code |  | Typology                          |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity. | - Know How<br>- Know be           |
| CG8  | CG8: To know and apply basic elements of economics and human resources management, project organization and planning, as well as the legislation, regulation and standarization in Telecommunications.   | - know<br>- Know How              |
| CE5  | CE5/FB5: The necessary knowledge of business concepts, of law and institutional frameworks. business organization and management .   | - know<br>- Know How              |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |

| Learning outcomes   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
| Manage the requirements and the products of team to reduce the time of realisation of the projects, and improve the coherence and the precision in the business surroundings. | CG8<br>CE5  |
| Propose the solutions of improvement and control the set up.  | CG4<br>CT2  |
| Establish the guidelines on the metric and indicators that will be used to allow to the Direction of the company the evaluation and the follow-up of the computer systems     | CG4<br>CT2  |

| Contents                |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Торіс                   |   |
| Business administration | (*)1.1 The concept of company.                                  |
|                         | 1.2 The aims of the company.                                    |
|                         | 1.3 The company like system.                                    |
|                         | 1.4 Forms and classes of companies.                             |
|                         | 1.5 Company and surroundings.                                   |
|                         | 1.6 Surroundings Technologies of Information and Communication. |
| THE SYSTEM OF FINANCE   | (*)2.1 The financial function.                                  |
|                         | 2.2 The investment in the company.                              |
|                         | 2.3 Sources of finance of the company.                          |

| Subject 3: THE SYSTEM OF PRODUCTION I:<br>GENERAL APPEARANCES | <ul> <li>(*)3.1 Research, development and technological innovation.</li> <li>3.2. Function of production.</li> <li>3.3 Classification of the productive processes.</li> <li>3.4 The economic programming of the production.</li> <li>3.5 The productivity: indicators of productivity.</li> </ul>   |
|---|---|
| Subject 4: THE SYSTEM OF PRODUCTION II .                      | <ul><li>(*)4.1 The costs of production.</li><li>4.2 Capacity of production and location.</li><li>4.3 Control of inventories</li></ul>   |
| Subject 5: THE SYSTEM OF COMMERCIALISATION                    | (*)5.1 The market.<br>5.2 The competition.<br>5.3 The system of commercialisation.<br>5.4 Marketing-mix.  |
| Subject 6: THE SYSTEM OF *ADMINISTRATION                      | 6.1. The system of direction.<br>6.2. Human Resources.  |
|   | Practical 1: Typology and nature of the<br>company<br>Practical 2: Surroundings TIC<br>Practical 3: Structure and economic analysis-financial<br>Practical 4: Sources of Finance I<br>Practice 5: Finance II<br>Practice 6: Investment I<br>Practice 7: Decisions of investment in the company II.<br>Practical 8: Production<br>Practical 9: Productivity<br>Practical 10: Costs of Productivity<br>Practical 11: Capacity of production<br>Practical 12: Location business<br>Practical 13: The plan of company |

| Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours   |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---------------|
| 28          | 56                             | 84            |
| 26          | 38                             | 64            |
| 1           | 0                              | 1             |
| 1           | 0                              | 1             |
|             | 28                             | classroom2856 |

| Methodologies        |   |
|----------------------|---|
|                      | Description   |
| Master Session       | Lesson magistral with material of support and audiovisual means.Realise an exhibition of the main contents of the matter so that the almno can understand the scope of the same and facilitate his understanding. Through this methodology the competencies CG8, CE5, CT2 are developed.                            |
| Laboratory practises | Development and resolution of practical cases by means of the use of suitable computer tools for<br>the contents of the matter. The tools to use are inside the available software by the University or<br>will be of free character. Through this methodology the competencies the CG4, CG8, CE5 are<br>developed. |

### Personalized attention

|               | Description  |
|---------------|--|
| Master Sessio | n In the classes of laboratory, the professor will guide and will assist to the students that will work in the<br>classroom resolving cases and guestions.   |
|               | In the sessions megistrales the professor will attend, will orient and will resolve the doubts to the students<br>on the contents tackled in the theoretical classes.  |
|               | The students will have occasion to attend to tutorías personalised in the dispatch of the professor in the schedule that the professors will establish to such effect to principle of course and that will publish in the page of the asignatura. These tutorías are allocated to resolve doubts and orient to the students on the development of the contents tackled in the theoretical classes, the practical classes. Likewise, also it will keep a constant communication between the educational and the alumnado through the Network by means of the platform Fear in Faitic. |

Laboratory practises In the classes of laboratory, the professor will guide and will assist to the students that will work in the classroom resolving cases and questions. In the sessions megistrales the professor will attend, will orient and will resolve the doubts to the students on the contents tackled in the theoretical classes. The students will have occasion to attend to tutorías personalised in the dispatch of the professor in the schedule that the professors will establish to such effect to principle of course and that will publish in the page of the asignatura. These tutorías are allocated to resolve doubts and orient to the students on the development of the contents tackled in the theoretical classes, the practical classes. Likewise, also it will keep a constant communication between the educational and the alumnado through the Network by means of the platform Fear in Faitic.

|                                      | Description   | Qualification Ev | aluated Competences |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------|---------------------|
| Long answer tests and<br>development | Final proof that can contain partial or totally the contents of the matter developed in the classes of theory and of practices. | 60               | CG4                 |
|                                      | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |                  | CG8                 |
|                                      |   |                  | CE5                 |
|                                      |   |                  | CT2                 |
|                                      | Proofs scored that will realise along the course, distributed of  | 40               | CG4                 |
|                                      | uniform form and programmed so that they interfere the less possible in the rest of the matters.                                |                  | CG8                 |
|                                      |   |                  | CE5                 |
|                                      |   |                  | CT2                 |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

Following the own guidelines of the degree will offer two systems of evaluation: continuous evaluation (two options) and non continuous evaluation at the end of the semester. In any of the two systems of evaluation all the competitions of the subject remain evaluated.

1. Continuous evaluation

It will consider that a student has opted by the continuous evaluation when, after knowing the qualification obtained in the first proof, participates in the second.

The continuous evaluation will consist of a group of proofs scheduled and developed along the course, and that will complete with an examination at the end of the semester that will cover total or partially the subject for those students that do not achieve to approve through the proofs realised along the course. Students have a right to review their continuous assessment tests. The proofs will consist so much in the realisation of the practices of the matter, as in two proofs evaluables, that will effect roughly around November and the begginig of december. Said proofs do not free matter, but each one of them will treat on the contents seen until the moment of realisation of the proof, so much in classes of theory as of practices, is thus that will confer to the last proof a greater weight in the calculation of the qualification that the previous, so that the first proof weighs 40%, and the second proof 60% .

To approve the matter through the proofs and remain deleted of the realisation of the examination at the end of the semester, the student has to surpass the last proof, and obtain an average in the qualification of 5. The result that begin the student in this case will be the weighted average note of the two test.

The student has right to know the qualification obtained in each task in a reasonable term after his realisation or delivery. Likewise, these tasks are not recoverable, that is to say, if a student can not fulfil them in the day stipulated the professor does not have obligation to repeat them. The qualification obtained in the tasks evaluables will be valid so only for the academic course in which they realise.

The students that have not approved the matter through the proofs, will have to complete the continuous evaluation realising an examination at the end of the semester that will consist in a proof reduced that will suppose 60% of the note that will add to the note obtained in the continuous evaluation (40% in two proofs).

2. Students that do not opt by continuous evaluation

To the students that do not opt by the continuous evaluation will offer them a procedure of evaluation that allow them reach the maximum qualification. This procedure will consist in a final examination that include the contents developed in the classes of theory and of practices.

3. On the announcement of recovery

For the announcement of recovery the student that did not approve the subject chooses and confirm by email (a week before the examination) if it wishes to be examined entirely on the maximum possible note or if it applies him the procedure of evaluation stipulated in the subject keeping the note obtained in the previous tasks. By defect, to the student save him the results of the proofs realised.

#### 4. Qualification of No Presented

A student will consider no presented if, at most, has participated in the first proof of continuous evaluation. In any another case, the student will consider presented and will receive his corresponding note.

#### Sources of information

Bueno Campos, E., Curso básico de economía de la empresa, 2004, Pirámide

Fernández Sánchez, E. y otros , Iniciación a los negocios para ingenieros. Aspectos funcionales, 2008, Paraninfo Pérez Gorostegui, E. , Curso de introducción a la economía de la empresa, 2009, Editorial Universitaria Ramón Areces Suárez Suárez, A., Curso de economía de la empresa, 2001, Pirámide

Additional

Alegre y otros (2000): "Fundamentos de economía de la empresa: perspectiva funcional", Ariel Economía.

Barroso Castro C. (coord.) (1996): "Casos y cuestiones de economía de la empresa", Pirámide.

Bueno Campos, E. (2007): "Organización de empresas: estructuras, procesos y modelos" Pirámide.

Bueno Campos, E. y otros (2000): "Economía de la empresa. Análisis de las decisiones empresariales", Pirámide.

Casanueva Rocha, C. (2002): "Fundamentos de gestión empresarial", Pirámide.

Díez de Castro y otros (2002): "Introducción a la economía de la empresa I y II", Pirámide.

Laborda Castillo, L. y Rafael de Zuani, E. (2005): "Introducción a la gestión empresarial: fundamentos teóricos y aplicaciones, Universidad de Alcalá de Henares.

López, F. (2009): "La empresa explicada de forma sencilla", Libros de Cabecera S.L. de Libros.

Luque de

#### Recommendations

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA  |                 |                |                     |
|------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Physics: Fu            | ndamentals of Mechanics and Thermodynamics  |                 |                |                     |
| Subject                | Physics:<br>Fundamentals of<br>Mechanics and<br>Thermodynamics  |                 |                |                     |
| Code                   | V05G300V01102   |                 |                |                     |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |                 |                |                     |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре            | Year           | Quadmester          |
|                        | 6   | Basic education | 1st            | 1st                 |
| Language               | Spanish   |                 |                |                     |
| Department             |   |                 |                |                     |
| Coordinator            | Chiussi , Stefano   |                 |                |                     |
| Lecturers              | Chiussi , Stefano<br>Fernández Doval, Ángel Manuel<br>Fernández Fernández, José Luís                            |                 |                |                     |
| E-mail                 | schiussi@uvigo.es   |                 |                |                     |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                 |                |                     |
| General<br>description | Introduction to the basic concepts on the general laws application to the resolution of problems in engineering |                 | Thermodynamics | as well as to their |

| Com  | petencies  |                      |
|------|--|----------------------|
| Code |  | Typology             |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.  | - Know How           |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know How           |
| CE3  | CE3/FB3: Comprehension and command of basic concepts about the general laws of mechanics, thermodynamics, electromagnetic fields and waves and electromagnetism and their application to solve Engineering problems.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CT3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - know               |

| Learning outcomes  |                                 |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences                     |
| Understanding and mastering of the basic concepts on the general laws of Mechanics and Thermodynamics. | CG3<br>CE3                      |
| Ability to use the basic instrumentation to measure physical quantities.                               | CG3<br>CG5<br>CG6<br>CE3<br>CT3 |
| Ability to evaluate experimental data.   | CG3<br>CG5<br>CE3               |
| Ability to solve the elementary technical problems in engineering.                                     | CG3<br>CE3                      |
| Contents   |                                 |

| Contents   |     |  |  |
|--|-----|--|--|
| Торіс  |     |  |  |
| 1 Physical magnitudes and units. The International System. | (*) |  |  |
| 2 Vectorial tools for Mechanics.                           | (*) |  |  |
| 3 Point Kinematics.  | (*) |  |  |
|  |     |  |  |

| 4 Point Kinetics.  | (*) |
|--|-----|
| 5 Statics.   | (*) |
| 6 Oscillations.  | (*) |
| 7 Wave motion.   | (*) |
| 8 Zero principle of Thermodynamics.<br>Temperature.  | (*) |
| 9 First principle of Thermodynamics.   | (*) |
| 10 Second principle of Thermodynamics.   | (*) |
| Lab 1 Measurement instruments. Error and uncertainty. Estimation of uncertainties in direct measurements.  | (*) |
| Lab 2 Measurement of the reaction time to a given stimulus. Measurement of the gravitational acceleration by means of a pendulum. Estimation of uncertainty in indirect measurements.                |     |
| Lab 3 Verification of Hooke's Law. Linear fit.   | (*) |
| Lab 4 Longitudinal and transversal standing<br>waves. Measurements by linearization of<br>non-linear relations and linear fit. Graphical<br>representation of measurement results.                   | (*) |
| Lab 5 Simple harmonic motion. Free standing<br>oscillation of a spring. Measurements by<br>linearization of non-linear relations and linear fit.<br>Graphical representation of measurement results. | (*) |

### Planning

| •  |             |                             |             |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|  | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Master Session   | 22          | 22                          | 44          |
| Case studies / analysis of situations                    | 6           | 12                          | 18          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 15.5        | 46.5                        | 62          |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 9           | 13.5                        | 22.5        |
| Multiple choice tests                                    | 0.5         | 0                           | 0.5         |
| Short answer tests                                       | 1           | 0                           | 1           |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 2           | 0                           | 2           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

#### Methodologies Description Master Session Prior personal work: -Preliminary reading of the proposed bibliography on the subject. During the lectures: -Presentation of theoretical concepts. -Experimental demonstrations. -Audiovisual presentations. Ulterior personal work: -Revision of theoretical concepts. -Weak-point identification. -Consult the bibliography. Through this methodology, competencies CG3, CE3, CG5, CG6 are worked out. Case studies / analysis Application of the theoretical concepts to simple cases and situations. During the lectures: of situations -Solving of examples. Ulterior personal work: -Solving of cases and situations from the bibliography. -Identification of weak points which require tutorial aid. Through this methodology, competencies CG3, CE3, CG5, CG6 are worked out.

| Troubleshooting and / o<br>exercises | r Solving of average-difficulty problems involving one or more theoretical concepts.<br>During the lectures:<br>-Presentation of solving strategies and techniques by solving example-problems.<br>Personal work:<br>-Solving of problems from the bibliography.<br>-Identification of weak points which require tutorial aid.  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
|                                      | Through this methodology, competencies CG3, CE3, CG5, CG6 are worked out.   |
| Laboratory practises                 | <ul> <li>Prior personal work:</li> <li>-Preparation of the practical session by studying the corresponding guide and reviewing the theory.</li> <li>During the practical session:</li> <li>-Description of the experiment highlighting which theoretical concepts are involved.</li> <li>-Training on material and instrumentation handling.</li> <li>-Execution of the experiment.</li> <li>-Preliminary result processing.</li> <li>Ulterior personal work:</li> <li>-Processing and analysis of the results.</li> <li>-Weak-point identification.</li> <li>-Consult the bibliography.</li> </ul> Through this methodology, competencies CG3, CE3, CG5, CG6 and CT3 are worked out. |

| Personalized attentio                 |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
|                                       | Description  |
| Master Session                        | <ul> <li>During the practical sessions the lecturers will solve the questions that may arise as the<br/>experiments are executed.</li> </ul>   |
|                                       | - The questions related to the theory, its application to the analysis of cases and situations, problem solving, the theory involved in the experiments and the processing of the resulting data, will be solved by the lecturers in their respective tutorial-aid time.   |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Tutorial aid will be given:</li> <li>Individually or in small groups (typically of two or three students).</li> <li>Unless stated otherwise, by appointment to the corresponding lecturer. The appointment will be arranged either by e-mail or in person at the beginning or end of a lecture.</li> <li>Preferably, in the place and tutorial-aid hours of the corresponding lecturer that will be published in the subject's web page at the beginning of each semester.</li> </ul> |
| Case studies / analysis of situations | - During the practical sessions the lecturers will solve the questions that may arise as the experiments are executed.   |
|                                       | - The questions related to the theory, its application to the analysis of cases and situations, problem solving, the theory involved in the experiments and the processing of the resulting data, will be solved by the lecturers in their respective tutorial-aid time.   |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Tutorial aid will be given:</li> <li>Individually or in small groups (typically of two or three students).</li> <li>Unless stated otherwise, by appointment to the corresponding lecturer. The appointment will be arranged either by e-mail or in person at the beginning or end of a lecture.</li> <li>Preferably, in the place and tutorial-aid hours of the corresponding lecturer that will be published in the subject's web page at the beginning of each semester.</li> </ul> |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises    | - During the practical sessions the lecturers will solve the questions that may arise as the experiments are executed.   |
|                                       | - The questions related to the theory, its application to the analysis of cases and situations, problem solving, the theory involved in the experiments and the processing of the resulting data, will be solved by the lecturers in their respective tutorial-aid time.   |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Tutorial aid will be given:</li> <li>Individually or in small groups (typically of two or three students).</li> <li>Unless stated otherwise, by appointment to the corresponding lecturer. The appointment will be arranged either by e-mail or in person at the beginning or end of a lecture.</li> <li>Preferably, in the place and tutorial-aid hours of the corresponding lecturer that will be published in the subject's web page at the beginning of each semester.</li> </ul> |

Laboratory practises
 During the practical sessions the lecturers will solve the questions that may arise as the experiments are executed.
 The questions related to the theory, its application to the analysis of cases and situations, problem solving, the theory involved in the experiments and the processing of the resulting data, will be solved by the lecturers in their respective tutorial-aid time.
 Tutorial aid will be given:

 Individually or in small groups (typically of two or three students).
 Unless stated otherwise, by appointment to the corresponding lecturer. The appointment will be arranged either by e-mail or in person at the beginning or end of a lecture.
 Preferably, in the place and tutorial-aid hours of the corresponding lecturer that will be published.

= Preferably, in the place and tutorial-aid hours of the corresponding lecturer that will be published in the subject's web page at the beginning of each semester.

| Assessment        |   |               |                           |
|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
|                   | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Multiple choice   | Multiple-choice questions about theoretical concepts. Solving of  | 25            | CG3                       |
| tests             | elementary cases and situations related to the topics in both the classroom and laboratory syllabi.           |               | CG5                       |
|                   |   |               | CG6                       |
|                   |   |               | CE3                       |
| Short answer test | s Short answer questions about theoretical concepts. Solving of   | 25            | CG3                       |
|                   | elementary cases and situations related to the topics in both the classroom and laboratory syllabi.           |               | CG5                       |
|                   |   |               | CG6                       |
|                   |   |               | CE3                       |
| Practical tests,  | Practical tests: Solving of problems involving one or more theoretical  | 50            | CG3                       |
| real task         | topics. Execution of real and simulated measurements. Real- and<br>r simulated-measurement result processing. |               | CG5                       |
| simulated.        | sindiated-measurement result processing.  |               | CG6                       |
|                   |   |               | CE3                       |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

Following the particular guidelines of this degree, the students taking this subject will be offered two alternative assessment systems: continuous assessment and end-of-semester assessment.

It will be assumed that a student chooses continuous assessment if he or she takes the 3rd test (see below). Once this test is taken, it will be understood that the student has taken the current term's examination call and he or she will be qualified according to the following criterion regardless of whether he or she takes the final test or not.

#### 1)CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT

Continuous assessment consists of the tests detailed below in this guide which are not retakeable, i.e, if a student is not able to take them in the scheduled date the teaching staff will not be required to repeat them.

The publication date of the marks and the corresponding checking procedure will be given before the tests. As a general rule, the marks of each test will be published before the next one.

The marks obtained in the tests will be only valid for the academic term they have been obtained.

1st test:

a1) Experimental laboratory test comprising the execution of actual measurements and the processing of the results (mark: 0-1 point).

Length: 30 minutes at the end of experimental laboratory session number 3. Its date will appear in the assessment test schedule that the Academic Board of the Degree will approve.

2nd test:

b1) Combined test with multiple-choice and short-answer questions. Questions about theoretical concepts. Solving of elementary cases and situations related to the topics in the classroom syllabus (mark: 0-1 point).

Length: 30 minutes at the end of one of the problem-solving lectures. Its date will appear in the assessment test schedule

that the Academic Board of the Degree will approve.

3rd test:

c1) Experimental laboratory test comprising the execution of actual measurements and the processing of the results (mark: 0-1 point).

Length: 30 minutes at the end of experimental laboratory session number 5. Its date will appear in the assessment test schedule that the Academic Board of the Degree will approve.

4th test, continuous assessment final test:

Combined test with:

d1) 8-12 multiple-choice and short-answer questions, (mark: 0-5 points distributed among them)

e1) solving of one or two problems, (mark: 0-3.4 points distributed between them)

f1) solving of a problem comprising the execution of real or simulated measurements and the processing of the results (mark: 0-1.6 points).

Length: 2 hours in the subject's official examination date.

Overall mark calculation.

g1) will be calculated as the sum of the marks obtained in blocks b1), d1) and e1) plus the lowest of 2 points and the sum of blocks a1), c1) and f1)

 $g1 = b1 + d1 + e1 + min\{2, a1 + c1 + f1\}$ 

The overall mark will be the lowest of 10 points or g1)

overall mark = min{ 10, g1 }

2) END-OF-SEMESTER ASSESSMENT

Final overall test:

Combined test with:

d2) 8-12 multiple-choice and short-answer questions, (mark: 0-5 points distributed among them)

e2) solving of one or two problems, (mark: 0-3.4 points distributed between them)

f2) solving of a problem comprising the execution of real or simulated measurements and the processing of the results (mark: 0-1.6 points).

Length: 2 hours in the subject's official examination date.

Overall mark calculation:

g2) will be calculated as the sum of the marks obtained in blocks d2), e2) and f2)

g2 = d2 + e2 + f2

The overall mark will be g2)

overall mark = g2

3) RESIT

Makeup exam:

Combined test with:

d3) 8-12 multiple-choice and short-answer questions, (mark: 0-5 points distributed among them)

e3) solving of one or two problems, (mark: 0-3.4 points distributed between them)

f3) solving of a problem comprising the execution of real or simulated measurements and the processing of the results (mark: 0-1.6 points).

Length: 2 hours in the subject's official resit date.

Final mark calculation:

The students who take the resit will lose the mark of the previous final test and will get a new mark according to the following criteria:

3A) Students who have chosen continuous assessment

g3A) will be calculated as the sum of the marks obtained in blocks b1), d3) and e3) plus the lowest of 2 points and the sum of blocks a1), c1) and f3)

 $g3A = b1 + d3 + e3 + min\{2, a1 + c1 + f3\}$ 

The overall mark will be the lowest of 10 points or g3A)

overall mark = min{ 10, g3A }

3B) Students who have chosen end-of-semester assessment

g3B) will be calculated as the sum of the marks obtained in blocks d3), e3) and f3)

g3B = d3 + e3 + f3

The overall mark will be g3B)

overall mark = g3B

The marks g1), g2), g3A) and g3B) will be considered instead of the corresponding overall marks to assign the "matricula de honor" distinction.

#### Sources of information

H.D. Young y R.A. Freedman, Sears-Zemansky. Física Universitaria, 11, 12 o 13, Addison-Wesley I.N. Bronshtein, K.A. Semendiaev, Manual de Matemáticas para Ingenieros y Estudiantes, , MIR

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Power Electronics/V05G300V01625 Fundamentals of Acoustics Engineering/V05G300V01531

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104 Mathematics: Calculus I/V05G300V01105

#### **Other comments**

To adequately follow this subject, it is highly advisable to master the contents of high-school subjects on Mathematics and Physics.

|  | G DATA  |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Informatics  | : Computer Architecture   |   |  |
| Subject  | Informatics:  |   |  |
|  | Computer  |   |  |
|  | Architecture  |   |  |
| Code   | V05G300V01103   |   |  |
| Study  | (*)Grao en  |   |  |
| programme  | Enxeñaría de  |   |  |
|  | Tecnoloxías de  |   |  |
|  | Telecomunicación  |   |  |
| Descriptors  | ECTS Credits Type Year  | -   | mester   |
|  | 6 Basic education 1st   | 1st   |  |
| Language   | Spanish   |   |  |
| Department   |   |   |  |
| Coordinator  | Llamas Nistal, Martín   |   |  |
| Lecturers  | Álvarez Sabucedo, Luis Modesto  |   |  |
|  | Anido Rifón, Luis Eulogio   |   |  |
|  | Gil Solla, Alberto  |   |  |
|  | Llamas Nistal, Martín<br>Milicia Fonto, Formanda, Arial   |   |  |
|  | Mikic Fonte, Fernando Ariel<br>Santos Gago, Juan Manuel   |   |  |
| E-mail   | martin@uvigo.es   |   |  |
|  |   |   |  |
| Web  | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |   |  |
| General  | Computers have become an essential tool. This fact is even more clear while studying the "B   |   |  |
| description  | Engineering in Telecommunications Technology" (Grado en Ingeniería de Tecnologías de Tele<br>where computers are not only manipulated from a user's or specialized user's point of view   |   |  |
|  | the engineering perspective, as tools to be designed or to be integrated in more complex sys  |   |  |
|  | the engineering perspective, as consite be designed of to be integrated in more complex sys   |   |  |
|  |   |   |  |
|  | Hence, the main motivation for the "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) of   | course  | is to  |
|  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a  |   |  |
|  |   |   |  |
|  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a (over the electronic level).   | bstrac  | tion levels  |
|  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver  | bstrac<br>ntional   | tion levels<br>machine   |
|  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb  | bstrac<br>ntional   | tion levels<br>machine   |
|  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver  | bstrac<br>ntional   | tion levels<br>machine   |
| Compotono  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.   | bstrac<br>ntional   | tion levels<br>machine   |
| Competenc  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.   | bstrac<br>ntional   | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine   |
| Code   | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.   | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma  | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine<br>Typology   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and tee  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br><b>ies</b><br>he knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new me<br>chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods  | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine<br>Typology   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and teo<br>CG4 CG4: T  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br>ies<br>he knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new me<br>chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations<br>he ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate an   | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods  | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- know   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and teo<br>CG4 CG4: T<br>transm  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a (over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br>ies   | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods  | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- know   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and teo<br>CG4 CG4: T<br>transm<br>Teleco  | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a (over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br><b>ies</b><br>the knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new me<br>chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations<br>the ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate an<br>it knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Techn<br>munication Engineer activity.   | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods<br>id<br>ical  | tion levels<br>machine<br>achine<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know How   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and teo<br>CG4 CG4: T<br>transm<br>Telecon<br>CE2 CE2/FB   | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a (over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br><b>ies</b><br>the knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new me<br>chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations<br>the ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate an<br>it knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Techn<br>munication Engineer activity.<br>2: The basic knowledge about using and programming computers, operative systems, databa  | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods<br>id<br>ical  | tion levels<br>machine<br>achine<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know How<br>- know   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and teo<br>CG4 CG4: T<br>transm<br>Telecon<br>CE2 CE2/FB<br>and En   | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br><b>ies</b><br>the knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new me<br>chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations<br>he ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate an<br>it knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Techn<br>mmunication Engineer activity.<br>2: The basic knowledge about using and programming computers, operative systems, databa<br>gineering applied software.  | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods<br>id<br>ical  | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- know How   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and teo<br>CG4 CG4: T<br>transm<br>Telecon<br>CE2 CE2/FB<br>and En   | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a (over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br><b>ies</b><br>the knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new me<br>chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations<br>the ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate an<br>it knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Techn<br>munication Engineer activity.<br>2: The basic knowledge about using and programming computers, operative systems, databa  | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods<br>id<br>ical  | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- know How<br>- know How<br>- know                                       |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and tee<br>CG4 CG4: T<br>transm<br>Telecol<br>CE2 CE2/FB<br>and En<br>CT2 CT2 Ur   | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br><b>ies</b><br>he knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new me<br>chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations<br>he ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate an<br>it knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Techn<br>munication Engineer activity.<br>2: The basic knowledge about using and programming computers, operative systems, databa<br>gineering applied software.<br>derstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.  | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods<br>id<br>ical<br>ses   | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know                                     |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and tee<br>CG4 CG4: T<br>transm<br>Telecol<br>CE2 CE2/FB<br>and En<br>CT2 CT2 Ur<br>CT3 CT3 Aw   | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br><b>ies</b><br>he knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new me<br>chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations<br>he ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate an<br>it knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Techn<br>mmunication Engineer activity.<br>2: The basic knowledge about using and programming computers, operative systems, databa<br>gineering applied software.<br>derstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods<br>id<br>ical<br>ses   | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know       |
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| Code<br>CG3 CG3: T<br>and tee<br>CG4 CG4: T<br>transm<br>Telecol<br>CE2 CE2/FB<br>and En<br>CT2 CT2 Ur<br>CT3 CT3 Aw<br>open a   | provide students with an understanding of basic computer operation by studying the lower a<br>(over the electronic level).<br>The subject "Computer Architecture" (Arquitectura de Ordenadores) is focused on the conver<br>level, describes the operating machine level and shows an example application for the Symb<br>domain through the introduction of the Database Management Systems.<br><b>ies</b><br>he knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new me<br>chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations<br>he ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate an<br>it knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Techn<br>mmunication Engineer activity.<br>2: The basic knowledge about using and programming computers, operative systems, databa<br>gineering applied software.<br>derstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | bstrac<br>ntional<br>olic Ma<br>ethods<br>id<br>ical<br>ses   | tion levels<br>I machine<br>achine<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know<br>- know       |
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| Knowledges of the main ways of addressing modes in assembler language and capacity for the efficient handling of these. | CG3<br>CG4<br>CE2               |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Acquisition of skills on the design of algorithms and the construction of programs to level of conventional machine     | CG3<br>CG4                      |
|   | CE2<br>CT2<br>CT3               |
| Knowledge of the principles and fundamental components of the operating systems   | CG3<br>CE2<br>CT3               |
| Understanding of the main functions of the operating systems  | CG3<br>CE2<br>CT3               |
| Knowledge of the fundamental aspects of the databases.  | CG3<br>CE2<br>CT3               |
| Understanding of the distinct models of organisation of the information in databases                                    | CG3<br>CE2<br>CT3               |
| Acquisition of basic skills on the languages of query to databases  | CG3<br>CG4<br>CE2<br>CT2<br>CT3 |

| Contents                                    |   |
|---|---|
| Торіс                                       |   |
| 1. PRELIMINARIES                            | Information Representation in computers. von Neumann Model. Structural, procesal and functional models  |
| 2. von Neumann Model                        | Components of von Neumman machine. Simple Machine: Simplez. Central<br>Processing Unit, Arithmetic and Logic Unit, memries, registries, buses.<br>External Communication, active waiting, Introduction to addressing modes                                      |
| 3. Symbolic Representation and Processing . | Representation of basic data elements: integer, character, floating point.<br>Conventions for data storage. Processing operations. Introduction to<br>simbolic processing. Assembler language   |
| 4. Instructions and addressing              | <ol> <li>Instructions and addressing Software considerations. Registries at the<br/>conventional machine level. Lenguage for register transfer (RT level).<br/>Instruction format. Addressing modes. Stacks and subprograms.<br/>Assembler languages</li> </ol> |
| 5. Typical conventional machine             | Structural Model. Functional Model. Set of instuctions. Addressing modes,<br>Assembler. Examples of programmes. Algortimez  |
| 6. Peripheral management                    | Types of peripherals. Management of variety. Models. Secondary memories. Interruptions. Service Rutines. ADM: justification.  |
| 7. Operating Systems                        | Operative Machine. Introduction to Operating Systems. Definition of an operating system. Interface operating system.  |
| 8. Data Bases                               | Introduction to Data Bases. Relational Model. Entity-relation model. Query languages. Introduction to SQL   |

| Planning   |                        |                                |                             |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | Class hours            | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours                 |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 22                     | 27.5                           | 49.5                        |
| Introductory activities                                  | 5                      | 5                              | 10                          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 10                     | 17.5                           | 27.5                        |
| Master Session   | 12                     | 24                             | 36                          |
| Self-assessment tests                                    | 0                      | 3                              | 3                           |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 4                      | 8                              | 12                          |
| Short answer tests                                       | 3                      | 9                              | 12                          |
| *The information in the planning table is for guid       | dance only and does no | ot take into account the het   | erogeneity of the students. |

| Methodologies                     |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
|                                   | Description  |
| Laboratory practises              | The course includes programming practices that will performed using a simple computer (SIMPLEZ) and a regular computer (ALGORITMEZ). Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CT2, CT3 and CE2 are developed.   |
| Introductory activities           | Presentation of the course contents, methodology, office hours, evaluation, usage of the labs, and any other issue related to the subject. Through this methodology the competences CG3 and CT3 are developed.   |
| Troubleshooting and / o exercises | or Programming, information representation, and other problems and exercises will be solved during<br>the classes. Some must be solved by students previously at home, and they will participate actively<br>in the solution of some other problems. Through this methodology the competencies CG, CT2 and<br>CE2 are developed.                           |
| Master Session                    | Theoretical concepts and their practical application will be introduced during the classes. Students will be encouraged to participate by alternating lectures with problem and exercise solving. Therefore, sessions will include lectures and time for exercises and problems. Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CT3 and CE2 are developed. |

|                                    | Description   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Master Session                     | The students will have opportunity to attend personalized tutorials in the schedule to be established for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule is published on the website of the subject and the website of the center . |
| Laboratory practises               | The students will have opportunity to attend personalized tutorials in the schedule to be established for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule is published on the website of the subject and the website of the center . |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | The students will have opportunity to attend personalized tutorials in the schedule to be established for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule is published on the website of the subject and the website of the center . |

| Assessment   |  |                   |                     |
|--|--|-------------------|---------------------|
|  | Description  | Qualification Eva | luated Competencess |
| Self-assessment tests                                    | Exam questions will be available for students, in order to perform autoevaluation. | 0                 | CG3                 |
|  |  |                   | CG4                 |
|  |  |                   | CE2                 |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | Three practical exams (ongoing evaluation) will be performed in laboratory.        | 50                | CG3                 |
|  |  |                   | CG4                 |
|  |  |                   | CE2                 |
| Short answer tests                                       | Three exams (ongoing evaluation) will be performed to evaluate the theory.         | 50                | CG3                 |
|  |  |                   | CG4                 |
|  |  |                   | CE2                 |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

This subject is organized in two parts: Theory and Practice.We consider the harmonic average of A and B as HA(A,B)=2\*A\*B/(A+B). If A=B=0 then HA(A,B)=0 and the Arithmetic Average of A and B as AA(A,B)=(A+B)/2. The final grade for the course (FG) is the harmonic average (HA) of both parts, TG (Theory Grade) and PG (Practice Grade). Namely

FG = HA(TG,PG) = 2\*TG\*PG/(TG+PG)

To pass the course, FG must be greater than or equal to 5. If HA(TG,PG)4 then FG=4).

Both parts can be evaluated by Continuous Evaluation (CE) or by Final Exam (FE).

The FE will consist of Theory and Practice, and will take place in date and time officially established.

EC will consist of the tasks described in this guide, and are not recoverable, ie, if a student cannot comply within the stipulated period the teacher is not required to repeat them.

If one of the subject parts is passed in the final semester examinations, its grade will be kept for the remedial examinations where the student only must be evaluated of the other part. If the student has followed CE in part that remains, he/she will keep the grades.

The CE tasks grades are only valid for the current academic course, being discarded in case the student fails the course.

The Theory part is divided into two subparts: T1 and T2. T1 covers approximately 66% of the syllabus, while T2 the 100% of the syllabus.

The Theory grade is the harmonic average of the grades of these two subparts, ie: TG = HA(T1,T2) = 2\*T1\*T2/(T1+T2)

#### \*CONTINUOUS EVALUATION (CE):

In CE in Theory, the T1 subpart consists of two exercises (CE1 and CE2) and T2 subpart of one exercise. They will be done approximately in the 5th week, 10th week and the final exam (ie, the third exercise is part of the Review Final). The syllabus is about 33% of the total for the first exercise (CE1), 66% for the second (CE2) and 100% for the third (T2). The note of the first subpart is T1 = HA(CE1,CE2)

If the student has followed CE but has failed the subject, the T1 and T2 grades will be kept for remedial examinations.

#### \*SEMESTER FINAL EXAM

Any student, whether or not has followed the CE, can take the Final Exam. If the student followed the CE, he/she may discard the results obtained there, and take the Final Exam . In this case, the valid grade will be the FE, canceling the grades that had been obtained previously in the CE.

This Final Exam will have two exercises (T1 and T2) to be done in 90 minutes. Students who have not passed CE will have to present to the entire Final Exam (T1 and T2).

#### \* REMEDIAL EXAMS

The Theory Remedial Exam has the same structure as in the Semester Final Exam and will last 90 minutes. If CE was not followed, the student will have to do both T1 and T2, regardless of the grades in each exercise in Final Semester Exam. If EC was followed, the student can do T1 and/or T2, canceling the grades that he/she had previously obtained.

#### PRACTICE

#### \*CONTINUOUS EVALUATION:

The CE of Practice consists of 3 exercises P1, P2 and P3. P1 will be about Simplez, P2 about Basic Algoritmez (over 60% of the syllabus) and P3 about Full Algoritmez (100% of the syllabus). The exercises will be done in the laboratory and will last approximately 1 hour. P1 will be around the 4th week, P2 around the 8th P2 and P3 around the last week .The Practice CE grade is the weighted average of these three exercises: PG = 0.20\*P1 + 0.35\*P2 + 0.45\*P3

#### \*SEMESTER FINAL EXAM

Any student, whether or not has followed the CE, can take the Final Exam. If the student followed the CE, he/she may discard the results obtained there, and take the Final Exam . In this case, the valid grade will be the FE, canceling the grades that had been obtained previously in the CE.

This Final Exam will have one exercise about Algoritmez to be done in the laboratory in 1 hour (approximately). In this case, the Practice Grade is the grade of the Final Exam.

#### \* REMEDIAL EXAM

The student will have a Remedial Exam similar to the Semester Final Exam.

#### **GENERAL ISSUES**

ACTS- For the CE to be considered in Acts, the student will have do exercise P1 in Practice or EC1 in Theory. Any student following the CE who does not do any of these exercises (P1 or EC1):

His/her grade will not be registered in the acts and, for all purposes, will be treated as those presented for the first time, without having studied before.

He/she could not take the other CE exercises, as they will not be considered.

Note: Prior to an exercise or an exam, the date and procedure for the score review will be published sufficiently in advance.

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#### Recommendations

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA   |  |  |  |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Mathemati              | cs: Linear Algebra  |  |  |  |
| Subject                | Mathematics:<br>Linear Algebra  |  |  |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01104   |  |  |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |  |  |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре   | Year   | Quadmester   |
|                        | 6   | Basic education  | 1st  | 1st  |
| Language               | Spanish   |  |  | ·  |
| Department             |   |  |  |  |
| Coordinator            | Martín Méndez, Alberto Lucio  |  |  |  |
| Lecturers              | Faro Rivas, Emilio<br>Martín Méndez, Alberto Lucio<br>Prieto Gómez, Cristina Magdalena  |  |  |  |
| E-mail                 | amartin@dma.uvigo.es  |  |  |  |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es/   |  |  |  |
| General<br>description | The subject Álgebra Lineal is taught in the first quade<br>Tecnologías de Telecomunicación, with the main object<br>the elementary mathematical symbolism, the basic t<br>the methods of resolution of problems that serve as<br>attention to the applications of Linear Algebra, as we<br>the subject. | ective of providing st<br>echniques of the main<br>a basis for subjects to | udents with a<br>trix calculus a<br>o study later. | correct management of<br>ind an introduction to<br>It will be paid special |
| Competenc              | attention to the applications of Linear Algebra, as we the subject.   |  |  |  |
|                        |   |  |  | Typology   |

#### coae rypology CG3 CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods - know and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations - Know How - Know be CG4 CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity. CE1 CE1/FB1: The ability to solve mathematical problems in Engineering. The aptitude to apply knowledge - know about linear algebra, geometry, differential geometry, differential and integral calculus, differential and - Know How partial derivatives equations; numerical methods, numerical algorithms, statistics and optimization CT2 CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development. - know - Know be CT3 CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, - know open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based - Know be on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.

| Learning outcomes   | Commenter   |
|---|-------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
| Domain of the basic techniques of linear algebra and matrix calculus which are needed in other subjects | CG3         |
| that should be studied subsequently in the programme.   | CG4         |
|   | CE1         |
|   | CT2         |
|   | CT3         |
| Management of the basic operations of matrix calculation.   |             |
|   | CG4         |
|   | CE1         |
|   | CT2         |
|   | CT3         |
| Knowledge of numerical methods for solving systems of linear equations and knowledge of the basic       | CG3         |
| concepts involving vector spaces and linear maps.   | CT3         |
| Knowledge of the properties of vector spaces with inner product.  | CE1         |

| Management of some applications of linear algebra: the method of least squares, singular value decomposition and classification of quadratic forms | CG3<br>CE1<br>CT3 |
|--|-------------------|
| Domain of the arithmetic of complex numbers.   | CG3               |
|  | CG4               |
|  | CE1               |
|  | CT2               |
|  | CT3               |

| Contents   |  |
|--|--|
| Торіс  |  |
| Subject 1. Complex numbers.                          | Operations with complex numbers. Geometric concepts associated with complex numbers. Euler's formula and its consequences.   |
| Subject 2. Systems of linear equations and matrices. | Solution of a system of linear equations. Systems of linear equations and vector equations. The matrix equation Ax=b. Sets of solutions of systems of linear equations. Operations with matrices. Inverse of a matrix. Block matrices. LU decomposition. Determinants. Rank of a matrix. |
| Subject 3. Linear transformations                    | Relations of linear dependence. Subspaces. Basis. Dimension. Rank of a system of vectors. Introduction to linear transformations. Matrix of a linear transformation. Composition of linear transformations.  |
| Subject 4. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors.             | Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Eigenspace. Diagonalizable matrices.   |
| Subject 5. Orthogonallity.                           | Real Euclidean inner product. Complex Euclidean inner product.<br>Orthogonallity. Diagonalization by unitary similarity. Singular value<br>decomposition. Matrix rank reduction. The method of least squares.<br>Quadratic forms.  |

| Planning                           |             |                             |             |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|                                    | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Laboratory practises               | 2           | 2                           | 4           |
| Master Session                     | 38          | 76                          | 114         |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 9           | 9                           | 18          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 5           | 5                           | 10          |
| Long answer tests and development  | 2           | 2                           | 4           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies   |  |
|---|--|
|   | Description  |
| Laboratory practises  | Use of the computer tool *MATLAB.<br>Through this methodology the competences CG3, CG4, CE1, CT2 and CT3 are developed.  |
| Master Session  | Explanation and development by the professor of the contents of the various items that make up the course.<br>Through this methodology the competences CG3, CE1 and CT3 are developed. |
| Troubleshooting and / or Resolution by part of the professor of suitable exercises adapted to each topic and suitable<br>exercises to reveal the relations of the topics between themselves. The student will have to als<br>take part in the resolution of exercises in order to strengthen their knowledge.<br>Through this methodology the competences CG3, CG4, CE1, CT2 and CT3 are developed. |  |

#### Personalized attention

|                                       | Description  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Troubleshooting and<br>/ or exercises | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutoring in the professor's office in the hours established, as announced at the beginning of the course and published on the course web page. The professor will personally help students in order to clarify the doubts that they may have about the contents of the subject or the problems solved. He also personally attend students who have questions about exercises sought by themselves. |
| Laboratory practises                  | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutoring in the professor's office in the hours established, as announced at the beginning of the course and published on the course web page. The professor will personally help students in order to clarify the doubts that they may have about the contents of the subject or the problems solved. He also personally attend students who have questions about exercises sought by themselves. |

| Master Session                        | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutoring in the professor's office in the hours established, as announced at the beginning of the course and published on the course web page. The professor will personally help students in order to clarify the doubts that they may have about the contents of the subject or the problems solved. He also personally attend students who have questions about exercises sought by themselves.             |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Troubleshooting and<br>/ or exercises | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutoring in the professor's office in the hours<br>established, as announced at the beginning of the course and published on the course web page. The<br>professor will personally help students in order to clarify the doubts that they may have about the<br>contents of the subject or the problems solved. He also personally attend students who have<br>questions about exercises sought by themselves. |

#### Assessment

|                                      | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| Troubleshooting and / or             | Following the guidelines specific to the degree program, two   | 50            | CG3                       |
| exercises                            | systems of assessment will be offered: continuous evaluation<br>and evaluation at the end of the guadmester. In the case of  |               | CG4                       |
|                                      | <ul> <li>continuous evaluation planning will be in the following way:</li> <li>Four one hour testing: <ol> <li>Test of item 1 (week 3 approximately).</li> <li>Test of items 2 and 3 (week 10 approximately).</li> <li>Test of items 4 and 5 (week 14 approximately).</li> <li>Exercise for solving by small groups and in an individual way (week 14 approximately).</li> </ol> </li> <li>Each of these tests will have an evaluation of 1,10 points.<br/>In adittion, 6% of the rating will be obtained by means of tasks to deliver in the classroom</li> </ul> |               | CE1                       |
| Long answer tests and<br>development | An individual test of two hours of items 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.  | 50            | CG3<br>CG4                |
|                                      |  |               | CE1                       |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

#### **Continuous evaluation:**

It will be considered that a student has opted by the continuous evaluation when, after knowing the qualification obtained in the first test of an hour, he accept to take part in it. In this case, the final qualification for a student is given by the formula

#### $N = (1/2) \times T + (1/2) \times E$

where T is the qualification, between 0 and 10, obtained as the weighted average of the qualifications of the five tests of an hour and where E is the qualification, between 0 and 10, obtained in the test of two hours. In this mode, it is considered that a student has successfully completed the course when N is greater than or equal to 5. Before the completion or delivery of each test, the date and procedure for the review of the qualifications obtained will de indicated; these qualifications will be open to the students in a reasonable period of time. The tests are not recoverable, in other words, if a student cannot present himself to realize them in the day stipulated, the professor does not have obligation to repeat them.

Qualifications obtained in the evaluables tests will be valid only for the academic course in which they are realized.

#### Evaluation at the end of the quadmester:

Students who do not choose continuous evaluation may be submitted to an examination, which will not necessarily be the same as the single test of two hours of items 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the students that follow the continuous evaluation, which will be evaluated on 10 points. In this mode, it is considered that a student has successfully completed the course when the qualification of the examination is greater than or equal to 5.

#### Second chance:

The day of the test of recovery, students who have chosen continuous evaluación will be able to opt, if they wish it and before seeing it, for a test where the note is obtained as

#### $N = (1/2) \times T + (1/2) \times D$

where T is the qualification, between 0 and 10, obtained as the weighted average of the qualifications of the five tests of an hour and where D is the qualification, between 0 and 10, obtained in a three-hour maximum test of items 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. In this mode, it is considered that a student has successfully completed the course when NR is greater than or equal to 5.

In case of not choosing this option, or if they do not qualify to choose it because they have not participated in the continuous evaluation, the recovery examination, not necessarily the same as that taken by the students who have chosen the above mentioned option, will be also a three-hour maximum test of items 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. In this case, the test will be evaluated on 10 points and it will be considered that a student has successfully completed the course when the qualification of the test is greater than or equal to 5.

#### **Qualification of Not Present:**

A student will be deemed not present if he does not opt for continuous evaluation and, at most, he appears to the first individual test of one hour. Otherwise he shall be deemed present and he shall be granted the corresponding qualification.

Should cheating or use of unauthorized electronic devices in any of the tests taken, the qualification will be Fail (0) and the teachers will inform the direction of the School of the incident so that the appropriate measurement will be taken.

#### Sources of information

D. C. Lay, Álgebra lineal y sus aplicaciones, 3ª, Pearson Education (2007)

D. Poole, Álgebra lineal: Una introducción moderna, 2º, Thomson (2007)

L. Merino; E. Santos, Álgebra lineal con métodos elementales, 1ª, Thomson (2006)

#### Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Mathematics: Calculus II/V05G300V01203 Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304 Computer Networks/V05G300V01403

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Mathematics: Calculus I/V05G300V01105

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA  |  |   |   |
|------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| Mathemati              | cs: Calculus I   |  |   |   |
| Subject                | Mathematics:<br>Calculus I   |  |   |   |
| Code                   | V05G300V01105  |  |   |   |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |  |   |   |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре   | Year  | Quadmester  |
|                        | 6  | Basic education  | 1st   | 1st   |
| Language               | Spanish  |  |   |   |
| Department             |  |  |   |   |
| Coordinator            | Calvo Ruibal, Natividad  |  |   |   |
| Lecturers              | Calvo Ruibal, Natividad<br>Fernández Manin, Generosa<br>González Rodríguez, Ramón<br>Martín Méndez, Alberto Lucio  |  |   |   |
| E-mail                 | nati@dma.uvigo.es  |  |   |   |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |  |   |   |
| General<br>description | The aim that pursue with this subject is that the stude<br>calculation in one and several real variables and his a<br>student have achieved the understanding of the basic<br>several variables, the handle of the usual differential<br>technicians of differential calculation for the research<br>numerical resolution of systems of equations. Besides<br>symbolic calculation and graphic representation. | pplications. Al term<br>concepts of the diff<br>operators of the mat<br>of extremes, local a | of this subject<br>ferential calcu<br>thematical ph<br>pproximation | t it expects that the<br>Jation in one and<br>Sysics and of the<br>of functions and |

| Com  | petencies   |                |
|------|---|----------------|
| Code |   | Typology       |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations   | - know         |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.  | - Know How     |
| CE1  | CE1/FB1: The ability to solve mathematical problems in Engineering. The aptitude to apply knowledge about linear algebra, geometry, differential geometry, differential and integral calculus, differential and partial derivatives equations; numerical methods, numerical algorithms, statistics and optimization | - Know How     |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.  | - know         |
| СТ3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.      | - Know be<br>I |

| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
|---|-------------|
| Understanding of the basic concepts of the differential calculation in one and several variables.     | CG3         |
|   | CG4         |
|   | CE1         |
|   | CT2         |
|   | CT3         |
| Knowledge and handle of the usual differential operators of the mathematical physics.                 | CE1         |
| Knowledge and handle of the technicians of differential calculation for the research of extremes, the | local CG4   |
| approximation of functions and the numerical resolution of systems of equations.                      | CE1         |
|   | CT2         |
| Knowledge of some computer program of symbolic calculation and graphic representation.                | CG3         |
|   | CT3         |

| Contents   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс  |   |
| Subject 1. Introduction.                                   | Sets of numbers and functions of one variable. n-dimensional space. Polar, cylindrical and spherical coordinates.   |
| Subject 2. Continuity of functions of one variable.        | Limits. Continuity. Theorem of the intermediate value. Theorem of Bolzano. Method of bisection.   |
| Subject 3. Continuity of functions of several variables.   | Functions of several variables. Limits. Continuity. Theorem of Bolzano.   |
| Subject 4. Derivation of functions of one variable.        | Derivation of a function in a point. Derivative function, derivative successive, properties. Rule of the chain. Implicit derivation. Derivation of reverse functions. |
| Subject 5. Applications of the derivative.                 | Maxima and minimum. Theorem of the mean value. Rule of L'Hopital.<br>Local study of the graphic of a function. Taylor polynomial. Method of<br>Newton.                |
| Subject 6. Differential of functions of several variables. | Directional derivatives. Partial derivatives. Jacobian matriz. Rule of the chain. Higher order derivatives. Differential operators.                                   |
| Subject 7. Applications of the differential calculation.   | Extreme values. Extreme values with equality constraints. Method of Newton.   |

| Planning                                      |                           |                              |                             |  |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|   | Class hours               | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |  |
| Master Session                                | 38                        | 66.5                         | 104.5                       |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 10                        | 14                           | 24                          |  |
| Laboratory practises                          | 2                         | 1.5                          | 3.5                         |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 4                         | 8                            | 12                          |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 2                         | 4                            | 6                           |  |
| *The information in the planning table is for | guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |  |

| Methodologies                        |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
|                                      | Description  |
| Master Session                       | The professor will expose the theoretical contents of the matter.  |
|                                      | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE1 and CT3 are developed.  |
| Troubleshooting and / o<br>exercises | or The professor will resolve problems and exercises of each one of the subjects and the student will have to resolve similar exercises.       |
|                                      | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CE1, CT2 and CT3 are developed.  |
| Laboratory practises                 | The students will use computer tools (Maxima and/or Matlab) to resolve exercises and apply the knowledge purchased in the theoretical classes. |
|                                      | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CE1, CT2 and CT3 are developed.  |

| Personalized attention             |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
|                                    | Description  |  |
| Master Session                     | The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students. They will attend doubts so much of form presencial, especially in the classes of problems and in the schedules of tutorías, as of form no presencial by means of electronic post. The students will have occasion of to go to tutorías in the dispatch of the professor in the time that the professors will establish to such effect to principle of course and that will publish in the page of the subject.    |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | nd The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students. They will attend doubts so much of form presencial, especially in the classes of problems and in the schedules of tutorías, as of form no presencial by means of electronic post. The students will have occasion of to go to tutorías in the dispatch of the professor in the time that the professors will establish to such effect to principle of course and that will publish in the page of the subject. |  |

Laboratory practises The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students. They will attend doubts so much of form presencial, especially in the classes of problems and in the schedules of tutorías, as of form no presencial by means of electronic post. The students will have occasion of to go to tutorías in the dispatch of the professor in the time that the professors will establish to such effect to principle of course and that will publish in the page of the subject.

|                                    | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | First session (1 hour): Subject 1. (Aprox. week 5).  | 40            | CG3                       |
|                                    | Second session (1 hour): Subjects 2 and 3. (Aprox. week  |               | CG4                       |
|                                    | 8).  |               | CE1                       |
|                                    | Third session (1 hour): Subjects 4 and 5. (Aprox. week 11).  |               |                           |
|                                    | Fourth session (1 hour): Subject 6. (Aprox. week 14).  |               |                           |
|                                    | The four previous sessions add 40% of the total note.<br>The punctuation of each one of them will be of 10%. |               |                           |
| Troubleshooting and / or           | Final examination on the subjects 1, 3, 6 and 7 of the   | 60            | CG4                       |
| exercises                          | matter. The punctuation will be 60% of the total note.   |               | CE1                       |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

#### 1. Continuous evaluation

It will be considered that a student has opted by the continuous evaluation when, after knowing the qualification obtained in first session, he deliver to the professor (before October 16) the sheet of registration in this type of evaluation. It will not be able to change the option of evaluation. The sessions are not recoverable, in other words, if a student cannot present himself to realize in day stipulated, the professor does not have obligation to repeat them. Before the completion or delivery of each test the date and procedure for the review of the qualifications obtained will be indicated; these qualifications will be open to the students in a reasonable period of time.

In this case, the final qualification for a student is given by the formula

#### $N = (1/10) \times C + (6/10) \times E$

C : qualification, between 0 and 40, obtained as the sum of the qualifications of the four sessions of an hour.

**E** : qualification, between 0 and 10, obtained in the final examination on the subjects 1, 3, 6 and 7 of the matter.

In this mode, it is considered that a student has successfully completed the course when N is greater than or equal to 5. Qualifications obtained in the tests will be valid only for the academic course in which they are realized.

#### 2. Evaluation at the end of the semester

Students who do not choose continuous evaluation may be submitted to an examination, which will not necessarily be the same as the one of the continuous evaluation. The examination will be evaluated between 0 and 10 points and it is considered that a student has successfully completed the course when the qualification of the examination is greater than or equal to 5.

#### 3. Second chance

The day of the examination of recovery, students who have chosen continuous evaluation, will be able to opt, if they wish it, for an examination where the note is obtained as

#### $NR = (1/10) \times C + (6/10) \times D$

**C** : Note, between 0 and 40, obtained as the sum of the qualifications of the sessions of an hour.

**D** : Note, between 0 and 10, obtained in an examination on the subjects 1, 3, 6 and 7 of the matter.

In this mode, it is considered that a student has successfully completed the course when **NR** is greater than or equal to 5.

In case of no choosing this option, or if they do not qualify to chose it because the have not participated in he continuous

evaluation, the recovery examination, not necessarily the same as that taken by the students who have chosen the above mentioned option, will be also a three hour maximum tests of items 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7. In this case, the test will be evaluated on 10 points and it will be considered that a student has successfully completed the course when the qualification of the examination is greater than or equal to 5.

#### 4. Qualification of Not Present

A student will be deemed not present if he does not opt for continuous evaluation and, at most, he appears to the first test of one hour. Otherwise he shall be deemed present and he shall be granted the corresponding qualification.

**5.** Should cheating or use unauthorized electronic devices in any of the tests taken, the qualification will be 0 in that test. The teachers will inform the direction of the School of the incident so that the appropriate measurement will be taken.

#### Sources of information

J. Stewart, Cálculo de una variable: conceptos y contextos., 4ª edición, Thomson-Learning, 2010

D.G. Zill y W.S. Wright, Cálculo de una variable, 4ª edición, Mc Graw Hill, 2011

E. Marsden y A.J. Tromba, Cálculo vectorial, 5ª edición, Pearson-Addison Wesley, 2004

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Mathematics: Calculus II/V05G300V01203 Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104

| IDENTIFYIN   |  |  |                                     |                        |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
|  | nalysis of Linear Circuits   |  |                                     |                        |
| Subject  | Physics: Analysis of<br>Linear Circuits  |  |                                     |                        |
| Code   | V05G300V01201  |  |                                     |                        |
| Study  | (*)Grao en   |  |                                     |                        |
| programme  | Enxeñaría de   |  |                                     |                        |
|  | Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |  |                                     |                        |
| Descriptors  | ECTS Credits   | Typo                                       | Year Quac                           | Imester                |
| Descriptors  | 6  | Type<br>Basic education                    | 1st 2nd                             | Intester               |
|  | -  |  | 150 2110                            |                        |
| Language   | Spanish  |  |                                     |                        |
| Department   |  |  |                                     |                        |
|  | García-Tuñón Blanca, Inés  |  |                                     |                        |
| Lecturers  | Díaz Otero, Francisco Javier<br>García-Tuñón Blanca, Inés  |  |                                     |                        |
|  | Gómez Araújo, Marta  |  |                                     |                        |
|  | Prol Rodríguez, Miguel   |  |                                     |                        |
|  | Sánchez Sánchez, Enrique   |  |                                     |                        |
| E-mail   | inesgt@com.uvigo.es  |  |                                     |                        |
| Web  | http://www.faitic.uvigo.es   |  |                                     |                        |
| General  | The course introduces the fundamentals of the lumpe  | d circuit principles a                     | and abstractions on which           | the design             |
| description  | of electronic systems is based. These include lumped   |  |                                     |                        |
|  | capacitors. It intends to present some techniques to a   |  |                                     |                        |
|  | systems: conventional analysis (integer-differential ar  |  |                                     | l regime)              |
|  | and linear systems theory based analysis (by using th  | e Laplace and Fouri                        | er transforms).                     |                        |
| -  |  |  |                                     |                        |
| Competen   | ies  |  |                                     |                        |
| Code   |  |  |                                     | Typology               |
| and te   | he knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that of chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to co   | onfront and update I                       | to new situations                   | 5 - know<br>- Know Hov |
|  | he ability to solve problems with initiative, to make cre  |  |                                     | - know                 |
|  | nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and mmunication Engineer activity.   | professional respon                        | sibility of the Technical           | - Know How             |
|  | 34: Comprehension and command of basic concepts in   |  |                                     | - know                 |
|  | ansforms; electric circuits theory, electronic circuits, ph  |  |                                     | - Know How             |
|  | families, electronic and photonic devices, materials tec   | chnology and their a                       | application to solve                |                        |
|  | ering problems.  |  |                                     | Ka awa ka a            |
|  | nderstanding Engineering within a framework of sustair   |  |                                     | - Know be              |
|  | vareness of the need for long-life training and continuo<br>and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situat  |  |                                     | - Know be              |
|  | , race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental ric   |  |                                     | 1                      |
| 011 302  |  | gnes, accessioney, e                       |                                     |                        |
| • • • • • • • •  |  |  |                                     |                        |
| Learning o   |  |  | Com                                 |                        |
| I a a second second a se | comes  |  | Com                                 | <b>I</b>               |
| -  |  |  |                                     | petences               |
| To know the  | elements and laws involved in lumped circuit analysis.   |  | CE4                                 | petences               |
| To know the<br>To show the   | elements and laws involved in lumped circuit analysis.<br>ability to analyse linear circuits in different circumstan   | ces:                                       | CE4<br>CG4                          | oetences               |
| To show the<br>to know h   | elements and laws involved in lumped circuit analysis.<br>ability to analyse linear circuits in different circumstan<br>ow to choose among different alternatives when solving | ces:<br>g a problem.                       | CE4<br>CG4<br>CE4                   | oetences               |
| To know the<br>To show the<br>to know h<br>to know si  | elements and laws involved in lumped circuit analysis.<br>ability to analyse linear circuits in different circumstan   | ces:<br>g a problem.<br>ide which ones mus | CE4<br>CG4<br>CE4<br>t be used. CT2 | oetences               |

To translate the time domain into the transformed domains, by using transforms basic concepts.CE4To be able to qualitatively justify the role played by circuit elements and their interactions.CG3CE4CT3

 CT3

 To master the language and symbolism of the discipline
 CG3

 CE4
 CT3

- Contents
- Topic

|                                       | node currents.   |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| II: Transient Response                | Transient and steady-state regimes.<br>Transient regime origin.<br>Conditions of study (transient between two steady-state continuous<br>regimes, two reactive elements as a maximum).<br>Inductors and capacitors in steady-state continuous regime.<br>Single reactive element networks: time expression, time constant.<br>Two reactive elements networks: types of responses, time expressions,<br>damping coefficient, angular resonant frequency.<br>Networks changing in several time values.<br>Partially coupled elements networks. |
| III: Steady-state sinusoidal response | Definition and parameters.<br>Concepts of phasor and impedance.<br>Mesh and node analysis of steady-state sinusoidal regime networks.<br>Autoinductance and mutual inductance.<br>Linear and ideal transformers.<br>Power expressions: instantaneous power, complex power, average power,<br>reactive power.<br>Thévenin and Norton equivalent circuits.<br>Frequency response.<br>Using the superposition principle.  |
| IV: Two-ports                         | Definition of a two-port circuit.<br>Characteristic parameters.<br>Sets of characteristic parameters.<br>Characteristic parameters determination.<br>Combining two-ports.<br>A two-port in a circuit.  |
| V: Signals and systems                | lasses of signals.<br>Some relevant signals: step function, unit impulse function, exponential<br>function, sinusoidal function.<br>Classes of systems.<br>System properties; linear, time invariant systems; response to impulse.   |
| VI: Laplace transform                 | Definition.<br>Direct transforms.<br>Inverse transform determination.<br>Application to linear circuits.<br>The transference function.<br>Steady-state response in a circuit.<br>Response for a sinusoidal input.<br>Application of the superposition principle.   |
| VII: Fourier transform                | Fourier series expansion.<br>Expressions of Fourier series expansion.<br>Amplitude and phase spectra.<br>Frequency response.<br>Fourier transform.<br>Fourier transform expressions.<br>Properties: linearity, simmetry, time displacement, time/frequency scaling,<br>modulation.   |
| VIII: Filters.                        | Filter concept.<br>Filter classes.<br>Ideal and real filters.<br>Low pass prototype based design.<br>Filter responses.   |
| Planning                              | Class hours Hours outside the Total hours<br>classroom   |

| Laboratory practises                                     | 3 | 3 | 6  |  |
|--|---|---|----|--|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 3 | 9 | 12 |  |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 4 | 8 | 12 |  |
| Long answer tests and development                        | 2 | 4 | 6  |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

#### Methodologies

| Hethodologies              |  |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | Description  |
| Introductory activities    | Presentation of the course: syllabus, bibliography, teaching methodology, and assessment and grading procedures.   |
|                            | Through this methodology the competencies CT2 and CT3 are developed.   |
| Master Session             | The goal of this methodology is the presentation of the theoretical contents and the practical assessment about students learning abilities.   |
|                            | Different exercises and problems related to the specific subject will be solved during these sessions, by the Professor or the students with his/her support, either individually or working in a group. |
|                            | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CE4, CT2 and CT3 are developed.  |
| Practice in computer rooms | PSpice and Matlab will be used to solve exercises of circuit simulation in 8 2-hour sessions (16 hours in total).  |
|                            | Theses sessions will start with supervised either individual or team problem solving of practical applications related to the theoretical content of the subject.  |
|                            | The solutions will be analyzed, checked and compared using the computational tools aforementioned.   |
|                            | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4 and CE4 are developed.  |
| Laboratory practises       | Two practical sessions will be carried out in the hardware lab, assembling and measuring circuits tasks will be covered. A total of 4 hours, with 1 hours dedicated to the evaluation of these sessions. |
|                            | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4 and CE4 are developed.  |

| Personalized att              | Personalized attention   |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
|                               | Description  |  |  |
| Master Session                | Personal attention will be carried out under student demand, at the professor room and/or at the<br>laboratories, during the time schedules established and posted by the instructors at the beginning of<br>the course. |  |  |
| Laboratory<br>practises       | Personal attention will be carried out under student demand, at the professor room and/or at the<br>laboratories, during the time schedules established and posted by the instructors at the beginning of<br>the course. |  |  |
| Practice in<br>computer rooms | Personal attention will be carried out under student demand, at the professor room and/or at the laboratories, during the time schedules established and posted by the instructors at the beginning of the course.       |  |  |

| Assessment                            |   |               |                           |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
|                                       | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Practical tests, real                 | The following tasks/tests will be carried out in Group B timetable.   | 40            | CG3                       |
| task execution and / or<br>simulated. | There will be 4 tests/tasks during the semester:  |               | CG4                       |
|                                       | 1. Test in PCs lab: 3 tests related to circuit simulation exercises, using PSPICE and Matlab. These tests will be carried out jointly with problem solving and/or other exercises, to be expected in week 5 (EC1 Chapters 1 and 2), 9 (EC2 Chapters 3 and 4) and 15 (EC3 Chapters 5 and 6). The punctuation of each of these tests will be 0.5, 1.0 and 1.0 respectively. |               | CE4                       |
|                                       | 2. Tests in lab 1: test related to assembling and measuring circuits. This test is expected to be carried out in week 11 with a maximum punctuation of 1.5 points. The following skills will be evaluated: teamwork, fit to design specifications and presenting results.   |               |                           |

| nd 4) and 15 (EC3 Chapters 5 to 8). The punctuation of each of ese tests will be: 1.5, 2.5 and 2.0 points respectively.                           |   | CE4  |
|---|---|--|
| ich tests is related to one or two of the most important chapters<br>the subject. Each tests will consist on two or more exercise or<br>lestions. |   |  |
| ditionally to the continuous evaluation system based on the   | 0   | CG3  |
|   |   | CG4  |
|   |   | CE4  |
| e<br>t<br>ie<br>s   | se tests will be: 1.5, 2.5 and 2.0 points respectively.<br>In tests is related to one or two of the most important chapters<br>he subject. Each tests will consist on two or more exercise or<br>estions. | se tests will be: 1.5, 2.5 and 2.0 points respectively.<br>th tests is related to one or two of the most important chapters<br>he subject. Each tests will consist on two or more exercise or<br>estions.<br>ditionally to the continuous evaluation system based on the<br>ults achieved on the aforementioned tests, the students will |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

The student, in agreement to the official academic-year schedule, will have two opportunities during the academic year to pass the course.

**1. First opportunity at the end of the semester (end of semester).** The student is free to choose the continuous evaluation system above described, without excluding the possibility to do a final exam. Possible cases:

- Students only doing the continuous evaluation: they are graded with the points obtained in the evaluation.
- Students doing both the continuous evaluation and the exam: they are graded with the best of both qualifications.
- Students only doing the final exam: they are graded with the points obtained in the exam.

<u>Details of the final examination</u>: The final exam will have three parts, each of them corresponding to each of the tests related to problem solving and/or exercises carried out during the continuous evaluation: EC1 (Chapters I and II), EC2 (Chapters III and IV) and EC3 (Chapters V to VIII). The students will be able to choose to do the full exam or only those parts that they wish to improve the grade obtained during continuous evaluation.

**2. Extraordinary exam.** Students that do not reach the minimum grade at the end of the semester will have the option to do a final extraordinary exam of the full content of the subject, theory and practice. The extraordinary exam can include test type and/or reasoning questions, problem solving and/or exercises, as well as the development of practical cases. The maximum punctuation achieved on this exam (between 0 and 10) will be the final grade. It will replace the grade obtained during continuous evaluation (sum of the grades obtained during tests and final exam)

#### Additional comments:

- The continuous evaluation tests will take place in group B, so the students must attend to the group assigned at the beginning of the semester.
- Doing 2 or more tests and/or the final exams will prevent the student to get the "Not presented" mark.
- The average grade during continuous evaluation will only be valid only for the corresponding academic year.
- It will be considered that the subject has been passed if the final grade is equal or above 5.

Re-scheduling of tests. In case of missing a test, instructors have not any compulsion to rescheduling.

**Test results.** Before each test, the date and revision procedure of assigned grading marks will be indicated. Such dates will imply a reasonable delay (in general, not greater than three weeks) between the date of test and the release of the grading marks.

#### Sources of information

James W. Nilsson, Electric Circuits, , Pearson

Enrique Sánchez, Carmen García Mateo, Material docente, Página web, faitic.uvigo.es

J.H. McClellan, R.W. Schafer, M.A. Yoder, Signal Processing First, , Pearson Prentice Hall

J. W. Nilsson's book will be the basic course reference. It is a book covering all the course content in more extension and by using a very clear language. It includes a number of exercises, both proposed and solved. A number of editions are available, in general with little differences among them. It is recommended to the students to use the English editions.

Additionally, the students will have available in the course web site some teaching material (extended lectures notes, practice handbooks, exam examples).

McClellan et al. book is mentioned as a complementary reference, specially indicated for signal processing and filtering

lessons. This book will be used in a second year course devoted to digital signal processing.

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304 Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Microwave Circuits/V05G300V01611 Radio Frequency Circuits/V05G300V01511 Analogue Electronics/V05G300V01624 Engineering of Electronic Equipment/V05G300V01523

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Mathematics: Calculus II/V05G300V01203

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104 Mathematics: Calculus I/V05G300V01105

#### **Other comments**

It is strongly recommended that students are familiar with complex numbers, trigonometric functions, linear equation system solving, elemental function derivatives and computation of simple integrals.

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA   |                    |               |             |
|------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Physics: Fie           | elds and Waves   |                    |               |             |
| Subject                | Physics: Fields and<br>Waves   |                    |               |             |
| Code                   | V05G300V01202  |                    |               |             |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |                    |               |             |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре               | Year          | Quadmester  |
|                        | 6  | Basic education    | 1st           | 2nd         |
| Language               | Spanish<br>Galician  |                    |               |             |
| Department             |  |                    |               |             |
| Coordinator            | Obelleiro Basteiro, Fernando   |                    |               |             |
| Lecturers              | Fraile Peláez, Francisco Javier<br>García Pino, Antonio<br>García-Tuñón Blanca, Inés<br>Gómez Araújo, Marta<br>González Valdés, Borja<br>Obelleiro Basteiro, Fernando<br>Rubiños López, José Óscar<br>Vazquez Alejos, Ana<br>Vera Isasa, María |                    |               |             |
| E-mail                 | obi@com.uvigo.es   |                    |               |             |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                    |               |             |
| General<br>description | Fields and Waves presents the first contact in the stude<br>waves, which are the physical medium for transmission<br>electromagnetic fields that<br>provide insights into the behavior of electromagnetic wa                                   | of information. Ma | athematical n | nodeling of |

| Code  |   | Typology               |
|---|---|------------------------|
|   | technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods<br>eat versatility to confront and update to new situations  | 5 - know<br>- Know How |
| about linear algebra, geometry, differentia   | problems in Engineering. The aptitude to apply knowledge<br>l geometry, differential and integral calculus, differential and<br>ethods, numerical algorithms, statistics and optimization | - know<br>- Know How   |
|   | basic concepts about the general laws of mechanics,<br>ad waves and electromagnetism and their application to solve   | - know<br>- Know How   |
|   | ining and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible,<br>opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based<br>for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.         | - know<br>d - Know be  |
| Learning outcomes                             |   |                        |
| Learning outcomes                             | Com   | oetences               |
| Resolve problems applying the laws of Ampère, | Gauss and Faraday. CG3  |                        |
|   |   |                        |

| Resolve problems applying the laws of Ampere, oddss and raraday.                               | 005 |
|--|-----|
|  | CE1 |
|  | CE3 |
|  | CT3 |
| Know and apply the Maxwell Equations   | CG3 |
|  | CE1 |
|  | CE3 |
|  | CT3 |
| Calculate the main parameters of the electromagnetic waves: frequency, wavelength, propagation | CG3 |
| constant, polarization, Poynting vector, phase constant, attenuation constant.                 | CE3 |
|  | CT3 |
| Analyze the propagación of waves in media with and without losses.                             | CG3 |
|  | CE3 |
|  | CT3 |

#### Contents Topic 1. Vector and differential analysis of fields 1.1 Scalar and vector fields 1.2 Systems of coordinates in space 1.3 Vector Algebra 1.4 Integral Operators 1.5 Differential operators 1.6 Properties of operators 2. Electrostatic fields 2.1 Sources of the electrostatic field 2.2 Equations of the electrostatic field, electric potential 2.3 Electrostatic fields produced by charge distributions 2.4 Equations of Poisson and Laplace 2.5 Electrostatic field in material media 3. Magnetostatic fields 3.1 Sources of magnetostatic field 3.2 Magnetostatic field equations 3.3 Magnetostatic field produced by current distributions 3.4 Magnetostatic filed in material media 4. Maxwell Model 4.1 Maxwell's equations in integral form 4.2 Differential form of Maxwell's equations 4.3 Boundary conditions. 4.4 Energy balance of the electromagnetic field 4.5 Harmonic time variation 4.6 Harmonic time variation in material media 5.1 Wave equation for time harmonic fields 5. Wave equation and its solutions 5.2 Propagation, attenuation and phase constants 5.3 Solutions in rectangular coordinates 5.4 Progressive, stationary and evanescent waves in lossy and losseless media 6. Uniform plane waves 6.1 Expressions of the fields 6.2 Characteristic impedance 6.3 Poynting Vector 6.4 Polarization 7. Waves in the presence of obstacles 7.1 Incident wave, scattered wave and transmitted wave 7.2 Standing waves 7.3 Standing wave pattern 7.4 Polarization and power

| Planning                                      |                           |                              |                             |  |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|   | Class hours               | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |  |
| Master Session                                | 25                        | 37.5                         | 62.5                        |  |
| Case studies / analysis of situations         | 12                        | 18                           | 30                          |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 16                        | 24                           | 40                          |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 1                         | 2.5                          | 3.5                         |  |
| Long answer tests and development             | 2                         | 12                           | 14                          |  |
| *The information in the planning table is for | guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |  |

| Methodologies  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  | Description  |  |
| Master Session   | Exhibition by the professor of the contents on the matter object of study, theoretical bases and/or guidelines of a work, exercise or project to develop by the student.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE1 and CT3 are developed.  |  |
| Case studies / analysis of situations  | Analysis of a fact, problem or real event with the purpose to know it, interpret it, resolve it, generate hypothesis, contrast data, think about it, complete knowledges, diagnose it and train in alternative procedures of solution.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE1, CE2 and CT3 are developed. |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or Problems and/or exercises related with the subject are formulated. The student has to develop<br>exercises suitable or correct solutions by development of routines, the application of formulas or algorit<br>the application of procedures of transformation of the available information and the interpreta<br>of the results. I complement of the lectures.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE1, CE2 and CT3 are developed. |  |  |

| Personalized attention                   | n   |                        |                           |
|--|---|------------------------|---------------------------|
|  | Description   |                        |                           |
| Master Session                           | The students will have occasion of atend to personalized to<br>professor during the schedule established for that at the b<br>be published in the web page of the subject. Students will<br>e-mail.   | egining of the course. | . The schedule will       |
| Troubleshooting and / o<br>exercises     | r The students will have occasion of atend to personalized to<br>professor during the schedule established for that at the b<br>be published in the web page of the subject. Students will<br>e-mail. | egining of the course. | The schedule will         |
| Case studies / analysis<br>of situations | The students will have occasion of atend to personalized to<br>professor during the schedule established for that at the b<br>be published in the web page of the subject. Students will<br>e-mail.   | egining of the course. | . The schedule will       |
| Assessment                               |   |                        |                           |
|  | Description   | Qualification          | Evaluated<br>Competencess |

|                                    | Description  | Qualification | Competencess |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | r Proof in which the students have to solve series of problems<br>and/or exercises in a time/condition established by the<br>professor. In this way, the students have to apply their<br>knowledge.                            | 40            | CG3          |
|                                    |  |               | CE1          |
|                                    |  |               | CE3          |
| Long answer tests and development  | Final examination: Proof for evaluation of the skills that includes<br>open questions on a subject. The students have to develop,<br>relate, organise and present their knowledge about the subject<br>in an extensive answer. | 5 60          | CG3          |
|                                    |  |               | CE1          |
|                                    |  |               | CE3          |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

Following the policy guidelines of the Center, the students can choose between two systems of evaluation: continuous evaluation and evaluation at the end of the term.

#### 1. CONTINUOUS EVALUATION.

- The system of continuous evaluation (CE) will consist in a problems/questions solving test on units/topics 1, 2 and 3 of he syllabus. It will be takenaround the 8th week of the term. The weight of this test will be the 40% of the final grade, with a maximum score of 4 points.
- Before the completion or delivery of the test, the date and procedure for the review of the obtained grades will be indicated. Students will have the option to know the status of the test and review the correction within a reasonable period of time.
- This test is not recoverable, what means that if a student cannot fulfill it in the stipulated period and terms, teachers will not be committed to repeat it.
- The grade obtained in the continuous evaluation test (CE1) will be valid only for the current academic course.
- It will be understood that a student follows the CE system whenever he takes the test CE1.

#### 2. END OF THE TERM EXAM

- The exam will be divided in two parts: EX1 (topics 1 to 3) with a maximum value of 4 points, and EX2 (topics 4 to 7) with a maximum value of 6 points.
- All the students must take this exam in order to pass the course on first call.
- Two cases must be considered:
  - Students that did not follow the continuous evaluation:
    - The grade will be straightforwardly obtained from the final exam (FE) as the sum of the grades of the two parts of the exam: FE = EX1 + EX2.
  - Students that followed the continuous evaluation:
    - They must take the second part of the exam (EX2). EX2 will be graded from 0 to 6 points and will be saved as the second part of the continuous evaluation (CE2) until the July exam (CE2 = EX2).
    - The student may choose to do the first part of the exam (EX1); if so, it only will be taken into account when the grade obtained improves the result obtained in the continuous evaluation test (CE1).
    - Thus, the final grace will be obtained as: FE = max (EX1, CE1) + EX2.

- The June-July exam (or recovery exam) will be divided in two parts: EX1 (topics 1 to 3) with a maximum value of 4 points, and EX2 (topics 4 to 7) with a maximum value of 6 points.
- Regarding the students that did not follow the continuous evaluation, their final grade will be straightforwardly obtained from this final exam as the sum of the grades of the two parts of the exam: FE = EX1 + EX2.
- The students that followed the continuous evaluation will choose to do: only EX1, only EX2, or both parts. The final grade will be: FE = max(EX1, CE1) + max(EX2, CE2), being EX1 and EX2 the grades obtained in each part of the recovery exam, CE1 the continuous evaluation grade, and CE2 the continuous evaluation grade corresponding to the second part of the course (obtained in the second part of the end of term exam).

#### 4. NOTES

- It is considered that a student has taken the course when he has done the continuous evaluation test (CE1) or any of the two exams (end of term exam or recovery exam). Any student who takes the continuous evaluation test (CE1) will be graded, regardless of he/she takes or not the other two exams (end of term exam or recovery exam).
- In order to pass the course, students must receive a grade of 5 or above.

#### Sources of information

David J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 4ª Edición, Pearson Education Limited 2012

D. K. Cheng, Fundamentos de Electromagnetismo para Ingeniería, , Addison Wesley 1998

F. Dios, D. Artigas, et all., Campos Electromagnéticos, , Ediciones UPC 1998

J. R. Reitz, F. J. Milford, R. W. Christy, Fundamentos de la Teoría Electromagnética, , Addison Wesley 1996

D. K. Cheng, Field and Wave Electromagnetics, 2ª Edición, Addison Wesley 1998

U. S. Inan, A. S. Inan, Electromagnetic Waves, , Prentice Hall 2000

W. H. Hayt, J. A. Buck, Teoría Electromagnética, 7ª Edición, Mc Graw Hill 2006

W. H. Hayt, J. A. Buck, Teoría Electromagnética, 8ª Edición, Mc Graw Hill 2012

M. F. Iskander, Electromagnetic Fields and Waves, 2ª Edición, Prentice Hall 2012

All the required material (notes, exercises compilations, visualization tools in JAVA and Matlab, etc.) will be availabe in FAITIC.

#### Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously Mathematics: Calculus II/V05G300V01203

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104 Mathematics: Calculus I/V05G300V01105

| IDENTIFYIN<br>Mathematik | cs: Calculus II  |   |
|--------------------------|--|---|
| Subject                  | Mathematics:   |   |
| Subject                  | Calculus II  |   |
| Code                     | V05G300V01203  |   |
| Study<br>programme       | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |   |
| Descriptors              | ECTS Credits Type Year Quad  | mester  |
|                          | 6 Basic education 1st 2nd  |   |
| Language                 | Spanish  |   |
| Department               |  |   |
| •                        | Martínez Varela, Áurea María   |   |
| Lecturers                | Faro Rivas, Emilio<br>García Lomba, Guillermo<br>Martín Méndez, Alberto Lucio<br>Martínez Varela, Áurea María<br>Prieto Gómez, Cristina Magdalena  |   |
| E-mail                   | aurea@dma.uvigo.es   |   |
| Web                      | http://faitic.uvigo.es/  |   |
| General<br>description   | The matter of Calculus II of the Degree in Engineering of Technologies of Telecommunication provides basic and common training to the branch of the telecommunication. Such as it figures in the memory degree, students should be able to formulate, to solve and to interpret mathematically problems wite engineering of telecommunication at the end of the lectures. For this, they should know how to calculate integrals of functions of one and several variables and its meaning and they should handle the basis methods of approximation for this kind of integrals. On the other hand, they should become familiar developments of functions in Fourier series. Also, they will have to know how to solve differential end first and second order. Finally, they should know to handle the Laplace transform in order to solve or equations. All of these contents are notable for several matters that they must to study simultaneous in the degree. | ry of the<br>thin<br>culate<br>c numerical<br>r with the<br>quations of<br>differential |
|                          |  |   |
| Competenc                | Ies  | Tunalanı  |
| Code                     |  | Typology  |
|                          | he knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods chnologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - Know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be   |
| transm<br>Teleco         | he ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>it knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>mmunication Engineer activity.   | - know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know be   |
| about l<br>partial       | 1: The ability to solve mathematical problems in Engineering. The aptitude to apply knowledge inear algebra, geometry, differential geometry, differential and integral calculus, differential and derivatives equations; numerical methods, numerical algorithms, statistics and optimization   | - know<br>- Know Hov  |
| CT2 CT2 Ur               | derstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - Know be   |
|                          |  |   |

CT3 CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, - Know be open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.

| Learning outcomes  |             |  |
|--|-------------|--|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |  |
| Understanding the basic theory of integration of functions of one and several variables. | CG3         |  |
|  | CG4         |  |
|  | CE1         |  |
|  | CT2         |  |
|  | CT3         |  |
| Managing the transformation of Laplace as a tool of analysis of the linear systems.      | CG3         |  |
|  | CG4         |  |
|  | CE1         |  |
|  | CT2         |  |
|  | CT3         |  |

| Knowledge of the necessary theoretical bases for the analysis of Fourier.                             | CG3 |
|---|-----|
|   | CG4 |
|   | CE1 |
|   | CT2 |
|   | CT3 |
| Knowledge and handle of the simple techniques for the integration of ordinary differential equations. | CG3 |
|   | CG4 |
|   | CE1 |
|   | CT2 |
|   | CT3 |

| Contents  |   |
|---|---|
| Торіс   |   |
| Theme 1. Integral calculus in R.                          | The Riemann integral<br>Integrable functions.<br>The fundamental theorem of the integral calculus.<br>The theorem of the half value.<br>The rule of Barrow.<br>Calculus of primitives: integration by parts and change of variable.<br>Improper integrals.  |
| Theme 2. Numerical integration.                           | Interpolatory quadratures.<br>Properties. Error of interpolation.<br>Particular cases: Poncelet, tapezoidal and Simpson formulas.<br>Formulas of composite quadrature.  |
| Theme 3. The multiple integral in the sense of Riemann.   | The double and triple integrals in elementary regions.<br>Change of the order of integration.<br>Theorems of change of variable.<br>Cylindrical and spherical coordinates. Applications.  |
| Theme 4. Orthogonal functions and Fourier series.         | Orthogonal functions.<br>Fourier series.<br>Developments of Fourier series for odd and even functions.<br>Convergence.<br>The Fourier transform.  |
| Theme 5. Introduction to ordinary differential equations. | Differential equations. Generalities<br>Concept of solution. Differential equations of first order.<br>Existence and uniqueness of solution.<br>Autonomous equations.<br>Separate variables.<br>Homogeneous equations.<br>Exact equations.<br>Linear equations.<br>Families of curves and orthogonal paths. |
| Theme 6. Ordinary differential equations of second order. | Differential equations of second order and of upper order.<br>Homogeneous and non homogeneous linear differential equations.<br>Linear differential equations with constant coefficients.<br>Indeterminate coefficients.<br>Variation of parameters.<br>Cauchy-Euler equation.                              |
| Theme 7. The Laplace transform.                           | Definition of the Laplace transform. Properties.<br>Application to the solution of differential equations.  |

|  | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 17          | 17                             | 34          |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 3           | 6                              | 9           |
| Master Session   | 28          | 56                             | 84          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 7           | 14                             | 21          |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 1           | 1                              | 2           |

Methodologies

- -

|  | Description   |
|--|---|
| Troubleshooting and / or In these hours of work the professor will solve problems of each one of the subjects at<br>exercises new methods of solution no contained in the master classes from a practical point of<br>student also will have to solve problems proposed by the professor with the aim to ap<br>obtained knowledges. Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CE1, C<br>developed. |   |
| Laboratory practises   | In these practices, the computer tools MATLAB or MAXIMA will be used to study and to apply the numerical methods of approximation of integrals described in the Theme 2 of the matter. Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CE1, CT2 e CT3 are developed. |
| Master Session   | The professor will expose in this type of classes the theoretical contents of the matter.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE1, CT2 e CT3 are developed.   |

# Personalized attention

|                                       | Description   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Master Session                        | The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students. He will solve doubts in his office, in the classes of problems, and in the laboratory. Also the Web platform Faitic will be used to help the students. They will have occasion of to attend tutorial sessions in a timetable established at the beginning of the course and which will be published in the Web page of the department. |
| Troubleshooting and<br>/ or exercises | The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students. He will solve doubts in his office, in the classes of problems, and in the laboratory. Also the Web platform Faitic will be used to help the students. They will have occasion of to attend tutorial sessions in a timetable established at the beginning of the course and which will be published in the Web page of the department. |
| Laboratory practises                  | The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students. He will solve doubts in his office, in the classes of problems, and in the laboratory. Also the Web platform Faitic will be used to help the students. They will have occasion of to attend tutorial sessions in a timetable established at the beginning of the course and which will be published in the Web page of the department. |

#### Assessment

|                                      | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises   | Five "one hour sessions".                            | 95            | CG3                       |
|                                      | 1st session: Theme 1 (4th week aprox.)               |               | CG4                       |
|                                      | 2nd session: Theme 3 (8th week aprox.)               |               |                           |
|                                      | 3rd session: Theme 4 (11th week aprox.)              |               | CE1                       |
|                                      | 4th session: Theme 5 (13th week aprox.)              |               |                           |
|                                      | 5th session: Theme 6 (15th week aprox.)              |               |                           |
|                                      | These five sessions account for 35% of the score     |               |                           |
|                                      | with the following weights:                          |               |                           |
|                                      | First: 10% (1 point)                                 |               |                           |
|                                      | Second: 10% (1 point)                                |               |                           |
|                                      | Third: 5% (0,5 points)                               |               |                           |
|                                      | Forth: 5% (0,5 points)                               |               |                           |
|                                      | Fifth: 5% (0,5 points)                               |               |                           |
|                                      | Final exam: 60% (6 points)                           |               |                           |
| Practical tests, real task execution | The students will do a practice of laboratory of the | 5             | CE1                       |
| and / or simulated.                  | Theme 2 using MATLAB or MAXIMA (8th week             |               |                           |
|                                      | aprox.)  |               |                           |
|                                      | Its value will be of 5% (0,5 points)                 |               |                           |

# Other comments and July evaluation

The evaluation will preferably be continuous. The student will be enrolled in this kind of assessment if he attends the first evaluable session. Once enrolled, it is impossible to unsubscribe from continuous assessment.

The exams of continuous evaluation are not recoverable, ie, if a student can not assist to the test in the date stipulated by the teacher, it is impossible to require the repetition. Before performing each test, both the approximate date of publication of the qualifications and the date and procedure for review them will be communicated. The score obtained at the evaluable tasks will be only valid for the academic year in which the student make them.

In tests of continuous assessment the student will solve problems and exercises of the topics of matter.

#### 1. Continuous assessment.

The final score for a student who makes continuous assessment is given by the formula

# N = C + E

C: Note obtained by adding the scores of the six sessions of the items 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.E: Note of the final examination of the items 3, 5, 6 and 7.

#### In this mode a student will pass the subject when N is greater than or equal to 5.

## 2. Final evaluation of the semester.

Those students who fail to continuous assessment may be submitted to a final exam of all topics in the subject on the same date that the final exam of continuous assessment.

These students will be evaluated from 0 to 10 points and **theywill pass the subject when the obtained score is** greater than or equal to 5.

#### 3. Second chance.

Previously to the exam students who chose continuous assessment may choose, if desired, for an exam of the items 3, 5, 6 and 7. The final grade is obtained as

## NR = C + ER

**C**: Note obtained by adding the scores of the six sessions of the items 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. **ER**: Note the final recovery examination of the items 3, 5, 6 and 7.

In this mode a student will pass the subject when NR is greater than or equal to 5.

If they do not choose that option, the student will be assessed in all the issues on the subject.

In this other method they will be evaluated from 0 to 10 points. A student **will pass the subject when the obtained score is greater than or equal to 5**.

#### 4. Qualification of not presented.

Finally, a student is considered not presented **if he is not enrolled in the continuous assessment and he does not attend any of the examinations** of the subject. Otherwise he is considered presented.

# Sources of information

D. Zill & W.S. Wright, Cálculo de una variable, 4ª, McGraw-Hill (2011)

E. Marsden & A.J. Tromba, Cálculo vectorial, 5ª, Pearson-Addison Wesley (2004)

D.G. Zill & M.R. Cullen, Ecuaciones diferenciales, 3ª, McGraw-Hill (2008)

A. Quarteroni & F. Saleri, Cálculo científico con Matlab y Octave, 1ª, Springer (2006)

# Recommendations

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104 Mathematics: Calculus I/V05G300V01105

| IDENTIFYIN             |  |                 |                  |                   |
|------------------------|--|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Mathemati              | cs: Probability and Statistics   |                 |                  |                   |
| Subject                | Mathematics:<br>Probability and<br>Statistics  |                 |                  |                   |
| Code                   | V05G300V01204  |                 |                  |                   |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |                 |                  |                   |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре            | Year             | Quadmester        |
|                        | 6  | Basic education | 1st              | 2nd               |
| Language               | Spanish  |                 |                  |                   |
| Department             |  |                 |                  |                   |
| Coordinator            | Fernández Bernárdez, José Ramón  |                 |                  |                   |
| Lecturers              | Alonso Alonso, Ignacio<br>Comesaña Alfaro, Pedro<br>Curty Alonso, Marcos<br>Fernández Bernárdez, José Ramón<br>Mojón Ojea, Artemio<br>Prol Rodríguez, Miguel |                 |                  |                   |
| E-mail                 | jramon.fernandez@uvigo.es  |                 |                  |                   |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                 |                  |                   |
| General<br>description | In this subject we review some basic concepts of statis<br>are necessary in order to easily follow other subsequer   |                 | d random process | es. These concept |

#### Competencies Code Typology CG3 CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods - know and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations CG4 CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and - Know How transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical - Know be Telecommunication Engineer activity. CE1 CE1/FB1: The ability to solve mathematical problems in Engineering. The aptitude to apply knowledge - Know How about linear algebra, geometry, differential geometry, differential and integral calculus, differential and partial derivatives equations; numerical methods, numerical algorithms, statistics and optimization CT2 CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development. - Know be CT3 CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, - Know be open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| Learn how to distinguish between deterministic or random models                    | CG4         |
| -  | CE1         |
|  | CT2         |
| dentify a probabilistic model that fits with the needs of a specific problem       | CG3         |
|  | CG4         |
|  | CE1         |
|  | CT2         |
|  | CT3         |
| Propose solutions to simplify statistical models by using deterministic parameters | CG3         |
|  | CG4         |
|  | CE1         |
|  | CT2         |
|  | CT3         |

Contents Topic

| Probability theory               | Concept of probability.<br>Axiomatic definition.<br>Conditional probability, total probability and Bayes theorems.<br>Independence.  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| One-dimensional random variables | Concept of random variable (RV). Classification.<br>Cumulative distribution function (CDF) and properties.<br>Discrete random variables: probability mass function.<br>Continuous random varriables: density function.<br>Functions of RV. CDF and discrete RV.<br>Transformation of continuous RV: fundamental theorem.<br>Mean and variance. |  |  |
| Random vectors                   | CFD and continuous RV.<br>Marginals. Point and line masses.<br>Conditional density. Continuous versions of Bayes and total probability<br>theorems.<br>Two-dimensional transformations: fundamental theorem.<br>Changes of dimension.<br>Correlation and regression.   |  |  |
| Estimation and limit theorems    | Sample and population.<br>Estimators.<br>Estimation of mean and variance.<br>Sequences of RV. Laws of the large numbers.<br>Central limit theorem.   |  |  |
| Stochastic processes             | Description of a stochastic process.<br>Statisticis of a stochastic process.<br>Stationarity.<br>Examples.   |  |  |

|  | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session   | 24          | 24                             | 48          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 13.5        | 28                             | 41.5        |
| Practice in computer rooms                               | 14          | 7                              | 21          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 1           | 4                              | 5           |
| Multiple choice tests                                    | 0.5         | 2                              | 2.5         |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 0.5         | 2                              | 2.5         |
| Jobs and projects  | 0           | 6                              | 6           |
| Other  | 0.5         | 1                              | 1.5         |
| Long answer tests and development                        | 2           | 20                             | 22          |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

# Methodologies

.

|                            | Description   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Master Session             | The course is divided in five main topics. Each topic will have a theoretical part that will be exposed<br>by the teacher in big group.   |
|                            | The students will be required to perform a previous reading of the contents.  |
|                            | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE1 and CT3 are developed.   |
| Troubleshooting and /      | or Each topic will be complemented with problem resolution.   |
| exercises                  | The problems could be developed and solved in big or small group.   |
|                            | The students will be required to work previously on these problems.   |
|                            | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CE1, CT2 and CT3 are developed.   |
| Practice in computer rooms | Each topic will be completed with one or several sessions of computer practices.<br>For this, a software developed by the teachers and specific questionnaires for each topic will be<br>used. The students will be required to perform a previous reading of the contents. |
|                            | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CE1, CT2 and CT3 are developed.   |

# Personalized attention

|                                    | Description  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Master Session                     | Students will have the chance to attend tutorial sessions at the teacher's office. Teachers will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the subject website. |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Students will have the chance to attend tutorial sessions at the teacher's office. Teachers will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the subject website. |
| Practice in computer rooms         | Students will have the chance to attend tutorial sessions at the teacher's office. Teachers will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the subject website. |
| Jobs and projects                  | Students will have the chance to attend tutorial sessions at the teacher's office. Teachers will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the subject website. |

# Assessment

|                               | Description  | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------|----------------------|
| Troubleshooting and / or      | Twice the semester, students must solve a problem.                             | 15               | CG3                  |
| exercises                     |  |                  | CG4                  |
|                               |  |                  | CE1                  |
| Multiple choice tests         | The students must answer a test.   | 10               | CG3                  |
|                               |  |                  | CG4                  |
|                               |  |                  | CE1                  |
| Long answer tests and         | Final exam.  | 50               | CG3                  |
| development                   |  |                  | CG4                  |
|                               |  |                  | CE1                  |
| Practical tests, real task    | In group B class, students must solve an exercise.                             | 10               | CG3                  |
| execution and / or simulated. | Students can be distributed in pairs. Each couple provides an unique exercise. |                  | CG4                  |
|                               | provides an unique exercise.   |                  | CE1                  |
| Jobs and projects             | The students, in groups of 3 or 4, should propose                              | 10               | CG4                  |
|                               | four test questions on a particular topic.                                     |                  | CE1                  |
| Other                         | At the end of a group B class, each student will                               | 5                | CG3                  |
|                               | correct a problem made by somebody else.                                       |                  | CG4                  |
|                               |  |                  | CE1                  |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

Following the guidelines of the studies, two evaluation systems will be offered to the students inscribed on this subject: continuous evaluation and evaluation at the end of the semester.

The continuous evaluation consists of several tasks.

A student follows the continuous evaluation system if she/he participates in task 3 (approximately in the seventh week of the semester) or any later task. Tasks 1 and 2 may be performed without opting for the continuous evaluation.

#### Students who choose continuous evaluation:

Several tasks are evaluated. The approximate task calendar and the weight of each task in the final grade are listed below.

- Task 1: Individual resolution of a problem. Weight 5%. Week 4
- Task 2: Correction of the task 1 from somebody else. Weight 5%. Week 5
- Task 3: Development of a test. This is done in groups of 4. Weight 10%. Week 7
- Task 4: Individual resolution of a test. Weight 10%. Week 10
- Task 5: Individual resolution of a problem. Weight 10%. Week 12
- Task 6: Resolution of a problem by couples. Weight 10%. Week 14

The last task of the continuous evaluation will be a final exam. This will be a smaller version of the exam to be carried out by students who do not opt for continuous evaluation. The weight of the examination in the final grade will be 50%

Before the completion or delivery of each task, the date and procedure for the review of the obtained marks will be indicated. Students will have the option to know the status of each task and review the correction within a reasonable period of time (a week, generally).

These tasks are not recoverable, what means that if a student cannot fulfill them in the stipulated period, teachers will not be committed to repeat them.

The obtained grade will be valid only for the current academic course.

If a student has participated in continuous evaluation and does not pass the course he/she will receive a grade of fail, regardless of he/she takes the final exam or not.

The final grade for students who opt for continuous evaluation will be calculated as the average between the final exam and the previous tasks marks. To minimize the impact of a possible miss on a task, the average of these will be computed excluding the worst obtained grade. Taking into account that tasks 1 and 2 are two parts of the same exercise, and that jointly weigh 10%, they will be considered as a whole for the purpose of excluding the worst mark.

#### Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester:

The possibility of a final examination will be provided to students who do not opt for the continuous evaluation. This exam will be rated between 0 and 10, and this will be the final grade obtained.

#### Second chance

Previously to the exam (or at its beginning), students will be asked to choose to be evaluated by continuous evaluation system (described before) or only by the final exam.

The subject is considered passed if the final grade obtained is equal to or greater than 5.

#### Sources of information

H. Stark y J.W. Woods, Probability, Random Processes, and estimation theory for engineers, 2, Prentice Hall, 1994

X. Rong Li, Probability, Random Signals and Statistics, 1, CRC Press, 1999

R. Cao y otros, Introducción a la estadística y sus aplicaciones, 1, Pirámide, 2001

P. Peebles, Principios de probabilidad, variables aleatorias y señales aleatorias, 4, McGraw-Hill, 2006

A. Papoulis, Probability, random variables and stochastic processes, 4, McGraw-Hill, 2002

D. Peña, Estadística, modelos y métodos. Tomo 1: Fundamentos, 2, AUT, 1991

- Notes of the course

- Questionnaires for laboratory
- They include the theoretical contents of the course.

- At the end of each chapter there is a set of problems belonging to any of the books listed in the bibliography and recommended readings. In general these problems are somewhat easier than those from bulletins.

<u>Questionnaires for the laboratory</u> include the statements and each practice problems and also some theoretical content. It is very important to read them in advance to carry out the practice.

#### Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Data Communication/V05G300V01301 Computer Networks/V05G300V01403

Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Basics of bioengineering/V05G300V01915

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Mathematics: Calculus II/V05G300V01203

Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104 Mathematics: Calculus I/V05G300V01105

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA   |                            |                  |             |
|------------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Programmi              | ng l   |                            |                  |             |
| Subject                | Programming I  |                            |                  |             |
| Code                   | V05G300V01205  |                            |                  |             |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación                                     |                            |                  |             |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре                       | Year             | Quadmester  |
|                        | 6  | Mandatory                  | 1st              | 2nd         |
| Language               | Spanish  |                            |                  |             |
| Department             |  |                            | ľ                | ·           |
| Coordinator            | Rodríguez Hernández, Pedro Salvador  |                            |                  |             |
| Lecturers              | García Palomares, Ubaldo Manuel<br>Rodríguez Hernández, Pedro Salvador<br>Santos Suárez, José Manuel |                            |                  |             |
| E-mail                 | pedro.rodriguez@uvigo.es   |                            |                  |             |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                            |                  |             |
| General<br>description | The aim of the course is to provide students wi  | th basic skills to progran | n in a high leve | l language. |

| petencies   |   |
|---|---|
|   | Typology  |
| CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.              | - Know How  |
| CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.  | - Know How  |
| CE6/T1: The ability to learn independently new knowledge and appropriate techniques for the conception development and exploitation of telecommunication systems and services   | , - Know How  |
| CE12/T7: The knowledge and use of basics in telecommunication networks, systems and service programming.  | - Know How  |
| CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.  | - Know be   |
| CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance or responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights. | f - Know be   |
|   | transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>Telecommunication Engineer activity.<br>CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>Electronics.<br>CE6/T1: The ability to learn independently new knowledge and appropriate techniques for the conception<br>development and exploitation of telecommunication systems and services<br>CE12/T7: The knowledge and use of basics in telecommunication networks, systems and service<br>programming.<br>CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.<br>CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance o<br>responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for |

| Learning outcomes   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
| Express the solution of a simple problem by means of algorithms using top-down design.  | CE12        |
| Identify the data needed to solve a problem and associate them with appropriate datatypes based on their features (size, range, associated operators) | CE12        |
| Code simple algorithms using the basic types of statements: assignment, selection and iteration.  | CE12        |
| Declare and define functions with a proper use of parameters.   | CE12        |
| Handle I/O operations and file management.  | CE12        |
| Define and use structured data types.   | CE12        |
| Define and manage dynamic data structures (lists, stacks, queues and trees).  | CE12        |
| Create modules and library functions and use them in programs.  | CE6<br>CE12 |
| Predict the result of a sequence of statements, knowing the input data.   | CE12        |
| Handle basic tools in an integrated development environment: text editor, compiler, linker, debugger and documentation tools.                         | CE6         |
| Develop a small scale project following all the phases: requirements analysis, design, implementation,  | CG4         |
| testing and documentation.  | CG9         |
|   | CE6         |
|   | CE12        |
|   | CT2         |
|   | CT4         |

| Contents   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс  |   |
| Lecture 1: The algorithm and the programming languages.      | <ol> <li>The algorithm and its different representations: flowchart, pseudocode,<br/>natural language.</li> <li>Algorithm implementation by means of a programming language.</li> <li>Programming paradigms: modular programming and structured<br/>programming.</li> <li>C language and the function main(). Source code and object code. The<br/>compiler and the interpreter.</li> <li>Input/output exercises: human-computer interface. The standard<br/>input/output files: stdin, stdout. The #include directive. Library functions.</li> </ol>   |
| Lecture 2: Grammar and basic elements<br>of C language.      | <ol> <li>The alphabet. Recursive derivations of sintactically valid sequences.<br/>Identifiers, numbers. Symbolic constants: The #define directive and<br/>macros. Use of the const qualifier.</li> <li>Variables and their attributes: name, value, address, types. Pointer<br/>variables. Declaration of simple variables and pointers:<br/>the direction &amp; and reference * operators.</li> <li>The sizeof operator. Arithmetical operators. The assignment operator.<br/>Automatic type conversion and by means of the cast operator.</li> <li>Syntactic notation for expressions and statements. Simple and<br/>compound statements.</li> </ol> |
| Lecture 3: Sequential, iteration<br>and selection statements | <ol> <li>Evaluation of expressions with relational operators and boolean<br/>operators.</li> <li>Decision statements: switch, if, nested if. The ternary operator (?:)</li> <li>The iterative statements and their importance in modular programming<br/>while, do while and for. The break and continue statements.</li> </ol>   |
| Lecture 4: Functions: Introduction                           | <ol> <li>Pointer arithmetic. Arrays and pointers. Dynamic memory allocation to<br/>1 and 2 dimension arrays: the malloc(), calloc(), realloc() functions.</li> <li>Arrays of characters: The end of string character. Library functions for<br/>dealing with arrays of characters.</li> <li>Functions declaration and definition. Local variables in a compound<br/>statement. Parameter passing by value and by reference: use of pointers.<br/>Function return.</li> <li>Static variables and global variables.</li> </ol>  |
| Lecture 5: Functions: special cases                          | <ol> <li>Command line arguments passing:<br/>argc and argv.</li> <li>Recursive functions: advantages and disadvantages.</li> <li>Creation and use of function libraries. The conditional directives in a<br/>header file.</li> <li>Functions that return addresses.</li> </ol>  |
| Lecture 6: struct variables                                  | <ol> <li>struct variables: global declaration. Fields of a struct. Pointers to struct.<br/>The . (Point) and -&gt; (arrow) operators.</li> <li>struct and a pointer to struct as a funcion parameter and return value.</li> <li>typedef with non trivial declarations.</li> <li>More complex data structures: nested structs, array of structs.</li> <li>Dynamic management in creating linear lists, circular lists and trees.</li> <li>Insertion and removal of variables in a list.</li> </ol>   |
| Lecture 7: Files   | <ol> <li>Text files: fopen() and fclose() functions.</li> <li>Different file input/output functions: fprintf (), fscanf(), fgets(), feof().</li> <li>Functions with direct access to files.</li> <li>Information management between files and lists.</li> <li>Node structure in simple linked lists.</li> <li>File to list conversion and vice versa.</li> </ol>  |

| Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours   |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 2           | 0                              | 2   |
| 24          | 24                             | 48  |
| 12          | 16                             | 28  |
| 8           | 24                             | 32  |
| 5           | 15                             | 20  |
| 5           | 15                             | 20  |
|             | 2<br>24                        | classroom       2     0       24     24       12     16       8     24       5     15 |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies           |   |
|-------------------------|---|
|                         | Description   |
| Introductory activities | Introduction to theoretical and practical activities.   |
| Master Session          | Plenary sessions that include the realisation of works and programs.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CE12 and CT2 are developed.   |
| Laboratory practises    | During the first weeks of the term the student codifies, compiles and documents programs guided<br>by the instructor. Some of these activities will be evaluated.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CE12 and CT2 are developed.                     |
| Projects                | In the last part of the term, the student must complete a low complexity project, under the instructor supervision, which includes individual and in group activities.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CG9, CE6, CE12, CT2 and CT4 are developed. |

| Personalized a          | Ittention  |
|-------------------------|--|
|                         | Description  |
| Master Session          | The webpage of the course informs on the prescheduled office hours that students can consult the instructors. This consulting will be devoted to answer the questions posed in the lectures, laboratory activities and the development of the project. |
| Laboratory<br>practises | The webpage of the course informs on the prescheduled office hours that students can consult the instructors. This consulting will be devoted to answer the questions posed in the lectures, laboratory activities and the development of the project. |
| Projects                | The webpage of the course informs on the prescheduled office hours that students can consult the instructors. This consulting will be devoted to answer the questions posed in the lectures, laboratory activities and the development of the project. |

#### Assessment

|                                  | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|----------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Projects                         | The student will develop a project in the last weeks of the term,   | 30            | CG4                       |
|                                  | and will submit a report. The project will be assessed in the final laboratory test.  |               | CG9                       |
|                                  |   |               | CE6                       |
|                                  |   |               | CE12                      |
|                                  |   |               | CT4                       |
| Practical tests, real task       | Every 4 weeks, the student will take a practical individual test  | 20            | CE6                       |
| execution and / or<br>simulated. | in the laboratory.<br>At the end of the term, the student will take a comprehensive<br>final practical test.  |               | CE12                      |
|                                  | All of them will consist in the development of a program in the computer.   |               |                           |
|                                  | Those tests will assess the student's progress with the laboratory practices and with the project.  |               |                           |
| Troubleshooting and / or         |   | 50            | CG4                       |
| exercises                        | advancement of the students skill in the resolution of problems.<br>At the end of the term, the student will take a comprehensive<br>final test on the whole contents of the subject. |               | CE12                      |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

The **course planning in lectures** and the estimated time of the **most important assessment milestones** is detailed below:

- Week 1: Lecture 1/2
- Week 2: Lecture 3 Practice 1
- Week 3: Lecture 3 Practice 1/2
- Week 4: Lecture 4 Theory Test 1 (PT1) Laboratory Test 1 (PP1)
- Week 5: Lecture 4 Practice 2/3
- Week 6: Lecture 4 Practice 3/4
- Week 7: Lecture 5 Practice 4/5
- Week 8: Lecture 5 Theory Test 2 (PT2) Laboratory Test 2 (PP2)
- Week 9: Lecture 5/6 Practice 5/6
- Week 10: Lecture 6 Practice 6 Project (1h)

- Week 11: Lecture 6 Project (2h)
- Week 12: Lecture 7 Project (1h) Theory Test 3 (PT3) Laboratory Test 3 (PP3)
- Week 13: Lecture 7 Project (2h)
- Week 14: Project (2h)
- Finals: Final Theory Test (PFT) Final Laboratory Test (PFP)

In all courses the School offers two evaluation modes: **Continuous evaluation** and **comprehensive evaluation**. The student must opt to the latter one explicitly, no latter than the week before the Theory Test 2 (PT2) is taken. The **continuous evaluation** will be considered as "passed" if the student has submitted a report for the project developed from the 10th to the 14th week, and if the final grade obtained by the student is at least 5. This final grade is the harmonic mean between the theory and laboratory, calculated as follows: NF = (2\*NT\*NP)/(NT+NP)where:

- NP = 0.1\*PP1+0.1\*PP2+0.2\*PP3+0.6\*PFP
- NT = 0.1\*PT1+0.1\*PT2+0.2\*PT3+0.6\*PFT

The Final Theory Test (PFT) assesses the mastership of the contents explained in the lectures.

The Final Practice Test (PFP) assesses the proper application and coding in C to deal with a medium level project. Indirectly, it also assesses the mastership of the contents introduced in the lectures and the laboratory practices.

The use of the harmonic means implies that the course is not passed if either NP or NT has a grade under 3.3.

No test in the continuous evaluation mode is repeatable; that is, the instructor has no obligation to reschedule an evaluated activity missed by a student.

The date and procedures for the revision of the grades will be known before the evaluation tests. The students will have the chance of reviewing the grades preferably within two weeks after the evaluation.

In order to pass the course by the **comprehensive evaluation mode**, the student must submit a project report similar to the one submitted by the continuous evaluation students, and the final grade obtained by the student must be at least 5. This mode will consist of a theory test (PFT) and a laboratory test (PFP, which will include the evaluation of the project). The final grade is the harmonic mean between the theory and practice, calculated as follows:

NF = (2\*NT\*NP)/(NT+NP)

where:

- NP = PFP
- NT = PFT

Both the **continuous evaluation grade** and the **comprehensive evaluation grade** will be computed to all students that take the final tests (theory and practice). The final grade will be the higher one. A "No Present" grade will be granted:

- If the student opts for the continuous evaluation mode, when no test is taken after the Laboratory Test 1 (PP1)
- If the student opts for the comprehensive evaluation mode, when no final test (PFT and PFP) is taken.

-----

University regulations allow students to take an additional test to approve the course (extra evaluation). In order to pass the course using this extra evaluation, the student must submit a project report similar to the one submitted by the continuous evaluation students, and the final grade obtained by the student must be at least 5. This extra evaluation will consist of a theory test and a laboratory test (which will include the evaluation of the project). The final grade is the harmonic mean between the theory and practice, calculated as follows: NF = (2\*NT\*NP)/(NT+NP)

where:

- If the student takes the extra theory test, NT will be the grade achieved in that test. Otherwise, NT will be the theory grade obtained for the theoretical tests in his/her regular evaluation.
- If the student takes the extra laboratory test, NP will be the grade achieved in that test. Otherwise, NP will be the practice grade obtained for the practical tests in his/her regular evaluation.

All the partial and final grades will only be valid for the term the student is enrolled to, that is, in case the student repeates the subject, he or she will not retain any of the grades of the previous year.

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If plagiarism is detected in any of the works/test taken, the student will receive a failing grade (0) and the professors will

# Sources of information

Manuel Caeiro Rodríguez, Enrique Costa Montenegro, Ubaldo García Palomares, Cristina López Bravo, J, Practicar Programación en C, 2014, Andavira

Osvaldo Cairo Battistuti, Fundamentos de Programación, 2006, Pearson Education

José Rafael García-Bermejo Giner, Programación Estructurada en C, 2008, Prentice Hall

Brian W. Kernighan & Dennis M. Ritchie, El Lenguaje de Programación C, 1986 (reimpreso en 1995), Prentice Hall

James L. Antonakos & Kenneth C. Mansfield Jr., Programación Estructurada en C, 1997 (reimpreso en 2004), Prentice Hall

Jorge A. Villalobos S. & Rubby Casallas G., Fundamentos de Programación: Aprendizaje Activo Basado en Casos, 2006, Prentice Hall

# Web resources

http://www.Cprogramming.com

• José R. García-Bermejo Giner: http://maxus.fis.usal.es/FICHAS\_C.WEB/11xx\_PAGS/11xx.html

### Recommendations

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Programming II/V05G300V01302

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Informatics: Computer Architecture/V05G300V01103

#### Other comments

Programming II course continues this course in the second year.

| IDENTIF  | YING DATA   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Data Co  | mmunication   |  |
| Subject  | Data  |  |
|  | Communication   |  |
| Code   | V05G300V01301   |  |
| Study  | (*)Grao en  |  |
| program  |   |  |
|  | Tecnoloxías de  |  |
|  | Telecomunicación  | -  |
| Descripto  |   | Imester  |
|  | 6 Mandatory 2nd 1st   |  |
| Languag  | e Spanish   |  |
| Departm  | ent   |  |
| Coordina   | tor López García, Cándido Antonio   |  |
| Lecturers  | Díaz Redondo, Rebeca Pilar  |  |
|  | Herrería Alonso, Sergio   |  |
|  | López García, Cándido Antonio   |  |
|  | Sousa Vieira, Estrella  |  |
| E-mail   | candido@det.uvigo.es  |  |
| Web  | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |  |
| descripti  | on analyzed, and the next issues will be introduced:  | els will be  |
| descripti  | on analyzed, and the next issues will be introduced:<br>* lossless data compression methods,<br>* linear error control codes,<br>* data link layer protocols, and<br>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.   |  |
|  | <ul> <li>* lossless data compression methods,</li> <li>* linear error control codes,</li> <li>* data link layer protocols, and</li> <li>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.</li> </ul>   |  |
| Compet   | <ul> <li>* lossless data compression methods,</li> <li>* linear error control codes,</li> <li>* data link layer protocols, and</li> <li>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.</li> </ul>   |  |
| <b>Compet</b><br>Code  | <ul> <li>* lossless data compression methods,</li> <li>* linear error control codes,</li> <li>* data link layer protocols, and</li> <li>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.</li> </ul>   | Туроlоду   |
| Compet<br>Code<br>CG3 CG<br>me   | <ul> <li>* lossless data compression methods,</li> <li>* linear error control codes,</li> <li>* data link layer protocols, and</li> <li>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.</li> </ul>   |  |
| Compet<br>Code<br>CG3 CC<br>me<br>sit<br>CG4 CC<br>tra   | <ul> <li>* lossless data compression methods,</li> <li>* linear error control codes,</li> <li>* data link layer protocols, and</li> <li>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.</li> </ul> encies 3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new ethods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new  | Туроlоду   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG<br>sit<br>CG4 CG<br>tra<br>Te<br>CE11 CE<br>Te<br>ins   | <ul> <li>* lossless data compression methods,</li> <li>* linear error control codes,</li> <li>* data link layer protocols, and</li> <li>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.</li> </ul> encies 3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new ethods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new uations 4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and nsmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical   | Typology<br>- know                                       |
| Code<br>CG3 CG<br>sit<br>CG4 CG<br>tra<br>Te<br>CE11 CE<br>Te<br>ins<br>kn<br>CE17 CE                                    | <ul> <li>* lossless data compression methods,</li> <li>* linear error control codes,</li> <li>* data link layer protocols, and</li> <li>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.</li> </ul> <b>encies</b> 3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new ethods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new uations 4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and nsmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical lecommunication Engineer activity. 11/T6: The ability to conceive, deploy, organize and manage networks, systems, services and lecommunication infrastructures in residential (home, city, digital communities), business and titutional environments, being responsible for launching of projects and continuous improvement like   | Typology<br>- know<br>- Know How                         |
| Code<br>CG3 CG<br>ma<br>sit<br>CG4 CG<br>tra<br>Te<br>CE11 CE<br>Te<br>ins<br>kn<br>CE17 CE<br>int<br>CE18 CE<br>sw      | <ul> <li>* lossless data compression methods,</li> <li>* linear error control codes,</li> <li>* data link layer protocols, and</li> <li>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.</li> </ul> encies 3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new uations 4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and nsmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical lecommunication Engineer activity. 11/T6: The ability to conceive, deploy, organize and manage networks, systems, services and lecommunication infrastructures in residential (home, city, digital communities), business and titutional environments, being responsible for launching of projects and continuous improvement like powing their social and economical impact.  | Typology<br>- know<br>- Know How                         |
| Code<br>CG3 CG<br>sit<br>CG4 CG<br>tra<br>Te<br>CE11 CE<br>CE11 CE<br>ins<br>kn<br>CE17 CE<br>int<br>CE18 CE<br>sw<br>vo | <ul> <li>* lossless data compression methods,</li> <li>* linear error control codes,</li> <li>* data link layer protocols, and</li> <li>* multiple access channels protocols and technologies.</li> </ul> encies 3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new ethods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new uations 4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and nsmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical lecommunication Engineer activity. 11/T6: The ability to conceive, deploy, organize and manage networks, systems, services and lecommunication infrastructures in residential (home, city, digital communities), business and titutional environments, being responsible for launching of projects and continuous improvement like owing their social and economical impact. 17/T12: The knowledge and usage of concepts of access and transport networks, packet and circuit itched networks, mobile and fixed networks, as well as distributed newtwork application and systems, ce, data, video, audio, interactive and multimedia services. 20/T15: The knowledge of national, European and international telecommunication regulations and | Typology<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- know |

CT3 CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, - know open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| Understanding the basics of the processes of digital transmission of information, the mathematical | CG3         |
| models of the channels and the concept of capacity.  | CE17        |
|  | CT3         |

| Knowledge and ability to analyze the ways of achieving reliable data transmission.   | CG3<br>CG4<br>CE17<br>CE20<br>CT2<br>CT3 |
|--|--|
| Understanding the methods of sharing multiple access channels, their limits and the factors that affect their performance. | CG3<br>CE11<br>CE18<br>CT3               |
| Master the main technical standards, interfaces and protocols in the field of data transmission and local networks.        | CG3<br>CE20<br>CT3                       |
| Practice with interfaces and protocols in the laboratory, as well as in the development of basic transmission solutions.   | CG3<br>CE20<br>CT3                       |

| Торіс  |  |
|--|--|
| Unit 1. Fundamentals of discrete Information<br>Theory   | <ul> <li>1.1. A basic model of data communication systems</li> <li>1.1.1. Discrete sources: discrete memoryless sources</li> <li>1.1.2. Discrete channels: discrete memoryless channels</li> <li>1.1.3. Source coding and channel coding</li> </ul>  |
|  | <ul><li>1.2. Information measures</li><li>1.2.1. Entropy. Joint entropy</li><li>1.2.2. Conditional entropy</li><li>1.2.3. Mutual information</li></ul>   |
|  | <ul> <li>1.3. Shannon's source coding theorem</li> <li>1.3.1. Uniquely decodable codes: instantaneous codes</li> <li>1.3.2. Kraft's theorem. McMillan's theorem</li> <li>1.3.3. Optimal codes. Code redundancy</li> <li>1.3.4. Shannon's source coding theorem</li> <li>1.3.5. Compact codes. Huffman's algorithm</li> </ul> |
|  | <ul> <li>1.4. Shannon's noisy channels coding theorem</li> <li>1.4.1. Channel capacity</li> <li>1.4.2. Symmetric channels</li> <li>1.4.3. Shannon's noisy channels coding theorem</li> </ul>   |
| Unit 2. Data transmission error control                  | <ul> <li>2.1. Linear codes</li> <li>2.1.1. Definition and matrix description</li> <li>2.1.2. Syndrome decoding</li> <li>2.1.3. Error detection and correction properties</li> <li>2.1.4. Hamming codes</li> <li>2.1.5. Cyclic codes</li> </ul>   |
|  | <ul><li>2.2. ARQ protocols</li><li>2.2.1. Stop and wait</li><li>2.2.2. Go-back n</li><li>2.2.3. Selective repeat</li></ul>   |
| Unit 3. Multiple access channels and local area networks | <ul><li>3.1. Multiple access channels</li><li>3.1.1. The multiple access channel: definition and types</li><li>3.1.2. MAC protocols: Aloha, CSMA and variants</li><li>3.1.3. Performance of MAC protocols</li></ul>  |
|  | 3.2. Local area networks<br>3.2.1. Wi-Fi networks  |

| classroom |  | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|-----------|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|-----------|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|

| Master Session                                | 26 | 0  | 26 |  |
|---|----|----|----|--|
| Previous studies / activities                 | 0  | 47 | 47 |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 24 | 0  | 24 |  |
| Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises | 0  | 47 | 47 |  |
| Long answer tests and development             | 6  | 0  | 6  |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

#### Methodologies

|  | Description   |
|--|---|
| Master Session                         | Systematic exposition of the theoretical contents of the subject, emphasizing the aims, fundamental concepts and relationships between the different units. |
|  | Through this methodology the competencies CE11, CE17, CE18, CE20, CG3 and CT2 are developed.  |
| Previous studies /<br>activities       | Students will study the theoretical contents of the subject using the textbook and/or further material.   |
|  | Through this methodology the competencies CE11, CE17, CE18, CE20, CG3 and CT2 are developed.  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises     | r Selected problems and/or exercises will be solved in detail, emphasizing the theoretical concepts involved and the methodology of resolution.             |
|  | Through this methodology the competencies CE11, CE17, CE18, CE20, CG4 and CT3 are developed.  |
| Autonomous<br>troubleshooting and / or | Students will try to autonomously solve a problems and/or exercises from a proposed collection.   |
| exercises                              | Through this methodology the competencies CE11, CE17, CE18, CE20, CG4 and CT3 are developed.  |

| Personalized attention                        |  |
|---|--|
|   | Description  |
| Previous studies / activities                 | Individual tuitition will be dispensed to the students in the office hours announced at the beginning of the term. |
| Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises | Individual tuitition will be dispensed to the students in the office hours announced at the beginning of the term. |

#### Assessment

|                   | Description  | Qualification Evalu | uated Competencess |
|-------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| Long answer tests | Two partial examinations and a final examination. In each one  | 100                 | CG3                |
| and development   | of them we will evaluate all the competencies corresponding to<br>the contents we have seen in class to date of the examination. |                     | CG4                |
|                   |  |                     | CE11               |
|                   |  |                     | CE17               |
|                   |  |                     | CE18               |
|                   |  |                     | CE20               |
|                   |  |                     | CT2                |
|                   |  |                     | CT3                |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

The students will choose their grading method between two possibilities: continuous assessment or single examination.

The continuous assessment comprises two midterm exams (20% each) and a final written exam (60%) if final exam grade is greater than or equal to 3.5; if not, the final grade will be equal to the points awarded to this exam. In any case, the final grade will not be less than the final exam grade. The first midterm exam will be foreseeably held on the sixth week, and the second one, on the tenth week. In both exams, the questions will be based on ALL the material covered since the first lecture and students will receive their midterm grades in the next two weeks after the examination. The final exam will be held on the date and time designated on the Centre Schedule and the questions will be based on the material covered on ALL the curse lectures.

The single examination option will require the student to pass a written exam about the contents of the subject. The final grade will be equal to the points awarded to this exam.

Every student who commits to any of the midterms or the final exam will be graded. Attending one of the midterm exams

will be considered as choosing the continuous assessment mode.

Any gradings are only valid during the academic year.

Those who fail the subject in the first call at the end of the ordinary term can use the second call, which consist in taking a single written exam. The students will be graded according to the option (continuos or single) of their preference, as marked in the exam cover.

# Sources of information

C. López García, M. Fernández Veiga, Teoría de la Información y Codificación, 2/e, 2013, Andavira editora
 C. López García, M. Fernández Veiga, Cuestiones de Teoría de la Información y Codificación, 2003, Tórculo edicións
 J. F. Kurose, K. W. Ross, Computer Networking, 6/e, 2012, Addison Wesley

#### Recommendations

# Subjects that continue the syllabus

Computer Networks/V05G300V01403

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204

| IDENTIFYIN                |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Programmi                 | -   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subject                   | Programming II  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Code                      | V05G300V01302   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Study                     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| programme                 | Tecnoloxías de  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | Telecomunicación  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Descriptors               | ECTS Credits  | Туре   | Year   | Quadmester   |  |  |  |
|                           | 6   | Mandatory  | 2nd  | 1st  |  |  |  |
| Language                  | Spanish   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department<br>Coordinator | Fernández Masaguer, Francisco   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lecturers                 | Blanco Fernández, Yolanda   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | Fernández Masaguer, Francisco   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | Sousa Vieira, Estrella  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E-mail                    | francisco.fernandez@det.uvigo.es  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Web<br>General            | http://www.faitic.es<br>The general aim of this subject is to provi   | da tha atudanta with tha thaa  | watical foundati   | and and the prostical  |  |  |  |
|                           | of the students in the development of one<br>includes an<br>introduction to Software Engineering. In t<br>usually recognized in software development<br>requirements to the deployment of the sy<br>design, implementation and debugging. F<br>discipline for the<br>development of big computer applications<br>them. Next, the elements of the object or<br>elements and diagrams, which will be<br>used by the students in their development<br>subject can be summarized in the following | his sense, it does not address<br>ent processes, ranging from th<br>rstems, but it is mainly focuse<br>Firstly, Software Engineering is<br>s, showing the main challenge<br>riented programming (OOP) pa<br>nts. To reach this general aim | all the phases<br>he capture and<br>ed on the stages<br>s presented as a<br>es to face and th<br>aradigm will be | description of the<br>related to the analysis,<br>an indispensable<br>he basic concepts behin<br>analized with UML |  |  |  |
|                           | The objects oriented paradigm   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Basic concepts of object oriented progra  | amming: classes and objects  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Encapsulation. Hiding principle. Concept  |  | I  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Inheritance, abstraction, polymorphism and reuse  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Relations between classes: generalization, association and dependency   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Communication between objects: methods, events, messages  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Persistence. Storage in files and in databases  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Generation, capture and processing of exceptions  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | Introduction to Software Engineering  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Basic concepts of Software Engineering. Historical review   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Introduction and concept of Cycle of Life. Standard ISO/IEC 12207   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Introduction to software development m  | nethodologies. Classification  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Introduction to the processes of develop  | oment of objects oriented soft   | ware. Metric v3  | and the Unified Process  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Main phases in objects oriented development: analysis, design, implementation and testing   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           | - Introduction to the UML modeling language: structure and interaction  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Comp | petencies   |                      |
|------|---|----------------------|
| Code |   | Typology             |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.  | - know               |
| CG14 | CG14 The ability to use software tools to search for information or bibliographical resources.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE50 | (CE50/T18)The ability to develop, interpret and debug programs using basic concepts of Object Oriented<br>Programming (OOP): classes and objects, encapsulation, relations among classes and objects, and<br>inheritance. | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE51 | (CE51/T19) The ability of basic application of phases of analysis, design, implementation and debugging of OOP programs.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE52 | (CE52/T20) The ability of manipulation of CASE tools (editors, debuggers).  | - know<br>- Know How |

CE53 (CE53/T21) The ability of developing programs considering to the basic principles of software engineering - Know How quality taking into account the main existing sources of norms, standards and specifications.

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| To understand the basic concepts of Object Oriented Programming (OOP).                               | CG14        |
|  | CE50        |
| To know the main UML diagrams for the documentation in the phases of analysis and design of programs | CG6         |
| according to the OOP.  | CG14        |
|  | CE52        |
|  | CE53        |
| To develop skills in the process of analysis, design, implementation and debugging of applications   | CG6         |
| according to the OOP, taking into account the main standards and norms of quality.                   | CG14        |
|  | CE51        |
|  | CE53        |
| To acquire maturity in techniques of development and debugging of programs to allow the autonomous   | CG6         |
| learning of new skills and programming languages.  | CE51        |
|  | CE52        |
|  | CE53        |

| Contents  |   |                             |             |
|---|---|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Торіс   |   |                             |             |
| 1. Introduction to the object oriented paradigm | <ul> <li>a. Brief introduction to the subject and its organization.</li> <li>b. Birth of the paradigm</li> <li>c. Foundations: classes and objects</li> <li>d. Concepts of encapsulation, inheritance (generalization), and polymorphism</li> <li>e. Brief Introduction to UML</li> </ul> |                             |             |
| 2. Encapsulation                                | <ul> <li>a. Classes, interfaces and packages</li> <li>b. Methods and member variables. Visibility. Scope of resolution</li> <li>c. Constructor method</li> <li>d. Passing parameters: pointers and references</li> <li>e. Pointers to objects</li> </ul>                                  |                             |             |
| 3. Inheritance                                  | a. Derived classes and types of inheritance<br>b. Abstract Classes<br>c. Multiple Inheritance<br>d. Object class  |                             |             |
| 4. Object oriented design                       | a. Design foundations<br>b. Use of UML diagrams   |                             |             |
| 5. Polymorphism                                 | a. Overloading and overwriting<br>b. Abstract classes and interfaces<br>c. Generic classes  |                             |             |
| 6. Exception handling                           | a. Exceptions foundations<br>b. Handling of Java exceptions   |                             |             |
| Planning  |   |                             |             |
|   | Class hours   | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Master Session                                  | 28  | 42                          | 70          |

| 9 | 9                               | 18  |   |
|---|---------------------------------|---|---|
| 4 | 10                              | 14  |   |
| 1 | 1                               | 2   |   |
| 9 | 31                              | 40  |   |
| 0 | 1                               | 1   |   |
| 3 | 0                               | 3   |   |
| 2 | 0                               | 2   |   |
|   | 9<br>4<br>1<br>9<br>0<br>3<br>2 | 9     9       4     10       1     1       9     31       0     1       3     0       2     0 | 4         10         14           1         1         2 |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

# Methodologies

|   | Description  |
|---|--|
| Master Session                                      | Classes that will combine the explanation of the concepts involved in the subject and the performance of small exercises. These may be solved by the teacher or by the students, individually and/or in groups. The aim is to encourage debates in class and strengthen the adquisition of skills.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CE50, CE51 and CE53 are developed. |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                  | In the laboratory, the teacher will pose small challenges to be solved collectively so that the underlying concepts and the different options of resolution can be discussed, and to provide students with the skills object of the subject.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CE50, CE51 and CE53 are developed.   |
| Autonomous<br>troubleshooting and / or<br>exercises | Students will solve independently the problems posed by the teacher in the laboratory. The solutions and the doubts that arise in addressing these problems will be put together to agree the best way of resolution.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CE50, CE51, CE53, CG6 and CG14 are developed.   |
| Case studies / analysis<br>of situations            | Putting in common of the designs proposed by the students to solve the project to be carried out during the second part of the course. The comparison of the different proposals will serve to select the best options and as a feedback, if appropriate, to improve the designs. Through this methodology the competencies CE51 and CE52 are developed.                           |
| Projects  | The students will implement the software system proposed by the teacher during the second part<br>of the course, combining work in the laboratory supervised by the teacher with work out of the<br>laboratory.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CE50, CE53, CG6 and CG14 are developed.   |

| Personalized attention                              |   |  |
|---|---|--|
|   | Description   |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                  | Individual attention will be coordinated following-up the work of each student, supervising the solutions proposed for each problem proposed in the laboratory sessions and monitoring of the software project to be implemented. |  |
| Projects  | Individual attention will be coordinated following-up the work of each student, supervising the solutions proposed for each problem proposed in the laboratory sessions and monitoring of the software project to be implemented. |  |
| Autonomous<br>troubleshooting and / or<br>exercises | Individual attention will be coordinated following-up the work of each student, supervising the solutions proposed for each problem proposed in the laboratory sessions and monitoring of the software project to be implemented. |  |
| Case studies / analysis of situations               | Individual attention will be coordinated following-up the work of each student, supervising the solutions proposed for each problem proposed in the laboratory sessions and monitoring of the software project to be implemented. |  |

# Assessment

Description

Qualification Evaluated

Competencess

| Projects   | The students, organized in pairs, will submit the proposed software<br>project before January 6. It must include the final design (UML<br>diagrams), the code and the generated documentation about the<br>implementation details. It is an indispensable condition to overcome<br>this proof of evaluation that the code can be compiled and run on the<br>computers of the laboratory.   | 30 | CG6<br>CG14<br>CE50<br>CE53  |
|--|--|----|------------------------------|
|  | During the last week of the course, the students will have an interview<br>with the teacher in the laboratory hours, with the aim of proving the<br>authorship of the project and to perform different functionality tests.<br>Both members of the group must attend the interview. The issues<br>raised therein must be answered individually to verify the degree of<br>understanding and involvement of the student in the developed<br>project.  |    |                              |
|  | If a student does not demonstrate the authorship adequately, the<br>evaluation of the project will be done through an individual<br>programming practical exam in the laboratory in the date published in<br>www.teleco.uvigo.es for this purpose. If the student does not attend<br>this exam he/she will lose a 30% of the mark of the subject.<br>For the students that demostrate the authorship adequately, the<br>evaluation of the project will take into account the correct<br>functionality, the quality of the code and the use of the techniques of<br>object oriented programming.              |    |                              |
| Case studies /<br>analysis of situations                       | At the end of the 9th week of the academic course the students,<br>organized in pairs, will submit the design of a software project.   | 10 | CE51<br>CE52                 |
| Troubleshooting and<br>/ or exercises                          | Written exam to be done individually in the date published in<br>www.teleco.uvigo.es for this purpose, which will consist of the<br>combination of the following types of questions: resolution of<br>problems, short questions about the theoretical concepts explained in<br>the master sessions, to justify reasonably if one or more statements<br>are true or false, small tests about theoretical and application aspects.<br>The number and combination of these questions will be defined for<br>each particular exam. Support materials (notes, books, collections of<br>problems) are not allowed. | 50 | CE50<br>CE51<br>CE53         |
| Practical tests, real<br>task execution and /<br>or simulated. | At the end of the 7th week of the academic course the students,<br>organized in pairs, will submit the Java initiation practices proposed in<br>the laboratory.  | 10 | CE50<br>CE51<br>CE52<br>CE53 |

# Other comments and July evaluation

There are two modalities of evaluation of this subject: continuous evaluation (CE) and traditional evaluation (TE). The students will have to choose one of the two modalities taking into account the following conditions:

- The CE includes the 4 proofs described in the evaluation section.

- Whether they opt for the CE or for the TE, students must develop a project. To facilitate the choice between CE and TE, the specifications of the project will be available in Faitic the 4th week of the academic course.

- In the TE the project will be carried out individually.

- The students that choose the CE will submit at the end of the 9th week of the academic course the UML design of the project (corresponding to the 2nd proof described in the evaluation section). By means of this submission the students agree to follow the CE and reject the TE. From this moment these students may not appear as if they have not taken the subject.

- The students that do not submit the UML design of the project in the stipulated date reject the CE, so that they will be evaluated by means of the modality of TE. It is not possible to join the CE in the following intermediate proofs.

- The proofs of CE are not recoverable in any case, and they can not be repeated outside the dates stipulated by the teachers.

- Marks (of proofs of CE or practical projects or exams) are not saved from one course to another.

First call. Students who opt for the CE. They will be evaluated as follows:

• Theoretical part:

- Written exam (50%). Individual exam. It corresponds to the 3rd proof described in the evaluation section. The mark of this exam will not be never saved for others convocatories.

• Practical part:

- Practices of initiation in Java (10%). To be done in pairs. It corresponds to the 4th proof described in the evaluation section.

- Project (40%). To be done in pairs. It is divided in two parts:

1. Design (10%). It corresponds to the 2nd proof described in the evaluation section.

2. Implementation (30%). It corresponds to the 1st proof described in the evaluation section.

• The requirements to pass will be:

- A minimum of 1/3 of the total in the theoretical part.

- A minimum of 1/3 of the total in the part of implementation of the project (or 1/3 of the total of the practical exam according to the case).

- A total mark (sum of the 4 proofs) equal or higher than 5.

- If the total mark is equal or higher than 5 but the minimun in some part has not been reached, the final mark will be 4.5 points (failure).

First call. Students who opt for the TE. They will be evaluated as follows:

• Theoretical part:

- Written exam (50%). Individual exam. It corresponds to the 3rd proof described in the evaluation section. The mark of this exam will not be never saved for others convocatories.

• Practical part:

- Individual realization of a software project that will suppose the remaining 50% of the final mark. This project will consist of the design (UML diagrams), the Java code and the generated documentation about the implementation details. The evaluation will take into account correct design, correct functionality, quality of the code and use of techniques of OOP. It must be submitted before January 6.

- Realization of an interview with the teacher with the aim of proving the authorship of the project. This interview will take place in the laboratory hours during the last week of the course. If a student does not demonstrate adequately the authorship, the evaluation of the practical part will be done through a programming practical exam.

- The requirements to pass will be:
- A minimum of 1/3 of the total in the theoretical part.

- A minimum of 1/3 of the total in the part of the project (or 1/3 of the total of the practical exam according to the case).

- A total mark (sum of the 2 proofs) equal or higher than 5.

- If the total mark is equal or higher than 5 but the minimun in some part has not been reached, the final mark will be 4.5 points (failure).

Second call. The students will be evaluated as follows:

• Theoretical part:

- Written exam (50%). Individual exam. It corresponds to the 3rd proof described in the evaluation section. The mark of this exam will not be never saved for others convocatories.

• Practical part:

It will depend on whether the student has delivered or not the project in the first call. For the students that have followed the CE in the first call, it will be considered that a student has delivered the project when, as least, he/she has submitted an UML design in which he/she has obtained a mark equal or higher than 0.6 of 1.

- The students that do not deliver the project in the first call will be evaluated through an individual programming practical

exam, to be done in the laboratory in the date published in www.teleco.uvigo.es for this purpose. The evaluation of this exam will suppose a 50% of the final mark.

- The practical part to be done for the students that deliver the project in the first call will depend on the mark obtained in the project in that call, as follows:

Mark >= 1.5 with CE or Mark >= 2.5 with TE. They will keep the mark, not having to attend the practical exam of the second call. However, they will be able to improve the mark of the project delivering a new version of the one of the first call together with the new functionalities to be done, that will be published in Faitic. In the same way, they will deliver a document that addresses the changes and updates in the project from the version delivered in the first call.

Mark between 1 and 1.5 with CE or Mark between 5/3 and 2.5 with TE. They may opt for doing the practical exam or the extended project of the second call. They will not keep the mark of the project of the first call, but they will keep the marks of the parts of initiation in Java and UML design if they have opted for the CE in the first call.

Mark < 1 with CE or Mark < 5/3 with TE. They may opt for doing the practical exam or the extended project of the second call. In any case, they will not keep the marks of the parts of initiation in Java and UML design if they have opted for the CE in the first call, that is, they will be evaluated on 5.

• The requirements to pass will be:

- A minimum of 1/3 of the total in the theoretical part.

- A minimum of 1/3 of the total of the project without taking into account the marks of the parts of initiation in Java and UML design if they have opted for the CE in the first call (or 1/3 of the total of the practical exam according to the case).

- A total mark (sum of all the proofs) equal or higher than 5.

- If the total mark is equal or higher than 5 but the minimun in some part has not been reached, the final mark will be 4.5 points (failure).

#### Sources of information

Basic references:

- [1] "Absolute Java". W. Savitch, 4th edition. 2010, Pearson.
- [2] "Introduction to Java programming". Y. D. Liang, 8th edition. 2010, Pearson.
- [3] "Java: How to program". P. Deitel, H. Deitel, 9th edition. 2011, Pearson.

Aditional references:

[1] "Programación orientada a objetos con Java: Una introducción práctica usando BlueJ". D. J. Barnes, M. Kölling, 3rd edition. 2007, Pearson.

[2] "The Java Tutorial. A short course on the basics". S. Zakhour, S. Hommel, J. Royal, I. Rabinovitch, T. Risser, M. Hoeber, 4th edition. 2006, Prentice-Hall.

- [3] "Data Structures & Algorithms in Java". M. T. Goodrich, R. Tamassia, 5th edition. 2010, Willey.
- [4] "Java Tools". A. Eberhart, S. Fischer. 2002, Wiley.
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- [6] "Thinking in Java". B. Eckel, 4th editionn. 2006, Prentice-Hall.
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- [11] "Java 2 Platform Standard Edition 5.0. API Specification". Online: http://download.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/api/
- [12] "The Java Tutorials". Oracle. Online: http://download.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/

[13] "Ingeniería del Software orientada a objetos con UML, Java e Internet". A. Weitzenfeld. 2005, Thomson.

[14] "Open-oriented Analysis and Design with Applications". G. Booch, R. Maksimchuk, M. Engel, B. Young, J. Conallen, K. Houston, 3rd edition. 2007, Addison-Wesley.

[15] "The Unified Modeling Language User Guide". G. Booch, J. Rumbaugh, I. Jacobson, 2nd edition. 2005. Addison-Wesley.

[16] "UML Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Standard Object Modeling Language". M. Fowler, 3rd edition. 2003, Addison-Wesley.

[17] "Fundamentals of object-oriented design in UML". M. Page-Jones. 2002, Addison-Wesley.

# Recommendations

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Programming I/V05G300V01205

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA  |           |      |            |
|------------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Electromag             | netic Transmission   |           |      |            |
| Subject                | Electromagnetic<br>Transmission  |           |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01303  |           |      |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |           |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре      | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6  | Mandatory | 2nd  | 1st        |
| Language               | Spanish  |           |      |            |
| Department             |  |           |      |            |
| Coordinator            | Vera Isasa, María  |           |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Díaz Otero, Francisco Javier<br>García-Tuñón Blanca, Inés<br>Gómez Araújo, Marta<br>Lorenzo Rodríguez, María Edita de<br>Santalla del Río, María Verónica<br>Vazquez Alejos, Ana<br>Vera Isasa, María      |           |      |            |
| E-mail                 | mirentxu@uvigo.es  |           |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |           |      |            |
| General<br>description | Fundamentals of electromagnetic guided and unguided transmission. Analysis of the operating principles of different transmission media models and their characterization in telecommunication engineering. |           |      |            |

# Comnetencies

| Code |  | Typology             |
|------|--|----------------------|
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How           |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE8  | CE8/T3: The ability to use software tools for bibliographical resources search or information related with electronics and telecommunications.   | - Know How           |
| CE9  | CE9/T4: The ability to analyze and specify the main parameters of a communications system.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE13 | CE13/T8: The ability to understand the electromagnetic and acoustic wave mechanisms of propagation and transmission, and their corresponding receiving and transmitting devices.   | - know               |
| CE20 | CE20/T15: The knowledge of national, European and international telecommunication regulations and laws.  | - know<br>- Know be  |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - Know be            |
| CT3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - Know be            |

| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
|---|-------------|
| Transmissionm line specification: two-wire line, coaxial wire, coaxial models, twisted pair, optical fibre. | CG3         |
|   | CE8         |
|   | CE9         |
| Analysing waves of tension and current and stationary wave.   | CG5         |
|   | CE9         |
|   | CE13        |
| Proposing impedance matching solutions.   | CG4         |
| Crosstalk problems evaluation.  | CG5         |
|   | CE13        |

| Antenna radiated field calculation and related parameters: radiation pattern, gain, beam-width, impedance, polarisation, effective area. | CG5<br>CE9<br>CE13 |
|--|--------------------|
| Resolving problems of propagation and reception of electromagnetic waves.  | CG3<br>CG4<br>CE20 |
|  | CT2<br>CT3         |

| Contents                   |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Торіс                      |   |
| 1. Introduction            | Types of transmission media, advantages and disadvantages, characterisation.  |
| 2. Transmission lines      | Getting started with some of the most commonly used transmission lines:<br>two-wire, coaxial, twisted pair.<br>Circuit model of distributed parameters ,general equations, characteristic<br>parameters (characteristic impedance, propagation velocity, attenuation<br>and phase coefficients).<br>Attenuation, dispersion and crosstalk.<br>Transmission line in circuit (reflection coefficient, standing wave ratio,<br>input impedance).<br>Smith Chart. |
| 3. Optical fiber.          | Structure and types.<br>Numerical aperture and acceptance cone.<br>Attenuation and dispersion.<br>Optical sources and receptors.  |
| 4. Radiowaves and antennas | Characteristics of radiowaves: far field, radiation integral.<br>Antenna concept and fundamental parameters (radiation pattern,<br>secondary lobe level, beamwidth, directivity, gain, polarisation,<br>impedance).<br>Reception: power balance in free space (Friis equation), polarization loss<br>factor.<br>Center feed dipoles.<br>Antenna arrays.   |
| Labs                       | <ul> <li>Management of software tools to search information: technical, scientific<br/>and regulation of telecommunications.</li> <li>Measurement and analysis of voltage and current waves and standing<br/>waves.</li> <li>UTP and coaxial.</li> <li>Basic matching technics.</li> <li>Radiation pattern plots.</li> <li>Measurement of antenna basic parameters.</li> <li>Problem resolution.</li> </ul>   |

|   | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|---|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Introductory activities                       | 1           | 2.5                         | 3.5         |
| Master Session                                | 17          | 25.5                        | 42.5        |
| Laboratory practises                          | 12          | 6                           | 18          |
| Practice in computer rooms                    | 8           | 4                           | 12          |
| Presentations / exhibitions                   | 2           | 16                          | 18          |
| Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises | 12          | 24                          | 36          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 2           | 8                           | 10          |
| Multiple choice tests                         | 2           | 8                           | 10          |

| Methodologies           |   |
|-------------------------|---|
|                         | Description   |
| Introductory activities | Activities focused to take contact and get information about the students and to introduce the subject. |

| Master Session                                      | Presentation by the teacher of the contents of the subject of study (theoretical basis).<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE9,CE13,CE20 y CT2 are developed.  |
|---|--|
| Laboratory practises                                | Application of knowledge to specific situations and acquisition of basic skills and procedures. They are developed in laboratories with specialized equipment.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG5 y CT3 are developed.   |
| Practice in computer rooms                          | Activities of acquisition of<br>basic skills related with the matter.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE8, CE20 y CT3 are developed.   |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions                      | Student presentation of the results of a group work.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CE20 y CT3 are developed.  |
| Autonomous<br>troubleshooting and / or<br>exercises | Activity in which problems are formulated related to the subject. The student must develop the<br>analysis and solving problems independently. The solutions are provided in ordinary class hours.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CE9 y CE13 are developed. |

| Personalized attention                              |   |  |
|---|---|--|
|   | Description   |  |
| Master Session                                      | Students will have the opportunity to attend personalized tutoring in the schedule that teachers establish for this purpose at the beginning of the course and will be published in the course website. The teacher will resolve in the classroom the doubts that arise in the moment of the class and in the tutoring schedule those that arise when realising the autonomous study. |  |
| Autonomous<br>troubleshooting and /<br>or exercises | Students will have the opportunity to attend personalized tutoring in the schedule that teachers establish for this purpose at the beginning of the course and will be published in the course website. The teacher will resolve in the classroom the doubts that arise in the moment of the class and in the tutoring schedule those that arise when realising the autonomous study. |  |

|                                    | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| Laboratory practises               | Performing lab practices that require instrumentation handling.  | 20            | CG5                       |
|                                    |  |               | CT3                       |
| Presentations /                    | Performing lab practices of software tools to search of information and a work about telecommunication regulation.   | 10            | CE8                       |
| exhibitions                        |  |               | CE20                      |
|                                    |  |               | CT2                       |
| Multiple choice tests              | Tests for evaluation of acquired skills including direct questions about a particular aspect. Students must respond directly and briefly based on their subject knowledge. | 30            | CG3                       |
|                                    |  |               | CE9                       |
|                                    |  |               | CE13                      |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | r Proof in which the student has to solve a series of problems in<br>a time and conditions established by the teacher, applying the<br>acquired knowledge.                 | 40            | CG3                       |
|                                    |  |               | CG4                       |
|                                    |  |               | CE9                       |
|                                    |  |               | CE13                      |

# Other comments and July evaluation

Following the guidelines of the degree two evaluation systems will be offered: continuous assessment or final exam.

Continuous assessment includes a series of tasks performed during the course (70%) and a multiple-choice test (30%) performed on date according to the official exam schedule. To pass the subject by this evaluation system, 1/3 of the maximum score of each item in the above table must be obtained (except for the multiple choice test) and 50% minimum of the global score (sum of the four blocks) must be reached.

The tasks in the course include the active participation in ordinary classroom and laboratory sessions, autonomous working, information search, development and submission of a report and two tests of problem solving (the first scheduled at the middle of the term and the second by the end). These tasks are **not recoverable**, ie if a student cannot fulfill on time the teacher has no obligation to repeat them and will **only be valid for the academic year in which they are made**.

The students must decide if they choose the ongoing evaluation after the realization of the first test of problem solving on the 8 th - 9 th week of class, in which case they receive a grade that corresponds, independently that they present to other tasks or not. If the score is high as 50% without getting 1/3 in some of the items, the official grade will be 4.5

# Evaluation by final exam

In addition to the continuous assessment system described above, the student may choose to perform one final exam that will have three parts:

- Part I: practice and report (pass or fail).
- Part II: questions (40%).
- Part III: problem solving (60%).

It is necessary to pass the first part to be submitted to the other two. Obtaining a "fail" translates into a 2 official grade. If you have made the qualifying practices and the oral presentation of the report (essential) and have passed the third corresponding to, you do not need to perform the first part of the final exam.

#### Second chance

It consists of a final exam with the same characteristics and weights as indicated in the previous section.

Students who want to preserve the grade obtained in the first tasks of the continuous assessment (70%) can elect to perform only the multiple-choice test (30%) provided that minimum requirements had been got.

To pass the subject at least 50% in the total qualification must be obtained in any of the evaluation systems and calls.

#### Sources of information

F.T. Ulaby, Fundamentals of Applied Electromagnetics, 6ª, Pearson, 2010

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D. K. Cheng, Fundamentos de electromagnetismo para ingeniería, , Addison-Wesley, 1997

#### Additional references:

B.M. Notaros, Electromagnetics, Pearson 2011.

N.N.Rao, **Elements of engineering electromagnetics**, Pearson, 6<sup>a</sup> ed., 2004.

J.D. Krauss, Electromagnetismo con aplicaciones, McGraw-Hill 2000.

D. K. Cheng. Field and Wave Electromagnetics, Addison-Wesley, 2ª ed., 1989.

# Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Microwave Circuits/V05G300V01611 Radio Frequency Circuits/V05G300V01511 Optical Telecommunication Infrastructures/V05G300V01614 Wireless Systems and Networks/V05G300V01615 Radio Communication Systems/V05G300V01512

## Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Mathematics: Calculus I/V05G300V01105 Mathematics: Calculus II/V05G300V01203

| IDENTIFYIN             | nal Processing  |                                 |                 |
|------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Subject                | Digital Signal  |                                 |                 |
| oubject                | Processing  |                                 |                 |
| Code                   | V05G300V01304   |                                 |                 |
| Study                  | (*)Grao en  |                                 |                 |
| programme              | Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de  |                                 |                 |
|                        | Telecomunicación  |                                 |                 |
| Descriptors            |   | Year                            | uadmester       |
| Beschptors             | 6 Mandato   |                                 | st              |
| Language               | Spanish   |                                 |                 |
| Department             | · ·   |                                 |                 |
| •                      | García Mateo, Carmen  |                                 |                 |
| Lecturers              | Alonso Alonso, Ignacio  |                                 |                 |
|                        | Docio Fernández, Laura  |                                 |                 |
|                        | García Mateo, Carmen  |                                 |                 |
|                        | Márquez Flórez, Óscar Willian   |                                 |                 |
| E-mail                 | Rodríguez Banga, Eduardo<br>carmen.garcia@uvigo.es  |                                 |                 |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                                 |                 |
|                        |   | communications and enterta      | nmont dovices   |
| General<br>description | Digital signal processing is nowadays a feature of most everyday<br>The aim of this course is to equip students with a mathematical g |                                 |                 |
| acscription            | analysis. In subsequent course subjects, this knowledge will be ap  |                                 |                 |
|                        | systems, including audio, image, video and voice signals.   |                                 | 5               |
|                        |   |                                 |                 |
|                        | <ul><li>Objectives cover the following areas:</li><li>Managing signals and systems mathematically and visually, incl</li></ul>        | uding loarning and applying     | boir proportios |
|                        | <ul> <li>Studying the different domains for signal and systems analysis:</li> </ul>   |                                 |                 |
|                        | domain.   |                                 |                 |
|                        | • Learning how to transfer a problem in one domain to a domain i  |                                 |                 |
|                        | Mastering the concept of filter frequency response and learning   |                                 |                 |
|                        | Understanding the relationship between the poles and zeros of   | the system function and the f   | requency        |
|                        | response.<br>• Acquiring basic notions of filter design in the Z domain.  |                                 |                 |
|                        | Managing specific digital signal processing software.   |                                 |                 |
|                        | • Applying the above knowledge to simple and practical laborator  | y examples.                     |                 |
|                        |   |                                 |                 |
| Competend              | ies   |                                 |                 |
| Code                   |   |                                 | Typology        |
|                        | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates   |                                 | - know          |
|                        | ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to con   | front and update to new         |                 |
| situat                 |   |                                 |                 |
|                        | The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decis   |                                 |                 |
|                        | nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professiona<br>ommunication Engineer activity.                                | i responsibility of the Technic | cal             |
|                        | /T16) The knowledge of the appropriate techniques to develop and  | ovploit signal processing       | - know          |
|                        | stems .   | exploit signal processing       | - KIIOW         |
|                        | /T17) The ability to analyze digital signal processing schemes.   |                                 | - Know Hov      |
|                        | nderstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable develo   | opment.                         | - Know Hov      |
|                        | wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality i  | •                               |                 |
|                        | and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, partic   |                                 | ,               |
|                        | on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights,  |                                 |                 |
|                        |   |                                 |                 |
| Learning o             | utcomes   |                                 |                 |
| Learning ou            |   | (                               | Competences     |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| Managing specific software for digital signal processing | CG3         |
|  | CE48        |
|  | CT3         |

| Applying mathematical knowledge for signal filtering  | CG4<br>CE49<br>CT2 |
|---|--------------------|
| Mastering filtering operations in frequency domain.   | CG4<br>CE49<br>CT2 |
| Learning mathematical issues for understanding the processes of sampling and windowing of analog signals. | CG3<br>CE48<br>CT3 |
| Analysis of simple processing systems.  | CG4<br>CE49<br>CT2 |

| Contents   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс  |   |
| Subject 1. Introduction to Sampling and Aliasing               | Sampling and digital frequency. Analog frequency vs discrete frequency.<br>Aliasing. The sampling theorem.  |
| Subject 2. FIR Filters   | Difference equation. Filter Coefficients. Block Diagrams. Causality,<br>linearity and time-invariance. LTI systems and convolution. FIR frequency<br>response. Cascaded LTI systems.  |
| Subject 3. Z Transform   | Definition and properties. Linear-phase filters.  |
| Subject 4. IIR Filters   | Difference equation. Filter Coefficients. Block Diagrams. Impulse response.<br>Relation between the position of poles and zeros of the system function<br>and the frequency response. |
| Subject 5. Continuous-Time Signals and Systems                 | The unit impulse. The unit step. Time delaying. Linearity and time-invariance. Convolution  |
| Subject 6. Continuous-Time Fourier Transform                   | Definition. Basic pairs. Properties   |
| Subject 7. Sampling and Reconstruction in the Frequency Domain | The sampling theorem in the frequency domain  |
| Subject 8. Windowing and Discrete Fourier<br>Transform (DFT)   | Relation of the spectrum of a continuous-time signal to the spectrum of the time-sampled signal. Windowing. DFT and FFT.  |
| Project 1. A/D and D/A Conversion                              | Digitalisation of Continuous-Time Signals. Aliasing.  |
| Project 2. Digital Filters                                     | Digital filters in the time and frequency domains.  |
| Project 3. Spectral Analysis                                   | Windowing. FFT. Examples  |
|  |   |

# Planning

|   | Class hours               | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours                |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Introductory activities                       | 1                         | 0                              | 1                          |
| Master Session                                | 23                        | 40                             | 63                         |
| Laboratory practises                          | 11                        | 22                             | 33                         |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 15                        | 30                             | 45                         |
| Forum Index                                   | 0                         | 2                              | 2                          |
| Multiple choice tests                         | 1.5                       | 0                              | 1.5                        |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 4.5                       | 0                              | 4.5                        |
| *The information in the planning table is for | guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het   | erogeneity of the students |

# Methodologies Description

| Introductory activities | Course presentation: programme, reading materials, teaching methodology and assessment |
|-------------------------|--|
|                         | system   |

| Master Session                       | Instructor presentation of the main concepts of each subject.<br>Classes do not cover all content that is examination material. The student should take the content<br>indicated in the guidelines for each subject into account as orientation for exams.<br>During the 5 minutes before the lecture, a student will summarize the main concepts presented in<br>the previous session. |
|--------------------------------------|---|
|                                      | Students will participate by answering questions during the explanation and by doing exercises.<br>Student will work alone afterwards on the concepts studied in class and on expanding this content<br>using the guidelines provided for each subject.<br>Identification of doubts that need to be resolved in personalized tutorials.   |
|                                      | Through this methodology the competencies CE48, CG3, and CT3 are developed.   |
| Laboratory practises                 | Application of Matlab functions and commands for digital signal processing to solve practical exercises.  |
|                                      | Identification of doubts that need to be resolved in personalized tutorials.  |
|                                      | Through this methodology the competencies CE49, CG4 and CT2 are developed.  |
| Troubleshooting and / c<br>exercises | or Problems and exercises formulated according to the content of the lectures and the guidelines for each subject.  |
|                                      | Students solve problems and exercises prior to the class in which one or several students explain the solution on the board.  |
|                                      | Identification of doubts that need to be resolved in personalized tutorials.  |
|                                      | Through this methodology the competencies CE49, CG4 and CT2 are developed.  |
| Forum Index                          | The website for the course is included in the TEMA platform (http://faitic.uvigo.es). Subscription to this platform, including a photograph, is mandatory. The website provides all the information related to the course. It also publishes continuous assessment grades and runs forums for students to exchange ideas and discuss doubts.  |
|                                      | Through this methodology the competencies CE48, CE49, CG3, CG4 , CT2 and CT3 are developed.   |

| Personalized attention             | 1   |
|------------------------------------|---|
|                                    | Description   |
| Master Session                     | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in their lecturer's office at times established by lecturers for this purpose at the beginning of the academic year and published on the course website.      |
|                                    | <ul> <li>These tutorials are aimed at resolving student doubts and providing guidance regarding:</li> <li>The content of the lectures and approaches to study.</li> <li>Laboratory projects and the software used.</li> </ul> |
|                                    | • Problems and exercises proposed and solved in the classroom as well as other problems and exercises arising during the course.  |
| Laboratory practises               | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in their lecturer's office at times established by lecturers for this purpose at the beginning of the academic year and published on the course website.      |
|                                    | <ul> <li>These tutorials are aimed at resolving student doubts and providing guidance regarding:</li> <li>The content of the lectures and approaches to study.</li> <li>Laboratory projects and the software used.</li> </ul> |
|                                    | <ul> <li>Problems and exercises proposed and solved in the classroom as well as other problems and<br/>exercises arising during the course.</li> </ul>  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in their lecturer's office at times established by lecturers for this purpose at the beginning of the academic year and published on the course website.      |
|                                    | <ul> <li>These tutorials are aimed at resolving student doubts and providing guidance regarding:</li> <li>The content of the lectures and approaches to study.</li> <li>Laboratory projects and the software used.</li> </ul> |
|                                    | <ul> <li>Problems and exercises proposed and solved in the classroom as well as other problems and<br/>exercises arising during the course.</li> </ul>  |

Description

Qualification Evaluated Competencess

| Troubleshooting and / or<br>exercises | These tests are a requirement to pass the subject. See<br>details in the "Other comments and second call" section. | 100 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CE48<br>CE49<br>CT2<br>CT3 |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----|--|
| Multiple choice tests                 | These tests are a requirement to pass the subject. See details in the "Other comments and second call" section.    | 0   | CG3<br>CE48<br>CE49<br>CT3               |

# Other comments and July evaluation

# ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE:

# A. Overview

The acquired skills are assessed by a series of tests grouped into two parts, with different requirements:

- 1. Lab assessment.
- 2. Problem assessment.

# To pass the course it is necessary to pass all two parts.

- For each part one or more tests are performed to obtain an independent grade on each.
- There are tests for each part both during the lecture period and final evaluation periods. In total there are three opportunities to pass each part throughout the academic year.
- A pass grade in any part is valid for the entire academic year.
- The final grade for Lab assessment is Pass or Fail.
- The final grade for the Problem assessment is a numerical mark between 0 and 10.
- The course mark is obtained roughly as follows:
  - If you have passed all two parts, the final grade is the grade of the Problem assessment.
  - If you have not passed any of the two parts, the final grade is the lowest of the two, calculated as specified later on.

It is also important to note that:

- The course can be passed with full marks from continuous assessment, with no need to sit the final exam.
- Students who have done continuous assessment and have failed any part, at the end of the term or at the end of the academic year, may need to perform only the failed parts.
- Students who sit any of the tests corresponding to continuous assessment will obtain amark that will be listed in the academic records.

The following sections explain in detail how each part is graded.

# **B.** Details of the assessment procedure

# **B1. Lab assessments**

- Their goal is to determine whether the student has acquired all the knowledge and/or skills corresponding to the laboratory practice, emphasizing the use of MatLab for digital signal processing.
- Content to be assessed: content of the lab manuals and related theory content.
- Type of test: The test consists of a combination of multiple-choice questions and short questions. Students may use MatLab, lab manuals with personal notes, and text book. Students may not use a calculator for this test.
- Students are graded as pass or fail.
- There are 3 opportunities to pass:
  - Opportunity 1 (Continuous assessment)
    - There will be three mandatory tests in the lab room
    - The test consists of a series of questions at the end of each Practice assignment
  - The tests will be graded between 0 and 10. The student will pass this part if he/she gets an average greater than or equal to 5. It is compulsory to sit all three tests.
  - Exact dates will be announced on the web site at the beginning of the lecture period.
  - Opportunities 2 and 3. A test in the End-of-Term exam period, and a test in the End-of-Academic-Year exam period. Students must obtain a pass grade in this test in order to pass the course. The pass mark for this test is 5 out of 10.

- Remarks:
  - Once the pass grade is obtained, this is valid for the entire academic year.
  - While the pass grade is not obtained, it is possible to sit any of the three opportunities.

# **B2. Problem Assessment**

- Their goal is to determine whether the student has acquired all the knowledge and/or skills corresponding to the course and knows how to apply them to solve problems.
- Content to be assessed: as specified in the guidelines for each topic in the section "Content to be assessed". MatLab knowledge is not assessed.
- Type of test: an exam of problems. Students may not use books or notes. The use of calculators may be granted on an exam basis.
- It will be graded between 0 and 10. The pass mark is 5.
- There are 3 opportunities to pass:
  - Opportunity 1 (Continuous assessment)
    - There will be three mandatory tests in the classroom. Each test will be graded between 0 and 10.
    - The mark will be obtained as : 0,25\* Test1Mark+ 0,35\*Test2Mark + 0,4\*Test3Mark
    - Test1: from Subject 1 to Subject 3. It will take place during the sixth week of the course.
    - Test2: from Subject 1 to Subject 6. It will take place during the tenth week of the course.
    - Test3: from Subject 1 to Subject 8. It will take place during the last week of the course.
    - Exact dates will be announced on the web site at the beginning of the lecture period.
  - Opportunities 2 and 3. An exam in the End-of-Term exam period, and an exam in the End-of-Academic-Year exam period. In each exam, all content is evaluated according to the information contained in the guidelines for each subject. The pass mark for this test is 5 out of 10.
  - Remarks:
    - Once the pass mark is obtained, this is valid for the entire academic year.
    - While the pass grade is not obtained, it is possible to sit any of the three opportunities.
    - It is always possible to sit the second opportunity to try to get a better mark.

# C. Other comments

- The grade obtained at the end of the term will be part of the academic record of the student. This grade will be final if the mark is above or equal to 5. Otherwise a provisional fail grade will be recorded on their academic record.
- The provisional mark will become definitive fails for students who do not sit at the end of the academic year exam period,
- or gets a lower mark. Otherwise the better mark will be part of the academic record and becomes final.
- The final mark is computed as:
  - If the student passes all two parts, the mark is that of the problem assessment part.
  - If the student fails any part, the mark is the minimum of:
    - The average mark of the lab assessment.
    - Mark of the problem assessment.
  - $_{\circ}$  In case of more than one mark for any part, the highest one will be used.
- Tests performed as continuous assessment may not be rescheduled.
- The grades obtained in the lab assessment or problem assessment are only valid for the current academic year.
- The use of books, notes or electronic devices such as phones or computers is not permitted in any test or exam. Mobile phones must be turned off and out of reach of the student. If calculator use is permitted, the calculator must be a conventional scientific calculator. Under no circumstances may calculators be used that allow formulas to be saved or that have libraries that automatically perform operations with complex numbers, calculation of roots, etc.

## Sources of information

J.H. McClellan y R.W. Schafer, R, Signal Processing First, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2003

A. Quarteroni y F. Saleri, Cálculo científico con Matlab y Octave, Springer, 2006

M. J. Roberts, Señales y Sistemas, McGraw Hill, 2005

A.V. Oppenheim y R.W. Schafer, Tratamiento de señales en tiempo discreto, Prentice Hall, 2ª edición, 2000

It is recommended to purchase the *Signal Processing First (SPF)* book, as it constitutes the main source of content for the course.

Students will be provided with guidelines for each subject that includes the following sections:

- Theoretical content: The theory that will be evaluated in exams.
- Problems proposed: A set of problems recommended for each subject.
- SPF vocabulary: A Spanish-English vocabulary with a set of selected terms is included to facilitate reading of the book.

Students will also be provided with a document describing the Matlab content considered essential for the course.

# Recommendations Subjects that continue the syllabus

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Fundamentals of Image Processing/V05G300V01632 Sound Processing/V05G300V01634 Audio Systems/V05G300V01532 Imaging Systems/V05G300V01633 Electronic Systems for Signal Processing/V05G300V01522 Multimedia Signal Processing/V05G300V01513 Video and Television/V05G300V01533

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104 Mathematics: Calculus I/V05G300V01105 Mathematics: Calculus II/V05G300V01203 Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Physics: Fu            | Indamentals of Electronics   |  |  |  |
| Subject                | Physics:<br>Fundamentals of<br>Electronics   |  |  |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01305  |  |  |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |  |  |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits Ty  | уре  | Year   | Quadmester   |
|                        | 6 Ba   | asic education   | 2nd  | 1st  |
| Language               | Spanish  |  |  |  |
| Department             |  |  |  |  |
| Coordinator            | Domínguez Gómez, Miguel Ángel  |  |  |  |
| Lecturers              | Domínguez Gómez, Miguel Ángel<br>Pérez López, Serafín Alfonso<br>Raña García, Herminio José<br>Rodríguez Pardo, María Loreto   |  |  |  |
| E-mail                 | mdgomez@uvigo.es   |  |  |  |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |  |  |  |
| General<br>description | <ul> <li>The main purpose of this course is to provide students the basis for understanding and mastery of the principles of operation of devices and electronic circuits. It begins with a brief introduction to electronics in order to provide students with a global vision. After, basic concepts about devices and electronic circuits are taught: <ul> <li>Diodes and circuits with diodes, including concepts such as load line, ideal diodes, rectifiers, shaping circuits, logic circuits, voltage regulators and devices physics.</li> <li>Characteristics of bipolar transistors, analysis of load line, large-signal models, polarization, amplification and small-signal equivalent circuits.</li> <li>Study of the FET similar to the previous highlighting the MOSFET.</li> <li>Check the circuit designs studied using SPICE. Mounting and verification using laboratory electronic instrumentation.</li> <li>Basic concepts about logic digital circuits.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |  |  | e electronics in<br>ronic circuits are<br>s, shaping circuits,<br>, amplification and<br>lectronic |
|                        | On the other hand, in the framework of the course takes pl<br>Therefore, the main objective of the practical part of the co<br>correct management of the most common instruments in t<br>end of the course, must know handle the laboratory instru-<br>different components, and have practical skills in assembly<br>simulation of circuits, in order to introduce them to comput   | ourse is that the<br>the laboratories<br>ments, should d<br>y and measuren | student acquires<br>of electronics. The<br>istinguish and cha<br>nent. Students will | the bases for a<br>e student, at the<br>racterize the  |

| Competencies |   |                      |
|--------------|---|----------------------|
| Code         |   | Typology             |
| CG13         | CG13 The ability to use software tools that support problem solving in engineering.   | - Know How           |
| CE4          | CE4/FB4: Comprehension and command of basic concepts in linear systems and their related functions<br>and transforms; electric circuits theory, electronic circuits, physical principles of semiconductors and<br>logical families, electronic and photonic devices, materials technology and their application to solve<br>Engineering problems. | - know<br>- Know How |

Learning outcomes Learning outcomes Competences Understanding and control of the basic concepts of the physical principles of semiconductors. CE4 Understanding and control of the basic concepts of operation of the electronic and photonic devices. CE4 Understanding and control of simple electronic circuits based on the electronic and photonic devices and CE4 their applications. Understanding and control of the basic concepts of the logic families. CE4 CG13 Basic knowledges on CAD (Computer Aided Design) tools for the simulation of electronic circuits. Capacity utilization of CAD tools for designing simple electronic circuits. CG13

Contents

Торіс

| Topic   |  |
|---|--|
| Subject 1: Introduction   | Electronic systems. Design process. Integrated circuits.   |
| Subject 2: Diodes and circuits with diodes                          | Characteristics of the diode. Zeners. Analysis of the load line. Ideal model<br>of the diode. Circuits with diodes (rectifiers, clipping and voltage regulator<br>circuits). Small signal equivalent linear circuits. Basic concepts of<br>semiconductors. Physics of the diode. Capacity effects. LED and laser<br>diodes. Photodiodes. |
| Subject 3: Principles of amplification                              | General aims: Voltage, current and power gains. Ideal amplifier. Amplifier Models. Limits. Introduction to amplifier frequency response.   |
| Subject 4: Bipolar Junjction Transistors (BJT)                      | Operation of the npn Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT). Load-Line Analysis<br>of a Common-Emitter Amplifier. The pnp Bipolar Junction Transistor.<br>Models of circuits. Analysis of circuits with BJTs. Phototransistors and<br>optocouplers.   |
| Subject 5: Analysis of amplifiers with Bipolar Junction Transistors | Small-Signal Equivalent Circuits. Analysis in medium frequencies: the<br>Common-Emitter amplifier, the Emitter-Follower amplifier, the<br>Common-Collector amplifier and the Common-Base amplifier.  |
| Subject 6: Field Effect Transistors (FET)                           | NMOS Transistor. Analysis of the load line of a simplified NMOS amplifier.<br>Polarization circuits. JFET and depletion MOSFET transistors and channel p<br>devices.   |
| Subject 7: Analysis of amplifiers with Field Effect<br>Transistors  | Small-Signal Equivalent Circuits. Analysis in medium frequencies: the Common-Source amplifier and the Source Follower amplifiers.  |
| Subject 8: Digital logic circuits                                   | Digital logic circuits. Basic concepts. Electrical specifications of the logic gates. The inverter CMOS. CMOS gates NOR and NAND.  |
|   |  |

| Class hours |                                |   |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|
|             | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours   |
| 2           | 4                              | 6   |
| 13          | 24                             | 37  |
| 14          | 33                             | 47  |
| 14          | 30                             | 44  |
| 8           | 0                              | 8   |
| 5           | 0                              | 5   |
| 0           | 3                              | 3   |
|             | 14<br>14<br>8<br>5<br>0        | 2       4         13       24         14       33         14       30         8       0 |

| Methodologies                     |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
|                                   | Description  |
| Introductory activities           | Presentation of the subject. Presentation of the laboratory practices and the instrumentation and software to be used. Through this methodology the competencies CG13 and CE4 are developed.   |
| Master Session                    | Exposition of contents. Later personal work of the student reviewing the concepts seen in the classroom and preparing the subjects using the proposed bibliography. Identification of doubts that require to be resolved in personal tutorships. Through this methodology the competency CE4 is developed.   |
| Troubleshooting and / o exercises | r Activity to formulate and resolve problems and/or exercises related with the subject. Complement<br>of the theoretical sessions. Personal work of the student with resolution of problems and/or<br>exercises proposed in the classroom and extracted of the bibliography. Identification of doubts that<br>require to be resolved in personal tutorships. Through this methodology the competency CE4 is<br>developed.  |
| Laboratory practises              | Activities of application of the theoretical knowledges. It will learn to handle the typical instrumentation of an electronic laboratory and it will implement basic electronic circuits seen in the theoric sessions. Also they will purchase skills of handle of simulation tools. Personal work of the student preparing the practices using the available documentation and reviewing the theoretical concepts related. Development and analysis of results. Identification of doubts that require to be resolved in personal tutorships. Through this methodology the competency CG13 is developed. |

| Personalized attention |  |  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Description            |  |  |

| Master Session                        | Students will have opportunity to go to personal tutorships in the professor office.<br>The doubts about the contents given by the professor will be resolved in the tutorships and students will<br>be oriented about how to study it. Also, the doubts arisen to the students on the problems and/or<br>exercises proposed and resolved in the classroom will be resolved as well as other problems and/or<br>exercises that can appear along the study of the subject. The doubts arisen to the students on the<br>development of the laboratory practises, the handle of the instrumentation, the implementation of the<br>electronic circuits and the software of simulation will be resolved too. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Troubleshooting<br>and / or exercises | Students will have opportunity to go to personal tutorships in the professor office.<br>The doubts about the contents given by the professor will be resolved in the tutorships and students will<br>be oriented about how to study it. Also, the doubts arisen to the students on the problems and/or<br>exercises proposed and resolved in the classroom will be resolved as well as other problems and/or<br>exercises that can appear along the study of the subject. The doubts arisen to the students on the<br>development of the laboratory practises, the handle of the instrumentation, the implementation of the<br>electronic circuits and the software of simulation will be resolved too. |
| Laboratory<br>practises               | Students will have opportunity to go to personal tutorships in the professor office.<br>The doubts about the contents given by the professor will be resolved in the tutorships and students will<br>be oriented about how to study it. Also, the doubts arisen to the students on the problems and/or<br>exercises proposed and resolved in the classroom will be resolved as well as other problems and/or<br>exercises that can appear along the study of the subject. The doubts arisen to the students on the<br>development of the laboratory practises, the handle of the instrumentation, the implementation of the<br>electronic circuits and the software of simulation will be resolved too. |

|  | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|--|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                             | Tests will be carried out in the classroom throughout the year to<br>evaluate the competencies of the student to resolve problems<br>and/or the exercises over a part of the contents of the subject.   | 60            | CE4                       |
| Practical tests, real task<br>execution and / or<br>simulated. | Tests will be carried out in the laboratory along the course about<br>management of instrumentation, mounting of electronic circuits<br>and simulation. The skills acquired by the student about the<br>contents of the subject laboratory practices will be evaluated. | 35            | CG13<br>CE4               |
| Self-assessment tests  | Techniques aimed to collect data about the participation of the student in the proposed self-assessment tests.  | 5             |                           |

## Other comments and July evaluation

#### 1. Continuous evaluation

A system of continuous evaluation will be offered to the students following the guidelines of the bachelor and the agreements of the academic commission. Students who take the first test of resolution of problems and/or exercises deem to opt for continuous evaluation. Those students who do not take the first test of resolution of problems and/or exercises deem to renounce to the continuous evaluation and they will only have the possibility to take the final exam. Students who do not follow the continuous evaluation and do not take the final exam will be considered "not presented".

### 1.a Self-assessment tests

The professors will evaluate the execution of the proposed self-assessment tasks, getting the student a rating from 0 to 10 (AE).

The final mark of self-assessment tests (NAE) will be:

### NAE = 0.05\*AE

1.b Theory

Students will carry out 3 exams (multiple choice test and/or short answer test and/or resolution of problems and/or exercises) properly programmed along the course (PT1, PT2 and PT3). PT1 will be about themes 1 and 2 (block 1), PT2 about themes 3, 4 and 5 (block 2) and PT3 about themes 6, 7 and 8 (block 3). These exams will be valued from 0 up to 10 and the final mark will be the average (NPT -> Mark of theory exams):

### NPT = (NPT1 + NPT2 + NPT3)/3

It is necessary to obtain a minimum of 3 points out of 10 in each of these exams (NPT1 >= 3, NPT2 >= 3 and NPT3 >= 3) to pass the subject.

## The final mark of theory (NT) will be:

NT = 0.6\*NPT

The exams are not recoverable, that is to say, if a student cannot assist the day they are scheduled, the professors do not have obligation to repeat them. The mark of the missed exams will be 0.

1.c Practical

Students will carry out 2 practical tests properly programmed along the course. These tests will be valued from 0 up to 10 and the final mark of the practical (NP) will be:

NP = 0.35\*[(NP1 + NP2)/2]

The practical tests are not recoverable, that is to say, if a student cannot assist the day they are scheduled, the professors do not have obligation to repeat them. The mark of the missed tests will be 0.

1.d Final mark of the subject

It must get a minimum of 4 points out of 10 in theory (NT >= 2.4) and practices (NP >= 1.4) to pass the subject. Also it is necessary to get a minimum of 3 points out of 10 in each of the 3 theory exams (NPT1 >= 3, NPT2 >= 3 and NPT3 >= 3).

The final mark (NF) will be:

If NT >= 2.4 and NP >= 1.4 and NPT1 >= 3 and NPT2 >= 3 and NPT3 >= 3 => NF = NAE + NT + NP

If NT < 2.4 or NP < 1.4 or NPT1 < 3 or NPT2 < 3 or NPT3 < 3 => NF = min  $\{4.5; NAE + NT + NP\}$ 

2. Final exam

The students who do not follow the continuous evaluation or had a final mark lower than 5 (failed) in the continuous evaluation, will be able to present to a final exam.

The final exam will have a theoretical part and a practical one. The theoretical part will be carried out in the dates established by the School and it will consist in an exam (multiple choice test and/or short answer test and/or resolution of problems and/or exercises). This exam will have 3 parts, one for each block specified in section 1.b. Each part will be evaluated from 0 up to 10 and the final mark of theory (NT) will be the average multiplied by 0.6. It is necessary to get a minimum of 3 points in each of these parts (NPT1 >= 3, NPT2 >= 3 and NPT3 >= 3) and a minimum of 4 points out of 10 in theory (NT >= 2.4) to pass the subject.

The practical exam will be carried out in the laboratory in the dates established by the School and it will consist in a practical test which will be evaluated from 0 up to 10 and the final mark of practices (NP) will be the points of the test multiplied by 0.4. It must get a minimum of 4 points out of 10 in the practical exam (NP  $\geq$  1.4) to pass the subject.

By reasons of organisation of the groups of examination, the professors will open a period so that the students inscribe to the final exam of practices. Only those students who have inscribed in due time and form, according to the rules indicated by the professors in the corresponding announcement, will be able to take the final exam of practices.

The students who have opted for the continuous evaluation and have failed and present to the final exam, can do it only to the theoretical part or to the practical one or both. They will conserve the mark got in the continuous evaluation of the missed part if the minimums specified in the continuous evaluation process were achieved. The students who take the theoretical part will be able to carry out the blocks they want. The mark of the continuous evaluation of the missed blocks (NPT1, NPT2 and NPT3) will be kept. If they do not take the practical part, the practice note (NP) of the continuous evaluation is recalculated multiplying by 0.4 instead of by 0.35.

The final mark (NF) will be:

If NT >= 2.4 and NP >= 1.6 and NPT1 >= 3 and NPT2 >= 3 and NPT3 >= 3 => NF = NT + NP

If NT < 2.4 or NP < 1.6 or NPT1< 3 or NPT2 < 3 or NPT3 < 3 => NF = min  $\{4.5; NT + NP\}$ 

3. Recovery

The recovery call will have a theoretical part and practical one with the same format as the final exam.

The students who present to this call can do it only to the theoretical part, the practical one or both. They will conserve the mark got in the ordinary call (continuous evaluation or final exam). The students who take the theoretical part will be able to carry out the blocks they want. The mark of the ordinary call (continuous evaluation or final exam) of the missed blocks will

be kept. The calculation of the final mark of the subject will be as described in section 2.

The final mark of the subject will be the best of the ordinary call and the recovery one.

By reasons of organisation of the groups of examination, the professors will open a period so that the students inscribe to the recovery practices exam. Only those students who have inscribed in due time and form , according to the rules indicated by the professors in the corresponding announcement, will be able to take this exam.

4. Validity of the qualifications

The qualifications of the student of the theoretical and practical parts of the subject will be valid only for the academic course in which they was got.

#### Sources of information

Hambley, A. R., Electrónica, 2ª ed., Prentice Hall, 2001 Quintáns, C., Simulación de circuitos electrónicos con OrCAD 16 Demo, Marcombo, 2008

## Recommendations

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA  |           |      |            |
|------------------------|---|-----------|------|------------|
| Electronic 1           | <b>Fechnology</b>   |           |      |            |
| Subject                | Electronic<br>Technology  |           |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01401   |           |      |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |           |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре      | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6   | Mandatory | 2nd  | 2nd        |
| Language               | Spanish   |           |      |            |
| Department             |   |           |      |            |
| Coordinator            | Raña García, Herminio José  |           |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Cao Paz, Ana María<br>Quintáns Graña, Camilo<br>Raña García, Herminio José<br>Río Vázquez, Alfredo del<br>Valdés Peña, María Dolores  |           |      |            |
| E-mail                 | hrana@uvigo.es  |           |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |           |      |            |
| General<br>description | This course devotes to the utilisation of integrated cir<br>following fields: Electronics of Power, Electrotechnics<br>conversion of photovoltaic solar energy and thermal. |           |      |            |

| Competencies  |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| Code  | Typology             |
| CG13 CG13 The ability to use software tools that support problem solving in engineering.  | - Know How           |
| CG14 CG14 The ability to use software tools to search for information or bibliographical resources.   | - Know How           |
| CE14 CE14/T9: The ability to analyze and design combinatory and sequential, synchronous and asynchronous circuits and the usage of integrated circuits and microprocessors. | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE16 CE16/T11: The ability to use different energy sources, especially photovoltaic and thermal ones, as well as the fundamentals of power electronics and electronics      | - know<br>- Know How |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| To know how to analyse and use circuits with operational amplifiers and with other integrated circuits.      | CG13        |
|  | CG14        |
|  | CE14        |
| To know the foundations of Electrotechnics.  | CE16        |
| To know the foundations of the Power Electronics and the basic topologies of the power electronic            | CG13        |
| converters.  | CG14        |
|  | CE16        |
| Ability to use distinct sources of energy and especially photovoltaic solar energy and thermal solar energy. |             |
|  | CE16        |

| Contents   |  |
|--|--|
| Торіс  |  |
| Operational amplifiers and other integrated circuits | Introduction to amplifiers: Appearances of frequency response in<br>amplifiers. Bode diagrams.<br>Principles of operation of an operational amplifier. Application circuits for<br>operational amplifiers. Other integrated circuits of general application. |
| Power Electronics (I)                                | Introduction to Power Electronics. Power electronic devices .  |
| Power Electronics (II)                               | DC power supplies. DC-DC converters.   |
| Power Electronics (III)                              | Single-phase rectifiers. Single-phase inverters.   |
| Electrotechnics                                      | Electrical installations. Protections.   |

| Planning   |             |                             |             |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|  | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Master Session   | 18          | 18                          | 36          |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 22          | 22                          | 44          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 6           | 12                          | 18          |
| Short answer tests                                       | 3           | 15                          | 18          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 3           | 15                          | 18          |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 4           | 12                          | 16          |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies         |  |
|-----------------------|--|
|                       | Description  |
| Master Session        | The teachers explain the theoretical contents.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CE14 and CE16 are developed.   |
| Laboratory practises  | They include circuit mounting and testing and computer electronic circuits simulation. Some practical clases will also include some web search made by the student, about some technical information about some specific electronic devices used in the practical classes (e.g. some kind of transistors or operational amplifiers).<br>Through this methodology the competencies CE14, CE16, CG13 and CG14 are developed. |
| Troubleshooting and / | or The teacher will solve exercises about most of the chapters.  |
| exercises             | Through this methodology the competencies CE14 and CE16 are developed.   |

| Personalized att                      | ention   |
|---------------------------------------|--|
|                                       | Description  |
| Master Session                        | The professor will attend personally doubts and queries of the students, about the study of theoretical concepts, about exercises or about practices of laboratory. The students may attend to these doubt/query sessions in the professor office in the schedule that the professors will establish at the beggining of the academic course. This schedule will be published in the page of the course. Some practical clases will include some web searchs made by the student, about some technical information about some specific electronic devices used in the practical classes (e.g. some kind of transistors or operational amplifiers). |
| Laboratory<br>practises               | The professor will attend personally doubts and queries of the students, about the study of theoretical concepts, about exercises or about practices of laboratory. The students may attend to these doubt/query sessions in the professor office in the schedule that the professors will establish at the beggining of the academic course. This schedule will be published in the page of the course. Some practical clases will include some web searchs made by the student, about some technical information about some specific electronic devices used in the practical classes (e.g. some kind of transistors or operational amplifiers). |
| Troubleshooting<br>and / or exercises | The professor will attend personally doubts and queries of the students, about the study of theoretical concepts, about exercises or about practices of laboratory. The students may attend to these doubt/query sessions in the professor office in the schedule that the professors will establish at the beggining of the academic course. This schedule will be published in the page of the course. Some practical clases will include some web searchs made by the student, about some technical information about some specific electronic devices used in the practical classes (e.g. some kind of transistors or operational amplifiers). |

| Assessment                            |  |               |                           |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
|                                       | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Short answer tests                    | They make part of each partial examination of theory, in which<br>they are half of its value. The number of tests and how they work<br>are detailed in "Other comments and second call". | 35            | CE14<br>CE16              |
| Troubleshooting and /<br>or exercises | They make part of each partial examination of theory, in which<br>they are half of its value. The number of tests and how they work<br>are detailed in "Other comments and second call". | 35            | CE14<br>CE16              |

| Practical tests, real<br>task execution and / or<br>simulated. They are made in the laboratory. They consist of the kind of tasks 30<br>exams consist of: 1) mounting of circuits, taking measures on them<br>and answering questions related with these circuits and 2)<br>simulation circuits equal or similar to the ones studied in the<br>practices and answering questions related with this simulation.<br>In the examinations of practices of laboratory the student will be<br>allowed to use some especific technical information collected by<br>the student during the practices (eg datasheets from<br>manufacturers). | CG13<br>CG14<br>CE14<br>CE16 |
|---|------------------------------|
|---|------------------------------|

### Other comments and July evaluation

NOTE: the lengths of the partial proofs specified in this section 'assessments' as "half an hour", "an hour", "two hours", probably will be shortened in a small percentage to make fit the proofs to the length of the class sessions. During the class period of teaching of the course, the exact length of these proofs will be published.

#### 1. Continuous assesment:

The assessment of the course is made by means of a continuous assessment, that consists of partial proofs, both theoretical partial proofs as well as lab partial proofs. Nevertheless the student may choose instead a final examination as an alternative. The rules for the assessment are described in the following paragraphs.

If a student can not attend to a partial proof on the date it is programmed, the professors do not have obligation to repeat it. The qualifications of the partial proofs will be valid only for the academic course in which they take place .

To participate in the partial proofs of practices of laboratory the student must attend to all the laboratory practical classes. The students that do not fulfil this requirement can anyway attend to the partial proofs of theory and liberate themselves from its contents for the final examination of theory, according with the following explanations.

### 1.1. Theoretical proofs:

On the contents of theory there are during the four-month period two partial proofs that cover the 1st block and the 2nd block of the theory contents. There is no standalone '3rd partial proof'; the 3rd block of the theory is evaluated as a part of the final theory proof in the May final proof, in which participate all the students.

If the student gets a mark of 5 points (out of 10) in a partial proof, then he or she does not attend to the proof of its content in the final proof and the mark obtained is saved for the final proof (or May proof). If a student does not pass the partial proof, his/her mark is not saved for the final proof and so this marks works as a zero.

The weight of the theoretical proofs is 70% on the total of the final mark. This weight is 70%/3 for each block.

The partial proofs ('1st partial proof' and '2nd partial proof', either of theory or of laboratory practices) take place on the usual weekly scheduling of the classes. Their length is 2 hours. They include both one half (in time and in mark) of short answer questions and one half exercises.

### 1.2. Assesment of laboratory practices:

The practices evaluate by means of practical tests, described above (laboratory proofs). There are two laboratory partial proofs that, unlike the theory, cover the contents of all the course. The two lab partial proofs allow the student to liberate from its contents; i.e., if the student gets a mark of at least 5 points (out of 10) in a lab partial proof, this mark is saved as mark for this block for the lab final proof in May; if so, the student will not attend the proof of this part in the lab final proof in May.

If the student gets a mark greater than 5 point in both lab partial proofs, he/she will have a lab mark note greater than 5 and he/she will not attend to the lab partial proof in May. In the same way as the theory, if the student has a mark smaller than 5 points in a lab partial proof, then his/her mark is not saved for the final proof and so this mark works as a zero.

The two lab partial proofs have both the same weight.

1.3. Students presented:

The student joins continuous evaluation if and only if he/she attends to any of the partial proofs (either theoretical or laboratory ones) . From that moment, the student is considered as presented, and if he/she doesn't attend to any other partial proof, his/her mark on it will be zero.

### 1.4. Requirements to pass the course

The requirements a student has to fulfil to pass the course are explained in the following paragraphs. We begin the explanation back to forth in time: from the second call towards the May proof until the continuous assessment:

To pass the course the student needs a mark greater than 5 points as a whole. It must be taken in account that the weights are 7 points for the theory and 3 points for the lab. In addition, the mark in each section (i.e. both theory and lab) must be greater than 30% (3 points out of 10), in either type of evaluation (either continuous assessment or final examination without having joined the continuous assessment or second call examination).

In the second call (in which the evaluation of theory is no longer divided into blocks and the evaluation of practice is neither divided into blocks) the student must fulfill only the conditions stated in the previous paragraph. Nevertheless, in the final examination of May, in which the evaluation is made by blocks (three blocks in the contents of theory and two blocks in the contents of practices), the student needs a mark greater than 30 % (3 points out of 10) on every block.

To pass the course, the "provisional final note" of the course is considered. It is defined as:

ProvisionalFinalMark = TheoryMark x 0.7 + LabMark x 0.3

If TheoryMark and LabMark are both greater or equal that 3, then:

FinalMark = ProvisionalFinalMark

Else:

FinalMark = minimum {4.5; ProvisionalFinalMark}

The student passes the course if FinalMark is at least 5.

Being

TheoryBlockMark1, TheoryBlockMark2 and TheoryBlockMark3 the marks of each block of theory expressed over 10 points and

ProvisionalTheoryMark = (TheoryBlockMark1 + TheoryBlockMark2 + TheoryBlockMark3) /3, then:

If the mark of every block of theory is at least 3 points (out of 10), then:

TheoryMark = ProvisionalTheoryMark

Else: TheoryMark = minimum {ProvisionalTheoryMark ; 2.5}

In the same way:

Being LabBlockMark1 and LabBlockMark2 the marks of each lab block expressed on 10 points and

ProvisionalLabMark = (LabBlockMark1 + LabBlockMark2) /2, then:

If the mark of each one of the two blocks of practices is at least 3 (out of 10), then:

LabMark = ProvisionalLabMark;

Else: LabMark = minimum {ProvisionalLabMark; 2.5}.

2. Evaluation by final proof

The students who do not join the continuous evaluation are evaluated in the final proof which consists of theoretical part and lab part. The theoretical part is the same for all the students that have not passed any partial proof, both the ones who failed them and the ones who didn't attend to them (the rules are explained in paragraph 1.1). For the "provisional final mark", the theory keeps the same weight as in the continuous assessment: 70%, divided into three equal parts for the three blocks, each of them divided into two halves of short answer questions and exercises.

The evaluation of lab practices for the students that did not join the continuous assessment is made by means of a lab practices proof in the period of final proofs, in the dates fixed in the calendar of final proofs. His length is two hours.

The weight of the lab mark on the "provisional final mark" is the same as for the students of continuous assessment: 30%.

To pass the course in the final proof, the student must fulfill the same conditions for "provisional final mark" and conditions of minimum theory mark and lab mark stated on the paragraph 1.4.

VERY IMPORTANT: The students who want to attend to the lab final proof of the course must enroll for it, prior to the proof, via the course web (section "Inscripciones") on May 18th, 2016. This preinscription is necessary

# to schedule the shifts for the lab proof. Only the students who enroll on that date will have right to do the lab proof.

### 3. Second call

The second call proof, like the final proof of the first call (May), consists of a theory proof and a practice proof, in the laboratory.

For the second call proof, all the paragraphs of the point 2 apply ("evaluation by final proof").

To pass the course in this call, the student must fulfill the same conditions of "provisional final mark" and conditions of minimum theory mark and lab mark explained in the point 1.4, except that there is not minimum mark by blocks, i.e. :

To pass the course, we define the "provisional final mark" of the course, which is:

ProvisionalFinalMark = TheoryMark  $\times$  0.7 + LabMark  $\times$  0.3.

If TheoryMark and LabMark are both greater or equal that 3, then:

FinalMark = ProvisionalFinalMark

Else:

FinalMark = minimum {4.5; ProvisionalFinalMark}

The student passes the course if FinalMark is at least 5.

All the students that have not passed the course in the first call (May) may attend to the two sections (theory and lab) of this proof. The rule of "highest mark" which is compulsory for the total mark of all the courses, will apply in this course also extended to each section; i.e., the theory mark of each student to calculate ProvisionalFinalMark for the second call mark will be the highest between the May theory mark and the mark in the second call theory proof. The same for the lab mark.

VERY IMPORTANT: In the same way as stated in section 2 for the May final proof, the students who want to attend to the second call lab proof must enroll to attend to it, via the course web on June 16th, 2016. This preinscription is necessary to schedule the shifts for the lab proof. Only the students who enroll on that date will have right to do the lab proof.

#### Sources of information

Hambley, A. R., Electrónica, Prentice-Hall, 2ª ed. en español, 2001

Hart, D. W., Electrónica de potencia, Prentice-Hall, 2001

Rashid, Muhammad H., Electrónica de potencia: circuitos, dispositivos y aplicaciones, Pearson Education, 2004

, Reglamento Electrotécnico para Baja Tensión (REBT) e Instrucciones Técnicas Complementarias (ITC), ,

Schneider Electric España, S.A., Guía de diseño de instalaciones eléctricas (PDF de uso libre disponible en www.schneiderelectric.es), Schneider Electric España, S.A, 2008

Www.sernelderelectricles), Sernelder Electric Espand, S.A.

Guirado, R., Tecnología eléctrica, McGraw-Hill, 2006

AENOR, Norma UNE 60617 de Símbolos gráficos para esquemas eléctricos, ,

Carta, J. A. y otros, "Centrales de energías renovables: Generación eléctrica con energías renovables", Pearson-UNED, 2009 Quintáns Graña, C., Simulación de circuitos con OrCAD 16 DEMO, Marcombo, 2008

#### Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Analogue Electronics/V05G300V01624

Power Electronics/V05G300V01625

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305

#### **Other comments**

The student should have good knowledge about the course "Física: Fundamentos de Electrónica"/V05G300V01305 ("Physics: Electronics Fundamentals"/V05G300V01305), in both its theoretical contents as well as in the laboratory practic classes.

| IDENTIFYIN           | IG DATA   |                               |   |                      |                      |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Digital Elec         | tronics   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Subject              | Digital Electronics   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Code                 | V05G300V01402   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Study                | (*)Grao en  |                               |   |                      |                      |
| programme            | Enxeñaría de  |                               |   |                      |                      |
|                      | Tecnoloxías de  |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Description          | Telecomunicación  |                               | N e e e                                   | 0                    |                      |
| Descriptors          | ECTS Credits Type   |                               | Year                                      | Quadn                | nester               |
|                      |   | latory                        | 2nd                                       | 2nd                  |                      |
| Language             | Spanish   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Department           |   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Coordinator          |   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Lecturers            | López Sánchez, Óscar<br>Machado Domínguez, Fernando<br>Moure Rodríguez, María José<br>Pérez López, Serafín Alfonso<br>Raña García, Herminio José  |                               |   |                      |                      |
| E-mail               | fmachado@uvigo.es   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Web                  | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                               |   |                      |                      |
| description          | circuits and systems. First, logic circuits, basic digital devices<br>Then, hardware description languages (HDL) based design, de<br>described. Combinational and sequential logic design will be e<br>Finally, the common combinational and sequential logic circuit<br>symbols and VHDL description and simulation. | escription an<br>explained us | d simulation metho<br>ing the top-down do | ods will<br>esign pa | be<br>aradigm.       |
| C                    | ·   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Competence<br>Code   | 165   |                               |   |                      | Tupology             |
|                      |   |                               |   |                      | Typology<br>- know   |
|                      | The ability to use software tools that support problem solving i  | n engineerir                  | ig.                                       |                      | - Know<br>- Know Hov |
| CG14 CG14            | The ability to use software tools to search for information or bi   | bliographica                  | l resources.                              |                      | - know<br>- Know Hov |
|                      | T9: The ability to analyze and design combinatory and sequent<br>to and the usage of integrated circuits and microprocessors.   | ial, synchroi                 | nous and asynchro                         |                      | - know<br>- Know Hov |
| CE15 CE15/<br>device | T10: The knowledge and application of the fundamentals of deales.   | scription lan                 | guages for hardwa                         |                      | - know<br>- Know Hov |
|                      |   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Learning out         |   |                               |   | Comp                 | etences              |
|                      | of digital design principles, components and tools.   |                               |   | CE14                 | elences              |
| Kilowieuge (         | and tools.  |                               |   | CE14                 |                      |
| Ability to an        | alyse and design combinational systems.   |                               |   | CG13                 |                      |
| ,                    | , 5, ,  |                               |   | CE14                 |                      |
|                      |   |                               |   | CE15                 |                      |
| Knowledge of         | of the combinational functional blocks and their aplications.   |                               |   | CG14                 |                      |
| <u> </u>             |   |                               |   | CE14                 |                      |
| Knowledge o          | of the basic storage elements, the sequential blocks and their a  | plications.                   |   | CG14<br>CE14         |                      |
| Ability to an        | alyse and design synchronous sequential systems.  |                               |   | CG13                 |                      |
| ,                    | ,   |                               |   | CE14                 |                      |
|                      |   |                               |   | CE15                 |                      |
| Knowledge o          | of description and simulation methods based on hardware desc  | ription langu                 | lages (HDL).                              | CG13<br>CE14<br>CE15 |                      |
|                      |   |                               |   | CLIJ                 |                      |
| Contonto             |   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Contents             |   |                               |   |                      |                      |
| Торіс                |   |                               |   |                      |                      |

| Unit 1: Introduction to digital electronics  | Introduction to Digital Electronics. Number systems and digital codes.<br>Boolean Algebra. Truth Tables. Logic Gates. Boolean Funtions<br>Simplification.  |
|--|--|
| Unit 2: Introduction to VHDL   | Introduction to hardware description languages. Basic VHDL syntax. Data types and objects. Operators. Concurrent and sequential sentences. Component instantiation.  |
| Unit 3: Basic combinational systems  | Functional blocks. Technologies and output types of the digital circuits.<br>Decoders. Encoders. Multiplexers. Demultiplexers. Application examples.<br>VHDL description.  |
| Unit 4: Programmable gate arrays   | Introduction to the programmable circuits. PLA and PAL. Application examples.  |
| Unit 5: Arithmetic combinational systems   | Comparators. Parity detection and generation. Arithmetic circuits.<br>Application examples. VHDL description.  |
| Unit 6: Sequential logic systems principles  | Definition and classification. Latches and flip-flops. Application examples. VHDL description.   |
| Unit 7: Synchronous sequential systems   | General theory. Counters. Multibit registers. Shift registers. Application examples. VHDL description.   |
| Unit 8: Synchronous sequential logic design  | Synchronous sequential systems design. Application examples. VHDL description.   |
| Unit 9: Programmable logical devices   | Introduction to the PLDs. Application examples.  |
| Unit 10: Memory units  | Classification. Active and pasive random access memories. Random access memories. Sequential acces memories. Associative memories.   |
| PRACTICE 1. INTRODUCTION TO XILINX ISE   | Constal ISE flow disgram. Schematic description. Practical examples  |
| PRACTICE 1. INTRODUCTION TO VHDL DESIGN  | General ISE flow diagram. Schematic description. Practical examples.<br>Description and synthesis of combinational systems using VHDL. Practical examples.   |
| PRACTICE 3. DIGITAL SYSTEMS TEST:<br>FUNCTIONAL SIMULATION                         | Obtaining symbols from schematic. Component instantiation. Stimulus definition. Test-bench Functional simulation. Practical examples.  |
| PRACTICE 4. DIGITAL SYSTEMS COMPILATION<br>AND IMPLEMENTATION. TEMPORAL SIMULATION | PLD architecture (Xilinx CoolRunner 2 family). Compilation and implementation. Temporal simulation. Practical examples.  |
| PRACTICE 5. TESTING DIGITAL SYSTEMS TEST IN<br>THE DEVELOPMENT BOARD               | PLD development board CoolRunner 2 starter kit from Xilinx. Configuration file. PLD Technology and configuration methods. PLD programming. Digital systems test in the development board. Implementation examples. |
| PRACTICE 6. COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS   | Design and implementation of combinational circuits using VHDL: truth table, logic function and behavioural descriptions.  |
| PRACTICE 7. ARITHMETIC CIRCUITS  | Design and implementation of arithmetic circuits usign VHDL: truth table, logic function and behavioural descriptions.   |
| PRACTICE 8. ARITHMETIC SYSTEMS   | Design and implementation of arithmetic systems usign VHDL. Arithmetic and logic unit (ALU).   |
| PRACTICE 9. SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS I  | Design and implementation of sequential circuits usign VHDL (flip-flops, registers and counters).  |
| PRACTICE 10. SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS II  | Design and implementation of sequential circuits usign VHDL (counters, shift registers). Design and implementation of synchronous sequential logic systems usign VHDL (state machines).                            |
| PRACTICE 11. COMPONENT ASSEMBLY AND CONNECTION. DIGITAL INSTRUMENTATION.           | Logic analyser. Connection of external push-buttons, switches, LEDs,<br>7-segments displays. Test of sequential circuits using the logic analyser.   |
| PRACTICE 12. SEQUENTIAL SYSTEMS I  | Design and implementation of a sequential system based on functional blocks usign VHDL. Dynamic controller of a 4-digit, 7-segment display.  |
| PRACTICE 13. SEQUENTIAL SYSTEMS II   | Design and implementation of a complex sequential system. Reading system of a row and column based button keypad .   |

| Planning   |             |                             |             |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|  | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Introductory activities                                  | 1           | 1                           | 2           |
| Master Session   | 13          | 21                          | 34          |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 26          | 26                          | 52          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 8           | 20                          | 28          |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 2           | 2                           | 4           |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 6           | 24                          | 30          |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                        |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
|                                      | Description   |
| Introductory activities              | Subject presentation. Presentation of laboratory sessions, instrumentation and software resources to be used.   |
| Master Session                       | The lecturer will explain in the classroom the main contents of the subject. The students have to manage the proposed bibliography to carry out a self-study process in a way that leads to acquire the knowledge and the skills related to the subject. The lecturer will answer the students' questions in the classroom or in the office. In these sessions the students will develop the skills CE14 and CE15 ("know").   |
| Laboratory practises                 | Activities designed to apply the main concepts and definitions of the subject. The students will be asked to acquire the basic skills to manage the laboratory instrumentation, software tools and components in order to construct and test electronic circuits. The students have to develop and demonstrate autonomous learning and collaborative skills. Possible questions can be answered in the laboratory sessions or in the lecturer's office. In these sessions the students will develop the skils CE15, CG13 and CG14 ("know how"). |
| Troubleshooting and / c<br>exercises | or Activities designed to apply the main concepts of the subject to solve problems and exercices. The lecturer will explain a set of problems and the students have to solve diferent take-home sets of problems. The answers to selected problems will be provided later on. The lecturer will answer the students' questions in the classroom or at the office. In these sessions the students will develop the skils CE14 and CG15 ("know how").   |

| Personalized attention               |   |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
|                                      | Description   |  |
| Master Session                       | The lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide the studying<br>and learning process. The students can go to the lecturer's office. The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term.    |  |
| Troubleshooting and / c<br>exercises | or The lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide the studying<br>and learning process. The students can go to the lecturer's office. The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term. |  |
| Laboratory practises                 | The lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide the studying<br>and learning process. The students can go to the lecturer's office. The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term.    |  |

| Assessment                            |  |               |                           |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
|                                       | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Laboratory practises                  | The lecturers will check the level of compliance of the students<br>with the goals related to the laboratory skills. Marks for each<br>session will be assessed in a 10 points scale. Final mark of<br>laboratory, FML, will be assessed in a 10 points scale. | 20            | CG13<br>CG14<br>CE15      |
| Troubleshooting and /<br>or exercises | The lecturers will check the students' skills to solve exercices and troubleshooting. Marks for each test will be assessed in a 10 points scale. Final mark of theory, FMT, will be assessed in a 10 points scale.   | 80            | CE14<br>CE15              |

## Other comments and July evaluation

## 1. Continuous assessment

According to the guidelines of the degree and the agreements of the academic commission, a continuous assessment learning scheme will be offered to the students.

When the students perform a troubleshooting test or attend at least two laboratory sessions, **they will be assessed by continuous assessment**.

The subject comprises two different parts: theory and laboratory. Once a task has been assessed, the students can not do/repeat the task at a later date. The marks are valid only for the current academic course.

### 1.a Theory

Three exercises and troubleshooting tests (ETT) are scheduled. The first and second test (ETT1 and ETT2) will be

respectively performed after unit 4 and 7 (~ in weeks 6 and 12), in the usual weekly scheduling of the theoretical classes. The third test (ETT3) will be performed during the examination period in the date specified in the academic calendar. Marks for each test will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 4 (ETTi>=4). The weighted points from all assessed tests are added together to calculate the final mark of theory (FMT):

 $FMT = 0.3 \cdot ETT1 + 0.3 \cdot ETT2 + 0.4 \cdot ETT3$ 

The students cannot do the tests at a later date. The student who miss a test will be assessed with a mark of 0 for that test.

If the minimun mark in the first or second test is not achieved (ETT1 or ETT2 less than 4), the students can repeat these parts in the same date of the third test.

### 1.b Laboratory

Thirteen laboratory sessions are scheduled. Each session lasts approximately 120 minutes and the students will work in pairs. The first five sessions are guided practices. In these sessions, the instrumentation and software resources will be presented and the students will configure a programmable logic device following the design flow. These five sessions are mandatory but will not be assessed. The following seasons will be assessed by continuous assessment. Each session will be only evaluated according to the developed work at the schedule date. The marks for these laboratory sessions (LSM) will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The lecturers will consider the work of the students carried out before the laboratory session to prepare the proposed tasks, the work in the laboratory to deal with them as well as the student's behavior. A mark of 0 will be obtained for missing sessions. In order to pass the laboratory part the students can not miss more than two laboratory sessions. Only sessions 6 to 13 will be assessed. The weighted points from all assessed sesions are added together to calculate the final mark of laboratory (FML):

FML = (LSM6 + LSM7 + LSM8 + LSM9 + LSM10 + LSM11 + LSM12 + LSM13) / 8

### 1.c Final mark of the subject

The weighted points from all assessed parts are added together to calculate the final mark (FM). The following weightings will be applied: 80% theory (FMT) and 20% laboratory (FML). In order to pass the subject, students will be require to pass the laboratory and theory parts and to obtain at least a mark of 5 in each part (FMT>=5 and FML>=5). In this case the final mark (FM) will be:

 $FM = (0.8 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML)$ 

However, when the students do not pass both parts (FMT or FML less than 5) or do not reach the minimum mark of 4 required to pass each exersices and troubleshooting test or miss more than 2 laboratory sessions, the final mark will be:

 $FM = (0.8 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML) \cdot 4.9/9$ 

A final mark higher than five points (FM  $\geq$  5) should be achieved in order to pass the subject.

### 2. Final Exam

The students who prefer a different educational policy can attend an exam on a scheduled date. This exam consist on a theory part and laboratory part. In order to attend the laboratory exam, the students have to contact to the lecturer according to an established procedure. The procedure will be published in advance.

The theory exam will consist on three exercises and troubleshooting tests (ETT). Marks for each test will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 4 (ETTi>=4). The weighted points from all assessed tests are added together to calculate the final mark of theory (FMT):

 $FMT = 0.3 \cdot ETT1 + 0.3 \cdot ETT2 + 0.4 \cdot ETT3$ 

The final mark of theory will be assessed in a 10 points scale.

The laboratory exam will consist on the resolution of a practical exercise in the laboratory. This practical exercise will be similar to those made in the laboratory sessions. The final mark of laboratory (FML) will be assessed in a 10 points scale.

In order to pass the subject, students will be required to pass the laboratory and theory exams. The minimum mark required to pass each part is of 5 (FMT>=5 and FML>=5). In this case the final mark (FM) will be:

 $FM = (0.8 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML)$ 

However, when the students do not pass both parts (FMT or FML less than 5) or do not reach the minimum mark of 4 required to pass each exersices and troubleshooting test or miss more than 2 laboratory sessions, the final mark will be:

 $FM = (0.8 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML) \cdot 4.9/9$ 

A final mark higher than five points (FM  $\geq$  5) should be achieved in order to pass the subject.

#### 3. Second opportunity to pass the subject

This exam consist on a theory exam and a laboratory exam. Dates will be specified in the academic calendar. In order to attend the laboratory exam, the students have to contact to the lecturer according to an established procedure. The procedure will be published in advance.

The marks obtained in the previous continuous assessment or final exam are kept for those parts in which the student has not attended.

The theory exam will consist on an exercises and troubleshooting test. The final mark of theory (FMT) will be assessed in a 10 points scale.

The laboratory exam will consist on the resolution of a practical exercise in the laboratory. This practical exercise will be similar to those made in the laboratory sessions. The final mark of laboratory (FML) will be assessed in a 10 points scale.

The minimum mark required to pass each part is of 5. In order to pass the subject, students will be required to pass the laboratory and theory exams (FMT>=5 and FML>=5). In this case the final mark (FM) will be:

 $FM = (0.8 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML)$ 

However, when the students do not pass both parts (FMT or FML less than 5) the final mark will be:

 $FM = (0.8 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML) \cdot 4.9/9$ 

A final mark higher than five points (FM  $\geq$ = 5) should be achieved in order to pass the subject.

| Sources of information   |
|--|
| Wakerly J. F., Diseño Digital. Principios y prácticas, 3ª, Prentice Hall. 2001   |
| S. Pérez, L. J. Álvarez, M.J. Moure, F. Machado, Electrónica Digital, Curso 2012-2013, Plataforma TEMA                   |
| Wakerly J. F. , Digital Design. Principles and Practices, 4 <sup>a</sup> , Prentice Hall. 2005                           |
| E. Mandado, Sistemas Electrónicos Digitales, 9ª, Marcombo. 2008  |
| Thomas L. Floyd, Fundamentos de Sistemas Digitales, 9ª, Prentice Hall. 2006  |
| L.J. Álvarez, E. Mandado, M.D. Valdés, Dispositivos Lógicos Programables y sus aplicaciones, 1ª, Thomson-Paraninfo. 2002 |
| S. Pérez, E, Soto, S. Fernández, Diseño de sistemas digitales con VHDL, , Thomson-Paraninfo. 2002                        |
| L.J. Álvarez, Diseño Digital con Lógica Programable, 1ª, Tórculo. 2004   |

#### Recommendations

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Informatics: Computer Architecture/V05G300V01103 Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104 Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305

|            | ING DATA   |            |
|------------|--|------------|
|            | r Networks   |            |
| Subject    | Computer<br>Networks   |            |
| Code       | V05G300V01403  |            |
| Study      | (*)Grao en   |            |
| programn   |  |            |
|            | Tecnoloxías de   |            |
| Deceriate  | Telecomunicación   |            |
| Descripto  |  | mester     |
|            | 6 Mandatory 2nd 2nd  |            |
| Language   | Spanish<br>Galician  |            |
| Departme   | nt   |            |
| Coordinat  | pr Rodríguez Pérez, Miguel   |            |
| Lecturers  | López Ardao, José Carlos   |            |
|            | López Bravo, Cristina  |            |
|            | Rodríguez Pérez, Miguel<br>Rodríguez Rubio, Raúl Fernando  |            |
|            | Sousa Vieira, Estrella   |            |
|            | Suárez González, Andrés  |            |
| E-mail     | Miguel.Rodriguez@det.uvigo.es  |            |
| Web        | http://www.socialwire.es   |            |
| General    | Operating principles, architecture, technology and norms of computer networks, especially of Intern  | net.       |
| descriptio |  |            |
|            |  |            |
| Compete    | ncies  |            |
| Code       |  | Typology   |
| асс        | .: The ability to write, develop and sign projects in the field of Telecommunication Engineering,<br>ording to the knowledge acquired as considered in section 5 of this Law, the conception and<br>elopment or operation of networks, services and applications of Telecommunication and Electronics. | - Know How |
| CG3 CG3    | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>hods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new  | - know     |
|            | ations   |            |
| trar       | The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and smit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical ecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How |
|            | : The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.  | - Know be  |
|            | The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,   |            |
| in v       | riting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and tronics.   |            |
|            | 1/T6: The ability to conceive, deploy, organize and manage networks, systems, services and   | - know     |
|            | communication infrastructures in residential (home, city, digital communities), business and   | - Know Hov |
|            | itutional environments, being responsible for launching of projects and continuous improvement like  |            |
|            | wing their social and economical impact.   |            |
|            | 7/T12: The knowledge and usage of concepts of communication network architecture, protocols and rfaces.  | - know     |
|            | 8/T13: The ability to differentiate the concepts of access and transport networks, packet and circuit  | - know     |
|            | ched networks, mobile and fixed networks, as well as distributed newtwork application and systems,   |            |
|            | e, data, video, audio, interactive and multimedia services.  |            |
|            | 9/T14: The knowledge of methods of networking and routing, as well as the fundamentals of planning   | know       |
|            | network evaluation based on traffic parameters.  |            |
| and        |  | - Know be  |

open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.

CT4 CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of - Know be responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.

| Learning outcomes   |  |
|---|--|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences                                      |
| Comprise the general organization and the basic aspects of operation of communication networks, and particularly of computer networks   | CG3<br>CE17<br>CT2                               |
| Identify and know employ the concepts of switching, access and transport networks and wired and wireless networks   | CG3<br>CE18                                      |
| Comprise the principles and the organization of distributed applications and services, either data or media oriented  | CG3<br>CE17                                      |
| Comprise and know how to analyze the operation of the Internet: the architecture, the service model, the data transport, the routing methods and inter-networking, error control and congestion control | CG3<br>CG6<br>CE11<br>CE17<br>CE19<br>CT2<br>CT3 |
| Dominate the technical standards and the fundamental protocols of the Internet  | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG6<br>CE17<br>CE18<br>CE19        |
| Practical capacity to design, handle and configure computer networks, from the point of view of data switching and transport  | CG1<br>CG9<br>CE11<br>CT4                        |

| Contents                        |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Торіс                           |   |
| 1. Introduction                 | a) Network Infrastructure: Nodes, links and netwoks<br>b) Circuit and Packet Switching<br>c) Communications Architecture: Layers, encapsulating, models |
| 2. Packet Networks. Internet    | a) Performance: Throughput, delays, losses<br>b) The Internet ecosystem   |
| 3. Links and subnetworks        | <ul><li>a) Concept of link and subnetwork</li><li>b) Interconnection of networks at level 2: Bridges</li></ul>  |
| 4. Ethernet and WiFi            | a) Ethernet Switching.<br>b) VLANs and trunking<br>c) Spanning Tree<br>d) WiFi networks   |
| 5. Internet and IP              | a) Interconnection of subnetworks. Routers<br>b) IP Addressing<br>c) IP datagram format<br>d) Fragmentation<br>e) The ICMP protocol                     |
| 6. IP Forwarding                | a) IP Forwarding mechanism<br>b) Connected and Next-Hop Routes<br>c) The DHCP protocol  |
| 7. Name and address translation | a) ARP<br>b) DNS<br>c) NAT  |
| 8. Routing                      | a) Graph theory. Shortest distance paths<br>b) Link state: Dijkstra's algorithm<br>c) Distance vector: Bellman-Ford<br>d) Broadcast routing             |
| 9. Internet routing             | a) Routing hierarchy<br>b) Intradomain routing: RIP, OSPF<br>c) Interdomain routing: BGP  |
| 10. Midterm Exam                | Lectures 1 to 7   |
| 11. Transport protocols         | a) Service model<br>b) TCP & UDP<br>c) Transport connections: establishment, retransmissions, flow control  |

| 12. Congestion control                 | a) Network model<br>b) Dynamics, fairness and stability<br>c) TCP Reno, Vegas, FAST  |
|--|--|
| 13. Web. Content distribution networks | a) HTTP protocol<br>b) Proxy web. Caching. Persistence<br>c) Content distribution networks: architecture and operations  |
| 14. Network security                   | a) Vulnerabilities. Protection<br>c) Secure network and transport layers<br>c) Denial of service. Spoofing<br>d) Fundamentals of cryptography<br>e) Digital signatures |

| Planning  |                           |                              |                             |  |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|   | Class hours               | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |  |
| Master Session                                  | 26                        | 39                           | 65                          |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises              | 10                        | 15                           | 25                          |  |
| Autonomous practices through ICT                | 6                         | 15                           | 21                          |  |
| Integrated methodologies                        | 0                         | 10                           | 10                          |  |
| Practice in computer rooms                      | 10                        | 15                           | 25                          |  |
| Long answer tests and development               | 2                         | 0                            | 2                           |  |
| Long answer tests and development               | 2                         | 0                            | 2                           |  |
| *The information in the planning table is for g | guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |  |

| Methodologies                       |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
|                                     | Description   |
| Master Session                      | Exposition of ideas, concepts, techniques and algorithms that shape every lecture. With this methodology students should acquire competencies CT2, CT3, CG3, CG4, CE11, CE17, CE18 & CE19.  |
| Troubleshooting and / o exercises   | r Resolution by part of the students of problems and exercises of some of the lessons, and resolution by the teacher in the classroom. With this methodology students should acquire competencies CG3, CG4, CE11, CE17, CE18 & CE19.  |
| Autonomous practices<br>through ICT | The students must develop a network program. There will be several sessions for tutoring with the professor and development, test and debugging of the programs in the laboratories where these will be tested and evaluated. With this methodology students should acquire competencies CG1, CG6, CT4, CG9, CE11, CE17 & CE19. |
| Integrated<br>methodologies         | Participation in on-line activities to be proposed along the course, and in activities of making questions and answer of these. With this methodology students should acquire competencies CE17, CE18 & CE19.   |
| Practice in computer rooms          | Practices in the computers of the computer classroom, guided by the professor. With this methodology students should acquire competencies CG1, CG9, CE17 & CE19.  |

# Personalized attention

Description
Master Session Individual tuitition will be dispensed to the students in the office hours announced at the beginning of the term. It is not mandatory to book the appointment.

| Assessment               |  |                  |                      |  |
|--------------------------|--|------------------|----------------------|--|
|                          | Description  | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess |  |
| Autonomous practices     | The students must develop a network program. There<br>will be several sessions for tutoring with the professor<br>and development, test and debugging of the programs<br>in the laboratories where these will be tested and<br>evaluated | 20               | CG1                  |  |
| through ICT              |  |                  | CG6                  |  |
|                          |  |                  | CG9                  |  |
|                          |  |                  | CE17                 |  |
|                          |  |                  | CE19                 |  |
| Integrated methodologies | Participation in on-line activities to be proposed along<br>the course, and in activities of making questions and<br>answer of these   | 10               | CE17                 |  |
|                          |  |                  | CE18                 |  |
|                          |  |                  | CE19                 |  |

| Long answer tests and                | Final exam   | 50 | CG3                 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----|---------------------|
| development                          |              |    | CG4                 |
|                                      |              |    | CE11                |
|                                      |              |    | CE17                |
|                                      |              |    | CE18                |
|                                      |              |    | CE19                |
|                                      |              |    |                     |
| Long answer tests and                | Midterm exam | 20 | CG3                 |
| Long answer tests and<br>development | Midterm exam | 20 | CG3<br>CG4          |
|                                      | Midterm exam | 20 |                     |
|                                      | Midterm exam | 20 | CG4                 |
|                                      | Midterm exam | 20 | CG4<br>CE11         |
|                                      | Midterm exam | 20 | CG4<br>CE11<br>CE17 |

### Other comments and July evaluation

The students can choose the method of evaluation, continuous or single.

The Continuous Evaluation (CE) consist of three previous tests plus a final exam:

- A midterm exam (ME) in the 10th week, which will cover the contents of lectures 1 to 7, and represents 20% of the final grade (FG)
- The development of a network program (NP). The deadline will be the day of the final exam. The compliance of
  prescriptions and the quality of the software will determine the qualification of this test. Depending on the number of
  students, teachers may allow this program to be done by couples of students but in that case both members of the couple
  must belong to the same group of laboratory and both of them must follow continuous assessment. The NP represents 20%
  of the final (NF)
- Participation in online activities (AO) that will be proposed along the course and in the activities of raising questions and answer them. The OA represents 10% of the final grade (NG)
- A final exam (FE) covering all the contents, which has a weight of 50% of the final grade (FG)

### $FG-CE = 0.2 \cdot ME + 0.1 \cdot OA + 0.2 \cdot NP + 0.5 \cdot FE$

The Single Evaluation (SE) will consist of the same Final Exam at the end of the semester and the same Network Program (NP) proposed for CE. In this case, the program must be made mandatory and delivered individually.

The grade of NP in this case is simply APT (with a numeric value 1), if it meets the minimum requirements or NOT APT (with a numeric value 0) in the other case or if the NP is not delivered, in which case the grade will be 40% of the FE. That is,

### $FG-SE = (0.4 + 0.6 \cdot NP) \cdot FE$

It is considered that a student choose CE when presenting to the midterm exam. The students not doing this exam must opt for SE.

There will be a second evaluation with a new FE and it will also be allowed to deliver a new NP consisting of a modified version of the program of the first evaluation, and whose specifications will be published with at least 4 weeks with respect to the deadline of the Final Exam. Any students, regardless of having opted for CE or SE, will be able to do this FE and present a new NP. Those students that passed the subject in the first evaluation that want to attend the second one will have to present a signed letter asking the subject coordinator to assign them a "Not Presented" mark in the minutes of the first evaluation. The last day to present this letter is the day of the revision of the first evaluation exam.

For students who chose CE, these FE and NP represent an opportunity to improve the grade in these with respect to the fist evaluation, and so the calculation of the final grade considers the best grade obtained.

For students who chose to SE, the FE and the NP are considered joint and inseparable, that is,

### FG-SE = Max{(0.4 + 0.6·NP-1st) x FE-1st, (0.4 + 0.6·NP-2nd) · FE-2nd}

All students that assists to any of the written tests will be considered for evaluation in this subject.

The grades of all written tests, partial or final, programs and activities will only take effect in the academic year in which they are proposed and will be communicated to the students to later than 20 working days from the date of the examination.

# Sources of information

J.F. Kurose, K.W. Ross, Computer networking: a top-down approach featuring the Internet, 6, 2012

L. Peterson, B. Davie, Computer networks: a systems approach, 5, 2011

C. López, M. Rodríguez, S. Herrería, M. Fernández, Cuestiones de redes de datos: principios y protocolos, 1, 2008

## Recommendations

# Subjects that continue the syllabus

Data Networks: Technology and Architecture/V05G300V01542 Network and Switching Theory/V05G300V01642

## Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Data Communication/V05G300V01301

## **Other comments**

Though advisable, it is not necessary prior exposure to computer programming.

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA  |   |  |  |
|------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Signal Trar            | smission and Reception Techniques  |   |  |  |
| Subject                | Signal<br>Transmission and<br>Reception<br>Techniques  |   |  |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01404  |   |  |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |   |  |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре  | Year   | Quadmester                                 |
|                        | 6  | Mandatory                                     | 2nd  | 2nd  |
| Language               | Spanish  |   |  |  |
| Department             |  |   |  |  |
| Coordinator            | Comesaña Alfaro, Pedro   |   |  |  |
| Lecturers              | Comesaña Alfaro, Pedro<br>Isasi de Vicente, Fernando Guillermo<br>López Valcarce, Roberto<br>Márquez Flórez, Óscar Willian<br>Rodríguez Banga, Eduardo<br>Rodríguez Rodríguez, José Luis   |   |  |  |
| E-mail                 | pcomesan@gts.tsc.uvigo.es  |   |  |  |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |   |  |  |
| General<br>description | The course "Techniques for Signal Transmission a<br>methods for the exchange of information in digita<br>amplitude modulation (PAM) as illustrative examp<br>are described, as well as the different effects caus<br>performance parameters of a digital system. | l format at the physic<br>le. The main compon | al layer level. Its mai<br>ents of a digital trans | n focus is on pulse<br>mitter and receiver |
| Competenc              | ies  |   |  |  |
| Code                   |  |   |  | Typology                                   |
|                        | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies t   | hat canacitates the s                         | tudent to learn new                                | - Know How                                 |

| couc |  | ryperegy                |
|------|--|-------------------------|
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - Know How<br>- Know be |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How<br>- Know be |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know How              |
| CE7  | CE7/T2: The ability to use communication and software applications (ofimatics, databases, advanced calculus, project management, visualization, etc.) to support the development and operation of Electronics and Telecommunication networks, services and applications.                                       | - know<br>- Know How    |
| CE9  | CE9/T4: The ability to analyze and specify the main parameters of a communications system.   | - know<br>- Know How    |
| CE10 | CE10/T5: The ability to evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of different technological alternatives<br>in the implementation and deployment of communication systems from the point of view of signals,<br>perturbations, noise and digital and analogical modulation systems.                           | - know<br>- Know How    |
| CE20 | CE20/T15: The knowledge of national, European and international telecommunication regulations and laws.  | - know                  |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - Know How<br>- Know be |
| CT3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - Know How<br>- Know be |

| Learning outcomes |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Learning outcomes | Competences |
|                   |             |

| Differentiate the blocks and the functionalities of a complete transmission data system.         | CG3         |
|--|-------------|
|  | CE7         |
|  | CE9         |
|  |             |
|  | CE10        |
| Identify the minimum requirements for a reliable data communication.                             | CG3         |
|  | CG4         |
|  | CE9         |
|  | CE10        |
| Distinguish the fundamental parameters of a complete communications system oriented to data      | CG3         |
| transmission.  | CG4         |
|  | CE9         |
|  | CE10        |
| Describe, develop and analyse the different blocks of a data transmission system.                | CG3         |
|  | CG6         |
|  | CE9         |
|  | CE10        |
|  | CE20        |
|  | CE20<br>CT3 |
|  |             |
| Develop and implement basic circuits for modulation and demodulation of signals.                 | CG4         |
|  | CG6         |
|  | CE9         |
|  | CE10        |
|  | CE20        |
|  | CT2         |
| Use applications of communication and computer (text processing, databases, advanced calculus,   | CG4         |
| management of projects, visualisation, etc.) to support the design of data transmission systems. | CT2         |
|  | CT3         |
| Recognise the different quality assessment measures of a digital signal.                         | CE9         |
|  | CE10        |
| Statistically analyse the noise and understand its effects.                                      | CG3         |
|  | CE9         |
|  | CE10        |

| Contents   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс  |   |
| 1. Introduction to digital communication systems               | -Basic elements and general description of a communication system.<br>-Analog and digital communications<br>-Description of a digital transmitter<br>-Description of a digital receiver   |
| 2. Signals, systems and stochastic processes in communications | <ul> <li>-Review of basic concepts: signals, systems, transforms.</li> <li>-Autocorrelation function of a stochastic process.</li> <li>-Power spectral density. Transmitted power, transmission bandwidth.</li> <li>-Noise characterization</li> </ul>  |
| 3. Frequency conversion and analog processing                  | <ul> <li>-Amplitude modulation (AM): with large carrier, with suppressed carrier</li> <li>-I/Q Modulation and demodulation.</li> <li>- Transceiver requirements and specifications</li> <li>-Receiver architectures: direct conversion, intermediate frequency. Analog and digital stages.</li> </ul> |
| 4. Pulse amplitude modulation (PAM)                            | <ul> <li>Baseband PAM</li> <li>Bandlimited channels and intersymbol interferences (ISI)</li> <li>Nyquist criterion, raised cosine pulses, eye diagram</li> <li>Bandpass PAM</li> </ul>  |
| 5. Modulation and detection in Gaussian channels               | -Introduction to the Signal Space<br>-Derivation of the Matched Filter<br>-Maximum A Posteriori (MAP) and Maximum Likelihood (ML) detectors<br>-Probability of error  |
| 6. The communication channel                                   | -Transmission media<br>-Signal to noise ratio<br>-Multipath and frequency selectivity<br>-Fading<br>-Doppler effect   |

Planning

|   | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |  |
|---|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Master Session  | 24          | 24                          | 48          |  |
| Practice in computer rooms  | 21          | 31.5                        | 52.5        |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises  | 2           | 8                           | 10          |  |
| Laboratory practises  | 6           | 9                           | 15          |  |
| Long answer tests and development   | 2           | 16                          | 18          |  |
| Short answer tests  | 1           | 5.5                         | 6.5         |  |
| *The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students. |             |                             |             |  |

# Methodologies

|   | Description  |
|---|--|
| Master Session  | Presentation and discussion of the fundamental theory.   |
|   | Through this methodology the competencies CE9, CE10, CE20, CG3, CG4, CG6, CT2, CT3 are developed |
| Practice in computer<br>roomsThe concepts presented in class will be further illustrated and developed by means of M<br>simulation and signal processing tools. |  |
|   | Through this methodology the competencies CE7, CE9, CE10, CG3, CG4, CT2 are developed            |
| Troubleshooting and / or Students will be given different take-home sets of problems. The answers to selected problem exercises be provided later on.           |  |
|   | Through this methodology the competencies CE9, CE10, CG4 are developed                           |
| Laboratory practises  | Experimental study of different components and effects in analog transmitter/receiver frontends. |
|   | Through this methodology the competencies CE9, CE10, CG3, CG6, CT2 are developed                 |

| Personalized attention  |  |  |
|---|--|--|
|   | Description  |  |
| Laboratory practises  | Student aid will be provided during office hours as well as on-line (email, chat). On-line discussion forums will be set up for each chapter, through the usual e-learning platform. |  |
| Master Session  | Student aid will be provided during office hours as well as on-line (email, chat). On-line discussion forums will be set up for each chapter, through the usual e-learning platform. |  |
| Practice in computer rooms Student aid will be provided during office hours as well as on-line (email, chat). On-line discussion forums will be set up for each chapter, through the usual e-learning platform. |  |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises  | Student aid will be provided during office hours as well as on-line (email, chat). On-line discussion forums will be set up for each chapter, through the usual e-learning platform. |  |

| Assessment                        |   |                    |                    |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
|                                   | Description   | Qualification Eval | uated Competencess |
| Long answer tests and development | Final examination. It will cover all of the material covered<br>during the course and will take place during the exam<br>period as established by the Center. | 60                 | CG3                |
|                                   |   |                    | CG4                |
|                                   |   |                    | CG6                |
|                                   |   |                    | CE9                |
|                                   |   |                    | CE10               |
|                                   |   |                    | CE20               |
|                                   |   |                    | CT2                |
| Short answer tests                | Three short tests will be given during the semester.  | 40                 | CG3                |
|                                   |   |                    | CG4                |
|                                   |   |                    | CG6                |
|                                   |   |                    | CE7                |
|                                   |   |                    | CE9                |
|                                   |   |                    | CE10               |
|                                   |   |                    | CE20               |

# Other comments and July evaluation

For those students that choose continuous assessment. Four tests: 10% the first, 15% the second, 15% the third, and 60% the fourth.

The three first will realise roughly in the weeks 5, 9, and 14. The results will give to know in a reasonable time from his realisation. These tests are not recoverable, that is to say, if a student can not realise them in the moment in that they take place, the instructors do not have the obligation of repeating them. Each test will evaluate the exposed concepts in the subject from its start until the previous week to its realisation, included. The fourth test will be a version reduced of the examination that will realise those who do not choose continuous assessment.

For those students that do not choose continuous assessment. Final examination: 100%

Students will be graded as long as they make any test (either the short tests, or the final examination). Students will be considered to choose continuous assessment as long as they make any short answer test. Students choosing final assessment will only make the final exam.

Students who chose continuous assessment and did not pass the subject, will receive the "fail" mark, independently of doing the final exam or not.that

The achieved mark will be kept for the retest, but not for subsequent years.

During the retest those students who chose continuous assessment will be allowed to choose if they wish to keep the mark achieved in the short tests, or if they want to be 100% assessed by the final exam.

#### Sources of information

C.R. Johnson Jr., W.A. Sethares, Telecommunication Breakdown, 1, 2004

A. Artés, F. Pérez González et al., Comunicaciones Digitales, 1, 2007

Leon W. Couch, Digital & Analog Communication Systems, 7, 2007

Bernard Sklar, Digital Communications: Fundamentals and Applications, 2, 2001

J. G. Proakis, M. Salehi, Fundamentals of Communication Systems, 1, 2005

B. Razavi, RF Microelectronics, 1, 1998

R. Sobot, Wireless communication electronics : introduction to RF circuits and design techniques, 1, 2012

### Recommendations

### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Principles of Digital Communications/V05G300V01613

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304

### **Other comments**

It is assumed that the student has basic knowledge of analog and digital signal processing, as well as of probability and statistics.

| IDENTIFYIN             |  |           |      |            |
|------------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Fundament              | als of Sound and Image   |           |      |            |
| Subject                | Fundamentals of  |           |      |            |
|                        | Sound and Image  |           |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01405  |           |      |            |
| Study                  | (*)Grao en   |           |      |            |
| programme              | Enxeñaría de   |           |      |            |
|                        | Tecnoloxías de   |           |      |            |
|                        | Telecomunicación   |           |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре      | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6  | Mandatory | 2nd  | 2nd        |
| Language               | Spanish  | ·         |      |            |
| Department             |  |           | ·    |            |
| Coordinator            | pordinator Martín Rodríguez, Fernando  |           |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Docio Fernández, Laura   |           |      |            |
|                        | Márquez Flórez, Óscar Willian  |           |      |            |
|                        | Martín Rodríguez, Fernando   |           |      |            |
|                        | Pena Giménez, Antonio  |           |      |            |
| E-mail                 | fmartin@uvigo.es   |           |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |           |      |            |
| General<br>description | "Fundamentos de Sonido e Imagen" presents the basic concepts of sound and image, as well as the process<br>operating over the audiovisual signals. |           |      |            |

| Code |   | Typology   |
|------|---|------------|
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations | - know     |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.       | - Know How |
| CE13 | CE13/T8: The ability to understand the electromagnetic and acoustic wave mechanisms of propagation and transmission, and their corresponding receiving and transmitting devices.                            | - know     |
| CT3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible,  | - Know be  |

open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.

| Learning outcomes   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
| Analysing the basic properties of the sound.  | CE13        |
|   | CT3         |
| Explaining different sound production systems: human sound production, musical instruments, machines    | CE13        |
| and other vibrant systems.  | CT3         |
| Interpreting results of acoustic measures and selecting tools for the appropriate analysis.             | CG5         |
|   | CT3         |
| Describing the human perception of sound based on the physiological interface and the psychology of the | CE13        |
| perception.   | CT3         |
| Reviewing diffrent processes and systems associated to the sound production                             | CG3         |
|   | CG5         |
|   | СТ3         |
| Applying the basic rules of the colorimetry.  | CG3         |
|   | CT3         |
| Analysing lens systems.   | CG3         |
|   | CG5         |
|   | СТ3         |
| Choosing the most suitable capture and presentation image sytems.                                       | CG3         |
|   | CG5         |
|   | СТ3         |
| Choosing the most adapted formats for image and video.  | CG3         |
|   | CG5         |
|   | CT3         |

| Contents                                 |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс                                    |   |
| S1. Acoustic waves                       | Introduction. Acoustic wave equation. Harmonic plane waves. Spherical waves. Power and Intensity. Diffraction |
| S2. Sound propagation and transmission   | Acoustic field. Propagation. Transmission between different media.  |
| S3. Sound radiation and production       | Impedances. Transductors. Mechanical vibration. Radiation of simple sources. Directivity.                     |
| S4. Sound perception                     | Human audition. Auditory losses. Equal loudness contours.   |
| I1. Colorimetry                          | Fiixed image signals and video signals. Visual human system. Light and colour. Visual effects.                |
| I2. Capture and representation of images | Cameras and lens. Monitors. 3D Visualisation.   |
| I3. Image and video coding               | Fixed image: format of colour YUV; standards of compression. Image in movement: H.261 standard; MPEG formats. |
| Projects S1 and S2. Sound analysis.      | Time, frequency and spectrograms.   |
| Projects S3 and S4. Sound measurements   | Sound pressure level. Sonometer. Octave-filter banks  |
| Project I1. Colorimetry                  | Basic functions   |
| Project I2. Fixed images coding          | Functions for JPEG coding   |
| Project I 3. Video coding                | Time-predictive coding  |

| Planning                           |             |                                |             |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
|                                    | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
| Introductory activities            | 1           | 0                              | 1           |
| Master Session                     | 25          | 50                             | 75          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 6           | 12                             | 18          |
| Practice in computer rooms         | 19          | 19                             | 38          |
| Forum Index                        | 0           | 1                              | 1           |
| Multiple choice tests              | 0           | 2                              | 2           |
| Long answer tests and development  | 4           | 0                              | 4           |
| Short answer tests                 | 1           | 0                              | 1           |
| Reports / memories of practice     | 0           | 10                             | 10          |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

# Methodologies

| Fiethodologies                       |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
|                                      | Description  |
| Introductory activities              | Course presentation: programme, reading materials, teaching methodology and assessment system.   |
| _                                    | Developed capabilities: CG3, CG5, CE13, CT3.   |
| Master Session                       | Instructor presentation of the main concepts of each subject.<br>Classes do not cover all content that is examination material. The student should take the contents<br>of the documents provided for each subject.              |
|                                      | Student will work alone afterwards on the concepts studied in class and on expanding this content using the documents provided for each subject.<br>Identification of doubts that need to be resolved in personalized tutorials. |
|                                      | Developed capabilities: CG3, CG5, CE13, CT3.   |
| Troubleshooting and / c<br>exercises | or Problems and exercises formulated according to the content of the lectures and the documents for<br>each subject.<br>Students solve problems and exercises prior to the class.  |
|                                      | Identification of doubts that need to be resolved in personalized tutorials.   |
|                                      | Developed capabilities: CG3, CG5, CE13, CT3.   |

| Practice in computer rooms | Handling of analysis tools and algorithms. Identifying which one must to be used to solve each specific problem.   |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | Identification of doubts that need to be resolved in personalized tutorials.   |
|                            | Developed capabilities: CG3, CG5, CE13, CT3.   |
| Forum Index                | The website for the course is included in the TEMA platform (http://faitic.uvigo.es). Subscription to this platform, including a photograph, is mandatory. The website provides all the information related to the course. It also publishes continuous assessment grades and runs forums for students to exchange ideas and discuss doubts. |

Developed capabilities: CG3, CG5, CE13, CT3.

| Personalized attention             |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
|                                    | Description   |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in their lecturer's office. These tutorials can be individual or in reduced groups (typically with a maximum of 2-3 students).  |
|                                    | Previous appointment with the corresponding professor will be requested and fixed by email, preferably in the schedules and place established by lecturers at the beginning of the academic year and published on the course website. |
| Practice in computer rooms         | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in their lecturer's office. These tutorials can be individual or in reduced groups (typically with a maximum of 2-3 students).  |
|                                    | Previous appointment with the corresponding professor will be requested and fixed by email, preferably in the schedules and place established by lecturers at the beginning of the academic year and published on the course website. |
| Master Session                     | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in their lecturer's office. These tutorials can be individual or in reduced groups (typically with a maximum of 2-3 students).  |
|                                    | Previous appointment with the corresponding professor will be requested and fixed by email, preferably in the schedules and place established by lecturers at the beginning of the academic year and published on the course website. |
| Reports / memories of<br>practice  | Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in their lecturer's office. These tutorials can be individual or in reduced groups (typically with a maximum of 2-3 students).  |
|                                    | Previous appointment with the corresponding professor will be requested and fixed by email, preferably in the schedules and place established by lecturers at the beginning of the academic year and published on the course website. |

| Assessment                     |  |                  |                      |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------|----------------------|
|                                | Description  | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess |
| Short answer tests             | Exam with questions and problems.  | 5                | CG3                  |
| Reports / memories of practice | Report about the perfomed work during several weeks in the computer classroom. | 22.5             | CG5                  |
| Multiple choice tests          | On the faitic website.   | 7.5              | CG3                  |
| Long answer tests and          | To evaluate theorical knowledges and problems                                  | 65               | CG3                  |
| development                    | resolution.  |                  | CG5                  |
|                                |  |                  | CE13                 |

## Other comments and July evaluation

### **CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT**

The continuous assessment consists of several activities. If the student can not do them in the fixed date, this activity will not be evaluated. The grades of these activities will be valid only for the present academic course.

If the student sits for "Exam 1", she/he will be evaluated by continuous assessment. Furthermore, once the student has taken this exam, she/he will be considered to have attended this examination call. Qualification will be computed using the following criteria with no consideration if she/he takes the final exam or not.

Types and assessment of activities:

- 1. Exam 1 (Weight: 15%): weeks 7-8. It includes the subjects explained until this week.
- 2. Tests (Weight: 7.5%): developed along the course on the faitic website.
- 3. Exam of practices (Weight: 7.5%): week 6-7.
- 4. Short answer exam (Weight: 5%): week 13. It includes several subjects.
- 5. Lab project report (Weight: 15%): weeks 13 and 14.
- 6. Exam 2 (Weight: 50%): on the date of the final exam. It includes all the subjects, except those evaluated in the Exam 1 and the contents of lab projects.

In order to ensure that students acquire a balanced minimum on the subject competences, they will pass the course if they meet these two conditions:

1) get a final mark equal to or greater than 5 (on a ten-points scale)

2) and a score equal to or greater than 3.5 (on a ten-points scale) in each one of these two sets:

\* assessment of sound-related scores

\* assessment of image-related scores

Results for all assessment items will be announced as soon as possible.

### NON CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT

Students will be evaluated by means of an only exam, in the official date, if they don't do the "Exam 1". The grades for this final exam are between 0 and 10 points. It includes all the subjects of the course, including the laboratory works.

In order to ensure that students acquire a balanced minimum on the subject competences, they will pass the course if they meet these two conditions:

1) get a final mark equal to or greater than 5 (on a ten-points scale)

2) and a score equal to or greater than 3.5 (on a ten-points scale) in each one of these two sets:

- \* assessment of sound-related scores
- \* assessment of image-related scores

Student can do the activities of Continuous Assessment, except the Exam 2.

# Second opportunity exam:

#### $\Rightarrow$ Students evaluated by Continuous Assessment can opt between two possibilities the same day of the exam:

- 1. Do again the Exam 2 and be evaluated according what is stipulated for the system of "Continuous Assessment".
- 2. Be evaluated with a single final exam in the official date assigned by the Centre. The grades for this final exam are between 0 and 10 points. It includes all the subjects of the course, including the laboratory works. "Non Continuous Assessment" rules apply.

#### $\Rightarrow$ Studentss not evaluated by Continuous Assessment:

The grades for this final exam are between 0 and 10 points. It includes all the subjects of the course, including the laboratory works. "Non Continuous Assessment" rules apply. No other activities are assessed.

### Sources of information

Finn Jacobsen et al., FUNDAMENTALS OF ACOUSTICS AND NOISE CONTROL, , Technical University of Denmark

Lawrence Kinsler, Austin Frey, Alán Coppens, James Sanders, FUNDAMENTALS OF ACOUSTICS, , John Wiley & sons, Inc R. J. Clarke, Digital Compression of Still Images and Video, , Academic Press.

T. Perales Benito, Radio y Televisión Digitales: Tecnología de los Sistemas DAB, DVB, IBUC y ATSC, , Creaciones Copyright Ulrich Reimers, DVB : the family of international standards for digital video broadcasting, , Springer

In addition to the previous bibliography, students will be provided with:

\* Documents for each subject: main material for an appropriate preparation of the course.

- \* Documents with the project's contents for each practise session.
- \* Copy of the graphic material used in the master sessions.
- \* Problems proposed: A set of problems recommended for each subject.

## Recommendations

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Room Acoustics/V05G300V01635 Fundamentals of Acoustics Engineering/V05G300V01531 Fundamentals of Image Processing/V05G300V01632 Sound Processing/V05G300V01634 Audio Systems/V05G300V01532 Imaging Systems/V05G300V01633 Audiovisual Technology/V05G300V01631 Video and Television/V05G300V01533

## Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Physics: Fundamentals of Mechanics and Thermodynamics/V05G300V01102 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303

| IDENTIFYIN             | IDENTIFYING DATA   |           |      |            |  |
|------------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|--|
| Internet Se            | rvices   |           |      |            |  |
| Subject                | Internet Services  |           |      |            |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01501  |           | ·    |            |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |           |      |            |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре      | Year | Quadmester |  |
|                        | 6  | Mandatory | 3rd  | 1st        |  |
| Language               | Spanish  |           |      |            |  |
| Department             |  |           |      |            |  |
| Coordinator            | Burguillo Rial, Juan Carlos  |           |      |            |  |
| Lecturers              | Burguillo Rial, Juan Carlos<br>Caeiro Rodríguez, Manuel<br>Gil Solla, Alberto<br>López Nores, Martín<br>Mikic Fonte, Fernando Ariel  |           |      |            |  |
| E-mail                 | jrial@uvigo.es   |           |      |            |  |
| Web                    |  |           |      |            |  |
| General<br>description | This subject will provide to the student a global vision of the group of current services of Internet, between which fits to quote the email, the WWW, the technologies XML, the Services Web, the sharing of resources among peers (P2P), the Semantic Web and the cloud computing. |           |      |            |  |

This subject will be taught in Spanish.

#### Competencies Code Typology CG3 CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new - know methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new - Know How situations CG4 CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and - Know How transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical - Know be Telecommunication Engineer activity. CG6 CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws. - know CG9 CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, - Know How in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics. CE11 CE11/T6: The ability to conceive, deploy, organize and manage networks, systems, services and - Know How Telecommunication infrastructures in residential (home, city, digital communities), business and institutional environments, being responsible for launching of projects and continuous improvement like knowing their social and economical impact. CE18 CE18/T13: The ability to differentiate the concepts of access and transport networks, packet and circuit - know switched networks, mobile and fixed networks, as well as distributed newtwork application and systems, voice, data, video, audio, interactive and multimedia services. CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development. CT2 - know CT3 CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous guality improvement, showing a flexible, - Know be open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. CT4 CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of - Know be responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights. Learning outcomes

Learning outcomes

Competences

| To know the basic services of Internet, as well as comprise the basic principles of his operation.  | CG3<br>CG6<br>CE11<br>CE18<br>CT2<br>CT3<br>CT4 |
|---|---|
| To dominate the main technical standards in the field of development of telematic services.         | CG6<br>CE11<br>CE18                             |
| To understand the importance of organising the structured information for his suitable utilisation. | CG3<br>CG4<br>CE11<br>CE18<br>CT2               |
| To Know the basic concepts of semantic management of the information.                               | CE11<br>CT2                                     |
| To understand the principles and the general organisation of a web service.                         | CG9<br>CE11<br>CE18                             |
| To improve the skill in the design and development of basic telematic services.                     | CG4<br>CG9<br>CT2<br>CT3<br>CT4                 |

| Contents                        |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Торіс                           |   |
| 1. Internet basic services      | a) Electronic mail<br>b) World Wide Web: languages, protocols, architecture and Web<br>applications.  |
| 2. XML and related technologies | a) Document Type Definition (DTD)<br>b) NameSpaces<br>c) XML Schema<br>d) Document Object Model (DOM)<br>e) Extensible Stylesheet Language Transformations (XSLT)<br>f ) Other related technologies |
| 3. Web Services                 | a) Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP)<br>b) Universal Description, Discovery and Integration (UDDI)<br>c) Web Services Description Language (WSDL)  |
| 4. Additional services          | To) Sharing resources among peers (P2P)<br>b) Semantic Web<br>c) Cloud Computating  |

| Planning   |                        |                              |                             |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | Class hours            | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |
| Introductory activities                                  | 2                      | 2                            | 4                           |
| Master Session   | 24                     | 36                           | 60                          |
| Practice in computer rooms                               | 26                     | 26                           | 52                          |
| Forum Index  | 0                      | 4                            | 4                           |
| Self-assessment tests                                    | 0                      | 2                            | 2                           |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 2                      | 4                            | 6                           |
| Long answer tests and development                        | 2                      | 20                           | 22                          |
| *The information in the planning table is for guid       | dance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |

| Methodologies           |   |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|
|                         | Description   |  |
| Introductory activities | In the first classes we will describe the activities to be performed along the subject, along the theory and along the practices in the computing laboratory. |  |

| Master Session                | Along the theory classes we will describe the main contents of the subject by means of slides.  |
|-------------------------------|---|
|                               | Theory classes will promote the competences: CT2, CT3 y CT4.  |
|                               | Besides, the exam for this part evaluates the competencies: A3, A4, A6, A27.  |
| Practice in computer<br>rooms | The subject also will require the development and delivery of 3 practices (the first one is compulsory) that the students will perform in the corresponding computer laboratory. The applications to develop in these practices will be done by means of the languages common used in the Internet: Javascript, PHP, Java, etc. |
|                               | These practices evaluate the competences: CG3, CG4, CG6, CG9, CE11, CE18 and promote the competences CT2, CT3 y CT4.  |
| Forum Index                   | During the course we will discuss several topics, related with the concepts seen in theory, in the forums of the subject.   |
|                               | This forum will promote the competences: CG3, CG6, CT2, CT3 and CT4.  |

| Personalized attent  | Personalized attention   |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | Description  |  |  |  |  |
| Forum Index  | In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology. Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. |  |  |  |  |
|  | It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along all course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts and for the realisation of the projects and activities to be evaluated.   |  |  |  |  |
| Practice in computer rooms                                     | In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology. Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. |  |  |  |  |
|  | It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along all course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts and for the realisation of the projects and activities to be evaluated.   |  |  |  |  |
| Practical tests, real<br>task execution and /<br>or simulated. | In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology. Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. |  |  |  |  |
|  | It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along all course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts and for the realisation of the projects and activities to be evaluated.   |  |  |  |  |
| Long answer tests<br>and development                           | In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology. Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. |  |  |  |  |
|  | It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along all course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts and for the realisation of the projects and activities to be evaluated.   |  |  |  |  |

| Assessment            |  |               |                           |
|-----------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
|                       | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Self-assessment tests | They will do two test of self-evaluation along the subject on            | 0             | CG3                       |
|                       | the theoretical concepts that the students have learnt up to such point. |               | CG4                       |
|                       | These test self-evaluate the competencies: A3, A6.                       |               | CG6                       |
|                       |  |               | CE11                      |
|                       |  |               | CE18                      |

| Practical tests, real task<br>execution and / or<br>simulated. | The code that implements the projects will be evaluated to discover if all works according to the requirements and specifications established by the teachers.   | 50 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG6                 |
|--|--|----|-----------------------------------|
|  | These test evaluate the compentences: A3, A4, A6, A9, A20, A27.  |    | CG9<br>CE11<br>CE18               |
| Long answer tests and development                              | There will be a theoretical examination at the end of the subject concerning the contents seen in it. After finishing the theoretical examination, the student must PASS a practical exam in the laboratory (related with the practical tasks) to check that the student dominates properly his/her own code.<br>The exam evaluates the competencies: A3, A4, A6, A27. | 50 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG6<br>CE11<br>CE18 |

### Other comments and July evaluation

The subject is composed by a theoretical and a practical part. Each one of them have a value of 5 points, having to reach at least a 2 in each part to do the average with the another.

Following the degree guidelines we will offer the students two evaluation possibilities: continuous evaluation and evaluation at the end of the semester.

#### Continuous evaluation (EC):

- The theoretical part means a final examination (with a value of 5 points). This final examination will be equal for all the students, independently that they have opted or no by the EC.

- The student follows the continuous evaluation from the moment in that it delivers the first practice in time.

- The practical part is composed of three practices, that will cost 1, 2 and 2 points respectively. This first practice is compulsory and the student must deliver, at least, any of the two others.

- The first practice will be delivered in the week 6.

- The second practice is valued with 2 points and it will divided in two parts, to facilitate its realisation, that will be delivered in the weeks 11 and 15 respectively. After the delivery of each part, the student might be able to do a second delivery, if they do not fulfil the requirements established, that will imply some penalty in the mark. After such second delivery, the code delivered will be evaluated in it is.

- The third practice will cost 2 points and will be able to deliver until the week 16.

After finishing the theoretical examination, the students will perform a basic practical exam in the laboratory (related with the practices done) to check that the student dominates properly his/her own code. This practical exam provides a mark (Npp) between 0 and 1, as a function of time needed to solve it. The global mark for the practices will be obtained by multiplying the practices marks and the practical exam mark: Note for practical part = (P1+P2+P3) x Npp
 In the case that the resulting value is below 2 points, the student must perform the practices again in the next call, and do

again this practical exam.

- To pass the subject, the student will have to obtain at least 5 points adding the theoretical part and the practices (with a minimum of 2 in each one of them).

**Evaluation at the end of the semester**: The student that have not opted by the EC will have to perform the theoretical examination and deliver, before the day of the final exam, the practical proposals along the subject (with the possible modifications that can be specified), to add a minimum of 5 points in the final mark. Besides, it will must obtain a PASS in the practical proof after the theoretical examination. Therefore, the conditions imposed are the same than in the EC case, and the only difference is the timing for delivering the practical tasks (notified in time) and that there is no possibility to submit two times every practical task.

**Passing the subject**: Both in the case of EC as assessment at the end of the semester, to approve the student must obtain at least 5 points by adding the theoretical and practical parts (with a minimum of 2 in each) and get a PASS in practical exam.

**Evaluation at the end of the second semester**: the student will have to perform the part that have not surpassed (examination, practical, and/or practical exam). The practices can suffer modifications or incorporate additional features.

### The practical tasks performed in this course are not recoverable and only are valid for the current course.

# Sources of information

H.M Deitel et al., Internet and World Wide Web How to Program: International Edition, 5, 2012

Robert W. Sebesta, Programming the World Wide Web, 8, 2014

Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Computer Networks, 5, 2012

Priscilla Walmsley, Definitive XML Schema, 2/E, 2, 2012

Kevin Howard Goldberg, XML: Visual QuickStart Guide, 2/E, 2, 2008

Michael Papazoglou, Web Services and SOA: Principles and Technology, 2/E, 2, 2012

Steve Graham et al., Building Web Services with Java: Making Sense of XML, SOAP, WSDL, and UDDI, 2, 2004

Thomas Erl, Service-Oriented Architecture: A Field Guide to Integrating XML and Web Services, 1, 2004

W. Stallings, Data and Computer Communications, 9, 2013

### Recommendations

## Subjects that continue the syllabus

Architectures and Services/V05G300V01645

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Programming II/V05G300V01302 Computer Networks/V05G300V01403

|  | ramma   | ble Electronic Circuits  |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| Subje                                      |   | Programmable   |  |   |  |
| ,-   |   | Electronic Circuits  |  |   |  |
| Code                                       |   | V05G300V01502  |  |   |  |
| Study                                      | 1   | (*)Grao en   |  |   |  |
| progra                                     | amme  | Enxeñaría de   |  |   |  |
|  |   | Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |  |   |  |
| Descr                                      | iptors  | ECTS Credits Type  |  | Year Qua  | dmester  |
| Jesei                                      | iptors  | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,  | atory  | 3rd 1st   | unester  |
| Langu                                      | iade  | Spanish  | atory  |   |  |
| Langa                                      | luge  | Galician   |  |   |  |
| Depar                                      | rtment  |  |  |   |  |
| Coord                                      | linator   | Álvarez Ruiz de Ojeda, Luís Jacobo   |  |   |  |
| Lectu                                      | rers  | Álvarez Ruiz de Ojeda, Luís Jacobo   |  |   |  |
|  |   | Machado Domínguez, Fernando  |  |   |  |
|  |   | Moure Rodríguez, María José<br>Poza González, Francisco  |  |   |  |
| E-mai                                      | 1   | jalvarez@uvigo.es  |  |   |  |
| Web  |   | http://www.faitic.uvigo.es/  |  |   |  |
| Gener                                      | ral   | The main learning goals of this course are:  |  |   |  |
|  | iption  | Architecture of microprocessors, microcontrollers and configu  | rable dev  | ces.  |  |
|  |   | Design methods and tools to acquire the necessary skills to de   | esign syst   | ems based on these devic  | es.  |
|  |   |  |  |   |  |
|  | petenc  | ies  |  |   |  |
| Code                                       |   |  |  |   |  |
| CG3  |   |  |  |   | Typology   |
|  |   | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacita   |  |   | Typology<br>- know   |
|  | metho   | ds and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to   |  |   |  |
| CG4  | metho<br>situati  | ds and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to ons   | confront   | and update to new   | - know   |
| CG4  | metho<br>situati<br>CG4: 1  | ds and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to   | confront<br>ecisions a   | and update to new   | - know   |
| CG4  | metho<br>situati<br>CG4: 1<br>transn  | ds and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to<br>ons<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative d   | confront<br>ecisions a   | and update to new   | - know   |
|  | metho<br>situati<br>CG4: 1<br>transn<br>Teleco  | nds and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to<br>ons<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative d<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and profess   | confront<br>ecisions a<br>ional resp   | and update to new<br>nd to communicate and<br>ponsibility of the Technical  | - know   |
| CG13                                       | metho<br>situati<br>CG4: 1<br>transn<br>Teleco<br>CG13<br>CE7/T   | ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to<br>ons<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative d<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and profess<br>ommunication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to use software tools that support problem solving i<br>2: The ability to use communication and software applications   | confront<br>ecisions a<br>ional resp<br>n enginee<br>(ofimatics  | and update to new<br>nd to communicate and<br>ponsibility of the Technical<br>rring.<br>, databases, advanced   | - know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov   |
| CG13                                       | metho<br>situati<br>CG4: 1<br>transn<br>Teleco<br>CG13<br>CE7/T<br>calculu  | ads and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to<br>ons<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative d<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and profess<br>ommunication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to use software tools that support problem solving i<br>2: The ability to use communication and software applications<br>us, project management, visualization, etc.) to support the dev  | confront<br>ecisions a<br>ional resp<br>n enginee<br>(ofimatics<br>elopment  | and update to new<br>nd to communicate and<br>ponsibility of the Technical<br>rring.<br>, databases, advanced   | - know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov   |
| CG13<br>CE7                                | metho<br>situati<br>CG4: T<br>transm<br>Telecc<br>CG13<br>CE7/T<br>calcul<br>Electro  | ads and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to<br>ons<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative d<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and profess<br>ommunication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to use software tools that support problem solving i<br>2: The ability to use communication and software applications<br>us, project management, visualization, etc.) to support the dev<br>ponics and Telecommunication networks, services and application   | confront<br>ecisions a<br>ional resp<br>n enginee<br>(ofimatics<br>elopment<br>ons.  | and update to new<br>nd to communicate and<br>oonsibility of the Technical<br>rring.<br>, databases, advanced<br>and operation of   | - Know Hov<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov                         |
|  | metho<br>situati<br>CG4: 1<br>transm<br>Telecco<br>CG13<br>CE7/T<br>calcul<br>Electro<br>CE8/T  | ads and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to<br>ons<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative d<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and profess<br>ommunication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to use software tools that support problem solving i<br>2: The ability to use communication and software applications<br>us, project management, visualization, etc.) to support the dev<br>onics and Telecommunication networks, services and application<br>3: The ability to use software tools for bibliographical resources  | confront<br>ecisions a<br>ional resp<br>n enginee<br>(ofimatics<br>elopment<br>ons.  | and update to new<br>nd to communicate and<br>oonsibility of the Technical<br>rring.<br>, databases, advanced<br>and operation of   | - know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov                             |
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| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
|---|-------------|
| To understand the basic architecture of microprocessors, microcontrollers and configurable devices  | CG3         |
| (FPGAs).  | CE14        |
|   | CE15        |
| To know the methods and techniques of design of integrated hardware/software systems (System on Chi | p CG3       |
| – SoC).   | CE14        |
|   | CE15        |
| To know the hardware and software tools for the design of systems based in programmable devices.    | CG13        |
|   | CE14        |
|   | CE15        |

| To acquire the skills to use the design tools for the design of digital systems.                             | CE14<br>CE15   |
|--|--|
| Ability to design simple integrated systems (System on Chip – SoC) applied to the telecommunications fields. | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG13<br>CE7<br>CE8<br>CE14<br>CE15<br>CT2<br>CT3 |

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| Торіс  |  |
| LESSON 1 THEORY (1 h.). INTRODUCTION TO<br>FPGAs.                      | <ol> <li>1.1 Introduction.</li> <li>1.2 Definition of FPGA. FPGA classification.</li> <li>1.3 FPGA architectures.</li> <li>1.3.1 Logical resources.</li> <li>1.3.1.1 Configurable Logic Blocks.</li> <li>1.3.1.2 Internal Logic Blocks.</li> <li>1.3.1.3 Input/Output Blocks.</li> <li>1.3.1.4 Embedded circuits. Memories. PLL digital circuits. Arithmetical circuits. Multipliers. DSP blocks. Serial transceivers.</li> <li>1.3.2 Interconnection resources.</li> <li>1.3.2 Interconnection lines.</li> <li>1.3.2 Configurable connection points.</li> <li>1.3.2 Configurable connection points.</li> <li>1.3.3 Examples of commercial FPGAs.</li> <li>1.4 FPGA technologies.</li> <li>1.4.1 FPGA manufacturing technologies (LVTTL, LVCMOS, etc.).</li> <li>1.4.2 FPGA configuration technologies.</li> <li>1.4.2.1 Static RAM technology (SRAM).</li> <li>1.4.2.2 Antifuse technology.</li> <li>1.4.3 FPGA configuration. Methods. External programmer. In System Programmable (ISP).</li> <li>1.5 General characteristic of the FPGAs.</li> <li>1.6 Advantages of the FPGAs.</li> <li>1.7 Stages of the design of digital systems with FPGAs.</li> <li>1.7.1 Design implementation with FPGAs.</li> <li>1.8 FPGA CAD tools.</li> <li>1.9 FPGA applications.</li> <li>1.10 FPGAs versus other circuits. Comparative analysis.</li> </ol> |
| LESSON 2 THEORY (1 h.). XILINX SPARTAN 3<br>FPGA FAMILY. ARCHITECTURE. | <ul> <li>2.1 Introduction.</li> <li>2.2 Xilinx Virtex 2 family architecture.</li> <li>2.2.1 Logical resources. CLBs. "Slices". RAM-based shift registers.</li> <li>2.2.2 Internal memories. Distributed memory. Embedded memory.</li> <li>2.2.3 Clock circuits.</li> <li>2.2.4 Hardware multipliers.</li> <li>2.2.5 Input / Output technologies.</li> <li>2.3 Spartan 3 vs. Virtex 2.</li> <li>2.4 Spartan 3E vs. Spartan 3.</li> <li>2.5 Synthesis guidelines.</li> </ul>   |

| LESSON 3 THEORY (2 h.). INTRODUCTION TO<br>MICROCONTROLLERS.  | <ul> <li>3.1 Introduction. Definition of microcontroller.</li> <li>3.2 Internal architecture. Harvard. Von Neumann.</li> <li>3.2.1 Control Unit.</li> <li>3.2.2 ALU.</li> <li>3.2.3 Instruction set. RISC. CISC.</li> <li>3.3 External architecture.</li> <li>3.3.1 Access to memory. Program memory. Data memory.</li> <li>3.3.2 Access to peripherals. Input / Output ports.</li> <li>3.3.3 Interrupt control.</li> <li>3.4 Integrated peripherals.</li> <li>3.4.1 Timers.</li> <li>3.4.2 Serial communication. UART RS232. SPI. I2C.</li> <li>3.4.3 A/D and D/A converters.</li> <li>3.5 Examples of commercial microcontrollers.</li> <li>3.6 Microcontroller applications.</li> <li>3.7 Tools for programming and verification.</li> </ul> |
|---|---|
| LESSON 4 THEORY (2 h.). XILINX PICOBLAZE<br>MICROPROCESSOR (I).   | <ul> <li>4.1 Introduction.</li> <li>4.2 Versions of the Xilinx Picoblaze microprocessor.</li> <li>4.3 Internal architecture of the Picoblaze microprocessor.</li> <li>4.4 Instruction set of the Picoblaze microprocessor.</li> </ul>   |
| LESSON 5 THEORY (1 h.). SOFTWARE<br>DEVELOPMENT FOR XILINX PICOBLAZE<br>MICROPROCESSOR.<br>LESSON 6 THEORY (3 h.). XILINX PICOBLAZE<br>MICROPROCESSOR (II). | <ul> <li>5.1 Introduction.</li> <li>5.2 Syntax of an assembler program for the Picoblaze microprocessor.</li> <li>5.3 Program development with pBlazeIDE environment for Picoblaze .</li> <li>6.1 Introduction.</li> <li>6.2 External architecture.</li> <li>6.2.1 Input / Output instructions.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>6.2.2 Connection of input peripherals.</li> <li>6.2.3 Connection of output peripherals.</li> <li>6.2.4 Initial state.</li> <li>6.2.5 External interrupts.</li> <li>6.3 Design of peripherals for the Picoblaze microprocessor.</li> </ul>  |
| LESSON 7 THEORY (1 h.). INTRODUCTION TO<br>SYSTEMS ON CHIP (SOC).   | <ul> <li>7.1 Introduction to digital design methods.</li> <li>7.1.1 Software method.</li> <li>7.1.2 Hardware method.</li> <li>7.2 Systems On Chip (SOC).</li> <li>7.3 Systems On a Programmable Chip (PSOC). Microprocessors embedded in FPGAs.</li> <li>7.3.1 Hardware Microprocessors.</li> <li>7.3.2 Software Microprocessors.</li> <li>7.4 Embedded microprocessor applications.</li> </ul>   |
| LESSON 8 THEORY (3 h.). HARDWARE /<br>SOFTWARE CODESIGN.  | <ul> <li>8.1 Introduction.</li> <li>8.2 Software design.</li> <li>8.3 Hardware design.</li> <li>8.4 Stages of hardware / software codesign.</li> <li>8.5 Hardware / software partition.</li> <li>8.6 Examples hardware / software codesign.</li> <li>8.7 Peripheral design. How to split functions between "hardware" and "software".</li> </ul>  |
| LESSON 9 THEORY (4 h.). DESIGN OF COMPLEX<br>SYSTEMS.   | <ul> <li>9.1 Introduction.</li> <li>9.2 Previous analysis of the most suitable solution.</li> <li>9.3 Application specific peripherals. Design methods.</li> <li>9.3.1 Practical examples.</li> </ul>   |
| LESSON 10 THEORY (2 h.). INTRODUCTION TO<br>CORRECT DESIGN METHODS.   | <ul> <li>10.1 Introduction.</li> <li>10.2 Design of digital systems with FPGAs.</li> <li>10.2.1 Hierarchical design.</li> <li>10.2.2 Independent technology design.</li> <li>10.2.3 Timing design.</li> </ul>   |
| LESSON 11 THEORY (4 h.). SYNCHRONOUS<br>DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN.  | <ul><li>11.1 Introduction.</li><li>11.2 Synchronous design.</li><li>11.3 Synchronous sequential systems. FPGA design tips.</li><li>11.4 Synchronisation of input variables.</li></ul>   |

| LESSON 1 LABORATORY (2 h.). STAGES OF<br>DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN WITH FPGAs.                                    | <ul> <li>1.1 Introduction. Xilinx ISE tool flow diagram.</li> <li>1.2 VHDL description.</li> <li>1.3 Behavioural simulation.</li> <li>1.4 Synthesis.</li> <li>1.5 Implementation.</li> <li>1.6 Implementation options for the Xilinx Spartan 3E FPGA family.</li> <li>1.7 FPGA Editor.</li> <li>1.8 Timing simulation.</li> <li>1.9 Timing analysis report.</li> <li>1.10 Technology and configuration methods for Xilinx FPGAs.</li> <li>1.11 Development boards based on FPGAs of Xilinx.</li> <li>1.12 Configuration file (.BIT).</li> <li>1.13 FPGA programming. 'iMPACT'.</li> <li>1.14 Digital system testing. Frequent problems.</li> <li>1.15 Examples.</li> </ul>  |
|---|---|
| LESSON 2 LABORATORY (2 h.). PERIPHERAL<br>CIRCUIT DESIGN FOR THE PICOBLAZE<br>MICROPROCESSOR.                 | <ul> <li>2.1 Introduction.</li> <li>2.2 Guidelines on synchronous design with VHDL.</li> <li>2.3 Basic register in VHDL.</li> <li>2.4 Data memory in VHDL.</li> <li>2.5 Timer in VHDL.</li> </ul>   |
| LESSON 3 LABORATORY (2 h.). PERIPHERALS<br>INTERFACE CIRCUIT DESIGN FOR THE PICOBLAZE<br>MICROPROCESSOR.      | <ul><li>3.3 Output peripheral interface circuit in VHDL.</li><li>3.4 Interrupt storing circuit in VHDL.</li></ul>   |
| LESSON 4 LABORATORY (2 h.). XILINX PICOBLAZE<br>MICROPROCESSOR SOFTWARE TOOLS.                                | <ul> <li>4.1 Introduction.</li> <li>4.2 Program assembler and simulator in Mediatronix. Picoblaze IDE.</li> <li>4.3 Basic examples.</li> </ul>  |
| LESSON 5 LABORATORY (6 h.). DESIGN OF<br>DIGITAL SYSTEMS BASED ON THE PICOBLAZE<br>MICROPROCESSOR.            | <ul> <li>5.1 Introduction.</li> <li>5.2 Picoblaze microprocessor source files.</li> <li>5.3 Design stages for digital systems based on the Picoblaze microprocessor.</li> <li>5.3.1 Choosing the right Picoblaze microcontroller.</li> <li>5.3.2 Picoblaze program design.</li> <li>5.3.3 Picoblaze program simulation.</li> <li>5.3.4 Generation of the necessary VHDL files for the implementation of the Picoblaze Microprocessor in Xilinx Spartan 3E FPGA family.</li> <li>5.3.5 Peripheral circuit design for the Picoblaze microcontroller.</li> <li>Additional circuits needed.</li> <li>5.3.6 Simulation of the peripheral and additional circuits.</li> <li>5.3.7 Implementation of the complete digital system.</li> <li>5.3.8 Test of the complete digital system.</li> <li>5.4 Design of a basic example with use of interrupts, based on the Picoblaze microprocessor.</li> </ul> |
| LESSON 6 LABORATORY (12 h.). PROJECTS.<br>DESIGN OF DIGITAL SYSTEMS BASED ON THE<br>PICOBLAZE MICROPROCESSOR. | 6.1 Design and implementation of a medium-complexity digital system<br>based on the Picoblaze 3 microprocessor, according to the instructions<br>supplied by the teacher through FaiTIC website.  |

|                                    | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session                     | 12          | 16                             | 28          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 12          | 19                             | 31          |
| Laboratory practises               | 14          | 20                             | 34          |
| Tutored works                      | 12          | 24                             | 36          |
| Introductory activities            | 2           | 2                              | 4           |
| Multiple choice tests              | 2           | 5                              | 7           |
| Long answer tests and development  | 2           | 8                              | 10          |

# Methodologies

Description

| Master Session  | Conventional lectures.   |
|---|--|
|   | Through this methodology the outcome CG3 is developed.   |
| Troubleshooting and / or These sessions will include the realisation of exercises and works by part of the professor and or exercises the students. |  |
|   | Through this methodology the outcomes CG3, CG4, CE8/T3, CE14/T9 and CE15/T10 are developed.                          |
| Laboratory practises  | Guided practices will be set out in these sessions , as well as the realisation of circuits and programs.            |
|   | Through this methodology the outcomes CG3, CG4, CG13, CE7/TE2, CE8/T3, CE14/T9, CE15/T10, CT2 and CT3 are developed. |
| Tutored works   | The students must design the circuits and programs needed to build a complete embedded system based on a FPGA.       |
|   | Through this methodology the outcomes CG3, CG4, CG13, CE7/TE2, CE8/T3, CE14/T9, CE15/T10, CT2 and CT3 are developed. |
| Introductory activities   | Introduction to the subject key topics both theoretical and practical.   |
|   | Through this methodology the outcome CG3 is developed.   |

| Personalized attention |   |
|------------------------|---|
|                        | Description   |
| Laboratory practi      | ses In class the teacher will assist the students.  |
|                        | Besides, the students will have the opportunity to consult with the teacher in office hours which will be published in the faculty website. |
| Tutored works          | In class the teacher will assist the students.  |
|                        | Besides, the students will have the opportunity to consult with the teacher in office hours which will be published in the faculty website. |

| Assessment         |   |                  |  |
|--------------------|---|------------------|--|
|                    | Description   | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess   |
| Laboratory practis | <ul> <li>ses Design of digital circuits in VHDL and assembler programs.<br/>It will be necessary to deliver the design source files and to show<br/>the teacher the correct operation of each one of the circuits and<br/>programs.<br/>The assessment will be based on the operation of the circuits<br/>and programs developed in the practical sessions corresponding<br/>to the laboratory lessons 1 to 5, according to the published<br/>criteria.<br/>Through this methodology the outcomes CG3, CG4, CG13,<br/>CE7/TE2, CE8/T3, CE14/T9, CE15/T10, CT2 and CT3 are assessed.</li> </ul>  |                  | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG13<br>CE7<br>CE8<br>CE14<br>CE15<br>CT2<br>CT3 |
| Tutored works      | Autonomous Project. Design of a medium-complexity embedded<br>digital system with at least a complex peripheral designed by<br>the students.<br>It will be necessary to deliver the design source files and a<br>report of maximum 10 pages, describing the work done,<br>according to the index supplied by the professor.<br>The content corresponds with laboratory lesson 6.<br>The assessment will be based on the operation of the digital<br>system and the correct application of the theoretical concepts,<br>according to the published criteria.<br>Through this methodology the outcomes CG3, CG4, CG13,<br>CE7/TE2, CE8/T3, CE14/T9, CE15/T10, CT2 and CT3 are assessed. |                  | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG13<br>CE7<br>CE8<br>CE14<br>CE15<br>CT2<br>CT3 |
| Multiple choice te | sts Exam based on multiple choice questions about the theoretical<br>topics of the subjects.<br>Through this methodology the outcomes CG3, CE14/T9 and<br>CE15/T10 are assessed.  | 25               | CG3<br>CE14<br>CE15  |

| Long answer tests and development | Exam based on solving tasks and design problems about circuits and programs, explaining the work done | 25 | CG3<br>CG4 |
|-----------------------------------|---|----|------------|
|                                   | Through this methodology the outcomes CG3, CG4, CE14/T9 and   |    | CE14       |
|                                   | CE15/T10 are assessed.  |    | CE15       |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

The total mark will be the sum of the marks obtained in the different tasks of the subject. The mark of each one of the theoretical exams has to be equal or greater than 5 over 10 in order to pass the subject. The global mark of the laboratory guided practices has to be equal or greater than 5 over 10 in order to pass the subject. The mark of the practical work has to be equal or greater than 5 over 10 in order to pass the subject. All the students, both those who follow the subject continuously and those who want to be assessed in the final exam at the end of the term or in the extraordinary exam in July, will have to do the tasks described in the previous section. The students that do not attend classes regularly will also have to do the same tasks as the students who attend classes. The final mark will be expressed in numerical form ranging from 0 to 10, according to the valid regulation (Royal decree 1125/2003 of 5 September; BOE 18 September). Following the guidelines of the degree the students will be offered two assessment systems: continuous assessment and final assessment at the end of the term. CONTINUOUS ASSESMENT: • The students are considered to have chosen the continuous assessment when they have done 2 laboratory practices and/or have sat the first theoretical examination. • The students who want to be assessed in the continuous assessment can only miss two sessions as a maximum. If they miss more than 2 sessions, will have to do the final assessment in July, that is, they will have to repeat all the tasks, included those that had previously passed. • The students that have chosen continuous assessment, but do not pass the course, will have to do the final assessment in July, that is, will have to repeat all the tasks, included those that had previously passed. • The students that pass the course by means of continuous assessment will not be allowed to repeat any task in the final assessment in order to improve the mark. • The different tasks should be delivered in the date specified by the teacher, otherwise they will not be assessed for the continuous assessment. • The students will develop the theoretical exercises, the laboratory practices and the laboratory projects in groups of two students during the continuous assessment. FINAL ASSESMENT: • The students that opt for the final assessment will have to do all the theoretical and practical tasks and the project individually. • The tasks for the final assessment have to be delivered before the official date of the examination set by the faculty. In case the students pass the four tasks (mark of each task  $\geq$  5), the final mark (FM) will be the weighted sum of the marks of each part of the subject: FM = 0'25 \* TE1 + 0'25 \* TE2 + 0'25 \* LP + 0'25 \* AP In case the students do not pass any of the four tasks of the subject (mark of some task < 5), the final mark (FM) will be: FM = Minimum [4'5; (0'25 \* TE1 + 0'25 \* TE2 + 0'25 \* LP + 0'25 \* AP)] Being: TE1 = First partial theoretical examination. TE2 = Second partial theoretical examination. LP = Global mark of the guided Laboratory Practices corresponding to the lessons 1 to 5. AP = Laboratory Autonomous Project. ASSESSMENT CRITERIA. 1) Theoretical examinations. The first theoretical examination will be a test and will be scheduled around the ninth week of classes in the place and date determined by the professors and the faculty. At least, it will be scheduled after having studied the theoretical lessons 1 to 8. The second theoretical examination will be a long answers and development test and will be scheduled together with the final term exam in the place and date determined by the faculty. The students will have to properly answer the exam questions. 2) Laboratory guided practices. The correct operation of the circuits and programs developed in the laboratory sessions will be evaluated, according to the marks stated in the practice bulletin. Each practical lesson will be marked over 10. Afterwards, its influence will be weighted in the total mark of the subject, according to the number of hours assigned to each lesson. As a consequence, the global mark of the practices corresponding to the lessons 1 to 5 of laboratory, is obtained through the following equation: LP = (Practice 1L Mark + Practice 2L Mark + Practice 3L Mark + Practice 4L Mark + 3 \* Practice 5L Mark ) / 7 The total mark of the guided laboratory practices (LP) corresponds to 25% of the total mark of the subject. It will be necessary to deliver the required source files. The assessment criteria refer only to the functionality of the circuits and programs developed, that is, the circuits and programs have to work perfectly in all his aspects to obtain the maximum mark, whether it is the software simulation, the behavioural and timing simulation of the different hardware circuits and complete system, or the test in the development board. 3) Autonomous laboratory work. Autonomous project. The students must design a medium-complexity embedded system with at least a complex peripheral designed by the students. It will be necessary to deliver a short report on the work done. The assessment criteria of the autonomous work are the following: 1) Suitable hardware / software partitioning. 2) Suitable hardware organisation and suitable assembler program structure. 3) Design correctness. Optimisation of the VHDL description and circuit use. Application of synchronous design techniques. 4) Analysis of the FPGA implementation. Analyse the FPGA logical resources used and their justification. Analyse the internal system delays. 5) Functionality. Software simulation. Behavioural simulation of the different hardware circuits. Simulation of the complete embedded system (hardware + software). Board test of the complete embedded system (hardware + software). All the sections have to work perfectly to obtain the maximum mark. 6) Documentation of the design and FPGA implementation. a. Report. i. Clear structure and order. ii. Clear explanations. iii. Enough explanations to understand the work done. iv. Inclusion of suitable figures. v. Inclusion of relevant data. b. Source design files. i. Enough comments in the VHDL files to explain the sentences used. ii. Enough comments in the assembler files

#### Sources of information

[POZA et AL 12] POZA GONZÁLEZ, F., ÁLVAREZ RUIZ DE OJEDA, L.J., Diseño de sistemas

#### COMPLEMENTARY BIBLIOGRAPHY OF THE SUBJECT:

#### **DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN:**

[ÁLVAREZ 02] ÁLVAREZ RUIZ DE OJEDA, L. Jacobo, MANDADO PÉREZ, E., VALDÉS PEÑA, M.D., *Dispositivos Lógicos Programables y sus aplicaciones*, Editorial Thomson-Paraninfo, 2002.

[BOLTON 90] BOLTON, M., "Digital systems design with programmable logic", Addison-Wesley, 1990.

[SCARPINO 98] SCARPINO, F., "VHDL and AHDL digital system implementation", Prentice Hall, Londres, 1998.

[ALTERA] Dirección de Internet, http://www.altera.com, Altera.

[JENKINS 94] JENKINS, Jesse H., "Designing with FPGAs and CPLDs", Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1994.

[QUICKLOGIC] Dirección de Internet, http://www.quicklogic.com, Quicklogic.

#### MICROPROCESSORS:

[CHU 08] CHU, PONG P., "FPGA prototyping by VHDL examples : Xilinx Spartan-3 version", John Wiley & Sons, Hoboken (New Jersey), 2008.

## VHDL:

## Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus Design and synthesis of digital systems/V05G300V01923

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Programming I/V05G300V01205 Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305

#### **Other comments**

The students will have previously followed the subject Digital Electronics. It gives the necessary knowledge to understand the topics of this course. It is not necessary to have passed it.

Besides, it is recommended that the students have previously followed the subject Physical: Foundations of Electronics and Programming I. They give the necessary knowledge to understand some topics of this course.

| IDENTIFYING DATA       |  |                    |      |            |
|------------------------|--|--------------------|------|------------|
| Radio Freq             | uency Circuits   |                    |      |            |
| Subject                | Radio Frequency  |                    |      |            |
|                        | Circuits   |                    |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01511  |                    |      |            |
| Study                  | (*)Grao en   |                    |      |            |
| programme              | Enxeñaría de   |                    |      |            |
|                        | Tecnoloxías de   |                    |      |            |
|                        | Telecomunicación   |                    |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре               | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6  | Optional           | 3rd  | 1st        |
| Language               | Spanish  |                    |      |            |
| Department             |  |                    |      |            |
| Coordinator            | Isasi de Vicente, Fernando Guillermo   |                    |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Isasi de Vicente, Fernando Guillermo   |                    |      |            |
|                        | Rodríguez Rodríguez, José Luis   |                    |      |            |
| E-mail                 | fisasi@uvigo.es  |                    |      |            |
| Web                    | http://cursos.faitic.uvigo.es/tema1415/claroline   | e/course/index.php |      |            |
| General<br>description | Main radio system circuits are studied. In this matter main characteristics and structure are treated. The evaluation of this circuits is studied too. |                    |      |            |

| Com  | petencies   |                                   |
|------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Code |   | Typology                          |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.  | - Know How<br>- Know be           |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.  | - know<br>- Know How              |
| CG8  | CG8: To know and apply basic elements of economics and human resources management, project organization and planning, as well as the legislation, regulation and standarization in Telecommunications.  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.  | - Know How<br>- Know be           |
| CE24 | CE24/ST4 The ability to select circuits, subsystems and systems of radiofrequency, microwaves, broadcasting, radio link and radio determination.  | - know<br>- Know How              |
| CE25 | 5 CE25/ST5 The ability to select transmission antennas, equipment and systems, propagation of guided and - know<br>non-guided waves, with electromagnetic, radiofrequency and optical media, and their corresponding radio - Know Hc<br>electric spectrum management and frequency designation. |                                   |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.  | - know                            |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.                               | - Know be                         |

| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
|---|-------------|
| Learn to understand subcircuits' specifications and the impact that have such specifications in whole | CG4         |
| system. From these specifications learn to develop a circuit that fulfill them proposing solutions of | CG8         |
| engineering in which prices, terms, availabilities, etc. wich have a paramount importance.            | CG9         |
|   | CE24        |
|   | CE25        |
|   | CT2         |
|   | CT4         |
| earn the effect that each parameter of the specifications of a circuit has in the complete system.    | CG6         |
| earn to analyse the priorities of the parameters in different circumstances.                          | CG4         |
|   | CG6         |
|   | CE24        |
|   | CE25        |
|   | CT2         |
|   | CT4         |

| Contents   |  |
|--|--|
| Торіс  |  |
| Main radiocommunication systems characteristics. | Non linear effects   |
| Use of radiofrequency laboratory equipment.      | Use and understanding of laboratory equipment:<br>Spectrum analyzer<br>Network analyzer<br>Signal source |
| Filtros  | Theorical and practical principles of radiofrequency filters.  |
| Study of amplifiers.                             | Main characteristics<br>Noise in amplifiers  |
| Oscillators                                      | Non linear treatment<br>Oscillators measurement<br>Voltage controlled oscillators (VCO)<br>Phase noise   |
| Mixers   | Basic approach<br>Main mixers structures   |
| Frequency synthesizers                           | Based in PLL.<br>Direct digital synthesis.   |

| Planning   |             |                             |             |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|  | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Introductory activities                                  | 1           | 2.5                         | 3.5         |
| Master Session   | 17          | 42.5                        | 59.5        |
| Practice in computer rooms                               | 2           | 3                           | 5           |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 16.5        | 33                          | 49.5        |
| Jobs and projects  | 1           | 1                           | 2           |
| Short answer tests                                       | 4           | 24                          | 28          |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 0.5         | 2                           | 2.5         |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

# Methodologies

|                            | Description   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Introductory activities    | Student will be guided to study of previous required knowledge using various sources in order to adequate subject study. Student is encouraged to make use of tutorship hours in order to solve more difficult topics.  |
| Master Session             | Lecture at classroom using blackboard and computer about subject theory. Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CG6, CG8, CE24 y CE25 are developed.  |
| Practice in computer rooms | Learning of some EDA (computer design applications) for design and test of radiocommunication systems. Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CG6, CG9, CE24 y CE25 are developed.  |
| Laboratory practises       | Radiocommunication systems measurements. Use of radiocommunication circuit measurement<br>equipment. Basic knowledge about radiofrequency circuits manufacturing.<br>Team work using official standards and specifications. Through this methodology the competencies<br>CG4, CG6, CG9, CE24, CE25, CT2 y CT4. are developed. |

| Personalized attenti       | on  |
|----------------------------|---|
|                            | Description   |
| Laboratory practises       | Practices in computer classroom as in the ones of laboratory and the practical proofs will resolve<br>the doubts on the fly and will warn to the student that can be making some mistake.<br>In the case of the works and projects will attend directly students' on the fly. |
| Practice in computer rooms | Practices in computer classroom as in the ones of laboratory and the practical proofs will resolve<br>the doubts on the fly and will warn to the student that can be making some mistake.<br>In the case of the works and projects will attend directly students' on the fly. |
| Jobs and projects          | Practices in computer classroom as in the ones of laboratory and the practical proofs will resolve<br>the doubts on the fly and will warn to the student that can be making some mistake.<br>In the case of the works and projects will attend directly students' on the fly. |

Practical tests, real task Practices in computer classroom as in the ones of laboratory and the practical proofs will resolve the doubts on the fly and will warn to the student that can be making some mistake. In the case of the works and projects will attend directly students' on the fly.

| Assessment                            | Description   | Qualification | Evelvets d                |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
|                                       | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Master Session                        | Class of blackboard in classroom with occasional support of computer,   | 0             |                           |
| Laboratory practises                  | Questions of the professor and evaluation on the fly of the work  | 10            | CG4                       |
|                                       | of laboratory.  |               | CG6                       |
|                                       |   |               | CE24                      |
|                                       |   |               | CE25                      |
| -                                     | Tests in order to evaluate the correct comprension and ability  | 5             | CG4                       |
| rooms                                 | in use of informatic tools.   |               | CE24                      |
|                                       |   |               | CE25                      |
| Jobs and projects                     | Project to work into a team. A presentation of the results will be  | 20            | CG4                       |
|                                       | done to professor in wich some questions could be asked. The team's member who presents results is chosen by random |               | CG6                       |
|                                       | between all team's members.   |               | CG8                       |
|                                       |   |               | CG9                       |
|                                       |   |               | CE24                      |
|                                       |   |               | CE25                      |
| Short answer tests                    | Examinations written of problems. Three examinations of   | 50            | CG4                       |
|                                       | evaluation continued (5%, 20%, and 25%) and an examination when finishing the course                                |               | CG6                       |
|                                       | (50%) for which do not follow the continuous evaluation or for  |               | CE24                      |
|                                       | which like this prefer it. It considers that a student leaves the continuous  |               | CE25                      |
|                                       | evaluation if it has not presented at least to three of the examinations.   |               |                           |
| Practical tests, real                 | Evaluation of practic work. Results of the necessary calculations   | 15            | CG4                       |
| task execution and /<br>or simulated. | for the development of the practices.   |               | CG6                       |
| or siniulateu.                        |   |               | CG8                       |
|                                       |   |               | CE24                      |
|                                       |   |               | CE25                      |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

So much in the final examination as in the one of July, if a student has not done the practices or the projects of group C, will have to

do a practical examination (30% of the note) and/or a work to agree with the professor regarding the content (20%) and a

theoretical examination of problems in the official date of the examination (50%). So much the practical examination like the one of project

will realise in agreed date with the professor. The practical examinations and of project in the final examinations and July will be able to

do them, in addition to which want to present to the final examination, those that have not approved the practical type B or C.

For the groups C will pose a project to resolve between several students and his solution will expose by one or several

students of the group chosen of random form.

The examinations of problems will treat of the resolution of problems and/or exercises based in the theory explained in the

introductory activities, in the masterclass and in the laboratories.

Except that \*ellja only evaluation, the laboratory is compulsory admitting a percentage of faults of 20%. The practices

are recoverable during the course speaking with the professor to look for a schedule if this is possible.

Like practical proofs will ask to the student that realise similar measures to the ones of the practices and will do him oral questions

to evaluate the degree of understanding of the matter.

If it chooses only evaluation the notes of the examinations of evaluation \*contínua do not have any validity. In case of no

arrive to the approved in continuous evaluation, the student will have to present to the final examination in which it will ask on

all the matter. The notes of groups B and C will keep , however, if the student like this decides it. This decision will have to communicate to the professor before the examination.

| Electrónica de comunicaciones, M. Sierra y otros, 1, Madrid 2003         |  |
|--|--|
| Apuntes de la asignatura, F. Isasi, 1, Vigo 2012                         |  |
| Solid state radio engineering, Kraus, Bostian y Raab, 1, 1980            |  |
| James W. Nilsson, Susan A. Riedel, Circuitos eléctricos, 7, Madrid, 2005 |  |

#### Recommendations Subjects that continue the syllabus

Microwave Circuits/V05G300V01611 Wireless Systems and Networks/V05G300V01615

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305 Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA   |          |      |            |
|------------------------|--|----------|------|------------|
| Radio Com              | nunication Systems   |          |      |            |
| Subject                | Radio<br>Communication   |          |      |            |
|                        | Systems  |          |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01512  |          |      |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |          |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6  | Optional | 3rd  | 1st        |
| Language               | Spanish  |          |      | ·          |
| Department             |  |          |      |            |
| Coordinator            | Rubiños López, José Óscar  |          |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Arias Acuña, Alberto Marcos<br>Rubiños López, José Óscar   |          |      |            |
| E-mail                 | oscar@com.uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| General<br>description | This course is devoted to the study of the<br>antennas, the link budget as well as thos<br>interference. |          |      |            |

#### Competencies Code Typology CG2 CG2: The knowledge, comprehension and ability to apply the needed legislation during the development - Know How of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer profession and aptitude to manage compulsory - Know be specifications, procedures and laws. CG4 CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and - Know How transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical - Know be Telecommunication Engineer activity. CE21 CE21/ST1 The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication networks, services, process - know and applications, considered as systems of receiving, transporting, representation, processing, storage, - Know How management and presentation of multimedia information from the point of view of transmission systems. CE22 CE22/ST2 The ability of applying the basic techniques of telecommunication networks, services and - know applications for mobile and fixed environments, personal, local or long distance, with different bandwidth, - Know How including telephony, radio broadcasting, TV and data, from the point of view of transmission systems. CE25 CE25/ST5 The ability to select transmission antennas, equipment and systems, propagation of guided and - know non-guided waves, with electromagnetic, radiofrequency and optical media, and their corresponding radio - Know How electric spectrum management and frequency designation. CT2 CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development. - Know be

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| Ability to apply the techniques underlying radio communications systems in fixed and mobile        | CG4         |
| communication services in local or long-distance links at different bandwidths.                    | CE22        |
|  | CT2         |
| Ability to understand the concept of systems limited by noise, as well as the types of noise and   | CG2         |
| nterferences.  | CT2         |
| Ability to understand the mechanisms of propagation and how to model the propagation channel.      | CG2         |
|  | CE25        |
| Ability to understand the foundations of antennas.   | CG2         |
| Ability to know and characterize the different types of antennas.                                  | CE25        |
| Ability to understand and specify the foundations of terrestrial and satellite broadcast services. | CG2         |
|  | CE21        |
| Ability to understand the foundations of the radio links.  | CG2         |
|  | CE21        |

| Ability to understand the concept of coverage and to apply it to the radio link and broadcasting services. | CG2<br>CE22<br>CE25<br>CT2 |
|--|----------------------------|
| Ability to analyse the coverage in order to specify the quality of service.                                | CG4<br>CE21<br>CT2         |

| Contents                  |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Торіс                     |   |
| 1. RADIATION FUNDAMENTALS | <ul><li>1.1 Electromagnetic Fundamentals</li><li>1.2 Antenna parameters in transmission</li><li>1.3 Antenna parameters in reception</li><li>1.4 Types of antennas</li></ul> |
| 2. LINK BUDGET            | <ul><li>2.1 Friis transmission equation</li><li>2.2 Propagation losses.</li><li>2.3 Band frequencies.</li></ul>   |
| 3. NOISE                  | <ul><li>3.1 Thermal noise.</li><li>3.2 Noise in antennas.</li><li>3.3 Noise factor and noise-equivalent temperature of a receiver.</li></ul>                                |
| 4. INTERFERENCE           | 3.1 Concept and types of interference<br>3.2 Characterization of interference   |
| 5. AVAILABILITY           | <ul><li>5.1 Concepts of availability, fading and diversity</li><li>5.2 Noise-limited Systems</li><li>5.3 Interference-limited Systems</li></ul>                             |
| 6. RADIOWAVE PROPAGATION  | <ul><li>6.1 Propagation at very low frequencies</li><li>6.2 Surface wave propagation</li><li>6.3 Ionospheric propagation</li><li>6.4 Tropospheric Propagation</li></ul>     |

|                                       | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session                        | 14          | 14                             | 28          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises    | 7           | 7                              | 14          |
| Laboratory practises                  | 5           | 10                             | 15          |
| Autonomous practices through ICT      | 0           | 8                              | 8           |
| Case studies / analysis of situations | 10          | 40                             | 50          |
| Reports / memories of practice        | 0           | 15                             | 15          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises    | 4           | 8                              | 12          |
| Long answer tests and development     | 2           | 6                              | 8           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                         |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
|                                       | Description   |
| Master Session                        | Presentation, by the professor, of the contents of the course (theoretical basis, guidelines for solving exercises/problems or developing a radio communication project). Through this methodology the competencies CG2, CE21, CE22, CE25, CT2 are developed.   |
| Troubleshooting and / or<br>exercises | r Resolution, by the student, of problems and/or exercises related with the course. The student not<br>only has to get the suitable or correct solutions by the application of the theory previously<br>explained but also has to interpret correctly the results. Through this methodology the<br>competencies CG4, CE21, CE22, CE25, CT2 are developed. |
| Laboratory practises                  | Application of knowledge to specific situations and acquisition of basic skills and procedures in the related field. They are developed in laboratories with specialized equipment. Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CE21, CE22, CE25 are developed.  |
| Autonomous practices<br>through ICT   | Application through ICT of the knowledge and the procedural skills that the student has acquired in the course to specific situations. Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CE21, CE22, are developed.  |

Case studies / analysis of situations

Study and analysis of problems based on real events in order to know them, think about them, interpret them, generate hypothesis, constrast data ... and train in the use of different procedures of solution. Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CE21, CE22, CE25, CT2 are developed.

| Personalized attention                |  |               |                           |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| reisonalizeu attention                | Description  |               |                           |
| Master Session                        | In this course, students have the opportunity to attend person<br>published on the website of the course. In addition, they can a<br>Radio Communication field electronically. |               |                           |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises    | In this course, students have the opportunity to attend person<br>published on the website of the course. In addition, they can a<br>Radio Communication field electronically. |               |                           |
| Case studies / analysis of situations | In this course, students have the opportunity to attend person<br>published on the website of the course. In addition, they can a<br>Radio Communication field electronically. |               |                           |
| Laboratory practises                  | In this course, students have the opportunity to attend person<br>published on the website of the course. In addition, they can a<br>Radio Communication field electronically. |               |                           |
| Autonomous practices<br>through ICT   | In this course, students have the opportunity to attend person<br>published on the website of the course. In addition, they can a<br>Radio Communication field electronically. |               |                           |
| Assessment                            |  |               |                           |
|                                       | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|                                       | Technique that consists of monitoring the student, who will be   | 10            | CG2                       |
| situations                            | assessed from his autonomously solving of the proposed tasks (case studies / analysis of situations).  |               | CG4                       |
|                                       |  |               | CE25                      |
|                                       |  |               | CTO                       |

|                          |   |    | CT2  |
|--------------------------|---|----|------|
| Reports / memories of    | Evaluation of:  | 10 | CG4  |
| practice                 | - the preparation and development of the lab practices  |    | CE21 |
|                          | the preparation and development of the lab practices  |    | CE22 |
|                          | - the reports and memories on lab practices   |    | CE25 |
|                          |   |    | CT2  |
| Troubleshooting and / or | Two examinations in which the student has to solve a number   | 40 | CG2  |
| exercises                | of exercises by applying the acquired knowledge in the time<br>and conditions established by the professor. The student can |    | CG4  |
|                          | take them during the course or together with the final<br>examination, depending on the evaluation system chosen.           |    | CE22 |
| Long answer tests and    | Final examination: evaluation of the skills acquired by the   | 40 | CG2  |
| development              | student. He/she has to develop, relate, organise and present the knowledge acquired in the course.                          |    | CG4  |
|                          |   |    | CE22 |
|                          |   |    | CE25 |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

According to the guidelines of the degree, the student can choose between two evaluation systems: continuous assessment or only final examination. Previously to the final examination (or at the entrance of the session), the student will decide the evaluation system. Before permorming each task or delivery, the procedure and dates for the review of the qualifications will be published within a reasonable period of time.

1. The continuous assessment includes a series of tasks performed during the course (70%). They are not recoverable, i.e., if a student can not fulfilled them in the time established, the professor is not bound to repeat them. The obtained qualification will be valid only for the current academic course.

The continuous assessment consists of:

a) two examinations (approximately in the weeks 4 and 9);

b) delivery (in the last weeks of the course) of memories of the lab and autonomous-ICT practices;

c) autonomous tasks (case studies / analysis of situations);

d) the mandatory part of the final examination.

2. FINAL EXAMINATION at the end of the semester: the final examination consists of two parts:

- one part is mandatory for all the students,

- the second one is optional for students who had chosen continuous assessment and mandatory for the rest of students. The students who had chosen continuous assessment can do this part to improve their marks.

#### FORMULA OF QUALIFICATION

E1=score obtained in the mandatory part of the final examination (up to 10 points).

E2=score obtained in the other part of the final examination (up to 10 points).

PM=score obtained in the lab practices (attendance, quality of the reports...) (up to 10 points).

PEC=score obtained in both exams (continous assessment) (up to 10 points).

S=score obtained in the autonomous tasks (case studies / analysis of situations) (up to 10 points).

Continuous evaluation: 0.4 \* E1 + MAX (0,6 \* E2; 0,4 \* PEC + 0,1 \* PM + 0,1 \* S)

No continuous Evaluation: 0,4 \* E1 + 0,6 \* E2

4. RECOVERY IN the JULY SESSION. Previously to the exam (or at the entrance of the session) the students choose the evaluation system. The qualification formulas are the same.

5. STUDENTS PRESENTED AT THE COURSE. A student is considered "presented" if he/she receives the final exam or both exercises of the continuous assessment.

#### Sources of information

Marcos Arias Acuña, Oscar Rubiños López, Radiocomunicación, 1ª, Andavira Editora, 2011 José María Hernando Rábanos, Transmisión por Radio, 7ª, Editorial Universitaria Ramón Areces, 2013 John Griffits, Radio Wave Propagation and Antennas. An Introduction, 1st, Prentice Hall, 1985 Robert E. Collin, Antennas and Radiowave Propagation, 1st, Mc Graw Hill, 1985 Thomas A.Milligan, Modern Antenna Design, 2nd, Wiley, 2005 Angel Cardama, L. Jofre, J.M. Rius, S. Balnch, M. Ferrando, Antenas, 2ª, Ediciones UPC, 2002 Constantine A. Balanis, Antenna Theory. Analysis and design, 3rd, Wiley, 2005 ITU-R, Recommendations, ,

The first three references are considered as basic. The others are complementary bibliography for specific topics.

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Wireless Systems and Networks/V05G300V01615

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Radio Frequency Circuits/V05G300V01511

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303

| multimeul   | Signal Processing  |   |
|---|--|---|
| Subject   | a Signal Processing<br>Multimedia Signal   |   |
| Subject   | Processing   |   |
| Code  | V05G300V01513  |   |
| Study   | (*)Grao en   |   |
| programme   | Enxeñaría de   |   |
|   | Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |   |
| Descriptors   |  | Imester   |
| Descriptors   | 6 Optional 3rd 1st   |   |
| anguage   | Spanish Spanish  |   |
| Department  |  |   |
| •   | Cardenal López, Antonio José   |   |
|   |  |   |
| Lecturers   | Cardenal López, Antonio José   |   |
| E-mail  | cardenal@gts.uvigo.es  |   |
| Web   | http://http://faitic.uvigo.es/   |   |
| General<br>description  | Multimedia signal processing is now a fundamental part of any modern information, communicatio<br>and entertainment system. Once the main Digital Signal Processing concepts and bases have beer<br>in the second year, this course prepares students for the analysis and processing of deterministic a<br>signals, before encoding and transmission of multimedia information.   | n introduced<br>and random  |
|   | In related courses both on this and next academic year, the knowledge acquired shall be applied to audio, image and video signals and systems,.  | o voice,  |
|   | <ul> <li>The main goals of the course are:</li> <li>Analyze digital signal processing schemes.</li> <li>Design digital filters according to prescribed specifications.</li> <li>Analyze and specify the basic parameters of communication subsystems from the point of view of processing.</li> <li>Apply statistical filtering in coding, processing and transmission of multimedia information.</li> </ul>   | of signal   |
|   | <ul> <li>Analyze digital signal processing schemes.</li> <li>Design digital filters according to prescribed specifications.</li> <li>Analyze and specify the basic parameters of communication subsystems from the point of view of processing.</li> </ul>   | Fransform,  |
| Competenc   | <ul> <li>Analyze digital signal processing schemes.</li> <li>Design digital filters according to prescribed specifications.</li> <li>Analyze and specify the basic parameters of communication subsystems from the point of view of processing.</li> <li>Apply statistical filtering in coding, processing and transmission of multimedia information.</li> <li>To help in reaching these goals, the course is divided into four major topics: DFT and Fast Fourier T Fundamentals of statistical signal processing, digital filter characterization and multirate signal processing.</li> </ul>   | Fransform,  |
| Code  | <ul> <li>Analyze digital signal processing schemes.</li> <li>Design digital filters according to prescribed specifications.</li> <li>Analyze and specify the basic parameters of communication subsystems from the point of view of processing.</li> <li>Apply statistical filtering in coding, processing and transmission of multimedia information.</li> <li>To help in reaching these goals, the course is divided into four major topics: DFT and Fast Fourier T Fundamentals of statistical signal processing, digital filter characterization and multirate signal processing.</li> </ul>   | Fransform,  |
|   | <ul> <li>Analyze digital signal processing schemes.</li> <li>Design digital filters according to prescribed specifications.</li> <li>Analyze and specify the basic parameters of communication subsystems from the point of view of processing.</li> <li>Apply statistical filtering in coding, processing and transmission of multimedia information.</li> <li>To help in reaching these goals, the course is divided into four major topics: DFT and Fast Fourier T Fundamentals of statistical signal processing, digital filter characterization and multirate signal processing.</li> </ul>   | Transform,<br>ocessing.<br>Typology<br>- know   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco                         | <ul> <li>Analyze digital signal processing schemes.</li> <li>Design digital filters according to prescribed specifications.</li> <li>Analyze and specify the basic parameters of communication subsystems from the point of view of processing.</li> <li>Apply statistical filtering in coding, processing and transmission of multimedia information.</li> <li>To help in reaching these goals, the course is divided into four major topics: DFT and Fast Fourier T Fundamentals of statistical signal processing, digital filter characterization and multirate signal processing and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new ions</li> <li>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical parameters.</li> </ul>   | Transform,<br>ocessing.<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know be               |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco<br>CE26 CE26/<br>digita | <ul> <li>Analyze digital signal processing schemes.</li> <li>Design digital filters according to prescribed specifications.</li> <li>Analyze and specify the basic parameters of communication subsystems from the point of view of processing.</li> <li>Apply statistical filtering in coding, processing and transmission of multimedia information.</li> <li>To help in reaching these goals, the course is divided into four major topics: DFT and Fast Fourier T Fundamentals of statistical signal processing, digital filter characterization and multirate signal process and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new ions</li> <li>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical promunication Engineer activity.</li> <li>ST6 The ability to analyze, codify, process and transmit multimedia information using analogical and I signal processing techniques.</li> </ul>   | Transform,<br>ocessing.<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco<br>CE26 CE26/<br>digita | <ul> <li>Analyze digital signal processing schemes.</li> <li>Design digital filters according to prescribed specifications.</li> <li>Analyze and specify the basic parameters of communication subsystems from the point of view of processing.</li> <li>Apply statistical filtering in coding, processing and transmission of multimedia information.</li> <li>To help in reaching these goals, the course is divided into four major topics: DFT and Fast Fourier The statistical signal processing, digital filter characterization and multirate signal processing, digital filter characterization and multirate signal processing and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new bods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new ions</li> <li>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical pommunication Engineer activity.</li> <li>ST6 The ability to analyze, codify, process and transmit multimedia information using analogical and professional responsibility of the Technical pommunication Engineer activity.</li> </ul> | Transform,<br>ocessing.<br>Typology<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>d - know   |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| Analyze digital signal processing diagrams.  | CG3         |
|  | CE26        |
| Design digital filters from specifications.  | CG4         |
|  | CE26        |
|  | CT2         |
| Analyze and specify the fundamental parameters of the communication subsystems from the point of | CG4         |
| view of digital signal processing.   | CE26        |

| Contents   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс  |   |
| Practice 1 Fourier Analyses through DFT.               | Linear Filtering using DFT. Effects of the temporal and frequency sampling.<br>Windowing and spectral resolution  |
| Topic 1 Fourier Transform of discrete signals: DFT.    | Formulation and properties of the DFT. Efficient computation of the DFT (FFT). Linear Filtering Methods using DFT.<br>Effects of the time and frequency sampling. Windowing and spectral resolution.              |
| Topic 2 Introduction to Statistical signal processing. | Random signals. Correlation and spectra for stationary signals. Random signals and linear systems. Optimal Linear Filters. Wiener filter. Introduction to adaptive filtering: LMS algorithm. Spectral Estimation. |
| Practice 2 Adaptive Filtering.                         | Wiener Filter. LMS.   |
| Topic 3 Filter Design and implementation.              | Z transform: a review. Implementation of FIR and IIR filters from difference<br>equations. Block Diagramas. Structures for digital filters. FIR and IIR<br>Design.  |
| Practice 3 Digital Filters Design and implementation.  | FIR filters Design. IIR filters Design.Implementation of digital filters.   |
| Topic 4 Multirate signal processing.                   | Decimation and Interpolation. Spectral interpretation of interpolation and decimatio. FIR Filter Structures Based on Polyphase Decomposition. Filter Banks.   |
| Practice 4 Multirate signal processing.                | Decimation and Interpolation. Polyphase Filter Banks.   |

| Planning                          |             |                                |             |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
|                                   | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
| Laboratory practises              | 12          | 24                             | 36          |
| Tutored works                     | 7           | 35                             | 42          |
| Master Session                    | 21          | 42                             | 63          |
| Long answer tests and development | 2           | 7                              | 9           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies        |  |
|----------------------|--|
|                      | Description  |
| Laboratory practises | Application of MatLaB commands and functions to digital signal processing practical exercises.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CE26, CT2 and CT3. are developed.   |
| Tutored works        | Group work on a project centered in a practical application of signal processing. Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CE26, CT2 and CT3 are developed.   |
| Master Session       | Presentation of main topics in class. Multimedia material will be made available in faitic before classes take place. Personal study. Support from the instructors through tutorial help. Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE26, CT2 and CT3. are developed. |

|                         | Description   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Master Session          | The students will have access to tutorial hours as scheduled by the Telecommunication school at the beginning of the Fall semester. Any question related to the master sessions, the laboratory drills or the work being carried out in the projects can be raised by the students. |
| Laboratory<br>practises | The students will have access to tutorial hours as scheduled by the Telecommunication school at the beginning of the Fall semester. Any question related to the master sessions, the laboratory drills or the work being carried out in the projects can be raised by the students. |
| Tutored works           | The students will have access to tutorial hours as scheduled by the Telecommunication school at the beginning of the Fall semester. Any question related to the master sessions, the laboratory drills or the work being carried out in the projects can be raised by the students. |

| Assessment |             |                                      |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
|            | Description | Qualification Evaluated Competencess |

. . . . . . . . .

| Master Session          | Written exam encompassing all the material exposed in the classroom and laboratory .                               | 40 | CG3<br>CG4        |
|-------------------------|--|----|-------------------|
| Laboratory<br>practises | Individual drills related with the laboratory content. Will be taken in laboratory time, and will last 30 minutes. | 40 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CT3 |
| Tutored works           | Projects to be carried out in groups. Different gradings according to levels of participation.                     | 20 | CE26<br>CT2       |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

#### Evaluation

Following the guidelines of the degree, students shall be offered two evaluation systems: continuous evaluation or evaluation at the end of the semester.

- Continuous evaluation.
- Evaluation at the end of the semester.
- Recovery in the month of June-July.

#### CONTINUOUS EVALUATION

The continuous evaluation of the course will consist in:

- Four 30-minutes drills related with the laboratory work, that will account for 40% of the final grade.
- One project to be carried out in group that will account for 20% of the final grade.
- A written exam encompassing all the material exposed in the classroom and laboratory. Will take place in the dates scheduled by the School. The exam shall help in gauging the level of understanding of the four course topics. The exam will feature exercises and questions to be answered in two hours. Students may bring to the exam books, laboratory and classroom notes, and any other materials downloaded from faitic. The exam will account for 40% of the final grade.

The final qualification of the student will be computed as a weighted sum (40%, 20% and 40%, respectively) of the qualifications of laboratory, group project and final exam. However, in order to pass the course, the grade of the final exam must not lie below 25 out of 100 points.

The contents and weights of each continuous evaluation exercises are the following:

• Laboratory drill 1 (10 %):

Fourier Analysis through DFT: will take place in the fourth week of the course.

• Laboratory drill 2 (10 %)

Adaptive filtering: will take place in the sixth week of the course.

• Laboratory drill 3 (10 %):

Design and implementation of FIR and IIR filters: will take place in the tenth week of the course.

• Laboratory drill 4 (10 %):

Multirate Filter Banks: will take place in the thirteenth week of the course.

• Project: (20%) practical application of concepts mastered in the course. Oral presentations shall take place in the fourteenth week of the course.

#### EVALUATION AT THE END OF THE SEMESTER

Should a student decide not to be graded through continuous evaluation, she will have a written examination opportunity that will take place the same day of the final exam for all the students. Before taking the exam though, the student shall sign a form in which he states his decision to dispense with continuous evaluation.

This written exam will last three hours and will be composed of 5 exercises encompassing all the material mastered in the classroom, laboratory, and tutorial sessions, under the same conditions specified for the students that take the final exam at the end of the continuous evaluation process.

#### **Grading Periods**

First opportunity to pass the course (December)

If the student passes the course in this period, her grade will be final and will be recorded in her academic file.

If the student does not pass the course, a provisional fail shall be posted in his academic file.

Second opportunity to pass the course (June-July)

In June-July only the written exams shall be offered. If a student wants to dispense with continuous evaluation in this period, he will be able to take the final exam reserved for those cases. Before taking the exam though, the student shall sign a form in which he he states his decision to dispense with continuous evaluation.

The provisional fails will become definitive should the student not take any of the written exams in this second period.

#### Sources of information

John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis. , Tratamiento Digital de Señales, Prentice Hall, 2007 Sanjit K. Mitra. , Digital Signal Processing: A Computer Based Approach. , Ed. McGraw-Hill , 2001 Alan V. Oppenheim, Ronald W. Schafer, Discrete-Time Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, 1999

Besides, for each topic the student will have available in the multimedia platform faitic all the material used in the presentations and laboratory work.

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA   |                          |                    |                       |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Data Acqui             | Data Acquisition Systems   |                          |                    |                       |
| Subject                | Data Acquisition<br>Systems                                      |                          |                    |                       |
| Code                   | V05G300V01521  |                          |                    |                       |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación |                          |                    |                       |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре                     | Year               | Quadmester            |
|                        | 6  | Optional                 | 3rd                | 2nd                   |
| Language               | Spanish  | ·                        |                    | ·                     |
| Department             |  |                          |                    |                       |
| Coordinator            | Río Vázquez, Alfredo del   |                          |                    |                       |
| Lecturers              | Río Vázquez, Alfredo del   |                          |                    |                       |
| E-mail                 | ario@uvigo.es  |                          |                    |                       |
| Web                    | http://webs.uvigo.es/ario/docencia/sad/sad.ht                    | m                        |                    |                       |
| General<br>description | This subject is about acquisition data, includin                 | g instrumention amplifie | ers, analog switch | nes, S&H and converte |

| Competencies   |                        |
|--|------------------------|
| Code   | Typology               |
| CE43 (CE43/SE5): The ability to design analogical and digital electronics circuits of analogical to digital conversion and vice versa, of radiofrequency, of feeding and electrical energy conversion for computing and telecommunication engineering. | - know<br>- Know How   |
| CE45 (CE45/SE7): The ability to design interface, data capturing and storage devices, and terminals for service<br>and telecommunication systems.  | s - know<br>- Know How |
| Learning outcomes  |                        |
| Learning outcomes Com  | petences               |
| Knowledge of instrumentation amplifiers, and control about its use.  | }                      |

|  | CE45         |
|--|--------------|
| Knowledge of the different types of electronic analogue switches and the control of applications.      | CE43<br>CE45 |
| Knowledge of Sample&Hold circuits and their applications in data acquisition.                          | CE43<br>CE45 |
| Knowledge of the operation of different DAC and ADC converters, and the control of their applications. | CE43<br>CE45 |
| Knowledge about data storage and the control of their applications.                                    | CE43<br>CE45 |
| Knowledge of the design of data acquisition using the previous elements.                               | CE43<br>CE45 |

| Contents                  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Торіс                     |  |  |
| Analogue signals adaption | Analog multiplexers                                  |  |
|                           | Digitally controlled amplifiers an basic attenuators |  |
| Galvanic isolation        | Inductive isolation                                  |  |
|                           | Capacitive isolation                                 |  |
|                           | Optical isolation                                    |  |
| Sample and hold           | Sample and hold circuits                             |  |
|                           | Anti-alias filters                                   |  |

| DACs I     | DAC based on a multiplexer and a linear resistive network                 |
|------------|---|
|            | Digital potentiometers  |
|            | Switching DAC with weighting resistors                                    |
| DACs II    | Unipolar DAC with an R/2R network, in current mode.                       |
|            | Unipolar DAC with an R/2R network, in voltage mode.                       |
| DACs III   | Bipolar DACs.   |
|            | Indirect operation DACs.  |
| ADCs I     | Flash ADC.<br>Half-flash ADC (sub-ranging)                                |
| ADCs II    | Single-slope analogue ADC.  |
|            | Dual-slope analogue ADC.  |
|            | ADC based on successive aproximation register (SAR).                      |
| ADCs III   | ADC based on a voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) and a frequency-meter. |
|            | ADC based on sigma-delta.   |
| ADCs IV    | ADC based on switching capacitors.  |
|            | Other applications based on switching capacitors.                         |
| Lab work 1 | The instrumentation amplifier. Analogue multiplexer.                      |
| Lab work 2 | Galvanic isolation amplifier. Optical coupler.                            |
| Lab work 3 | Anti-alias filter. Sample and hold circuits.                              |
| Lab work 4 | DACs based on R/2R network. Voltage mode. Current mode.                   |
| Lab work 5 | Dual-slope ADC. Operational in bipolar mode.                              |
| Lab work 6 | ADC using successive aproximation register (SAR). SAR based on software.  |

| Planning   |             |                             |             |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|  | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 4           | 22.5                        | 26.5        |
| Tutored works  | 7           | 20                          | 27          |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 12          | 38                          | 50          |
| Master Session   | 15          | 27.5                        | 42.5        |
| Short answer tests                                       | 0.5         | 0                           | 0.5         |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 1           | 0                           | 1           |
| Short answer tests                                       | 0.5         | 0                           | 0.5         |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 1           | 0                           | 1           |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 1           | 0                           | 1           |
|  |             |                             |             |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

# Methodologies

|                                   | Description   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Troubleshooting and / o exercises | or The lecturer will solve some exercises related to the subject.<br>Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be addressed in these sessions.        |
| Tutored works                     | The lecturer will lead the students in a data acquisition system design.<br>Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be addressed in these sessions. |
| Laboratory practises              | Simulations and real assembled circuits will be tested.<br>Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be addressed in these sessions.                  |
| Master Session                    | The lecturer will show some theoretical contents related to the subject.<br>Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be addressed in these sessions. |
|                                   |   |

# Personalized attention Description

| Master Session                     | Students are permitted to interrupt the session in order to ask the lecturer for some doubt related to the session. The students can go to the lecturer's office. Office hours will be scheduled. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Students are permitted to interrupt the session in order to ask the lecturer for some doubt related to the session. The students can go to the lecturer's office. Office hours will be scheduled. |
| Tutored works                      | Students are permitted to interrupt the session in order to ask the lecturer for some doubt related to the session. The students can go to the lecturer's office. Office hours will be scheduled. |
| Laboratory practises               | Students are permitted to interrupt the session in order to ask the lecturer for some doubt related to the session. The students can go to the lecturer's office. Office hours will be scheduled. |

#### Assessment

|                               | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Tutored works                 | Every student has to write a document related to the                            | 10            | CE43                      |
|                               | asigned work.<br>Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be assessed in<br>these works. |               | CE45                      |
| Short answer tests            | First short answer test, in the classroom.                                      | 15            | CE43                      |
|                               | Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be assessed in<br>these tests.                  |               | CE45                      |
| Troubleshooting and / or      | First exercise test, in the classroom.  | 15            | CE43                      |
| exercises                     | Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be assessed in<br>this test.                    |               | CE45                      |
| Short answer tests            | Second short answer test.   | 15            | CE43                      |
|                               | Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be assessed in this test.                       |               | CE45                      |
| Troubleshooting and / or      | Second exercise test.   | 15            | CE43                      |
| exercises                     | Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be assessed in<br>this test.                    |               | CE45                      |
| Practical tests, real task    | Laboratory-work exam based on simulations and real                              | 30            | CE43                      |
| execution and / or simulated. | circuits.<br>Competencies CE43 and CE45 will be assessed in this test.          |               | CE45                      |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

NOTE: The timing of the partial exams might suffer some changes, due to time restrictions. The exact timing will be indicated along the course.

#### CONTINUOUS EVALUATION OPTION:

The subject is evaluated in a continue way, by mean of two partial exams. These exams treat the theoretical aspects. In addition, there is an exam for the lab-work.

This first partial includes themes from one to five. The second partial exam includes themes from six to ten. The weight of both partials is a 60% from the total mark.

The two partials take place in the classroom, within the class time. These partials are approximately 90 minutes long. The first 30 minutes will be dedicated to an exam with short answers. The rest 60 minutes will be dedicated to an exam with long answers.

Inside each partial, the 90 minutes exam and the 30 minutes exam have the same weight.

In order to pass a partial exam (the first or the second), the student is required to obtain at least a mark of 5 over 10.

The student that passes only one partial will only have to try the other one at the final exam option.

The lab-work is evaluated using a unique exam, in the laboratory. The weight is 30%.

Tutored works are assessed using a report that every student should be done. The weight is 10%.

When a student attends the first partial, he or she accepts to follow the continuous assessment. Students that do not attend to the first partial will be assessed by means of a final exam.

The mark that a student obtains in the lab-work is maintained until July, except if the student does not want. In this case, the student will have to do partials and lab exams in July.

In order to pass the subject, once partials have been passed, the student has to obtain a global mark (GM) of at least 5 points in ten. The global mark is calculated following the next formula:

#### GM = 0.6 \* TM + 0.3\*LM + 0.1\*RM

where

TM = Mean value of the partial marks; LM = lab mark; RM = report mark

The first partial is preview to take place in the sixth week. The second partial will take place in the last week.

The lab exam will take place in the lab, the day of the last lab session.

#### FINAL EXAM OPTION:

The students that do not follow the continuous assessment will be assessed by means of a final exam. The exam will consist of three parts: the first part of the themes 1 to 5, the second part of the themes 6 to 10 and the third part of lab-work in the laboratory.

In order to pass the subject, the student has to obtain a mark of at least 5 points over ten for the first and second parts. In this case, the global mark (GM) is calculated following the next formulae:

#### GM = 0.6 \* TM + 0.4 \* LM

where:

TM = Average mark of the first and second part of the exam; LM = lab mark

If the student does not obtain a mark of at least 5 in the first part or in the second part, the global mark would be the least mark between 4 or the GM taken from the early formulae.

#### IMPORTANT:

If a student did not enter the continuous assessment mode but is interested in participate in the final exam, he or she should talk with the professor at least two weeks before the day of the exam. Contact can be by e-mail. This way, the organization of the lab-work exam will be simpler.

#### **RECOVERY EXAM**

The recovery exam (June-July) shares the same structure than the final exam.

#### Sources of information

Paul Horowitz y Winfield Hill, The Art of Electronics, Cambridge Univ. Press., 1989

Sergio Franco, Design with Operational Amplifiers and Analog Integrated Circuits, WCB/McGraw-Hill, 2002

Franco Maloberti, Data Converters, ISBN 978-0-387-32485-2, 2007

Analog Devices Library, hhtp;//www.analog.com/library/analogDialogue/archives/43-09/EDCh%206%20Converter.pdf, Capitulos 6.1,6.2,6.3,

#### Recommendations

# Subjects that continue the syllabus

Analogue Electronics/V05G300V01624

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Analogue Electronics/V05G300V01624

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401

#### **Other comments**

I recommend the students to search the web for information about this subject. Electronic devices factories show interesting information. Many universities around the world hung interesting notes in the Internet. And many of them for free.

| Electronic Systems for Signal Processing |   |   |                                      |  |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Subject                                  | Electronic Systems<br>for Signal<br>Processing  |   |                                      |  |
| Code                                     | V05G300V01522   |   |                                      |  |
| Study<br>programme                       | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |   |                                      |  |
| Descriptors                              | ECTS Credits  | Туре  | Year                                 | Quadmester                                 |
|  | 6   | Optional  | 3rd                                  | 1st  |
| Language                                 | Spanish<br>Galician   |   |                                      |  |
| Department                               |   |   |                                      |  |
| Coordinator                              | Valdés Peña, María Dolores  |   |                                      |  |
| Lecturers                                | Valdés Peña, María Dolores  |   |                                      |  |
| E-mail                                   | mvaldes@uvigo.es  |   |                                      |  |
| Web                                      | http://www.faitic.uvigo.es  |   |                                      |  |
| General<br>description                   | This course introduces the basic concept<br>hardware implementation. Emphasis is<br>and hardware supports. The nature of the<br>collaborative projects whose ultimate get | put on FPGAs-based solutions,<br>he course is mainly practical. I | using profession<br>t enhances the d | nal software design tools<br>evelopment of |

| Code |   | Typology             |
|------|---|----------------------|
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.              | - know<br>- Know How |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CG13 | CG13 The ability to use software tools that support problem solving in engineering.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE39 | (CE39/SE1): The ability to construct, exploit and manage the receiving, transporting, representation, processing, storage, manage and presentation multimedia information from the electronic systems point of view.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE45 | (CE45/SE7): The ability to design interface, data capturing and storage devices, and terminals for services and telecommunication systems.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.  | - know               |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights. | - know<br>- Know How |

Learning outcomes Learning outcomes Competences Understand the fundamental design principles of the signal processing hardware systems. CG6 CG13 CE39 CE45 Ability to decide different design strategies depending on the application. CG4 CE39 CE45 CT2 Ability to choice the most suitable hardware architecture for each application. CG4 CG6 CE39 CE45

| Ability to design basic circuits for audio and image processing.                                       | CG4<br>CG6<br>CG9<br>CG13<br>CE39<br>CE45<br>CT4 |
|--|--|
| Acquire skills in the use of design, simulation and implementation tools of signal processing systems. | CG13<br>CE39<br>CE45                             |
| Acquire skills to verify the proper operation of complex hardware systems.                             | CG6<br>CG13<br>CE39<br>CE45                      |
| Acquire skills to combine different software tools and hardware platforms.                             | CG13<br>CE39<br>CE45                             |
| Ability to document hardware design projects.  | CG4<br>CG9<br>CT4                                |

| Contents  |   |
|---|---|
| Торіс   |   |
| Theory: Theme 1. Introduction   | - Basic architecture of electronic signal processing systems: signal conditioning, sampling, conversion, and reconstruction.  |
| Theory: Theme 2. Types of signal processing                             | -Different hardware and software solutions: DSP and FPGAs.<br>-Processing forms: Serial/Parallel, Hardware/Software.<br>-Hardware cost of regular signal processing circuits. Logical resources<br>used. Processing rate.   |
| Theory: Theme 3. Arithmetic in DSP                                      | -Data types.<br>-Data modification: quantification and overflow.<br>-Arithmetic operations and associated circuits.<br>-Associated concepts: critical path, pipeline and latency.   |
| Theory: Theme 4. Siignal conditioning and sampling                      | <ul> <li>Example of a real system for signal conditioning and sampling using a<br/>FPGA-based development board.</li> </ul>   |
| Theory: Theme 5. Design and Implementation of Digital Filters           | <ul> <li>Implementation of digital filters in FPGA.</li> <li>Analysis of full parallel and semi-parallel solutions: hardware costs,<br/>operation rates.</li> </ul>   |
| Theory: Theme 6. Design of image processing systems                     | <ul> <li>Examples of basic image processing systems.</li> <li>Analysis of hardware resources required.</li> <li>Implementation and performance analysis.</li> </ul>   |
| Theory: Theme 7. Design of audio processing systems                     | <ul> <li>Examples of audio processing systems.</li> <li>Analysis of required hardware resources.</li> <li>Implementation and performance analysis.</li> </ul>   |
| Theory: Theme 8. Design of signal processing systems for communications | <ul> <li>Examples of signal processing systems for communication applications.</li> <li>Implementation and performance analysis.</li> </ul>   |
| Labs: Design of basic signal processing systems.                        | <ul> <li>Design, implementation and verification of basic signal processing<br/>systems described using VHDL: digital filters, communication applications,<br/>image processing, audio processing.</li> <li>Using the ISE design tool from Xilinx and MATLAB from MathWorks.</li> </ul> |

|                      | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Laboratory practises | 12          | 24                             | 36          |
| Projects             | 12          | 60                             | 72          |
| Master Session       | 14          | 14                             | 28          |
| Short answer tests   | 2           | 4                              | 6           |
| Jobs and projects    | 2           | 6                              | 8           |

ine mormation in the pla mmy 15 10 yu luance υι IIICO a ccount the neterogeneity e

Methodologies

|                      | Description   |
|----------------------|---|
| Laboratory practises | Basic signal processing systems will be implemented using FPGAs.  |
|                      | CG6, CG9, CE39, CE45 and CG13 competencies will be worked on.   |
| Projects             | Working groups of two or three students will be established. Each group will develop two projects<br>along the course. These projects will address the design of signal processing systems of low and<br>medium complexity, respectively. The implementation of the projects will be mainly in laboratory<br>hours (hours type B).<br>Additionally, small groups (Groups Type C) will be available allowing monitoring the projects to be<br>developed in the course. Activities to be developed in groups C: |
|                      | Activity 1.<br>Description, analysis and discussion of the systems designed in the first project of the course.<br>Presentation of results. Duscussion of design alternatives.  |
|                      | Activity 2.<br>Analysis and monitoring of the proposed solution for the second project.   |
|                      | Activity 3.<br>Demonstration of the behavior of systems designed in the second project. Analysis and discussion of results.   |
|                      | CG6, CG9, CE39, C345, CG13, CT2, CG4 and CT4 competencies will be worked on.  |
| Master Session       | The theoretical content of the course will be presented by the teacher.   |
|                      | CG6, CE39 and CE45 competencies will be worked on.  |

| Personalize             | Description   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Master<br>Session       | The teacher will personally attend student's doubts and queries related to theoretical contents, laboratory practices and projects. Students will have the opportunity to attend to individual or group tutorials, which will be held at the teacher's office following the schedule to be established at the beginning of the course, to be published at the course's website. |
| Laboratory<br>practises | The teacher will personally attend student's doubts and queries related to theoretical contents, laboratory practices and projects. Students will have the opportunity to attend to individual or group tutorials, which will be held at the teacher's office following the schedule to be established at the beginning of the course, to be published at the course's website. |
| Projects                | The teacher will personally attend student's doubts and queries related to theoretical contents, laboratory practices and projects. Students will have the opportunity to attend to individual or group tutorials, which will be held at the teacher's office following the schedule to be established at the beginning of the course, to be published at the course's website. |

| Assessment               |  |               |                           |  |
|--------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|--|
|                          | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |  |
| Short<br>answer<br>tests | There will be a short-answer test on the theoretical issues of the course.<br>More information is provided in the "Other Comments" section below.  | 20            | CE39<br>CE45              |  |
|                          | This test will assess competencies CE39 and CE45.  |               |                           |  |
| Jobs and<br>projects     | There will be two projects during the course. In the first project the student will design a basic signal processing system. The weight of this assessment is 35% of the total grade for the course. The second project will involve the | 80            | CG4                       |  |
|                          |  |               | CG6                       |  |
|                          | design of a signal processing system of medium complexity and its  |               | CG9                       |  |
|                          | evaluation will be a 45% of the final grade. More information is provided in<br>the "Other Comments" section that follows.<br>These projects will assess competencies CG4, CG6, CG9, CG13, CE39,<br>CE45, CT2 and CT4.                   |               | CG13                      |  |
|                          |  |               | CE39                      |  |
|                          |  |               | CE45                      |  |
|                          |  |               | CT2                       |  |
|                          |  |               | CT4                       |  |

# Other comments and July evaluation

According to the guidelines for the degree programme , two evaluation systems will be offered to students: continuous assessment and a final exam.

#### 1.- Continuous assessment

The evaluation of the course is done through continuous assessment, which consists of a theory test and the delivery of two theoretical-practical works (projects). However, the realization of a final test is also included as an alternative.

The theoretical examination will include the contents of the first three temes of the course and will take place during lecture hours (Type A hours). The weight of this examination will be 2 points out of 10.

The first theoretical-practical work will include themes 1 to 5. It will consist of the design of a basic signal processing sysem. This work will be conducted in laboratory hours (Type B hours) in groups of two or three students. As a result of the work a descriptive report of the designed system must be delivered and the results discussed later. The weight of this assessment is 3.5 points out of 10.

The second theoretical-practical work will include themes 6 to 8. This work will be conducted in laboratory hours (Type B hours) in groups of two or three students. The weight of this assessment is 4.5 points out of 10.

The final grade for the course will be the sum of the three assessments. To pass the course a student must meet the following conditions:

- Get at least 5 out of 10 in the overall evaluation.

- Get at least 40% of the maximum score for each of the evaluation activities.

Students who fail any of the assessments shall be submitted to the corresponding final exam. Similarly, students who want to improve the grade obtained in any of the assessments may be submitted to final exam.

In the case a student fails to obtain at least 40% of the maximum score in any of the assessment activities, but has above the minimum of 5 out of 10 in the overall assessment, the student will be considered suspended and the note 4.5 will appear in the minutes.

It is understood that the student chooses continuous assessment if he/she conducts the first theoretical-practical work, and since then will be considered submitted to this evaluation alternative.

#### 2.- Assessment by final exam.

The final exam will consist of the same evaluative activities covered by continuous assessment. This means that on the date scheduled for the final exam students who have not opted for the continuous assessment should make the theoretical examination of the themes 1 to 3 of the course and deliver the reports of both theoretical-practical works equivalent to that performed by continuous assessment. The theoretical-practical works will be discussed in the week following delivery.

As noted above, those students who have opted for continuous assessment and not passed any assessment activities or want to improve their grade may also pass a final exam only with the theme (or themes) to be considered. In this case the grade will be the highest between the final examination and continuous assessment.

#### 3.- Second call (July)

The second call assessment exam will be similar to the final examination described in item 2 above.

#### Sources of information

U. Meyer-Baese, Digital signal processing with Field Programmable Gate Arrays, 3th ed., 2007

James H. McClellan, Ronald W. Schafer, Mark A. Yoder, Signal processing first, , 2003

John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, Digital signal processing, 4th ed., 2007

XUP, University of Strathclyde and Steepest Ascent, DSP for FPGA Primer, , 2011

John G. Proakis, Tratamiento digital de señales : principios, algoritmos y aplicaciones, 4ª ed., 2007

#### Recommendations

# Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Programmable Electronic Circuits/V05G300V01502

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304

| IDENTIFYI              | NG DATA  |  |                      |
|------------------------|--|--|----------------------|
| Engineerin             | ig of Electronic Equipment   |  |                      |
| Subject                | Engineering of   |  |                      |
|                        | Electronic   |  |                      |
|                        | Equipment  |  |                      |
| Code                   | V05G300V01523  |  |                      |
| Study                  | (*)Grao en   |  |                      |
| programme              | Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de   |  |                      |
|                        | Telecomunicación   |  |                      |
| Descriptors            |  | Year   | Quadmester           |
|                        | 6 Optional   | 3rd  |                      |
| Language               | Spanish  | 510  |                      |
| Department             |  |  |                      |
|                        | Marcos Acevedo, Jorge  |  |                      |
| Lecturers              | Marcos Acevedo, Jorge  |  |                      |
|                        | Sánchez Real, Francisco Javier   |  |                      |
| E-mail                 | acevedo@uvigo.es   |  |                      |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es/  |  |                      |
| General<br>description | This course shows students the basics concepts about RAMS (Reliabil<br>Safety) of electronic components and electronic systems, as well as to<br>type or design a system that meets specifications RAMS. the basics co<br>electromagnetic interference and their minimization are also discusse  | echniques to follow for<br>oncepts about the sou | a study of this      |
| Competen               | cies   |  | T us also us         |
| Code                   |  | · .· <u>-</u> · ·                                | Typology             |
| accor                  | The ability to write, develop and sign projects in the field of Telecommu<br>ding to the knowledge acquired as considered in section 5 of this Law, to<br>opment or operation of networks, services and applications of Telecommunications of the section of | the conception and                               | - Know Hov<br>onics. |
| of the                 | The knowledge, comprehension and ability to apply the needed legislat<br>Technical Telecommunication Engineer profession and aptitude to mai<br>fications, procedures and laws.  |  | oment - know         |
| CG6 CG6:               | The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws   | 5.   | - Know Hov           |
|                        | To know and apply basic elements of economics and human resources  |  | - know               |
|                        | nization and planning, as well as the legislation, regulation and standariz  |  |                      |
| in wri                 | The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage enviro<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with T<br>ronics.   |  |                      |
| syste                  | L/SE3):The ability to make the specification, implementation, document<br>ms and equipment ( both instrumentation and control oriented), consid<br>ical aspects and the regulations.   |  |                      |
| CE47 (CE47             | 7/SE9): The ability to analyze and solve interference and electromagnet  | ic compatibility proble                          | ms Know Hov          |
| CT4 CT4 E<br>respo     | ncourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization<br>nsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which<br>ity, peace and respect for fundamental rights.  | n, planning and accept                           | ance of - Know be    |
| Learning o             | outcomes   |  |                      |
| Learning ou            |  |  | Competences          |
|                        | of the applicable standards in the design of electronic systems  |  | CG2                  |
|                        |  |  | CE41                 |
| Ability for th         | ne specification of components and electronic systems  |  | CE41<br>CE47         |
| Knowledge              | and application of techniques to meet EMC standards  |  | CE47                 |
| Knowledge              | of techniques and tools for the design and manufacture of an electronic  | system based on                                  | CG2                  |
|                        | ty specifications  |  | CG6<br>CG8           |
| Ability to de          | sign, implement and manage a dependability system  |  | CG1                  |
|                        | anage the knowledge of the organization  |  | CG9                  |
| , which to the         |  |  | CT4                  |

CT4

# Contents

| Торіс  |  |
|--|--|
| Item 1: Introduction                         | Definitions. Reliability Basics. RAMS Technologies. Statistical functions.<br>Reliability Management.  |
| Item 2: Reliability of electronic components | Definitions. Parameters (Failure rate, MTBF, MTTF). Reliability prediction of electronic components. Regulations.  |
| Item 3: Reliability of electronic systems    | Serie systems. Redundant systems. Reliability allocation. Redundancy optimitation. Srtandards.   |
| Item 4: Maintainability and Availability     | Definitions and types of maintenance. Parameters (Repair rate, MTTR).<br>Stocks management. Availability of series and parallel systems.<br>Regulations. |
| Item 5: Safety                               | Definitions. Electronic systems for safety applications. Safety level or safety category determination for safety electronic systems. Standards.         |
| Item 6: Reliability tools                    | Failure mode effects analysis and criticalities (FMECA). Fault Tree (FTA).<br>Markov Models. Standards.  |
| Item 7: Essays                               | Types and test plans. Accelerated tests. Standards.  |
| Item 8: Electromagnetic Interferences        | Definitions. Fundamentals of electromagnetic interferences. Sources of interference. Minimization elements. Standards.                                   |
| Item 9: Dependability management I           | Improvement and quality insurance. Management of assets: ISO 55000.  |
| Item 10: Dependability management II         | Management by competencies. RRHH strategic management .<br>Management of the knowledge.  |

| Planning                              |             |                                |             |  |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--|
|                                       | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises    | 6           | 12                             | 18          |  |
| Laboratory practises                  | 8           | 0                              | 8           |  |
| Tutored works                         | 0           | 60                             | 60          |  |
| Case studies / analysis of situations | 7           | 0                              | 7           |  |
| Master Session                        | 21          | 36                             | 57          |  |

The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                         |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
|                                       | Description   |
| Troubleshooting and / o exercises     | r Teaching activities with problems develop, case studies and exercises related to the subject. Also it be used to show existing doubts and also for feedback to teachers.  |
|                                       | Competencies CG1, CG2, CG6, CE47 and CE41 are used  |
| Laboratory practises                  | The students learn how to perform reliability calculations by using specific software for this application.   |
|                                       | Competencies CG2, CE41 and CT4 are used   |
| Tutored works                         | Sspecific workbs that are related to the content of the subject and in partnership with a company or outside entity. Whenever possible, the student will develop two jobs one of them in collaboration with AENOR and another in collaboration with a company's environment.  |
|                                       | Competencies CG6, CG8, CG9, CE41, CE47 and CT4 are used   |
| Case studies / analysis of situations | The groups are conducted with a small number of students and are used for the development of group work and learning methodologies teamwork.  |
|                                       | Competencies CG1, CG2 and CE41 are used   |
| Master Session                        | It will develop in the schedules fixed by the direction of the engineering school. It consist of a presentation by the teacher, of the contents of the subject. Also proceed to solving examples and / or problems that illustrate the problems to be solved adequately. The student may submit all doubts and questions deemed appropriate, during the session. We will promote the more active participation of the student possible. |
|                                       | Competencies CG1, CG2, CG6, CG8, CG9, CE41, CE42, CE47 and CT4 are used   |
| Demonstration of a strength           |   |
| Personalized attentio                 |   |
| Descri                                | ואיזיין   |

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| Master Session                              | The teacher will personally attend doubts and queries of students, on the study of theoretical, laboratory or projects. Students will have opportunity to attend individual tutorials or in groups in the teacher's office on schedule to be established for this purpose at the beginning of the course and to be published on the page of the subject |
|---|---|
| Laboratory<br>practises                     | The teacher will personally attend doubts and queries of students, on the study of theoretical, laboratory or projects. Students will have opportunity to attend individual tutorials or in groups in the teacher's office on schedule to be established for this purpose at the beginning of the course and to be published on the page of the subject |
| Tutored works                               | The teacher will personally attend doubts and queries of students, on the study of theoretical, laboratory or projects. Students will have opportunity to attend individual tutorials or in groups in the teacher's office on schedule to be established for this purpose at the beginning of the course and to be published on the page of the subject |
| Case studies /<br>analysis of<br>situations | The teacher will personally attend doubts and queries of students, on the study of theoretical, laboratory or projects. Students will have opportunity to attend individual tutorials or in groups in the teacher's office on schedule to be established for this purpose at the beginning of the course and to be published on the page of the subject |

| Assessment            |  |                  |                     |
|-----------------------|--|------------------|---------------------|
|                       | Description  | Qualification Ev | aluated Competences |
| Troubleshooting and / | Deliverables, problems and exercises will be assess.   | 40               | CG1                 |
| or exercises          |  |                  | CG2                 |
|                       |  |                  | CG6                 |
|                       |  |                  | CE41                |
|                       |  |                  | CE47                |
| Tutored works         | They will evaluate the contents (methodology of  | 60               | CG6                 |
|                       | development, conclusions obtained, exhibition of results,<br>capacity of work in team,         |                  | CG8                 |
|                       | capacity of work in multidisciplinary team) in the work in                                     |                  | CG9                 |
|                       | collaboration with the company. Also will take into accour                                     |                  | CE41                |
|                       | the opinion of the tutor in the company. The other work in collaboration with AENOR will value |                  | CE47                |
|                       | the quality of the work realised and the capacity of work in team.                             |                  | CT4                 |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

The deliverables of the troubles and exercises are provide for guidance, for weeks 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10.

Following the guidelines for the degree and agreements of the academic committee, the students can choose between continuous assessment or the final exam on the date set by the engineering school.

Students who choose the continuous assessment should inform the instructor during the first two weeks of class. Continuous assessment involves:

a) The students should do the problems and exercises and it will be delivered to the teacher. Maximun rating 4 ponits (40% of the final grade). The students must obtain a minimum of 2 points. These tasks are not recoverable later. Students do not exceed this minimum will have to do the final exam.

b) The students should do two jobs. One of them in collaboration with AENOR and students of the Faculty of Philology and Translation, and another in collaboration, with a company's environment. Working in partnership with the company will be held in the months of February, March, April and May. Maximum rating 6 points (60% of the final grade).

The final exam assessment by the end of the semester or in the extraordinary (June-July), involves:

a) That the students perform and deliver on exam day, the exercises and problems posed in the subject, which is referred to in paragraph a) above. Maximum rating 4 points (40% of the final mark). The students must obtain a minimum of 2 points.

b)That the students the students to take an exam with questions and problems 2h corresponding to both the theoretical and laboratory. Maximum rating 6 points (60% of the final grade). The students must obtain a minimum of 3 points.

Students in the final examination do not exceed any of the two minimum requirements, the rating will be the lower of the average grade of the two scores and 4.5 points.

#### Sources of information

T.I. Bajenescu, M.I. Bâzu, Reliability of Electronic Components, , Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 1999.

P. Kales, Reliability, , Prentice-Hall, 1998

David J. Smith, Reliability, Maintainability and Risk, 8<sup>ª</sup>, Butterworth Heinemann, 2011

Kececioglu, Dimitri, Reliability Engineering Handbook, , DEStech, 2002

Antonio Creus Solé, Fiabilidad y seguridad: Su aplicación en procesos industriales, , Marcombo, S.A., 2005

J. Balcells, F. Daura, R. Esparza e R. Pallás, Interferencias Electromagnéticas en Sistemas Electrónicos, , Marcombo

ISO, UNE-EN ISO 9000:2005: Sistemas de gestión de la calidad. Fundamentos y vocabulario., , AENOR

ISO, UNE-ISO 55000:2015: Gestión de activos. Aspectos generales, principios y terminología., , AENOR

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Data Acquisition Systems/V05G300V01521

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Calculus II/V05G300V01203 Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305 Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA  |          |      |            |  |
|------------------------|---|----------|------|------------|--|
| Fundament              | Fundamentals of Acoustics Engineering   |          |      |            |  |
| Subject                | Fundamentals of<br>Acoustics<br>Engineering   |          |      |            |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01531   |          |      |            |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación                                    |          |      |            |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |  |
|                        | 6   | Optional | 3rd  | 1st        |  |
| Language               | Spanish   |          |      |            |  |
| Department             |   |          |      |            |  |
| Coordinator            | Torío Gómez, Pablo  |          |      |            |  |
| Lecturers              | Pena Giménez, Antonio<br>Torío Gómez, Pablo<br>Torres Guijarro, María Soledad                       |          |      |            |  |
| E-mail                 | ptorio@uvigo.es   |          |      |            |  |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |          |      |            |  |
| General<br>description | Concepts covered by the subject: vibrator propagation, mechanisms of acoustic-meet and microphones. |          |      |            |  |

| Comp | petencies  |                      |
|------|--|----------------------|
| Code |  | Typology             |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.  | - Know How           |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know How           |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.   | - Know How           |
| CG11 | CG11 To approach a new problem considering first the essential and then the secondary aspects  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE34 | CE34/SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and applications, such as receiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, processing, storage, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information services.                                 | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE37 | CE37/SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation and conditioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro acoustical transducers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoustics, submarine and acoustical systems. | - know<br>- Know How |
| CT3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.   | - Know be            |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.  | - Know be            |

| Learning outcomes   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
| * Understand the basic mechanisms of vibration of distinct elements and interpret his relation with the | CG3         |
| production of sound.  | CG11        |
| * Know the bases of the linear acoustics and understand the concepts of pressure, speed of particle,    | CE34        |
| intensity, power and impedance.   | CE37        |
| * Understand the phenomena of propagation of the sound and to analyse the influence of the medium.      |             |
| * Understand the phenomenon of the radiation of acoustic waves.   |             |

\* Understand the basic mechanisms of the \*transducción mechanical-acoustic.

| <ul> <li>* Analyse electro-mechanical-acoustic systems by the use of analogies which are based on circuit theory.</li> <li>* Design acoustic systems by using speakers, acoustic boxes and horns.</li> <li>* Analyse different types of microphones from the point of view of their technical specifications and their possible applications.</li> </ul> | CG3<br>CG5<br>CG11<br>CE34<br>CE37 |
|--|------------------------------------|
| * Interpret technical specifications within working teams.   | CG6                                |
| * Apply norms of measuring.  | CG9                                |
| * Elaborate trial procedures.  | CG11                               |
| * Develop trial procedures.  | CE34                               |
| * Process data obtained from trials  | CE37                               |
| * Program processing algorithms.   |                                    |
| * Value technical results.   |                                    |
| * Write trial reports.   |                                    |
| * Cooperate and collaborate in working groups to carry out technical projects.   | CT3                                |
| * Adapt to new surroundings.   | CT4                                |
| * Accept the role allocation in a group.   |                                    |
| * Contribute to the resolution of conflicts.   |                                    |

| Contents  |  |
|---|--|
| Торіс   |  |
| 1. Sound power measurement tests.                             | Acoustic variables. Sound field. Propagation. Uses of intensity and power.<br>Sound intensity probes. Power measurement standards using acoustic<br>pressure or intensity. |
| 2. Models of radiation sources.                               | Directivity. Acoustic impedance. Monopole. Dipole. Monopole on infinite baffle. Baffled circular piston. Directivity measurement standards.                                |
| 3. Vibrating systems.   | Damped and forced oscillatory motion. Vibration of strings, bars,<br>membranes and plates. The sound in tubes. Sound sources. Acoustic<br>filters.                         |
| 4. Specifications and measurement of electroacoustic systems. | Introduction to loudspeakers: baffles and crossovers. Acoustic measurement tests: measurement of speakers. Measurement of noise and nonlinear distortion.                  |
| 5.Analogies and transduction.                                 | Electro-mechano-acoustic systems. Equivalent circuits. Transduction  |
| 6. Speakers, horns and cabinets.                              | Equivalent model of an infinite baffle loudspeaker. Equivalent model of a cabinet with speaker. Horns.   |
| 7. Cabinet design.  | Techniques and design criteria of acoustic boxes   |
| 8. Microphones.   | A microphone equivalent model. Tank circuits.  |

|   | Class hours          | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours                |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Master Session                                      | 19                   | 38                             | 57                         |
| Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises       | 3                    | 6                              | 9                          |
| Practice in computer rooms                          | 11                   | 19                             | 30                         |
| Laboratory practises                                | 6                    | 6                              | 12                         |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                  | 0                    | 39                             | 39                         |
| Short answer tests                                  | 2                    | 0                              | 2                          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                  | 1                    | 0                              | 1                          |
| *The information in the planning table is for guida | nce only and does no | ot take into account the het   | erogeneity of the students |

| Methodologies                                       |   |
|---|---|
|   | Description   |
| Master Session                                      | Oral speech, promoting the critical discussion of the concepts. Theoretical bases of algorithms and procedures used to solve problems are presented.  |
| Autonomous<br>troubleshooting and / or<br>exercises | Resolution of exercises as a practical application of the theoretical bases and procedures described<br>in the master sessions.<br>Given a specific situation, the student has to obtain the suitable solution, in a reasoned way, by<br>properly choosing the appropriate formulas and coming to a valid solution. |
| Practice in computer rooms                          | Handle and adjustment of tools of analysis and algorithms, identifying which is appropriate for a given situation.  |

Laboratory practises Cooperative and collaborative work with measuring equipment in reduced groups, and registering of acoustic magnitudes, in laboratoy environments.

|  | Description   |
|--|---|
| Maahan Caasian                         |   |
| Master Session                         | Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented: |
|  | -> Individually or  |
|  | -> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students).                                   |
|  | E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed.                 |
|  | During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed.       |
|  | Cross-assessment  |
|  | within the group and self-assessment may be used.                                   |
| Practice in computer rooms             | Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented: |
|  | -> Individually or  |
|  | -> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students).                                   |
|  | E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed.                 |
|  |   |
|  | During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed.       |
|  | Cross-assessment  |
|  | within the group and self-assessment may be used.                                   |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises     | Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented: |
| ······································ | -> Individually or  |
|  | -> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students).                                   |
|  | E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed.                 |
|  |   |
|  | During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed.       |
|  | Cross-assessment  |
|  | within the group and self-assessment may be used.                                   |
| Autonomous troubleshooting and /       | Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented: |
| or exercises                           | -> Individually or  |
|  | -> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students).                                   |
|  | E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed.                 |
|  |   |
|  | During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed.       |
|  | Cross-assessment  |
|  | within the group and self-assessment may be used.                                   |
| Laboratory practises                   | Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented: |
|  | -> Individually or  |
|  | -> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students).                                   |
|  | E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed.                 |
|  |   |
|  | During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed.       |
|  | Cross-assessment  |
|  | within the group and self-assessment may be used.                                   |

| Assessment                 |  |                  |                      |
|----------------------------|--|------------------|----------------------|
|                            | Description  | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess |
| Practice in computer rooms | Assessment of the reports describing the results obtained in the computer classroom. | 15               | CG3                  |
|                            |  |                  | CG5                  |
|                            |  |                  | CG6                  |
|                            |  |                  | CG9                  |
|                            |  |                  | CG11                 |
|                            |  |                  | CE34                 |
|                            |  |                  | CE37                 |
|                            |  |                  | CT3                  |
|                            |  |                  | CT4                  |

|                          | Encoder and the second s | 0175  |      |
|--------------------------|---|-------|------|
| Laboratory practises     | Exam on the preliminary preparation of the<br>laboratory practices  | 8'75  | CG3  |
|                          |   |       | CG5  |
|                          |   |       | CG6  |
|                          |   |       | CG9  |
|                          |   |       | CG11 |
|                          |   |       | CE34 |
|                          |   |       | CE37 |
|                          |   |       | CT3  |
|                          |   |       | CT4  |
| Short answer tests       | Written exam, with brief questions and problems.  | 50    | CG3  |
|                          |   |       | CG5  |
|                          |   |       | CG11 |
|                          |   |       | CE34 |
|                          |   |       | CE37 |
| Troubleshooting and / or | Exam on the interpretation exercises of the   | 26,25 | CG3  |
| exercises                | laboratory practices.   |       | CG5  |
|                          |   |       | CG6  |
|                          |   |       | CG11 |
|                          |   |       | CE34 |
|                          |   |       | CE37 |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

Following the guidelines of the studies, two evaluation systems will be offered to the students inscribed on this subject:

Continuous evaluation (the preferred method, academic activities are linked to this system) and evaluation at the end of the semester (not recommended).

#### \* Students who choose continuous evaluation:

Students will follow the continuous evaluation system if they sign a document that will be delivered and collected during weeks 1-3, so that the collaborative work can begin.

Weighing:

- \* Magister sessions (weight: 50%)
- \* Practises in computer rooms (weight: 15%)
- \* Laboratory practises (weight: 35%). This evaluation is divided between practise preparation (8.25%) and interpretation (26.75%)

To ensure that all competencies are acquired, it will be necessary to fulfill these two conditions to pass:

1) to obtain a grade equal to or greater than 4 (on a scale of 0 to 10), in the set of activities of each type.

2) to obtain an overall mark, calculated as the sum of the scores of activities weighted correspondingly, equal to or greater than 5 (on a scale of 0 to 10)

#### \* Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester:

The possibility of a final examination will be provided to students who do not opt for the continuous evaluation. This final exam will cover all the activities of the subject.

Weighing:

- \* Magister sessions (weight: 50%)
- \* Practises in computer rooms (weight: 15%)
- \* Laboratory practises (weight: 35%)

To ensure that all competencies are acquired, it will be necessary to fulfill these two conditions:

1) To obtain a grade equal to or greater than 4 (on a scale of 0 to 10), in each of the sections in which the test is divided.

2) To obtain an overall grade in the examination equal to or greater than 5 (on a scale of 0 to 10).

#### <u>RETAKE</u>

Two different situations:

=> Students that are evaluated using continuous evaluation:

Two options to choose (just before the exam begins):

\* To perform again the written part of the exams on the official date assigned by the Center and be evaluate as stated in the above section "Students who choose continuous evaluation".

\* To be evaluated with the same final exam as stated in the above section "Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester".

=> Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester:

A final examination will be provided to students who do not opt for the continuous evaluation. This final exam will be assessed as stated in the above section "Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester".

#### Sources of information

Lawrence E. Kinsler, Fundamentals of acoustics , , John Wiley & Sons

Basilio Pueo Ortega, Miguel Romá Romero, Electroacústica : altavoces y micrófonos, , Pearson/Prentice Hall W. Marshall Leach, Jr., Introduction to electroacoustics and audio amplifier design, , Kendall/Hunt

Finn Jacobsen et al., FUNDAMENTALS OF ACOUSTICS AND NOISE CONTROL, , Technical University of Denmark

Vance Dickason, Loudspeaker Design Cookbook, , Audio Amateur Press

Besides the above mentioned literature, the student will have the following supporting material:

- Scripts of theory: This material contains the theoretical basis of that which is discussed in more detail in the master sessions.

- Scripts of practices: Formulations and problems over each practice session.

- Copy of the artwork used in the master sessions.

- Tasks and proposed problems.

#### Recommendations

# Subjects that continue the syllabus

Room Acoustics/V05G300V01635 Audiovisual Technology/V05G300V01631

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Audio Systems/V05G300V01532

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Physics: Fundamentals of Mechanics and Thermodynamics/V05G300V01102 Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405

| Subjec                                     | Syste   | ems  |  |   |
|--|---|--|--|---|
|  | t   | Audio Systems  |  |   |
| Code                                       |   | V05G300V01532  |  |   |
| Study                                      |   | (*)Grao en   |  |   |
| progra                                     | mme   | Enxeñaría de   |  |   |
|  |   | Tecnoloxías de   |  |   |
|  |   | Telecomunicación   |  |   |
| Descrip                                    | ptors   | ECTS Credits Type Year   | Quadr  | mester  |
|  |   | 6 Optional 3rd   | 1st  |   |
| Langua                                     | age   | Spanish  |  |   |
| Depart                                     | tment   |  |  |   |
| Coordi                                     | nator   | Pena Giménez, Antonio  |  |   |
| Lecture                                    | ers   | Isasi de Vicente, Fernando Guillermo   |  |   |
|  |   | Pena Giménez, Antonio  |  |   |
| E-mail                                     |   | apena@gts.uvigo.es   |  |   |
| Web  |   | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |  |   |
| Genera                                     | al  | The chain of audio systems is presented, from a systemic point of view. Each system is r   | evised: cor  | nfiguration,  |
| descrip                                    | ption   | specifications, quality figures and interaction with other systems.  |  | 5 ,   |
|  |   |  |  |   |
| Comp                                       | etenci  | ies  |  |   |
| Code                                       |   |  |  | Typology  |
|  | CG3· T  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn ne  |  | - know  |
|  |   | bds and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new   |  | - Know How  |
|  | situati   |  |  | - Know be   |
| CG5  | CG5: T  | The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technica   | al   | - know  |
|  |   | ations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunicat   |  | - Know How  |
|  |   |  |  | - Know be   |
| CG6  | CG6: T  | The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.  |  | - know  |
|  |   |  |  | - Know How  |
|  |   |  |  | - Know be   |
|  |   | The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to com  |  | - Know How  |
| i  | in writ   | ing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunication  | s and  | - Know be   |
|  | Electro   | JNICS.   |  |   |
|  |   |  |  |   |
| CG12                                       | CG12  | The development of discussion ability about technical subjects   |  | - know  |
| CG12                                       | CG12  | The development of discussion ability about technical subjects   |  | - know<br>- Know How  |
|  |   |  |  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be   |
| CE34                                       | CE34/5  | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application   | ons, such  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know   |
| CE34                                       | CE34/S<br>as rece   | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and applicati<br>eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, pro   | ons, such  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How   |
| CE34                                       | CE34/S<br>as reco<br>storag   | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and applicati<br>eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, pro<br>ge, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be  |
| CE34<br>CE35                               | CE34/S<br>as reco<br>storag<br>CE35/S   | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, progressing reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know  |
| CE34<br>CE35                               | CE34/S<br>as reco<br>storag<br>CE35/S   | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and applicati<br>eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, pro<br>ge, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be  |
| CE34<br>CE35                               | CE34/S<br>as reco<br>storag<br>CE35/S<br>installa   | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application<br>eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, pro-<br>le, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information<br>SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an<br>ations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>id  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How  |
| CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37                       | CE34/S<br>as reco<br>storag<br>CE35/S<br>installa   | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, progressing reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>id  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know be<br>- know   |
| CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37                       | CE34/S<br>as reco<br>storag<br>CE35/S<br>installa<br>CE37/S<br>condit<br>transd   | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application<br>eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, pro-<br>ge, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information<br>SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an<br>ations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.<br>SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation ar-<br>tioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro<br>lucers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acou-   | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>id<br>nd<br>acoustical                                    | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know be<br>- know   |
| CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37                       | CE34/S<br>as reco<br>storag<br>CE35/S<br>installa<br>CE37/S<br>condit<br>transd   | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application is even of the ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, program of the ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an ations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.<br>SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation ar isolation ar isolation, analysis and selection of electro  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>id<br>nd<br>acoustical                                    | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know be<br>- know   |
| CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37<br>CE37               | CE34/s<br>as reco<br>storag<br>CE35/s<br>installa<br>CE37/s<br>condit<br>transd<br>subma<br>CT3 A   | SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, program of the ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an ations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.<br>SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation ar ioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro lucers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoustical systems.<br>wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>nd<br>nd<br>acoustical<br>ustics,<br>a flexible,          | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- Know How  |
| CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CT3        | CE34/s<br>as reco<br>storag<br>CE35/s<br>installa<br>CE37/s<br>condit<br>transd<br>subma<br>CT3 Av<br>open a                              | SITThe ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, program of audiovisual and multimedia information SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an ations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.<br>SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation ar isoning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro lucers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoustine and acoustical systems.<br>wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimin   | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>nd<br>nd<br>acoustical<br>ustics,<br>a flexible,          | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- know How   |
| CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CT3        | CE34/S<br>as rec<br>storag<br>CE35/S<br>installa<br>CE37/S<br>condit<br>transd<br>subma<br>CT3 Au<br>open a<br>based                      | SITThe ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application<br>eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, pro-<br>ge, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information<br>SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads and<br>ations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.<br>SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation ar-<br>tioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro<br>lucers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acou-<br>arine and acoustical systems.<br>wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing<br>and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimin<br>on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>id<br>nd<br>acoustical<br>ustics,<br>a flexible,<br>ation | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know How</li> </ul>                            |
| CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CT3<br>CT4 | CE34/S<br>as rec<br>storag<br>CE35/S<br>installa<br>CE37/S<br>condit<br>transd<br>subma<br>CT3 Av<br>open a<br>based<br>CT4 Er            | SITThe ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, program of audiovisual and multimedia information SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an ations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.<br>SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation arcioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro lucers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoustical arine and acoustical systems.<br>Wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimin on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>id<br>nd<br>acoustical<br>ustics,<br>a flexible,<br>ation | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know</li> <li>Know How</li> </ul> |
| CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CT3<br>CT4 | CE34/S<br>as rec<br>storag<br>CE35/S<br>installa<br>CE37/S<br>condit<br>transd<br>subma<br>CT3 Av<br>open a<br>based<br>CT4 Er<br>of resp | SIThe ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, program of audiovisual and multimedia information SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an ations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.<br>SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation arcioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro lucers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoutarine and acoustical systems.<br>wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimin on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.<br>ncourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and accustion and unitidisciplinary work environment, which promotes educ | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>id<br>nd<br>acoustical<br>ustics,<br>a flexible,<br>ation | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know How</li> </ul>                            |
| CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CT3<br>CT4 | CE34/S<br>as rec<br>storag<br>CE35/S<br>installa<br>CE37/S<br>condit<br>transd<br>subma<br>CT3 Av<br>open a<br>based<br>CT4 Er<br>of resp | SITThe ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and application eiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, program of audiovisual and multimedia information SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads an ations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.<br>SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation arcioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro lucers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoustical arine and acoustical systems.<br>Wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimin on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.  | ons, such<br>ocessing,<br>n services.<br>id<br>nd<br>acoustical<br>ustics,<br>a flexible,<br>ation | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>Know Hov</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know</li> <li>Know Hov</li> </ul>             |

Learning outcomes

Competences

| Results of learning (SI2.1):<br>->Understand and discuss levels in audio systems<br>->Know the differente types of audio amplifier, from a systems point of view. Discuss technical<br>specifications to compare them.   | CG3<br>CG5<br>CG6<br>CG12<br>CE35 |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Results of learning (SI4.2):<br>-> Select a configuration for taking sound in different scenarios.   | CG3<br>CG12<br>CE37<br>CT3        |
| <ul> <li>Results of learning (SI1.2):</li> <li>-&gt; Know and understand the operation of dynamic range processors and its application in a chain of audio systems.</li> <li>-&gt; Apply equalization techniques and other processes.</li> <li>-&gt; Schedule and carry out a mixture of sounds from the technical point of view, showing the knowledge of different tools to achieve an artistic result.</li> <li>-&gt; Discuss the influence of the available parameters of a digital audio format of audio in the final quality.</li> <li>-&gt; Explain several elements and interconnection protocols to allow the transport and synchronization of audio signals.</li> <li>Results of learning (SI1.3):</li> <li>-&gt; Understand the basics of spatial audition and 3-d audio systems.</li> <li>-&gt; Understanf the concept 'quality' in a given audio application</li> </ul> | CG3                               |
| Results of learning<br>Organize a working group to carry out a project, including the following:<br>-> technical ability to collect information, interpret technical specifications, discuss several<br>options and select a combination of audio systems.<br>-> Write progress reports, minutes of meetings and a final technical report .<br>-> Technical meetings, discussion of partial results and oral presentation of the final work in front of a<br>demanding audience.<br>-> Adaptation to new environments , internal management roles in the group and dispute resolution.<br>-> Internalize the importance of the human relationship with the client , preserving a fluent contact.   | CG9<br>CG12<br>CE37<br>CT3<br>CT4 |

| Contents                     |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Торіс                        |   |
| Specifications.              | Level meters. Impedances. Specifications.   |
| Dynamic range and processes. | Dynamic range. Compressors and expansors. Filtering. Effects.   |
| Amplifiers.                  | Types.Characterization.   |
| Mixture of sounds.           | Mixing table Bases of a mixture. Mixture in studio and live mixing.<br>Mastering.                               |
| Sound take.                  | Types. Selecting a microphone. Configuration.   |
| Sound quality.               | Concept of quality. Estimate of quality.  |
| Spatial audio (3-D).         | Spatial audition. 3-d audio systems.  |
| Digital audio.               | Audio sampling systems. Specifications and sources of noise. Dithering.<br>Synchronization and transport. MIDI. |

| Planning    |                             |  |  |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours  |  |
| 14          | 10.5                        | 24.5   |  |
| 0           | 7                           | 7  |  |
| 7           | 52.5                        | 59.5   |  |
| 19          | 38                          | 57   |  |
| 2           | 0                           | 2  |  |
|             | 14<br>0<br>7                | classroom           14         10.5           0         7           7         52.5 |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

# Methodologies Description Practice in computer rooms Handle and adjustment of tools of analysis and algorithms, identifying which is appropriate for a given situation. Outdoor study / field Visits to places where the concepts discussed are applied (radio studio, recording studio, etc.). D

| Outdoor study / field<br>practices | Visits to places where the concepts discussed are applied (radio studio, recording studio, etc.). Due to availability and funding.   |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Projects                           | Collaborative work in reduced groups. A complex design with a regular monitoring agenda. Role assignments, working in common, planning, technical reports and oral presentation. |

| Personalized att              | ention  |
|-------------------------------|---|
|                               | Description   |
| Master Session                | Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented:<br>-> Individually or<br>-> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students).<br>E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed. |
|                               | <br>During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed. Cross-avaliation within the<br>group and autoavaliation may be used.  |
| Practice in<br>computer rooms | Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented:<br>-> Individually or<br>-> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students).<br>E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed. |
|                               | During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed. Cross-avaliation within the group and autoavaliation may be used.   |
| Projects                      | Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented:<br>-> Individually or<br>-> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students).<br>E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed. |
|                               | <br>During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed. Cross-avaliation within the<br>group and autoavaliation may be used.  |

| Assessment   |   |                  |                     |
|--------------|---|------------------|---------------------|
|              | Description   | Qualification Ev | aluated Competences |
| Projects     | Assessment of a collaborative work, developed along the semester, | 50               | CG3                 |
|              | including a written report and oral presentation.                 |                  | CG5                 |
|              |   |                  | CG6                 |
|              |   |                  | CG9                 |
|              |   |                  | CG12                |
|              |   |                  | CE37                |
|              |   |                  | CT3                 |
|              |   |                  | CT4                 |
| Short answer | Written test with short questions and problems to solve.          | 50               | CG3                 |
| tests        |   |                  | CG12                |
|              |   |                  | CE34                |
|              |   |                  | CE35                |

Following the guidelines of the studies, two evaluation systems will be offered to the students inscribed on this subject: continuous evaluation (the preferred method, academic activities are linked to this system) and evaluation at the end of the semester (not recommended).

### \* "Students who choose continuous evaluation" conditions:

A student follows the continuous evaluation system if she/he assigns a document that will be delivered and collected during weeks 1-3, so the collaborative work can begin.

Two tasks are evaluated. The approximate task calendar and the weight of each task in the final grade are listed below. \* Collaborative work in a group C (weight: 50%): during approx. 10 weeks each group develops a project. Some evidences are picked during this period (crossed evaluation, written test, etc.) and a final report must be delivered around week 11-12. An oral presentation, week 14, ends this activity.

\* Written exam (weight: 50%): short questions related to group A and B activities, plus additional material. At the end of the semester, the same day when the final exam is planned.

If a student has participated in continuous evaluation and does not pass the course he/she will receive a grade of fail, regardless of he/she takes the written exam or not.

In order to ensure that students acquire a balanced minimum on the subject competences, they will pass the course if they meet these two conditions:

1) get a final mark equal to or greater than 5 (on a ten-points scale)

2) and a score equal to or greater than 4 (on the same scale) in each of the partial marks (written exam and collaborative group, respectively).

### \* "Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester" conditions:

The possibility of a final examination will be provided to students who do not opt for the continuous evaluation.

In order to ensure that students acquire a balanced minimum on the subject competences, they will pass the course if they meet both these two conditions:

1) get a final mark equal to or greater than 5 (on a ten-points scale)

2) and a score equal to or greater than 4 (on the same scale) in each of the sections of the exam. These sections, respectively, correspond with:

\* contents included in all activities

\* project developed in group, including group internals, management, writing of technical reports and oral presentations.

### --- RETAKE

Two different situations:

=> Students that are evaluated using continuous evaluation:

Two options to choose (just before the exam begins):

\* repeat the written exam included in the continuous evaluation planning an be evaluated under the "Students who choose continuous evaluation" conditions, described above.

\* be evaluated with the same final exam of students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester, under the "Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester" evaluation conditions, described above. No other activities are considered.

=> Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester:

A final examination will be provided to students who do not opt for the continuous evaluation, and are evaluated under the "Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester" conditions, described above. No other activities are considered.

### Sources of information

Bruce and Jenny Bartlett, Practical recording techniques, 2005, Focal press

Francis Rumsey and Tim McCormick, Sound and recording, 2009, Focal press

Davis, Gary, The Sound reinforcement handbook, 2nd edition, Milwaukee (Winsconsin) : Hal Leonard Corporation

Philip Giddings, Audio systems: design and installation, 1990, Focal press

In addition to the bibliography mentioned the student will have as a support material:

- \* Scripts of theory: material that contains the theoretical base of what is included in the master sessions.
- \* Scripts of the practices: proposed activities and problems of each practical session.
- \* Copy of the slides.
- \* Questions and problems proposed.

### Recommendations

### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Sound Processing/V05G300V01634 Audiovisual Technology/V05G300V01631

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Fundamentals of Acoustics Engineering/V05G300V01531

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA  |  |                       |            |
|------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|------------|
| Video and T            | Television  |  |                       |            |
| Subject                | Video and<br>Television   |  |                       |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01533   |  |                       |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |  |                       |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре                                     | Year                  | Quadmester |
|                        | 6   | Optional                                 | 3rd                   | 1st        |
| Language               | Spanish   |  |                       |            |
| Department             |   |  |                       |            |
| Coordinator            | Martín Rodríguez, Fernando  |  |                       |            |
| Lecturers              | Fernández Hermida, Xulio<br>Martín Rodríguez, Fernando  |  |                       |            |
| E-mail                 | fmartin@uvigo.es  |  |                       |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |  |                       |            |
| General<br>description | (*)(*) This subject develops nowadays available vid<br>media, digital television over different transmission<br>satellite, cable and IP) and television networks.<br>We assume knowledge of basic image and video fo<br>prerequisite FSI (Fundamentos de Son e Imaxe, con | media (terrestrial)<br>rmats (JPEG and M | ,<br>PEG) that were s |            |

| Com  | petencies  |            |
|------|--|------------|
| Code |  | Typology   |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.  | - Know How |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know How |
| CE34 | CE34/SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and applications, such as receiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, processing, storage, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information services. | - Know How |
| CE35 | CE35/SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads and installations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.  | - Know How |

| Learning outcomes   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
| Chossing appropriate saving formats for each need. Choosing appropriate equipment to work with such       | CG5         |
| formats (C1).   | CE34        |
|   | CE35        |
| Designing and implementing interactive TV projects (C2).  | CG6         |
|   | CE34        |
|   | CE35        |
| Making the necessary calculations for design and implementation of TV networks of all different kinds     | CG5         |
| (C3).   | CE34        |
|   | CE35        |
| Writing intra-building video distribution projects and monitoring their installation process. Testing and | CG6         |
| correcting problems in existing systems (C4).   | CE34        |
|   | CE35        |

| Contents                                |   |
|---|---|
| Торіс                                   |   |
| Structure of a video production studio. | General overview.<br>Multimedia matrixes.<br>Capturing formats: SDI, HDMI, analog.<br>Auxiliary equipment: caption machines, measurment and control<br>equipment<br>Playout system. |

| Video saving.       | Magnetic saving.<br>Optical saving.<br>Domestic formats.<br>Introduction to professional formats.   |
|---------------------|---|
| Televisión Digital. | DVB Standard: Digital Video Broadcasting.<br>DVB transmission media: DVB-T, DVB-S, DVB-C.<br>IPTV (Television over IP).<br>Digital Interactive TV (MHP standard).<br>Fundamentals of 3D TV (Coding and Transmission). |
| Redes de TV.        | TV Broadcasting.<br>Satellite TV.<br>Terrestrial networks: emitters, re-emitters, gap-fillers.<br>Cable networks: HFC, FTTB, FTTH.<br>Intra-building networks (residential buildings, hotels, other).                 |
| Lab content 1.      | Study of QPSK modulation in DVB-S. Implementation of a simple matlab simulator. Results evaluation.   |
| Lab content 2.      | Introduction to terrestrial coverage planning. Development of a small planning application using matlab.  |
| Lab content 3.      | Desing of an intra-building TV network for a real example.  |
| Lab content 4.      | Assigment about MHP application development.  |

|   | Class hours               | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours               |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Master Session                                  | 21                        | 42                           | 63                        |
| Practice in computer rooms                      | 12                        | 9                            | 21                        |
| Tutored works                                   | 7                         | 49.5                         | 56.5                      |
| Multiple choice tests                           | 0                         | 1.5                          | 1.5                       |
| Reports / memories of practice                  | 0                         | 6                            | 6                         |
| Long answer tests and development               | 2                         | 0                            | 2                         |
| *The information in the planning table is for g | juidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the student |

| Methodologies              |  |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | Description  |
| Master Session             | Professor makes presentation of contents, encouraging critical discussion. Algorithm and procedures teoretical basis are exposed.  |
| Practice in computer rooms | Small projects are suggested. Students must obtain well founded solutuions, choosing appropriate methods and coming to a valid solution.   |
| Tutored works              | Lab projects are checked in individual or small group interviews. Professor suggests a qualification (the one the presented work derserves). Possible improvement actions are discussed. |

| Personalized at            | tention   |
|----------------------------|---|
|                            | Description   |
| Master Session             | <ul> <li>Doubts can be answered in tutorshio sessions. These tutorships will be performed:</li> <li>Individually or in small groups (tipically nor more than 2-3 students).</li> <li>Previous appointment with professor is needed unless indicated otherwise. Appointment will be asked via e-mail and will take place prerrably in the times and place formally booked.</li> <li>In lab hours, professor will assint in any problem that arises at that moment.</li> <li>In monitoring sessions (C groups), works will be presented to professor that will comment them, insisting</li> </ul> |
|                            | on the detected weak points and the improvement possibilities.  |
| Practice in computer rooms | Doubts can be answered in tutorshio sessions. These tutorships will be performed:<br>- Individually or in small groups (tipically nor more than 2-3 students).<br>- Previous appointment with professor is needed unless indicated otherwise. Appointment will be asked<br>via e-mail and will take place prerrably in the times and place formally booked.   |
|                            | In lab hours, professor will assint in any problem that arises at that moment.  |
|                            | In monitoring sessions (C groups), works will be presented to professor that will comment them, insisting on the detected weak points and the improvement possibilities.  |

Tutored worksDoubts can be answered in tutorshio sessions. These tutorships will be performed:<br/>- Individually or in small groups (tipically nor more than 2-3 students).<br/>- Previous appointment with professor is needed unless indicated otherwise. Appointment will be asked<br/>via e-mail and will take place prerrably in the times and place formally booked.

In lab hours, professor will assint in any problem that arises at that moment.

In monitoring sessions (C groups), works will be presented to professor that will comment them, insisting on the detected weak points and the improvement possibilities.

| Assessment        |   |  |                           |
|-------------------|---|--|---------------------------|
|                   | Description   | Qualification  | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Tutored works     | This consists of small projects exposed in the lab clases (B group).  | 0  | CG5                       |
|                   | Such works start at B group but are monitored in C group. In such meetings, work state will be analyzed included a qualification          |  | CG6                       |
|                   | (achieved up to the moment). Improvements will be proposed and  |  | CE34                      |
|                   | they could be implemented in B group or via non presential work.  |  | CE35                      |
|                   | They are the final version of tutored jobs. Reports are submitted at  | 25   | CG5                       |
| of practice       | course ending. Altough we show here the complete qualification, this 25% is due to the work performed in this section and also in the     | 5  | CG6                       |
|                   | section above.  | CG6<br>CE3<br>CE3<br>t 25 CG5<br>his CG6<br>CE3<br>CE3<br>CE3<br>ill 15 CG5<br>rth CG6   | CE34                      |
|                   |   |  | CE35                      |
| Multiple choice   | Multiple choice tests, performed online via faitic platform. There will   | ication CE34<br>oposed and CE34<br>ential work. CE35<br>submitted at 25 CG5<br>alification, this<br>Iso in the CE34<br>CE35<br>rm. There will 15 CG5<br>hemes. The CG6<br>pout the fourth CE34 |                           |
| tests             | be three tests. The first one will be about thr first two themes. The second one about the third theme and the third one about the fourth |  | CG6                       |
|                   | theme.  |  | CE34                      |
|                   | On finishing each theme, professor will announce the dates to take<br>the online test.  |  | CE35                      |
|                   | Each test will deserve a maximum of 0.5 points of the final qualification.  |  |                           |
| Long answer tests | Final written exam in time and place according to school official   | 60   | CG5                       |
| and development   | scheduling.   |  | CG6                       |
|                   |   |  | CE34                      |
|                   |   |  | CE35                      |

### Other comments and July evaluation

Student can decide wether he wants to be evaluated via final exam or with continuous evaluation (the procedure described above). Student must indicate his decision writing it on the final exam. If he chooses the final exam option (final exam is 100% of the qualification), he will be required to answer extra questions or to solve extra exercises (having extra time available).

In the second call, students will be ask the same question (choosing between continuous evaluation and final exam) but with the following considerations:

- The qualification from test and lab reports is the same of the first call.
- That qualification is only valid within the present academic year.

### Sources of information

Ulrich Reimers, DVB: the family of international standards for digital video broadcasting, Berlin : Springer, 2005

Tomás Perales Benito, Radio y Televisión Digitales: Tecnología de los Sistemas DAB, DVB, IBUC y ATSC, Creaciones Copyright, 2005

José Luis Fernández Carnero, Antonio Suárez Perdigón, Televisión y radio analógica y digital : sistemas para la recepción y distribución de las comunicaciones y los servicios en edificios y viviendas, Santiago de Compostela : Televés, 2004

Besides bibliography student will have this material (in spanish):

- \* Theory text: material that contains the theoretical basis to be developed in the in-person classes.
- \* Practical jobs guidelines: especifications for each practical job demanded.

\* Copy of graphical material to be used in in-person classes.

### Recommendations

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Audiovisual Technology/V05G300V01631

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304

|  | IG DATA   |   |
|--|---|---|
| Operating  | -   |   |
| Subject  | Operating Systems   |   |
| Code   | V05G300V01541   |   |
| Study  | (*)Grao en  |   |
| programme  |   |   |
|  | Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |   |
| Descriptors  |   | mester  |
| Descriptors  | 6 Optional 3rd 1st  | mester  |
| Language   | Spanish   |   |
|  |   |   |
| Department<br>Coordinator  |   |   |
|  |   |   |
| Lecturers  | Pazos Arias, José Juan<br>Ramos Cabrer, Manuel  |   |
| E-mail   | jose@det.uvigo.es   |   |
| Web  | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |   |
| General  | The aim of this subject is that the student was able to learn the foundations of the current operatin   | a systems   |
| description  | and to comprise its importance inside the architecture of a computer.   | ig systems  |
|  |   |   |
|  |   |   |
| Competen   |   |   |
| Competence<br>Code   | ies   | Typology  |
| Code   |   | Typology  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:   | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new  | Typology<br>- know  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:   | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new  |   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions  |   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical  | - know  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>pommunication Engineer activity.  | - know  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9:  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>ommunication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,   | - know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- Know How   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9:<br>in writ  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and   | - know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9:<br>in wri<br>Electr  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.   | - know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- Know be  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9:<br>in wri<br>Electr  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and   | - know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- Know be<br>- know  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9:<br>in writ<br>Electr<br>CE33 CE33/   | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>ommunication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.<br>TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.  | - know<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- know<br>- Know How  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3:<br>metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9:<br>in writ<br>Electr<br>CE33 CE33/   | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.   | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know</li> <li>know</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> </ul>   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4:<br>transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9:<br>in wri<br>Electr<br>CE33 CE33/<br>CT2 CT2 U  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.<br>TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.   | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> </ul>  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4: transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9: in writ<br>Electr<br>CE33 CE33/<br>CT2 CT2 U<br>CT3 CT3 A  | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.<br>TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.<br>Meerstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.<br>wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible,   | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know be</li> </ul>   |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4: transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9: in writ<br>Electr<br>CE33 CE33/<br>CT2 CT2 U<br>CT3 CT3 A<br>open                                | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.<br>TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.   | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know be</li> </ul>  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4: transr<br>Telecc<br>CG9 CG9: in writ<br>Electr<br>CE33 CE33/<br>CT2 CT2 U<br>CT3 CT3 A<br>open<br>based                       | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>ommunication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.<br>TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.<br>Merstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.<br>wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible,<br>and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination<br>on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.  | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know be</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> </ul>                                    |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4: transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9: in writ<br>Electr<br>CE33 CE33/<br>CT2 CT2 U<br>CT3 CT3 A<br>open<br>based<br>CT4 CT4 E<br>respo | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>bods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.<br>TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.<br>mderstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.<br>wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible,<br>and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination<br>on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.<br>ncourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of<br>nsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know be</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> </ul>  |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4: transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9: in writ<br>Electr<br>CE33 CE33/<br>CT2 CT2 U<br>CT3 CT3 A<br>open<br>based<br>CT4 CT4 E<br>respo | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>bds and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.<br>TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.<br>Inderstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.<br>wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible,<br>and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination<br>on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.<br>ncourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of   | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> </ul>     |
| Code<br>CG3 CG3: metho<br>situat<br>CG4 CG4: transr<br>Teleco<br>CG9 CG9: in writ<br>Electr<br>CE33 CE33/<br>CT2 CT2 U<br>CT3 CT3 A<br>open<br>based<br>CT4 CT4 E<br>respo | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>bods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions<br>The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>onics.<br>TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.<br>mderstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.<br>wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible,<br>and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination<br>on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.<br>ncourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of<br>nsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for | <ul> <li>know</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know be</li> <li>know be</li> <li>know be</li> <li>know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> <li>Know How</li> </ul> |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and                                   | CG3         |
| technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | CT3         |
| Knowledge of the main concepts and the principles of design of the operating systems.  | CG3         |
|  | CT3         |
| Ability to identify the components of an operating system, recognise its functions and the   | CG3         |
| interrelationships between them.   | СТ3         |
| Knowledge of the lastest advances and tendencies related with operating systems  | CG3         |
|  | CT3         |
| The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit                                | CG4         |
| knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>Telecommunication Engineer activity. | CT2         |
| Acquisition of basic skills for the configuration and the utilisation of operating system services.                                      | CG9         |
|  | CE33        |
|  | CT4         |

```
CG3
CT3
```

| Contents   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс  |   |
| Introduction and general perspective of the<br>Operating systems | <ul> <li>Concept of operating system.</li> <li>Structure of an operating system.</li> <li>Types of operating systems.</li> <li>Emulation and virtualization.</li> </ul>   |
| Processor management.  | <ul> <li>Concept of process and thread.</li> <li>Strategies of allocation of capacity of computation.</li> </ul>  |
| Memory management.   | <ul> <li>Strategies of contiguous allocation.</li> <li>Concepts of fragmentation, protection, compactation, relocation and<br/>sharing of memory.</li> <li>Strategies of non-conriguous allocation: paging, segmentation and<br/>hybrid methods.</li> <li>Virtual memory.</li> </ul>              |
| Permanent storage of the information.                            | <ul> <li>Functions of a file system. Concepts of file and directory.</li> <li>Interface with the file system.</li> <li>File sharing.</li> <li>File Protection.</li> <li>File system implementation.</li> <li>Free space management.</li> <li>Methods for allocation of space to files.</li> </ul> |
| Input/Output (I/O) management.                                   | <ul> <li>I/O Controllers.</li> <li>I/O Interfaces.</li> <li>Secondary and tertiary storage.</li> <li>Disk scheduling.</li> <li>Management of disk.</li> <li>Replication and consistency of the information.</li> <li>RAID and RAIN technologies.</li> </ul>                                       |

| Planning   |                        |                              |                             |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | Class hours            | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |
| Master Session   | 20                     | 46                           | 66                          |
| Practice in computer rooms                               | 13                     | 26                           | 39                          |
| Workshops  | 5                      | 30                           | 35                          |
| Multiple choice tests                                    | 1                      | 0                            | 1                           |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 1                      | 0                            | 1                           |
| Jobs and projects  | 2                      | 6                            | 8                           |
| *The information in the planning table is for guid       | dance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |

### Methodologies

|                            | Description  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Master Session             | Presentation of the ideas, concepts, technics and algorithms of each lesson.<br>This activity develops the CG3, CG4, CT2 and CT3 competencies.   |
| Practice in computer rooms | The students will resolve under the supervision of the professors practical problems that pose in each session of laboratory.<br>This activity develops the CG4, CT2 and CE33 competencies.  |
| Workshops                  | Each group of students will tackle the design and implementation of a software project with hal complexity. This task will be realised in successive steps, that will be discussed and validated ir each one of the face-to-face sessions. |
|                            | The aim of this methodology of work is to provide a suitable feedback to improve the proposed solutions.   |
|                            | This activity develops the CG4, CG9, CT2 and CT4 competencies.   |

| Personalized attention |  |  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Description            |  |  |

| Practice in<br>computer rooms | Personalised attention will be provided through individual and face-to-face meetings in the timetables<br>published at start of the course.<br>In the practices of laboratory and workshops, this attention will be provided by means of the follow-up of<br>the work of each student, monitoring the partial solutions proposed and reorienting them if it was precise. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Workshops                     | Personalised attention will be provided through individual and face-to-face meetings in the timetables<br>published at start of the course.<br>In the practices of laboratory and workshops, this attention will be provided by means of the follow-up of<br>the work of each student, monitoring the partial solutions proposed and reorienting them if it was precise. |
| Master Session                | Personalised attention will be provided through individual and face-to-face meetings in the timetables<br>published at start of the course.<br>In the practices of laboratory and workshops, this attention will be provided by means of the follow-up of<br>the work of each student, monitoring the partial solutions proposed and reorienting them if it was precise. |

| Assessment                         |  |                   |                     |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------|
|                                    | Description  | Qualification Eva | aluated Competences |
| Multiple choice tests              | Proof of theoretical contents exposed in the master classes.   | 60                | CG3                 |
|                                    |  |                   | CG4                 |
|                                    |  |                   | CT2                 |
|                                    |  |                   | CT3                 |
| Practical tests, real              | Validation of the work realised in every laboratory session.   | 20                | CG4                 |
| task execution and / or simulated. |  |                   | CE33                |
| Simulateu.                         |  |                   | CT2                 |
| Jobs and projects                  | In the last face-to-face session of workshop, students will<br>deliver and will expose to their mates the design and the<br>proposed solution for their project. This solution will be<br>exposed to debate for students and professors. | 20                | CG4                 |
|                                    |  |                   | CG9                 |
|                                    |  |                   | CT2                 |
|                                    |  |                   | CT4                 |

The subject can be surpassed by means of Continuous Evaluation according to the following criteria, having opened the possibility to opt by the No Continuous Evaluation anytime until the beginning of the final examination to celebrate the day fixed to such effect in the official calendar of the EET. All those students that opt by the continuous evaluation will consider presented if they evaluate of the part of the work in Workshops.

### **Continuous evaluation:**

The final note will result of the sum of the corresponding notes to the three following components:

1. Four proofs of type Test to evaluate the contents given in the masterclasses. Each proof will take place in one of the master classes , except the last that will realise in one of the sessions of the Workshop.

Punctuation: Up to 1,5 points each proof.

2. Six Practical Proofs that will realise when finalising each one of the sessions of laboratory and that will consist in the validation of the results obtained during said session.

Punctuation: Up to 1/3 points each proof.

3. Presentation of the Project proposed like work in the sessions of the Workshop.

Punctuation: Up to 2 points.

To pass the subject by Continuous Evaluation will have to give the three following conditions: (i) obtain an equal or upper qualification to 2 points in the group of the tests.; (ii) Upper qualification to 0 points in, at least, four of the six practical proofs; and (iii) to attend all the face-to-face sessions and obtain more than 0 points in the presentation of the project.

### **No Continuous Evaluation:**

By means of an examination on 10 points scheduled in the official calendar of the EET.

### Final Call:

It will be governed by the indicated for the No Continuous evaluation.

### Sources of information

Basic referemces:

- 1. "Operating System Concepts". Abraham Silberschatz, Greg Gagne y Peter B. Galvin, 9ª edición actualizada. 2014, Wiley.
- 2. "Understanding the Linux Kernel". Daniel P. Bovet y Marco Cesati, 3ª edición. 2005, O'Reilly Media.
- 3. "Hello, Android: Introducing Google's Mobile Development Platform". Ed Burnette, 3ª edición. 2010, Pragmatic Bookshelf.

Complementary references:

- 1. "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles". William Stallings, 8ª edición. 2014, Prentice Hall.
- 2. "Operating System : A Modern Perspective". Gary Nut, 3ª edición. 2004, Adison-Wesley Longman, Inc.
- 3. "Sistemas Operativos: Una Visión Aplicada". Jesús Carretero, Felix García, Pedro de Miguel y Fernando Pérez, 2ª edición. 2007, McGraw Hill.
- 4. "Multimedia Systems". Ralf Steinmetz y Klara Nahrstedt, 1ª edición. 2004, Springer.
- 5. "Introduction to Grid Computing". Frederic Magoules , Jie Pan, Kiat-An Tan y Abhinit Kumar, 1ª edición. 2009, CRC Press.
- 6. "Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management, and Security". John Rittinghouse y James Ransome, 1ª edición. 2009, CRC Press.
- 7. "Operating Systems: A Design-Oriented Approach". Charles Crowley, 1ª edición. 1996, McGraw Hill.
- 8. "Modern Operating Systems". Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4ª edición. 2014, Prentice Hall.
- 9. "Linux Kernel Development". Robert Love, 3ª edición. 2010, Addison-Wesley Professional.
- 10. "Professional Linux Kernel Architecture (Wrox Programmer to Programmer)". Wolfgang Mauerer, 1ª edición. 2008, Wrox.
- 11. "Unlocking Android: A Developer's Guide". Frank Ableson, Charlie Collins y Robi Sen, 1ª edición. 2009, Manning Publications.
- 12. "The Busy Coder's Guide to Advanced Android Development". Mark L .Murphy, 1ª edición. 2011, CommonsWare, LLC.

### Recommendations

### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Distributed and Concurrent Programming/V05G300V01641 Information Systems/V05G300V01644

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Network Security/V05G300V01543

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Informatics: Computer Architecture/V05G300V01103 Programming I/V05G300V01205 Programming II/V05G300V01302

| IDENTIFYING DATA       |  |          |      |            |
|------------------------|--|----------|------|------------|
| Data Netwo             | orks: Technology and Architecture  |          |      |            |
| Subject                | Data Networks:<br>Technology and<br>Architecture   |          |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01542  |          |      | ·          |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |          |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6  | Optional | 3rd  | 1st        |
| Language               | Spanish  |          |      |            |
| Department             |  |          |      |            |
| Coordinator            | Rodríguez Pérez, Miguel  |          |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Rodríguez Pérez, Miguel<br>Rodríguez Rubio, Raúl Fernando  |          |      |            |
| E-mail                 | Miguel.Rodriguez@det.uvigo.es  |          |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| General<br>description | The objective of this subject is to teach our<br>networks, regarding topics like new switch<br>quality of service. |          |      |            |

| Com  | petencies  |                      |
|------|--|----------------------|
| Code |  | Typology             |
| CG1  | CG1: The ability to write, develop and sign projects in the field of Telecommunication Engineering, according to the knowledge acquired as considered in section 5 of this Law, the conception and development or operation of networks, services and applications of Telecommunication and Electronics. | - Know How           |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know How           |
| CE30 | CE30/TEL4 The ability to describe, program, assess and optimize communication protocols and interfaces at different network architecture layers .  | - Know How           |
| CE32 | CE32/TEL6 The ability to design networks and service architectures.  | - Know How           |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - Know be            |

| Learning outcomes  |                           |
|--|---------------------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences               |
| Capacity to apply concepts and recent technologies of transmission, switching and data transport for the design, the operation and the exploitation of heterogeneous networks                        | CG1<br>CG4<br>CE32        |
| Identify and know how to use specific solutions of switching, data transport and management for the deployment of special purpose networks.  | CG4<br>CG6<br>CE30<br>CT2 |
| Know and apply the techniques and the mechanisms of engineering of data traffic in packet networks, both in close and open environments.   | CG4<br>CE30               |
| Practical capacity for the design, usage and configuration of advances computer networks, from the point of view of switching, quality of service, data transport and telematic services deployment. | CE30<br>CE32<br>CT2       |

# Contents

## Торіс

Network virtualization

Tunnels Overlay networks Remote access (VPNs) Mobile IP

| IPv6                               | Introduction<br>Self-configuration<br>Addressing scopes<br>Transition mechanisms        |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Advanced switching mechanisms      | Label switching (MPLS)<br>MPLS applications<br>VPNs with provider support               |
| Access network technologies        | xDSL<br>Cable (HFC, DOCSIS)<br>Optical access networks                                  |
| Optical switching and transmission | SDH/SONET. Protection rings<br>Circuit switching, burst switching and packet swithching |

| Planning                                      |                           |                              |                            |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
|   | Class hours               | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                |
| Master Session                                | 20                        | 25                           | 45                         |
| Laboratory practises                          | 8                         | 12                           | 20                         |
| Tutored works                                 | 7                         | 42                           | 49                         |
| Presentations / exhibitions                   | 2                         | 4                            | 6                          |
| Long answer tests and development             | 4                         | 15                           | 19                         |
| Short answer tests                            | 1                         | 0                            | 1                          |
| Reports / memories of practice                | 0                         | 10                           | 10                         |
| *The information in the planning table is for | guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students |

| Methodologies                  |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
|                                | Description   |
| Master Session                 | The master lectures follow the usual scheme for this way of teaching; although, in some sessions, we will be able to dedicate 5 or 10 minutes of the class to make a simple examination (some brief questions) that will form part of the continuous evaluation. These short tests intend to motivate our students for a daily work. We impart the competencies CG6, CE32 and CE32 in these master sessions.  |
| Laboratory practises           | In the labs the students will face several practical sessions -supervised by the professors- where<br>they will settle the concepts learnt in the theoretical classes. In such practices they will use real<br>network equipment (routers and switches) and/or virtualization software that will allow their<br>instruction and training on their own. The practices that the teachers will pose will be designed to<br>be done within the respective face-to-face sessions at the School; although the student that like<br>this need will be able to reproduce them at home using free software that will allow to virtualize<br>the network hardware used in the laboratory. Also, the professors will be able to propose optional<br>exercises that the student will be able to do as homework; and review individually in tutorial time.<br>The students should adquire competencies CE30 and CE32 in the lab. |
| Tutored works                  | A project with a fairly large magnitude will be posed to be developed as a teamwork during all the semester. This practical work might require in its earliest stage to be set in context doing an additional theoretical study/research. Both works will be supervised by the professors with periodic meetings every 10/15 days (roughly). And finally, they will select some of the best works for their public exhibition before the other groups of the course. The tutored works are related with competencies CG1, CG4, CE30 and CE32.   |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | Every group must deliver the right documents where the suggested challenge (project teamwork) have to be explained in a detailed way. Also, the students must prepare a public presentation of the team solution to be defended in front of the rest of the class. The students practice competencie CG4 in the presentations.  |

| Personalize  | Personalized attention  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
|  | Description   |  |  |
| Master Session During tuitition time, the professors will be able to help the students either individually in the understand<br>of the theoretical concepts explained in the master sessions and/or in the demonstrative lab activities, or<br>correct whichever optional homework done out of the class or collectively with the supervision of the<br>teamwork that will share among a group of peers. |   |  |  |
| Laboratory<br>practises  | During tuitition time, the professors will be able to help the students either individually in the understanding<br>of the theoretical concepts explained in the master sessions and/or in the demonstrative lab activities, or to<br>correct whichever optional homework done out of the class or collectively with the supervision of the<br>teamwork that will share among a group of peers. |  |  |

Tutored works During tuitition time, the professors will be able to help the students either individually in the understanding of the theoretical concepts explained in the master sessions and/or in the demonstrative lab activities, or to correct whichever optional homework done out of the class or collectively with the supervision of the teamwork that will share among a group of peers.

|   | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|---|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| Laboratory<br>practises                 | They will be marked as "passed" or "not passed". To pass them, the student<br>must attend all the sessions of this type. If any unexpected event makes<br>one student to miss one session, he must replace it doing an extra practice<br>that the professor will pose dynamically.   | 0             |                           |
| Tutored works                           | The practical teamwork (project) that the student will face will determine<br>one of the mid-term marks, Xb, of our continuous evaluation. The<br>quantitative value (between 0-10) will be determined by the correctness of<br>the solution presented by the group, the associated presentation and docs,<br>and the individual implication of the student in the developed work.   | 25            | CG1<br>CG4<br>CG6<br>CE32 |
| Long answer<br>tests and<br>development | There will be two written exams: a mid-term exam in the middle of the semester (Xa1), and a final one (Y). Both tests are theory examinations and will be evaluated individually between 0 and 10. The second one (Y) will weight 50% of the whole mark, and the student must score at least 3/10 to pass the subject. The mid-term test, Xa1, will be involved arithmetically in a special way with the "short-response" questionnaires (Xa2) and the tutored work (teamwork, Xb) to get other 50% of the whole mark. | 50            | CE30<br>CE32              |
| Short answer<br>tests                   | With some periodicity, and within the master sessions, the professors will<br>be able to incorporate brief tests (short response questionnaries), Xa2.<br>These brief tests, together with the mid-term examination (Xa1), compose<br>the complementary part of the theory but the final examination Y.  | 25            | CE30<br>CE32              |

### Other comments and July evaluation

The assessment of the subject can follow either be based on a *continuous evaluation* or on a single *final examination*. Students will choose the *continuous evaluation* if they take the mid-term written exam (Xa1) at the middle of the semester. The percentages shown in the previous section only reflect the maximum weights that any activity (partial mark) can obtain when following the continuous evaluation strategy, and serve only as illustration. The precise assessment follows:

In *continuous evaluation*, the final mark will be the arithmetic mean among the mark of the final examination (Y, 40%) and the score associated to other measurable activities done in the course (Xa1 Xa2 and Xb, 50%). The students must obtain at least 3/10 in both marks, X and Y, as well as a "pass" in the laboratory practices, to pass the subject. The joint partial mark associated to the rest of activities just mentioned, X, will be the geometric mean between the mark of the tutored teamwork (Xb) and the arithmetic mean between the short response tests (Xa2) and the written mid-term exam (Xa1).

X=SQRT [Xb·(0.5·Xa1+0.5·Xa2)]

FINAL MARK= 0.5·X+0.5·Y

Students that do not opt for the continuous evaluation, must take a final examination that will be made up of three parts: a theory examination, like the final one in the continuous evaluation (Y), an aptitude test in the laboratory, and a practical project that must be developed individually (Xb). The final mark, in this case, will be the geometric mean between the theoretical exam and the project work, provided that the student pass the aptitude test in the lab.

Finally, the extraordinary examination session in July will have the same characteristics than the special final examination just described, but students will be allowed to inherit the partial mark of any activity (Xb or Y) if that has been passed during the same academic year, independently of the assessment modality that the student had followed.

### Sources of information

Kurose & Ross, Computer Networks, 6ª, Prentice Hall

Peterson & Davis, Computer Networks, 5ª, Morgan Kauffman

Ina Minei & Julian Lucek, MPLS-Enabled Applications, 3ª, Wiley

Charlie Scott, Paul Wolfe & Mike Erwin, Virtual Private Networks, 2ª, O'Reilly

Christian Huitema, IPv6, 2ª, Prentice Hall

Roderick W. Smith, Broadband Internet connections: a user guide to DSL and cable, , Addison Wesley

Walter Goralski, Tecnologías ADSL y xDSL, , McGraw-Hill

Biswanath Mukherjee, Optical WDM networks, , springer

G. Papadimitriou, C. Papazoglou & A. Pomportsis, Optical Switching, , Wiley

### Recommendations

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Network and Switching Theory/V05G300V01642

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer Networks/V05G300V01403

| Network Se             | Network Security   |          |      |                   |  |
|------------------------|--|----------|------|-------------------|--|
| Subject                | Network Security   |          |      |                   |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01543  |          |      |                   |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación                               |          |      |                   |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре     | Year | Quadmester        |  |
|                        | 6  | Optional | 3rd  | 1st               |  |
| Language               | Spanish  |          |      |                   |  |
| Department             |  |          |      |                   |  |
| Coordinator            | Fernández Masaguer, Francisco  |          |      |                   |  |
| Lecturers              | Fernández Masaguer, Francisco  |          |      |                   |  |
| E-mail                 | francisco.fernandez@det.uvigo.es   |          |      |                   |  |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |          |      |                   |  |
| General<br>description | In this course are studied , in an unified way, telematic services, and distinct techniques to |          |      | y in networks and |  |

First the subject is considered from a general point of view, so that the concepts, services and security techniques studied, can be applied to any type of network, telematic service or information system to secure. This block is formed by chapters 1 to 4. This carries to treat with detail the three central subjects of security: the algorithmic part (encipherment, digital signature and integrity), the authentication problem and the procedures of key management. The aim is to give the student the knowledge and practice to entitle him/her to ease his understanding of the particular techniques that each application can require and to apply them to other scenarios that he(she) have to face.

Afterwards the subject is considered in a more particular way, reviewing the problems, techniques and standards of security in some of the communication environments of greater prevalence in actuality. Thus a chapter is devoted to the security to the IP level, central protocol in the Internet architecture, and another chapter to the security in the Web, given the current importance of this way of telematic intercommunitation. The main security problems in electronic commerce using the Web are presented, studiing in particular the operation of Paypal, one of the payment methods more used in the Web. Given also the every time greater utilisation of wireless communications and his particular security problems, one chapter is devoted to the subject.

The course is closed with an introduccion to other two subjects of increasing transcendence: botnets, malicious networks and software, and the forensic analysis of information systems.

| Com  | petencies   |                         |
|------|---|-------------------------|
| Code |   | Typology                |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations   | - know                  |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.  | - Know How              |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.  | - Know How              |
| CE28 | CE28/TEL2 The ability to apply the techniques that are basis of computer networks, services and applications, such as management, signaling and switching, routing and securing systems (cryptographic protocols, tunneling, firewalls, charging mechanisms, authentication and content protection) traffic engineering (graph theory, queuing theory and teletraffic) rating, reliability and quality of service in both fixed, mobile, personal, local or long distance environments with different bandwidths, including telephony and data. | - know<br>- Know How    |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.  | - Know How              |
| СТ3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.  | - Know How<br>- Know be |

Learning outcomes

Competences

| Understand the foundations of the cryptographic science  | CG3                |
|--|--------------------|
| To acquire the necessary knowledges to ensure the security of a computer or telematic system.  | CG3                |
| To acquire skills on the process of analysis of the attacks that can suffer a network and the main mechanisms of defence against them. | CG4<br>CE28<br>CT3 |
| Know the main architectures of applicable security to the computer and telematic systems.  | CG4<br>CE28<br>CT3 |
| Know the main ideas of the norms and standard more important in matter of security in computer systems and communication networks.     | CG6<br>CE28<br>CT2 |

| Contents   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс  |   |
| 1 Mathematics foundations of security.           | - Notions of Complexity Theory.<br>- Notions of Number Theory.  |
| 2. Cypher, digital signature and hash algorithms | <ul> <li>Encrytion. Shannon principles. Stream and block cyphers. DES and AES algorithms Cypher modes of operation</li> <li>Integrity and hash algorithms.</li> <li>Public key cryptosystems. RSA, ElGamal and DSA.</li> </ul>  |
| 3. Certification and Public Key Infrastructures. | <ul> <li>Security problems of asimetric cryptography. Certification and certificate formats.</li> <li>Trust models. Flat trust model and PGP. Third partiy trust model and certification authorities.</li> <li>Certificate Infrastructures. Certification path and revocación of certificates.</li> </ul>   |
| 4. Authentication and key agreement protocols.   | <ul> <li>Authentication methods.</li> <li>Threats to an authentication protocol. Countermeasures.</li> <li>Requirements of a key agreement protocol. Diffie-Hellman protocol.</li> <li>Authentication in simmetric cryptosistems. Cases of study: GSM and Kerberos.</li> <li>Authentication in asimetric cryptosistems. Cases of study: X509 and SSL.</li> <li>Passwords based protocols: SRP.</li> </ul> |
| 5. Security at the network layer                 | <ul> <li>Threats in the network layer.</li> <li>IP Security Architecture.</li> <li>IPsec Protocol. IPsec tunnels. IPsec and NAT.</li> <li>Key manegement protocols: IKE, ISAKMP and OAKLEY.</li> </ul>  |
| 6. Security in the Web and electronic commerce.  | <ul> <li>Problems of security in the Web.</li> <li>Protocols: SSL and TLS.</li> <li>Certification in the Web.</li> <li>Principles of electronic commerce and payment protocols. PayPal system.</li> </ul>   |
| 7. Wireless security and AAA protocols.          | <ul> <li>Threats to security in wireless environments.</li> <li>Wireless Application Protocol (WAP). WTLS. Protocols WEP, WPA, WPA2 (802.11i).</li> <li>AAA Protocols: RADIUS and DIAMETER.</li> </ul>  |
| 8. Systems Security.                             | <ul> <li>Firewalls and systems against intrusions.</li> <li>Malicious software and networks. Botnets.</li> <li>Forensic analysis of systems.</li> </ul>   |

| Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours  |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 19          | 38                          | 57   |
| 2           | 0                           | 2  |
| 0           | 10                          | 10   |
| 6           | 28                          | 34   |
| 11          | 22                          | 33   |
| 2           | 10                          | 12   |
| 1           | 0                           | 1  |
| 1           | 0                           | 1  |
|             | 19<br>2<br>0<br>6<br>11     | classroom       19     38       2     0       0     10       6     28       11     22       2     10 |

| Methodologies                                       |  |
|---|--|
|   | Description  |
| Master Session                                      | Exhibition by means of powerpoint presentations and blackboard of the theoric contents of the course. They will develop the theoretical subjects of the matter that do not remain covered by the others methodologies employed.<br>With this methodology, student will adquire part of CG3 y CE28 competences.   |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                  | Some problems and exercises of the bulletin will be solved, so that they can serve as a guide for<br>the autonomuous resolution by the group of the rest of exercises or questions. The solution to<br>similar problems will be given also to students to ease the reaization of the bulletin.<br>This methodology, is aimed to CG4 competence.  |
| Autonomous<br>troubleshooting and / or<br>exercises | The group will solve in an autonomous form the exercises, cuestions or problems of the bulletin not solved in the face-to-face hours. The diverse solutions that arise when tackling each problem, will be put in common to agree the best form of solution. The doubts arisen will be agreed and will be exposed to the tutor in normal tutor time.<br>This methodology is aimed to CG4 competence.             |
| Tutored works                                       | Several theoretical and practical works to develop will be explained to the students, between which<br>each group will have to choose one. In the C class type, will expose to each group the aims of the<br>work, hardware and software tools to use, form to tackle it and will realise a follow-up to each<br>group.<br>This methodology, is aimed to adquire part of CG4,CG6, CE28, CT2 and CT3 competences. |
| Laboratory practises                                | The student will developed some practices in the laboratory, focused to mature and carry to practice the theoretical concepts , as to improve his ability for the engineering of secure networks and services.<br>This methodology, is aimed to CG6, CE28, CT2 and CT3 competences.  |

| Personalized attention             |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
|                                    | Description  |
| Master Session                     | The student can interact with the teacher in normal tutorial time to:  |
|                                    | 1. Follow the work or project selected, before and during his development, to validate its orientation, organization and aims, descriptive part and absence of errors. |
|                                    | 2. Solve any type of doubt concerning the orientation, understandings, errors and realization of laboratory practices.   |
|                                    | 3. Doubts that appears to the student on his realization of the bulletin exercises and questions and about the theoretical contents of the course.                     |
| Laboratory practises               | The student can interact with the teacher in normal tutorial time to:  |
|                                    | 1. Follow the work or project selected, before and during his development, to validate its orientation, organization and aims, descriptive part and absence of errors. |
|                                    | 2. Solve any type of doubt concerning the orientation, understandings, errors and realization of laboratory practices.   |
|                                    | 3. Doubts that appears to the student on his realization of the bulletin exercises and questions and about the theoretical contents of the course.                     |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | The student can interact with the teacher in normal tutorial time to:  |
|                                    | 1. Follow the work or project selected, before and during his development, to validate its orientation, organization and aims, descriptive part and absence of errors. |
|                                    | 2. Solve any type of doubt concerning the orientation, understandings, errors and realization of laboratory practices.   |
|                                    | 3. Doubts that appears to the student on his realization of the bulletin exercises and questions and about the theoretical contents of the course.                     |

| Tutored works                                 | The student can interact with the teacher in normal tutorial time to:   |
|---|---|
|   | <ol> <li>Follow the work or project selected, before and during his development, to validate its<br/>orientation, organization and aims, descriptive part and absence of errors.</li> </ol> |
|   | 2. Solve any type of doubt concerning the orientation, understandings, errors and realization of laboratory practices.  |
|   | 3. Doubts that appears to the student on his realization of the bulletin exercises and questions and about the theoretical contents of the course.  |
| Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises | g The student can interact with the teacher in normal tutorial time to:   |
|   | 1. Follow the work or project selected, before and during his development, to validate its orientation, organization and aims, descriptive part and absence of errors.                      |
|   | 2. Solve any type of doubt concerning the orientation, understandings, errors and realization of laboratory practices.  |
|   | 3. Doubts that appears to the student on his realization of the bulletin exercises and questions and about the theoretical contents of the course.  |

|                                       | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Autonomous<br>troubleshooting and /   | Assessment of the two bulletins of problems/exercises. The group will have to deliver bulletin 1 before week 10 and bulletin 2 before week 15.  | 10            | CG3<br>CG4                |
| or exercises                          |   |               | CE28                      |
| -                                     | Final exam of the course. This exam will consist of about 8 to 10 exercises/problems/questions on the contents given in the course.   | 50            | CG3                       |
| development                           |   |               | CG4                       |
|                                       |   |               | CE28                      |
| Practical tests, real                 | Proof of group in which the professor will value laboratory practices,<br>r reviewing his operation with all group members present. This proof<br>will be realised in week 15.  |               | CG6                       |
| task execution and / or<br>simulated. |   |               | CE28                      |
| Simulateu.                            |   |               | СТ3                       |
| Jobs and projects                     | Assessment of the tutee project or work realised by the group<br>(type C). The group will do a demonstration to the teacher of the<br>project or work realised and results obtained. The group must<br>deliver the work before week 15. All members of the group have to<br>be present at the moment of presentation. | 20            | CG4                       |
|                                       |   |               | CG6                       |
|                                       |   |               | CE28                      |
|                                       |   |               | CT2                       |
|                                       |   |               | CT3                       |

- CHOICE OF CONTINUOUS EVALUATION .
- The students that opt by continuous evaluation (EC) must communicate it explicitly to the teacher before week 4 of the course. This communication must be made by electronic mail.
- ANNOUNCEMENT OF END OF FOUR-MONTH PERIOD.
- The continuous evaluation (EC) is formed by the exercises to realise of autonomous form, by the tutee work or proyect and by the laboratory practices, representing in total 50% of the course, as indicated in the assessment. The students that do not choose EC will do a final exam by 80% of the final note, together with the laboratory that will complete the other 20%.

The final exam will be the same for all the students, that is, for both EC and not EC students. In the case of EC students this exam will count by 50% of the note, whereas for not EC students will count by 80% of the note.

- ANNOUNCEMENT OF JULY
- In the first case, that is for the students than continue by EC in July, the note of the bulletin, laboratory practices and tutee work is saved from the January announcement. However, the student has the option to improve any of them until his corresponding maximum note.

- In the second case, not EC students in July, will do a final examination by 80% of the note, and laboratory practices by 20%.
- ADDITIONAL NOTES.
  - Minimal cualification for theory evaluation (long answer tests and development). Independently of if continuous or not continuous evaluation, and independently of the announcement, it will be necessary to get a minumun of 3,33 points over 10 in the theoretical evaluation (long answer tests and development), for the approval of the course.
  - It will be considered to the student as "no presented" if he/she has not followed continous evaluation and has not presented to the final examination.
  - The ratings obtained in the laboratory and group works will be valid only during the academic course in that they realise.

### Sources of information

F. Fernandez Masaguer, Seguridad en Redes y Sistemas de Informacion, 1ª ed., Publicacion digital, 2013

R.Perlman, C. Kaufman, M.Speciner, Network Security: Private communications on a public world, 2<sup>a</sup> ed., Prentice-Hall, 2003 Joseph Migga Kizza, Guide to Computer Network Security, 2<sup>a</sup> ed., Springer, 2013

Douglas R. Stinson, Cryptography. Theory and Practice., 3ª ed., Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2006

Benjamin M. Lail, Broadband Network & Device Security, 1ª ed., RSA Press, 2002

### Recommendations

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Architectures and Services/V05G300V01645 Internet Services/V05G300V01501

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104 Computer Networks/V05G300V01403

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA  |          |      |            |
|------------------------|--|----------|------|------------|
| Microwave              | Circuits   |          |      |            |
| Subject                | Microwave Circuits   |          |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01611  |          |      |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |          |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6  | Optional | 3rd  | 2nd        |
| Language               | Spanish  | ·        |      |            |
| Department             |  |          |      |            |
| Coordinator            | Fernández Barciela, Mónica   |          |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Fernández Barciela, Mónica<br>Rodríguez Rodríguez, José Luis   |          |      |            |
| E-mail                 | monica.barciela@uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| General<br>description | This subject provides the student with the basic tools to analyze components and analog subsystems (active<br>and passive) that operate in the band of the microwaves, as well as to evaluate his specifications and<br>performance. The microwave subsystems are part, among others, of the modern communications systems<br>transceivers (cellular telephony, wireless networks, satellite communications, and so on), thus the importance<br>for the student to get some knowledge and background about these components. On the other hand, this<br>subject complements the knowledge the student has, due to previous subjects, in electronics for<br>communications, since when working in the microwave range, we need to use different tools for an accurate<br>circuit analysis and design. |          |      |            |

### Code Typology CG3 CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new - know methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations CG4 CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and - know transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical - Know How Telecommunication Engineer activity. CG5 CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical - know evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area. CG9 CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, - Know How in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics. CE23 CE23/ST3 The ability to analyze the components and their specifications for guided and non-guided - know communications systems - Know How CE24 CE24/ST4 The ability to select circuits, subsystems and systems of radiofrequency, microwaves, - know broadcasting, radio link and radio determination. - Know How CE25 CE25/ST5 The ability to select transmission antennas, equipment and systems, propagation of guided and - know non-guided waves, with electromagnetic, radiofrequency and optical media, and their corresponding radio - Know How electric spectrum management and frequency designation. CT2 CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development. - Know How CT3 CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, - know open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. CT4 CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of - know responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.

| Learning outcomes   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
| To learn how to analyze microwave active and passive circuits and components, and to evaluate their | CG3         |
| specifications and performance. The student will learn how to use S-parameters, electronic          | CG5         |
| instrumentation for measurements in the microwave range and circuit simulators for that purpose.    | CE23        |

| To learn how to solve exercises, how to perform measurements, how to elaborate and present reports,<br>how to work in a technical team and to transfer knowledge in the field. To learn how to handle technical<br>documentation and scientific bibliography, both in English. | CG4<br>CG5<br>CG9<br>CE24<br>CE25<br>CT3<br>CT4 |
|--|---|
| To learn how to select, analyze and apply semiconductor active devices in circuits for microwave communications subsystems.  | CG5<br>CE23<br>CE24<br>CE25                     |
| To learn how to analyze and select microwave circuits for optical transmitters and receivers.  | CG5<br>CE23<br>CE25                             |
| To learn how to evaluate and select microwave subsystems. To propose solutions for applications at the different frequency bands for guided (coaxial cable, waveguide) and wireless transmissions.   | CG3<br>CG5<br>CE24<br>CE25<br>CT2               |

| Contents  |   |
|---|---|
| Торіс   |   |
| 1.Introduction to microwave circuits.   | <ul> <li>A. Technologies for high frequency bands.</li> <li>B. Applications.</li> <li>C. Microwave Subsystems. Solutions for applications in the different frequency bands for wave guided and wireless transmissions.</li> </ul> |
| 2. Basic concepts.  | <ul> <li>A. Transmission Lines Theory. Travelling waves, characteristic impedance<br/>and reflection coefficient. Smith Chart.</li> <li>B. Coaxial cable and planar transmission lines.</li> </ul>                                |
| 3. S-parameters.  | A. Definition and properties.<br>B. Flow charts.<br>C. Power and Gain.<br>D. Stability.   |
| 4. Impedance Matching.  | Basic matching networks (discreet and distributed).   |
| 5. Microwave passive components.  | Filters, couplers, phase shifters and resonators.   |
| 6. Microwave active devices for integrated circuits.  | A. Semiconductors for microwave integrated circuits.<br>B. Diodes<br>c. Transistors   |
| 7. Circuits for microwave transceivers.   | A. Linear microwave amplifiers.<br>B. Circuits for optical receivers and transmitters.  |
| 8. Analysis of microwave active and passive components, and circuits with a commercial simulator. |   |
| 9. Measurements on microwave devices and circuits.  | Microwave measurement systems for linear device characterization.   |

| Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours  |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 4           | 6                              | 10   |
| 8           | 12                             | 20   |
| 6           | 12                             | 18   |
| 19          | 38                             | 57   |
| 4           | 32                             | 36   |
| 1           | 8                              | 9  |
| -           | 4<br>8<br>6                    | classroom       4     6       8     12       6     12       19     38       4     32 |

The information in the planning table is for oniy not take into account the heterogeneity of the stud gu

# Methodologies

Description

| Laboratory practises          | <ul> <li>With the aid of different microwave measurement instruments/ components, there will be analyzed passive and active microwave devices / circuits in microstrip technology. It will be defined and evaluated different figures of merit and other tools that will be used in the experimental characterization of these components. An introduction to Vector Network Analyzers with be provided to the student. Their use and calibration procedure will be described.</li> <li>The student work during these laboratory practises will be evaluated:</li> <li>1. In continuous assessment: by means of a set of short questions to be delivered in writing at the end of some of the practises, and in all or some of the three short examinations involving exercises resolution.</li> <li>2. In the evaluation in only a final examination: by means of a set of questions related to the work performed in the experimental practices.</li> <li>These practises are designed to help in adquiring competencies CG3,CG5, CE23, CE24, CE25, CT2 y CT3.</li> </ul> |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Practice in computer<br>rooms | <ul> <li>With the aid of a commercial microwave circuits simulator, there will be analyzed different passive components (matching networks, filters, couplers, etc.) and active semiconductor devices (diodes and transistors), and simple amplifier circuits, in agreement with Chapter 8. There will be defined and evaluated diverse figures of merit and other tools that will be in used in the analysis of these components.</li> <li>The evaluation of the student work in these computed aided practises will be performed: <ol> <li>In continuous assessment: by means of short questions to be delivered in writing, at the end of some of the practices, and in all or some of the three short examinations involving exercises resolution.</li> <li>In the evaluation in only a final examination: by means of questions related to the work performed during these practices.</li> </ol> </li> <li>These practises are designed to help in adquiring competencies: CG3, CG5, CE23, CE24 y CE25.</li> </ul>   |
| Tutored works                 | The student, as part of a team, will study and develop a theoretical topic or a certain practical design, which later will be evaluated by means of a writing report and an oral presentation. These works are designed to help in adquiring competencies CG4, CG9, CE23, CE24, CE25, CT2, CT3 y CT4.   |
| Master Session                | It will be given in a classroom with the aid of a slate board and a video projector. Most of the concepts in the Chapters will be described in detail and explained. There will be also described several exercises resolutions.<br>These sessions are designed to help in adquiring competencies CG3, CG5, CG4, CE23, CE24 y CE25.   |

| Personalized attention        |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
|                               | Description  |  |  |
| Laboratory<br>practises       | During the scheduled experimental and computer practices and team work meetings, the lecturer will guide the student work and solve doubts that may arise as a consequence of the designated tasks. The student will have available additional time for tutorship, in which to solve his/her doubts and questions. |  |  |
| Practice in<br>computer rooms | During the scheduled experimental and computer practices and team work meetings, the lecturer will guide the student work and solve doubts that may arise as a consequence of the designated tasks. The student will have available additional time for tutorship, in which to solve his/her doubts and questions. |  |  |
| Tutored works                 | During the scheduled experimental and computer practices and team work meetings, the lecturer will guide the student work and solve doubts that may arise as a consequence of the designated tasks. The student will have available additional time for tutorship, in which to solve his/her doubts and questions. |  |  |

|                      | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|----------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Laboratory practises | s In the case of continuous assessment, during the designated time<br>for experimental practices the student will answer in writing to<br>some proposed questions. Besides, in any of the three short<br>examinations, the work performed in the available time for<br>practices may be evaluated. In the case a unique evaluation in a<br>final examination, the work performed in the available time for<br>practices may be evaluated. | 10            | CG3                       |
|                      |   |               | CG5                       |
|                      |   |               | CE23                      |
|                      |   |               | CE24                      |
|                      |   |               | CE25                      |
|                      |   |               | CT2                       |
|                      |   |               | CT3                       |

| Practice in computer<br>rooms         | In the case of continuous assessment, during the designated time<br>for practices the student will answer in writing to some proposed<br>questions. Besides, in any of the three short examinations, the<br>work performed in the available time for practices may be<br>evaluated. In the case a unique evaluation in a final examination,<br>the work performed in the available time for practices may be<br>evaluated. | 10 | CG3<br>CG5<br>CE23<br>CE24<br>CE25                      |
|---------------------------------------|--|----|---|
| Troubleshooting and<br>/ or exercises | There will be three short examinations, each will contain exercises<br>resolution. Moreover, they may contain a set of short questions<br>related to the magisterial classes or the practices, both<br>experimental or computer aided.   | 70 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG5<br>CE23<br>CE24<br>CE25               |
| Reports / memories<br>of practice     | It will be evaluated both the written report and the oral presentation of the team work performed.   | 10 | CG4<br>CG9<br>CE23<br>CE24<br>CE25<br>CT2<br>CT3<br>CT4 |

A) If the student selects continuous assessment:

1. His/her presence in all scheduled experimental and computer aided practices will be mandatory, as well as his/her presence in all scheduled team meetings. In order that his/her work as part of the team is evaluated, the corresponding written report and oral presentation will be mandatory, personally or as part of the team (to be decided by the lecturer). The maximum mark the student might obtain in the evaluation of all the scheduled practices and team work is 30 % of the total available mark for the subject.

2. The rest of the work in the subject will be evaluated by mean of three short examinations that will contain mainly exercises resolution, but that also may contain short questions. These three short examinations as a whole add up to 70 % of the total subject qualification.

The first short examination will take place around the 6th week, and the second around the 10 th week, term period. Both examinations may last 1 hour, and each corresponds to 15% of the total mark in the subject. Before the second short examination, the student must make know to the lecturer his decision about the type of evaluation he prefers: continuous assessment, or being evaluated only in a final examination. The third short examination will take place with the final examination performed for those students who do not follow continuous assessment. This short examination is also mandatory for those students following continuous assessment and it corresponds to a 40 % of the total subject qualification. To pass the subject, the student must obtain in this third short exam a mark equal or higher to the 30% of the total exam qualification. Otherwise, the marks he obtained in the computer and lab practises, and team C work will not be considered (added) to compute his/her final subject qualification.

B) In the case of the students who does not choose continuous assessment, the final (long version) and only examination corresponds to 100% of the subject qualification. In this examination it will be evaluated exercises resolution (in their extended version), answers to short questions related to the subject theoretical part, and the experimental and computer/simulator aided practices.

The second summons (July):

In July the students who have previously failed will have to perform a similar final examination than in option B, with similar characteristics as the ones described previously. In particular, the students who followed continuous assessment and want to preserve the qualifications obtained in the practices (both experimental and computer aided) and in the team work (that will add as a whole up to 30 % of the total subject qualification) will solve a reduced version of the final examination described in previous paragraph (which will corresponds in this case to 70 % of the total qualification).

### Sources of information

R.E. Collin, Foundations for Microwave Engineering , 2, Wiley-IEEE Press

D.M. Pozar, Microwave Engineering, 3, Addison-Wesley Pub. Co

P.A. Rizzi, Microwave Engineering, Passive Circuits, 1, Prentice-Hall

S. Y. Liao, Microwave Devices and Circuits, 3, Prentice-Hall

J.M. Miranda y otros, Ingeniería de Microondas, 1, Prentice-Hall

Guillermo González, Microwave Transistor Amplifiers: Analysis and Design, 1, Prentice-Hall

Enrique Sánchez, Introducción a los dispositivos y circuitos semiconductores de microondas, 1, Pearson Educacion

Notes / viewfolds of the content of the magisterial classes.

Guides of the experimental and computer aided practices.

Recommended books.

Internet.

### Recommendations

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Radio Frequency Circuits/V05G300V01511

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305 Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303

| IDENTIFYIN             |  |  |                  |            |
|------------------------|--|--|------------------|------------|
| Principles o           | of Digital Communications  |  |                  |            |
| Subject                | Principles of Digital<br>Communications  |  |                  |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01613  |  |                  |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |  |                  |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре   | Year             | Quadmester |
|                        | 6  | Optional   | 3rd              | 2nd        |
| Language               | Spanish  |  |                  |            |
| Department             |  |  |                  |            |
| Coordinator            | González Prelcic, Nuria  |  |                  |            |
| Lecturers              | Comesaña Alfaro, Pedro<br>González Prelcic, Nuria<br>Márquez Flórez, Óscar Willian   |  |                  |            |
| E-mail                 | nuria@gts.tsc.uvigo.es   |  |                  |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |  |                  |            |
| General<br>description | The basic aims of the subject are the following<br>- Apply optimisation criteria for the realisation<br>of communications.<br>- Differentiate the blocks and the functionalitie<br>- Use digital signal processing to transmit and<br>Apply the basic mechanisms of reduction of the | of diagrams of estimate<br>es of a data transmission<br>receive analog wavefor | n system.<br>ms. |            |

- Apply the basic mechanisms of reduction of the impact of noise in a communications system.

| 0        | ••• | Μ | - | Ľ | • |  |
|----------|-----|---|---|---|---|--|
| <u> </u> | 40  |   |   |   |   |  |

| Code |  | Typology   |
|------|--|------------|
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know     |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How |
| CG11 | CG11 To approach a new problem considering first the essential and then the secondary aspects  | - Know How |
| CE26 | CE26/ST6 The ability to analyze, codify, process and transmit multimedia information using analogical and digital signal processing techniques.  | - Know How |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - know     |
| СТ3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - know     |

| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
|---|-------------|
| Apply criteria of optimisation for the realisation of diagrams of estimate and synchronisation in digital | CG3         |
| receptors of communications   | CE26        |
| Differentiate the blocks and the functionalities of a system of transmission of complex data              | CG11        |
|   | CE26        |
|   | CT2         |
| Use the processed digital of signals to transmit and receive forms of analog wave                         | CG3         |
|   | CG4         |
|   | CT3         |
| Apply the basic mechanisms of reduction of the impact of noise in a system of communications              | CE26        |
|   | CT2         |

| Contents |  |
|----------|--|
| opic     |  |

| 1. Introduction to the digital communications. | - The concept software irradiate.<br>- Elements of a digital receptor.<br>- Objective of quality of a digital system.   |
|--|---|
| 2. Clock recovery.                             | - Introduction to the problem.<br>- Recovery guided by decisions.<br>- Recovery no guided.  |
| 3. Carrier recovery.                           | <ul> <li>Known-frequency phase estimation.</li> <li>Phase Locked Loops (PLL). Costas' loop.</li> <li>Decision-aided phase estimation.</li> <li>Carrier frequency estimation.</li> </ul> |
| 4. Channel equalization.                       | <ul> <li>Equivalent discrete channel.</li> <li>Least Square (LS) equalizer.</li> <li>Adaptive algorithms: trained, decision-aided, blind.</li> </ul>                                    |
| 5. Channel coding.                             | <ul> <li>Information measure. Entropy.</li> <li>Channel capacity.</li> <li>Channel coding. Coding gain.</li> </ul>  |

| Planning  |                          |                              |                             |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | Class hours              | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises              | 4                        | 12                           | 16                          |
| Laboratory practises                            | 12                       | 36                           | 48                          |
| Projects  | 7                        | 35                           | 42                          |
| Master Session                                  | 17                       | 25                           | 42                          |
| Long answer tests and development               | 2                        | 0                            | 2                           |
| *The information in the planning table is for g | uidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |

| Methodologies                      |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
|                                    | Description  |
| Troubleshooting and /<br>exercises | or Some of the proposed problems for each topic will be solved in class.   |
|                                    | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CG11, CE26 are developed.  |
| Laboratory practises               | The concepts presented in class will be further illustrated and developed by means of Matlab-based simulation and signal processing tools. |
|                                    | Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CG11, CE26 are developed.   |
| Projects                           | Development of a complete PAM and QAM modem in Matlab. Work in small groups.   |
|                                    | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CG11, CE26, CT2, CT3 are developed.  |
| Master Session                     | Presentation and discussion of the fundamental theory.   |
|                                    | Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CG11, CT2, CT3 are developed.   |

| Personalized attention |  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|--|--|
|                        | Description  |  |  |
| Master Session         | Student aid will be provided during office hours as well as on-line (email, chat). On-line discussion forums will be set up for each chapter, through the usual e-learning platform. |  |  |
| Laboratory practises   | Student aid will be provided during office hours as well as on-line (email, chat). On-line discussion forums will be set up for each chapter, through the usual e-learning platform. |  |  |
| Projects               | Student aid will be provided during office hours as well as on-line (email, chat). On-line discussion forums will be set up for each chapter, through the usual e-learning platform. |  |  |

| Assessment           |   |                  |                      |  |
|----------------------|---|------------------|----------------------|--|
|                      | Description   | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess |  |
| Laboratory practises | Three short tests will be given during the semester | 30               | CG3                  |  |
|                      |   |                  | CG4                  |  |
|                      |   |                  | CE26                 |  |
|                      |   |                  | CT3                  |  |

| Projects                          | The project will be evaluated at the end of the semester. | 30 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG11<br>CE26<br>CT2 |
|-----------------------------------|---|----|-----------------------------------|
| Long answer tests and development | Final exam.   | 40 | CT3<br>CG3<br>CG4<br>CG11<br>CE26 |

For those students that choose continuous evaluation, the final mark will be obtained as:

### Ntests+Nproject+Nexam

where, Ntests is the mark accumulated in the short tests, up to 3 points; Nproject is the mark of the practical project up to 3 points; and Nexam is the mark of the final exam up to 4 points. In order to pass the subject a student has to get at least 4 points over 10 in the exam; if that threshold were not achieved, the final mark will be that obtained at the exam, even if the student had chosen continuous evaluation.

For those students that do not choose continuous evaluation, the final mark will be the one obtained at the final exam.

The final exam will be the same for both kinds of evaluation; nevertheless, its weight in the final mark will be changed according to the student's choice of following, or not, continuous evaluation.

The student has to decide, after the realisation of the second short test, if he/she opts for continuous evaluation, or not; that decision must be communicated to the instructor in due time. The students that chose continuous evaluation and did not pass the subject would receive the "fail" qualification independently of doing the final exam, or not.

The continuous evaluation mark will be considered in July evaluation, but not for subsequent courses. In July evaluation the students that chose continuous evaluation can decide if they wish to keep the short tests and project mark, or if they prefer to be 100% assessed by the final exam.

### Sources of information

C. R. Johnson Jr y W. A. Sethares, Telecommunication breakdown: Concepts of communication transmitted via software-defined radio, , Pearson-Prentice Hall (2004)

J.R. Barry, E. A. Lee y D. G. Messerschmitt, Digital communication, , 3rd edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers (2004).

A. Artés Rodríguez, F. Pérez González y otros,, Comunicaciones Digitales, , Pearson Educación (2007)

### Recommendations

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Multimedia Signal Processing/V05G300V01513

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA   |          |      |            |
|------------------------|---|----------|------|------------|
| <b>Optical Tel</b>     | ecommunication Infrastructures  |          |      |            |
| Subject                | Optical<br>Telecommunication<br>Infrastructures   |          |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01614   |          |      |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |          |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6   | Optional | 3rd  | 2nd        |
| Language               | Spanish<br>English  |          |      |            |
| Department             |   |          |      |            |
| Coordinator            | Curty Alonso, Marcos  |          |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Curty Alonso, Marcos<br>Fraile Peláez, Francisco Javier   |          |      |            |
| E-mail                 | mcurty@com.uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |          |      |            |
| General<br>description | Firstly, we explain the physical foundations of the optical fibre technology. This includes concepts of electromagnetism in dielectric dispersive materials that may be nonlinear, the theory of the optical reception and noise, and the theory of the optical sources and optical modulators. Then, we describe the different transmission systems that use fibre, and we present optical networks. Special emphasis is made on the analysis and design of these optical systems. |          |      |            |

| -   | -     |       |
|-----|-------|-------|
| Com | notor | ACIAC |

| Com  | petencies  |                      |
|------|--|----------------------|
| Code |  | Typology             |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know               |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE21 | CE21/ST1 The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication networks, services, process<br>and applications, considered as systems of receiving, transporting, representation, processing, storage,<br>management and presentation of multimedia information from the point of view of transmission systems. | - know               |
| CE25 | CE25/ST5 The ability to select transmission antennas, equipment and systems, propagation of guided and non-guided waves, with electromagnetic, radiofrequency and optical media, and their corresponding radio   |                      |

electric spectrum management and frequency designation. CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, - Know be open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination CT3 based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| 1. To understand the origin and reasons for the use of optical transmission systems.   | CG3         |
| 2. To learn the physical foundations of the optical transmission systems and optical information processes                               | . CG3       |
| In particular, those concepts that deviate most from the classical technics such as, for instance, the                                   | CG5         |
| optical generation and photonic detection.   | CT3         |
| 3. To know the basic theory of optical devices and optical subsystems like, for example, LEDs and lasers,                                | CG3         |
| photodetectors, modulators, fibre amplifiers and optical filters.  | CG5         |
|  | CT3         |
| 4. To be able to specify the type of optical fibres and other necessary optoelectronical components that                                 | CE25        |
| are needed for a certain optical link. Also, to understand their physical and technological limitations.                                 | CT3         |
| 5. To be able to develop models for optical links and to evaluate the impact that the different  | CE25        |
| transmission subsystems and transmission formats have on their performance.  | CT3         |
| 6. To know the foundations, topologies and switching technologies of optical networks, as well as those of the current proposals of FTTH | CE21        |

| Contents   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс  |   |
| 1. Introduction to optical communications                                    | <ul><li>1.1. Reasons for the optical transmission</li><li>1.2. Digital transmission in multimode fibres</li></ul>   |
| 2. Electromagnetism in dielectrics   | <ul><li>2.1. Maxwell equations in dielectrics</li><li>2.1. Wave equations in dielectrics</li><li>2.3. Refraction index and losses</li><li>2.4. Dispersion</li></ul>   |
| 3. Monochromatic propagation in flat guides                                  | <ul><li>3.1. Solution to the wave equation in flat guides</li><li>3.2. Guided modes: TE and TM</li><li>3.3. Modal power</li><li>3.4. Normalised parameters</li></ul>  |
| 4. Monochromatic propagation in step index fibres                            | <ul> <li>4.1. Solution to the wave equation in step index fibres</li> <li>4.2. Guided modes</li> <li>4.3. Modal power</li> <li>4.4. Weakly guiding fibres</li> <li>4.5. Losses; transmission windows</li> </ul>   |
| 5. Propagation of pulses in single-mode fibres                               | <ul><li>5.1. Pulse distortion in optical fibres</li><li>5.2. Propagation of gaussian pulses in single-mode fibres</li><li>5.3. Propagation of analog signals in single-mode fibres</li><li>5.4. Dispersion minimisation in single-mode fibres</li></ul>                       |
| 6. Detection of the luminous radiation                                       | <ul><li>6.1. Light detection in semiconductors</li><li>6.2. p-i-n photodiodes and APDs</li><li>6.3. Photonic noise</li><li>6.4. Quantum efficiency and equivalent noise power</li></ul>   |
| 7. Sources and optical amplifiers  | <ul> <li>7.1. Photonic emission: basic concepts</li> <li>7.2. Light emitting diodes (LEDs)</li> <li>7.3. Semiconductor lasers (LDs)</li> <li>7.4. External modulation of the laser</li> <li>7.5. Doped fibre and semiconductor optical amplifiers</li> </ul>                  |
| 8. Digital systems based on intensity modulation                             | <ul> <li>8.1. Basic concepts of digital transmission in fibre</li> <li>8.2. Digital receiver: a simplified model</li> <li>8.3. The Photonic (or quantum) limit</li> <li>8.4. Interference and equalisation in a digital receiver</li> <li>8.5. The effect of noise</li> </ul> |
| 9. Analog systems based on intensity modulation                              | <ul> <li>9.1. Characteristics of the analog transmission, SCM systems</li> <li>9.2. Signal-noise ratio</li> <li>9.3. Distortion</li> <li>9.4. Frequency planning</li> <li>9.5. Design considerations</li> </ul>   |
| 10. Introduction to WDM and to optical networks                              | <ul> <li>10.1. Introduction</li> <li>10.2. WDM systems</li> <li>10.3. Optical networks</li> <li>10.4. Basic topologies of optical networks</li> <li>10.5. FTTH</li> </ul>   |
| Laboratory exercise 1. Measuring the numerical aperture of a multimode fibre | Here we will measure the numerical aperture of a multimode fibre  |
| Laboratory exercise 2. Acousto-optic modulator (AOM)                         | Here we will built a free-space optical link that uses an AOM together with an He-Ne laser.   |
| Laboratory exercise 3. Optical amplifier                                     | Here we will characterise an erbium doped fibre amplifier (EDFA)  |
| Laboratory exercise 4. Electro-optic modulator                               | Characterisation of an electro-optic modulator  |
| Laboratory exercise 5. Digital link based on graded index fibres             | Here we will characterise a LED and a FP laser. Also, we will analyse the effects that losses and noise have on a digital link based on graded index fibres   |
| Laboratory exercise 6. WDM systems   | Here we will characterise the performance of WDM systems working at 1310/1550nm   |

| Planning                           |             |                             |             |  |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
|                                    | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |  |
| Introductory activities            | 1           | 0                           | 1           |  |
| Master Session                     | 18          | 27                          | 45          |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 0           | 12                          | 12          |  |

| Laboratory practises              | 12 | 9  | 21 |  |
|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|--|
| Projects                          | 6  | 39 | 45 |  |
| Presentations / exhibitions       | 1  | 3  | 4  |  |
| Short answer tests                | 2  | 8  | 10 |  |
| Long answer tests and development | 2  | 10 | 12 |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                      |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
|                                    | Description   |
| Introductory activities            | Presentation of the subject: program, bibliography, educational methodology and assessment system.  |
| Master Session                     | The professor introduces the main contents of each chapter to the students. Note, however, that these lectures do not cover all the contents of each subject. For that reason, the students have to review the supplementary notes provided in class. It is also expected that the students review the concepts introduced in the classroom and expand on their contents using the guide of each chapter, together with the recommended bibliography, as a reference. |
|                                    | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG5, CE21 and CE25 are developed.  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | The students can solve problems and/or exercises given by the professor. These exercises are related to the contents presented in the class.  |
|                                    | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG5 and CE21 are developed.  |
| Laboratory practises               | The lectures include some exercises in the lab involving different optical devices and optical communication systems. The students have to read the lab notes provided by the professor before the lab starts. At the beginning of each exercise the professor might request that the students summarise the main concepts related to the exercise. Any doubt can be solved using the office hours of the professor.  |
|                                    | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG5 and CE25 are developed.  |
| Projects                           | The students will have to complete several small projects proposed by the professor. These projects require the correct planning, design and realisation of a series of activities and are performed in groups of students. Each project has to be turned over on a given deadline.   |
|                                    | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG5, CE21, CE25 and CT3 are developed.   |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions     | The students will give a small presentation of the completed projects in front of the professor and possibly other students.  |
|                                    | Through this methodology the competency CG5 is developed.   |

# Personalized attention Description Master Session The students can use the office hours of the professor to solve doubts related to the subject. The timetable of these office hours will be available at the beginning of the semester and is published on the website of the course. These office hours can be employed to solve doubts related to: 1. The concepts presented in class or included in the syllabus of the course. 2. The exercises performed in the lab. 3. The problems and/or exercises proposed for homework, as well as any other possible problems and/or exercises related to the study of the course.

4. The contents and development of the different projects.

| Troubleshooting and or exercises | / The students can use the office hours of the professor to solve doubts related to the subject. The timetable of these office hours will be available at the beginning of the semester and is published on the website of the course. These office hours can be employed to solve doubts related to: |
|----------------------------------|---|
|                                  | 1. The concepts presented in class or included in the syllabus of the course.   |
|                                  | 2. The exercises performed in the lab.  |
|                                  | 3. The problems and/or exercises proposed for homework, as well as any other possible problems and/or exercises related to the study of the course.   |
|                                  | 4. The contents and development of the different projects.  |
| Laboratory practises             | The students can use the office hours of the professor to solve doubts related to the subject. The timetable of these office hours will be available at the beginning of the semester and is published on the website of the course. These office hours can be employed to solve doubts related to:   |
|                                  | 1. The concepts presented in class or included in the syllabus of the course.   |
|                                  | 2. The exercises performed in the lab.  |
|                                  | 3. The problems and/or exercises proposed for homework, as well as any other possible problems and/or exercises related to the study of the course.   |
|                                  | 4. The contents and development of the different projects.  |
| Projects                         | The students can use the office hours of the professor to solve doubts related to the subject. The timetable of these office hours will be available at the beginning of the semester and is published on the website of the course. These office hours can be employed to solve doubts related to:   |
|                                  | 1. The concepts presented in class or included in the syllabus of the course.   |
|                                  | 2. The exercises performed in the lab.  |
|                                  | 3. The problems and/or exercises proposed for homework, as well as any other possible problems and/or exercises related to the study of the course.   |
|                                  | 4. The contents and development of the different projects.  |

|                                       | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Troubleshooting and /<br>or exercises | The students can solve a series of problems and/or exercises proposed by the professor.   | 0             |                           |
| Projects                              | The students will have to deliver a report for each of the realised   | 25            | CG3                       |
|                                       | projects. Also, the students shall give a presentation of the results obtained within a certain timeframe and follow the            |               | CG5                       |
|                                       | conditions established by the professor.  |               | CE21                      |
|                                       |   |               | CE25                      |
|                                       |   |               | CT3                       |
| Short answer tests                    |   | 30            | CG5                       |
|                                       | final mark) about the contents of the the lab notes. Likewise,<br>when finalising the lab, the students will perform a test (23% of |               | CE21                      |
|                                       | the final mark) about the lab exercises.  |               | CE25                      |
| •                                     | At the end of the semester, the students will perform a final test  | 45            | CG3                       |
| development                           | that covers all the contents of the course.   |               | CG5                       |
|                                       |   |               | CE21                      |
|                                       |   |               | CE25                      |

Following the guidelines of the degree, we will offer to the students two possible assessment systems: continuous evaluation or final evaluation at the end of the semester.

It will be considered that the students decide continuous evaluation unless they specifically request the profesor to follow a final evaluation. Such request should be done in the third week of the semester.

### **Continuous evaluation:**

The continuous evaluation comprises a series of tasks that the student has to realise along the semester (55%), together with a long answer test (45%) that he/she performs at the end of the semester. These tasks include the completion of two short answer tests about the lab (30%), and the realisation of several projects (25%). The two short answer tests about the lab are scheduled for weeks eight and sixteen of the course. Finally, the projects have to be presented on the twelfth, fourteenth and sixteenth weeks, respectively, of the course. All these tasks may not be retaken at another point in time. That is to say, if a student cannot fulfill them within the time stipulated by the professor, there is no possibility to fulfil them afterwards. Also, they are only valid for the present academic year.

Those students who decide to opt for a continuous evaluation will have to fulfill these conditions in order to pass the course: (a) perform at least 5 out of the 6 lab exercises; (b) obtain, at least, 10 points out of 25 in the projects; (c) obtain, at least, 18 points out of 45 in the long answer test; and (d) obtain a minimum of 50 points in total (i.e., taking all the activities into account). The final mark of those students who do not fulfill these minimum requirements will be calculated as follows. It will be the minimum between: (i) the total number of points obtained by the student in all the activities of the course, and (ii) 40 points. That is to say, the maximum mark obtainable for these students is 40 points.

The choice of a continuous evaluation necessarily implies that the student is counted as present at the final evaluation, independently of whether or not the student has performed the long answer test.

### Evaluation at the end of the semester:

In addition to the system of continuous evaluation described above, the student can opt for a final examination only. This final evaluation covers all the contents of the subject. The professor may demand the student to deliver some additional tasks, which will be notified by the fourth week of the course. These tasks have to be delivered on the day of the final examination. To pass the course the student will have to obtain, at least, 50 points out of 100 in the final exam together with the additional tasks.

### **Evaluation in July:**

Those students who opted for a continuous evaluation and fulfill the requirements of (a) and (b) above, will be able, if they so wish, to keep the mark obtained in the tasks performed during the continuous evaluation (55%). In such a case, they will only take a long answer test (45%). To pass the course, these students will have to obtain, at least, 18 points out of 45 in the long answer test, and obtain a minimum of 50 points in total.

Alternatively, these students can also opt for a final examination only, which covers all the contents of the course. In this case, the students will have to inform the professor one month prior to the final exam. Otherwise, it will be understood that the student opts for continuous evaluation.

The rest of students (i.e., those that opted for a system of continuous evaluation and do not fulfil the requirements of (a) and (b) above, and those students that opted for a final exam only) will be evaluated by a final exam only, which covers all the contents of the course.

In the case of choosing a final exam only, the professor may demand the student to deliver some additional tasks, which will be notified by one month before the exam. These tasks have to be delivered at the day of the final examination. To pass the course the student will have to obtain, at least, 50 points out of 100 in the final exam together with the additional tasks.

### Sources of information

There is no single book that covers all the contents of this subject. The bibliography below is only recommended. The class notes and the additional material given during the course constitutes the exact guide for this subject.

### Additional bibliography:

1. J. Capmany, F. J. Fraile Peláez and J. Martí, Fundamentos de Comunicaciones Ópticas. Ed. Síntesis, Madrid (2001), 2nd Edition. (See also http://www.com.uvigo.es/~jfraile/erratas.pdf)

2. G. P. Agrawal, Fiber-Optic Communication Systems. Wiley-Interscience (2010), 4th Edition.

- 3. J. Capmany, F. J. Fraile Peláez and J. Martí, Dispositivos de Comunicaciones Ópticas. Ed. Síntesis, Madrid (1999).
- 4. G. Keiser, Optical Fiber Communications. McGraw-Hill (2014), 5th Edition.

### Recommendations

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303

| Wireless Sy | stems and Networks                         |                            |                  |                         |
|-------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Subject     | Wireless Systems                           |                            |                  |                         |
|             | and Networks                               |                            |                  |                         |
| Code        | V05G300V01615                              |                            | ·                |                         |
| Study       | (*)Grao en                                 |                            |                  |                         |
| programme   | Enxeñaría de                               |                            |                  |                         |
|             | Tecnoloxías de                             |                            |                  |                         |
|             | Telecomunicación                           |                            |                  |                         |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits                               | Туре                       | Year             | Quadmester              |
|             | 6  | Optional                   | 3rd              | 2nd                     |
| Language    | Spanish                                    |                            |                  |                         |
| Department  |  |                            |                  |                         |
| Coordinator | Pérez Fontán, Fernando                     |                            |                  |                         |
| Lecturers   | Pérez Fontán, Fernando                     |                            |                  |                         |
| E-mail      | fpfontan@uvigo.es                          |                            |                  |                         |
| Web         | http://http://faitic.uvigo.es/             |                            |                  |                         |
| General     | (*)(*) A general overview of current wirel | ess communications systems | will be provided | l including standards a |
| description | dimensioning issues.                       |                            |                  |                         |

### Competencies

| Code |  | Typology   |
|------|--|------------|
| CG2  | CG2: The knowledge, comprehension and ability to apply the needed legislation during the development of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer profession and aptitude to manage compulsory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know be  |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How |
| CG7  | CG7: The ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of technical solutions.   | - Know How |
| CE21 | CE21/ST1 The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication networks, services, process<br>and applications, considered as systems of receiving, transporting, representation, processing, storage,<br>management and presentation of multimedia information from the point of view of transmission systems. | - Know How |
| CE22 | CE22/ST2 The ability of applying the basic techniques of telecommunication networks, services and applications for mobile and fixed environments, personal, local or long distance, with different bandwidth, including telephony, radio broadcasting, TV and data, from the point of view of transmission systems.      | - Know How |
| CE25 | CE25/ST5 The ability to select transmission antennas, equipment and systems, propagation of guided and<br>non-guided waves, with electromagnetic, radiofrequency and optical media, and their corresponding radio<br>electric spectrum management and frequency designation.   |            |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - know     |

### Learning outcomes Learning outcomes Competences CG7 Cellular and wireless network specifications. CE22 To apply previously acquired knowledge on wave propagation for the planning of radio networks. CE21 To specify the various elements (antennas, transmitters and receivers) which make up a global system. CG2 CE25 CT2 Provide access solutions to communications systems. CG4 CE22 Develop roll-out models which minimize the social and environmental impact of the radio communication CG2 networks, understanding the ethic and moral responsibilities involved in such work. CE22 CT2

| Contents |  |
|----------|--|
| Topic    |  |

| Theory 1. Introduction to radiocommunications                              | Basic concepts<br>Current situation<br>Wireless LANs<br>Personal networks.   |
|--|--|
| Theory 2. Cellular systems   | Fundamental concepts<br>The radio propagation channel<br>Multiple access techniques<br>Interferencr<br>Traffic theory<br>Network sizing up<br>Countermeasures<br>Medium access control. Security and access control.<br>Network management. Mobility management. Quality of service. |
| Theory 3. Review of cellular and wirelss lan standards and other proposals | 2nd generation systems<br>Evolution of 2G systems<br>3rd generation systems<br>Beyond 3G<br>WLAN systems<br>Other systems and proposals<br>Cognitive access<br>Femtocells.   |
| Lab 1. Statistical analysis of simulated and/or measured time-series       | Analysis of simulated and/or experimental time-series  |
| Lab 2. Introduction to multipath effects                                   | Reproducing multipath fading<br>Doppler effect<br>Narrow and wideband channel  |
| Lab 3. Introduction of blockage/shdowing effects                           | Simulation of the shadowing effect<br>Call handover<br>Interference  |

| Planning                           |             |                             |             |  |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
|                                    | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |  |
| Tutored works                      | 7           | 14                          | 21          |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 6           | 18                          | 24          |  |
| Practice in computer rooms         | 14          | 28                          | 42          |  |
| Master Session                     | 13          | 26                          | 39          |  |
| Short answer tests                 | 1           | 0                           | 1           |  |
| Reports / memories of practice     | 0           | 8                           | 8           |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 1           | 0                           | 1           |  |
| Jobs and projects                  | 0           | 14                          | 14          |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

# Methodologies

|                                   | Description   |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Tutored works                     | Simulation work to be carried out in Matlab language will be proposed to C class gropus where they will go deeper into specific issues discussed in less detail in the theoretical classes. Through this methodology the competencies CG2, CG4, CG7, CT2 and CE21 |  |
| Troubleshooting and / o exercises | r The theoretical treatment of the various topics studied in theoretical classes will be complemented<br>by performing numerical calculations relative to radio network dimensioning. Through this<br>methodology the competencies CG2 and CE22                   |  |
| Practice in computer rooms        | In laboratory sessions (type B) various Matlab simulations will be proposed to the students in ord to study specific topics which are more suitably aproached this way. Through this methodology t competencies CE21, CE22 and CE25                               |  |
| Master Session                    | In classroom lectures the more theoretical issues will be presented. Through this methodology the competencies CE21, CE22, CE25 and CT2   |  |

### Personalized attention

|                | Description   |
|----------------|---|
| Master Session | The student can individually ask for clarifications on the various topics relative to this lecture (theory, problems, lab and turored work) during tutoring hours |

| Tutored works                      | The student can individually ask for clarifications on the various topics relative to this lecture (theory, problems, lab and turored work) during tutoring hours                         |  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | <ul> <li>The student can individually ask for clarifications on the various topics relative to this lecture<br/>(theory, problems, lab and turored work) during tutoring hours</li> </ul> |  |
| Practice in computer rooms         | The student can individually ask for clarifications on the various topics relative to this lecture (theory, problems, lab and turored work) during tutoring hours                         |  |

| Assessment                         |  |                     |                    |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|
|                                    | Description  | Qualification Evalu | Jated Competencess |  |  |
| Short answer tests                 | Adequate kowledge of the theoretical materials of the lecture will be assessed by means of short response questions during the final exam.                       | 25                  | CE21               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE22               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE25               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CT2                |  |  |
| Reports / memories of<br>practice  | For each lab assignment, the studens in pairs, will present a<br>written report and will respong to oral questions on the<br>work carried out.                   | 25                  | CE21               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE22               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE25               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CT2                |  |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | In the final exam, there will be a part containing various short numerical problems.   | 25                  | CG2                |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE21               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE22               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE25               |  |  |
| Jobs and projects                  | The evaluation of supervised group work (C classes) will be<br>carried out through an oral presentation, a report and oral<br>questions during the presentation. | 25                  | CG4                |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CG7                |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE21               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE22               |  |  |
|                                    |  |                     | CE25               |  |  |

If possible all skills pertaining to this subject will be evaluated in all the various tests and exercises proposed: short answer tests, lab reports, problem solving and projects

For those who choose to take the final examan (alternatively to continuous assessment), this will have a weight of 100% of the final grades and will cover all issues dealt with in the theoretical lectures, the problem solving lectures, tutored group work and laboratory.

Above the precedure for carrying out the continouos assessment was presented. The final grades will be the result of four equal weight parts, namely

- a theoretical test consisting of short questions (25%) to take place during the final exam,

- a problem solving test consisting of short numerical calculations (25%) to take place during the final exam,

- the completion of the laboratory work and corresponding reports (25%) and
- the completion of the proposed tutored group work, its corresponding report and oral presentation (25%)

The grades for the lab. work and group work will only be valid during the current school year.

Those students who choose the continuous assessment option shall inform the professor of this during the first few weeks of the school term. The continuous assessment option entails the completion of all activities proposed: lab works and group work, and taking all tests comprising the continuous assessment route. Those students not fulfilling the above will be assessed with the final exam only.

A student will be atributed the "no presentado" grade if he or she has not followed the full continuous assessment route and has not taken the final exam.

For the retake call (July), the grades obtained in the lab work and group work parts will be kept for those students following the continous assessment route and will only be required to take the theory and problems part of the new final exam. However, he or she can also opt for taking the full final exam.

# Sources of information

José María Hernando Rábanos, Comunicaciones Móviles. 2ª ed., Ed. Centro de Estudios Ramón Areces, S.A., 2004 Fernando Pérez Fontán, Sigfredo Pagel Lindow, Introducción a las. Comunicaciones Móviles, Servicio de Publicaciones.

Universidad de Vigo, 1997

José María Hernando Rábanos, Comunicaciones Móviles de Tercera Generación, Telefónica Móviles, 2000

Simon R. Saunders, Antennas and Propagation for Wireless Communications Systems, Wiley, 1999

José María Hernando Rábanos, Fernando Pérez Fontán, Introduction to Mobile Communications Engineering, Artech House, 1999

F.Pérez-Fontán and P.Mariño Espiñeira, Modeling of the wireless propagation channel. A simulation approach with Matlab, Wiley, 2008

Ramón Agustí Comés, LTE: nuevas tendencias en comunicaciones móviles , Fundación Vodafone, 2010

Oriol Sallent Roig, Jordi Pérez Romero, Fundamentos de diseño y gestión de sistemas de comunicaciones móviles celulares , UPC, 2014

## Recommendations

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204 Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304 Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303 Radio Frequency Circuits/V05G300V01511 Radio Communication Systems/V05G300V01512

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA   |          |      |            |
|------------------------|--|----------|------|------------|
| (*)Xestión             | do espectro radioeléctrico   |          |      |            |
| Subject                | (*)Xestión do<br>espectro<br>radioeléctrico  |          |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01616  |          |      |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |          |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6  | Optional | 3rd  | 2nd        |
| Language               | Spanish  |          |      |            |
| Department             |  |          |      |            |
| Coordinator            | García Sánchez, Manuel   |          |      |            |
| Lecturers              | García Sánchez, Manuel<br>Torío Gómez, Pablo   |          |      |            |
| E-mail                 | manuel.garciasanchez@uvigo.es  |          |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| General<br>description | The management of the radioelectric spectrum, a natural resource, limited and scarce, pursues the most efficient use of the spectrum by means of the application of effective processes, to facilitate the implementation of communication systems and to guarantee minimum interference. To acomplish this objectives, engineering tools, planning, management and technical survey and certification are needed. Besides in this matter study of the SMATV systems and Structured Wiring are included. |          |      |            |

| Com  | petencies  |            |
|------|--|------------|
| Code |  | Typology   |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.  | - Know How |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know How |
| CG7  | CG7: The ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of technical solutions.   | - know     |
| CG8  | CG8: To know and apply basic elements of economics and human resources management, project organization and planning, as well as the legislation, regulation and standarization in Telecommunications.   | - Know How |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.   | - Know How |
| CE21 | CE21/ST1 The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication networks, services, process<br>and applications, considered as systems of receiving, transporting, representation, processing, storage,<br>management and presentation of multimedia information from the point of view of transmission systems. | - Know How |
| CE25 | CE25/ST5 The ability to select transmission antennas, equipment and systems, propagation of guided and non-guided waves, with electromagnetic, radiofrequency and optical media, and their corresponding radio electric spectrum management and frequency designation.   |            |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.  | - Know How |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| Jnderstand the concepts of frequency allocation, allotment and assignment. | CG6         |
|  | CE21        |
| pply concepts of base station certification.                               | CG6         |
|  | CG7         |
|  | CG8         |
|  | CE21        |
| ropose solutions for fulfilment the broadcast limits.                      | CG5         |
|  | CG6         |
|  | CG7         |
|  | CG8         |
|  | CE25        |

| Interference analysis                | CG5  |
|--------------------------------------|------|
|                                      | CG6  |
|                                      | CG8  |
|                                      | CG9  |
|                                      | CE21 |
|                                      | CE25 |
|                                      | CT4  |
| Telecommunications Cabling Standards | CG5  |
|                                      | CG6  |
|                                      | CG8  |
|                                      | CE21 |
|                                      | CE25 |
| Field measurements                   | CG5  |
|                                      | CG9  |
|                                      | CE21 |
|                                      | CE25 |
|                                      | CT4  |

| Contents               |  |
|------------------------|--|
| Торіс                  |  |
| Introduction           | Introduction to the matter.<br>General concepts.   |
| Spectrum management    | National and international regulatory bodies<br>International management and coordination<br>National management<br>The Telecommunications Law<br>National telecommunication Plans<br>CNAF |
| Spectrum engineering   | Specifications of telecommunication equipmnet.<br>Radio wave propagation.<br>Coverage.<br>Interferences.<br>Re-use distance.<br>Techniques to share the spectrum.                          |
| Modulations            | Definitions<br>The radio channel<br>Objective of the modulation<br>Types<br>Analog Modulations: AM, FM<br>Digital Modulations<br>Wideband Modulations                                      |
| Frequency planning     | Trellis method<br>List method<br>Other methods<br>Examples   |
| Technical surveillance | The specrrum analyzer<br>The wideband sounder<br>measurement procedures for radioelectric base station certification   |
| SMATV                  | Introduction<br>Rules<br>Design<br>Examples  |
| Structured wiring.     | Introduction<br>Rules<br>Design<br>Examples  |

| Planning                        |             |                             |             |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
|                                 | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |  |
| Laboratory practises            | 1           | 2                           | 3           |  |
| Tutored works                   | 3           | 45                          | 48          |  |
| Practice in computer rooms      | 6           | 6                           | 12          |  |
| Outdoor study / field practices | 11          | 11                          | 22          |  |

| Others         | 2  | 25 | 27 |  |
|----------------|----|----|----|--|
| Master Session | 19 | 19 | 38 |  |
|                |    |    |    |  |

| *The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students. |
|---|
|---|

| Methodologies                      |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
|                                    | Description  |
| Laboratory practises               | Activities of application of the acquired knowledge to particular situations. Acquisition of basic skills<br>related with the matter. Specific measurement equipment as Spectrum Analysers , Field level<br>sounders, etc, will be used.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG5, CG6, CG8, CG9, CE21, CE25 and CT4 are<br>developed.         |
| Tutored works                      | The student, alone or in a small group with other students, elaborates a report on a given subject.<br>This includes the search of the information, reading, writting, etc<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG9 and CT4 are developed.   |
| Practice in computer rooms         | Activities of application of the acquired knowledge to particular situations. Acquisition of basic skills related with the matter using computer programs.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG5, CG6, CG8, CG9, CE21, CE25 and CT4 are developed.  |
| Outdoor study / field<br>practices | Field activities. Activities of application of the acquired knowledge to particular situations.<br>Acquisition of basic skills related with the matter. Specific measurement equipment as Spectrum<br>Analysers, Field level sounders, etc, will be used.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG5, CG6, CG8, CG9, CE25 and CT4 are developed. |
| Others                             | Written exam on the contents of the matter.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG5, CG6, CG7, CG8, CE21 and CE25 are developed.  |
| Master Session                     | Master lecture given by the teacher.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CG5, CG6, CG7, CG8, CE21 and CE25 are developed.   |

| Personalized attention             |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
|                                    | Description  |  |  |
| Master Session                     | The students will have the opportunity to ask their doubts and questions during the learning activities, attending to scheduled meetings with the lecturer, or by means of email |  |  |
| Laboratory practises               | The students will have the opportunity to ask their doubts and questions during the learning activities, attending to scheduled meetings with the lecturer, or by means of email |  |  |
| Tutored works                      | The students will have the opportunity to ask their doubts and questions during the learning activities, attending to scheduled meetings with the lecturer, or by means of email |  |  |
| Practice in computer rooms         | The students will have the opportunity to ask their doubts and questions during the learning activities, attending to scheduled meetings with the lecturer, or by means of email |  |  |
| Outdoor study / field<br>practices | The students will have the opportunity to ask their doubts and questions during the learning activities, attending to scheduled meetings with the lecturer, or by means of email |  |  |

| Assessment                    |   |                  |                       |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------|-----------------------|
|                               | Description   | Qualification Ev | valuated Competencess |
| Laboratory<br>practises       | Performing measurements on a panel for TV signal distribution.  | 2.5              | CE21                  |
|                               |   |                  | CE25                  |
| Tutored works                 | Preparing reports and presentations about issues related to spectrum management, that will be presented in class. | 15               | CG9                   |
|                               |   |                  | CT4                   |
| Practice in<br>computer rooms | The coverage area of an AM station will be calculated. It will be evaluated with the memory of the practice.      | 5                | CG6                   |
|                               |   |                  | CG9                   |
|                               |   |                  | CE21                  |
|                               |   |                  | CE25                  |
|                               |   |                  | CT4                   |

| Outdoor study /<br>field practices | Basic use of the spectrum analyser. Measurement of the<br>bandwidth of a FM signal. Measurement of TDT signals.<br>Installation of a parabolic antenna. Phase 1 and phase 2<br>measurements.<br>Execution of the practice or test when finalising the practice. | 27.5 | CG5<br>CG7<br>CG9<br>CE21<br>CE25<br>CT4 |
|------------------------------------|---|------|--|
| Others                             | Written exams of the contents of the matter.  | 50   | CG6<br>CG7<br>CG8<br>CE21<br>CE25        |

## Other comments and July evaluation

1)Following the guidelines of the degree we offer to the students two schemes of evaluation in the ordinary announcement, at the end of the semester: continuous assessment and final assessment. The students will have to opt by one of the two schemes before the delivery of the report of the first practice.

a)Continuous assessment. The continuous assessment will be based on the report of the PC practice and the tests of the other seven practices. The work will be assessed by means of the presentation in class. A partial written exam will take place in the middle of the semester. The last task of the continuous evaluation is a written exam. These tasks are not recoverable and only are valid for the current course.

b)Final evaluation. The students that do not opt to her continuous assessment will have to complete two written exams, one related to the theoretical contents (50%) and the other to the practical contents (50%) in the official date of examination.

2) Extraordinary announcement (July). The students that have previously opted by continuous assessment will be able to opt between repeating the written examinations (50% of the mark) or examine again of all the matter (100% of the mark) by means two written exams, one related to the theoretical contents (50%) and the other to the practical contents (50%). They will communicate the option they choose before the official date of the examination. The rest of the students will examine of all the matter (100% of the mark) by means two written exams, one related to the theoretical contents (50%) and the other to the practical contents (50%).

## Sources of information

International Telecomunication Union, ITU-R recommendations, , www.itu.org International Telecomunication Union, Radiocomunication Rules, 2012, www.itu.org International Telecomunication Union, National Spectrum management Manual, 2005, www.itu.org Gretel-COIT, La evolución de la gestión del espectro radioeléctrico, 2007, http://coit.es/descargar.php?idfichero=2523 SETSI, Cuadro Nacional de Atribución de Frecuencias, 2013, http://www.minetur.gob.es/telecomunicaciones/espec

## Recommendations

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303 Radio Communication Systems/V05G300V01512

| Electronic I           | Instrumentation and Sensors   |  |   |   |
|------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Subject                | Electronic  |  |   |   |
|                        | Instrumentation   |  |   |   |
|                        | and Sensors   |  |   |   |
| Code                   | V05G300V01621   |  |   |   |
| Study                  | (*)Grao en  |  |   |   |
| programme              | Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de  |  |   |   |
|                        | Telecomunicación  |  |   |   |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре   | Year  | Quadmester  |
| Descriptors            | 6   | Optional   | 3rd   | 2nd   |
|                        | Spanish   | ориона   | 510   | 2110  |
| Language               | Galician  |  |   |   |
| Department             |   |  |   |   |
|                        | Mariño Espiñeira, Perfecto  |  |   |   |
| Lecturers              | Mariño Espiñeira, Perfecto  |  |   |   |
|                        | Pastoriza Santos, Vicente   |  |   |   |
| E-mail                 | pmarino@uvigo.es  |  |   |   |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |  |   |   |
| General<br>description | The main purpose of the subject is to pro<br>characterization of electronic instrument<br>digital signal in the input stage of said in<br>Course outline:<br>+ Analysis of sensor parameters.<br>+ Basic concepts about the physical prin<br>+ The most important application of sen<br>+ Electronic instrumentation architectur<br>distributed systems. International standa<br>+ Design of programmable instrumentat<br>+ Classification of architectures for elect<br>The main goal of the laboratory sessions<br>understanding and knowledge to:<br>+Analyze the parameters and main feat<br>systems.<br>+ Know the applications of each group of<br>+ Manage specific software tools to desi<br>data.<br>+ Use specific software tools to work wit | ation systems, and the range<br>strumentation systems.<br>ciples of the sensors.<br>sors in electronic instrumenta<br>es, from the simplest point to<br>ords for electronic instrumenta-<br>ion: GPIB, VXI and PXI buses.<br>ronic instrumentation. Introdu<br>(practical work) is to enable to<br>ures of the sensors integrated<br>f sensors.<br>gn (virtual) instruments that a | of sensors which<br>tion.<br>point systems to<br>ation are present<br>uction of wired a<br>the students to a<br>in the electronic<br>allow store, displ | h provide analogical and<br>o the most complex<br>ted.<br>nd wireless field buses.<br>acquire sufficient<br>c instrumentation |

| Code |  | Typology             |
|------|--|----------------------|
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know               |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How           |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.  | - know               |
| CE42 | (CE42/SE4): The ability to apply electronics as support technology in other fields and activities and not only in information and communication technologies.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE46 | (CE46/SE8): The ability to specify and use electronic instrumentation and measurement systems.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - know               |
| СТ3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - know<br>- Know be  |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| Knowledge of the distinct types of sensors and his applications.   | CG3         |
|  | CE42        |
|  | CE46        |
|  | CT2         |
|  | CT3         |
| Capacity for the development of electronic circuits of conditioning of signal.                           | CG4         |
|  | CG5         |
|  | CE42        |
|  | CE46        |
|  | CT2         |
|  | CT3         |
| Knowledge and utilisation of computer tools for treatment of data and representation of the information. |             |
|  | CG5         |
|  | CE42        |
|  | CE46        |
| Knowledge of the basic principles of the programmable instrumentation and his utilisation.               |             |
|  | CE42        |
|  | CE46        |
|  | CT2         |
|  | CT3         |

| Contents  |  |
|---|--|
| Торіс   |  |
| Unit 1: Introduction to sensors.  | Energy conversions. Concepts of sensor, transducer and actuator.<br>Dynamic and static features. Other features. Selection of sensors.<br>Conditioning. Application examples on ICT. |
| Unit 2: Temperature resistive sensors. Strain gauges.                               | Temperature resistive sensors:<br>General features. Types. Conditioning . Application examples.  |
|   | Strain gauges:<br>Basic principles. General features. Types of using. Conditioning .<br>Application examples.  |
| Unit 3: Photoresistive and Optoelectronic. Other resistive sensors.                 | Photoresistive and Optoelectronic:<br>Basic principles. General features. Encoders. Conditioning. Application<br>examples.   |
|   | Other resistive sensors:<br>Gas sensors. Magnetoresistors. Potentiometers. Basic principles. General<br>features. Conditioning . Application examples.                               |
| Unit 4: Capacitive sensors. Inductive and magnetic sensors.                         | Capacitive sensors:<br>Introduction. Measurements principles. Features. Conditioning. Proximity<br>sensors. Application examples.  |
|   | Inductive and magnetic sensors:<br>Introduction. Basic principles. Variable transformer types. Features.<br>Conditioning. Hall effect sensors. Application examples.                 |
| Unit 5: Pyrometric sensors and Infrared thermography. Thermocouples. Other sensors. | Pyrometric sensors and infrared thermography:<br>Basic principles. General features. Conditioning. Application examples.   |
|   | Thermocouples:<br>Basic principles. General features. Calibration scales. Conditioning.<br>Application examples.   |
|   | Other sensors:<br>Pyroelectric. Ultrasounds. Magnetostrictive. Radar level detection.<br>Biosensors. Chemical sensors. High energy and nuclear sensors.                              |

| Unit 6: Programmable instrumentation.  | Historical events in electronic instrumentation: Evolution of instrumentation. Instrumentation systems. Definitions. Current needs and future trends. Programmable instrumentation. Switched instrumentation. Hybrid systems on instrumentation.   |
|--|--|
|  | GPIB bus: General features. Configurations and equipment. Standards<br>IEEE 488.1/488.2. Transference procedures. Standard HS488.  |
|  | GPIB command groups. Basic functions. Integrated circuits. Controllers on cards. SCPI Standard. Design environments for ATE systems.   |
| Unit 7: Standard multiprocessor buses.   | Systems on cards. Applications of standard buses. Classification. Types of connectors and cards. Multiprocessor systems. Common memory multiprocessor systems. Multiplexing. Bus arbiters. Arbiter techniques.   |
|  | Asynchronous bus concept. Addressing. Data transfer. Interrupts.<br>Electrical design of high speed buses. ECL and TTL signals. Backplane<br>features. Drivers, receivers and transceivers. International standards.   |
| Unit 8: The VME bus.   | Introduction . Functional modules. Subbuses and signals. Data transfer.<br>Types of arbitration. System controller. The interrupt chain. Commercial<br>products.   |
| Unit 9: Standards on programmable instrumentation.                             | Introduction to VXI and PXI buses. Subbuses and signals. Configurations.<br>Types of devices. Products and systems of development. PCI Express and<br>the switched instrumentation. Ethernet and its LXI version for<br>instrumentation. The AXIEe for high features.                                      |
| Unit 10: Field bus architectures for sensors.                                  | General features. Classification. Practical examples: PROFIBUS and CAN.<br>Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS). Embedded buses for automotive<br>applications: LIN, MOST, FLEXRAY, JSAE 1939 and others. Standard IEEE<br>1451 for intelligent sensors. Development tools.                            |
| Unit 11:Wireless networks for sensors.   | The ISM bands. Basic features of wireless networks. Multiplexing and modulation. The SDR concept. Standards for WLAN and WPAN. IEEE standards 802.15.1/4/3. Wireless sensor networks (WSNs). Other commercial networks.  |
| Practice 1: Introduction to the LabVIEW<br>Application Development Environment | Introduction to LabVIEW environment by means of basic examples of programming.   |
| Practice 2: Temperature sensors. NTC thermistor.                               | Signal conditioning and virtual instrument development for measurement   |
| Practice 3: Optoelectronic sensors. PIN photodiode.                            | Spectral response analysis.  |
| Practice 4: Capacitive sensors. Accelerometer.                                 | Signal analysis and post-processing, and virtual instrument developing for tilt measurement.   |
| Practice 5: Programmable Instrumentation I.                                    | Frequency response test of two RC circuits via the programmable control of the laboratory instrumentation. The programmable control will realise through a USB connection from the PC to each instrument.  |
| Practice 6: Programmable Instrumentation II.                                   | To develop an application that verify the frequency response of a RC circuit by means of the programmable control of some of the instruments situated in a VXI chassis. The programmable control of each instrument from the PC will realise through a LAN connection and using a GPIB -Ethernet gateway . |
|  |  |

|                         | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Introductory activities | 2           | 2                              | 4           |
| Master Session          | 16          | 23                             | 39          |
| Laboratory practises    | 14          | 12                             | 26          |
| Tutored works           | 7           | 28                             | 35          |
| Multiple choice tests   | 3           | 43                             | 46          |

| Methodologies           |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
|                         | Description  |  |  |
| Introductory activities | Subject presentation. Presentation of laboratory sessions, instrumentation and software resources to be used. In these sessions, the skills CG3, CG4, CG5, CE42, CE46, CT2 and CT3 will be worked. |  |  |

| Master Session       | The lecturer will explain in the classroom the main contents of the subject. The students have to manage the proposed bibliography to carry out a self-study process in a way that leads to acquire the knowledge and the skills related to the subject. The lecturer will answer the students' questions in the classroom or at the office. In these sessions, the skills CG3, CG4, CG5, CE42, CE46, CT2 and CT3 will be worked.  |
|----------------------|--|
| Laboratory practises | Activities designed to apply the main concepts and definitions of the subject. The student will be asked to acquire the basic skills to manage the laboratory instrumentation, software tools and components in order to construct and test electronic circuits. The student has to develop and demonstrate autonomous learning and collaborative skills. He/she is supposed to be able to manage bibliography and recently acquired knowledge. Possible questions can be answered in the laboratory sessions or at the lecturer's office. In these practises, the skills CG3, CG4, CG5, CE42, CE46, CT2 and CT3 will be worked. |
| Tutored works        | The students have to manage basic concepts to search and select information in order to get a deeper understanding in some specific fields related to the subject. This is a group activity. The lecturer will propose in the classroom the topic of this group task and monitor the student's work in personalized attention sessions. In these sessions, the skills CG3, CG4, CG5, CE42, CE46, CT2 and CT3 will be worked.   |

| Personalized at         | Personalized attention   |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
|                         | Description  |  |  |
| Master Session          | Master session:<br>The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term.<br>In these sessions the lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide<br>the studying and learning process.                        |  |  |
|                         | Laboratory practises:<br>The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term.<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students understand the work to be developed in the laboratory<br>(components, circuits, instrumentation and tools). |  |  |
|                         | Tutored works:<br>The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term.<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students to deal with the monitored work.   |  |  |
| Laboratory<br>practises | Master session:<br>The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term.<br>In these sessions the lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide<br>the studying and learning process.                        |  |  |
|                         | Laboratory practises:<br>The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term.<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students understand the work to be developed in the laboratory<br>(components, circuits, instrumentation and tools). |  |  |
|                         | Tutored works:<br>The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term.<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students to deal with the monitored work.   |  |  |

Tutored works Master session:

The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available on the subject website at the beginning of the term.

In these sessions the lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide the studying and learning process.

Laboratory practises:

The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available on the subject website at the beginning of the term.

In these sessions the lecturer will help students understand the work to be developed in the laboratory (components, circuits, instrumentation and tools).

Tutored works:

The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available on the subject website at the beginning of the term.

In these sessions the lecturer will help students to deal with the monitored work.

| Assessment   |  |               |                           |
|--------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
|              | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Laboratory   | The lecturers will check the level of compliance of the students with the goals related to the laboratory skills. They will consider the work of the students carried out before the laboratory session to prepare the proposed tasks and the work in the laboratory. Marks for each session | 35            | CG3                       |
| practises    |  |               | CG4                       |
|              |  |               | CG5                       |
|              | (LSM: Laboratory Session Mark) will be assigned in a 10 points scale.  |               | CE42                      |
|              | Final mark of laboratory, FML, will be assessed in a 10 points scale.<br>In these practices, the skills CG3, CG4, CG5, CE42, CE46, CT2 and CT3   |               | CE46                      |
|              | will be assessed.  |               | CT2                       |
|              |  |               | CT3                       |
| Tutored work | s The lecturers will consider the results, the analysis and the quality of the   | 15            | CG3                       |
|              | final report, and the classroom presentation. Marks will be assigned in a 10 points scale. In these works, the skills CG3, CG4, CG5, CE42, CE46, CT2 and CT3 will be evaluated.  |               | CG4                       |
|              |  |               | CG5                       |
|              |  |               | CE42                      |
|              |  |               | CE46                      |
|              |  |               | CT2                       |
|              |  |               | CT3                       |
| Multiple     | The lecturers will check the level of compliance of the students with the  | 50            | CG3                       |
| choice tests | goals related to the theory skills. Marks for each test will be assessed in a 10 points scale. Final mark of theory, FMT, will be assessed in a 10 points scale. In these tests, the skills CG3, CG4, CG5, CE42, CE46, CT2 and CT3 will be evaluated.  |               | CG4                       |
|              |  |               | CG5                       |
|              |  |               | CE42                      |
|              |  |               | CE46                      |
|              |  |               | CT2                       |
|              |  |               | СТ3                       |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

#### 1. Continuous assessment

According to the guidelines of the degree and the agreements of the academic commission, a continuous assessment learning scheme will be offered to the students.

When the students perform a short answer test or attend at least two laboratory sessions, **they will be assessed by continuous assessment**.

The subject comprises three different parts: theory (50 %), laboratory (35%) and tutored work (15%). The marks are valid only for the current academic course.

## 1.a Theory

Two theory exams are scheduled. The first exam (SAT1) will be performed after unit 5, in the usual weekly scheduling of the theoretical classes. The second exam (SAT2) will be performed during the examination period in the date specified in the

academic calendar. The students cannot do the exams at a later date.

Each theory exam will be comprised short answer tests and long answer development. Marks for each exam will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The student who miss a exam will be assessed with a mark of 0 for that exam. The final mark of theory (FMT) is calculated as the arithmetic mean of the individual marks:

# FMT = (SAT1 + SAT2)/2

The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 5 for each test (SATi>=5). If the minimum mark in the first test is not achieved (SAT1 less than 5), the students can repeat this part in the same date of the second exam.

# 1.b Laboratory

Seven laboratory sessions are scheduled. Each session lasts approximately 120 minutes and the students will work in pairs. This part also will be assessed by continuous assessment. Each session will be only evaluated according to the developed work at the schedule date. The lecturers will consider the work of the students carried out before the laboratory session to prepare the proposed tasks, the work in the laboratory to deal with them as well as the student's behavior. Marks for each laboratory session (LSM) will be assessed in a 10 points scale. A mark of 0 will be obtained for missing sessions. The final mark of laboratory (FML) is calculated as the arithmetic mean of the individual laboratory session marks:

FML = (LSM1 + LSM2 + LSM3 + LSM4 + LSM5 + LSM6 + LSM7)/7

In order to pass the laboratory part the students can not miss more than two laboratory sessions and the minimum mark required is of 5 (FML>=5). These absences must be excused with a valid documented reason (medical, bereavement or other).

# 1.c Tutored work

In the first session of C hours, lecturers will present the objectives and the schedule of the work. They also assign a specific work to each group. After that, the most important part of the workload will be developed outside the classroom hours. The lecturers will monitor the student's work in the following sessions of C hours.

In order to assess the work, the lecturer will consider the results, their analysis, the quality of the written report and the classroom presentation. Mark for the classroom presentation (CPM) and the written report (WRM) will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The final mark of this part, tutored work mark (TWM), is calculated as the following weighted average:

## $TWM = 0,3 \cdot CPM + 0,7 \cdot WRM$

The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 5 (TWM>=5). The students are only allowed to miss one tutored work session. This absence must be excused with a valid documented reason (medical, bereavement or other).

## 1.d Final mark of the subject

The weighted points from all assessed parts are added together to calculate the final mark (FM). The following weightings will be applied: 50% theory (FMT), 35% laboratory (FML) and 15% tutored work (TWM). In order to pass the subject, students will be require to pass the theory, laboratory and group project parts. In this case the final mark (FM) will be:

 $FM = (0.5 \cdot FMT + 0.3 \cdot FML + 0.15 TWM)$ 

However, when the students do not pass all parts (FMT, or FML, or TWM less than 5) or do not reach the minimum mark of 5 required to pass each short answer test or miss more than 2 laboratory sessions or miss more than 1 tutored work sessions, the final mark will be the minimum value among them:

# FM = min{ FMT, FML, TWM }

A final mark higher than five points (FM  $\geq$  5) should be achieved in order to pass the subject.

## 2. Final Exam

The students who prefer a different educational policy can attend an exam on a scheduled date. This exam will comprise three parts (similar to the activities completed by the continuously assessed students): theory exam, laboratory exam and tutored work. In order to attend the laboratory exam and to assign the tutored work, the students have to contact to the lecturer according to an established procedure. The procedure will be published in advance.

The theory exam will be comprised two exams (SAT) each one with short answer tests and long answer development. Marks for each test will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The final mark of theory (FMT) is calculated as the arithmetic mean of the individual marks:

## FMT = (SAT1 + SAT2)/2

The laboratory exam will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 5 (FMT>=5).

The tutored work will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The student will prepare a written report to be handed in just before the exam. In addition, the tutored work must be presented within one week of delivery of reports. In order to assess the work, the lecturer will consider the results, their analysis, the quality of the written report and the presentation. Mark for the classroom presentation (CPM) and the written report (WRM) will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The final mark of this part, tutored work mark (TWM), is calculated as the following weighted average:

## $TWM = 0,3 \cdot CPM + 0,7 \cdot WRM$

In order to pass the subject, students will be required to pass each part (FMT>=5, FML>=5 and TWM>=5). In this case the final mark (FM) will be:

## $FM = (0.5 \cdot FMT + 0.35 \cdot FML + 0.15 TWM)$

However, when the students do not reach the minimum mark required (FMT, or FML, or TWM less than 5), the final mark will be the minimum value among them:

#### FM = min{ FMT, FML, TWM }

A final mark higher than five points (FM  $\geq$  5) should be achieved in order to pass the subject.

## 3. Second opportunity to pass the subject

The assessment policy in this call will follow the scheme described in the previous section (final exam): theory exam, laboratory exam and tutored work. Dates will be specified in the academic calendar. In order to attend the laboratory exam and to assign the tutored work, the students have to contact to the lecturer according to an established procedure. The procedure will be published in advance.

The marks obtained during the current academic year in the continuous assessment or final exam are kept in this second opportunity for those parts in which the student has not attended. Moreover, in this occasion, the students cannot take an exam or a tutored work task if they have got a pass previously in the first opportunity.

The final mark will be calculated as it has described in section 2.

## Sources of information

Black, J. (editor), The system engineering handbook: a guide to building VME bus and VXI bus Systems, , Academic Press, 1992

Mariño, P., Las comunicaciones en la empresa: normas, redes y servicios, 2ª Ed., RAMA, 2002

Norton, H., Sensores y analizadores, , Gustavo Gili, 1984

Pérez García, M.A., Instrumentación Electrónica, 1ª Ed., Ediciones Paraninfo, S.A., 2014

Pérez García, M.A., Álvarez Antón, J.C., Campo Rodríguez, J.C., Ferrero Martín, F.J., y Grillo Orteg, Instrumentación Electrónica, , Thomson, 2004

del Río Fernández, J., Shariat-Panahi, S., Sarriá Gandul, S., y Lázaro, A.M., LabVIEW: Programación para Sistemas de Instrumentación, , Editorial Garceta, 2011

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Programmable Electronic Circuits/V05G300V01502 Analogue Electronics/V05G300V01624 Data Acquisition Systems/V05G300V01521

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305 Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401

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| Subject   | Microelectronics   |   |  |
| Subject   | Design   |   |  |
| Code  | V05G300V01622  |   |  |
| Study   | (*)Grao en   |   |  |
| programme   | Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de   |   |  |
|   | Telecomunicación   |   |  |
| Descriptors   | ECTS Credits Type Year   | Quadn   | nester   |
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| anguage   | Spanish  | 2110  |  |
| Department  |  |   |  |
| •   |  |   |  |
| Coordinator   |  |   |  |
| Lecturers   | Cao Paz, Ana María<br>Rodríguez Andina, Juan José<br>Rodríguez Pardo, María Loreto   |   |  |
| E-mail  | jjrdguez@uvigo.es  |   |  |
| Web   | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |   |  |
| General   | The main purposes of this course are for the students:   |   |  |
| description   | 1) To get acquainted with integrated circuits (ICs) and micro-electro-mechanical systems   | s (MEMs) fal  | brication  |
|   | technologies.  |   |  |
|   | <ol><li>To get acquainted with CMOS fabrication processes for ICs and MEMs.</li></ol>  |   |  |
|   | 3) To analyze the physical structure of passive components and active devices in CMOS  | technology.   |  |
|   | 4) To get acquainted with the basic aspects of MEMs design.  |   |  |
|   | 5) To work with CAD tools for the design.of CMOS ICs   |   |  |
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| Competenc   | ies  |   |  |
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| Code  |  |   | Typology   |
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To know and understand the basic aspects of MEMs design and their basic structures To be capable of working with CAD tools for the design of CMOS ICs

CG6 CG9 CG13 CT4

| Contents   |   |
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| Торіс  |   |
| Chapter 1: Introduction (1h)   | Course introduction. Purposes and planning of the course. Basic concepts in the design of integrated circuits (ICs) and micro-electro-mechanical systems (MEMs).  |
| Chapter 2: Fabrication steps for ICs and MEMs (2h)   | Introduction to ICs and MEMs fabrication. Planar technology.<br>Micromachining and micromolding technologies. CMOS IC fabrication<br>steps. Structure of MOS transistors. Fabrication example: CMOS inverter.<br>Layout. MEMs fabrication steps: bulk micromachining, surface<br>micromachining, and LIGA.            |
| Chapter 3. ICs and MEMs fabrication processes<br>(3h)  | Silicon wafers. Epitaxial layers. Dielectric layers. Oxidation. Deposition.<br>Semiconductor layers. Dopant diffusion. Ion implantation.<br>Photolithography. Etching. Metalization.  |
| Chapter 4. Modeling of MOS transistors (3h).   | MOS transistors: analytical model. Higher-order effects. Fundamentals of Spice modeling and simulatin. Spice models of MOS transistors.   |
| Chapter 5. Physical structure of basic elements (2h)   | Specification of the physical structure of a MOS transistor. Specification of the physical structure of a resistor. Specification of the physical structure of a capacitor. Types of physical specifications. Influence of physical design in the behavior of a device. Design rules. Design methodologies and tools. |
| Chapter 6. Resistor layout strategies (1h)   | Lateral diffusion. Effective geometric dimensions. Influence of the terminals. Long resistors. Unit resistors. Stacked resistors. Neighborhood effects. Dummies. Interdigited and common centroid structures.   |
| Chapter 7. Capacitor layout strategies (1h)  | Oxide thickness gradient, lateral diffusion, and neighborhood effects. Area and perimeter unit capacitances.  |
| Chapter 8. Transistor layout strategies (2h)   | Transistor with high aspect ratio. Stacked transistors. Interdigited structures.  |
| Chapter 9. Physical design case studies (3h)   | Basic current mirror. Self-biased differential amplifier.   |
| Lab assignment 1. Introduction to IC design tools (2h)   | Introduction to physical design tools. Basic layout elements and individual nMOS and pMOS transistors. Design Rule Check (DRC). Predesigned elements and transistors.   |
| Lab assignment 2. CMOS inverter (4h)   | Schematic design of a CMOS inverter. Corrections for symmetrical response. Simulation with capacitive loads. Layout design and DRC. Layout Versus Schematic (LVS). Post-layout simulation (without and with capacitive load). Comparison with schematic simulation.   |
| Lab assignment 3. MOS transsitor layout strategies (2h)  | Layout of pMOS and nMOS transistors. Snake, stacked, and interdigited structures. Dummy structures.   |
| Lab assignment 4. Passive components layout strategies (2h)  | Layouts of resistors and capacitors. Linear, snake, stacked and interdigited structures. Dummy structures.  |
| Lab assignment 5. Physical design of analog<br>functional blocks: current mirror and differential<br>pair (3h) | Layouts of a basic curent mirror and a self-biased pMOS differential amplifier.   |

| Planning   | Class hours            | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Master Session   | 18                     | 45                           | 63                         |
| Practice in computer rooms                               | 13                     | 19.5                         | 32.5                       |
| Projects   | 6                      | 27                           | 33                         |
| Presentations / exhibitions                              | 1                      | 2.5                          | 3.5                        |
| Short answer tests                                       | 1                      | 3.5                          | 4.5                        |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 2                      | 7                            | 9                          |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 1                      | 3.5                          | 4.5                        |
| *The information in the planning table is for guid       | dance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students |

| Methodologies |  |
|---------------|--|

Description

| Master Session                 | The professor will present the relevant concepts of the course. Before each lecture, students must<br>carry out a preparatory analysis of the topics to be addressed, aiming at their active participation.<br>Practical examples and case studies will be developed and analyzed. Attendance will be recorded.<br>Competencias CE42 and CE43 will be addressed in these sessions   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Practice in computer<br>rooms  | Students will work in groups of two people, using IC CAD tools. All relevant steps in the physical design of an IC will be practically studied. Attendance will be recorded, and performance of each group in each lab assignment will be evaluated.<br>Competencies CE43 and CG13 will be addressed in these sessions  |
| Projects                       | <ul> <li>Students will work in small teams (C-type groups) in the physical design and characterization of a circuit consisting of active devices and passive components, under the close guidance of professors.</li> <li>Attendance will be recorded. The activities to be developed by each team are: <ul> <li>Analysis of possible solutions and design alternatives.</li> <li>Critical analysis of the design process developed.</li> <li>Demonstration of the circuits designed in the project.</li> <li>Preparation of a report where results are presented, analyzed, and discussed.</li> <li>Competencies CE43, CG6, CG9, CG13, and CT4 will be addressed in these sessions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | Each group of students will publicly present their project to professors and the other students in the group. Anyone in the audience will be allowed to ask questions about the project. Competencies CE43, CG6, CG9, and CT4 will be addressed in these sessions.  |

## Personalized attention

|                                | Description  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Master Session                 | Professors will personally assist students with doubts and questions they may have about either theoretical contents or lab assignments, as well as in the development of the projects and the preparation of the public presentations. Office hours will be scheduled for both individual and group sessions. |
| Practice in<br>computer rooms  | Professors will personally assist students with doubts and questions they may have about either theoretical contents or lab assignments, as well as in the development of the projects and the preparation of the public presentations. Office hours will be scheduled for both individual and group sessions. |
| Projects                       | Professors will personally assist students with doubts and questions they may have about either theoretical contents or lab assignments, as well as in the development of the projects and the preparation of the public presentations. Office hours will be scheduled for both individual and group sessions. |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | Professors will personally assist students with doubts and questions they may have about either theoretical contents or lab assignments, as well as in the development of the projects and the preparation of the public presentations. Office hours will be scheduled for both individual and group sessions. |

# Assessment

|          | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|----------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Projects | Each group of students must deliver a detailed written report about the   | 15            | CG6                       |
|          | project they developed. Contributions from each team member must be<br>clearly stated and identified. The methodology used for task distribution  |               | CG9                       |
|          | and coordination within the group must also be clearly explained.   |               | CG13                      |
|          | Evaluation will be based on:  |               | CE43                      |
|          | <ul> <li>Analysis of design alternatives</li> <li>Design correctness</li> <li>Layout compaction</li> <li>Use of adequate layout strategies to minimize the effect of process variations and to assure good matching wherever required.</li> <li>Formal issues: structure, clarity, conciseness, and completeness of the report. Use of suitable figures and discussion of significant data.</li> <li>Reports are due two days before the public presentation of the work. To pass the course, the group the student belongs to must achieve in the report a mark of 5 or higher in a 0-10 scale.</li> </ul> |               | CT4                       |
|          | Competencies CE43, CG6, CG9, CG13, and CT4 will be assessed in these projects.  |               |                           |

| Presentations /<br>exhibitions        | Each student must provide an individual 5-minute public presentation of<br>the part of the project he/she carried out (including planning /<br>coordination tasks, if applicable). Presentations will be scheduled in the<br>last (1-hour) classroom session of the corresponding group. At the end of<br>each presentation, the student must give suitable replies to questions<br>from the audience, which will consist of professors and the other students<br>in the group, who must attend the whole session. Evaluation will be based<br>on the content, formal issues, and deliverance of the presentation, as well<br>as on the way the student replies to que questions from the audience.<br>Students asking relevant questions will get additional score for them. To<br>pass the course, the student must achieve in his/her presentation (plus<br>additional score if applicable) a mark of 5 or higher in a 0-10 scale.   | 15 | CG6<br>CG9<br>CE43<br>CT4 |
|---------------------------------------|---|----|---------------------------|
|                                       | Competencies CE43, CG6, CG9, and CT4 will be assessed in these presentations.   |    |                           |
| Short answer tests                    | An intermediate continuous evaluation 1-hour written test will be held<br>during one of the classroom sessions, covering course contents lectured<br>so far. This test is the last chance for students to decide whether or not<br>they opt for continuous evaluation. All students completing the test<br>implicitly choose to follow continuous evaluation. The remaining students<br>have to explicitly declare their choice. The lack of declaration from a<br>student means he/she will not follow continuous evaluation. The test will<br>consist of short answer questions, accounting for 20% of the global mark.<br>Another 1-hour test (covering the same course contents and with the<br>same duration and evaluation criteria) will be held in the date of the final<br>exam. It is compulsory for students not in continuous evaluation.<br>Students in continuous evaluation can also voluntarily complete it. In that<br>case, the score they will receive in this part of the course evaluation will<br>be the one achieved in this second test.<br>Also in the date of the final exam, a 1-hour written test (compulsory for<br>all students) will be held, covering the remaining clasroom contents. The<br>test will be divided in two parts. The first one will consist of short answer<br>questions, accounting for 5% of the global mark.<br>To pass the course, students must achieve in each of the tests (the<br>second one will also consist of design problems or exercises) a mark or 4<br>or higher in a 0-10 scale.<br>Competencies CE42 and CE43 will be assessed in these tests | 25 | CE42<br>CE43              |
| Troubleshooting<br>and / or exercises | In the date of the final exam, a second 1-hour written test (compulsory<br>for all students) will be held, covering the remaining clasroom contents<br>not included in the first written test. This second test will be divided in<br>two parts. The second part will consist of design problems or exercises,<br>accounting for 15% of the global mark.<br>To pass the course, students must achieve in this second test (also<br>consisting of short answer questions) a mark or 4 or higher in a 0-10<br>scale.<br>Competencies CE42 and CE43 will be assessed in this test.   | 15 | CE42<br>CE43              |
|                                       | All students, in continuous evaluation or not, must complete Lab  | 30 | CG13                      |
| task execution and<br>/ or simulated. | Assignment 2 and deliver a written report with the achieved results and conclusions. The report is due before the last scheduled lab session. Lab assignment 2 and the corresponding report account for 15% of the global mark.<br>A continuous evaluation 1-hour lab test using an IC CAD tool will be held in the last scheduled lab session. Another similar test will be held in the date of the final exam. It is compulsory for students not in continuous evaluation. Students in continuous evaluation can also voluntarily complete it. In that case, the score they will receive in this part of the course evaluation will be the one achieved in this second test. Lab tests account for 15% of the global mark.<br>To pass the course, students must achieve a mark or 4 or higher in a 0-10 scale in both Lab Assignment 2 and the lab test.<br>Competencies CE43 and CG13 will be assessed in this part  |    | CE43                      |

# Other comments and July evaluation

In order to pass the course, students must achieve a global mark of 5 or higher in a 0-10 scale. The global mark will be obtained as the weighted summation of the scores obtained in the different parts of the course. A minimum score is required in each of these parts. For students not achieving the minimum score in any of the parts, the global mark will be the lower

value between 4 and the weighted summation of scores.

Students not in continuous evaluation will be evaluated as follows:

- Final written and lab tests will account for the same percentage of the global mark as in the case of students in continuous evaluation.

- They must develop a project and deliver the corresponding report and public presentation (in the same sessions and with the same criteria as students in continuous evaluation). Reports are due two days before public presentation. Minimum scores in the different parts for students not in continuous evaluation are the same as for students in continuous evaluation.

Students not passing the course in the first call will have the opportunity to attend a second call. Requirements to pass the course will be the same as in the first call. In the second call, students must complete the two written tests and the lab test. No new projects and presentations will be allowed except for students not having achieved the minimum required scores on them. Project reports are due seven days before the date of the test.

Students who achieved the minimum scores in written and lab tests but not in project reports or presentations, will not need to complete the tests again, but only deliver project reports and presentations. However, they can voluntarily (in written) give up tests scores (at least seven days before the date of the second call) and complete all the tests again.

#### Sources of information

José Antonio Rubio Solà, Diseño de circuitos y sistemas integrados, , Universidad Politécnica de Cataluña (2003) Stephen A. Campbell, Fabrication Engineering at the Micro-and Nanoscale, 4ª, Oxford University Press (2012) J. Franca, Y. Tsividis (eds.), Design of analog VLSI circuits for telecommunications and signal processing, , Prentice Hall (1994)

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Analogue Electronics/V05G300V01624

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305 Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401

#### **Other comments**

All conclusions achieved both in the written tests and in the projects must be adequately justified. Non-trivial concepts cannot be assumed but they have to be explained. The methodologies used by the student will be taken into account in the computation of his/her marks. No auxiliary resources, including but not limited to documentation, can be used in the written tests.

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA  |   |   |                     |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------|
| Electronic S           | Systems for Digital Communications  |   |   |                     |
| Subject                | Electronic Systems<br>for Digital<br>Communications   |   |   |                     |
| Code                   | V05G300V01623   |   |   |                     |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |   |   |                     |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре  | Year                                    | Quadmester          |
|                        | 6   | Optional  | 3rd                                     | 2nd                 |
| Language               | Spanish<br>Galician   |   |   |                     |
| Department             |   |   |   |                     |
| Coordinator            | Machado Domínguez, Fernando   |   |   |                     |
| Lecturers              | Machado Domínguez, Fernando<br>Pastoriza Santos, Vicente<br>Poza González, Francisco  |   |   |                     |
| E-mail                 | fmachado@uvigo.es   |   |   |                     |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |   |   |                     |
| General<br>description | The overall objective of this course is to provide<br>of electronic systems for digital communication<br>standards will be reviewed and the basic archite<br>electronic circuits that compose these systems | s. To achieve this, seve<br>ectures of digital comm | eral wire and wire<br>nunication syster | eless communication |

| Competencies   |                         |
|--|-------------------------|
| Code   | Typology                |
| CG11 CG11 To approach a new problem considering first the essential and then the secondary aspects   | - know<br>- Know How    |
| CG13 CG13 The ability to use software tools that support problem solving in engineering.   | - know<br>- Know How    |
| CE40 (CE40/SE2): The ability to select electronic circuits and devices specialized in transmission, forwarding routing, and terminals for fixed and mobile environments. | or - know<br>- Know How |

| Learning outcomes  | Competence |
|--|------------|
| Knowledge of transmission-reception principles and general considerations on the transmission-reception (transceivers) and routing circuits. | CE40       |
| Knowledge of the basic digital communication systems architecture and the functional design of these   | CG11       |
| systems.   | CE40       |
| Ability to design different basic subcircuits that compose the transmision-reception circuits of a digital                                   | CG11       |
| communication system.  | CG13       |
|  | CE40       |
| Ability to evaluate the possibilities of diferent interconnection standards for the design of communications systems.                        | CE40       |
| Knowledge of the terminals used in digital communications systems.   | CE40       |

| Introduction and review of the basic concepts of transmission-reception<br>and general considerations on the transmission-reception circuits. Basic<br>architecture of digital communications systems. Different hardware and<br>software implementations: ASIC, DSP and FPGA. |
|--|
| Introduction to serial communication systems. Transmission media, signals and bit encoding. Transceiver circuits. Medium access methods.   |
| Asynchronous serial communication protocols. Standards and practical implementations.  |
|  |

| Unit 4. Synchronous serial communication systems                             | Synchronous serial communication protocols. Standards and practical implementations.  |
|--|---|
| Unit 5. High-speed synchronous serial<br>communication systems               | High-speed synchronous serial communication protocols. Differential technologies. Standards and practical implementations.  |
| Unit 6. Wireless communication systems                                       | Wireless communication protocols. Wiireless networks characteristics and configurations.  |
| Unit 7. Short range wireless communication systems                           | Wireless communication protocols of short range and low consumption.<br>WPAN Networks. Characteristics and analysis of the wireless sensors<br>networks. Standards and practical implementations. |
| Unit 8. Radio frequency identification systems.<br>Near-field communications | RFID technology. Near-field communications. Standards and practical implementations.  |

| Laboratory  |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Block 1. Wired asynchronous serial communication circuits   | Design, implementation and test of an asynchronous serial communication circuit. Transceivers.                       |  |
| Block 2. Wired synchronous serial communication Design, implementation and test of a synchronous serial communication circuits circuit. Clock recovery. |  |  |
| Block 3. Wireless communication circuits  | Design, implementation and test of a wireless communication circuit.<br>Using and configuring communication modules. |  |
| Block 4. Project: Design and implementation of a digital communications system  | Design, implementation and test of a digital communication system.<br>Applying theoretical and practical concepts.   |  |
|   |  |  |

| Planning Class hours Hours outside the Total hours |    |           |    |
|--|----|-----------|----|
|  |    | classroom |    |
| Introductory activities                            | 2  | 4         | 6  |
| Master Session                                     | 12 | 12        | 24 |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                 | 4  | 4         | 8  |
| Laboratory practises                               | 8  | 20        | 28 |
| Integrated methodologies                           | 6  | 24        | 30 |
| Others   | 5  | 12        | 17 |
| Short answer tests                                 | 3  | 28        | 31 |
| Reports / memories of practice                     | 1  | 2         | 3  |
| Jobs and projects                                  | 1  | 2         | 3  |

| Methodologies                        |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
|                                      | Description   |
| Introductory activities              | Subject presentation. Presentation of laboratory sessions, instrumentation and software resources to be used.   |
| Master Session                       | The lecturer will explain in the classroom the main contents of the subject. The students have to manage the proposed bibliography to carry out a self-study process in a way that leads to acquire the knowledge and the skills related to the subject. The lecturer will answer the students' questions in the classroom or in the office. In these sessions the students will develop the skills CE40 and CG11 ("know").   |
| Troubleshooting and / c<br>exercises | r Activities designed to apply the main concepts of the subject to solve problems and exercices. The lecturer will explain a set of problems and the students have to solve diferent take-home sets of problems. The lecturer will answer the students' questions in the classroom or in the office. In these sessions the students will develop the skill CE40 ("know").   |
| Laboratory practises                 | Activities designed to apply the main concepts and definitions of the subject. The student will be asked to acquire the basic skills to manage the laboratory instrumentation, software tools and components in order to construct and test electronic circuits. The student has to develop and demonstrate autonomous learning and collaborative skills. Possible questions can be answered in the laboratory sessions or in the lecturer's office. In these sessions the students will develop the skills CE40 and CG13 ("know how"). |
| Integrated<br>methodologies          | Project-based learning: Students have to develop a group project that goes on over a period of time and addresses a specific problem. They have to design, schedule and carry out a set of tasks to achieve a solution. Each group will present the proposed solution and a project report. In these sessions the students will develop the skills CE40, CG11 and CG13 ("know how").  |

Small-group activities: At the first small-group meeting (C hours), the lecturer will present the activities and a project will be assigned to each group. At the next meetings, the lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide the project development process. The students will study and discuss possible solutions and design alternatives, identify key elements and analyze results. In these sessions the students will develop the skill CE40 ("know how").

| Personalized attention             |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
|                                    | Description  |  |
| Master Session                     | The lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide the studying<br>and learning process. The students can go to the lecturer's office. The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term. |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | The lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide the studying<br>and learning process. The students can go to the lecturer's office. The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term. |  |
| Laboratory practises               | The lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide the studying<br>and learning process. The students can go to the lecturer's office. The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term. |  |
| Integrated<br>methodologies        | The lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to guide the studying<br>and learning process. The students can go to the lecturer's office. The timetable will be available<br>on the subject website at the beginning of the term. |  |

|                         | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|-------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Laboratory<br>practises | The lecturers will check the level of compliance of the students with the goals related to the laboratory skills. The final mark of laboratory, FML, will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The skills CE40 and CG13 will be evaluated in these laboratory practices. | 20            | CG13<br>CE40              |
| Short answer<br>tests   | The lecturers will check the level of compliance of the students with the goals related to the theory skills. The final mark of theory, FMT, will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The skill CE40 will be evaluated in these tests.                                  | 30            | CE40                      |
| Jobs and<br>projects    | The lecturers will consider the results and the quality of the analysis performed in the developed project. The group project mark (GPM) will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The skills CE40, CG11 and CG13 will be evaluated in these projects.                   | 50            | CG11<br>CG13<br>CE40      |

## Other comments and July evaluation

## 1. Continuous assessment

According to the guidelines of the degree and the agreements of the academic commission, a continuous assessment learning scheme will be offered to the students.

When the students perform a short answer test or attend at least two laboratory sessions, **they will be assessed by continuous assessment**.

The subject comprises three different parts: theory (30 %), laboratory (20%) and group project (50%). Once a task has been assessed, the students can not do/repeat the task at a later date. The marks are valid only for the current academic course.

## 1.a Theory

Two short answer tests (SAT) are scheduled. The first test (SAT1) will be performed after unit 5, in the usual weekly scheduling of the theoretical classes. The second test (SAT2) will be performed during the examination period in the date specified in the academic calendar. Marks for each test will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 4 (SATi>=4). The final mark of theory (FMT) is calculated as the arithmetic mean of the individual marks:

FMT = (SAT1 + SAT2)/2

The students cannot do the tests at a later date. The student who miss a test will be assessed with a mark of 0 for that test.

If the minimun mark in the first test is not achieved (SAT1 less than 4), the students can repeat this part in the same date of

the second test.

# 1.b Laboratory

Four laboratory sessions are scheduled. Each session lasts approximately 120 minutes and the students will work in pairs. This part also will be assessed by continuous assessment. Each session will be only evaluated according to the developed work at the schedule date. The lecturers will consider the work of the students carried out before the laboratory session to prepare the proposed tasks, the work in the laboratory to deal with them as well as the student's behavior.

Marks for each laboratory session (LSM) will be assessed in a 10 points scale. A mark of 0 will be obtained for missing sessions. In order to pass the laboratory part the students can not miss more than one laboratory sessions. The final mark of laboratory (FML) is calculated as the arithmetic mean of the individual laboratory session marks:

FML = (LSM1 + LSM2 + LSM3 + LSM4)/4

# 1.c Group project

In the first session lecturers will present the objectives and the schedule of the project. They also assign a specific project to each group. After that, the most important part of the workload will be developed in the laboratory. Six hours of B laboratory sessions and six hours of C laboratory sessions. In order to assess the project, the lecturer will consider the results, their analysis and presentation, and the quality of the written report. The group project mark (GPM) will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The students are only allowed to miss one project session. The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 4 (GPM>=4).

# 1.d Final mark of the subject

The weighted points from all assessed parts are added together to calculate the final mark (FM). The following weightings will be applied: 30% theory (FMT), 20% laboratory (FML) and 50% group project (GPM). In order to pass the subject, students will be require to pass the theory, laboratory and group project parts. In this case the final mark (FM) will be:

 $FM = (0.3 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML + 0.5 \text{ GPM})$ 

However, when the students do not pass both parts (FMT or GPM less than 4) or do not reach the minimum mark of 4 required to pass each short answer test or miss more than 1 laboratory sessions or miss more than 1 project sessions, the final mark will be:

 $FM = (0.3 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML + 0.5 \text{ GPM}) \cdot 3.5/7$ 

A final mark higher than five points (FM  $\geq$  5) should be achieved in order to pass the subject.

## 2. Final Exam

The students who prefer a different educational policy can attend an exam on a scheduled date. This exam will comprise three parts (similar to the activities completed by the continuously assessed students): theory exam, laboratory exam and project.

The theory exam will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 4 (FMT>=4).

The laboratory exam will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 4 (FML>=4).

The project will be assessed in a 10 points scale. The project will be assigned following the procedure described in advance by the lecturer. The student will prepare a written report to be handed in just before the exam. The final project must be presented within one week of delivery of reports. The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 4 (GPM>=4).

In order to pass the subject, students will be required to pass each part (FMT>=4, FML>=4 and GPM>=4). In this case the final mark (FM) will be:

 $FM = (0.3 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML + 0.5 \text{ GPM})$ 

However, when the students do not reach the minimum mark of 4 required (FMT or FML or GPM less than 4), the final mark

will be:

## $FM = (0.3 \cdot FMT + 0.2 \cdot FML + 0.5 \text{ GPM}) \cdot 3.5/7$

A final mark higher than five points (FM >= 5) should be achieved in order to pass the subject.

# 3. Second opportunity to pass the subject

The assessment policy in this call will follow the scheme described in the previous section. Dates will be specified in the academic calendar. This exam consist on a theory exam, a laboratory exam and a project. In order to attend the laboratory exam and to assign the proyect, the students have to contact to the lecturer according to an established procedure. The procedure will be published in advance.

The marks obtained in the previous continuous assessment or final exam are kept for those parts in which the student has not attended. The final mark will be calculated as it has described in section 2.

# Sources of information

F. Machado, V. Pastoriza, F. Poza, Sistemas Electrónicos para Comunicaciones Digitales, Curso 2013/2014, Plataforma TEMA B. Sklar, Digital communications. Fundamentals and applications, 2ª Ed., Prentice-Hall

P. Mariño, Las comunicaciones en la empresa. Normas, redes y servicios, 2ª Ed., Ra-Ma

S. Mackay, E. Wright, D. Reynders, J. Park., Practical industrial data networks : design, installation and troubleshooting, 1<sup>ª</sup> Ed., Newnes-Eslsevier

R. Faludi, Building wireless sensor networks, 2011, O'Reilly

H. Lehpamer, RFID design principles, 2012, Artech House

#### Recommendations

## Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Data Acquisition Systems/V05G300V01521

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Data Communication/V05G300V01301 Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Analogue Electronics/V05G300V01624

| Analogue Electronics |  |                                 |                   |               |  |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
|                      |  |                                 |                   |               |  |
| Subject              | Analogue                                 |                                 |                   |               |  |
|                      | Electronics                              |                                 |                   |               |  |
| Code                 | V05G300V01624                            |                                 |                   |               |  |
| Study                | (*)Grao en                               |                                 |                   |               |  |
| programme            | Enxeñaría de                             |                                 |                   |               |  |
|                      | Tecnoloxías de                           |                                 |                   |               |  |
|                      | Telecomunicación                         |                                 |                   |               |  |
| Descriptors          | ECTS Credits                             | Туре                            | Year              | Quadmester    |  |
|                      | 6  | Optional                        | 3rd               | 1st           |  |
| Language             | Spanish                                  |                                 |                   |               |  |
| Department           |  |                                 |                   |               |  |
| Coordinator          | Río Vázquez, Alfredo del                 |                                 |                   |               |  |
| Lecturers            | Río Vázquez, Alfredo del                 |                                 |                   |               |  |
| E-mail               | ario@uvigo.es                            |                                 |                   |               |  |
| Web                  | http://webs.uvigo.es/ario/docencia/eang  | rado/eangrado.htm               |                   |               |  |
| General              | This subject studies the feedback concer | pt, and its applications to amp | lifiers. The opan | nps and their |  |
| description          | applications are also studied.           | ••••••                          | ·                 |               |  |

| Competencies   |                      |
|--|----------------------|
| Code   | Typology             |
| CE42 (CE42/SE4): The ability to apply electronics as support technology in other fields and activities and not only in information and communication technologies.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE43 (CE43/SE5): The ability to design analogical and digital electronics circuits of analogical to digital conversion and vice versa, of radiofrequency, of feeding and electrical energy conversion for computing and telecommunication engineering. | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE44 (CE44/SE6): The ability to understand and use feedback theory and electronic control systems.   | - know               |

| Learning outcomes  |                      |  |
|--|----------------------|--|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences          |  |
| Knowledge of the techniques for feed-back amplifiers and oscillators.                    | CE43<br>CE44         |  |
| Knowledge of the internal structures of the operational amplifiers and their structures. | CE43<br>CE44         |  |
| Knowledge of the design of circuits based on operational amplifiers.                     | CE43<br>CE44         |  |
| Knowledge of the design of power-supplies.   | CE42<br>CE43<br>CE44 |  |

| Contents                |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Торіс                   |   |
| Feedback amplifiers I   | Feedback concept.<br>Sample and mix networks.<br>Feedback topologies.<br>Feedback law.  |
| Feedback amplifiers II  | Negative and positive feedback.<br>Parameters for the study of feedback.<br>Benefits and draws of feedback.<br>Effect on the uniform of gain.<br>Effect on the harmonic distortion.<br>Effect on the input and output impedances.                                       |
| Feedback amplifiers III | Methods for the analysis: Simple or using matrix.<br>Topology identifying.<br>Amplifier without feedback, but with the load effect of the feedback<br>network.<br>The gain of the feedback amplifier.<br>The input and the output impedances of the feedback amplifier. |

| Feedback amplifiers IV                                   | Effect of the feedback on the frequency response.<br>Bandwidth and stability.<br>The effect of poles on the amplifier (one pole, two poles and three poles).<br>Gain and phase margins.<br>Nyquist criteria.<br>Root places.<br>Compensation methods. |   |                    |  |
|--|---|---|--------------------|--|
| Sine waveform oscillators                                | Barkhausen criteria.<br>Design of a sinusoida<br>RC oscillator. LC osci   |   |                    |  |
| Operational amplifiers I                                 | Current mirrors.<br>Active loads.<br>Voltage references.  | an operational amplifier.<br>operational amplifiers: bipo   | lars, bifet, cmos. |  |
| Operational amplifiers II                                |   | tional amplifier in the non i   |                    |  |
| Operational amplifiers III                               | Half-wave inverter re<br>Full-wave inverter re<br>Relaxation oscillator.<br>Generator of triangle   | ectifier .<br>ctifier.<br>e waves.  | plifier.           |  |
| Power amplifiers   | Output stages in clas<br>Full amplifier in class<br>Full amplifier in class   | Sinusoid oscillators based on the operational amplifier.<br>Output stages in class A, B and A-B.<br>Full amplifier in class B.<br>Full amplifier in class A-B.<br>Introduction to the class-D amplifiers. |                    |  |
| Regulated power supplies                                 | Linear regulated pow  | Linear regulated power supplies.<br>Protection to over current.   |                    |  |
| Lab work 1   | The effect of the fee   | dback on a two-stage ampli  | fier .             |  |
| Lab work 2   | Linear applications.<br>Voltage-to-current co<br>Integrator.  | Linear applications.<br>Voltage-to-current converter.   |                    |  |
| Lab work 3   |   | Half-wave inverter rectifier.<br>Full-wave inverter rectifier.<br>Peack detector.   |                    |  |
| Lab work 4   | Operational-based re<br>Operational-based si  |   |                    |  |
| Lab work 5   | Power amplifiers.<br>Class B.<br>Class A-B.   |   |                    |  |
| Lab work 6   | Design of an active l   |   |                    |  |
|  | Design of a voltaje re  | egulated supply.  |                    |  |
| Planning   |   |   |                    |  |
|  | Class hours   | Hours outside the classroom   | Total hours        |  |
| Tutored works  | 7   | 20  | 27                 |  |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 12  | 38  | 50                 |  |
| Master Session   | 15  | 27.5  | 42.5               |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 4   | 22.5  | 26.5               |  |
| Short answer tests                                       | 0.5   | 0   | 0.5                |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises<br>Short answer tests | 1 0 $1$ 0.5   |   |                    |  |
|  | 0.5 0 0.5<br>1 0 1  |   |                    |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 1 0 1   |   |                    |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

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| Methodologies                      |   |  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
|                                    | Description   |  |
| Tutored works                      | The lecturer will lead the students in order to design an amplifier.<br>Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be addressed in these sessions.     |  |
| Laboratory practises               | Simulations and real assembled circuits will be tested.<br>Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be addressed in these sessions.                  |  |
| Master Session                     | The lecturer will show some theoretical contents related to the subject.<br>Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be addressed in these sessions. |  |
| Troubleshooting and /<br>exercises | or The lecturer will solve some exercises related to the subject.<br>Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be addressed in these sessions.        |  |

| Personalized attention             |   |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
|                                    | Description   |  |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Students are permitted to interrupt the session in order to ask the lecturer for some doubt related to the session. The students can go to the lecturer's office. Office hours will be scheduled. |  |  |
| Tutored works                      | Students are permitted to interrupt the session in order to ask the lecturer for some doubt related to the session. The students can go to the lecturer's office. Office hours will be scheduled. |  |  |
| Laboratory practises               | Students are permitted to interrupt the session in order to ask the lecturer for some doubt related to the session. The students can go to the lecturer's office. Office hours will be scheduled. |  |  |
| Master Session                     | Students are permitted to interrupt the session in order to ask the lecturer for some doubt related to the session. The students can go to the lecturer's office. Office hours will be scheduled. |  |  |

| Assessment                    |   |                   |                     |  |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------|--|
|                               | Description   | Qualification Eva | luated Competencess |  |
| Tutored works                 | Every student has to create a document about the assigned work.                                 | 10                | CE42                |  |
|                               | Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be assessed   |                   | CE43                |  |
|                               | in these works.   |                   | CE44                |  |
| Short answer tests            | First short answer test in the classroom.   | 15                | CE42                |  |
|                               | Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be assessed<br>in these tests.                            |                   | CE43                |  |
|                               |   |                   | CE44                |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or      | First exercise test in the classroom.   | 15                | CE42                |  |
| exercises                     | Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be assessed<br>in this test.                              |                   | CE43                |  |
|                               |   |                   | CE44                |  |
| Short answer tests            | Second short answer test.<br>Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be assessed<br>in this test. | 15                | CE42                |  |
|                               |   |                   | CE43                |  |
|                               |   |                   | CE44                |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or      | Second exercise test.   | 15                | CE42                |  |
| exercises                     | Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be assessed<br>in this test.                              |                   | CE43                |  |
|                               |   |                   | CE44                |  |
| Practical tests, real task    | Laboratory-work exam based on simulations and real  | 30                | CE42                |  |
| execution and / or simulated. | circuits.   |                   | CE43                |  |
|                               | Competencies CE42, CE43 and CE44 will be assessed<br>in this test.                              |                   | CE44                |  |

# Other comments and July evaluation

NOTE: The timing of the partial exams might suffer some changes, due to time restrictions. The exact timing will be indicated along the course.

# CONTINUOUS EVALUATION OPTION:

The subject is evaluated in a continue way, by mean of two partial exams. These exams treat the theoretical aspects. In addition, there is an exam for the lab-work.

This first partial includes themes from one to five. The second partial exam includes themes from six to ten. The weight of both partials is a 60% from the total mark.

The two partials take place in the classroom, within the class time. These partials are approximately 90 minutes long. The first 30 minutes will be dedicated to an exam with short answers. The rest 60 minutes will be dedicated to an exam with long answers.

Inside each partial, the 90 minutes exam and the 30 minutes exam have the same weight.

In order to pass a partial exam (the first or the second), the student is required to obtain at least a mark of 5 over 10.

The student that passes only one partial will only have to try the other one at the final exam option.

The lab-work is evaluated using a unique exam, in the laboratory. The weight is 30%.

Tutored works are assessed using a report that every student should be done. The weight is 10%.

When a student attends the first partial, he or she accepts to follow the continuous assessment. Students that do not attend to the first partial will be assessed by means of a final exam.

The mark that a student obtains in the lab-work is maintained until July, except if the student does not want. In this case, the student will have to do partials and lab exams in July.

In order to pass the subject, once partials have been passed, the student has to obtain a global mark (GM) of at least 5 points in ten. The global mark is calculated following the next formula:

#### GM = 0.6 \* TM + 0.3 \* LM + 0.1 \* RM

where

TM = Mean value of the partial marks; LM = lab mark; RM = report mark

The first partial is preview to take place in the sixth week. The second partial will take place in the last week.

The lab exam will take place in the lab, the day of the last lab session.

#### FINAL EXAM OPTION:

The students that do not follow the continuous assessment will be assessed by means of a final exam. The exam will consist of three parts: the first part of the themes 1 to 5, the second part of the themes 6 to 10 and the third part of lab-work in the laboratory.

In order to pass the subject, the student has to obtain a mark of at least 5 points over ten for the first and second parts. In this case, the global mark (GM) is calculated following the next formulae:

#### GM = 0.6 \* TM + 0.4 \* LM

where:

TM = Average mark of the first and second part of the exam; LM = lab mark

If the student does not obtain a mark of at least 5 in the first part or in the second part, the global mark would be the least mark between 4 or the GM taken from the early formulae.

#### IMPORTANT:

If a student did not enter the continuous assessment mode but is interested in participate in the final exam, he or she should talk with the professor at least two weeks before the day of the exam. Contact can be by e-mail. This help in the organization of the lab work exam.

## **RECOVERY EXAM**

The recovery exam (June-July) shares the same structure than the final exam.

## Sources of information

Sergio Franco, Design with operational amplifiers and analog integrated circuits, third edition, McGraw-Hill Paul Horowitz y Winfield Hill, The Art of Electronics, , Cambridge Univ. Press

## Recommendations

## Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Data Acquisition Systems/V05G300V01521

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401

## **Other comments**

I recommend the students to search the web for information about this subject. Electronic devices factories show interesting information. Many universities around the world hung interesting notes in the Internet. And many of them for free.

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA  |                              |      |            |  |  |
|------------------------|---|------------------------------|------|------------|--|--|
| Power Elect            | Power Electronics   |                              |      |            |  |  |
| Subject                | Power Electronics   |                              |      |            |  |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01625   |                              |      |            |  |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |                              |      |            |  |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре                         | Year | Quadmester |  |  |
|                        | 6   | Optional                     | 3rd  | 2nd        |  |  |
| Language               | Spanish   |                              |      |            |  |  |
| Department             |   |                              |      |            |  |  |
| Coordinator            | Doval Gandoy, Jesús   |                              |      |            |  |  |
| Lecturers              | Doval Gandoy, Jesús<br>López Sánchez, Óscar   |                              |      |            |  |  |
| E-mail                 | jdoval@uvigo.es   |                              |      |            |  |  |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                              |      |            |  |  |
| General<br>description | The main goal of this subject is to provide<br>Contents include power semiconductor de<br>basic concepts about the control of these | evices, AC-DC converters, DC |      |            |  |  |

| CE43 (CE43/SE5): The ability to design analogical and digital electronics circuits of analogical to digital conversion and vice versa, of radiofrequency, of feeding and electrical energy conversion for computing |            |
|---|------------|
| conversion and vice versa, of radiofrequency, of feeding and electrical energy conversion for computing   | Typology   |
| and telecommunication engineering.  | - Know How |
| CE44 (CE44/SE6): The ability to understand and use feedback theory and electronic control systems.  | - Know How |

| Learning outcomes   |              |
|---|--------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences  |
| Knowledge about power electronics semiconductor devices.  | CE43         |
| Knowledge about the operation of the basic topologies of electronic converters used in conversion of electrical energy. | CE43         |
| The ability to understand and analyse power electroncis circuits.   | CE43<br>CE44 |
| The ability to analyse and design the control loop of power electronics converters.                                     | CE43<br>CE44 |
| The ability to design basic circuits used in power electronic converters.   | CE43<br>CE44 |

| Contents   |  |
|--|--|
| Торіс  |  |
| Chapter 1: Introduction to power electronics                   | Introduction, overview of power electronics, applications.   |
| Chapter 2: Power electronic devices                            | Diode, MOSFET, IGBT. Switching, drivers, thermal analysis, association of devices, electrical protection.  |
| Chapter 3: Basics of three phase electrical systems            | Definition of electrical power under sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal conditions. Power factor, balanced and unbalanced three phase systems, sequence of phases, definition of power three phase systems. |
| Chapter 4: Magnetics in power electronics                      | Basics, inductors, transformers, magnetic materials.   |
| Chapter 5: AC to DC power conversion                           | Three phase rectifiers. Non-controlled rectifiers, controlled rectifiers.<br>Resistive load, inductive load, capacitive filter. Input AC Introduction to<br>the power factor correction.               |
| Chapter 6: DC to AC power conversion                           | Basics of DC to AC power conversion. Single phase and three phase inverters. Square wave inverters, PWM inverters. Modulation techniques.  |
| Chapter 7: DC to DC power conversion                           | Basic DC to DC converter topologies. Converters without isolation and with isolation. Control in DC to DC power converters.  |
| Laboratory exercise 1. Power electronic semiconductor devices. | MOSFET transistor, switching characteristics. Current and voltage characteristics.   |

| Laboratory exercise 2. AC to DC power conversion | Non-controlled three phase rectifier, controlled three phase rectifier.<br>Input/ output current and voltage. |
|--|---|
| Laboratory exercise 3. DC to AC power conversion | DC to AC converter. Input/ output current and voltage.  |
| Laboratory exercise 4. DC to DC power conversion | Non-isolated and isolated DC to DC converter. Input/ output current and voltage.                              |

| Planning                                      | Class hours               | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours               |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Laboratory practises                          | 9                         | 18                          | 27                        |
| Integrated methodologies                      | 7                         | 21                          | 28                        |
| Master Session                                | 21                        | 42                          | 63                        |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 5                         | 27                          | 32                        |
| *The information in the planning table is for | guidance only and does no | t take into account the het | erogeneity of the student |

| Methodologies               |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
|                             | Description   |
| Laboratory practises        | Practical application of the theoretical concepts. Competencies CE43 and CE44 will be worked.   |
| Integrated<br>methodologies | Proposal of problems and/or exercises related with the subject contents. Students have to obtain the correct solutions. The professor will support and will help students to solve the problems. Competencies CE43 and CE44 will be worked. |
| Master Session              | Presentation by the professor of the contents on the subject, guidelines for the work to develop by the student.Competencies CE43 and CE44 will be worked.  |

|                             | Description   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Master Session              | The professor will assist students about their doubts and queries related to the study of theoretical concepts, problems or laboratory exercises. Students will have opportunity to attend personal tutorials in the professor's office, in the hours established for this purpose at the beginning of the academic year. |
| Laboratory practises        | The professor will assist students about their doubts and queries related to the study of theoretical concepts, problems or laboratory exercises. Students will have opportunity to attend personal tutorials in the professor's office, in the hours established for this purpose at the beginning of the academic year. |
| Integrated<br>methodologies | The professor will assist students about their doubts and queries related to the study of theoretical concepts, problems or laboratory exercises. Students will have opportunity to attend personal tutorials in the professor's office, in the hours established for this purpose at the beginning of the academic year. |

|                                    | Description   | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------|----------------------|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Each exam is composed by exercises and problems<br>related to the theoretical concepts and laboratory<br>practices. The number of exams and examination rules<br>are detailed in "Other comments" | 100              | CE43<br>CE44         |

# Other comments and July evaluation

In this subject there are two ways to evaluate to the students: continuous evaluation or evaluation by final examination.

1. Continuous evaluation.

Consists in the execution of weekly tasks and the realisation of tests of partial evaluation.

1.1 Weekly tasks: weekly, the professor will commission to the students the execution of tasks and the delivery of the report of execution. To be able to approve the subject by continuous evaluation is compulsory to realise and deliver the reports in the term fixed by the professor. These tasks will evaluate the competencies CE43 and CE44. Students will be able to obtain 10% of the final qualification

1.2 Tests of partial evaluation: students will realise three written tests of partial evaluation. The partial tests are not

recoverable, that is, if a student can not attend the test, professors do not have obligation to repeat them. The qualifications of the partial tests will be valid only for the current academic year. It is understood that students choose continuous evaluation if they attend some of the partial tests. Their qualification will be the one of continuous evaluation. These tests will evaluate the competencies CE43 and CE44

1st partial test: students will be evaluated of the contents taught to date of the test. Students will be able to obtain in this test 25% of the final qualification. This test will be held about week 7.

2nd partial test: students will be evaluated of the contents taught to date of the test. Students will be able to obtain in this test 25% of the final qualification. This test will be held about week 11.

3rd partial test: it will be held during 60 minutes in the date and classroom of the final examination. Students will be evaluated of the contents taught to date of the test. Students will be able to obtain in this test 40% of the final qualification. This test will be held on a date chosen by the Dean of the Faculty (date final examination).

## 2. Evaluation by final examination

The final examination evaluates students that did not participate in continuous evaluation. Consists of theoretical questions, problems and exercises. Students will be able to obtain in this test 90% of the final qualification and 10% by the submission of the report including all the partial tasks proposed along the course. This test will be held during 2 hours on a date chosen by the Dean of the Faculty. This final examination will evaluate the competencies CE43 and CE44.

3. Extraordinary examination (June-July)

Consists of theoretical questions, problems and exercises. Students will be able to obtain in this test 90% of the final qualification and 10% by the submission of the report including all the partial tasks proposed along the course. This test will be held during 2 hours on a date chosen by the Dean of the Faculty. This final examination will evaluate the competencies CE43 and CE44.

# Sources of information

Rashid, M. H., Electrónica de potencia: circuitos, dispositivos y aplicaciones, Pearson Education, 2004

Hart, D. W., Electrónica de potencia, Prentice-Hall, 2001

Mohan, N., Power electronics : converters, applications, and design , John Wiley & Sons, 2003

Barrado, A., Problemas de electrónica de potencia, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2007

## Recommendations

# Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Programmable Electronic Circuits/V05G300V01502

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G300V01201 Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G300V01202 Physics: Fundamentals of Mechanics and Thermodynamics/V05G300V01102 Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305 Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA   |                         |                  |                      |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Audiovisua             | l Technology   |                         |                  |                      |
| Subject                | Audiovisual<br>Technology  |                         |                  |                      |
| Code                   | V05G300V01631  |                         |                  |                      |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |                         |                  |                      |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре                    | Year             | Quadmester           |
|                        | 6  | Optional                | 3rd              | 2nd                  |
| Language               | Spanish<br>Galician  |                         |                  |                      |
| Department             |  |                         |                  |                      |
| Coordinator            | Fernández Hermida, Xulio   |                         |                  |                      |
| Lecturers              | Fernández Hermida, Xulio<br>Torres Guijarro, María Soledad   |                         |                  |                      |
| E-mail                 | xuliofh@uvigo.es   |                         |                  |                      |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                         |                  |                      |
| General<br>description | In this subject the student will learn to design a<br>reinforcement, image take and visual coating, s<br>outdoor applications of audiovisual networks, a | synchronisation, wiring | , connections an | d supply. Indoor and |

| Comp | etencies   |                                   |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Code |  | Typology                          |
| CG1  | CG1: The ability to write, develop and sign projects in the field of Telecommunication Engineering, according to the knowledge acquired as considered in section 5 of this Law, the conception and development or operation of networks, services and applications of Telecommunication and Electronics. | - know<br>- Know How              |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know How                        |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.   | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CG12 | CG12 The development of discussion ability about technical subjects  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CE36 | CE36/SI3 The capacity to implement projects at places and installations for the production and recording of audio and video signals.   | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CE38 | CE38/SI5 The ability to create, modify, manage, broadcast and distribute multimedia contents taking into account the use and accessibility criteria to audiovisual, broadcasting and interactive services.   | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.  | - Know How<br>- Know be           |

Learning outcomes Competences Learning outcomes Understand which elements have an influence on audiovisual quality. CE36 **CE38** Design a system of sound take and sound reinforcement given a certain enclosure, comparing different subsystems and elements. CG1 CG6 CE36 Create atmospheres addressing acoustic and visual appearances CG12 CE36 Design the wiring and connections of an audiovisual network for his control and supply CG1 CG6 CE36 CE38 Analyse different indoor and outdoor applications of Audiovisual Networks. CE36 CE38

| Apply and analyse distinct multimedia systems: videoconference, streaming, audiovisual databases,                                    | CG6  |
|--|------|
| synchronisation, metadata processing, exchange of multimedia contents.   | CG12 |
|  | CE38 |
| Organize a working group to carry out a project, including the following:  | CG6  |
| * technical ability to collect information, interpret technical specifications of equipment, discuss different                       | CG9  |
| options and select a combination of certain equipment.   | CG12 |
| * use of theoretical calculations and simulation software tools to support the design of sound systems and visual coating.           | CT4  |
| * conduction of meetings, discussion of partial results and oral presentation of a definitive work in front of a demanding audience. |      |

\* writing of progress reports, minutes of meetings and a final technical report.
\* adaptation to new environments, management of internal roles in the group and conflict resolution.

| Contents                    |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Торіс                       |   |
| Sound reinforcement         | Sizing and distribution in the processes of take and presentation of sound  |
| Visual overlay              | Design of systems of visual take and presentation indoor and outdoor.<br>Sizing and distribution of the visual coverage, in the processes of take and presentation                                |
| Connections and supply      | Design of the wiring and connecting of an audiovisual network and his supply. Audiovisual networks, indoor and outdoor applications.  |
| Synchronisation and control | Synchronisation of audio and video signals in an audiovisual network.<br>Control systems. Audiovisual quality: sound/image interaction. Ambient<br>creation addressing visual and acoustic issues |
| Multimedia systems          | Videoconference, streaming, audiovisual databases, synchronisation, metadata procesing, exchange of multimedia contents   |

|                                | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Practice in computer rooms     | 12          | 0                              | 12          |
| Projects                       | 7           | 57                             | 64          |
| Master Session                 | 21          | 42                             | 63          |
| Short answer tests             | 2           | 0                              | 2           |
| Reports / memories of practice | 0           | 9                              | 9           |

| Methodologies              |   |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|
|                            | Description   |  |
| Practice in computer rooms | Use and adjustment of analysis tools and algorithms, identifying which should be used in each situation posed.  |  |
| Projects                   | Collaborative work in reduced groups on a complex design that applies several topics covered in the subject. The work is periodically followed-up and it fosters working in group, role sharing, information sharing, planning and public defending of results. |  |
| Master Session             | Presentation by the teacher of the contents of the subject, fostering the critical discussion of the concepts. The theoretical grounds of algorithms and procedures used to resolve problems are given.   |  |

# Personalized attention

|                | Description  |  |
|----------------|--|--|
| Master Session | <ul> <li>Students will have the opportunity to solve doubts in personalised attention sessions. These sessions will take place:</li> <li>Individually or in reduced groups (typically with a maximum of 2-3 students).</li> <li>Unless otherwise stated, with previous appointment with the corresponding teacher. The appointment should be required and agreed by e-mail, preferably in the timetable and place officially assigned.</li> <li>The group of students developing a project will attend periodic follow-up meetings.</li> </ul> |  |

| Practice in<br>computer rooms | <ul> <li>Students will have the opportunity to solve doubts in personalised attention sessions. These sessions will take place:</li> <li>Individually or in reduced groups (typically with a maximum of 2-3 students).</li> <li>Unless otherwise stated, with previous appointment with the corresponding teacher. The appointment should be required and agreed by e-mail, preferably in the timetable and place officially assigned.</li> <li>The group of students developing a project will attend periodic follow-up meetings.</li> </ul> |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Projects                      | <ul> <li>Students will have the opportunity to solve doubts in personalised attention sessions. These sessions will take place:</li> <li>Individually or in reduced groups (typically with a maximum of 2-3 students).</li> <li>Unless otherwise stated, with previous appointment with the corresponding teacher. The appointment should be required and agreed by e-mail, preferably in the timetable and place officially assigned.</li> <li>The group of students developing a project will attend periodic follow-up meetings.</li> </ul> |

|                                | Description  | Qualification Evalu | uated Competencess |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| Projects                       | Assessment of a project, developed through the four-month period, including the preparation and public presentation of a report. | 40                  | CG1                |
|                                |  |                     | CG6                |
|                                |  |                     | CG9                |
|                                |  |                     | CG12               |
|                                |  |                     | CE36               |
|                                |  |                     | CE38               |
|                                |  |                     | CT4                |
| Short answer tests             | Assessment of a written exam, with brief questions and problems.   | 50                  | CG1                |
|                                |  |                     | CG6                |
|                                |  |                     | CG12               |
|                                |  |                     | CE36               |
|                                |  |                     | CE38               |
| Reports / memories of practice | Assessment of a written inform that describes the work of several weeks in the computer classroom.                               | 10                  | CE36               |

## Other comments and July evaluation

Following the study programme guidelines, the student can choose between two assessment methods: CONTINUOUS ASSESMENT, that is the recommended method linked to the educational activities and NON CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT, only recommended for those students which can not follow the first method.

## CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT

The continuous assessment consists of the tests detailed in the following. The student opts by the continuous assessment method once she/he signs the document of commitment that will be available at week 1-3, so that she/he can begin the work in the corresponding group. Once signed, it is assumed that the student has taken the examination session and will be given the mark resulting of the application of the criterion detailed in the following, regardless of wheter she/he takes the final exam or not.

Types and assessment of activities:

Reports of the practical sessions (Weight: 10%): will be assessed around weeks 6 and 11.

Projects (Weight 40%): will be assessed around week 12

Proof of short answer (Weight: 50%): it coincides with the final exam date. It includes all the contents of the subject.

The final note corresponds to the sum of the marks obtained in all the activities weighted by the corresponding percentages. The student should obtain, at least, a grade of 4 points over ten in each type activity, and a final grade of 5 points to pass the subject.

## NON CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT

If the student does not sign the document of commitment, she/he will be evaluated through a final examination in the official date assigned by the Centre. This exam will consist of two parts, of equal weight in the final mark: a written part that may include all the topics of the subjet, and an oral part relative to additional work. This additional work should be presented previously to the teacher. The student may take part in the continuous assessment activities of the practical sessions, but

they will not be assessed in her/his case. The additional work to deliver will be specified in week 6 of term, and will have to be delivered to the teacher a week before the final exam.

The student should obtain, at least, a grade of 4 points over ten in each type activity, and a final grade of 5 points to pass the subject.

| Sources of information   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| John Eargle, Chris Foreman, Audio Engineering for Sound Reinforcement, , Hal Leonard, 2002                   |  |  |
| Gary Davis and Ralph Jones, Sound Reinforcement Handbook , , Hal Leonard, 1989                               |  |  |
| Philip Giddings, Audio Systems Design and Installation, , Focal Press, 1990                                  |  |  |
| Hilary Wyatt y Tim Amyes, Postproducción de Audio para TV y Cine, , Escuela de Cine y Video de Andoain, 2005 |  |  |
| Rüdiger Ganslandt, Harald Hofmann, Handbook of Lighting Design, , ERCO Edition                               |  |  |

In addition to the bibliography mentioned the student will be provided of:

- \* Outline of the practices: formulation of each practical session
- \* Copy of the graphic material used in the classroom

# Recommendations

## Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Room Acoustics/V05G300V01635 Imaging Systems/V05G300V01633

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Audio Systems/V05G300V01532 Video and Television/V05G300V01533

| IDENTIFYIN                       | G DATA   |          |      |            |
|----------------------------------|--|----------|------|------------|
| Fundamentals of Image Processing |  |          |      |            |
| Subject                          | Fundamentals of<br>Image Processing                              |          |      |            |
| Code                             | V05G300V01632  |          |      |            |
| Study<br>programme               | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación |          |      |            |
| Descriptors                      | ECTS Credits   | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |
|                                  | 6  | Optional | 3rd  | 2nd        |
| Language                         | Spanish  |          |      |            |
| Department                       |  |          |      |            |
| Coordinator                      | tor Martín Herrero, Julio  |          |      |            |
| Lecturers                        | Martín Herrero, Julio  |          |      |            |
| E-mail                           | julio@uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| Web                              | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| General<br>description           | Introduces to the student the basics of digital image processing |          |      |            |

| Comp | petencies  |                                   |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Code |  | Typology                          |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CG10 | CG10 The ability for critical reading of scientific papers and docs.   | - Know How                        |
| CE34 | CE34/SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and applications, such as receiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, processing, storage, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information services. | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CE38 | CE38/SI5 The ability to create, modify, manage, broadcast and distribute multimedia contents taking into account the use and accessibility criteria to audiovisual, broadcasting and interactive services.   | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| СТ3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.           | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| Understand the nature and organisation of digital images | CG3         |
|  | CG10        |
|  | CE34        |
|  | CE38        |
| Learn to process digital images                          | CG3         |
|  | CG4         |
|  | CG10        |
|  | CE34        |
|  | CE38        |
|  | CT2         |
|  | CT3         |

| Learn how to program a computer to process a digital image                                       | CG3  |
|--|------|
|  | CG4  |
|  | CG10 |
|  | CE34 |
|  | CE38 |
|  | CT2  |
|  | CT3  |
| Understand how the fundamental technics of image processing work                                 | CG3  |
|  | CG10 |
|  | CE34 |
|  | CE38 |
| Apply fundamental processing technics to solve specific problems with images or groups of images | CG3  |
|  | CG4  |
|  | CE34 |
|  | CE38 |

| Contents                                       |  |
|--|--|
| Торіс  |  |
| Basic preprocessing.                           | Histogram. Brightness and contrast.    |
| Global and local operators.                    | Linear and nonlinear filters.          |
| Binary and greyscale mathematical morphology.  | Erosion. Dilatation. Opening. Closing. |
| Geometrical transformations. Image transforms. | Affine transformations.                |
| Image compression.                             | JPEG. JPEG 2000.                       |
| Image restoration.                             | Linear and nonlinear filters.          |

| Planning   |             |                             |             |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|  | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Practice in computer rooms                               | 12          | 23.5                        | 35.5        |
| Tutored works  | 7           | 43                          | 50          |
| Master Session   | 21          | 41.5                        | 62.5        |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 2           | 0                           | 2           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies              |   |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
|                            | Description   |  |  |
| Practice in computer rooms | Handling and tuning analytic tools and algorithms, identifying which ones to use in different scenarios. All learning aims are addressed. |  |  |
| Tutored works              | Groupwork developing the contents dealt with in the classroom, with personalised attention. All learning aims are addressed.              |  |  |
| Master Session             | Pleanry talks by the teacher on central topics, promoting critical discussion of concepts. All learning aims are addressed.               |  |  |

## Personalized attention

|                               | Description   |  |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Practice in<br>computer rooms | Tutoring meetings will be used to solve doubts. These meetings will be:<br>* Individually or in small groups.<br>* Except where otherwise indicated, by previous appointment with the teacher. Appointments can be<br>requested verbally or by email, preferably at the times and location reserved officially. |  |
| Tutored works                 | Tutoring meetings will be used to solve doubts. These meetings will be:<br>* Individually or in small groups.<br>* Except where otherwise indicated, by previous appointment with the teacher. Appointments can be<br>requested verbally or by email, preferably at the times and location reserved officially. |  |

# Assessment

Description

Qualification Evaluated Competencess

| Practice in computer<br>rooms                                  | Personalised monitoring of the student's work in the laboratory,<br>with feedback. All teaching aims specified in the corresponding<br>section of this guide are evaluated. | 50 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG10<br>CE34<br>CE38<br>CT2<br>CT3 |
|--|---|----|--|
| Tutored works  | Assessment of the work done, itscontent and its presentation.<br>All teaching aims specified in the corresponding section of this<br>guide are evaluated.                   | 50 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG10<br>CE34<br>CE38<br>CT2<br>CT3 |
| Practical tests, real<br>task execution and /<br>or simulated. | Real programming and problem solving. All teaching aims<br>specified in the corresponding section of this guide are<br>evaluated.   | 0  | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG10<br>CE34<br>CE38<br>CT2<br>CT3 |

The assistance to class under continuous evaluation is compulsory, unless exceptional circumstances concur. Continuous evaluation is used for assessment, based in the work of the student in the classroom and at home. There is a final exam in the official date marked by the Board of School in May, for those students that have not passed the continuous evaluation. This final exam will be marked between 0 and 10 points. It covers all the subjects seen during the semester. To approve, the student has to obtain, at least, five points. Students wishing to improve their continuous evaluation marks can also attend the final exam: in this case the mark of this exam will be the final mark. The students that have passed the continuous evaluation and are satisfied with their mark do not need to attend the final exam. Along the semester the students will before the final exam. The delivery of the personal work the last week of class will imply the official participation in continuous evaluation.

The extraordinary evaluation of July will be an extraordinary final exam, for those students that have not passed neither the continuous evaluation neither the final exam in May. The final mark will be the mark of the extraordinary final exam in both cases. This extraordinary final exam will be marked between 0 and 10 points, and covers all the subjects. To approve, the student has to obtain, at least, five points.

Note that there are two final exams, but both correspond to a single and the same call ("convocatoria").

#### Sources of information

Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, 3ª, Prentice Hall Robert Laganière, OpenCV 2 Computer Vision Application Programming Cookbook, 2011, Packt Publishing Jasmin Blanchette, Mark Summerfield, C++ GUI Programming with Qt 4, 2008, Prentice Hall

#### Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus Image processing and analysis/V05G300V01931

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Imaging Systems/V05G300V01633

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Programming I/V05G300V01205 Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA  |                                |                   |                    |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Imaging Sy             | stems  |                                |                   |                    |
| Subject                | Imaging Systems  |                                |                   |                    |
| Code                   | V05G300V01633  |                                |                   |                    |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación |                                |                   |                    |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре                           | Year              | Quadmester         |
|                        | 6  | Optional                       | 3rd               | 2nd                |
| Language               | Spanish  |                                | ·                 |                    |
| Department             |  |                                |                   |                    |
| Coordinator            | Martín Rodríguez, Fernando                                       |                                |                   |                    |
| Lecturers              | Docio Fernández, Laura<br>Martín Rodríguez, Fernando             |                                |                   |                    |
| E-mail                 | fmartin@uvigo.es   |                                |                   |                    |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                                |                   |                    |
| General<br>description | In this course we study several families of medical imaging.     | of image systems, including co | omputer vision, r | remote sensing and |
| Competenc              | ies  |                                |                   |                    |
| Code                   |  |                                |                   | Турою              |

| Code |   | rypology             |
|------|---|----------------------|
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations | - know               |
| CG10 | CG10 The ability for critical reading of scientific papers and docs.  | - Know How           |
| CE34 |   | - know<br>- Know How |

CE66 (CE66/OP9) The ability for selection of circuits, subsystems and systems of remote sensing. - know

| <ul> <li>Know How</li> </ul> |
|------------------------------|
|------------------------------|

| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
|---|-------------|
| Know most common imaging (capture) systems for medical diagnosis, essay and remote sensing. | CG3         |
|   | CG10        |
|   | CE34        |
|   | CE66        |
| Understand the principles of operation of such systems.                                     | CG3         |
|   | CG10        |
|   | CE34        |
|   | CE66        |
| Knowledge about the capabilities and limitations of such systems.                           |             |
|   | CG10        |
|   | CE34        |
|   | CE66        |
| Knowledge about the most common applications of such systems.                               | CG3         |
|   | CG10        |
|   | CE34        |
|   | CE66        |

Contents

Торіс

| Image acquisition using cameras.                    | Camera concept, principles of operation, camera types.<br>Monochrome cameras, color (Bayer and triple CCD). Field and linear<br>cameras.<br>Frame grabbers, multi-camera systems (mono/stereo).<br>Capture Parameters: shutter speed, aperture and sensitivity (ISO).<br>Influence in obtained results.<br>Illumination systems (studio lighting, color temperature, hard and soft<br>light, LED, Laser, fluorescent). |
|---|--|
| Medical imaging and non destructive testing (NDT).  | Generation of ultrasonography, X-ray, computerized axial<br>tomography, nuclear magnetic resonance and positron emission<br>tomography.<br>Processing of images and/or signals aimed to obtain diagnostic quality<br>images.   |
| Aerial, satellite and proxy remote sensing systems. | Acquisition, processing and applications of panchromatic images,<br>single-band,<br>multispectral and hiperspectral, active and passive in<br>UV/VIS/SWIR/NIR/FIR/Thermal/GHz, Radar and Lidar.<br>Geometrical correction, registration and geo-referenciation.  |

| Planning                                    |                              |                              |                             |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | Class hours                  | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |
| Practice in computer rooms                  | 12                           | 25                           | 37                          |
| Tutored works                               | 7                            | 35                           | 42                          |
| Master Session                              | 20                           | 40                           | 60                          |
| Reports / memories of practice              | 0                            | 8                            | 8                           |
| Multiple choice tests                       | 1                            | 0                            | 1                           |
| *The information in the planning table is f | or guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |

| Methodologies              |  |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | Description  |
| Practice in computer rooms | After theoretical classes, the lecturer defines some practical exercises to be started just at the moment and to be continued later via autonomous work.   |
| Tutored works              | It consists of supervision of small projects initiated in computer lab classes. This initial works are enhanced though reading and analysis of related technical documentation and defining new objectives that will be implemented by students. |
| Master Session             | Presentation by the teacher of subject contents, encouraging the critical discussion of the concepts.  |

| Personalized at               | tention   |
|-------------------------------|---|
|                               | Description   |
| Practice in<br>computer rooms | <ul> <li>Students will have the opportunity to solve doubts in personalised attention sessions. These sessions will take place:</li> <li>Individually or in reduced groups (typically with a maximum of 2-3 students).</li> <li>Unless otherwise stated, with previous appointment with the corresponding teacher. The appointment should be required and agreed by e-mail, preferably in the timetable and place officially assigned.</li> </ul> |
| Tutored works                 | <ul> <li>Students will have the opportunity to solve doubts in personalised attention sessions. These sessions will take place:</li> <li>Individually or in reduced groups (typically with a maximum of 2-3 students).</li> <li>Unless otherwise stated, with previous appointment with the corresponding teacher. The appointment should be required and agreed by e-mail, preferably in the timetable and place officially assigned.</li> </ul> |

| Assessment                       |   |               |                           |
|----------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
|                                  | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Practice in<br>computer<br>rooms | They are the beginning of the tutored works. They do not have a grade<br>percentage assigned because they will be implicitly assesed through the<br>submited final reports. | 0             | CG3                       |
|                                  |   |               | CG10                      |
|                                  |   |               | CE34                      |
|                                  |   |               | CE66                      |

| Tutored works                        | Works that continue the exercises started in computer class. They do not<br>have a grade percentage assigned because they will be implicitly<br>assesed through the submited final reports.  | 0  | CG3<br>CG10<br>CE34<br>CE66 |
|--------------------------------------|--|----|-----------------------------|
| Reports /<br>memories of<br>practice | They are the final result of the tutored works. For each work (or small project), the lecturers will establish a "soft" deadline. This means that if it is delivered within the first deadline, the author wins the right to submit a second version (improvement). The second version will have to be delivered in the 10 days following the publication of the first version marks. Structure of the improved report will have to be: first, the former text foloowed by an annex that describes the new enhancements. If works are noit delivered in the first proposed date, students will still be able to deliver it. ALWAYS before the end of class period. When a student delivers a practical work is choosing the option of continuous evaluation. This means that his final grade will be the average of his works. Depending on the works proposed, the lecturers will be able to decide the weight in the final grade for each. | 80 | CG3<br>CG10<br>CE34<br>CE66 |
| Multiple choice<br>tests             | Students choosing continuous evaluation will be required to take this test that will convey 20% of the whole qualification.  | 20 | CG3<br>CG10<br>CE34<br>CE66 |

Those students that have not delivered any practical work and, therefore, do not use the procedure of continuous evaluation will take a final exam on all contents seen in the subject. This exam will take place in the classroom and date approved by the school board. The examination will include all the studied issues in theoretical classes and also the works proposed this year (the lecturers could ask questions about additional recommended bibliography and/or the methods that recommend for practical works implementation).

Extraordinary assessment will consist of a single exam for those students that have not passed neither the continuous evaluation nor the final exam. The final grade in this subject will be that one derived from the extraordinary exam in both cases. This extraordinary final examination will be graded between 0 and 10 points, and it will include all topics in the subject (including the practical works, as in the may exam). To passs, the student has to achieve, at least, five points.

Notice that there are not two calls, but there is only one. Although there are two final examinations.

#### Sources of information

Arnulf Oppelt, Imaging Systems for Medical Diagnostics, 2ª, Wiley-VCH, 2005

John Robert Schott, Remote Sensing: The Image Chain Approach, 1ª, Oxford University Press, 2007

Oleg S. Pianykh, Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (DICOM), 2ª, Springer, 2012

Michael Vollmer and Klaus-Peter Möllmann, Infrared Thermal Imaging: Fundamentals, Research and Applications, 1<sup>a</sup>, Wiley-VCH, 2010

Erik Reinhard et al., Color Imaging: Fundamentals and Applications, 1ª, A K Peters, 2008

In addition to this bibliography, the lecturers will provide (through the faitic platform) the following material:

- Scripts for theoretical classes (slides).

- Requirements documentation for the tutored works.

- In the tutored works, lecturers could provide bibliography: tutorials, papers... They will be made available through faitic either directly (in PDF format) or through Internet links.

# Recommendations Subjects that continue the syllabus

Image processing and analysis/V05G300V01931 Audiovisual production/V05G300V01935

# Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Fundamentals of Image Processing/V05G300V01632

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405

| IDENTIF             | YING DATA  |  |                             |
|---------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Sound I             | Processing   |  |                             |
| Subject             | Sound Processing   |  |                             |
| Code                | V05G300V01634  |  |                             |
| Study               | (*)Grao en   |  |                             |
| program             | me Enxeñaría de  |  |                             |
|                     | Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |  |                             |
| Decerint            |  | Veer   | mactor                      |
| Descript            |  |  | mester                      |
|                     |  | 3rd 2nd  |                             |
| Languag             |  |  |                             |
| Departm             |  |  |                             |
| Coordina            |  |  |                             |
| Lecturer            | s Cardenal López, Antonio José<br>Rodríguez Banga, Eduardo   |  |                             |
| E-mail              | erbanga@uvigo.es   |  |                             |
| Web                 | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |  |                             |
| General<br>descript | This course describes the main techniques of the sound processing, with sp<br>ion Students are shown s the basic principles of these techniques and how the<br>different algorithms or systems depending on the type of signal to process<br>course also makes an introduction to the principles of underwater acoustic<br>applications. | same principles may giv<br>(speech or audio, for ins | ve rise to<br>stance). This |
| Compet              | encies   |  |                             |
| Code                |  |  | Typology                    |
| tra                 | G4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and t<br>ansmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional respons<br>elecommunication Engineer activity.  |  | - know<br>- Know Hov        |
|                     | G6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.  |  | - know<br>- Know Hov        |
| as                  | 34/SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services receiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and repre-<br>orage, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimed   | sentation, processing,                               | - know<br>- Know Hov        |
| co<br>tra           | 37/SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustic<br>nditioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and select<br>ansducers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, enviro<br>bmarine and acoustical systems.   | ion of electro acoustical                            | - know<br>- Know Hov        |
| CE38 CE             | 38/SI5 The ability to create, modify, manage, broadcast and distribute multime<br>count the use and accessibility criteria to audiovisual, broadcasting and interact   |  | - know<br>- Know Hov        |
|                     | 2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   |  | - know                      |
| Learnin             | g outcomes   |  |                             |
|                     | outcomes   | Comp   | etences                     |
|                     | and the production and perception mechanisms of the sound.   | CG4  |                             |
|                     | and some basic techniques for sound processing.  | CG4  |                             |
| onderse             |  | CE34   |                             |
|                     |  | CE38   |                             |
| Develop             | ment of basic speech and audio coders.   | CG4  |                             |
|                     |  | CE34   |                             |
|                     |  | CE38   |                             |
| Analyse             | speech and audio specifications and standards.   | CG4  |                             |
|                     |  | CG6<br>CE34  |                             |
|                     |  | CE34<br>CE38   |                             |
| Use of c            | oding standards on concrete applications.  | CG4  |                             |
|                     | sang standards on concrete appretitions.   | CG6  |                             |
|                     |  | CE34   |                             |
|                     |  | CE38   |                             |
|                     |  | CT2  |                             |

| Understand the basic principles of ultrasounds.          | CG4<br>CE37        |
|--|--------------------|
| Understand the basic principles of underwater acoustics. | CG4<br>CE37        |
| Analyse concrete applications of ultrasounds.            | CG4<br>CE37<br>CT2 |
| Analyse concrete applications of underwater acoustics.   | CG4<br>CE37<br>CT2 |
| Adaptation of learnt techniques to other applications.   | CG4<br>CT2         |

| Contents                             |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Торіс                                |   |
| Voice production and perception      | Voice generation. Physiology. General characteristics of a speech signal<br>Perception. Auditive physiology.                    |
| Analysis of speech and audio signals | Short term analysis. Time and spectral parameters. Linear Prediction Techniques. Psychoacoustic models.                         |
| Speech coding                        | Waveform coding. Parametric coding. Hybrid coding. Standards.<br>Applications.  |
| Audio Coding                         | Main characteristics of an audio signal. Time-frequency analysis : filterbanks and transforms. Coding. Standards. Applications. |
| Underwater acoustics and ultrasounds | Propagation of acoustic waves in water. Applications. Ultrasounds.<br>Applications  |

|                            | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session             | 21          | 42                             | 63          |
| Practice in computer rooms | 12          | 9                              | 21          |
| Tutored works              | 7           | 57                             | 64          |
| Short answer tests         | 2           | 0                              | 2           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies              |  |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | Description  |
| Master Session             | The teacher makes a presentation of some relevant contents of the subject. Some concepts may<br>be illustrated by means of computer simulation. Students are encouraged to make questions and<br>discuss some proposed problems and exercises.<br>The main objective of these sessions is to provide the students with the theoretical background so<br>that they can develop the subject competences.           |
| Practice in computer rooms | Students will carry out computer simulations using Matlab, which will help them to better understand the concepts introduced in the theory sessions and to discover new ones.  |
| Tutored works              | The students will be grouped into teams which will develop one or several tasks proposed by the teacher. The number of students in a team will be established taking into account the number of students enrolled and the complexity of the proposed tasks. Each team work will be supervised by the teacher who, in addition to evaluate the team work, may establish procedures for self and cross evaluation. |

| Personalized att              | ention  |
|-------------------------------|---|
|                               | Description   |
| Practice in<br>computer rooms | The teacher will establish mechanisms to determine the degree of understanding of the main concepts by the students.<br>At the regular team meetings the teacher will track the work of each student. If deemed appropriate, the teacher may establish additional mechanisms such as, for instance, self-evaluation and assessment of the student work from their team mates. |

| Tutored works | The teacher will establish mechanisms to determine the degree of understanding of the<br>main concepts by the students.<br>At the regular team meetings the teacher will track the work of each student. If deemed appropriate,<br>the teacher may establish additional mechanisms such as, for instance, self-evaluation<br>and assessment of the student work from their team mates. |
|---------------|--|
|               |  |

| Assessm         | ent   |                  |                     |
|-----------------|---|------------------|---------------------|
|                 | Description   | Qualification Ev | aluated Competences |
| Tutored         | The evaluation of a team work will be done through the collection of  | 50               | CG4                 |
| works           | evidences and/or tests during its developement, at personal and group levels, a final report and a presentation and/or test about the work.     |                  | CG6                 |
|                 |   |                  | CE34                |
|                 | A final report will be delivered to the teacher around the 14th week of   |                  | CE38                |
|                 | the teaching period. The precise date will be established at the beginning of this period.  |                  | CT2                 |
|                 | In order to pass this course a minimum score will be required in the tutored work as explained in the section "Other comments and second call". |                  |                     |
| Short           | Final exam with several questions referred to the contents of the subject.  |                  | CG4                 |
| answer<br>tests | In order to pass this course a minimum score will be required in the final exam as explained in the section "Other comments and second call".   |                  | CG6                 |
| lesis           | exam as explained in the section. Other comments and second can.  |                  | CE34                |
|                 |   |                  | CE37                |
|                 |   |                  | CE38                |
|                 |   |                  | CT2                 |

The previously proposed evaluation method will apply to students who follow the recommended continuous evaluation (C.E.) procedure.In order to not handicap his potentia Iteam mates, the student will have a brief period to decide whether or not follows the C.E. procedure (as an orientation, the first two weeks of the semester). Students attending only the final exam may obtain the maximum grade in the subject. However, these students will have to answer some additional questions related to the proposed team works in order to demonstrate that they have acquired the same skills that students following C.E.

The second call will consist of a final exam, but students who followed C.E. may choose to keep the grade obtained in the team work instead of answering the additional questions related to these works.

Students will pass the course if they get a final mark equal to or greater than 5 (on a ten-points scale) and a score equal to or greater than 4 (on the same scale) in both the tutored work and the final exam. Just in case a student has no grade on the tutored work, or chooses to leave it out at the second call in July, the score obtained in the group of questions related to the tutored work will be considered the grade on the tutored work and the score on the remaining questions will be the final-exam grade. The final mark will be calculated as the sum of the previous scores (tutored work and final exam) achieving 4 points, and dividing this sum by two. In case of not achieving the required 4 points in both parts, the maximum final mark will be 4.5.

#### Sources of information

Andreas Spanias, Ted Painter and Venkatraman Attii, Audio Signal Processing and Coding, Wiley-Interscience, 2007. ISBN: 978-0471791478

Wai C. Chu, Speech Coding Algorithms: Foundation and Evolution of Standardized Coders, John Wiley & Sons, 2003. ISBN: 978-0471373124

X. Lurton, An Introduction to Underwater Acoustics. Principles and Applications, Springer , 2nd edition, 2010. 978-3540784807

Douglas O'Shaughnessy, Speech Communications. Human and Machine, Wiley-IEEE Press, Se2nd edition. 1999. ISBN: 978-0780334496.

Dutoit, T. and Marqués F. , Applied signal processing : a matlab-based proof of concept, Springer, 2009. ISBN: 978-0-387-74534-3

Kuttruff, H., Acoustics. An introduction, Taylor & Francis, 2007.ISBN: 978-0415386807

D. Ensminger and F. B. Stulen, Eds., Ultrasonics. Data, Equations, and Their Practical Uses, CRC Press, 2009. ISBN: 978-0824758301

## Recommendations

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304

# **Other comments**

It is assumed that the student has some basic skills in Matlab.

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA   |   |   |  |
|------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Room Acou              | stics   |   |   |  |
| Subject                | Room Acoustics  |   |   |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01635   |   |   |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |   |   |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре  | Year  | Quadmester   |
|                        | 6   | Optional  | 3rd   | 2nd  |
| Language               | Spanish   |   |   |  |
| Department             |   |   |   |  |
| Coordinator            | Sobreira Seoane, Manuel Ángel   |   |   |  |
| Lecturers              | Cardenal López, Antonio José<br>Sobreira Seoane, Manuel Ángel<br>Torío Gómez, Pablo   |   |   |  |
| E-mail                 | msobre@gts.uvigo.es   |   |   |  |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |   |   |  |
| General<br>description | Architectural acoustics, develops the fundame<br>fields of room acoustics and acoustic isolation.<br>background that allow the understanding of th<br>that allow to evaluate the acoustic quality of ro<br>the acoustic behaviour of rooms; detail the par<br>and introduce the problematic of the calculation<br>elements. | The aims of the subject<br>e behaviour of the soun<br>poms; develop the techr<br>rameters that allow to e | t are: provide a s<br>d filed in rooms;<br>niques of design<br>valuate the acou | ufficient theoretical<br>define the parameters<br>that allow to optimise<br>istic isolation in buildings |

#### Competencies Code Typology CG2 - know CG2: The knowledge, comprehension and ability to apply the needed legislation during the development of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer profession and aptitude to manage compulsory - Know How specifications, procedures and laws. CG5 CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical - know evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area. - Know How CE36 CE36/SI3 The capacity to implement projects at places and installations for the production and recording - Know How of audio and video signals. CE37 CE37/SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation and - Know How conditioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro acoustical transducers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoustics, submarine and acoustical systems.

| Learning outcomes   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
| Knowledge on the theoretical fundamentals of room acoustics.  | CG2         |
| Ability to analyse the acoustic behaviour of rooms and identify acoustic problems.  | CG5         |
| Capacity to design solutions to acoustic problems in rooms.   | CE36        |
| Capacity to write expert technical reports on room acoustics measurement test and analysis.<br>Ability to check and assess the acoustic quality of rooms.     | CE37        |
| Capacity to design different kind of rooms matched to the specific acoustic requirements (recording studios, control rooms, conference rooms and classrooms). |             |

| Contents                           |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Торіс                              |  |  |
| Introduction                       | Basic concepts in acoustics. Acoustic power, sound pressure, sound intensity. Levels and decibels. |  |
| Statistital theory in acoustics.   | Average sound pressure in rooms. Reverberation time: Sabine and Eyring equations.                  |  |
| Absorbents and Acoustic Diffusers. | Porous absorbing materials. Membrane and Helmhotz resonators. Acoust diffusers.                    |  |

| Wave theory in rooms.     | Three dimensional wave equation.Resonant frequencies and resonant modes in rooms. Modal density. Frequency response of rooms. The influence of dimension relations and frequency response.   |
|---------------------------|--|
| Geometrical theory.       | Method of the virtual image. Reflections in flat surfaces. The acoustic behaviour of curved surfaces   |
| Acoustic design of rooms. | Descriptors of room acoustics.<br>Echoes in rooms. Focalization effects in rooms.<br>Acoustic behaviour of audience: seat dip.<br>Geometrical design of rooms.<br>Design of conference rooms and classrooms.<br>Recording studios: LEDE and Non-Environment design techniques. |
| Acoustic insulation.      | Introduction to the acoustic insulation. Acoustic isolation of single panels.<br>Insulation of double walls. Introduction to the flanking transmission<br>evaluation in buildings. Noise control in buildings.   |

|                                    | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Tutored works                      | 7           | 28                             | 35          |
| Practice in computer rooms         | 12          | 9                              | 21          |
| Previous studies / activities      | 0           | 15                             | 15          |
| Master Session                     | 19          | 38                             | 57          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 2           | 10                             | 12          |
| Short answer tests                 | 2           | 8                              | 10          |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                    |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
|                                  | Description  |
| Tutored works                    | The students will have to develop and write a report on three small projects:<br>1. Design and building Helmholtz and membrane resonators.<br>2. Design and acoustic measurements on scale models.<br>3. Software to calculate acoustic reflectors and diffusers |
| Practice in computer rooms       | During practical sessions, the student will learn the use use of software to measure and analyse the impulse response of rooms.  |
| Previous studies /<br>activities | The students must study and prepare with the sources of information given before the lectures and the practical sessions.  |
| Master Session                   | Lectures will be given, developing the main theoretical concepts of the subject.   |

| Personalized attention             |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
|                                    | Description   |
| Master Session                     | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students)<br>Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |
| Tutored works                      | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students)<br>Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |
| Practice in computer<br>rooms      | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students)<br>Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students)<br>Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |

Short answer tests The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students) Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published.

|                                    | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|------------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Tutored works                      | Tutored practical project, with the delivery of a final report.<br>The learning aims containing the develompent of the ability to<br>develop projects are assessed through this practical tutored<br>works. | 35            | CE36<br>CE37              |
| Practice in computer rooms         | Practical tasks, solved in a computer lab with specific acoustic software.  | 15            | CG2<br>CG5                |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Written examination, solving calculation problems.<br>Evaluation of the learning aims, mainly in those aspects related<br>to "know how to carry calculations out" in the field of room<br>acoustics.        | 25            | CG5                       |
| Short answer tests                 | Short answers related to the theoretical content of the subject.<br>Evaluation of the knowledge of regulations in the matter of<br>room acoustics.  | 25            | CG2                       |

# Other comments and July evaluation

Following the guidelines of the degree, two systems of evaluation are offered: continuous assessment (recommended) and a final examination. Evaluation with only a final examination will be only allowed in situations in which it is imposible to follow the system recommended.

#### CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT:

The continuous assessment will be based in the evaluation of practical task, projects and two tests. Once a student has signed a document of agreement with the process of continuous assessment, the final degree will be obtained by the application of the criteria described bellow, even though a student could miss some of the tasks or tests envolved in the process.

The final grade with be obtained from the weighted sum of the grade obtained in the following tasks with the given weights:

- 1. Tutored works: The students will deliver three reports on tutored works during the weeks 5th, 9th and 14th. The total weight of tutored works on the final grade is 35 %.
- 2. Reports of practical tasks (Weight: 15 %).
- 3. Short answer tests : A short answer tests is scheduled around the 6th week. (25 % of the final grade)
- 4. A second examination, containing problems and exercises is scheduled on the official scheduled date at the end of the semester. (25 % of the final grade)

The studenst have to show good skills in all the learning outcomes, therefore, four points over a ten points scale must be obtained in all the learning outcomes evaluated during the continuous evaluation process. The final grade will be obtaining through the addition of the grades obtained during the process with the weights given before. At least five over ten points should be obtained to pass the subject. The second test, will be performed before the final examination.

#### FINAL EXAMINATION

A final examination in the officeal date scheduled and officially published is available for all the students.

- 1. Students following the continuous evaluation process, will have the chance to improve their grade. Those students that did not reach the minumum grade required for the practical tasks, should deliver those jobes required for the teachers on the official scheduled date for the final examination.
- 2. The final examination is also available for those students that for some reason could not follow the continuous evaluation assessment process. In this case the final examination will consist in two short answer tests, and some additional questions related with the practical tasks and projects.

The subject is assessed in a 0 to 10 points scale and it is considered "passed" if the final grade obtained is equal or greater than 5.

# SECOND CALL:

There is scheduled date in july for a final examination retake, for those students that either dropped out during the semester or failed. Prior the examination, a student can choose to follow the continuous assessment or the final examination. In the former selection, the grades obtained in the projects and practical tasks will be taken into account and the student will only answer to the short answer tests. If the later, (final examination), the student will have also to answer a full examination as described before. The conditions former described for the Continuous Evaluation asessment are kept in this second call.

## Sources of information

Higini Arau, ABC de la acústica arquitectónica , , Barcelona : CEAC, D.L. 1999

Phillip R. Newell, Recording Studio Design, 3, Focal Press

Lothar Cremer, Principles and applications of room acoustics, , London ; New York : Applied Science, cop. 1982 Heinrich Kuttruff, Room Acoustics, 5, Spon Press

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Advanced acoustics/V05G300V01933

Legislation and noise measurement techniques/V05G300V01934

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Fundamentals of Acoustics Engineering/V05G300V01531

| IDENTIFYI   | NG DATA  |                 |                              |                         |
|-------------|--|-----------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Distribute  | d and Concurrent Programming   |                 |                              |                         |
| Subject     | Distributed and  |                 |                              |                         |
|             | Concurrent   |                 |                              |                         |
|             | Programming  |                 |                              |                         |
| Code        | V05G300V01641  |                 |                              |                         |
| Study       | (*)Grao en   |                 |                              |                         |
| programme   | Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de   |                 |                              |                         |
|             | Telecomunicación   |                 |                              |                         |
| Descriptors |  | Туре            | Year Ouad                    | mester                  |
|             |  | Optional        | 3rd 2nd                      |                         |
| Language    | Spanish  | optional        |                              |                         |
| Departmen   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |                 |                              |                         |
| Coordinato  |  |                 |                              |                         |
| Lecturers   | García Duque, Jorge<br>García Duque, Jorge   |                 |                              |                         |
| Lecturers   | López Nores, Martín  |                 |                              |                         |
|             | Ramos Cabrer, Manuel   |                 |                              |                         |
| E-mail      | jgd@det.uvigo.es   |                 |                              |                         |
| Web         | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                 |                              |                         |
| General     | The main goal of this subject is to provide the foundation   | s of the sync   | hronisation and communicati  | on among                |
| description | processes  | of the synte    |                              | on aniong               |
|             | in centralised and distributed systems.  |                 |                              |                         |
|             |  |                 |                              |                         |
| Competen    | cies   |                 |                              |                         |
| Code        |  |                 |                              | Typology                |
| CG3 CG3:    | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that cap  | acitates the    | student to learn new         | - know                  |
|             | ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatili   |                 |                              |                         |
| situa       |  |                 |                              |                         |
|             | The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creat   |                 |                              | - know                  |
|             | mit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and pro  | ofessional res  | ponsibility of the Technical | - Know Hov<br>- Know be |
|             | ommunication Engineer activity.  |                 | amont and to communicate     |                         |
|             | The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilan<br>ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas r |                 |                              | - Know How<br>- Know be |
|             | onics.   |                 |                              |                         |
|             | TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applic   | ations and se   | ervices.                     | - know                  |
| 0200 0200   |  |                 |                              | - Know How              |
| CT2 CT2     | Inderstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainab  | le developme    | ent.                         | - know                  |
|             | wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous   |                 |                              | - Know be               |
|             | and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situation   |                 |                              |                         |
| base        | l on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamenta  | al rights, acce | ssibility, etc.              |                         |
|             | ncourage cooperative work, and skills like communication,  |                 |                              |                         |
|             | nsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work enviro  | nment, which    | promotes education for       | - Know be               |
| equa        | ity, peace and respect for fundamental rights.   |                 |                              |                         |
|             |  |                 |                              |                         |
| Learning o  | utcomes  |                 |                              |                         |
| Learning ou | tcomes   |                 | Comp                         | etences                 |
| The ability | o program network and distributed applications and servic  | es.             | CG4                          |                         |
|             |  |                 | CG9                          |                         |
|             |  |                 | CE33                         |                         |
|             | dge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the  |                 |                              |                         |
| technologie | s, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and u  | bdate to new    |                              |                         |
|             |  |                 | CT3<br>CT4                   |                         |
|             | a solve problems with initiative, to make creative decision  |                 |                              |                         |

| The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit CG4 |  |
|---|--|
|   |  |
| knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical CG9          |  |
| Telecommunication Engineer activity. CE33   |  |

Contents

Торіс

| Introduction to Concurrent Programming | Concepts of concurrence, parallelism and multitasking.<br>Interleaving of atomic instructions.<br>Precedence graphs.   |
|--|--|
| The critical section problem           | The definition of the problem.<br>Busy waiting.<br>Starvation<br>Deadlock.<br>Dekker´s algorithm.<br>Peterson´s algorithm  |
| Concurrent Programming Constructs      | Semaphores.<br>The problem of the producer-consumer.<br>The problem of the philosophers.<br>Monitors.<br>Variables of Condition.<br>The problem of the readers-writers.              |
| Deadlock                               | Introduction and definition of deadlock.<br>Necessary conditions.<br>Deadlock prevention.<br>Deadlock avoidance.<br>Detection and Recovery   |
| Communication among processes          | Message Passing.<br>Remote Procedure Call (RPC).   |
| Distributed Programming                | Introduction to Distributed Systems.<br>Distributed mutual exclusion<br>Ricart-Agrawala Algorithm.<br>Token ring Algorithms.<br>Consensus:<br>Crash Failures.<br>Byzantine Failures. |

| Planning   |                        |                                |                             |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | Class hours            | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours                 |
| Workshops  | 5                      | 30                             | 35                          |
| Practice in computer rooms                               | 13                     | 26                             | 39                          |
| Master Session   | 20                     | 46                             | 66                          |
| Multiple choice tests                                    | 1                      | 0                              | 1                           |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 1                      | 0                              | 1                           |
| Jobs and projects  | 2                      | 6                              | 8                           |
| *The information in the planning table is for guid       | dance only and does no | ot take into account the het   | erogeneity of the students. |

# Methodologies

|                            | Description   |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Workshops                  | Each group of students will tackle the design and implementation of a software project with half<br>complexity. This task will be realised in successive steps, that will be discussed and validated in the<br>face-to-face sessions.<br>The aim of this methodology is to provide a suitable feedback to improve the proposed solutions.<br>This methodology deals with skills CG4 and CG9 |  |
| Practice in computer rooms | The students will resolve practical problems under supervision of teachers<br>This methodology deals with skill CE33/TEL7   |  |
| Master Session             | Presentation of the ideas, concepts, technics and algorithms of each lesson.  |  |
|                            | This methodology deals with skill CG3   |  |

| Personalized attention |   |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
|                        | Description   |  |
| Master Session         | Personalised attention will be dispensed through individual and face-to-face meetings scheduled at the beginingt of the course.   |  |
|                        | For practices and workshops, the personal attention will be articulated by means of the follow-up of the job of each student, monitoring the partial proposed solutions and reorienting them if it was necessary. |  |

| Workshops      | Personalised attention will be dispensed through individual and face-to-face meetings scheduled at the beginingt of the course.<br>For practices and workshops, the personal attention will be articulated by means of the follow-up of the job of each student, monitoring the partial proposed solutions and reorienting them if it was necessary. |
|----------------|--|
| Practice in    | Personalised attention will be dispensed through individual and face-to-face meetings scheduled at the beginingt of the course.  |
| computer rooms | For practices and workshops, the personal attention will be articulated by means of the follow-up of the job of each student, monitoring the partial proposed solutions and reorienting them if it was necessary.  |

| Assessment   |   |                   |                    |
|--|---|-------------------|--------------------|
|  | Description   | Qualification Eva | luated Competences |
| Multiple choice tests  | Proof of theoretical contents exposed in the master classes.  | 60                | CG3                |
|  |   |                   | CG4                |
|  |   |                   | CE33               |
|  |   |                   | CT2                |
| Practical tests, real<br>task execution and / or<br>simulated. | Validation of the work realised in every laboratory session.  | 20                | CG3                |
|  |   |                   | CG4                |
|  |   |                   | CE33               |
|  |   |                   | CT2                |
|  |   |                   | CT3                |
| Jobs and projects  | In the last face-to-face session of workshop, students will<br>deliver and will expose to their mates the design and the<br>proposed solution for their project. This solution will be<br>exposed to debate for students and professors | 20                | CG9                |
|  |   |                   | CE33               |
|  |   |                   | CT3                |
|  |   |                   | CT4                |

The subject can be surpassed by means of Continuous Evaluation according to the following criteria, having opened the possibility to opt by the No Continuous Evaluation anytime until the beginning of the final examination to celebrate the day fixed to such effect in the official calendar of the EET. All those students that opt by the continuous evaluation will consider presented if they evaluate of the part of the work in Workshops.

#### **Continuous evaluation:**

The final note will result of the sum of the corresponding notes to the three following components:

1. Four proofs of type Test to evaluate the contents given in the masterclasses. Each proof will take place in one of the master classes , except the last that will realise in one of the sessions of the Workshop.

Punctuation: Up to 1,5 points each proof.

2. Six Practical Proofs that will realise when finalising each one of the sessions of laboratory and that will consist in the validation of the results obtained during said session.

Punctuation: Up to 1/3 points each proof.

3. Presentation of the Project proposed like work in the sessions of the Workshop.

Punctuation: Up to 2 points.

To pass the subject by Continuous Evaluation will have to give the three following conditions: (i) obtain an equal or upper qualification to 2 points in the group of the tests.; (ii) Upper qualification to 0 points in, at least, four of the six practical proofs; and (iii) to attend all the face-to-face sessions and obtain more than 0 points in the presentation of the project.

#### **No Continuous Evaluation:**

By means of an examination on 10 points scheduled in the official calendar of the EET.

## **Final Call:**

It will be governed by the indicated for the No Continuous evaluation.

# Sources of information

M. Ben-Ari, Principles of Concurrent And Distributed Programming, Second Edition, Addison Wesley 2006 George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore, Tim Kindberg and Gordon Blair, Distributed Systems Concepts and Design, Fifth Edition, Addison Wesley 2011

William Stallings, Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6/E, Seventh Edition, Prentice Hall 2011

Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating system concepts, Eight Edition, Wiley, cop. 2011 Lea, Douglas, Programación concurrente en Java : principios y patrones de diseño , Second Edition, Addison Wesley, 2001

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Architectures and Services/V05G300V01645 Information Systems/V05G300V01644

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Informatics: Computer Architecture/V05G300V01103 Programming I/V05G300V01205 Programming II/V05G300V01302 Operating Systems/V05G300V01541

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA  |  |                   |                        |
|------------------------|---|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| Network ar             | d Switching Theory  |  |                   |                        |
| Subject                | Network and<br>Switching Theory   |  |                   |                        |
| Code                   | V05G300V01642   |  |                   |                        |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |  |                   |                        |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре   | Year              | Quadmester             |
|                        | 6   | Optional                                       | 3rd               | 2nd                    |
| Language               | Spanish   |  |                   |                        |
| Department             |   |  |                   |                        |
| Coordinator            | Suárez González, Andrés   |  |                   |                        |
| Lecturers              | Fernández Veiga, Manuel<br>Suárez González, Andrés  |  |                   |                        |
| E-mail                 | asuarez@det.uvigo.es  |  |                   |                        |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |  |                   |                        |
| General<br>description | The objective pursued with this course is that stup<br>predicting the performance of networks, services<br>traffic they carry, the physical structure of the sy<br>constituent network elements and the algorithm | s and telecommunicat<br>/stem and the way it i | ion systems, in t | terms of the amount of |

| Com  | petencies   |                      |
|------|---|----------------------|
| Code |   | Typology             |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.   | - know               |
| CE28 | CE28/TEL2 The ability to apply the techniques that are basis of computer networks, services and applications, such as management, signaling and switching, routing and securing systems (cryptographic protocols, tunneling, firewalls, charging mechanisms, authentication and content protection) traffic engineering (graph theory, queuing theory and teletraffic) rating, reliability and quality of service in both fixed, mobile, personal, local or long distance environments with different bandwidths, including telephony and data. | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE31 | CE31/TEL5 The ability to follow the technological progress of transmission, switching and processing to improve computer networks and services.   | - know<br>- Know How |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| Ability to apply mathematical methods of queueing theory to the analysis and design of                       | CG5         |
| elecommunication networks and systems.   | CE28        |
|  | CE31        |
| Ability to understand the basic compromises in designing telecommunication networks and systems in           | CG5         |
| function of the parameters of traffic.   | CE28        |
|  | CE31        |
| Ability to use methods of discrete mathematics to resolve problems of routing and interconnection of         | CG5         |
| networks, reliability, quality of service and distribution of contents in wired and wireless networks, fixed | CE28        |
| and mobile networks, access and transport networks.  | CE31        |
| Mastery of the necessary basic concepts to resolve problems of resource optimization in networks.            | CG5         |
|  | CE28        |
|  | CE31        |

| Contents |  |
|----------|--|
| Торіс    |  |

| Queuing Theory       | One-server systems.<br>Finite queue systems.<br>Systems with congestion: models of Erlang and Engset.<br>Reversibility.<br>Networks of queues with product solution.<br>Applications: design of link capacity; design of buffer size; congestion in<br>cellular networks; analysis of systems with priorities; provision of ARQ;<br>provision of multiaccess networks.    |
|----------------------|---|
| Graph theory         | Graph traversal and connectivity.<br>Minimum cut, maximum flow.<br>Tree coverage and expansion.<br>Minimum cost trees.<br>Graph coloring. Results and uses.<br>Regular and irregular random graphs: small world networks, scale-free<br>networks.<br>Applications: Network topology design, the web graph, message<br>broadcasting in wired networks and ad hoc networks. |
| Network Optimization | Utility Maximization.<br>NUM decomposition problems.<br>Applications.   |

| Planning                          |             |                                |             |  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--|
|                                   | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |  |
| Master Session                    | 21          | 42                             | 63          |  |
| Practice in computer rooms        | 10          | 15                             | 25          |  |
| Projects                          | 7           | 42                             | 49          |  |
| Long answer tests and development | 2           | 3                              | 5           |  |
| Long answer tests and development | 2           | 6                              | 8           |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies              |   |
|----------------------------|---|
|                            | Description   |
| Master Session             | It will present a systematic theoretical approach to the subject, highlighting the objectives, key concepts and relationships between different topics. Students should assimilate knowledge to enable them in the CG5, CE28/TEL2 and CE31/TEL5 competencies. |
| Practice in computer rooms | Guided practice where it is intended to study problems by both by applying analytical techniques<br>and by using software tools, providing a training in the use of the latter. So students should acquire<br>practical training in the CE28/TEL2 competency. |
| Projects                   | Group work focused on studying and solving a real problem using the techniques studied in theory and the software tool seen in practice. So students should gain practical experience that will enable them on the CE31/TEL5 competency.                      |

| Personalized attention     |   |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|
|                            | Description   |  |
| Master Session             | The student may consult individually in the tutoring hours all doubts that arise in the study of both the theoretical content and the use of the software tools of the practices. |  |
| Practice in computer rooms | The student may consult individually in the tutoring hours all doubts that arise in the study of both the theoretical content and the use of the software tools of the practices. |  |
| Projects                   | The student may consult individually in the tutoring hours all doubts that arise in the study of both the theoretical content and the use of the software tools of the practices. |  |

| Assessment |  |               |                           |
|------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
|            | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Projects   | Group work, presentation and defense of the resolution of a typical real-world problem by applying both theoretical knowledge as using, where appropriate, the software tools used in practical classes. | 15            | CE28<br>CE31              |

| Long answer tests and development | Partial test developed over the first two themes, around the eighth week of class. | 15 | CG5<br>CE28<br>CE31 |
|-----------------------------------|--|----|---------------------|
| Long answer tests and development | Final test done on the total of the subject.                                       | 70 | CG5<br>CE28<br>CE31 |

It is left to the discretion of the students two alternative evaluation methods in the subject: continuous assessment and one-time evaluation.

To pass the course both continuous assessment and one-time evaluation, the alumni must and pass the correctness test of the proposed practices for hours B of the subject (this aims toward obtaining a minimum on the CE28/TEL2 competency).

Also the selection of continuous assessment involves conduct a non-scoring short test (15 minutes) of previous and basic knowledge on the second week at hour A. In addition to this short test, continuous assessment will consist on the group development of two projects (each project half the note), a partial test on the first two topics, and the completion of a written exam at the end of the quarter about the total content of the subject. The statements in the specification of the projects will be proposed before ending the respective classes about those topics. To be qualifying, the projects have to be delivered within a period not shorter than 7 calendar days after the relevant class C of discussion with the teacher about the progress of it, the teacher will qualify within 7 calendar days after delivery. The rating of the projects and partial test is effective only in the course they are proposed, including the second opportunity at the end of the academic year. In any case, the minimum score on the continuous assessment evaluation (once the requirements of the second paragraph and beginning of this one are met) is given by the result in the final test: score = max (final, max(0.3 x projects, 0.3 x partial) + 0.7 x final).

The one-time assessment will consist of a written examination on the contents of the subject. The final grade (once the requirement of the second paragraph is met) will be the score obtained in the exam.

All students who have attended the partial test or attend the final exam will be subjected to a final qualification. The evaluation mode (continuous or one-time) will be chosen in the act of examination, exercise whose wording is different for each type of evaluation. Those who fail the course at the first opportunity at the quarter end have a second at the end of the academic year, similar to the first call: The evaluation mode (continuous or one-time) will be chosen in the act of examination, exercise whose statement will be different for each type of evaluation.

#### Sources of information

Pazos Arias, J.J., Suárez González, A., Díaz Redondo, R.P., Teoría de colas y simulación de eventos discretos, 2003, Prentice Hall

Villy B. Iversen , TELETRAFFIC ENGINEERING and NETWORK PLANNING , 2011, web M.J. Newman, Networks, 2012, Oxford Univ. Press

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204 Data Communication/V05G300V01301 Computer Networks/V05G300V01403

| IDENTIFYING DATA       |  |                              |                  |                    |
|------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Multimedia             | Networks   |                              |                  |                    |
| Subject                | Multimedia<br>Networks   |                              |                  |                    |
| Code                   | V05G300V01643  | ·                            |                  | ·                  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación         |                              |                  |                    |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре                         | Year             | Quadmester         |
|                        | 6  | Optional                     | 3rd              | 2nd                |
| Language               | Spanish  |                              |                  |                    |
| Department             |  | ·                            |                  |                    |
| Coordinator            | Herrería Alonso, Sergio  |                              |                  |                    |
| Lecturers              | Herrería Alonso, Sergio<br>López García, Cándido Antonio                 |                              |                  |                    |
| E-mail                 | sha@det.uvigo.es   |                              |                  |                    |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                              |                  |                    |
| General<br>description | This subject presents the main specific tech telecommunication networks. | nological solutions for dist | ributing multime | edia contents over |

| Com  | petencies  |                      |
|------|--|----------------------|
| Code |  | Typology             |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know               |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know How           |
| CE30 | CE30/TEL4 The ability to describe, program, assess and optimize communication protocols and interfaces at different network architecture layers .  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE33 | CE33/TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.  | - Know How           |
| СТ3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - Know be            |

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| The comprehension of basic concepts in digital encoding of audio and video.                            | CG3         |
| The knowledge of the main standards in the field of digital encoding of audio and video.               | CG6         |
| The knowledge and comprehension of the main problems raised in the transmission of multimedia          | CG3         |
| contents.  | CE30        |
|  | CT3         |
| The knowledge of the main protocols used for the transmission of multimedia contents.                  | CE30        |
| The knowledge and comprehension of the main techniques used to provide quality of service in Internet. | CG3         |
|  | CE30        |
|  | CT3         |
| The ability to analyze and develop VoIP networks.  | CE30        |
|  | CE33        |

| Contents                            |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Торіс                               |   |
| Digital encoding of audio and video | <ul> <li>a) Digital audio (PCM). Audio compression</li> <li>b) Digital video. Intraframe and interframes compression</li> </ul>   |
| Multimedia applications             | a) Classes. Quality of service (QoS) requirements<br>b) Impact of delay and packet losses<br>c) Content distribution. Multicast. CDN<br>d) IP telephony: architecture, softphones, softswitches, codecs |

| Multimedia protocols                     | a) Transport protocols: TCP/UDP, RTP, HTTP<br>b) Session protocols: SIP, H.323, RTSP<br>c) Adaptive streaming   |
|--|---|
| Providing quality of service in Internet | a) Monitoring and policing techniques<br>b) Scheduling and resource allocation<br>c) Differentiated Services (DiffServ)<br>d) Integrated Services (IntServ). RSVP |

|                                    | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session                     | 20          | 40                             | 60          |
| Practice in computer rooms         | 12          | 18                             | 30          |
| Tutored works                      | 6           | 24                             | 30          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 1           | 5                              | 6           |
| Jobs and projects                  | 1           | 5                              | 6           |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 2           | 16                             | 18          |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies              |  |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | Description  |
| Master Session             | Exhibition of the ideas, concepts and techniques of each topic of the course. In these sessions, students must acquire competences CG3, CG6, CE30 and CT3.                 |
| Practice in computer rooms | Practical learning of basic tools for the distribution of multimedia contents on computer networks.<br>In these sessions, students must acquire competences CE30 and CE33. |
| Tutored works              | Configuration, under the supervision of professors, of a basic IP PBX. This work should help students to acquire competence CE33.  |

| Personalized a | attention  |
|----------------|--|
|                | Description  |
| Mashan Casalan | the still have discovered in dividually attraction of subactual of the barriers. No superinterant is as a second |

Master Session It will be dispensed individually attention during the hours of tutoring. No appointment is necessary.

|                                    | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Partial exam covering some of the contents of the subject.<br>Questions and problems of conceptual, logical, analytical or | 20            | CG3<br>CG6                |
|                                    | applied character. One hour long written exercise.   |               | CE30                      |
| Jobs and projects                  | Evaluation of the features and performance of the IP PBX configured by the student during the course.                      | 20            | CE33                      |
| Troubleshooting and / or           | Final exam covering all the contents of the subject. Questions   | 60            | CG3                       |
| exercises                          | and problems of conceptual, logical, analytical or applied character. Two hour long written exercise.                      |               | CG6                       |
|                                    | character. Two hour long wheten excicise.  |               | CE30                      |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

Two different systems of evaluation will be offered to the students: continuous evaluation and evaluation at the end of the course.

Students opting for continuous evaluation must take two intermediate tasks: a short exam around week 5 of the course (20% of the final mark) and a project involving the configuration of a basic IP PBX around week 13 of the course (20% of the final mark), together with a final written exam at the end of the course (60% of the final mark). Both intermediate tasks are not recoverable and will be only valid for the current course.

Students can also opt for being evaluated by means of just a final written exam at the end of the course. The final mark of the subject will be, in this case, just the mark obtained in this exam.

It will be considered that a student opts for continuous evaluation if he takes the short exam or the project proposed. The final exam can contain some additional questions for those students that have opted by the evaluation at the end of the

# course.

If plagiarism is detected in any of the tasks proposed (exams or project), the involved students will be failed with a final mark of 0.

Those students that have not passed the subject in first call will have to take an extra written exam in July. Those students that opted for continuous evaluation will be able to choose between evaluation by means of just the final exam or keep continuous evaluation, in which case they would keep the marks obtained in the intermediate tasks (short exam and project) and only would have to take the final exam as the last task. Students will indicate which of these two options choose at the final exam.

| Sources of information  |
|---|
| J.F. Kurose, K.W. Ross, Computer networking: a top-down approach, 6 <sup>a</sup> ed., 2012        |
| Kun I. Park, QoS in packet networks, 1 <sup>a</sup> ed., 2010                                     |
| Mario Marchese, QoS over heterogeneous networks, 1ª ed., 2007                                     |
| M. Barreiros, P. Lundqvist, QoS-enabled networks: tools and foundations, 1 <sup>a</sup> ed., 2011 |
| Ted Wallingford, Switching to VoIP, 1 <sup>a</sup> ed., 2005                                      |
| R. Bryant, L. Madsen, J. Van Meggelen, Asterisk : the definitive guide, 4ª ed., 2013              |
| S. Wintermeyer, S. Bosch, Practical Asterisk 1.4 and 1.6, 1 <sup>a</sup> ed., 2010                |
| Alan B. Johnston, SIP: Understanding the Session Initiation Protocol, 3ª ed., 2009                |
|   |

# Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Multimedia services/V05G300V01941

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Computer Networks/V05G300V01403

| IDEN     | TIFYIN   | G DATA   |                      |                         |                              |
|----------|--|--|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Infor    | matior   | Systems  |                      |                         |                              |
| Subje    | ct   | Information  |                      |                         |                              |
|          |  | Systems  |                      |                         |                              |
| Code     |  | V05G300V01644  |                      |                         |                              |
| Study    |  | (*)Grao en   |                      |                         |                              |
| progr    | amme   | Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de   |                      |                         |                              |
|          |  | Telecomunicación   |                      |                         |                              |
| Descr    | riptors  |  | уре                  | Year Qi                 | uadmester                    |
|          | 1  |  | ptional              | 3rd 2r                  |                              |
| Langu    | Jage   | Spanish  |                      |                         |                              |
|          | rtment   |  |                      |                         |                              |
|          | linator  | Ramos Cabrer, Manuel   |                      |                         |                              |
| Lectu    |  | Ramos Cabrer, Manuel   |                      |                         |                              |
| E-mai    |  | mramos@uvigo.es  |                      |                         |                              |
| Web      |  | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                      |                         |                              |
| Gene     | ral  | The aim of this subject is to introduce to the student in th   | e main technol       | ogies to process and st | ore the                      |
|          | iption   | information, like central element of the telematic services  |                      |                         |                              |
|          |  |  |                      |                         |                              |
| Com      | petenc   | es   |                      |                         |                              |
| Code     |  |  |                      |                         | Typology                     |
| CG3      | CG3: T   | he knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capa  | acitates the stu     | Ident to learn new      | - know                       |
|          |  | ds and technologies, as well as to give him great versatilit   |                      |                         | - Know Hov                   |
| CG4      | transm   | he ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative<br>it knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and pro<br>mmunication Engineer activity.   |                      |                         | - Know Hov<br>al - Know be   |
| <u> </u> |  | he aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedu  | res and laws         |                         | - Know Hov                   |
| CG9      |  | he ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilang  |                      | ent and to communica    |                              |
|          |  | ng and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas re   |                      |                         | - Know be                    |
| CE27     | and ap   | EL1The ability to construct, operate and manage telecomplications considered as systems to receive, transport, rept multimedia information from the computer services poin   | present, proces      |                         | ses - know<br>- Know Hov     |
| CE29     | E29 CE29/TEL3 The ability to build, operate and manage computer services using planning, sizing and analytical tools |  | - know<br>- Know Hov |                         |                              |
| CT2      | CT2 U  | derstanding Engineering within a framework of sustainabl   | e development        |                         | - Know How<br>- Know be      |
| CT3      |  | vareness of the need for long-life training and continuous on the end of the need for long-life training and situations and si |                      |                         | le, - know<br>- Know How     |
|          |  | on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamenta  |                      |                         | - Know be                    |
| CT4      | respor   | courage cooperative work, and skills like communication,<br>sibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environ<br>y, peace and respect for fundamental rights.  |                      |                         | e of - Know Hov<br>- Know be |
| Lear     | ning ou  | tcomes   |                      |                         |                              |
| Learn    | ing out  | comes  |                      | Co                      | ompetences                   |
| Know     | the ma   | in mechanisms of organisation of the information for their   | storage and pr       | rocess. Cl              | 27                           |
| Know     | the ma   | in mechanisms of research, recovery and presentation of  | the information      | ı. Cł                   | 27                           |
| Comp     | orise the  | concept of metainformatión and its main applications in t  | he new telema        | tic services. Cl        | 27                           |
| Capa     | city to c  | esign and implement a database using current models.   |                      | CI                      | 29                           |
| Comp     | orise the  | importance of information management like a basic supp   | ort element foi      | CI                      | G3<br>E29<br>F3              |
| Skill t  | o selec  | the mechanisms of information management more suitab   | le for a proble      | m. CC                   | G4<br>G6                     |
|          |  |  |                      |                         | Ξ27<br>Γ2                    |

Capacity to build telematic services based in stored information.

| Contents  |   |
|---|---|
| Торіс   |   |
| Introduction and general perspective of the Systems of Information. | <ul> <li>Concepts of system of information and database.</li> <li>Types of systems of information.</li> <li>Concept of Managing System of Databases.</li> <li>Models of databases.</li> <li>The process of design of a database.</li> </ul>   |
| Design of Relational Databases: Conceptual<br>Model.                | - Aims of the conceptual design.<br>- Conceptual models of databases.<br>- The E-A model.   |
| Design of Relational Databases: Logical Model.                      | <ul> <li>Concept of the logical design.</li> <li>Logical models of databases.</li> <li>The relational model.</li> <li>Relational algebra.</li> <li>Relational calculus.</li> <li>Normalisation of databases.</li> </ul>   |
| Database Management Systems.  | <ul> <li>Physical storage of the data.</li> <li>Organisation of data in files.</li> <li>Indexes and associations.</li> <li>Management of the integrity of the data.</li> <li>Consistency.</li> <li>Concepts related with the security.</li> <li>Optimisation of queries.</li> </ul> |
| Other information systems.  | <ul> <li>No relational databases.</li> <li>Semistructured information Processing.</li> <li>No-structured information Processing.</li> <li>Meta-information and infomration semantics:</li> <li>Semantic information processing.</li> <li>Semantic web and ontologies.</li> </ul>    |

| Planning |
|----------|
|----------|

|  | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session   | 20          | 46                             | 66          |
| Practice in computer rooms                               | 13          | 26                             | 39          |
| Workshops  | 5           | 30                             | 35          |
| Multiple choice tests                                    | 1           | 0                              | 1           |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 1           | 0                              | 1           |
| Jobs and projects  | 2           | 6                              | 8           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

|                            | Description   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Master Session             | Presentation of the ideas, concepts, technics and algorithms of each lesson.<br>This activity develops CG3, CG4, CG6, CT2 and CT3 competencies.   |
| Practice in computer rooms | The students will resolve practical problems under supervision of teachers.<br>This activity develops CG4, CT2, CE29 and CE27 competencies.   |
| Workshops                  | Each group of students will tackle the design and implementation of a software project with half complexity. This task will be realised in successive steps, that will be discussed and validated in the face-to-face sessions.<br>The aim of this methodology is to provide a suitable feedback to improve the proposed solutions. |

# Personalized attention

|                               | Description  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Workshops                     | Personalised attention will be dispensed through individual and face-to-face meetings scheduled at the beginingt of the course.<br>For practices and workshops, the personal attention will be articulated by means of the follow-up of the job of each student, monitoring the partial proposed solutions and reorienting them if it was necessary. |
| Practice in<br>computer rooms | Personalised attention will be dispensed through individual and face-to-face meetings scheduled at the beginingt of the course.<br>For practices and workshops, the personal attention will be articulated by means of the follow-up of the job of each student, monitoring the partial proposed solutions and reorienting them if it was necessary. |
| Master Session                | Personalised attention will be dispensed through individual and face-to-face meetings scheduled at the beginingt of the course.<br>For practices and workshops, the personal attention will be articulated by means of the follow-up of the job of each student, monitoring the partial proposed solutions and reorienting them if it was necessary. |

| Assessment                         |   |                   |                     |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------|
|                                    | Description   | Qualification Eva | aluated Competences |
| Multiple choice tests              | Proof of theoretical contents exposed in the master classes.  | 60                | CG3                 |
|                                    |   |                   | CG4                 |
|                                    |   |                   | CG6                 |
|                                    |   |                   | CT2                 |
|                                    |   |                   | CT3                 |
| Practical tests, real              | Validation of the work realised in every laboratory session.<br>r   | 20                | CG4                 |
| task execution and / or simulated. |   |                   | CE27                |
| Simulateu.                         |   |                   | CE29                |
|                                    |   |                   | CT2                 |
| Jobs and projects                  | In the last face-to-face session of workshop, students will   | 20                | CG4                 |
|                                    | deliver and will expose to their mates the design and the<br>proposed solution for their project. This solution will be<br>exposed to debate for students and professors. |                   | CG9                 |
|                                    |   |                   | CE27                |
|                                    |   |                   | CT2                 |
|                                    |   |                   | CT4                 |

The subject can be surpassed by means of Continuous Evaluation according to the following criteria, having opened the possibility to opt by the No Continuous Evaluation anytime until the beginning of the final examination to celebrate the day fixed to such effect in the official calendar of the EET. All those students that opt by the continuous evaluation will consider presented if they evaluate of the part of the work in Workshops.

#### Continuous evaluation:

The final note will result of the sum of the corresponding notes to the three following components:

1. Four proofs of type Test to evaluate the contents given in the masterclasses. Each proof will take place in one of the master classes , except the last that will realise in one of the sessions of the Workshop.

Punctuation: Up to 1,5 points each proof.

2. Six Practical Proofs that will realise when finalising each one of the sessions of laboratory and that will consist in the validation of the results obtained during said session.

Punctuation: Up to 1/3 points each proof.

3. Presentation of the Project proposed like work in the sessions of the Workshop.

Punctuation: Up to 2 points.

To pass the subject by Continuous Evaluation will have to give the three following conditions: (i) obtain an equal or upper qualification to 2 points in the group of the tests.; (ii) Upper qualification to 0 points in, at least, four of the six practical proofs; and (iii) to attend all the face-to-face sessions and obtain more than 0 points in the presentation of the project.

#### No Continuous Evaluation:

By means of an examination on 10 points scheduled in the official calendar of the EET.

# Final Call:

It will be governed by the indicated for the No Continuous evaluation.

# Sources of information

Basic Resources:

[2] "SQL Cookbook". Anthony Molinaro. 1º edición. 2005, O'Reilly Media.

Additional references:

[2] *"Database Systems: The Complete Book".* Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman y Jennifer Widom. 2ª edición. 2008, Prentice Hall

[4] "An Introduction to Database Systems". Chris J. Date. 8ª edición. 2003, Addison Wesley.

# Recommendations

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Architectures and Services/V05G300V01645 Distributed and Concurrent Programming/V05G300V01641

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Programming II/V05G300V01302 Internet Services/V05G300V01501 Operating Systems/V05G300V01541

| IDENTIFYIN                 | IDENTIFYING DATA  |  |   |   |
|----------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Architectures and Services |   |  |   |   |
| Subject                    | Architectures and<br>Services   |  |   |   |
| Code                       | V05G300V01645   |  |   |   |
| Study<br>programme         | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |  |   |   |
| Descriptors                | ECTS Credits  | Туре   | Year  | Quadmester  |
|                            | 6   | Optional   | 3rd   | 2nd   |
| Language                   | Spanish   |  |   |   |
| Department                 |   |  |   |   |
| Coordinator                | Fernández Vilas, Ana  |  |   |   |
| Lecturers                  | Díaz Redondo, Rebeca Pilar<br>Fernández Vilas, Ana  |  |   |   |
| E-mail                     | avilas@det.uvigo.es   |  |   |   |
| Web                        | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |  |   |   |
| General<br>description     | This course focuses on the architectonic soluti<br>course is oriented to sscenarios based on services<br>solutions by means of Web Services Technology<br>the course lokks through the description, disco-<br>introduces models for services composition in | vices (service-oriented angles (WS-*). Taking the Volume of the volume o | rchitectures) and<br>NS-* stack as our<br>services in an SC | I the deploymen SOA<br>r techonologcal layout,<br>DA. Finally, The course |

| Com  | petencies  |           |
|------|--|-----------|
| Code |  | Typology  |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - Know be |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know be |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   |           |
| CE29 | CE29/TEL3 The ability to build, operate and manage computer services using planning, sizing and analytical tools   | - Know be |
| CE32 | CE32/TEL6 The ability to design networks and service architectures.  | - Know be |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - Know be |
| CT3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - Know be |

| Learning outcomes   |             |  |
|---|-------------|--|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |  |
| To know the main architectures for telematic services of medium & high complexity.                  | CG3         |  |
|   | CG6         |  |
|   | CE29        |  |
|   | CE32        |  |
|   | CT2         |  |
|   | CT3         |  |
| To Understand the concept of middleware as a supporting element for services, and to know the main  | CG3         |  |
| models used today.  | CE29        |  |
|   | CE32        |  |
| To understand the importance and utility of web services for the development of telematic services. |             |  |
|   | CE29        |  |
|   | CE32        |  |
| To know the main technologies to build complex services by combining other services.                | CG6         |  |
|   | CE29        |  |
|   | CE32        |  |
| To master the basic concepts and technologies associated with the management of services and their  | CG3         |  |
| security.   | CE29        |  |
| ·   | CE32        |  |

| Contents            |   |  |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Торіс               |   |  |
| Introduction        | <ul> <li>Distributed Systems.</li> <li>Client-server Model: RPC.</li> <li>Message Middlewares.</li> <li>Web Services and SaaS.</li> <li>SOA : Roles, operations, layers.</li> </ul> |  |
| Web Services        | <ul> <li>Simple SOA with REST.</li> <li>API Styles for Web Services.</li> <li>RPC, messages and resources APIs.</li> <li>Stack of Web Services technologies.</li> </ul>             |  |
| Technological Basis | <ul> <li>Review of XML.</li> <li>SOAP Protocol &amp; Messages.</li> <li>WSDL: Description of Services.</li> <li>Services Discovery.</li> </ul>                                      |  |
| Designing Services  | <ul> <li>Design of Web Services.</li> <li>Web Service LifeCycle.</li> <li>Implementation Axis/TomCat.</li> </ul>  |  |
| Composing Services  | <ul> <li>Model of composition</li> <li>Orchestration and choreography</li> <li>Orchestration with WS-BPEL</li> <li>Description of choreography: WS-CDL</li> </ul>                   |  |

|  | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session   | 19          | 38                          | 57          |
| Practice in computer rooms                               | 8           | 8                           | 16          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 3           | 6                           | 9           |
| Workshops  | 2           | 6                           | 8           |
| Projects   | 2           | 28                          | 30          |
| Presentations / exhibitions                              | 2           | 8                           | 10          |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 4           | 8                           | 12          |
| Long answer tests and development                        | 2           | 6                           | 8           |

| Methodologies                     |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
|                                   | Description  |
| Master Session                    | Classes that will combine the exhibition of the concepts and small exercises. These will be resolved<br>by the teachervor by the students individually and/or in groups. The aim is to boost the debate in<br>the class and reinforce the acquisition of skills.<br>COMPETENCES: CG3, CE29, CE32 |
| Practice in computer rooms        | During all the course, the lab sessions will be devoted to the development of small prototypes that allow to materialise the fundamental concepts of the course.<br>COMPETENCES: CG4, CG6  |
| Troubleshooting and / o exercises | r In the laboratory or in the classroom, the professor will pose small challenges that will be resolved collectively so that the students can discuss abouth the underlying concepts and the different options.<br>COMPETENCES: CG3, CG4.  |
| Workshops                         | The workshops will be devoted to the discussion of real cases and to the follow-up of the project of the course.<br>COMPETENCES: CG4, CG6  |
| Projects                          | The students, in groups, will develop a software system whose requirements will be established in the 9th week of the teaching period. The follow-up of the project will be carried out during the workshops.<br>COMPETENCES: CE29, CE32, CT2, CT3   |

| Personalized attention |   |
|------------------------|---|
|                        | Description   |
| Projects               | During the second part of the course, the students (organised in groups) will tackle the design and implementation of a telematic system using the architectonic and technological principles of Web Services. Each group will be continuously guided (weekly) about the adopted solution (workshops of the course).          |
| Workshop               | bs During the second part of the course, the students (organised in groups) will tackle the design and<br>implementation of a telematic system using the architectonic and technological principles of Web Services. Each<br>group will be continuously guided (weekly) about the adopted solution (workshops of the course). |

Assessment Description Qualification Evaluated Competencess Presentations / Each workgroup will justify in an oral presentation the solution 10 CG4 exhibitions adopted in his project. The presentation will take place the last week CT2 of the teaching period with the professors of the course. CT3 Projects Each workgroup will deliver the course project during the 20 CG4 penultimate week of the teaching period. The delivery will consist of CG6 the design, implementation and documentation. After delivering the CE32 project, a practical test will be performed (last week of the course) on the project implemented by each of the groups . CT2 CT3 This test will take place the last week of the teaching period. Practical tests. real 10 CG6 task execution and / Individually, each student will solve an exercise that show his/her CE29 or simulated. skills in using the main technologies of the course in some practical context. Individual writing test will take place in the date indicated in the Long answer tests 60 CG3 official calendar of exams. Books, class notes and other matrial will and development CE29 not be allowed during the exam. CE32

## Other comments and July evaluation

The student can follow up an assessment model of continuous evaluation or can do a final exam.

# **CONTINUOUS EVALUATION**

The CONTINUOUS EVALUATION consists in the assessment activities mentioned previously. The student can choose to follow up continuous evaluation in week 7, after the first two assessments of the course. After that, workgroups are created in order to tackle the collaborative development the course project. From this moment, the final mark never will be "not taken" (incomplete).

The maximum mark for the activities in continuous evaluation is the following:

- 1. Individual writing test: Official calendar (Maximum 6 points).
- 2. Intermediate Tests: Practical Tests (Maximun 1 point).
- 3. Project: Design, implementation and deployment (Maximum 3 points) .

The student passes the course if he/she obtains at least 2 points of 6 in "Individual Wirting Test"(1); a minimum of 1 point in the other sections (2 and 3); and a total score (sum of the assessment activities) equal or upper to 5 points. The maximum score is 10 points.

#### FINAL EXAM

The evaluation by means of a FINAL EXAM will consist of the following parts (Tests will not be recoverable):

- 1. Writing Test: Maximum of 6 points. A minimum punctuation of 2 points will be required.
- 2. Individual Project: Delivered during the last week of teaching. It will include design, implementation and documentation. The maximum score is 2 points.
- 3. Practical test: In the lab. The maximum score is 2 points but a minimum of 1 point is required.

In any case, the course is considered passed if the student receives the minimum qualifications in both the written and the practical test and a total score (resulting from the sum of those obtained in sections 1, 2 and 3) equal or greater than 5

## **EXAMINATION AT THE END OF THE COURSE**

For the examination ath the END OF THE COURSE, all the students will are assessed in the modality of final exam as it has described previously.

#### Sources of information

#### **BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- "Web Services & SOA: Principles and Technology". Michael Papazoglou. Pearson Education, 2012. ISBN-10: 0273732161
- "Building Web Services with Java: Making Sense of XML, SOAP, WSDL, and UDDI ".By Steve Graham, Doug Davis, Simeon Simeonov, Glen Daniels, Peter Brittenham, Yuichi Nakamura, Paul Fremantle, Dieter Koenig, Claudia Zentner. Sams, 2004. ISBN-10: 0-7686-6348-2.
- "Service-Orientâ€<ed Architecture: A Field Guide to Integrating XML and Web Services". Thomas Erl. Prentice Hall, 2004. \*ISBN-10: 0131428985.

#### **COMPLEMENTARY BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- "Understanding Web Services: XML, WSDL, SOAP, and UDDI." Eric Newcomer. Addison-Wesley Professional; 1 edition, 2002. ISBN-10: 0201750813.
- "SOA Using Java Web Services. Mark D. Hansen. Prentice Hall, 2007. ISBN-10: 0130449687.
- "Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design (5th Edition)". George F. Coulouris. Addison Wesley, 2011. ISBN-10: 0132143011.
- "Web Services: A Technical Introduction." Harvey M. Deitel, Paul J. Deitel, B. DuWaldt, L. K. Trees. Prentice Hall, 2002. ISBN-10: 0130461350.
- "Service Design Patterns: Fundamental Design Solutions for SOAP/WSDL and RESTful Web Services". Robert Daigneau. Addison-Wesley Professional; 1 edition, 2011. ISBN-10: 032154420X.
- "SOA in Practice: The Art of Distributed System Design (Theory in Practice)". Nicolai M. Josuttis. O'Reilly Half; 1 edition , 2007. ISBN-10: 0596529554.
- "Principles of Transaction Processing, Second Edition". Eric Newcomer. Morgan Kaufman; 2 edition , 2009. ISBN-10: 1558606238.
- "Service Oriented Architecture with Java: Using SOA and Web Services to build powerful Java applications". Binildas To. Christudas. Packt Publishing, 2008). ISBN-10: 1847193218.
- "Applied SOA: Service-Orientâ€<ed Architecture and Design Strategies". Michael Rosen .Wiley; 1 edition , 2008. ISBN-10: 0470223650.
- "SOA Principles of Service Design". Thomas Erl. Prentice Hall; 1 edition, 2007. ISBN-10: 0132344823.
- Service-Orientâ€<ed Architecture (SOA): Concepts, Technology, and Design". Thomas Erl. Prentice Hall, 2005. ISBN-10: 0131858580
- "Programming the World Wide Web (6th Edition)". Robert W. Sebesta . Addison Wesley; 6 edition, 2010. ISBN-10: 0132130815.
- Internet & World Wide Web: How to Program (4th Edition)". P.J. Deitel. Prentice Hall; 4 edition, 2007). ISBN-10: 0131752421.

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Distributed and Concurrent Programming/V05G300V01641 Information Systems/V05G300V01644

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Internet Services/V05G300V01501

| IDENTIFYING DATA       |   |           |      |            |
|------------------------|---|-----------|------|------------|
| Technology Management  |   |           |      |            |
| Subject                | Technology<br>Management  |           |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01801   |           |      |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |           |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре      | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6   | Mandatory | 4th  | 2nd        |
| Language               | Spanish   |           | ·    |            |
| Department             |   |           |      |            |
| Coordinator            | González Castaño, Francisco Javier  |           |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Fernández Hermida, Xulio<br>Fernández Vilas, Ana<br>González Castaño, Francisco Javier<br>López Ardao, José Carlos                                |           |      |            |
| E-mail                 | javier@det.uvigo.es   |           |      |            |
| Web                    | http://http://faitic.uvigo.es   |           |      |            |
| General<br>description | This course provides skills in design, management and detection of needs, technological surveys, team creati and protection, and business models. |           |      |            |

| Com  | petencies  |                      |
|------|--|----------------------|
| Code |  | Typology             |
| CG7  | CG7: The ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of technical solutions.   | - know               |
| CG8  | CG8: To know and apply basic elements of economics and human resources management, project organization and planning, as well as the legislation, regulation and standarization in Telecommunications. | - know               |
| CE54 | (CE54/PY1) The ability to elaborate the proposal of technical projects according to the specified requirements in a public competitive bidding.  | - know               |
| CE55 | (CE55/PY2) The ability for technical direction of telecommunication project.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE56 | (CE56/PY3) The ability to manage telecommunication project human resources and economic.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE57 | (CE57/PY4) The ability to elaborate technical reports and for the follow up of a telecommunication project.  | - know<br>- Know How |

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| earning outcomes   | Competences |
| To analyze the technical and economic feasibility of a project. Project budgets. | CG7         |
|  | CG8         |
|  | CE55        |
|  | CE56        |
| Learn how to find statistical information and indicators                         | CE57        |
| Learn how to perform technological surveys and consulting                        |             |
| Learn how to apply the main certification regulations                            | CG8         |
| Project reporting  | CE54        |
|  | CE55        |
|  | CE56        |
|  | CE57        |
| Project planning and management  | CG8         |
|  | CE54        |
|  | CE55        |
|  | CE56        |
| Sociological and human aspects of projects.                                      | CE55        |
|  | CE56        |
| Telecommunciations, safety and environmental regulations                         | CG7         |
|  | CE54        |

- To propose business models in telecommunications

| Contents                           |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Торіс                              |  |  |  |
| Identifying and interpreting needs | <ul> <li>Gathering requisites</li> <li>Translating needs into technical objectives</li> <li>Technological perspective. Hype cycles</li> <li>Sources and methods for technical surveys</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| Creativity techniques              | <ul> <li>Research, development and innovation</li> <li>Team methods to boost creativity</li> <li>Is my idea original? Formulating and evaluating it</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| Project design and management      | <ul> <li>Definition of technical goals</li> <li>Translating goals into tasks</li> <li>Planning the project</li> <li>Project resources</li> <li>Human team. R&amp;D profiles</li> <li>Budget</li> <li>Tracking project evolution</li> </ul>                                   |  |  |
| Business models                    | - Product proposal<br>- Risk analysis<br>- Customer survey<br>- Business plan  |  |  |
| Entrepreneurship                   | <ul> <li>From the idea to the business plan</li> <li>Looking for capital</li> <li>Technological partnerships</li> <li>First steps towards the creation of an enterprise</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| Legal aspects                      | <ul> <li>Types of property: Intellectual and industrial</li> <li>Technological actives vs. legal property. Models, patents. Licenses</li> <li>Spanish case/international case. Europe and the US. Internationalization<br/>hints</li> <li>CIN/352/2009 regulation</li> </ul> |  |  |

(\*)-

|                                    | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session                     | 22          | 26                             | 48          |
| Projects                           | 4           | 20                             | 24          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | 2           | 12                             | 14          |
| Practice in computer rooms         | 28          | 36                             | 64          |

| Methodologies                     |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                   | Description  |  |  |  |
| Master Session                    | Oral presentation of the main concepts of the course by the professors, supported by multimedia.<br>Lectures by experts. Through this methodology the competencies CG7, CG8, CE54, CE55, CE56 and<br>CE57 are developed. |  |  |  |
| Projects                          | Personal project (individual or in groups) to be presented during class hours A of the last week.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CE54, CE55, CE56 and CE57 are developed.                                  |  |  |  |
| Troubleshooting and / o exercises | or Brief individual assignments on the topics of the master sessions. Through this methodology the competencies CE54, CE55, CE56 and CE57 are developed.   |  |  |  |
| Practice in computer rooms        | Practice on aspects of specification of requisites, creativity and project design and tracking using computer tools. Through this methodology the competencies CE54, CE55, CE56 and CE57 are developed.                  |  |  |  |

CG8 CE55 CE56

| Personalized attention                |   |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
|                                       | Description   |  |  |  |
| Projects                              | - The professors will publish a timetable to attend the students individually at their offices  |  |  |  |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Course documentation (slides employed in the classroom, homework, questionnaires of practical<br/>assignments, documentation for the seminars, recommended lectures) will be available through the<br/>TEMA platform (http://faitic.uvigo.es)</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| Troubleshooting and /<br>or exercises | - The professors will publish a timetable to attend the students individually at their offices  |  |  |  |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Course documentation (slides employed in the classroom, homework, questionnaires of practical<br/>assignments, documentation for the seminars, recommended lectures) will be available through the<br/>TEMA platform (http://faitic.uvigo.es)</li> </ul> |  |  |  |

| Master Session                     | Description (<br>Exam              | <b>Qualification Evaluated Competences</b> |      |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------|
|                                    |                                    | 25   | CG7  |
|                                    |                                    |  | CG8  |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE54 |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE55 |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE56 |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE57 |
| Practice in computer rooms         | Evaluation of partial results+exam | 40   | CE55 |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE56 |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE57 |
| Projects                           | Individual defense (commitee)      | 30   | CE55 |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE56 |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE57 |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Correction by the professors       | 5  | CE55 |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE56 |
|                                    |                                    |  | CE57 |

Constinuous evaluation consists in:

- · Individual exam (Maximum 5 points). Official calendar.
- · Intermediate practical test (Maximum 2 points).
- · Final project (Maximum 3 points).

To pass the course, the suteden must obtain a final score (as the sum of the previous activities) above 5 points. Maximum score is 10 points.

## COURSE END EVALUATION:

It will consist in an exam with theoretical and practical parts in the official date. The practical part will cover the same content as the continuous evaluation along the course.

#### Sources of information

- Thinkertoys: A Handbook of Creative Thinking Techniques (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition), 2006. Michael Michalko. Ten Speed Press; 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. ISBN 10: 1580087736.

- Six Thinking Hats Paperback, 1999. Edward de Bono. Back Bay Books; 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. ISBN 10: 9780316178310

# Recommendations

| IDENTIFYING DATA   |  |           |      |            |
|--------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Projects Lab       |  |           |      |            |
| Subject            | Projects Lab   |           |      |            |
| Code               | V05G300V01802  |           |      |            |
| Study<br>programme | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación |           |      |            |
| Descriptors        | ECTS Credits   | Туре      | Year | Quadmester |
|                    | 12   | Mandatory | 4th  | 2nd        |
| Language           | Spanish<br>Galician  |           |      |            |

Department

| Coordinator              | Mosquera Nartallo, Carlos   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Coordinator<br>Lecturers | Álvarez Sabucedo, Luis Modesto<br>Caeiro Rodríguez, Manuel<br>Costa Montenegro, Enrique<br>Díaz Otero, Francisco Javier<br>Domínguez Gómez, Miguel Ángel<br>Eguizábal Gándara, Luis Eduardo<br>Fernández Manin, Generosa<br>González Valdés, Borja<br>Isasi de Vicente, Fernando Guillermo<br>Lorenzo Rodríguez, María Edita de<br>Machado Domínguez, Fernando<br>Mikic Fonte, Fernando Ariel   |
|                          | Mosquera Nartallo, Carlos<br>Poza González, Francisco<br>Prol Rodríguez, Miguel<br>Rodríguez Rodríguez, José Luis<br>Sánchez Real, Francisco Javier<br>Santos Gago, Juan Manuel<br>Torres Guijarro, María Soledad<br>Valdés Peña, María Dolores   |
| E-mail                   | mosquera@gts.uvigo.es   |
| Web                      | http://http://faitic.uvigo.es   |
| General<br>description   | Interdisiciplinary projects must be addressed by a team of students who must represent at least two of the four technologies of the Telecommunication Technologies Engineering Degree. The teams are supervised by two faculty members from different Departments to enrich and facilitate the cross-fertilization between different areas of work.<br>The work developed by the different teams will be defended at the end of the course as part of the evaluation process. |

| Comp | etencies   |            |
|------|--|------------|
| Code |  | Typology   |
| CG1  | CG1: The ability to write, develop and sign projects in the field of Telecommunication Engineering, according to the knowledge acquired as considered in section 5 of this Law, the conception and development or operation of networks, services and applications of Telecommunication and Electronics. | - Know How |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - Know How |
| CG7  | CG7: The ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of technical solutions.   | - know     |
| CG8  | CG8: To know and apply basic elements of economics and human resources management, project organization and planning, as well as the legislation, regulation and standarization in Telecommunications.   | - know     |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.   | - Know be  |
| CG11 | CG11 To approach a new problem considering first the essential and then the secondary aspects  | - Know How |
| CG12 | CG12 The development of discussion ability about technical subjects  | - Know be  |
|      |  |            |

| CE54 | (CE54/PY1) The ability to elaborate the proposal of technical projects according to the specified requirements in a public competitive bidding.   | - know     |
|------|---|------------|
| CE55 | (CE55/PY2) The ability for technical direction of telecommunication project.  | - Know be  |
| CE56 | (CE56/PY3) The ability to manage telecommunication project human resources and economic.  | - Know be  |
| CE57 | (CE57/PY4) The ability to elaborate technical reports and for the follow up of a telecommunication project.   | - Know How |
| CT1  | CT1 Development of sufficient autonomy to carry out works within the area of Telecommunications in interdisciplinary contexts.  | - Know How |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.  | - know     |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights. | - Know How |

| _earning outcomes   | Competences |
|---|-------------|
| _earn to work in group in a medium term project                   | CG1         |
|   | CG4         |
|   | CG6         |
|   | CG8         |
|   | CG9         |
|   | CG11        |
|   | CG12        |
|   | CE54        |
|   | CE56        |
|   | CE57        |
|   | CT4         |
| lan the development of a team project                             | CG9         |
|   | CG11        |
|   | CE55        |
|   | CE56        |
|   | CE57        |
|   | CT4         |
| ntegrate the required skills in a multidisciplinary team          | CG4         |
|   | CG9         |
|   | CG12        |
|   | CE56        |
|   | CT1         |
|   | CT4         |
| Keep a dynamic attitude and foster an on-going improvement effort | CG1         |
|   | CG4         |
|   | CG7         |
|   | CG9         |
|   | CT1         |
|   | CT2         |

| Contents             |  |  |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Торіс                |  |  |
| 1. Team work         |  |  |
| 2. Technical writing |  |  |
| 3. Public speaking   |  |  |

|                             | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Introductory activities     | 2           | 0                              | 2           |
| Classroom work              | 4           | 4                              | 8           |
| Projects                    | 14          | 244                            | 258         |
| Presentations / exhibitions | 8           | 24                             | 32          |

# Methodologies

Description

| Introductory activities        | Some practical hints on skills such as oral and written presentation, and team working.<br>Competences CT1, CT2 and CT4 are developed here.   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Classroom work                 | Partial review of the different projects evolution, with short presentations and discussions.<br>Competences CG9, CG11 and CG12 are developed here.   |
| Projects                       | This is the core of the course: the team of students must address a project, either proposed by them or by two faculty members. During the duration of the course the team members must work in close cooperation to achieve the objectives of the project; the supervision is such that a weekly one hour meeting will take place with one or both advisors. All members of the team must be able to defend its project at the end of the course in both oral and poster sessions. Competences CG1, CG4, CG6, CG7, CG8, CG9, CG11, CG12, CE54, CE55, CE56 and CE57 are developed here. |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | Every team must defend its project in a final oral presentation and a poster session. The oral presentation can be made by one or more members of the team, and must include evidences to show proof of the work developed and achieved results. At the end of the presentation all members must be available for Q&A. The poster session requires the presence of all members of the team. A summary of the work must be submitted to the evaluation committee three days in advance. Competences CG9 and CG12 are developed here.   |

# Personalized attention

Description

Projects The two advisors will hold a one hour weekly meeting with the students. In addition, they will be available during their regular office hours for additional support.

| Assessment  | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated    |
|-------------|---|---------------|--------------|
|             |   |               | Competencess |
|             | / A portion of the final grade will be based on the committee evaluation  | 35            | CG1          |
| exhibitions | during the LPRO DAYS. The attendance to these days will be mandatory for  |               | CG7          |
|             | all students. They must submit an executive summary of the project at<br>least three days in advance to help assess their work. The members of the  |               | CG9          |
|             | evaluation committe will be the instructors of the Type-A ECTS, as long as<br>they are not involved in the supervision of any project. Otherwise,<br>additional assistance for the evaluation of those conflicting projects will be<br>requested from other instructors from the course. Although the grade is<br>expected to be similar for the entire group as a general principle,<br>exceptions might apply. Thus, especially underperforming students not<br>contributing to the team effort can get a different grade. Similarly, students<br>contributing well above the average of the group can get a higher grade.  |               | CG12         |
|             |   |               | CT2          |
| Projects    | A portion of the final grade will be based on:<br>1. Advisors recommendations. For an adequate tracking of the project<br>development, advisors will request different pieces of evidence, both oral<br>and/or written, including partial and/or final reports. Each pair of advisors<br>must submit a justified recommendation to the committee as to the team<br>work methodology and the performance of the team members in the<br>accomplishment of the project goals. Competences CG1, CG4, CG6, CG7,<br>CG8, CG11, CG12, CE54, CE55, CE56, CE57 will be evaluated here.<br>2. Group mates. A peer review among the team members will be also<br>requested as additional evidence for competences CG9, CT1, CT4. | 65            | CG1          |
|             |   |               | CG4          |
|             |   |               | CG6          |
|             |   |               | CG7          |
|             |   |               | CG8          |
|             |   |               | CG9          |
|             |   |               | CG11         |
|             |   |               | CG12         |
|             |   |               | CE54         |
|             |   |               | CE55         |
|             |   |               | CE56         |
|             |   |               | CE57         |
|             |   |               | CT1          |
|             |   |               | CT4          |

# Other comments and July evaluation

Final presentations are allowed in Galician, Spanish or English.

Those teams not getting the minimum grade to pass the course will have some additional weeks till the allocated date in the second call to present their work again. If the performance of a given student is graded differently from his/her team-mates, and this leads to failing the course, then he/she will need to show a comprehensive domain of the project developed by his/her team in the second call, together with sufficient additional contributions of his/her own.

# Sources of information

The advisors of each project will detail the recommended sources of information

### Recommendations

# Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Technology Management/V05G300V01801

### **Other comments**

Attendance to the different activities of the course is mandatory.

Final presentations are allowed in Galician, Spanish or English.

Those teams (or members of the teams) not getting the minimum grade to pass the course will have some additional weeks till the allocated date in the

second call to present their work again. If the performance of a given student is graded differently from his/her team-mates, and this leads to failing the course, then he/she will need to show a comprehensive domain of the project developed by his/her team in the second call, together with sufficient additional contributions of his/her own.

| IDEN     | TIFYIN   | IG DATA   |                            |                            |                              |
|----------|----------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Rem      | ote ser  | nsing   |                            |                            |                              |
| Subje    | ect      | Remote sensing  |                            |                            |                              |
| Code     |          | V05G300V01911   |                            |                            |                              |
| Study    | /        | (*)Grao en  |                            |                            |                              |
| progr    | amme     | Enxeñaría de  |                            |                            |                              |
|          |          | Tecnoloxías de  |                            |                            |                              |
|          |          | Telecomunicación  |                            |                            |                              |
| Desc     | riptors  | ECTS Credits  | Туре                       |                            | Quadmester                   |
| <u> </u> |          | 6   | Optional                   | 4th 1                      | Lst                          |
| Lang     | -        | English   |                            |                            |                              |
|          | rtment   |   |                            |                            |                              |
|          |          | Cuiñas Gómez, Íñigo   |                            |                            |                              |
| Lectu    | irers    | Cuiñas Gómez, Íñigo   |                            |                            |                              |
|          |          | Santalla del Río, María Verónica<br>Torío Gómez, Pablo  |                            |                            |                              |
| E-ma     | ;1       | inhigo@uvigo.es   |                            |                            |                              |
| Web      | 11       | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                            |                            |                              |
| Gene     | ral      | Remote Sensing is the topic devoted to all syste  | me that allow the cells    | oction of data about chief | oct or surface               |
|          | ription  | characteristics without physical contact.   |                            |                            |                              |
| acsei    | ipcion   | This topic presents the basic principles of Remo  | te Sensing, both in visi   | ble and infrared spectru   | ım, and in                   |
|          |          | microwaves. Special care will be put on active a  |                            |                            |                              |
|          |          | optic-electronic systems.   |                            |                            |                              |
|          |          | The topic involves technological elements and s   | signal processing, with    | a focus on the application | ons.                         |
|          |          |   |                            |                            |                              |
| Com      | petenc   | ies   |                            |                            |                              |
| Code     |          |   |                            |                            | Typology                     |
| CG3      | metho    | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies<br>ds and technologies, as well as to give him great   |                            |                            | - know                       |
|          | situati  |   |                            |                            |                              |
| CG4      | transm   | : The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and - Know He smit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical communication Engineer activity. |                            |                            |                              |
| CG7      |          | The ability to analyze and assess the social and e  | nvironmental impact o      | f technical solutions.     | - know<br>- Know be          |
| CG9      |          | The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a<br>ing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results ar   |                            |                            | ate, - Know Hov<br>- Know be |
| CE65     |          | /OP8)Applying conceptual, theoretical and practic   | cal tools of tolocommu     | nications in the develop   | mont Know How                |
|          | and ap   | oplications of radar and remote sensing systems.  |                            |                            |                              |
|          |          | (OP9) The ability for selection of circuits, subsyst  | -                          |                            | - know<br>- Know Hov         |
| CT2      |          | nderstanding Engineering within a framework of  | •                          |                            | - know                       |
| CT3      | open a   | wareness of the need for long-life training and co<br>and ethical attitude toward different opinions and<br>on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fu   | l situations, particularly | on non-discrimination      | ble, - Know be               |
| CT4      | respor   | ncourage cooperative work, and skills like community in a multilingual and multidisciplinary wo ty, peace and respect for fundamental rights.   |                            |                            |                              |
| Loor     | nina a   | utcomos   |                            |                            |                              |
|          |          | utcomes   |                            |                            | Competences                  |
|          | ning out | comes<br>analyse problems that can be solved with Remot   | · Concina to during -      |                            | Competences                  |
|          |          | analyse proplems that can be solved with Remot  | e sensing techniques       | (                          | CG3                          |
|          | ify and  |   |                            | (                          | ^G4                          |
|          | ify and  |   |                            |                            | CG4<br>CG9                   |
|          | ity and  |   |                            | (                          | CG4<br>CG9<br>CE65           |

| Propose solutions based on RADAR, microwaves, infrared, LIDAR or visible spectrum observation | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG9<br>CE66<br>CT3<br>CT4 |
|---|---|
| Specify sensors and Remote Sensing systems more adequate for each application                 | CG3<br>CG7<br>CE65<br>CE66<br>CT2       |
| Interpret and analyse images taken from satellites  | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG7<br>CE65<br>CT2        |

| Contents   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс  |   |
| Introduction to Remote Sensing                     | The aim of this topic is to provide the students with a panoramic of the meaning and application of remote sensing of earth, sea and air. Special attention is given to different points of view between our usual perception of the Earth and its appearance when it is observed from a satellite or another airlifted platform. Besides, the subject exposes the historical evolution of the Remote Sensing and its implication in the human life, standing out the hits of the space exploration and the different programs that have been designed. |
|  | The contents given in group A have an autonomous activity associated, called "The Earth from the air/space".  |
| Fundamental concepts                               | The three fundamental concepts of Remote Sensing are the core of this topic: the spectral signature, the classification and the compositions of color. All this, after an introduction to the multispectral sensors.  |
| Sensors  | Explanation of the concept of sensor, introduction to the distinct types of sensors, the concept of resolution and calibration. Then, there is at least a session of two hours to the passive sensors (optical-electronic, thermal and radiometers of microwaves) and another session to the active sensors (RADAR and LIDAR). This explanation includes the foundations and operation, its characteristics, advantages and inconvenient and applications.  |
|  | The contents given in group A have several associated practices of laboratory (group B), those called "Sensors calibration", "Passive Sensors: infrared", and "RADAR Fundamentals".   |
| Processing, interpretation and formation of images | This section is a summary of the distinct techniques of processing applied<br>for interpreting and classifying images taken from satellites. It employs an<br>image example to which all different processing techniques are explained.<br>The subject also takes care of the formation of images of big regions of<br>the surface of the Earth from images of areas more reduced, by means of<br>the use of mosaics. It shows the process of the mosaic both from satellite<br>and airborne images.  |
|  | Besides, image formation from radar data will be an important part of this topic.   |
|  | All the contents are given in laboratory (group B), for four sessions of 2<br>hour each.<br>Besides, the works developed in group C will support the contents of this<br>subject, focused on radar image formation.   |
| Geographic Information Systems (GIS)               | It treats to introduce the foundations and applications of the GIS, orienting<br>all the exhibition to the support in the decisions process related with<br>geographic locations. The second part of the session devotes to deepen in<br>the knowledge of applications of GIS by means of the study of practical<br>cases.  |

| Terrestrial exploration      | This section devotes of some examples of applications of the Remote<br>Sensing in diverse fields: studies of the ground, agriculture, mining,<br>geology. The own actuality at teaching time can determine the<br>applications in which more upsetting is done.   |
|------------------------------|---|
|                              | The contents given in group A could have associated some of the works developed by students in groups C, depending on the focus of each group challenge.  |
| Meteorology and Oceanography | In this section, the applications that more satellites have used along the history of the Remote Sensing are exposed: the meteorology and the oceanography. In Meteorology, it indicates which types of sensors employ, analyses the different parameters of interest, the characteristics regarding resolution and the results of climatic studies along the planet. Regarding Oceanography, the subject focuses on the observed parameters, the sensors, and it also presents images that show the results of the observations both directly and after the application of distinct processed. |
|                              | The contents given in group A could have associated some of the works developed by students in groups C, depending on the focus of each group challenge.  |
| Space exploration            | The aim of the subject is to present a panoramic of the space exploration.<br>Beginning with the sensors employed along the years of history of the<br>humanity in the space, the subject shows the main knowledges that we<br>have obtained from the distinct bodies of the solar system and it exposes<br>how they arrived to this knowledge (missions, peculiarities of the ships<br>and sensors employed, etc.).  |

|                                  | Class hours | Hours outside the | Total hours |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|
|                                  |             | classroom         |             |
| Master Session                   | 17.2        | 25.8              | 43          |
| Laboratory practises             | 4           | 8                 | 12          |
| Practice in computer rooms       | 10          | 15                | 25          |
| Tutored works                    | 5           | 45                | 50          |
| Presentations / exhibitions      | 2           | 4                 | 6           |
| Autonomous practices through ICT | 0           | 2                 | 2           |
| Introductory activities          | 1           | 1.2               | 2.2         |
| Short answer tests               | 2.8         | 0                 | 2.8         |
| Systematic observation           | 0           | 2                 | 2           |
| Jobs and projects                | 0           | 5                 | 5           |

# Methodologies

| Description                |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Master Session             | The course topics are presented and developed by the professor: foundations, theoretical bases, applications, etc. |
|                            | Group A sessions. 1 session/week. 2 hours/session  |
|                            | Competences: CE65, CE66, CT2, and CG3  |
| Laboratory practises       | Experimental work on sensor calibration and infrared termography.  |
|                            | Group B sessions. 2 sessions/semester. 2 hours/session.  |
|                            | Competences: CE65, CE66, CT4, and CG4  |
| Practice in computer rooms | Computer-based work on radar fundamentals and satellite imagery processing and interpretation.                     |
|                            | Group B sessions. 5 sessions/semester. 2 hours/session   |
|                            | Competences: CG4, CG7, CG9, CT4, and CT3   |

| Tutored works                       | The students will be assigned a simulation project. They will developed the project working in groups of 4-5 students. Project class sessions will be devoted to discussion and follow-up of the project. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
|                                     | Group C sessions. 6 sessions/semester. 1 hour/session.  |
|                                     | Additional tutorial sessions will be scheduled if required.   |
|                                     | Competences: CG4, CG7, CG9, CT4, and CT3  |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions      | The students will present, in an open session, their project results.   |
| CARIBICIONS                         | Previously, the students must e-mail to their group C teacher the code developed and a report summarizing the results.  |
|                                     | Group C sessions. 1 session/semester. 1 hour/session.   |
|                                     | Competences: CG9  |
| Autonomous practices<br>through ICT | Activities to be autonomously developed, with software provided by means of FaiTIC platform:<br>"Earth from air/space", to learn about points of view.  |
|                                     | This methodology works on competences CE65 and CE66   |
| Introductory activities             | Activities directed to take contact and gather information on the students, as well as to present the topic.  |
|                                     | For this activity reserves one face-to-face hour of group A, in which the professor presents the topic, explain the practices of laboratory and computer, and what expects of the works in group C.       |
|                                     | This methodology works on competences CE65, CE66, and CG4   |

| Personalized attention           |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
|                                  | Description   |
| Introductory activities          | Time that each professor has reserved to attend and resolve doubts of the students. |
| Master Session                   | Time that each professor has reserved to attend and resolve doubts of the students. |
| Laboratory practises             | Time that each professor has reserved to attend and resolve doubts of the students. |
| Practice in computer rooms       | Time that each professor has reserved to attend and resolve doubts of the students. |
| Tutored works                    | Time that each professor has reserved to attend and resolve doubts of the students. |
| Presentations / exhibitions      | Time that each professor has reserved to attend and resolve doubts of the students. |
| Autonomous practices through ICT | Time that each professor has reserved to attend and resolve doubts of the students. |

| Assessment           |  |               |                           |
|----------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
|                      | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Master Session       | Proofs of short answer:<br>there will be four proofs, at dates informed to the students at the                                 | 40            | CG3<br>CG7                |
|                      | beginning of the academic year, of 10 minutes length, that allows the student to pass part of the matters.                     |               | CE65                      |
|                      | In these short proofs the skils CE65, CE66, CG3 and CG7 will be evaluated.   |               | CE66                      |
| Laboratory practises | Systematic observation:  | 15            | CG4                       |
|                      | During laboratory practices, the results and the demonstration of<br>having understood the procedure to arrive to them will be | ſ             | CG9                       |
|                      | evaluated:   |               | CE66                      |
|                      | <ol> <li>"Sensors calibration": 5%</li> <li>"Infrared thermography": 10%</li> </ol>  |               | CT3                       |
|                      | In these practices the skils CE66, CT3, CG4 and CG9 will be evaluated.   |               |                           |

| In these practices the skils CE65, CT2 and CG4 will be evaluated.Tutored worksThe works developed in C groups will be evaluated in two parts:<br>the own dynamics of the works and the presentations.15CG7The work itself will receive 15% of the markCE66In these works the skils CE66, CG7 and CG9 will be evaluated.CE66Presentations /<br>exhibitionsPresentations of the works developed by the groups7CG9In the presentation of the works the skils CG9 and CT4 will be<br>evaluated.CT4CT4Autonomous<br>practices through ICTStudents will give the lecturer their autonomous work results:3CG4Short answer testsThe final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10<br>questions of short answer, with questions related with the<br>CG40CG3                   |  |
|--|--|
| the own dynamics of the works and the presentations.       CG9         The work itself will receive 15% of the mark       CE66         In these works the skils CE66, CG7 and CG9 will be evaluated.       Presentations /         Presentations /       Presentations of the works developed by the groups       7       CG9         In the presentation of the works developed by the groups       7       CG9         Autonomous       Students will give the lecturer their autonomous work results:       3       CG4         practices through ICT       "The Earth from the air/space": 3%       3       CG4         Short answer tests       The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10       0       CG3   |  |
| The work itself will receive 15% of the mark       CG9         In these works the skils CE66, CG7 and CG9 will be evaluated.       Presentations /         Presentations /       Presentations of the works developed by the groups       7       CG9         exhibitions       In the presentation of the works the skils CG9 and CT4 will be evaluated.       CT4         Autonomous       Students will give the lecturer their autonomous work results:       3       CG4         In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       CE65       CE65         In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       0       CG3         Short answer tests       The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10       0       CG3 |  |
| In these works the skils CE66, CG7 and CG9 will be evaluated.         Presentations /<br>exhibitions       Presentations of the works developed by the groups       7       CG9         In the presentation of the works the skils CG9 and CT4 will be<br>evaluated.       CT4       CT4         Autonomous<br>practices through ICT       Students will give the lecturer their autonomous work results:       3       CG4         In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       0       CG3         Short answer tests       The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10       0       CG3   |  |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions       Presentations of the works developed by the groups       7       CG9         In the presentation of the works the skils CG9 and CT4 will be<br>evaluated.       CT4       CT4         Autonomous<br>practices through ICT       Students will give the lecturer their autonomous work results:       3       CG4         In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       0       CG3         Short answer tests       The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10       0       CG3   |  |
| exhibitions       In the presentation of the works the skils CG9 and CT4 will be evaluated.       CT4         Autonomous       Students will give the lecturer their autonomous work results:       3       CG4         practices through ICT       "The Earth from the air/space": 3%       CE65       CE65         In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       0       CG3         Short answer tests       The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10       0       CG3         Questions of short answer, with questions related with the       CC4       CC4  |  |
| In the presentation of the works the skils CG9 and CT4 will be       CT4         Autonomous       Students will give the lecturer their autonomous work results:       3       CG4         practices through ICT       "The Earth from the air/space": 3%       CE65       CE65         In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       0       CG3         Short answer tests       The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10       0       CG3         Get the skils of short answer, with questions related with the       CC4       CC4   |  |
| Autonomous       Students will give the lecturer their autonomous work results:       3       CG4         practices through ICT       "The Earth from the air/space": 3%       CE65         In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       0       CG3         Short answer tests       The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10       0       CG3         Questions of short answer, with questions related with the       CC44       CC44   |  |
| practices through ICT       "The Earth from the air/space": 3%       CE65         In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.       CE65         Short answer tests       The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10       0       CG3         questions of short answer, with questions related with the       CC4       CC4  |  |
| In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.         Short answer tests       The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10       0       CG3         questions of short answer, with questions related with the       CC4   |  |
| Short answer testsThe final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 100CG3questions of short answer, with questions related with theCG4   |  |
| questions of short answer, with questions related with the   |  |
|  |  |
| classes of theory, of laboratory and the presentations of the  |  |
| classes of theory, of laboratory and the presentations of the works, and will cost by 100% of the note of the topic.   |  |
| CG9  |  |
| CE65   |  |
| CE66   |  |
| CT2  |  |
| СТЗ  |  |
| CT4  |  |

# Other comments and July evaluation

# The course language is English. Tests, reports and exams should be written in English.

Evaluation and grading.

The students can chose any of the following assessment systems:

- 1.- Continuous assessment. This consist of the following activities
- 1. Four quizzes. They account for 40% of the final grade.
- 2. Performance at lab classes. It accounts for a 35% of the final grade.
- 3. Simulation project results and report. 15% of the grade.
- 4. Project presentation. 7% of the grade.
- 5. Homework. 3% of the final grade.

Missed quizzes and/or lab classes will not be rescheduled.

Students attending to two of the 4 quizzes will be considered in the continuous assessment system.

Students that want to improve their grade may attend the final exam. Their final grade will be the average between the final exam and the continuous assessment grade.

2.- Final exam. It consists of a 10 questions exam. The exam can be taken up to two times per course. Time and place are published in the school web page. All material seen in the lectures, lab classes and project presentations is subject to questioning.

Final exams and quizzes must be worked out on everyone's own. Any infraction will be considered a serious breach of ethics and reported to the academic authorities.

# Sources of information

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Nicholas M. Short, Sr., The Remote Sensing Tutorial, Code 935, Goddard Space Flight Center, 1998

, Exploring the Moon, NASA,

Águeda Arquero Hidalgo, Consuelo Gonzalo Martín, Estíbaliz Martínez Izquierdo, Teledetección: Una aproximación desde la superficie al satélite, Fundación General de la UPM, 2003

, Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, Canadian Centre for Remote Sensing, 1998

Gerald C. Holst, Common Sense Approach to Thermal Imaging, SPIE Optical Engineering Press, 2000

Gary Jedlovec, Advances in Geoscience and Remote Sensing, In-Teh, 2009

Iñigo Cuiñas, Verónica Santalla, Ana V. Alejos, María Vera-Isasa, Edita de Lorenzo, Manuel G. Sánche, Playing LEGO Mindstorms® while Learning Remote Sensing, International Journal of Engineering Education, vol. 27, no. 3, pp. 571-579, 2011

Iñigo Cuiñas, Verónica Santalla, Pablo Torío, Aprender jugando: fundamentos de Termografía en asignaturas de Teledetección, Jornada de Innovación Educativa 2012, 2012

### Recommendations

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Navigation systems and satellite communications/V05G300V01912

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303 Microwave Circuits/V05G300V01611 Radio Frequency Circuits/V05G300V01511 Optical Telecommunication Infrastructures/V05G300V01614 Principles of Digital Communications/V05G300V01613 Wireless Systems and Networks/V05G300V01615 Radio Communication Systems/V05G300V01512 Multimedia Signal Processing/V05G300V01513

### **Other comments**

The topic is going to be taught in English. All the documents will be in English.

| Navigation             | systems and satellite communications  |                        |                   |                        |
|------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Subject                | Navigation  |                        |                   |                        |
|                        | systems and   |                        |                   |                        |
|                        | satellite<br>communications   |                        |                   |                        |
| Code                   | V05G300V01912   |                        |                   |                        |
| Study                  | (*)Grao en  |                        |                   |                        |
| programme              | Enxeñaría de  |                        |                   |                        |
|                        | Tecnoloxías de  |                        |                   |                        |
|                        | Telecomunicación  |                        |                   |                        |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре                   | Year              | Quadmester             |
|                        | 6   | Optional               | 4th               | 1st                    |
| Language               | English   | ·                      | ·                 |                        |
| Department             |   |                        |                   |                        |
| Coordinator            | Aguado Agelet, Fernando Antonio   |                        |                   |                        |
| Lecturers              | Aguado Agelet, Fernando Antonio   |                        |                   |                        |
|                        | Mosquera Nartallo, Carlos   |                        |                   |                        |
| E-mail                 | faguado@tsc.uvigo.es  |                        |                   |                        |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                        |                   |                        |
| General<br>description | The contents of this course cover the basics of<br>and Galileo, the different segments of satellite<br>and development standards. The course will be<br>be optionally allowed in the last exam. | e communication system | s, and an introdu | uction to the planning |

| petencies  |  |
|--|--|
|  | Typology   |
| CG2: The knowledge, comprehension and ability to apply the needed legislation during the development of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer profession and aptitude to manage compulsory specifications, procedures and laws.   | - know   |
| CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know   |
| CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How   |
| (CE67/OP10) Applying conceptual, theoretical and practical tools of telecommunications in the development and applications of navigation and satellite communications systems.   | - Know How   |
| (CE68/OP11) The ability for selection of navigation and satellite communications systems and subsystems.   | - know<br>- Know How   |
| CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - Know How   |
| CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - know   |
|  | CG2: The knowledge, comprehension and ability to apply the needed legislation during the development<br>of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer profession and aptitude to manage compulsory<br>specifications, procedures and laws.<br>CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new<br>methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>situations<br>CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and<br>transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical<br>Telecommunication Engineer activity.<br>(CE67/OP10) Applying conceptual, theoretical and practical tools of telecommunications in the<br>development and applications of navigation and satellite communications systems.<br>(CE68/OP11) The ability for selection of navigation and satellite communications systems and subsystems.<br>CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.<br>CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible,<br>open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| o know the planning and development standards of satellite systems.                                  | CG2         |
|  | CG3         |
|  | CE67        |
|  | CE68        |
|  | CT3         |
| o know the different alternatives of communication and navigation satellite systems, their different | CG3         |
| egments (space, ground and user) and the type of orbits.   | CG4         |
|  | CE67        |
|  | CE68        |
|  | CT2         |
|  | CT3         |

| To know the more usual systems and services for satellite communications, including their technological capabilities and limitations. | CG3<br>CE67<br>CE68<br>CT3 |
|---|----------------------------|
| To know and apply satellite navigation systems: GPS, Galileo, and other systems.  | CG2                        |
|   | CG3                        |
|   | CG4                        |
|   | CE67                       |
|   | CE68                       |
|   | CT2                        |
|   | СТЗ                        |
|   |                            |

| Contents                                     |  |
|--|--|
| Торіс  |  |
| Introduction                                 | - System definition<br>- Standards<br>- Regulations<br>- Allocated frequency bands   |
| Elements of a System                         | - Ground Segment<br>- Space Segment<br>- Launch Segment<br>- User Segment  |
| Introduction to Navigation Systems (GNSS)    | - GPS, Galileo, Glonass, and other systems.  |
| Architecture of the Communication Subsystems | Subsystems:<br>- Antennas<br>- Payload: transponders   |
| Introduction to Satellite Communications     | <ul> <li>Main elements in a communications payload</li> <li>Signal propagation impairments</li> <li>Link budget</li> <li>Multibeam satellites</li> </ul> |
| Satellite Communication Services             | - Fixed Satellite Services (FSS)<br>- Broadcast Satellite Services (BSS)<br>- Mobile Satellite Services (MSS)  |

| Planning                   |             |                             |             |  |
|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
|                            | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |  |
| Master Session             | 21          | 42                          | 63          |  |
| Practice in computer rooms | 13          | 39                          | 52          |  |
| Laboratory practises       | 4           | 8                           | 12          |  |
| Tutored works              | 3           | 9                           | 12          |  |
| Short answer tests         | 1           | 10                          | 11          |  |
|                            |             |                             |             |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies              |   |
|----------------------------|---|
|                            | Description   |
| Master Session             | We describe the different aspects of the subject providing all the necessary educational material.  |
| Practice in computer rooms | Every student will apply the theoretical knowledge to different practical tasks covering the main part of the contents of the subject with the help of the software suites.   |
| Laboratory practises       | Every student will apply in a practical way the different theoretical knowledge in a specific context.  |
| Tutored works              | The student will work in groups, with the support of the university lecturers, to apply, extend and personalize the contents covered in the theoretical and laboratory hours. |

# Personalized attention

Description

Tutored works The students will have the opportunity to attend tutorial hours with the university lecturers in the schedule that will be established and published in the subject web-page.

They may also send their queries by email.

Assessment

|                   | Description   | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess |
|-------------------|---|------------------|----------------------|
| Practice in       | The students will perform laboratory practice where they will work  | 40               | CG3                  |
| computer rooms    | with concepts studied in the theoretical classes.   |                  | CG4                  |
|                   |   |                  | CE67                 |
|                   |   |                  | CE68                 |
|                   |   |                  | CT3                  |
| Tutored works     | The evaluation of the group work will be taken into account as well                                       | 5                | CG3                  |
|                   | as the understanding, maturity, importance and originality of the work and interaction between the group. |                  | CG4                  |
|                   | work and interaction between the group.   |                  | CE67                 |
|                   |   |                  | CE68                 |
|                   |   |                  | CT2                  |
|                   |   |                  | CT3                  |
| Laboratory        | Each student will perform field practices. The evaluation will be   | 10               | CG3                  |
| practises         | performed by means of a report for a total weight of 10% of the final mark.                               |                  | CG4                  |
|                   |   |                  | CE67                 |
|                   |   |                  | CE68                 |
|                   |   |                  | CT3                  |
| Short answer test | s A final test to evaluate the contents presented in the master   | 45               | CG2                  |
|                   | sessions. The test will be individual with time limit.  |                  | CG3                  |
|                   |   |                  | CG4                  |
|                   |   |                  | CE67                 |
|                   |   |                  | CE68                 |
|                   |   |                  | CT2                  |
|                   |   |                  | CT3                  |

Other comments and July evaluation

At the beginning of the term, the student will choose the assessment methodology: final exam or continuous evaluation.

### Both, documentation and presentations of this subject will be exclusively in English.

### English shall be used for writing the reports to evaluate the laboratory practices and the tutored works.

### The students may use either English, Spanish or Galego to respond the short answer test.

The subject will be evaluated through one of the following mechanisms:

### Final exam:

• The exam will include questions and/or numerical problems related with the contents presented in master sessions, laboratory practices and tutored works. It will be necessary to obtain 5 points over 10 to pass the exam.

**Continuous evaluation** (the students who choose the continuous evaluation method will not be allowed to attend the final exam in the first call). The subject will be assessed throughout the entire term:

- Laboratory practices: each student will have to perform different tasks with a total weight of 40% of the final mark.
- **Tutored works:** each student will participate in different tutored works proposed during the lecture period. This part will be evaluated by written reports. These reports will have a total weight of 5% of the final mark.
- **Outdoor study/field practices:** each student will perform field practices. A report must be turned in to get a maximum score of 10% of the final grade.
- **Short answer test**: This exam will be the final assessment of the continuous evaluation, and it will have a total weight of 45% of the final mark.

**Make-up exam (second exam):** the student will have to take an exam which will include questions and/or numerical problems related with the contents presented in the master sessions, the laboratory practices and the tutored works (100% of the final mark). Optionally, they could take a partial exam on the contents of the master session (45% of the final mark).

# All the different grades are only valid for the current course, and will expire after the second call in case someone needs to take the course again.

# Sources of information

James R. Wertz, David F. Everett and Jeffery J. Puschell, Space Mission Engineering: The New SMAD, ,

Maral and Bousquet, Satellite Communications Systems: Systems, Techniques and Technology., Wiley, 2010 , http://www.ecss.nl, ,

Teresa M. Braun, Satellite Communications, Payload and System, Wiley, 2012

E. Lutz, M. Werner, A. Jahn, Satellite Systems for Personal and Broadband Communications, Springer, 2000

Organización de Aviación Civil Internacional, Telecomunicaciones aeronáuticas : Anexo 10 al Convenio sobre aviación civil internacional. Volumen III, Sistemas de telecomunicaciones / Organizacion de Aviación Civil Internacional , ,

Elliott D. Kaplan, Christopher J. Hegarty, editors, Understanding GPS : principles and applications, Artech House, 2006

Bernhard Hofmann-Wellenhof, Herbert Lichtenegger, Elmar Wasle, GNSS - global navigation satellite systems : GPS,

GLONASS, Galileo, and more , Springer , 2007

, http://www.trimble.com/gps\_tutorial/, ,

, http://www.insidegnss.com/magazine, ,

, http://igs.bkg.bund.de/, ,

, http://waas.stanford.edu/index.html, ,

### Recommendations

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Remote sensing/V05G300V01911

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404 Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303 Radio Communication Systems/V05G300V01512

| IDENTIFY                          | NG DATA  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|                                   | ocessing in real time  |  |
| Subject                           | Digital processing<br>in real time   |  |
| Code                              | V05G300V01913  |  |
| Study<br>programm                 | (*)Grao en<br>e Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |  |
| Descriptor                        | s ECTS Credits Type Year Qu  | ladmester  |
|                                   | 6 Optional 4th 1s  | t  |
| Language                          | Spanish  |  |
| Departme                          | it in the second s |  |
| Coordinate                        | r Cardenal López, Antonio José   |  |
| Lecturers                         | Cardenal López, Antonio José   |  |
| E-mail                            | cardenal@gts.uvigo.es  |  |
| Web                               |  |  |
| Compete                           | practical issues related with the implementation of DSP algorithms in such platforms.<br>Knowledge acquired on lectures will be reinforced by laboratory practices. For this purpose a Dig<br>Processor development board, will be employed.<br>The course will be taught in Spanish, but all teaching materials will be in English.   | gital Signal   |
| Code                              |  | Typology   |
| CG3 CG3<br>met                    | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new nods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new tions   | - know   |
| tran                              | The shifty to calve problems with initiative, to make exective decisions and to communicate and  | - Know Hov<br>- Know be  |
| CE69 (CE6                         | The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and smit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technica communication Engineer activity.   | - Know be<br>- know  |
|                                   | smit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technica   | - Know be<br>- know<br>al - Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know  |
| CE70 (CE                          | smit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technica<br>communication Engineer activity.   | - Know be<br>- know<br>al - Know Hov<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know Hov<br>- know  |
|                                   | smit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technica<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>9/OP12) The ability to implement digital signals processing schemes in programming devices.  | - Know be<br>- know<br>al - Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- know  |
| CT2 CT2<br>CT3 CT3<br>ope         | smit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technica<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>9/OP12) The ability to implement digital signals processing schemes in programming devices.<br>0/OP13) The ability to interact digitally with radio signals.   | - Know be<br>- know<br>al - Know Hov<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know be<br>e, - know  |
| CT2 CT2<br>CT3 CT3<br>ope<br>base | smit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technica<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>9/OP12) The ability to implement digital signals processing schemes in programming devices.<br>0/OP13) The ability to interact digitally with radio signals.<br>Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.<br>Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible<br>and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination<br>d on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.   | - know<br>Al - Know How<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- Know How<br>- Know be<br>e, - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know How |
| CT2 CT2<br>CT3 CT3<br>ope<br>base | smit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technica<br>communication Engineer activity.<br>9/OP12) The ability to implement digital signals processing schemes in programming devices.<br>0/OP13) The ability to interact digitally with radio signals.<br>Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.<br>Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible<br>and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination<br>d on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.   | - Know be<br>- know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know be<br>- know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know be<br>e, - know<br>- Know Hov     |

Develop applications in real time on selected architectures.

CG3 CG4 CE69 CT2 CG3 CG4 CE69 CE70 Adapt the knowledges of digital signal processing to real time tasks. CT3

CT2

# Contents

| Торіс  |   |
|--|---|
| Topic 1 Elementary concepts                        | Definition of real-time processing. Real-time restrictions for digital signal processing. Overview of hardware platforms for real time digital signal processing. |
| Topic 2 Time-domain algorithms.                    | Signal generation. Advanced structures for IIR filters. Finite-precision effects.   |
| Topic 3 Frequency-domain Algorithms                | Fast Fourier Transform (FFT). Discrete Cosine Transform. Goertzel algorithm   |
| Topic 4 Introduction to Digital Signal Processors. | DSP architecture. Arithmetic-logic unit. Address-Generation Unit. Program flow control. Performance measures.   |
| Topic 5 High level programming for DSP             | Development systems structure. Fixed point programming techniques.<br>Optimising high level code.   |
| Practice 1: Introduction to the development system | Compiling, runing and debugging programs on the DSP development system.   |
| Practice 2: Signal generator                       | Generation of a sinusoidal signal using several approaches.   |
| Practice 3: IIR filters (I)                        | IIR filters implementation using transposed and cascade structures.   |
| Practice 4: IIR filters (II)                       | IIR filter programming using fixed-point arithmetic.  |
| Practice 5: Frequency domain processing.           | Using the DSP libraries for FFT computation. Frequency domain filtering.  |
| Practice 6: Software defined radio.                | Programming of basic algorithms for programmable transmiters and receptors.   |

| Planning                          |             |                                |             |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
|                                   | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
| Master Session                    | 21          | 42                             | 63          |
| Tutored works                     | 7           | 35                             | 42          |
| Laboratory practises              | 12          | 24                             | 36          |
| Long answer tests and development | 2           | 7                              | 9           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies        |   |
|----------------------|---|
|                      | Description   |
| Master Session       | Presentation of main topics in class. Multimedia material will be made available in faitic before classes take place. Personal study. Support from the instructors through tutorial help. Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE69, CT2 and CT3 are developed. |
| Tutored works        | Group work on a project centered in a practical application using the DSP development board employed in the laboratory. Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CE69, CE70, CT2 and CT3 are developed.  |
| Laboratory practises | Practical exercises on a DSP development board. Matlab will be used for designing filters, and for simulation purpose if necessary. Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CE69, CE70, CT2 and CT3 are developed.   |

| Personalized att   | Personalized attention  |  |  |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
|                    | Description   |  |  |
| Laboratory practis | es  |  |  |
|                    | The students will have access to tutorial hours as scheduled by the Telecommunication school at the beginning of the Fall semester. Any question related to the master sessions, the laboratory drills or the work being carried out in the projects can be raised by the students. |  |  |
| Master Session     |   |  |  |
|                    | The students will have access to tutorial hours as scheduled by the Telecommunication school at the beginning of the Fall semester. Any question related to the master sessions, the laboratory drills or the work being carried out in the projects can be raised by the students. |  |  |

### Tutored works

The students will have access to tutorial hours as scheduled by the Telecommunication school at the beginning of the Fall semester. Any question related to the master sessions, the laboratory drills or the work being carried out in the projects can be raised by the students.

|                       | Description  | Qualification Ev | aluated Competences |
|-----------------------|--|------------------|---------------------|
| Laboratory practises  | Evaluation of practical exercices using the DSP  | 50               | CG3                 |
|                       | development board.   |                  | CG4                 |
|                       |  |                  | CE69                |
|                       |  |                  | CE70                |
|                       |  |                  | CT2                 |
| Tutored works         | Group work centred in a practical application of real-time signal processing, using the DSP development board. | 30               | CG3                 |
|                       |  |                  | CG4                 |
|                       |  |                  | CE69                |
|                       |  |                  | CT3                 |
| Long answer tests and | Written exam encompassing all the material exposed in the classroom and laboratory.                            | 20               | CG3                 |
| development           |  |                  | CG4                 |
|                       |  |                  | CE69                |
|                       |  |                  | CT3                 |

# Other comments and July evaluation

### **Evaluation**

Following the own guidelines of the degree students shall be offered two evaluation systems: continuous evaluation or evaluation at the end of the semester.

### CONTINUOUS EVALUATION

The continuous evaluation of the course will consist in:

- 5 practices developed on the DSP development board. These practices will account for 50% of the final grade.
- 1 project to be carried out in group, that will account for 30% of the final grade.
- A written exam encompassing all the material exposed in the classroom and in the laboratory. It will take place in the dates scheduled by the school. It will account for 20% of the final grade.

The final qualification of the student will be computed as a weighted sum (50%, 30% and 20%, respectively) of the qualifications of laboratory, group project and final exam.

The contents and the weight of each continuous evaluation exercise are the following:

- Signal generation (10%)
- IIR filter programming (10%)
- Programming IIR filters with fixed point arithmetic. (10%)
- Frequency domain processing (10%)
- Software defined radio (10%)
- Project: (30%)

# **EVALUATION AT THE END OF THE SEMESTER**

Should a student decide not to be graded through continuous evaluation, he will have a written examination opportunity that will take place the same day of the final exam for all the students. The exam will cover all the material mastered in the classroom and the laboratory. Students should communicate their intention to renounce to be graded through continuous evaluation at least a week before the date of the final exam.

Students who do not pass the course at the end of the semester have an oportunity to retest on the end of the academic year. Previously to the exam, students will be asked to choose to be evaluated by continuous evaluation system or only by the final exam. In the former case, they will have the opportunity to improve the continuous evaluation grade by means of redoing and improving selected practices.

# Sources of information

Sen M. Kuo, Bob H. Lee, Real-Time Digital Signal Processing,: Implementations, Application and Experiments with the TMS320C55X, John Wiley & Sons, 2001

Sanjit K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing: A Computer Based Approach, McGraw-Hill, 2001

Alan V. Oppenheim, Ronald W. Schafer, Discrete-Time Signal Processing, Prentice Hall , 1999

### Recommendations

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304 Multimedia Signal Processing/V05G300V01513

| IDENTIFYING DATA<br>Digital Communications |   |                               |                |                   |
|--|---|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
|  |   |                               |                |                   |
| Code                                       | V05G300V01914   |                               |                |                   |
| Study<br>programme                         | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación                |                               |                |                   |
| Descriptors                                | ECTS Credits  | Туре                          | Year           | Quadmester        |
|  | 6   | Optional                      | 4th            | 1st               |
| Language                                   | English   |                               |                |                   |
| Department                                 |   |                               |                |                   |
| Coordinator                                | Pérez González, Fernando  |                               |                |                   |
| Lecturers                                  | Mosquera Nartallo, Carlos<br>Pérez González, Fernando                           |                               |                |                   |
| E-mail                                     | fperez@gts.uvigo.es   |                               |                |                   |
| Web  | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                               |                |                   |
| General<br>description                     | This course presents the modulations that<br>Teaching and exams are in English. | are used in practically all m | nodern communi | cation standards. |

| Comp | petencies   |                                   |
|------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Code |   | Typology                          |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.              | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.  | - know<br>- Know How              |
| CG12 | CG12 The development of discussion ability about technical subjects   | - Know How                        |
| CE71 | (CE71/OP14) The ability to analyze the physical layer in modern digital communications systems.   | - know<br>- Know How              |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.  | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| СТ4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights. | - know<br>- Know How              |

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| Acquire the intuition and needed math skills to understand the role played by diversity in improving the | CG4         |
| provision of communication systems.  | CG9         |
|  | CG12        |
|  | CE71        |
|  | CT2         |
| Develop the capability of analyzing the physical layer of current telecommunication systems.             | CG4         |
|  | CG9         |
|  | CG12        |
|  | CE71        |
|  | CT2         |
| Handle the necessary tools to understand the different aspects of the physical layer of communications   | CG4         |
| system a system and put them to practice when it comes to simulating, designing or dimensioning.         |             |
|  | CG12        |
|  | CE71        |
|  | CT2         |
| Strengthen the capacity to follow a technical class in English.  | CG9         |
|  | CG12        |
|  | CE71        |
|  | CT4         |

# Contents

| Торіс  |   |
|--|---|
| Subject 1: Multicarrier modulations  | <ol> <li>Introduction.</li> <li>Analog and digital OFDM modulations</li> <li>Diagram of an OFDM transmitter.</li> <li>Effect of the channel on the received signal.</li> <li>Diagram of an OFDM receiver.</li> <li>OFDM seen as a block process.</li> </ol>         |
| Subject 2: Equalization, coding and synchronization in multicarrier modulations. | <ol> <li>Pilot carriers.</li> <li>ZF and MMSE equalization.</li> <li>Zero-padding methods.</li> <li>Coded OFDM (COFDM).</li> <li>Carrier synchronization algorithms.</li> <li>Timing recovery algorithms.</li> <li>Channel state information estimation.</li> </ol> |
| Subject 3: Applications  | <ol> <li>Digital Radio/TV standards.</li> <li>OFDM wireless communications standards.</li> <li>OFDM wire communications standards.</li> </ol>   |
| Subject 4: Advanced digital communications.                                      | 1 MIMO ystems.<br>2 Advanced coding: turbo and LDPC codes.<br>3 Spread-spectrum systems.<br>4 Generalized multicarrier systems.   |

| Planning                                     |                             |                              |                             |  |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|  | Class hours                 | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises           | 6                           | 6                            | 12                          |  |
| Laboratory practises                         | 12                          | 24                           | 36                          |  |
| Master Session                               | 21                          | 40                           | 61                          |  |
| Short answer tests                           | 2                           | 10                           | 12                          |  |
| Reports / memories of practice               | 0                           | 14                           | 14                          |  |
| Jobs and projects                            | 1                           | 14                           | 15                          |  |
| *The information in the planning table is fo | r guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |  |

| Methodologies   |  |
|-----------------|--|
| rictiluuuluules |  |

| memodologies                       |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
|                                    | Description   |
| Troubleshooting and /<br>exercises | or Each subject will be complemented with exercises. Previous work by the students on the exercises will be required.   |
|                                    | Competences: CG4, CG9, CG12, CE71, CT2, CT4   |
| Laboratory practises               | Lab practices will consist in the demodulation of Digital Radio Mondiale (DRM) signals. This will allow students to practically implement some of the concepts seen in the lectures: OFDM, demodulations, synch recovery, |
|                                    | Competences: CG4, CG9, CG12, CE71, CT2, CT4   |
| Master Session                     | The course is structured in four main subjects that revolve around the concept of multicarrier modulations. Each subject will be taught through lectures in the classroom.  |
|                                    | Competences: CG4, CG9, CG12, CE71, CT2, CT4   |

# Personalized attention

|                                    | Description   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Master Session                     | Students will have the opportunity to meet in person with the instructor at some office hours that will be announced at the beginning of the course. The schedule will published in the course webpage. |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | Students will have the opportunity to meet in person with the instructor at some office hours that will be announced at the beginning of the course. The schedule will published in the course webpage. |
| Reports / memories of<br>practice  | Students will have the opportunity to meet in person with the instructor at some office hours that will be announced at the beginning of the course. The schedule will published in the course webpage. |

Students will have the opportunity to meet in person with the instructor at some office hours that will be announced at the beginning of the course. The schedule will published in the course webpage.

| Assessment              |   |               |                           |
|-------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
|                         | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Short answer            | Final exam with short questions on the contents of the subject, that  | 20            | CG4                       |
| tests                   | will include also some questions on the projects.   |               | CG12                      |
|                         |   |               | CE71                      |
|                         |   |               | CT2                       |
| Reports /               | Deliverables for the lab project.   | 50            | CG4                       |
| nemories of<br>practice |   |               | CG9                       |
|                         |   |               | CG12                      |
|                         |   |               | CE71                      |
|                         |   |               | CT2                       |
|                         |   |               | CT4                       |
|                         | Along the course there will be six milestones, corresponding to each<br>of the stages for the Matlab implementation of a simplified OFDM<br>receiver. The weight given to each of these tasks is the following: |               |                           |
|                         | Task 1 (Demodulation to baseband): 5%   |               |                           |
|                         | Task 2 (Mode detection and temporal allignment): 5%   |               |                           |
|                         | Task 3 (Frequency error correction): 10%  |               |                           |
|                         | Task 4 (Frame synchronization): 10%   |               |                           |
|                         | Task 5 (Channel estimation and equalization - I): 10%   |               |                           |
|                         | Task 6 (Channel estimation and equalization - II): 10%  |               |                           |

Possible topics include:

- Digital radio (DAB, DAB+, DRM)
- Digital terrestrial television (DVB-T, DVB-H, DVB-T2)
- LAN and MAN wireless networks.
- ADSL and VDSL
- Comunicaciones over PLC and multimedia over coax (MoCA)
- LTE
- LiFi

The project must focus on those aspects of the standards that are related to the subjects covered by the lectures and should consider the following issues:

- Historical aspects: previous standards solving similar problems.

- Technical aspects: details about the employed modulation, bandwidth, channel coding, etc.

- Applications of the standard.
- Deployment degree at national and international levels.

### Other comments and July evaluation

In those cases in where the student decides not to carry out the continuous evaluation tasks, the final score will be solely based on the exam with short questions of the subject. This applies as well to the second call.

Once the student turns in any of the deliverables, he/she will be considered to be following the continuous evaluation track. Any student that chooses the continuous evaluation track will get a final score, regardless of he/she takes the final exam.

Continuous evaluation tasks cannot be redone after their corresponding deadlines, and are only valid for the current year.

# Sources of information

Ye Li, G.L. Stuber, Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing for Wireless Communications, Springer-Verlag, 2006 J.R. Barry, E.A. Lee, D.G. Messerschmitt, Digital Communication, Kluwer, 2004

M. Engels, Ed, Wireless OFDM Systems. How to make them work?, Springer-Verlag, 2002

Antonio Artés, Fernando Pérez González, Carlos Mosquera et al. , Comunicaciones Digitales, Pearson, 2007

### Recommendations

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Principles of Digital Communications/V05G300V01613

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA  |                      |                            |                      |
|------------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Basics of b            | ioengineering  |                      |                            |                      |
| Subject                | Basics of<br>bioengineering  |                      |                            |                      |
| Code                   | V05G300V01915  |                      |                            |                      |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |                      |                            |                      |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре                 | Year                       | Quadmester           |
|                        | 6  | Optional             | 4th                        | 1st                  |
| Language               | English  |                      |                            |                      |
| Department             |  |                      |                            |                      |
| Coordinator            | Hermida Domínguez, Ramón Carmelo   |                      |                            |                      |
| Lecturers              | Hermida Domínguez, Ramón Carmelo   |                      |                            |                      |
| E-mail                 | rhermida@uvigo.es  |                      |                            |                      |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                      |                            |                      |
| General<br>description | This course provides an introduction to several asp<br>human physiology, description of most common sy<br>several electromedical systems. This course will be<br>this course will be in English. | stems and biomedi    | cal signals, and a brief i | ntroduction to       |
| Competend              | ies  |                      |                            |                      |
| Code                   |  |                      |                            | Typology             |
|                        | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies the<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great ver<br>ions   |                      |                            | - know<br>- Know How |
| CG4 CG4:               | The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make   | e creative decisions | and to communicate ar      | nd - know            |

 transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical
 - Know How

 Telecommunication Engineer activity.
 - Know How

 CG9
 CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.
 - Know

 CG10
 CG10
 The ability for critical reading of scientific papers and docs
 - know

| CGIO | CGTO The ability for critical reading of sciencific papers and docs.   | - KHOW     |
|------|--|------------|
| CE72 | (CE72/OP15) The knowledge of biomedical engineering elements and techniques and their application in   | - know     |
|      | solving therapy, monitoring and diagnostic problems.   | - Know How |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - know     |
| CT3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on say race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, association as the second of | - know     |
|      | based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.   |            |

CT4 CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance - know of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.

| Learning outcomes   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |
| Know the systemic structure of the human physiology.                            | CG3         |
|   | CG10        |
|   | CE72        |
|   | CT3         |
| dentify biomedical signals and learn their utility in the clinical environment. | CG3         |
|   | CG4         |
|   | CG9         |
|   | CG10        |
|   | CE72        |
|   | CT2         |
|   | CT3         |
|   | CT4         |

| Adapt the adquired knowledge to propose solutions for the design of systems for diagnosis, | CG3  |
|--|------|
| monitorization and therapy.  | CG4  |
|  | CG9  |
|  | CG10 |
|  | CE72 |
|  | CT2  |
|  | CT3  |
|  | CT4  |
| Strengthen the capacity to follow a technical class in English.                            | CG9  |
|  | CG10 |
|  | CT4  |

| Contents                                   |   |
|--|---|
| Торіс                                      |   |
| 1. Introduction to biomedical engineering. | Physiology and anatomy of the circulatory system.<br>Measurements in the cardiovascular system.<br>Nervous and endocrine systems.<br>Introduction to chronobiology.   |
| 2. Biomedical signals and systems.         | Linear least-square estimation.<br>Model comparison and analysis of variance.<br>Techniques for model construction.<br>Introduction to rhythmometry.  |
| 3. Diagnosis, monitorization, and therapy. | Criteria for the diagnosis of vascular risk.<br>Ambulatory blood pressure monitoring.<br>Treatment of hypertension: Current approaches.<br>Chronotherapy for cardiovascular risk reduction.<br>Early identification and prevention of complications in pregnancy. |
| 4. Electromedical systems.                 | Diagnosis by X rays.<br>Nuclear medicine.<br>Ultrasounds.<br>Nuclear magnetic resonance.<br>Biotelemetry.<br>Telemedicine.  |

| Planning                                      |                           |                              |                             |  |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|   | Class hours               | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |  |
| Tutored works                                 | 2                         | 35                           | 37                          |  |
| Presentations / exhibitions                   | 7                         | 9                            | 16                          |  |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises            | 10                        | 15                           | 25                          |  |
| Master Session                                | 21                        | 42                           | 63                          |  |
| Short answer tests                            | 2                         | 7                            | 9                           |  |
| *The information in the planning table is for | quidance only and doos no | at take into account the hot | orogonality of the students |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                  |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
|                                | Description   |
| Tutored works                  | The student, in groups, prepares a document on an application of Biomedical Engineering.  |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | Exhibition by the students in front of the professor and the rest of students of the work realized in small groups.   |
| Troubleshooting and exercises  | l / or Some topics will be complemented with problem resolution.  |
| Master Session                 | Exposición por parte del profesor de los conceptos principales de cada tema. Trabajo personal<br>posterior del estudiante preparando o repasando los conceptos vistos en el aula. |

# Personalized attention

|                | Description  |
|----------------|--|
| Master Session | Students will have the chance to attend tutorial sessions at the teacher's office. Teachers will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the subject website. |

| Tutored works                        | Students will have the chance to attend tutorial sessions at the teacher's office. Teachers will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the subject website.         |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Troubleshooting and / o<br>exercises | r Students will have the chance to attend tutorial sessions at the teacher's office. Teachers will<br>establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published<br>on the subject website. |

|                       | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|-----------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| Tutored works         | Composition, in small groups, of a monographic document  | 30            | CG9                       |
|                       | related to one of the electromedical systems in<br>bioengineering (nuclear medicine, ultrasounds, magnetic   |               | CG10                      |
|                       | resonance, biotelemetry, telemedicine).  |               | CE72                      |
|                       | -  |               | CT4                       |
| Presentations /       | Exhibition by the students of the tutored work, and discussion   | 10            | CG9                       |
| exhibitions           | of the findings with the professor and other students.   |               | CG10                      |
|                       |  |               | CE72                      |
|                       |  |               | CT4                       |
| Troubleshooting and / | Short questions on the problems solved in the practices in relation to the contents of the master sessions.  | 30            | CG3                       |
| or exercises          |  |               | CG4                       |
|                       |  |               | CE72                      |
|                       |  |               | CT2                       |
|                       |  |               | CT3                       |
| Short answer tests    | wer tests The final exam will consist on small questions and problems in relation to the master sessions, laboratory practices, and presentation of the tutored works. | 30            | CG3                       |
|                       |  |               | CG4                       |
|                       |  |               | CE72                      |
|                       |  |               | CT2                       |
|                       |  |               | CT3                       |

# Other comments and July evaluation

Following the guidelines of the studies, two evaluation systems will be offered to the students inscribed on this course: continuous evaluation and evaluation at the end of the semester. Students should communicate their intention to renounce to be graded through continuous evaluation before the third week of class.

The continuous evaluation will be based on the grades obtained in the tutored works and their exposition, the laboratory practices and the final test. The grades obtained throughout the continuous evaluation will only be valid for the current academic year.

The possibility of a final examination, with theory and problems, will be provided to students who do not opt for the continuous evaluation. This exam will be rated between 0 and 10, and this will be the final grade obtained.

The second chance of examination at the end of the academic year will have a similar structure to the final examination of those students who do not choose the continuous evaluation.

### Sources of information

Smolensky MH, Siegel RA, Haus E, Hermida RC, Portaluppi F. Biological rhythm, drug delivery, and chronotherapeutics. In: Siepmann J, Siegel RA, Rathbone MJ, eds.Fundamentals and Applications of Controlled Release Drug Delivery (Chapter 13). Advances in Delivery Science and Technology (MJ Rathbone, ed.). New York: Springer. 2012:359-443. doi 10.1007/978-1-4614-0881-9\_13.

# Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204

| IDENTIFYIN             | IDENTIFYING DATA   |                       |      |            |  |
|------------------------|--|-----------------------|------|------------|--|
| Application            | Design with micro-controllers  |                       |      |            |  |
| Subject                | Application Design<br>with<br>micro-controllers  |                       |      |            |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01921  |                       |      |            |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |                       |      |            |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре                  | Year | Quadmester |  |
|                        | 6  | Optional              | 4th  | 1st        |  |
| Language               | Spanish<br>Galician  |                       |      |            |  |
| Department             |  |                       |      |            |  |
| Coordinator            | Costas Pérez, Lucía  |                       |      |            |  |
| Lecturers              | Costas Pérez, Lucía<br>Río Vázquez, Alfredo del  |                       |      |            |  |
| E-mail                 | lcostas@uvigo.es   |                       |      |            |  |
| Web                    | http://cursos.faitic.uvigo.es/tema1415/claroline/d   | course/index.php      |      |            |  |
| General<br>description | Design and development of microcontroller-base<br>time applications, peripheral components config<br>adapted to the academic level reached by the st | uration and connectiv |      |            |  |

| Comp | etencies  |          |
|------|---|----------|
| Code |   | Typology |
| CE58 | (CE58/OP1) The ability to design hardware and software systems based on microcontrollers. |          |
| CE59 | (CE59/OP2) The ability to use software tools for microcontrollers simulation.             |          |
|      |   |          |

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| Ability to know in deep the configuration methodologies of real time microcontrollers.       | CE58        |
| Ability to know in deep the hardware design of the microcontroller-based electronic systems. | CE58        |
| Ability to know in deep the software design of the microcontroller-based electronic systems. | CE58        |
|  | CE59        |
| Ability to go deeper into the development of microcontroller-based electronic systems.       | CE58        |
|  | CE59        |

| Contents                                      |  |
|---|--|
| Торіс   |  |
| Introduction. Previous topics review.         | Introduction. Previous topics review. PIC18F45K20. Internal Structure.<br>Arithmetic and Logic Unit. Control Unit. Program memory. Data memory.<br>Peripherals. Watch Dog Timer (WDT). |
| Instruction set. Addressing modes.            | Introduction: Instruction Set. Transfer Instructions. Arithmetic Instructions.<br>Logic Instructions. Jumps. Addressing Modes.   |
| Input/Output.                                 | Introduction. I/O Structure. Ports (A B C D E). Configuration Registers.<br>Parallel Slave Port. Signal Coupling.  |
| Timers.                                       | Introduction. Timers/Counters: TMR0/TMR1/TMR2/TMR3.  |
| Excepctions and interrupts.                   | Introduction. Excepctions. Interrupts. Interrupt Response. Registers.  |
| Analog interface.                             | Introduction. ADC. ADC Operation. Analog Comparator Module.  |
| Compare Mode.                                 | Introduction. Capture Mode. Compare Mode. PWM. ECCP1: Enhanced Mode.   |
| Power-Managed modes.                          | Introduction. Different Modes. Switching between modes.  |
| MSSP: Master Synchronous Serial Port SPI. I2C | Introduction. Registers. SPI Mode. I2C Mode.   |

Planning

|  | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Laboratory practises                                     | 12          | 38                             | 50          |
| Master Session   | 12          | 33                             | 45          |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises                       | 5           | 15                             | 20          |
| Tutored works  | 7           | 22                             | 29          |
| Short answer tests                                       | 2           | 0                              | 2           |
| Short answer tests                                       | 2           | 0                              | 2           |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 2           | 0                              | 2           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                   |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
|                                 | Description   |
| Laboratory practises            | The students will perform simulations and electronic circuits.                    |
| Master Session                  | The lecturer will explain in the classroom the subject contens.                   |
| Troubleshooting and / exercises | or The lecturer will solve exercices related to the subject contebts.             |
| Tutored works                   | The students have to develop a project. The lecturers will help and monitor them. |

| Personalized attention             |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
|                                    | Description  |
| Tutored works                      | The lecturers will be available to help<br>students in order to deal with the contents of the subject, the laboratory practices as well as<br>the monitored work.<br>The students can go to the lecturer's desk (individually or in a group). The timetable will be<br>available on the subject website at the<br>beginning of the term. |
| Laboratory practises               | The lecturers will be available to help<br>students in order to deal with the contents of the subject, the laboratory practices as well as<br>the monitored work.<br>The students can go to the lecturer's desk (individually or in a group). The timetable will be<br>available on the subject website at the<br>beginning of the term. |
| Master Session                     | The lecturers will be available to help<br>students in order to deal with the contents of the subject, the laboratory practices as well as<br>the monitored work.<br>The students can go to the lecturer's desk (individually or in a group). The timetable will be<br>available on the subject website at the<br>beginning of the term. |
| Troubleshooting and / or exercises | The lecturers will be available to help<br>students in order to deal with the contents of the subject, the laboratory practices as well as<br>the monitored work.<br>The students can go to the lecturer's desk (individually or in a group). The timetable will be<br>available on the subject website at the<br>beginning of the term. |

| Assessment  |  |               |                           |
|---|--|---------------|---------------------------|
|   | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Tutored works   | The students will be asked to elaborate a report related to the project<br>they have to carry out. The lecturer will also assess the student's work<br>developed during the laboratory sessions. Competencies CE58 and<br>CE59 are assessed. | 20            | CE58<br>CE59              |
| Short answer test   | s Exam to evaluate the knowledge acquired by the student after the first<br>part of the subject. It is carried out in a classroom session. Competency<br>CE58 is assessed.   | 25            | CE58                      |
| Practical tests,<br>real task<br>execution and / or<br>simulated. | Laboratory exam. It is related to the lab sessions and carried out in the laboratory. The student has to deal with some real and/or simulated r tasks and answer several questions. Competencies C58 and CE59 are assessed.                  | 30            | CE58<br>CE59              |

### CE58

25

### Other comments and July evaluation

#### CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT:

A continuous assessment learning scheme will be offered to the students:

- Two partial exams will be held related to the theory (A sessions).

- The laboratory work will be assessed by means of an exam (B sessions).

- The student has to elaborate a report describing the monitored project (C sessions).

The first partial exam will take place in the classroom after the first six sessions approximately. It will last ninety minutes. If the student passes this part, he/she is not required to retake it. In this case, after finishing the term, he/she has to take only the second partial exam. The date will be specified in the academic calendar.

In partial exams, a minimum score (5 out of 10) is required in order to get a pass.

The laboratory exam will take place at the laboratory during the last session.

In order to assess the monitored project, the lecturer will consider the quality of the final report, the work in the laboratory and the student's behavior.

The final mark (FM) is calculated as the weighted average of the three individual marks. The formula will apply a weight of 50% to the theory mark (TM), a 30% to the laboratory mark (LM) and a 20 % to the project mark (PM):

### FM = 0.5\*TM + 0.3\*LM + 0.2\*PM

The minimum passing score required in order to get a pass in the subject is 5.

When a student takes the first partial exam, it is considered that he/she choose the continuous assessment scheme and he/she will be assessed in June.

### FINAL EXAM:

Students who refuse the continuous assessment scheme will be assessed by means of a final exam to evaluate the theory. The exam will be the same for them as for the students who fail the first partial exam.

The assessment of the laboratory for these students will be carried out by means of a laboratory exam. The date will be fixed within the examination period. In this case, the final mark (FM) is calculated as the weighted average of the two individual marks. The formula will apply a weight of 50% to the theory mark (TM) and a 50% to the laboratory mark (LM):

### FM = 0.5\*TM + 0.5\*LM

The minimum passing score required in order to get a pass in the subject is 5.

### IMPORTANT REMARK:

Students who refuse the continuous assessment scheme have to contact the lecturer at least two weeks before the exam date. It is necessary to organize the laboratory exams.

### SECOND OPORTUNTY:

The assessment policy in this call follows the scheme described in the previous section (FINAL EXAM).

# Sources of information

F. E. Valdés Pérez, R. Pallás Areni, Microcontroladores. Fundamentos y Aplicaciones con PIC., Marcombo,

http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/41303F.pdf, PIC18FXXK20 Data Sheet, ,

http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/52116A.pdf, PICkit<sup>™</sup> 3 In-Circuit Debugger/Programmer User's Guide, , http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/41370C.pdf, PICkit<sup>™</sup> 3 Debug Express PIC18F45K20 - MPLAB® C Lessons, ,

### Recommendations

Programmable Electronic Circuits/V05G300V01502 Electronic Instrumentation and Sensors/V05G300V01621

| IDENTIFYIN  |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|   | onic devices  |   |
| Subject   | Optoelectronic<br>devices   |   |
| Code  | V05G300V01922   |   |
| Study   | (*)Grao en  |   |
| programme   | Enxeñaría de  |   |
|   | Tecnoloxías de  |   |
|   | Telecomunicación  |   |
| Descriptors   |   | Imester   |
|   | 6 Optional 4th 1st  |   |
| Language  | Spanish   |   |
| Department  |   |   |
| Coordinator   |   |   |
| Lecturers   | Cao Paz, Ana María<br>Moure Rodríguez, María José   |   |
| E-mail  | mjmoure@uvigo.es  |   |
| Web   | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |   |
| General<br>description  | This subject deals with the optoelectronic properties of semiconductors and their application in ele<br>devices for detection, emission, amplification and conversion of optical/electrical signals. Devices i<br>light-emitting diodes, lasers diodes, photodiodes, phototransistors and solar cells. The contents of<br>and the laboratory activities coverage the basic operating principles, design considerations, driving<br>applications of optoelectronic devices. The subject will enable students to apply the physics of opto<br>devices in optical sensors design and fiber optic communications. Emphasis will also be place on u<br>the data sheets of optoelectronic components and their applications to different technologies. Final<br>integrated optoelectronics, display and image sensor technologies are introduced. | nclude<br>the course<br>g circuits and<br>pelectronic<br>nderstanding |
| Competen  | rios  |   |
| Code  | 162   | Typology  |
| -   | The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,  |   |
| in wri  | ting and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and ronics.   | - Know be   |
| CG12 CG12   | The development of discussion ability about technical subjects  | - Know How<br>- Know be   |
| CG14 CG14   | The ability to use software tools to search for information or bibliographical resources.   | - Know How  |
| CE60 (CE60<br>syste   | D/OP3) The ability to design circuits based on optoelectronics devices used in telecommunication ms.  | - know<br>- Know How  |
|   | L/OP4) The ability to acquire, condition and process the information obtained from optoelectronic   | - know<br>- Know How  |
| of res  | ncourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance<br>ponsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for<br>ity, peace and respect for fundamental rights.   | - Know How<br>- Know be   |
| equal   |   |   |
|   |   |   |
| Learning o  | utcomes   | petences  |
| Learning o  | utcomes Com   | petences  |
| Learning o<br>Learning ou<br>To know the  | utcomes       Com         tcomes       Com         e fundamentals of different optoelectronic devices.       CE61   | -   |
| Learning o<br>Learning ou<br>To know the  | utcomes       Complexity         tcomes       Complexity         e fundamentals of different optoelectronic devices.       CE61         ty to analyze the data sheets and to compare different optoelectronic devices.       CG12         CG14       CG14   | 2<br>1  |
| Learning ou<br>Learning ou<br>To know the<br>The capabili                                 | utcomes       Com         tcomes       Cef1         e fundamentals of different optoelectronic devices.       CE61         ity to analyze the data sheets and to compare different optoelectronic devices.       CG12         CG14       CE61         CE61       CE61   | 2   |
| Learning ou<br>Learning ou<br>To know the<br>The capabili                                 | utcomes       Com         tcomes       Com         e fundamentals of different optoelectronic devices.       CE61         ity to analyze the data sheets and to compare different optoelectronic devices.       CG12         CE61       CE61         the applications of electronic devices.       CE60   | 2<br>1<br>1<br>0  |
| Learning ou<br>Learning ou<br>To know the<br>The capabili<br>To know of t<br>The capabili | utcomes       Com         tcomes       Cef1         e fundamentals of different optoelectronic devices.       CE61         ity to analyze the data sheets and to compare different optoelectronic devices.       CG12         CG14       CE61         CE61       CE61   | 2<br>1<br>  |

CE61To know different optoelectronic sensors.CE61To know the architecture and the operating modes of displays.CE60To know of the architecture and characteristics of image sensors.CE60CE61CE61

| The ability to select the more suitable devices according to each application. | CG12<br>CG14<br>CE60 |
|--|----------------------|
|  | CE61                 |
| To know in depth the applications related to Telecommunications.               | CG9                  |
|  | CE60                 |
|  | CT4                  |

| Contents  |  |
|---|--|
| Торіс   |  |
| Unit 1: Introduction  | Fundamentals and classification of optoelectronic devices. Radiometric and photometric units and their relationships.  |
| Jnit 2: Light Emitting Diodes       Principles of LED operation. Types of LEDs and properties. Param         characteristics. Driving circuits. Basic applications. |  |
| Unit 3: Optoelectronic Detectors  | Light Dependent Resistors: principles of LDR operation, properties,<br>parameters, driving circuits and applications. Photodiodes: principles of<br>photoconductive detectors, types, parameters, driving circuits and<br>applications. Phototransistor: principles of phototransistor operation, types,<br>parameters, driving circuits and applications. Photodetector comparison.   |
| Unit 4: Solar Cells   | Photovoltaic detectors: principles and properties. Manufacture and performance of solar cells, parameters and characteristics. Applications.   |
| Unit 5: Laser Diodes  | Principles of Laser operation. Types of lasers. Laser diode operation.<br>Driving circuits and applications.   |
| Unit 6: Image Sensors   | Principles of CCD and CMOS operation. Parameters and characteristics.<br>Color detection. Applications.  |
| Unit 7: Optical Sensors   | Principles of optical sensing. Internal design, types, parameters and applications of: optocouplers, optical encoders, object sensors, code-bar readers, humidity sensors, color detection, distance sensors, anemometers, temperature sensors and biomedical sensors.   |
| Unit 8: Display Technologies  | Principles of Liquid Crytal Display operation. Principles of LED and Organic LED displays. Introduction to plasma, electroluminescence and digital light processor technologies.   |
| Unit 9: Introduction to Fiber Optics  | Fiber Optic fundamentals. Classification of fibers. Fiber optic emitters and detectors. Principles of fiber optic communications. Principles of fiber optic sensors.   |
| Laboratory Practices  | <ol> <li>Basic optoelectronic circuits. LEDs and LDRs. Laboratory measurements.</li> <li>Optical detectors. Circuits based on photodiodes.</li> <li>Analog optical modulation. Optical detectors based on photodiodes and<br/>phototransistors.</li> <li>Digital communications based on fiber optic.</li> <li>Optoelectronic sensors for object sensing.</li> <li>Optical circuits for color measurement.</li> <li>Basic drive circuit for laser diodes.</li> </ol> |

| Planning                                      |                           |                              |                             |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | Class hours               | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |
| Master Session                                | 15                        | 30                           | 45                          |
| Case studies / analysis of situations         | 4                         | 8                            | 12                          |
| Projects                                      | 6                         | 30                           | 36                          |
| Presentations / exhibitions                   | 1                         | 3                            | 4                           |
| Laboratory practises                          | 14                        | 9                            | 23                          |
| Multiple choice tests                         | 2                         | 24                           | 26                          |
| Reports / memories of practice                | 0                         | 4                            | 4                           |
| *The information in the planning table is for | guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |

|                | Description   |
|----------------|---|
| Master Session | The professor explains the theoretical contents of the course, encouraging critical discussion and the student involvement. Reading assignments for each session will be previously available via FaiTIC, and students are expected to come to the theoretical class having completed the assigned reading. |

| Case studies / analysis of situations | The study and analysis of actual technological solutions completes the theoretical presentations.<br>This activity includes the study of different alternatives, commercial devices or systems, cost and power estimation, environmental impact and performance analysis.   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Projects                              | This activity focuses on applying the techniques described in the lecture classes and the skills developed at laboratory to a mini-project implementation. These sessions are developed in a laboratory with skilled equipment. Students should obtain well founded solutions, choosing appropriate methods and devices. These projects are planned and tutored in small size groups. |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions        | The project developed by the students must be oral presented by the authors.  |
| Laboratory practises                  | During laboratory sessions the student learns the design, hardware implementation, verification<br>and measurement of basic optoelectronics circuits. All the sessions are guided and supervised by<br>the professor.   |

| Personalized attention   |  |
|--|--|
|  | Description  |
| Master Session Students have the opportunity to solve doubts in personalized attention sessions. The appointment with<br>corresponding professor should be required and agreed by e-mail, preferably in the timetable and place<br>officially assigned. Besides, the group of students developing a project will attend periodic follow-up<br>meetings |  |
| Laboratory<br>practises  | Students have the opportunity to solve doubts in personalized attention sessions. The appointment with the corresponding professor should be required and agreed by e-mail, preferably in the timetable and place officially assigned. Besides, the group of students developing a project will attend periodic follow-up meetings |
| Projects   | Students have the opportunity to solve doubts in personalized attention sessions. The appointment with the corresponding professor should be required and agreed by e-mail, preferably in the timetable and place officially assigned. Besides, the group of students developing a project will attend periodic follow-up meetings |

| Assessment           |   |               |                           |
|----------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
|                      | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Projects             | The students should present a tutored project which deserves the 40% of the final qualification. The progress of this job will be supervised from continuous assessment but the final work should be oral presented by the authors.   | 40            | CG9                       |
|                      |   |               | CG12                      |
|                      |   |               | CG14                      |
|                      |   |               | CE60                      |
|                      |   |               | CE61                      |
|                      |   |               | CT4                       |
| Reports /            | The assistance to the laboratory practices is mandatory: at least the student should complete 6 of the 7 sessions. The implementation of the circuits described in the practice guidelines and the reports submitted at the end on each session will deserve the 30% of the final qualification.                    | 30            | CG9                       |
| memories of practice |   |               | CG12                      |
| practice             |   |               | CG14                      |
|                      |   |               | CE60                      |
|                      |   |               | CE61                      |
|                      |   |               | CT4                       |
| Multiple             | A multiple choice test, performed preferably online via the FaiTic platform.<br>This test covers all of the contents taught in the theoretical classes. The<br>estimated date will be the 11th week, after the completion of the<br>theoretical classes. This test will deserve the 30% of the final qualification. | 30            | CE60                      |
| choice tests         |   |               | CE61                      |

# Other comments and July evaluation

# 1. Continuous assessment

The course can be passed with full marks from continuous assessment, with no need to sit the final exam. Students who assist to more than 2 laboratory sessions may not be listed as "Not Present".

The weighting and content of each continuous assessment part are as follows:

# 1.1 Test (NTest):

- It covers all of the contents taught in the theoretical classes.
- The estimated date will be the 11th week of the course.

• The student pass this part if he/she gets a mark greater than or equal to 5.

# 1.2 Laboratory practices (NPrac):

- The student should complete 6 of the 7 sessions in order to pass this part.
- The student should correctly implement the circuits described in the guidelines of the practice and submit a report corresponding to each laboratory session. The qualification of each practice depends on these achievements.
- It can be developed individually or by groups of 2 students.
- The student will pass this part if he/she gets an average greater than or equal to 5. The weighting of each practice is the same to obtain the NPrac mark.

# 1.3 Project (NPro):

- It can be developed individually or by groups of 2 students.
- It should be oral presented by the authors.
- The student will pass this part if he/she gets a mark greater than or equal to 5.

# 1.4 Final qualification of continuous assessment (Final\_ca)

The final qualification (Final\_ca) of continuous assessment is obtained as follows:

Final\_ca: = (NTest\*0.3 + NPrac\*0.3 + NPro\*0.4) if NTest is greater than or equal to 5 and NPrac is greater than or equal to 5 and NPro is greater than or equal to 5;

Final\_ca = min [(NTest\*0.3 + NPrac\*0.3 + NPro\*0.4), 4] in other case;

The student who fails one or more of the parts of continuous assessment has another opportunity to pass any part in the Final exam:

- He/she can repeat the test and this mark replaces the previous one (NTest).
- He/she student can improve his/her Laboratory mark (NPrac) by means of an exam. This exam consists of several problems related to the contents of laboratory practices.
- He/she can complete and present his/her project before the date of the final exam.

# 2. Final assessment and second call

In those cases in which the student decides not to carry out the continuous evaluation tasks, the final score is based on:

- A final exam comprising all the topics of the subject. It usually consists of several questions and problems and lasts about 2.5 hours. The pass mark for this exam is 5 out of 10 and deserves 60% of the final qualification (NEx).
- The students should also present a project with the same objectives and complexity of the project developed in continuous assessment. This project deserves 40% of the final qualification (NPro) and should be presented before the date of the final exam.

The final qualification (Final ex) is obtained as follows:

Final\_ex = (NEx\*0.6 + NPro\*0.4) if NEx is greater than or equal to 5 and NPro is greater than or equal to 5;

Final ex = min [(NEx\*0.6 + NPro\*0.4), 4] in other case.

This assessment system applies as well to the second call.

# 3. Other comments

- The grades obtained from the continuous assessment and final exams are only valid for the current academic year.
- The use of books, notes or electronic devices such as phones or computers is not permitted in any test or exam. Mobile phones must be turned off and out of reach of the student.

### Sources of information

S.O. Kasap, Optoelectronics and Photonics, Pearson, 2013

Vaughn D. Martin, Optoelectronics, PROMPT Publications, 1997

John Wilson, John Hawkes, Optoelectronics. An introduction, Prentice-Hall,

Francis T.S. Yu, Xiangyang Yang, Introduction to optical Engineering, Cambribge University Press, 1997

Endel Uiga, Optoelectronics, Prentice-Hall, 1995

J.E. Midwinter, Y.L. Guo, Optoelectronics and Lightwave Technology, Wiley, 1992

Gerald C. Holst, CCD Arrays, Cameras and Displays, Optical Engineering Press, 1998

Josephn J. Carr, Electro-Optics. Electronic Circuit Guidebook, Prompt Publications, 1997

Ed. W. Göpel, J. Hesse, J.N. Zemel, Sensors. A comprehensive Survey, , 1992

A. Goetzberger, J. Knobloch, B. Voss, Crystalline Silicon Solar Cells, Wiley, 1998

J. Watson, Optoelectrónica, Limusa, 1993

S. Desmond Smith, Optoelectronic Devices, Prentice Hall, 1995

Albert J.P. Theuwissen, Solid-state Imaging with Charge-Coupled Devices, Kluwer, 1995

R.C. Lasky, U.L. Österberg, D.P. Stigliani, Optoelectronics for Data Communication, ,

David Wood, Optoelectronic Semiconductors Devices, Prentice Hall, 1995

David R. Goff, Fiber Optic Reference Guide. A Practical Guide to the Technology, Focal Press, 1999

Eric Udd, Fiber Optic Sensors. An Introduction for Engineers and Scientists, John Wiley&Sons, 1991

R.M. Marston, Circuitos de optoelectrónica, CEAC, 2000

Kasap, Ruda, Boucher, Cambridge Illustrated Handbook of Optoelectronics and Photonics, Cambridge University Press, 2009

In addition to the bibliography above, the student have access to the following support material:

• Notes of the course which cover the contents of theoretical sessions.

• Documentation for laboratory which includes the guidelines of the practices and the data sheets of optoelectronic devices or sensors.

The language used for this support material is the English and this material is available via the FaiTIC platform ( http://faitic.uvigo.es)

# Recommendations

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Fundamentals of Electronics/V05G300V01305 Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401

| IDENTIFYIN             |  |          |                  |                       |
|------------------------|--|----------|------------------|-----------------------|
|                        | synthesis of digital systems   |          |                  |                       |
| Subject                | Design and<br>synthesis of digital<br>systems  |          |                  |                       |
| Code                   | V05G300V01923  |          |                  |                       |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |          |                  |                       |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре     | Year             | Quadmester            |
|                        | 6  | Optional | 4th              | 1st                   |
| Language               | English  |          |                  |                       |
| Department             |  |          |                  |                       |
| Coordinator            | Álvarez Ruiz de Ojeda, Luís Jacobo   |          |                  |                       |
| Lecturers              | Álvarez Ruiz de Ojeda, Luís Jacobo   |          |                  |                       |
| E-mail                 | jalvarez@uvigo.es  |          |                  |                       |
| Web                    | http://www.faitic.uvigo.es   |          |                  |                       |
| General<br>description | <ul> <li>This course will be taught and assessed in English.</li> <li>The course documentation is in English.</li> <li>The main learning goals of this course are:</li> <li>Introduction to VHDL for synthesis.</li> <li>Design and synthesis of synchronous digital system</li> <li>Development, synthesis and verification of program</li> </ul> |          | cuits, using VHD | L for its application |

the field of the Telecommunications.

# Competencies

| Code |  | Typology   |
|------|--|------------|
| CG1  | CG1: The ability to write, develop and sign projects in the field of Telecommunication Engineering, according to the knowledge acquired as considered in section 5 of this Law, the conception and development or operation of networks, services and applications of Telecommunication and Electronics. | - Know How |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.   | - Know How |
| CG13 | CG13 The ability to use software tools that support problem solving in engineering.  | - Know How |
| CE62 | (CE62/OP5) The ability to design and synthesize complex digital systems by hardware description language.  | - Know How |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.  | - Know be  |

| Learning outcomes   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences                       |
| To be able to distinguish the differences between the use of Hardware Description Languages for simulation and for synthesis. | CG13<br>CE62                      |
| To deepen the understanding of synchronous digital design techniques using VHDL for synthesis.                                | CG13<br>CE62                      |
| To acquire skills at designing complex synchronous digital systems using VHDL.  | CG1<br>CG9<br>CG13<br>CE62<br>CT4 |

Contents Topic

| LESSON 1 THEORY (2 h.). INTRODUCTION TO<br>COMPLEX DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN AND<br>SYNTHESIS.          | <ul> <li>1.1 Introduction.</li> <li>1.2 Types of digital integrated circuits. Microprocessors. DSPs. ASICs. FPGAs.</li> <li>1.2.1 Comparative analysis.</li> <li>1.3 Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGAs).</li> <li>1.4 Complex application specific digital system design by means of FPGAs.</li> <li>1.4.1 Sequential processing systems. Operational unit. Control Unit.</li> <li>1.4.2 Continuous processing systems.</li> </ul>   |
|---|--|
| LESSON 2 THEORY (2 h.). ADVANCED DIGITAL<br>SYSTEM DESIGN.  | <ul> <li>2.1 Introduction.</li> <li>2.2 General rules for the design of digital systems.</li> <li>2.2.1 Hierarchical design.</li> <li>2.2.2 Technology independent design.</li> <li>2.2.3 Design timing.</li> <li>2.2.4 Design for reuse.</li> <li>2.2.5 Design for verificability.</li> <li>2.2.6 Design documentation.</li> <li>2.3 Intellectual Property (IP) cores.</li> </ul>   |
| LESSON 3 THEORY (2 h.). INTRODUCTION TO<br>SYNTHESIS OF DIGITAL SYSTEMS DESCRIBED IN<br>VHDL.       | <ul> <li>3.1 Introduction.</li> <li>3.2 Definition of synthesis. Basic concepts on synthesis.</li> <li>3.3 Conversion of a VHDL description to real hardware. Differences between the original VHDL model and the result of the synthesis / implementation. Timing simulation model.</li> <li>3.4 Recommendations for the description in VHDL synthesisable of distinct types of circuits.</li> <li>3.5 Examples of synthesisable models of commonly used circuits.</li> </ul>   |
| LESSON 4 THEORY (6 h.). VHDL FOR SYNTHESIS.<br>RESTRICTIONS.  | <ul> <li>4.1 Introduction.</li> <li>4.2 IEEE standard for synthesis.</li> <li>4.3 Time sentences ("After", "Wait").</li> <li>4.4 Loops ("Loop"). Loops "generate".</li> <li>4.5 'Real' data type. Type conversion.</li> <li>4.6 Complex arithmetical operations. Division ("/").</li> <li>4.7 Complex mathematical functions. ("Without", "Cos", "Log").</li> <li>4.8 Two-dimensional matrices. ("Array").</li> <li>4.9 Exercises of non- synthesisable models and equivalent synthesisable circuits.</li> </ul>               |
| LESSON 5 THEORY (2 h.). ARITHMETICAL<br>CIRCUITS DESIGN IN VHDL.                                    | <ul> <li>5.1 Introduction.</li> <li>5.2 Representation of binary numbers with decimal part. Fixed point.</li> <li>Floating point.</li> <li>5.3 Design of fixed point applications.</li> <li>5.4 Design of floating point applications.</li> <li>5.5 Implementation of arithmetical circuits in FPGAs.</li> </ul>   |
| LESSON 6 THEORY (4 h.). VHDL ADVANCED<br>SENTENCES.   | <ul> <li>6.1 Introduction.</li> <li>6.2 Libraries and packages.</li> <li>6.3 Access to files.</li> <li>6.3.1 Memory initialisation.</li> <li>6.3.2 Testbench stimuli.</li> <li>6.4 'Generic' data type. Parameterisable circuits.</li> <li>6.5 Subprograms.</li> <li>6.5.1 Functions.</li> <li>6.5.2 Procedures.</li> <li>6.6 Conditional compilation.</li> </ul>  |
| LESSON 7 THEORY (1 h.). VERIFICATION OF<br>COMPLEX DIGITAL SYSTEMS.                                 | <ul> <li>7.1 Introduction.</li> <li>7.2 Verification through simulation.</li> <li>7.2.1 Signals. Delay models. Definition of 'driver'.</li> <li>7.2.2 Design analysis and simulation. Simulation cycle. Delta delay.</li> <li>7.2.3 Recommendations for VHDL simulation. Examples. Testbench design.</li> <li>7.2.4 Differences between functional and timing simulation.</li> <li>7.3 Verification through timing analysis.</li> <li>7.4 Verification through test in a development board.</li> <li>7.5 Exercises.</li> </ul> |
| LESSON 1 LABORATORY (4 h. TYPE B).<br>PRACTICAL TUTORIAL OF DIGITAL SYSTEM<br>DESIGN AND SYNTHESIS. | <ul> <li>1.1 Introduction.</li> <li>1.2 Basic digital system design in synthesisable VHDL.</li> <li>1.3 Testbench design in VHDL.</li> <li>1.4 Implementation of digital systems in FPGAs.</li> <li>1.5 Testing digital systems.</li> </ul>  |

| LESSON 2 LABORATORY (2 h. TYPE B). DIGITAL<br>SYSTEM DEBUGGING. VIRTUAL LOGICAL<br>ANALYSERS.                                       | <ul> <li>2.1 Introduction.</li> <li>2.2 Xilinx virtual logical analyser. 'Chipscope core'.</li> <li>2.3 Parameters of the Xilinx virtual logical analyser.</li> <li>2.4 Implementation of the Xilinx virtual logical analyser.</li> <li>2.5 Analysis of a digital system by means of the Xilinx virtual logical analyser.</li> </ul> |
|---|--|
| LESSON 3 LABORATORY. (15 h. = 8 H. TYPE B +<br>7 h. TYPE C). DESIGN OF A MEDIUM-COMPLEXITY<br>DIGITAL SYSTEM IN SYNTHESISABLE VHDL. | <ul> <li>3.1 Introduction. Task explanation. (2 h. TYPE B)</li> <li>3.2 Project based learning. Discussions on the most suitable approach. (6 h. TYPE C)</li> <li>3.2 Design of a medium-complexity digital system in synthesisable VHDL. (6 h. TYPE B)</li> <li>3.3 Oral presentation. (1 h. TYPE C)</li> </ul>                     |

# Planning

|                             | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session              | 4           | 8                              | 12          |
| Integrated methodologies    | 15          | 31.5                           | 46.5        |
| Laboratory practises        | 6           | 7.5                            | 13.5        |
| Integrated methodologies    | 14          | 51                             | 65          |
| Presentations / exhibitions | 1           | 8                              | 9           |
| Introductory activities     | 2           | 2                              | 4           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                  |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
|                                | Description   |
| Master Session                 | Conventional lectures.<br>Through this methodology the outcome CE62/OP5 is developed.   |
| Integrated<br>methodologies    | Problem based learning (PBL): Problem solving. Design of non- synthesisable models and synthesisable circuits in VHDL. To solve them, the student has to previously develop certain outcomes.   |
|                                | Through this methodology the outcomes CG9, CG13 and CE62/OP5 are developed.   |
| Laboratory practises           | VHDL design of digital circuits and circuit implementation in FPGAs.<br>Through this methodology the outcomes CG9, CG13 and CE62/OP5 are developed.   |
| Integrated<br>methodologies    | <ul> <li>Project based learning. The students must design a digital system in VHDL to solve a problem. In order to that, the students must plan, design and implement the necessary steps.</li> <li>The project development will be implemented in laboratory hours (type B).</li> <li>Besides, in type C hours there will be discussions and one-to-one interaction with the teacher.</li> <li>Activities to develop in the groups C:</li> <li>Analysis and debate about the project approach and different alternatives.</li> <li>Analysis and follow-up of the proposed solution.</li> <li>Design implementation. Analysis and debate of results.</li> <li>Oral presentations of the project results.</li> <li>Through this methodology the outcomes CG1, CG9, CG13 and CE62/OP5 are developed.</li> </ul> |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | Presentations/exhibitions: Exhibition of the results of the project developed.<br>Through this methodology the outcomes CG1 and CG9 are developed.  |
| Introductory activities        | Introduction to the subject key topics both theoretical and practical.<br>Through this methodology the outcomes CG13 and CE62/OP5 are developed.  |

# Personalized attention

|                         | Description   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Integrated methodologie | es In class the teacher will assist the students.   |
|                         | Besides, the students will have the opportunity to consult with the teacher in office hours which will be published in the faculty website. |
| Laboratory practises    | In class the teacher will assist the students.  |
|                         | Besides, the students will have the opportunity to consult with the teacher in office hours which will be published in the faculty website. |

Integrated methodologies In class the teacher will assist the students.

Besides, the students will have the opportunity to consult with the teacher in office hours which will be published in the faculty website.

| Assessment                     |  |               |                           |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
|                                | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
| Integrated<br>methodologies    | Resolution of theoretical problems and exercises. The majority of<br>them will be focused on the design of non-synthesisable models<br>and synthesisable circuits in VHDL. | 50            | CG13<br>CE62              |
|                                | The problems will be based on the theoretical topcis.  |               |                           |
|                                | It will be necessary to teach to the professor the operation of each one of the models and circuits.   |               |                           |
|                                | The correct application of the theoretical concepts to the problems will be assessed, based on the published criteria.   |               |                           |
|                                | It will be necessary to deliver the documentation requested by the professor for each one of the exercises.  |               |                           |
|                                | Through this methodology the outcomes CG9, CG13 and CE62/OP5 are assessed.   |               |                           |
| ntegrated<br>methodologies     | Laboratory Project. Design of a medium-complexity synthesisable digital system in VHDL.  | 40            | CG1<br>CG9                |
|                                | It will be necessary to deliver the design source files.   |               | CG13<br>CE62              |
|                                | The assessment will be based on the operation of the digital system and the correct application of the theoretical concepts, according to the published criteria.          |               | CT4                       |
|                                | Through this methodology the outcomes CG1, CG9, CG13 and CE62/OP5 are assessed.  |               |                           |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | It will be necessary to do an oral presentation of 15 minutes as a maximum about the work, according to the index supplied by the teacher.                                 | 10            | CG1<br>CG9                |
|                                |  |               | CT4                       |
|                                | Through this methodology the outcomes CG1 and CG9 are  |               |                           |
|                                | assessed.  |               |                           |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

The total mark will be the sum of the marks obtained in the different tasks of the subject.

The global mark of the theoretical problems has to be equal or greater than 5 over 10 in order to pass the subject.

The mark of the Laboratory Project has to be equal or greater than 5 over 10 in order to pass the subject.

All the students, both those who follow the subject continuously and those who want to be assessed in the final exam at the end of the term or at the end of the year (second opportunity), will have to do the tasks described in the previous section.

The students that do not attend classes regularly will also have to do the same tasks as the students who attend classes.

The final mark will be expressed in numerical form ranging from 0 to 10, according to the valid regulation (Royal decree 1125/2003 of 5 September; BOE 18 September).

Following the guidelines of the degree the students will be offered two assessment systems: continuous assessment and final assessment at the end of the term.

CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT:

The students are considered to have chosen the continuous assessment when they have done 2 laboratory practices and/or 2 reports of theoretical exercises.

The students that have chosen continuous assessment, but do not pass the course, will have to do the final assessment at the end of the year.

The students that pass the course by means of continuous assessment will not be allowed to repeat any task in the final assessment in order to improve the mark.

The different tasks should be delivered in the date specified by the teacher, otherwise they will not be assessed for the continuous assessment.

The students will develop the theoretical exercises, the laboratory practices and the laboratory projects in groups of two students during the continuous assessment.

The students who want to be assessed in the continuous assessment can only miss two sessions as a maximum. If they miss more than 2 sessions, it will be compulsory to do an additional individual task or an examination.

#### FINAL ASSESSMENT:

The students that opt for the final assessment will have to do all the theoretical and practical tasks and the project individually.

The tasks for the final assessment have to be delivered before the official date of the examination set by the faculty.

In case the students pass the theoretical exercises (TE) and the Laboratory Project (LP), that is, the mark of each part >= 5, the final mark (FM) will be the weighted sum of the marks of each part of the subject: FM = 0'50 \* TE + 0'40 \* LP + 0'10 \* OP

In case the students do not pass any of the two main parts of the subject, the theoretical exercises (TE) or the Laboratory Project (LP), that is, the mark of any task < 5, the final mark (FM) will be: FM = Minimum [4'5; (FM = 0'50 \* TE + 0'40 \* LP + 0'10 \* OP) ]

Where:

TE = Global mark of the theoretical exercises and problems.LP = Laboratory Project.

OP = Oral presentation.

## ASSESSMENT CRITERIA.

1) Theoretical exercises and problems.

Each one of the theoretical exercises and problems proposed in the theoretical sessions will be marked from 0 to 10. Its influence in the total mark of the subject will be weighted in function of the number of exercises assigned. There will be eight reports of exercises.

The majority of the exercises will consist in the design of non-synthesisable models and synthesisable circuits in VHDL.

The assessment criteria are the following:

- 1. Correct design (CORR).
- a. Behavioural model adequate to the project specifications.
- b. Synchronous design.
- c. Reusable design.

2. Functionality (FUNC). For each one of the exercises, the behavioural circuit model has to work perfectly to obtain the maximum mark. If the circuit is synthesisable, the temporary simulation of the resultant circuit also has to work perfectly. a. Behavioural simulation.

- b. Synthesis.
- c. Timing simulation.

3. Project documentation (DOC).

a. Design source files.

b.Enough comments in the VHDL files to explain the sentences used.

It will be necessary to deliver the required source files.

The total mark will be the sum of the marks of each one of the exercise reports divided by the number of reports:

TE = (Report 1 + ... + Report 8) / 8

2) Laboratory Project.

This project consists in the design of a synthesisable digital system of medium complexity in VHDL.

The assessment criteria are the following:

- 1. Correct design (CORR).
- a. System entirely synthesisable.
- b. Suitable hierarchy arrangement.
- c. Design totally synchronous.
- d. Technology independent design.
- e. Reusable design.
- 2. Analysis of the design and the implementation in FPGAs (ANA).
- a. Analysis of the FPGA logical resources used and their justification.
- b. Analysis of the internal system delays.
- c. Analysis of the chosen implementation options.
- d. Optimal utilisation of the FPGA logical resources.
- e. Achievement of an optimal processing speed.

f. 'Chipscope' Verification.

3. Functionality (FUNC). For each circuit, the behavioral simulation, the timing simulation and the board test should work perfectly to obtain the maximum mark.

a. Individual circuits.

b. Complete system.

4. Documentation (DOC).

a. Design source files.

b. Enough comments in the VHDL files to explain the sentences used.

For the Laboratory Project (LP), it will be necessary to do an oral presentation.

3) Oral Presentation.

- The assessment criteria are the following:
- 1. Clear structure and presentation order.
- 2. Clear explanations.
- 3. Enough explanations to understand the project.
- 4. Suitable figures.
- 5. Relevant data.

# Sources of information

BASIC BOOKS OF THE SUBJECT:

[CHU 06] CHU, PONG P., "RTL Hardware Design Using VHDL: Coding for Efficiency, Portability, and Scalability", John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2006.

[ÁLVAREZ 13] ÁLVAREZ RUIZ DE OJEDA, L.J., Digital Design with FPGAs, Vision books, Madrid, 2013.

COMPLEMENTARY BIBLIOGRAPHY OF THE SUBJECT:

Course documentation, available on the following website "http://www.faitic.uvigo.es".

DESIGN OF DIGITAL SYSTEMS:

[ÁLVAREZ 04] ÁLVAREZ RUIZ DE OJEDA, Digital Design with Programmable Logic, Publisher Tórculo, Santiago de Compostela, 2004.

[ÁLVAREZ 02] ÁLVAREZ RUIZ DE OJEDA, L. Jacobo, COMMANDED PÉREZ, And., VALDÉS CRAG, M.D., Programmable Logical Devices and his applications, Publisher Thomson-Paraninfo, 2002.

[ÁLVAREZ 01] ÁLVAREZ RUIZ DE OJEDA, Design of applications by means of PLDs and FPGAs, Publisher Tórculo, Santiago de Compostela, 2001.

[ARTIGAS 02] ARTIGAS MAESTRE, J.I., BARRAGÁN PÉREZ, L.To., ORRITE URUÑUELA, C., URRIZA PARROQUÉ, I., Digital Electronics. Applications and problems with VHDL, Prentice-Hall, Madrid, 2002.

[BOLTON 90] BOLTON, M., "Digital systems design with programmable logic", Addison-Wesley, 1990.

[LALA 90] LALA, Parag K., "Digital system design using programmable logic devices", Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1990.

[PELLERIN 91] PELLERIN, D., HOLLEY, M., "Practical design using programmable logic", Prentice Hall, London, 1991.

[SCARPINO 98] SCARPINO, F., "VHDL and AHDL digital system implementation", Prentice Hall, London, 1998.

FPGAs:

[CHAN 94] CHAN, Pak K., MOURAD, Samiha, "Digital design using Field Programmable Gate Arrays", Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1994.

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#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Programmable Electronic Circuits/V05G300V01502

#### **Other comments**

The students will have previously followed the subjects Digital Electronics and Programmable Electronic Circuits. They give the necessary knowledge to understand the topics of this course.

It is not necessary to have passed them.

The students of the specialisation "Electronic Systems", should have previously followed the subject Electronic Systems of Processed of Signal, but is not indispensable.

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA   |   |                   |  |
|------------------------|---|---|-------------------|--|
| Advanced e             | electronic sensors  |   |                   |  |
| Subject                | Advanced<br>electronic sensors  |   |                   |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01924   |   |                   |  |
|                        | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |   |                   |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре  | Year              | Quadmester                             |
| Language               | 6<br>Spanish<br>Galician  | Optional  | 4th               | 1st                                    |
| Department             |   |   |                   |  |
| Coordinator            | Mariño Espiñeira, Perfecto  |   |                   |  |
| Lecturers              | Costas Pérez, Lucía<br>Mariño Espiñeira, Perfecto<br>Pastoriza Santos, Vicente  |   |                   |  |
| E-mail                 | pmarino@uvigo.es  |   |                   |  |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |   |                   |  |
| General<br>description | The main purpose of this subject is to train suppose of this subject is to train suppose of this subject is to train supposed principles and current techniques endowed techniques and the sensors.<br>+ Optical fiber sensors.<br>+ Laser sensors.<br>+ Microelectromechanical sensors (MEMS).<br>+ Image sensors.<br>+ Integrated sensors.<br>+ Intelligent sensors.<br>+ Acoustic wave sensors.<br>+ Biosensores.<br>The main goal of the laboratory sessions (pra-<br>understanding and knowledge to:<br>+ Analyze the parameters and main features<br>+ Know the applications of each group of ser<br>+ Manage specific software tools developed<br>analyze recorded data. | nployed in the most rece<br>actical work) is to enable<br>s of the sensors.<br>asors. | nt electronic sen | sors technology.<br>acquire sufficient |

The documentation of the course will be in English. It will be taught and assessed in Spanish.

| Code  |   | Typology                |
|-------|---|-------------------------|
| CG3   | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations   | - know                  |
| CG4   | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.              | - Know How              |
| CG9   | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.  | - Know How<br>- Know be |
| CE63  | (CE63/OP6) The ability to design and use optoelectronic sensors, micromechanical sensors (MEMS) and acoustic wave sensors.  | - know<br>- Know How    |
| CT4   | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance or responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights. | - Know How<br>- Know be |
| Learı | ning outcomes   |                         |
| Learn | ing outcomes Com  | oetences                |
| Know  | ledge of the modes of operation and applications of fiber optic sensors. CG3  |                         |

CE63

| Knowledge of the modes of operation and applications of microelectromechanical sensors.  | CG3<br>CE63        |
|--|--------------------|
| Knowledge of the modes of operation and applications of acoustic wave sensors.   | CG3<br>CE63        |
| Ability to select and work with next generation electronic sensors.  | CG4<br>CE63        |
| Ability to work in groups and to develop communications skills in order to elaborate and present technical reports related to the subject. | CG9<br>CE63<br>CT4 |

| Contents  |  |
|---|--|
| Торіс   |  |
| Unit 1: Fiber Optic Sensors I.                  | Introduction. Classification. FOS types. Basic structure. Extrinsic, intrinsic and evanescent wave sensors. Applications. Interferometric FOS. Applications.   |
| Unit 2: Fiber Optic Sensors II.                 | Multisensory FOS systems. Distributed and multiplexed FOS. OTDR reflectometry. OFDR reflectrometry. Fiber Bragg grating. Applications. Intelligent systems. Laser vibrometry and interferometry. Applications.   |
| Unit 3: Integrated Optical Sensors.             | Introduction. Classification of optical integrated waveguides. Materials.<br>Devices. Interferometry in IO. Active integrated optic devices; detectors<br>and sources. Sensors. Biosensors. OF-IO Coupling. Applications.                                |
| Unit 4: Microelectromechanical Sensors (MEMS).  | Microelectronic technologies. MEMS fabrication processes. MEMS materials. MEMS Sensors. Micromachined free space integrated micro optics. CMOS Microsensors. Applications.   |
| Unit 5: Image Sensors and Displays I.           | Introduction. Display specifications. Display classification. Illumination technologies. Image capture technology: CCD and CMOS. Night vision technology: PMTs y IR cameras.   |
| Unit 6: Image Sensors and Displays II.          | Introduction to pyrometry. Operating principle General features.<br>Disappearing filament pyrometer. Conditioning. Bolometric detector.<br>Quantum detectors. Radiometers. IR cameras. Applications.   |
| Unit 7: Acoustic Wave Sensors (AWS).            | Classification. Materials features. Comparative study of AWS sensors.<br>Applications. FPW microsensor. FPW integrated systems. Coatings for AWS.<br>Pattern recognition in "electronic nose".   |
| Unit 8: Intelligent Sensors.                    | Definition. Classification. Architectures. Multisensorial systems.<br>International standars. Applications.  |
| Unit 9: Virtual Reality Sensors.                | Introduction. Tactile response systems. RV features. Architectures.<br>Neuronal processes. Mechanoreceptors. Projective field. Visual tactile<br>synesthesia. Visual immersion systems. UAV (Unmanned Aerial Vehicle)<br>systems.                        |
| Unit 10: Sensor Technology in Particle Physics. | Introduction. Specific instrumentation standars: CAMAC, FASTBUS and SCI.<br>The standard model. Features of the standard model. Beta decay.<br>Evolution of particle accelerators. Particle Detectors in accelerators.<br>Nuclear medicine applications. |

| Planning   |             |                                |             |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
|  | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
| Introductory activities                                  | 1           | 2                              | 3           |
| Master Session   | 17          | 17                             | 34          |
| Tutored works  | 3           | 26                             | 29          |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 12          | 30                             | 42          |
| Integrated methodologies                                 | 7           | 25                             | 32          |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 2           | 8                              | 10          |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies           |   |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|
|                         | Description   |  |
| Introductory activities | Subject presentation. Presentation of laboratory sessions, instrumentation and software resources to be used. In these sessions, the skills CG3, CG4, CG9, CE63, and CT4 will be developed. |  |

| Master Session              | The lecturer will explain in the classroom the main contents of the subject. The students have to manage the proposed bibliography to carry out a self-study process in a way that leads to acquire the knowledge and the skills related to the subject. The lecturer will answer the students' questions in the classroom or at the office. In these sessions, the skills CG3, CG4, CG9, CE63, and CT4 will be developed.   |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Tutored works               | The students have to manage basic concepts to search and select information in order to get a deeper understanding in some specific fields related to the subject. The lecturer will propose in the classroom the topic of this individual task and monitor the student's work in personalized attention sessions. In these sessions, the skills CG3, CG4, CG9, CE63, and CT4 will be developed.   |
| Laboratory practises        | Activities designed to apply the main concepts and definitions of the subject. The student will be<br>asked to acquire the basic skills to manage the laboratory instrumentation, software tools and<br>components in order to construct and test electronic circuits. The student has to develop and<br>demonstrate autonomous learning and collaborative skills. He/she is supposed to be able to<br>manage bibliography and recently acquired knowledge. Possible questions can be answered in the<br>laboratory sessions or at the lecturer's office. In these sessions, the skills CG3, CG4, CG9, CE63,<br>and CT4 will be developed. |
| Integrated<br>methodologies | Project-based learning: students have to develop a group activity that goes on over a period of time and address a specific problem. They have to design, schedule and carry out a set of tasks to achieve a solution. The assessment will be based on the quality of the proposed solution, the depth of content understanding demonstrated and the final presentation. The sessions will be performed in the laboratory. In these sessions, the skills CG3, CG4, CG9, CE63, and CT4 will be developed.   |

| Personalized attenti | on  |
|----------------------|---|
|                      | Description   |
| Master Session       | The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available on the subject website at the beginning of the term.                             |
|                      | Master session:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to<br>guide the studying and learning process.                             |
|                      | Laboratory practices:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students understand the work to be developed in the<br>laboratory (components, circuits, instrumentation and tools).      |
|                      | Tutored works:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students to deal with the monitored work.  |
|                      | Integrated methodologies:<br>The lecturers will be available to help students in order to deal with the contents of the subject,<br>the laboratory practices as well as the monitored work. |
| Laboratory practises | The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available on the subject website at the beginning of the term.                             |
|                      | Master session:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to<br>guide the studying and learning process.                             |
|                      | Laboratory practices:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students understand the work to be developed in the<br>laboratory (components, circuits, instrumentation and tools).      |
|                      | Tutored works:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students to deal with the monitored work.  |
|                      | Integrated methodologies:<br>The lecturers will be available to help students in order to deal with the contents of the subject,<br>the laboratory practices as well as the monitored work. |

| Tutored works               | The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available on the subject website at the beginning of the term.                             |
|-----------------------------|---|
|                             | Master session:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to<br>guide the studying and learning process.                             |
|                             | Laboratory practices:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students understand the work to be developed in the<br>laboratory (components, circuits, instrumentation and tools).      |
|                             | Tutored works:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students to deal with the monitored work.  |
|                             | Integrated methodologies:<br>The lecturers will be available to help students in order to deal with the contents of the subject,<br>the laboratory practices as well as the monitored work. |
| Integrated<br>methodologies | The students can go to the lecturer's office (individually or in a group). The timetable will be available on the subject website at the beginning of the term.                             |
|                             | Master session:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will answer the students' questions and also give instructions to<br>guide the studying and learning process.                             |
|                             | Laboratory practices:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students understand the work to be developed in the<br>laboratory (components, circuits, instrumentation and tools).      |
|                             | Tutored works:<br>In these sessions the lecturer will help students to deal with the monitored work.  |
|                             | Integrated methodologies:<br>The lecturers will be available to help students in order to deal with the contents of the subject,<br>the laboratory practices as well as the monitored work. |

|                              | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Laboratory                   | The lecturers will check the level of compliance of the students with the   | 30            | CG3                       |
| practises                    | goals related to the laboratory skills. They will consider the work of the<br>students carried out before the laboratory session to prepare the<br>proposed tasks and the work in the laboratory. Marks for each session<br>(LSM: Laboratory Session Mark) will be assigned in a 10 points scale. In<br>these practices, the skills CG3, CG4, CG9, CE63, and CT4 will be<br>assessed. |               | CG4                       |
|                              |   |               | CG9                       |
|                              |   |               | CE63                      |
|                              |   |               | CT4                       |
| Tutored works                | The lecturers will consider the quality of the results obtained, their analysis, the final report, and the classroom presentation. Marks will be assigned in a 10 points scale. In these works, the skills CG3, CG4, CG9, CE63, and CT4 will be evaluated.  | 50            | CG3                       |
|                              |   |               | CG4                       |
|                              |   |               | CG9                       |
|                              |   |               | CE63                      |
|                              |   |               | CT4                       |
| Practical tests,             | The lecturers will consider the quality of the results obtained, their analysis, and the classroom presentation. Marks will be (GPM: Group Project Mark) assigned in a 10 points scale. In these tasks, the skills CG3 CG4, CG9, CE63, and CT4 will be evaluated.   | 20            | CG3                       |
| real task<br>execution and / |   |               | CG4                       |
| or simulated.                |   | ,             | CG9                       |
|                              |   |               | CE63                      |
|                              |   |               | CT4                       |

# Other comments and July evaluation

# 1. Continuous assessment

According to the guidelines of the degree and the agreements of the academic commission, a *continuous assessment learning scheme* will be offered to the students.

When the students go to the lectures regularly (less than 10% unjustified absence) or miss at most one laboratory session, **they will be assessed by continuous assessment.** 

The subject comprises three different parts: theory (50 %), laboratory (30%) and group project (20%). Once a task has been assessed, the students cannot do/repeat the task at a later date. The marks are valid only for the current academic course.

## 1.a Theory

In the first weeks of the course each student will be asked to carry out a task individually with the help of the lecturer about a topic related to the subject. In order to assess the task, the lecturer will consider the quality of the results obtained, their analysis, the final report, and the classroom presentation. The students will be informed of the deadline by the lecturer. Marks will be (TWM: Tutored Work Mark) assigned in a 10 points scale. If the students present their works after the deadline the WM will be 0.

The final mark of this part will be:

FMT (Final Mark of Theory) = TWM (Tutored Work Mark)

The minimum mark required to pass this part is of 5 (FMT>=5).

## 1.b Laboratory

Six laboratory sessions are scheduled. Each session lasts approximately 120 minutes and the students will work in pairs. This part also will be assessed by continuous assessment.

Each session will be only evaluated according to the developed work at the schedule date. The lecturers will consider the work of the students carried out before the laboratory session to prepare the proposed tasks, the work in the laboratory to deal with them as well as the student's behavior. Marks for each session will be (LSM: Laboratory Session Mark) assigned in a 10 points scale. A mark of 0 will be obtained for missing sessions.

The final mark of this part is calculated as the arithmetic mean of the six individual marks:

FML (Final Mark of Laboratory) = Sum(LSMi)/6; i = 1, 2, ..., 6

Attendance at the laboratory classes is compulsory. If the student miss more than one laboratory session without a valid documented reason (medical, bereavement or other) he/she will be assigned a grade of 0 for that laboratory class.

# 1.c Group project

In the first session lecturers will present the objectives and the schedule of the project. They also assign a specific project to each group. After that, the most important part of the workload will be developed in the laboratory. Two hours of B laboratory sessions and all hours of C laboratory sessions.

In order to assess the project, the lecturer will consider the quality of the results obtained, their analysis, and the classroom presentation. Marks will be (GPM: Group Project Mark) assigned in a 10 points scale.

The students are only allowed to miss one project session without a valid documented reason.

#### 1.d Final mark of the subject

In order to past the subject, students will be required:

+ to obtain FMT >=5, and

+ no more than one missed laboratory session, and

+ no more than one missed group project session.

The weighted *points* from all assessed parts are added together to calculate the final *mark (FM)*. The following weightings will be applied: 50% theory, 30% laboratory and 20% group project.

 $FM = 0,50 \cdot FMT + 0,30 \cdot FML + 0,20 \cdot GPM$ 

A final mark higher than five points (FM  $\geq$  5) should be achieved in order to pass the subject.

However, when:

+ FMT < 5, or

+ more than one missed laboratory session, or

+ more than one missed group project session,

the final mark (FM) will be the minimum value among them.

FM = min{ FMT, FML, GPM }

#### 2. Final Exam

If a student prefers a different educational policy he/she can take an exam on a scheduled *date*. The date will be specified in the academic calendar. This exam will comprise four parts (similar to the activities completed by the continuously assessed students):

+ an **exam** if they didn't go to the lectures regularly (more than 10% unjustified absence).

+ a task monitored by a tutor, (tutored work)

+ a practical exam carried out in the laboratory if they have missed more than one laboratory session.

+ a previously assigned **project**.

The tutored work and the project will be assigned following the procedure described in advance by the lecturer.

#### 2.a Theory

#### 2.a.1 Theory Exam

In order to pass the theory, the student cannot miss more than 10 % of the lectures without a valid documented reason (medical, bereavement or other). Otherwise, he/she will have to attend to an exam (with short or long answer questions). Marks will be (EM: Exam Mark) assigned in a 10 points scale.

#### 2.a.2 Tutored Work

To evaluate the tutored work the lecturer will consider the results, the presentation, the analysis and the quality of the final report. Marks will be (TWM: Tutored Work Mark) assigned in a 10 points scale.

2.a.3 Theory Final Mark

The final mark of theory (FMT) will be:

FMT = TWM (Tutored Work Mark) if the student don't miss more than 10 % of the lectures.

FMT = EM (Exam Mark) if the student miss more than 10 % of the lectures and MTM >= 5.

FMT = 0 in any other case.

#### 2.b Laboratory

In order to pass the laboratory part, the student cannot miss more than one laboratory session lectures without a valid documented reason (medical, bereavement or other). **Otherwise**, he/she will have to attend to a practical exam carried out in the laboratory. In this exam the student will be asked to deal with some of the electronic circuits developed in the laboratory sessions as well as some short answer questions related to these sessions. Marks will be (LEM: Laboratory Exam Mark) assigned in a 10 points scale.

The final mark of laboratory (FML) will be:

FML = the arithmetic mean of the laboratory session marks (LSM) when the student didn't miss more than one laboratory session, that is:

FML = Sum(LSMi)/6 i = 1, 2, ..., 6

FML = LEM (Laboratory Exam Mark) when the student missed more than one laboratory session.

LFM = 0 in any other case.

#### 2.c Project

In order to assess the project, the lecturer will consider the quality of the results obtained, their analysis, and the classroom presentation. Marks will be (GPM: Group Project Mark) assigned in a 10 points scale.

#### 2.d Final mark

In order to pass the subject, it is mandatory:

+ FMT >= 5, and

+ no more than one missed laboratory session or FML >= 5, and

+ no more than one missed group project session or GPM >= 5.

The final mark will be the weighted average of the marks obtained by the student in the different parts. The final mark (FM) will apply a weight of 50% to the final theory mark (FMT), a 30% to the laboratory final mark (FML) and a 20 % to the group project mark (GPM).

 $FM = 0,50 \cdot FMT + 0,30 \cdot FML + 0,20 \cdot GPM$ 

A final mark higher than five points (FM >= 5) should be achieved in order to passthe subject.

However, when:

+ FMT < 5, or

+ FML < 5 and the student missed more than one laboratory session, or

+ GPM < 5 and the student missed more than one group project session,

the final mark will be the minimum value among them.

FM = min{ FMT, FML, GPM }

#### 3. Second opportunity to pass the subject.

The assessment policy in this call will follow the scheme described in the previous section. Dates will be specified in the academic calendar. The lecturer will assign the tutored work and the project to the student. The student has to contact to the lecturer according to an established procedure. The procedure will be published in advance.

Marks obtained in the previous continuous assessment or final exam are kept if the student have got a pass in some parts. Moreover, students cannot take an exam, develop a project or a tutored work task if they have got a pass previously.

The final mark will be the weighted average of the marks obtained by the student as it has described in section 2.

#### Sources of information

Pérez García, M.A., Álvarez Antón, J.C., Campo Rodríguez, J.C., Ferrero Martín F.C., y Grillo Ortega, Instrumentación Electrónica, 2ª, Thomson, 2004

Pérez García, M.A., Instrumentación Electrónica, 1ª, Editorial Paraninfo, S.A., 2014

Pallás Areny, R., Sensores y Acondicionadores de Señal, 4ª, Marcombo, 2003

Norton, H.N., Sensores y analizadores, , Gustavo Gili, D.L., 1984.

Fraile Mora, J., García Gutiérrez, P., y Fraile Ardanuy, J., Instrumentación aplicada a la ingeniería, 3ª, Editorial Garceta, 2013 Martín Fernández, A., Instrumentación electrónica. Transductores y acondicionadores de señal y sistemas de adquisición de datos, , Dpto. De publicaciones de la E.U.I.T.T. de Madrid,

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#### Recommendations

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402 Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401 Programmable Electronic Circuits/V05G300V01502 Microelectronics Design/V05G300V01622 Analogue Electronics/V05G300V01624 Power Electronics/V05G300V01625 Engineering of Electronic Equipment/V05G300V01523 Electronic Instrumentation and Sensors/V05G300V01621 Data Acquisition Systems/V05G300V01521

# **Other comments**

- It recommends to have passed the following subjects:
- + Electronic Technology/V05G300V01401
- + Digital Electronics/V05G300V01402
- + Analogue Electronics/V05G300V01624
- + Data Acquisition Systems/V05G300V01521
- + Electronic Instrumentation and Sensors/V05G300V01621

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA   |  |  |   |
|------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| Industrial (           | Communications  |  |  |   |
| Subject                | Industrial<br>Communications  |  |  |   |
| Code                   | V05G300V01925   |  |  |   |
| Study<br>programme     | Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |  |  |   |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре   | Year   | Quadmester  |
|                        | 6   | Optional   | 4th  | 1st   |
| Language               | Spanish   |  |  |   |
| Department             |   |  |  |   |
| Coordinator            | Domínguez Gómez, Miguel Ángel   |  |  |   |
| Lecturers              | Domínguez Gómez, Miguel Ángel<br>Poza González, Francisco   |  |  |   |
| E-mail                 | mdgomez@uvigo.es  |  |  |   |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |  |  |   |
| General<br>description | There are more electronic units of control in the syste<br>control, automotion, domotic, aircrafts, ships, etc.). The<br>efficient way and in real time to transmit all the necess<br>networks has had a very big peak in the last years and<br>existing in the market is of big interest for the engineed<br>different protocols of communications that exist in var<br>choose the most adapted solution for a determinate p<br>following contents:<br>* Introduction to industrial communications systems<br>* Introduction to fieldbuses<br>* Standards<br>* General Characteristics<br>* Applications<br>* Study of the most used protocols<br>* Tools of design and analysis | ese units must<br>sary informatior<br>d the knowledge<br>ering. This subje<br>ious areas of ap | be connected be<br>n. The use of indu<br>of the different<br>ct intends that th<br>plication and acc | tween them of an<br>ustrial communications<br>fieldbus protocols<br>ne student know the<br>quires the capacity to |

| Com  | Competencies  |                      |  |
|------|---|----------------------|--|
| Code |   | Typology             |  |
| CG6  | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.                                  | - know<br>- Know How |  |
| CG14 | CG14 The ability to use software tools to search for information or bibliographical resources.              | - Know How           |  |
| CE64 | (CE64/OP7) Comprehension and command of basic concepts of industrial communication networks of field buses. | - know               |  |

| Learning outcomes Competer  |      |  |
|---|------|--|
| Learning outcomes   |      |  |
| Understanding and control of the industrial communications systems.                                 | CE64 |  |
| Understanding and control of the basic concepts of industrial communications networks (fieldbuses). | CE64 |  |
| Understanding and control of fieldbuses applications and the most important protocols.              | CE64 |  |
| Capacity to choose the better solution for a determinate problem of communication.                  | CG6  |  |
|   | CE64 |  |
| Capacity to design simple industrial communication systems.   | CG6  |  |
|   | CG14 |  |
| Basic knowledges of software tools for analysis and design.   | CG6  |  |
|   | CG14 |  |
| Capacity of use and configurate communication hardware modules.                                     | CG6  |  |
|   | CG14 |  |

# Contents

Торіс

| Theme 1: Communication networks  | OSI and TCP/IP models. Local Area Networks (LAN). Wide Area Networks (WAN). Wireless and mobile communication systems. Interconnection resources. Hierarchy.                   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Theme 2: Fieldbuses              | Origin. Main characteristic. standardization. Applications.  |
| Theme 3: CAN/LIN                 | History. Applications. Main characteristic. Physical layer. Data link layer.<br>Media access control. Frames format. Coding of frames. Errors<br>management.                   |
| Theme 4: CAN controller MCP2515  | Features. Device overview. Message transmission and reception. Timing configuration. Error detection. Interrupts. Modes of operation.  |
| Theme 5: Domotic fieldbuses: KNX | Basic concepts (domotic, inmotic, digital home). Physical levels of transmission. Main protocols used in domotic. KNX (Generalities, main characteristic, topology, telegram). |
| Theme 6: PROFIBUS                | Physical layer. Topology. Data link layer. Media access control.<br>Transmission methods. Timers. Structure of the frames.   |
| Theme 7: WorldFIP                | Physical layer. Data link layer. Variables and messages. Media access control. Frames format. Timers. Bus arbitrator. Producers/Consumers entities.                            |

|                         | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Introductory activities | 4           | 8                              | 12          |
| Master Session          | 12          | 36                             | 48          |
| Tutored works           | 9           | 40                             | 49          |
| Laboratory practises    | 12          | 24                             | 36          |
| Short answer tests      | 5           | 0                              | 5           |

| Methodologies           |   |
|-------------------------|---|
|                         | Description   |
| Introductory activities | Presentation of the course. Presentation of the laboratory practices and the instrumentation and software to use. Through this methodology the competencies CG6, CG14 and CE64 are developed.   |
| Master Session          | Exhibition by professor of the contents. Personal homework of the student reviewing the concepts seen in the classroom and preparing the topics using the proposed bibliography. Identification of doubts that require to be resolved in personalised attention. Through this methodology the competencies CG6, CG14 and CE64 are developed.  |
| Tutored works           | A work about a specific protocol will be assigned to the students, individually or in group. This work will have to be exposed and argued in class. Through this methodology the competency CG14 is developed.  |
| Laboratory practises    | Activities of application of the theoretical knowledges purchased. It will learn to handle specific software of design, simulation and analysis of industrial communication networks. They will program simple hardware modules of some protocol studied in theory. Personal work of the student preparing the practices using the available documentation and reviewing the related theoretical concepts. Preparation and analysis of results. Identification of doubts that require to be resolved in personalised attention. Through this methodology the competency CG6 is developed. |

| Personalized a | Personalized attention  |  |  |
|----------------|---|--|--|
|                | Description   |  |  |
| Master Session | The students will have occasion of personalised attention in the office of the professor in the schedule that<br>the professors will establish for this purpose at the beginning of the course and that will publish in the web<br>page of the subject.<br>The doubts arisen to the students about the contents of the subject will be resolved and they will be<br>oriented on how study.<br>The doubts arisen to the students about the development of the laboratory practices, the handle of the<br>software of design, simulation and analysis and the specifications and operation of the hardware modules<br>will be resolved too.<br>The doubts arisen to the students about the work they have to do and present in the last weeks of classes<br>will be resolved. |  |  |

| Tutored works           | The students will have occasion of personalised attention in the office of the professor in the schedule that<br>the professors will establish for this purpose at the beginning of the course and that will publish in the web<br>page of the subject.<br>The doubts arisen to the students about the contents of the subject will be resolved and they will be<br>oriented on how study.<br>The doubts arisen to the students about the development of the laboratory practices, the handle of the<br>software of design, simulation and analysis and the specifications and operation of the hardware modules<br>will be resolved too.<br>The doubts arisen to the students about the work they have to do and present in the last weeks of classes<br>will be resolved. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Laboratory<br>practises | The students will have occasion of personalised attention in the office of the professor in the schedule that<br>the professors will establish for this purpose at the beginning of the course and that will publish in the web<br>page of the subject.<br>The doubts arisen to the students about the contents of the subject will be resolved and they will be<br>oriented on how study.<br>The doubts arisen to the students about the development of the laboratory practices, the handle of the<br>software of design, simulation and analysis and the specifications and operation of the hardware modules<br>will be resolved too.<br>The doubts arisen to the students about the work they have to do and present in the last weeks of classes<br>will be resolved. |

|                         | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|-------------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Tutored works           | Work that have to do the students and present in class. It will evaluate the work and the quality of the implementation and presentation. | 50            | CG6<br>CG14               |
| Laboratory<br>practises | The work of the student in the laboratory will be evaluated, as well as<br>the memories that should be deliver of the practices.          | 20            | CG6<br>CG14<br>CE64       |
| Short answer<br>tests   | Exams that will be realised in the classroom after a set of exposed subjects to evaluate the knowledges acquired by the student.          | 30            | CE64                      |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

#### 1. Continuous evaluation

Following the own guidelines of the degree and the agreements of the academic commission, a system of continuous evaluation will be offered to the students.

#### 1.a Proofs of short answer

There will be 3 proofs of short answer (type test and/or questions) properly programmed along the course. These proofs will be valued from 0 up to 10 and the final mark will be the average (NPRC):

#### NPRC = (NPRC1 + NPRC2 + NPRC3)/3

The proofs are not recoverable, that is to say, that if a student cannot attend the day in that they are programmed, the professor has no obligation to repeat them. The mark of the proofs that were missed will be of 0.

#### 1.b Personalized works

A work will be assigned to the students, individually or by groups (depending of the number of students) in the first weeks of the course. This work should be delivered and presented in the last weeks of the course. The presentation of the works will be properly programmed by the professors. The implemented work and its presentation will be valued with a final mark (NT) from 0 up to 10.

The student that does not deliver the work or does not present it in the indicated day will have a mark of 0.

1.c Laboratory practices

Each practice will be valued from 0 up to 10 taking into account the work made in the laboratory. The final mark of laboratory (NPL) will be the average of the qualifications obtained in the practices:

NPL = (NPL1 + NPL2 + ... + NPLn)/n

The practices are not recoverable, that is to say, that if a student cannot attend the day in that they are programmed, the professor has no obligation to repeat them. The mark of the practices that were missed will be of 0.

1.d Final mark

The final mark (NF) will be:

NF = 0,3\*NPRC + 0,5\*NT + 0,2\*NPL

2. Final exam

The students that do not pass by continuous evaluation (final qualification less than 5), will be able to present to a final exam.

The final exam will be in the dates provided for the School and will consist in a proof of short answer (type test and/or questions) (NPRC), the delivery and presentation of a work that the professors will have assigned to the student and the delivery of a laboratory work (NPL) previously assigned to the student by the professors. Each one of these parts will be valued from 0 up to 10. The students will be able to present to all these parts or which they consider appropriate. They will conserve the mark of the continuous evaluation in the parts that do not present.

The calculation of the final mark will be as it was explained in the section 1.d.

3. On the announcement of recovery

The announcement of recovery will have the same format that the final exam and will be in the dates provided for the School.

The students that present to this announcement can do it to all the parts or only which they consider appropriate. They will conserve the mark of the ordinary announcement (continuous evaluation or final exam) in the parts that do not present .

The calculation of the final mark will be as it was explained in the section 1.d. The final mark will be the best of the obtained by the student in the ordinary announcement and the recovery one.

4. Validity of the qualifications

The qualifications of the student will be valid only for the academic course in which they were obtained.

#### Sources of information

Oliva N. y otros, Redes de comunicaciones industriales, 1ª, UNED, 2013

Castro M.A. y otros, Comunicaciones industriales: principios básicos, 1ª, UNED, 2007

Castro, M.A. y otros, Comunicaciones industriales: sistemas distribuidos y aplicaciones, 1ª, UNED, 2007

Documentation elaborated by the professors (slides, papers,...) available in FaiTIC. This documentation is in English.

#### Recommendations

#### **Other comments**

It is recommended to have passed or be taking all the subjects of the Electronic Systems module

| IDENTIFYIN                | G DATA  |                            |                            |                              |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Image proc                | essing and analysis   |                            |                            |                              |
| Subject                   | Image processing<br>and analysis  |                            |                            |                              |
| Code                      | V05G300V01931   |                            |                            |                              |
| Study                     | (*)Grao en  |                            |                            |                              |
| programme                 | Enxeñaría de  |                            |                            |                              |
|                           | Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |                            |                            |                              |
| Doccriptors               | ECTS Credits  | Tupo                       | Voor                       | undmostor                    |
| Descriptors               | 6   | Type<br>Optional           | Year Q<br>4th 1s           | uadmester                    |
|                           |   | Ориона                     | 401 1                      | 51                           |
| Language<br>Donartmont    | English   |                            |                            |                              |
| Department<br>Coordinator | Alba Castro, José Luis  |                            |                            |                              |
|                           |   |                            |                            |                              |
| Lecturers<br>E-mail       | Alba Castro, José Luis<br>jalba@gts.uvigo.es  |                            |                            |                              |
| E-mail<br>Web             | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                            |                            |                              |
| General                   |   | coccina" (Ord year) Th     | o student will acquire kn  | owledge and                  |
| description               | This course follows "Fundamentals of Image Pro<br>skills on high-level techniques to analyze and e  |                            |                            |                              |
| accomption                | field in computer vision, medical imaging and n   |                            | and more mayes of anter    |                              |
|                           | The course is lectured and assessed in english.   |                            | ilso in english.           |                              |
|                           |   |                            |                            |                              |
| Competend                 | ies   |                            |                            |                              |
| Code                      |   |                            |                            | Typology                     |
| CG4 CG4:                  | The ability to solve problems with initiative, to m   | ake creative decisions a   | and to communicate and     | - Know Hov                   |
| transı                    | nit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethic   | cal and professional res   | ponsibility of the Technic | al                           |
|                           | ommunication Engineer activity.   |                            |                            |                              |
|                           | The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in<br>ing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results a<br>onics.  |                            |                            | ate, - Know Hov<br>- Know be |
| CG10 CG10                 | The ability for critical reading of scientific papers   | s and docs.                |                            | - Know Hov<br>- Know be      |
| CG12 CG12                 | The development of discussion ability about tech  | hnical subjects            |                            | - Know be                    |
|                           | /OP16) The ability to construct, exploit and mana<br>nedia data base systems.   | age artificial vision, med | dical imaging, and         | - know<br>- Know Hov         |
| CT2 CT2 L                 | nderstanding Engineering within a framework of  | sustainable developme      | ent.                       | - Know be                    |
| of res                    | ncourage cooperative work, and skills like comm<br>ponsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary<br>ty, peace and respect for fundamental rights. |                            |                            |                              |
| Learning o                |   |                            |                            |                              |
| Learning ou               |   |                            |                            | ompetences                   |
| Understand                | the foundations of standard techniques to analyz  | ze images                  | C                          | G10<br>G12<br>T2             |
| Apply image               | analysis techniques in computers  |                            |                            | G9                           |
| , where intrade           | anarysis teeningues in computers  |                            |                            | G12                          |
|                           |   |                            |                            | E73                          |
|                           |   |                            |                            | Τ4                           |
| Understand                | the foundations of image description techniques   | in advanced standards      |                            | G10                          |
|                           |   |                            |                            | G12                          |
|                           |   |                            |                            | T2                           |
| Identify diffe            | rent analysis necessities for different imaging sy  | vstems                     |                            | G9                           |
|                           |   |                            |                            | G12<br>E73                   |
|                           |   |                            |                            | T4                           |

Design an image analysis and description system

CT4 CG4 CG9

CE73 CT4

# Contents

| Торіс                                      |  |
|--|--|
| Analysis of image.                         | Segmentation based in colour, textures, shapes and models. Extraction of descriptive and invariant characteristics. Examples in actual problems. |
| Description and classification of objects. | Clustering. Image descriptors. Classical and probabilistic decisors.<br>Classification. Examples in actual problems.                             |
| Aplications                                | RGB image processing.<br>Medical image processing.<br>Real-time video processing   |

|    | classroom              |   |
|----|------------------------|---|
| 10 | 10                     | 20  |
| 24 | 82                     | 106   |
| 3  | 6                      | 9   |
| 3  | 0                      | 3   |
| 2  | 0                      | 2   |
| 0  | 10                     | 10  |
|    | 24<br>3<br>3<br>2<br>0 | 24     82       3     6       3     0       2     0 |

| Methodologies   |  |
|-----------------|--|
|                 | Description  |
| Master Session  | Each 3-hour class will include one hour of explanation of subject contents, encouraging critical discussion and assimilation through computer programming and visualization.   |
| Tutored works   | Each 3-hour session will include 2 hours of "hands-on" working to assimilate the explained concepts through problem-based learning (PBL). Every Problem/Task will take 4 or 5 weeks of the subject during which the student will have to discover, alone or with the professor guidance, what he needs to solve the problem effectively. |
| Presentations / | The third and last task will be presented in front of the class mates. The students from the same group will have to split the presentation, so both of them explain one part of the work  |

| exhibitions             | group will have to split the presentation, so both of them explain one part of the work.           |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Introductory activities | In the first class of the course, concepts learned in FPI and the programming tools for the course |  |
|                         | will be reviewed: C/C++, QT, OpenCV  |  |

## Personalized attention

|                                | Description  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Introductory<br>activities     | Personalized attention will be carried out during the 3-hour sessions in the lab, guiding and advising each student to make the most of his time for solving the practical problem at hand. Plus, the student can make use of the counseling hours whenever he needs them. |  |  |
| Master Session                 | Personalized attention will be carried out during the 3-hour sessions in the lab, guiding and advising each student to make the most of his time for solving the practical problem at hand. Plus, the student can make use of the counseling hours whenever he needs them. |  |  |
| Tutored works                  | Personalized attention will be carried out during the 3-hour sessions in the lab, guiding and advising each student to make the most of his time for solving the practical problem at hand. Plus, the student can make use of the counseling hours whenever he needs them. |  |  |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | Personalized attention will be carried out during the 3-hour sessions in the lab, guiding and advising each student to make the most of his time for solving the practical problem at hand. Plus, the student can make use of the counseling hours whenever he needs them. |  |  |

| Assessment      |  |                  |                      |
|-----------------|--|------------------|----------------------|
|                 | Description  | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess |
| Multiple choice | These tests are linked to the delivery of each guided task and | 15               | CG10                 |
| tests           | are meant to score each student individually.                  |                  | CG12                 |
|                 |  |                  | CE73                 |

| CT4 | of practice | The score of the guided task includes: the follow-up of each<br>student, the techniques used, the results achieved and the oral<br>presentation of them. | 85 | CG4<br>CG9<br>CE73<br>CT2<br>CT4 |
|-----|-------------|--|----|----------------------------------|
|-----|-------------|--|----|----------------------------------|

#### Other comments and July evaluation

Attendance is compulsory in continuous assessment, unless special circumstances are alleged. Continuous assessment will be based on the student lab work and guided tasks related to contents of the subject. There will be an official final exam scheduled by the "Junta de Escuela" that the students that didn't pass the continuous assessment will have to take if they want to pass the course. This final exam will be scored from 0 to 10 points and includes all the topics explained during the course and also concepts and techniques explained for the guided tasks. To pass this exam the student has to score, at least, 5 points. The students that are eager to improve their continuous assessment score can also take the final exam. In this case the final score of the course will be the maximum score of the final exam and continuous assessment. Throughout the semester the students will be receiving feedback about his performance on the continuous assessment, along with the scores obtained in the tests and guided tasks. Delivering any of the guided tasks or sitting any test will automatically mean that the student is following the course in the continuous assessment mode. That means that he will appear as "presented" in the records of the subject even if the final exam is not taken.

The continuous assessment contains the next milestones:

Guided task 1: linked to the image analysis topic (25%). 20% for the computer work and 5% for the test.

Guided task 2: linked both to the image analysis and classification topics (25%). 10% for the computer work and 5% for the test.

Guided task 3: linked to all topics (35%). 30% for the computer work an 5% for the test.

Public presentation of the 3rd guided task (15%).

The extraordinary final exam will only be held for students who failed the course both in continuous assessment mode or final exam. The score of the subject will be the score of this exam. The exam will be scored between 0 and 10. To pass the subject, at least 5 points are needed.

#### Sources of information

Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, 3<sup>a</sup> (2008), Prentice Hall Robert Laganière, OpenCV 2 Computer Vision Application Programming Cookbook, 2011, Packt Publishing Jasmin Blanchette, Mark Summerfield, C++ GUI Programming with Qt 4, 2008, Prentice Hall Richard O. Duda, Peter E. Hart, David G. Stork, Pattern Classification, 2<sup>a</sup> (2001), John Wiley & sons

OpenCV book can be freely dowload from here

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G300V01204 Programming I/V05G300V01205 Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Digital Signal Processing/V05G300V01304 Fundamentals of Image Processing/V05G300V01632 Imaging Systems/V05G300V01633

| IDENTIFYIN         |   |                           |                                   |
|--------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Multimedia         | a technology and computer graphics  |                           |                                   |
| Subject            | Multimedia<br>technology and<br>computer graphics   |                           |                                   |
| Code               | V05G300V01932   |                           |                                   |
| Study<br>programme | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |                           |                                   |
| Descriptors        | ECTS Credits Type Year  | Quad                      | mester                            |
|                    | 6 Optional 4th  | 1st                       |                                   |
| Language           | Spanish<br>Galician   |                           |                                   |
| Department         |   |                           |                                   |
| Coordinator        | Fernández Hermida, Xulio  |                           |                                   |
| Lecturers          | Fernández Hermida, Xulio  |                           |                                   |
| E-mail             | xuliofh@uvigo.es  |                           |                                   |
| Web                | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                           |                                   |
| description        | in groups of 2, 3 or 4 studets. It is necessassry to do a presentation and defence of the wo<br>of the classmates. It tackles fundamentally the 3D design, the construction of multimedia<br>and the construction of games.   |                           |                                   |
| Competenc          | cies  |                           |                                   |
| Code               |   |                           | Typology                          |
|                    | The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn nev<br>ods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new<br>ions  | I                         | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| in wri             | CG9 CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate<br>in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>Electronics.   |                           | - know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know be |
| CG12 CG12          | The development of discussion ability about technical subjects  |                           | - know<br>- Know Hov<br>- Know be |
|                    | POP17) The ability to construct, exploit and manage image and synthetic video generation the ability applications.  | systems                   | - know<br>- Know Hov              |
| open               | wareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. |                           | - Know be                         |
| of res             | incourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acce<br>ponsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes educa-<br>ity, peace and respect for fundamental rights.                                       |                           | - Know Hov<br>- Know be           |
| Learning o         | utcomes   |                           |                                   |
| Learning out       | tcomes  | Comp                      | oetences                          |
| Understand         | the foundations of the synthesis of image by computer.  | CG3<br>CT3                |                                   |
| Apply metho        | ods of synthesis of image by computer.  | CG9<br>CE74<br>CT3<br>CT4 |                                   |
| Apply metho        | ods of synthesis of effects of audio by computer.   | CG12<br>CE74              |                                   |
|                    |   |                           |                                   |

Develop multimedia applications.

Contents

CG12 CE74 CT4

| Synthesis of image by computer    |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
|                                   | Description of the underlying mathematics to the charts by computer.<br>Description of the philosophy of the electronics associated to the cards of<br>graphic processing in the computers  |
| 3D Modelling                      | Getting familiar with software programs for 3D design.<br>Understanding of the differences between different applications and the<br>implications that these differences suppose in what can be done with the<br>designs realised in each program. (Blender, Sketchup, Solid Works, etc.).<br>Texture mapping and material mapping: UV mapping.<br>Formats of files for virtual surroundings and games. |
| 3D Animation                      | Simple animation of rigid objects (rotation, traslation, scale). Illumination<br>of scenes and obtaining of videos of these scenes. Realistic animation (a<br>ball bouncing)<br>Foundations of the animation with skeletons (animation of complex<br>objects; walk of a person, etc.)   |
| Virtual Reality, Enhanced Reality | Description of applications of virtual reality and enhanced reality.<br>Limitations in the sensorization necessary for applications of virtual reality<br>and enhanced reality.   |
| Video games                       | Multisubject knowledge in the construction of a video game.<br>Hardware platforms for video games. Software platforms for the creation<br>of video games.<br>Business Model in companies of video games. (Play Station, Xbox, Laptops,<br>Smartphones. Apple store, etc.)<br>Study of different graphic engines for video games (free and non free)   |

|   | Class hours                   | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Master Session                            | 4                             | 4                            | 8                          |
| Practice in computer rooms                | 26                            | 26                           | 52                         |
| Tutored works                             | 7                             | 69                           | 76                         |
| Presentations / exhibitions               | 4                             | 8                            | 12                         |
| Short answer tests                        | 1                             | 1                            | 2                          |
| *The information in the planning table is | for guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students |

| Methodologies                  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
|                                | Description  |
| Master Session                 | Only some classes in which the teacher shows concepts and/or explains knowledges interesting to learn and that are not easy to turn into works that can be done by the students.   |
| Practice in computer rooms     | Are the main part of the course. In these practices the students use the programs and applications with which, in parallel, they are realising the tutored works that are the main element of learning. The tutored works also give place to the presentations and to the main part of the evaluation.   |
| Tutored works                  | Are only two or three works along the four month curse. They are to be done in groups of 2 to 4 students, in the classroom of practices and out of the classroom. Some presentations are to be done in class in front of the other classmates. They are the fundamental element of the course.   |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | To present the work is an important learning object in this subject.<br>Through the shared work done in the classroom while they manage the tutored projects and<br>afterwards the public presentation of the tutored work that has been done, we do the fundamental<br>part of the evaluation. (evaluation that is to be done by the own students). |

| Personalized attention         |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
|                                | Description  |  |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | Taking advantage of that this is a subject with not too many students, the professor will do an individual follow-up of each student trying to be slope at all times of what his follow-up of the subject is and what his feeling is concerning what it is being done in classes.<br>As a part of the work of the tutored works is being done in the informatic classrooms, these classes are the fundamental point of interaction between the professor and each student. The professor moves around the classroom helping to the groups in the realisation of the projects. If, in any point, all the studens need help, the teacher will do the explanation as in a masterclass. If the help is individual or for several ones, it will be given to the specific students wich need it. |  |

| Practice in<br>computer rooms | Taking advantage of that this is a subject with not too many students, the professor will do an individual follow-up of each student trying to be slope at all times of what his follow-up of the subject is and what his feeling is concerning what it is being done in classes. As a part of the work of the tutored works is being done in the informatic classrooms, these classes are the fundamental point of interaction between the professor and each student. The professor moves around the classroom helping to the groups in the realisation of the projects. If, in any point, all the studens need help, the teacher will do the explanation as in a masterclass. If the help is individual or for several ones, it will be given to the specific students wich need it. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Tutored works                 | Taking advantage of that this is a subject with not too many students, the professor will do an individual follow-up of each student trying to be slope at all times of what his follow-up of the subject is and what his feeling is concerning what it is being done in classes. As a part of the work of the tutored works is being done in the informatic classrooms, these classes are the fundamental point of interaction between the professor and each student. The professor moves around the classroom helping to the groups in the realisation of the projects. If, in any point, all the studens need help, the teacher will do the explanation as in a masterclass. If the help is individual or for several ones, it will be given to the specific students wich need it. |

|                                | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess  |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------|----------------------------|
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | We will evaluate the quality of the work realized and also the quality of<br>the presentation. In order this assessment to be done by the own<br>students (self and crossed assessments) we give them a Rúbric where<br>details on how to assess the different aspects.   | 25            | CG9                        |
| Tutored works                  | These works are done with the supervision of the professor. But also with<br>the 'crossed supervision' of the own students during the times of<br>simultaneous work in the practical classes. Works usually are very good<br>because the students are very motivated with them. The works done in<br>the practical classes are 'the guiding thread' of all the subject. | 50            | CG12<br>CE74<br>CT3<br>CT4 |
| Short answer<br>tests          | This is a test where questions fundamentally go over materials explained<br>in the magistral classes. It also includes questions about basic conceps<br>learnt in the development of the projects.<br>This test will be different for those students that do not follow the<br>Continuous Assessment.   | 25            | CG3<br>CE74                |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

Learning is thoght to be automatic for the students who do a continuous following of the classes works and lessons. (It's similar to learning a different language being introduced in a conversation group in that language: It's enough to be there and participate).

We will use some tools to realize some works. We will explain our mates what we are going to do, how we will do it, and finally what we do. With this dynamics we learn to use the tools at the same time that we do a project. We see how our classmates use the tools and how they realize their projects. We can help others and be helped by others. We enjoy doing and learn to value our work also the work of our mates. The evaluation leans a lot in the assessments and auto assessments that, by groups, the own students do of the works and presentations of their mates and of his own work.

For those students that do not follow the continuous assessment, and for which who did not show the minimun knowledges to pass, there is an only assessment in the end of the academic course. This examination has two parts, of equal weight, in the final note: a written part that includes every possible content of the subject, and an oral part about the additional works that previously have had to present. To pass the exam it is necessary to obtain, at least, 4 points in each part and 5 points in the final note.

#### Sources of information

D. Roland Hess, Animating with Blender, Focal Press,

Blender Is the program of Free Software that will be used as the base for the 3D Design and the 3D Animation.

Unity 3D, and its integration with Blender, is a free program that will use as the basis for 3D animation and creation of games.

# Recommendations

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Image processing and analysis/V05G300V01931 Audiovisual production/V05G300V01935

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Image Processing/V05G300V01632 Imaging Systems/V05G300V01633 Audiovisual Technology/V05G300V01631 Video and Television/V05G300V01533

#### **Other comments**

This subject is thought to be done by the method of EVALUATION CONTINUA and with assistance to all the classes. The learning process is being done day to day out and class to class. If it is done this way, the evaluation loses leadership because the learning process is real and very clear for all: professor and students.

The students that opt by the evaluación no contínua will equally have to do the works that the other students have done by evaluación contínua. They have to do a presentation of the work done, and answer to the questions the professor can do in order the student to show that they dominate the tools that they have had to use for these works.

They will also do a written examination in which they will answer to questions of the subjects given in the masterclasses and of any subject developed during the course.

The material used in the classes, projects, etc. will be located in FAITIC where it will be going put simultaneously with the development of the classes.

| IDENTIFYIN             | IDENTIFYING DATA  |          |      |            |
|------------------------|---|----------|------|------------|
| Advanced a             | acoustics   |          |      |            |
| Subject                | Advanced  |          |      |            |
|                        | acoustics   |          |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01933   |          |      |            |
| Study                  | (*)Grao en  |          |      |            |
| programme              | Enxeñaría de  |          |      |            |
|                        | Tecnoloxías de  |          |      |            |
|                        | Telecomunicación  |          |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6   | Optional | 4th  | 1st        |
| Language               | Spanish   |          | ·    |            |
|                        | English   |          |      |            |
| Department             |   |          |      |            |
| Coordinator            | Sobreira Seoane, Manuel Ángel   |          |      |            |
| Lecturers              | García Lomba, Guillermo   |          |      |            |
|                        | Sobreira Seoane, Manuel Ángel   |          |      |            |
| E-mail                 | msobre@gts.uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |          |      |            |
| General<br>description | In this subject, the use of advanced calculation methods in Acoustics are introduced. The Finite Element<br>Method (FEM) and the Boundary Element Method (BEM) are applied to study problems of acoustic radiation,<br>diffraction and modal analysis (calculation of mode shapes and resonance frequencies).<br>Statistical Analysis Methods (SEA) are also introduced and applied to the calculation of flanking transmission in<br>buildings.<br>The language of the subject is mostly English, although the first lessons on Finite Element Methods could be<br>explained in Spanish. |          |      |            |

| Competencies |  |                      |
|--------------|--|----------------------|
| Code         |  | Typology             |
| CG2          | CG2: The knowledge, comprehension and ability to apply the needed legislation during the development of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer profession and aptitude to manage compulsory specifications, procedures and laws. | - know               |
| CG5          | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.                              | - know               |
| CG7          | CG7: The ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of technical solutions.   | - know               |
| CE75         | (CE75/OP18) The ability to elaborate noise maps and their geographical information display.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE76         | (CE76/OP19) The ability to apply numerical methods in acoustical problem solving.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE77         | (CE77/OP20) The ability to indentify industrial noise problems and to design appropriate control solutions.  | - know<br>- Know How |

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| Knowledge on the application of numerical methods in acoustics.                              | CG2         |
| Knowledge on the application of calculation models of sound transmission in structures.      | CG5         |
| Knowledge on design techniques of mufflers.  | CG7         |
| Capacity for understanding the results of complex acoustic measures and relate them with the | CE75        |
| calculations obtained by means of simulations.   | CE76        |
| Knowledge of noise control measures in industrial environments.                              | CE77        |

| Contents                                      |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Торіс   |   |  |
| Introduction.                                 | Review of acoustic concepts: impedance, boundary conditions, Helmholtz and Euler equations.   |  |
| The Finite Elements Method in Acoustics (FEM) | Theoretical introduction to the Finite Element Method.<br>Radiation Problems with FEM.<br>Diffraction Problems.<br>Modal analysis with FEM: resonance frequencies and modes |  |

| The Boundary Element Method in Acoustics (BEM)                                      | Introduction to the Boundary Element Method in Acoustics. Integral equation of Kirchhoff Helmholtz. Application to f radiation and diffraction problems. The calculation of of resonances in BEM. |
|---|---|
| Calculation methods based in S.E.A. Calculation of sound transmission in buildings. | Building Acoustics: acoustic insulation in buildings and determination of the flanking transmission. Calculation method of the international standard ISO 12354.                                  |
| Other calculation methods.  | Ray tracing and application to evaluation of sound propagation outdoors.<br>Prediction of noise levels in industrial plants. Noise control.   |

|                                | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Tutored works                  | 6           | 24                             | 30          |
| Practice in computer rooms     | 12          | 9                              | 21          |
| Previous studies / activities  | 0           | 15                             | 15          |
| Master Session                 | 19          | 38                             | 57          |
| Short answer tests             | 2           | 8                              | 10          |
| Jobs and projects              | 2           | 10                             | 12          |
| Reports / memories of practice | 1           | 4                              | 5           |
|                                |             |                                | 1. 6.1      |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Meth | odo | loai | es |
|------|-----|------|----|

|                                  | Description   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Tutored works                    | Practical projects that the students have to develop:<br>1. Design of a diffuser to optimise the radiation pattern of a loudspeaker.<br>2. Design and calculation of the acoustic insulation of a building.   |
| Practice in computer<br>rooms    | <ul> <li>The student will work with different software packages to apply the different calculation methods presented un the subject. 1. CAD and mesh generation: FreeCAD and Gmsh.</li> <li>2. Finite Element calculations : COMSOL.</li> <li>3. Boundary Element calculations: OpenBEM.</li> <li>4. Calculations in building acoustics.</li> </ul> |
| Previous studies /<br>activities | The students must study and prepare with the sources of information given before the lectures and the practical sessions.   |
| Master Session                   | Lectures will be given, developing the main theoretical concepts of the subject.  |

| Personalized attention            |   |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
|                                   | Description   |  |
| Master Session                    | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students). Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |
| Tutored works                     | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students). Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |
| Practice in<br>computer rooms     | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students). Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |
| Short answer tests                | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students). Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |
| Jobs and projects                 | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students). Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |
| Reports / memories<br>of practice | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students). Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |

|                     | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess  |
|---------------------|---|---------------|----------------------------|
| Tutored<br>works    | Tutored practical project, with the delivery of a final report. The learning<br>aims related to the ability to elaborate projects and application of<br>calculation methods (numerical methods) are assesed. Learning aims<br>related to the identification of problems are also assessed (through the<br>application of numerical calculations). | 25            | CG2<br>CE75<br>CE76        |
| Short<br>answer tes | Written test, with short questions on the theory of the subject. Evaluation of<br>the selearning aims involving knowledge of legislation and how to perform<br>measurements.  | 25            | CG2<br>CG5                 |
| Jobs and projects   | Questions and report of the practical tasks. Evaluation of those learning<br>aims related to noise measurement and analysis of acoustic problems using<br>numerical calculations.   | 50            | CG5<br>CG7<br>CE76<br>CE77 |

# Other comments and July evaluation

Following the guidelines of the degree, two systems of evaluation are offered: continuous assessment (recommended) and a final examination. Evaluation with only a final examination will be only allowed in situations in which it is imposible to follow the system recommended.

LANGUAGE: Any student can choose which language will use during the assessment process (English, Spanish).

#### CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT:

The continuous assessment will be based in the evaluation of practical task, projects and two tests. Once a student has signed a document of agreement with the process of continuous assessment, the final degree will be obtained by the application of the criteria described bellow, even though a student could miss some of the tasks or tests envolved in the process.

Once the student has shown good skills in all the assessed learning aims (at least 4 over 10 points in each learning aim assessed), the final grade with be obtained from the weighted sum of the grade obtained in the following tasks with the weights given.

- 1. Reports/memories of practical exersices involving calculations with finite elements (FEM), that should be delivered around the week 11 (25% of the final grade).
- 2. Tutord works focused on the application of numerical methods to basic problems in acoustics. (50% of the final grade)
- 3. Short answer tests. 9 (10 % of the final grade)
- 4. Individual test containing problems and practical exercises (15 % of the final note)

The studenst have to show good skills in all the learning outcomes, therefore, four points over a ten points scale must be obtained in all the learning outcomes evaluated during the continuous evaluation process. The final grade will be obtaining through the addition of the grades obtained during the process with the weights given before. At least five over ten points should be obtained to pass the subject. The second test, will be performed before the final examination.

### FINAL EXAMINATION (Continous Assesment)

The final examination consists in two tests (tasks 3 and 4 described before). Those students having less than four points in some of the practical tasks (1 and 2) should deliver those aditional jobs required by the teachers of the subjetc on the date of the final examination.

#### NON CONTINUOUS ASSESMENT:

A final examination is available for those students that for some reason could not follow the continuous evaluation assessment process. In this case there is date scheduled and officially published for final examination. The final examination will consist in two short answer tests, and some additional questions related with the practical tasks and projects.

The subject is assessed in a 0 to 10 points scale and it is considered "passed" if the final grade obtained if equal or greater than 5.

## RETAKE:

There is scheduled date at the end of the semester for a final examination retake, for those students that either dropped out

during the semester or failed. Prior the examination, a student can choose to follow the continuous assessment or the final examination. In the former selection, the grades obtained in the projects and practical tasks will be taken into account and the student will only answer to the short answer tests. If the later, (final examination), the student will have also to answer a full examination as described before.

#### Sources of information

Johnson C. , Numerical solution of PDE by the finite element method. , , Dover

Reddy, J.N., An introduction to the Finite Element Method,, 2ª y 3ª ed, Mc Graw Hill

Quarteroni A, Valli A., Numerical approximation of partial differential equations, , Springer Verlag

Ciskowski R.D. and Brebbia C.A., Boundary Element Methods in Acoustics, , Elsevier

Juhl, P.M., The Boundary Element Method for Sound Field Calculations, , www.openbem.dk

CEN European Standards, EN 12354-1:2000. Building Acoustics - Estimation of acoustic performance of buildings from the performance of elements - Part 1: Airborne sound insulation between rooms, , CEN

In addition to the bibliography recommended, documents included in the COMSOL and OpenBEM web sites will be used along the lectures and practices:

OPENBEM, www.openbem.dk.

### Recommendations

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Linear Algebra/V05G300V01104 Mathematics: Calculus I/V05G300V01105 Mathematics: Calculus II/V05G300V01203 Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Room Acoustics/V05G300V01635 Fundamentals of Acoustics Engineering/V05G300V01531

| IDENTIFYIN             | IDENTIFYING DATA  |          |      |            |  |
|------------------------|---|----------|------|------------|--|
| Legislation            | and noise measurement techniques  |          |      |            |  |
| Subject                | Legislation and noise   |          |      |            |  |
|                        | measurement<br>techniques   |          |      |            |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01934   |          |      |            |  |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |          |      |            |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |  |
|                        | 6   | Optional | 4th  | 1st        |  |
| Language               | English   |          | ·    |            |  |
| Department             |   |          |      |            |  |
| Coordinator            | Torres Guijarro, María Soledad  |          |      |            |  |
| Lecturers              | Torres Guijarro, María Soledad  |          |      |            |  |
| E-mail                 | marisol@gts.uvigo.es  |          |      |            |  |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |          |      |            |  |
| General<br>description | In this subject, the main methods of measurement of environmental noise are discussed. The European an national regulations on noise and acoustic insulation are also presented. As part of the measurement process, a guide for the evaluation of the measurement uncertainty in acoustics is also presented. The teaching will be in English. |          |      |            |  |

| Comp | petencies  |                      |
|------|--|----------------------|
| Code |  | Typology             |
| CG2  | CG2: The knowledge, comprehension and ability to apply the needed legislation during the development of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer profession and aptitude to manage compulsory specifications, procedures and laws. | - know               |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.                              | - know               |
| CG7  | CG7: The ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of technical solutions.   | - know               |
| CG8  | CG8: To know and apply basic elements of economics and human resources management, project organization and planning, as well as the legislation, regulation and standarization in Telecommunications.                             | - know               |
| CE78 | (CE78/OP21) The ability to write essays on environmental, construction and automation acoustics.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE79 | (CE79/OP22) The ability to elaborate specific acoustic essay procedures.   | - know<br>- Know How |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
|  | Competences |
| Knowledge of the regulations on the field of acoustic engineering.                                     | CG2         |
| Knowledge of the usual international standards on acoustic measurements.                               | CG2         |
| Ability to write technical and reports, measurement reports on fields related to acoustic engineering. |             |
|  | CG7         |
|  | CG8         |
| Ability to design measurement procedures matching the regulations and standard specifications.         |             |
|  | CE79        |

| Contents  |   |
|---|---|
| Торіс   |   |
| Introduction: noise, its description and annoyance. | Classification of noise and descriptors. The assessment of noise.<br>General overview of measurements in acoustics. Nose levels, vehicle<br>noise: pass by measurements, sound power determination. |
| Description and measurement of environmental noise  | Characterization of the noise sources.<br>Influence of the propagation conditions.<br>Noise measurements.   |

| Environmental noise regulations in Europe.                  | The EU Environmental Noise Directive. Directive 2002/49/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25th June 2002 relating to the assessment and management of environmental noise. National noise regulations. |
|---|--|
| Acoustic Insulation, description and regulations in Europe. | Acoustic insulation, descriptors.<br>National Code Buildings in Europe, and the regulations on acoustic<br>insulation.   |
| Measurement uncertainty.                                    | The need to assess the measurement uncertainty: quality management in laboratories.<br>The guide for expression of uncertainty in measurement- GUM.<br>Measurement Uncertainty in Acoustics.                             |

|                                | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Tutored works                  | 6           | 24                          | 30          |
| Laboratory practises           | 12          | 9                           | 21          |
| Previous studies / activities  | 0           | 15                          | 15          |
| Master Session                 | 19          | 38                          | 57          |
| Short answer tests             | 2           | 8                           | 10          |
| Reports / memories of practice | 2           | 10                          | 12          |
| Jobs and projects              | 1           | 4                           | 5           |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies        |   |
|----------------------|---|
|                      | Description   |
| Tutored works        | The student has to develope in group and write a report on two projects:<br>1. Procedure to describe and assess environmental noise un a real scenario.<br>2. Project of acoustic insulation according to the simplified method described in the CTE-DB HR<br>(Spanish Building Code, document for protection against noise). |
| Laboratory practises | Laboratory practises on:<br>1. Characterisation and assessment of noise annoyance.<br>2. Noise measurements in closed spaces.<br>3. Measurement of pass-by noise.<br>4. Measurement of acoustic insulation in buildings.<br>Detailed uncertainty budget for some of the measurements carried out.                             |
| Previous studies /   | The students must study and prepare with the sources of information given before the lectures and   |
| activities           | the practical sessions.   |
| Master Session       | Lectures will be given, developing the main concepts of the subject.  |

| Personalized attention  |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
|                         | Description  |  |
| Master Session          | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students) Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |
| Tutored works           | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students) Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |
| Laboratory<br>practises | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students) Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |
| Short answer tests      | The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students) Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published. |  |

 Reports / memories
 The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students)

 Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published.

 Jobs and projects
 The doubts, questions and discussions on topics related to the subject can be carried out in tutoring sessions which can be attended either individually or in small groups (maximum 3 students)

 Previous appointment with the professor is needed. The appointment will be requested and agreed by email, preferably in the hours and places previously scheduled and officially published.

| Assessment            |  |                  |                     |
|-----------------------|--|------------------|---------------------|
|                       | Description  | Qualification Ev | aluated Competences |
| Tutored works         | Tutored practical project, with the delivery of a final report.  | 30               | CG2                 |
|                       |  |                  | CG5                 |
|                       |  |                  | CG7                 |
|                       |  |                  | CG8                 |
|                       |  |                  | CE78                |
|                       |  |                  | CE79                |
| Short answer tests    | Written test, with short questions on the theory of the subject. | 40               | CG2                 |
|                       |  |                  | CG5                 |
|                       |  |                  | CG7                 |
|                       |  |                  | CE78                |
|                       |  |                  | CE79                |
| Reports / memories of | Questions and report of the practical tasks.                     | 30               | CG2                 |
| practice              |  |                  | CG5                 |
|                       |  |                  | CG7                 |
|                       |  |                  | CE78                |
|                       |  |                  | CE79                |

#### Other comments and July evaluation

Following the guidelines of the degree, two systems of evaluation are offered: continuous assessment (recommended) and a final examination. Evaluation with only a final examination will be only allowed in situations in which it is imposible to follow the recommended system.

LANGUAGE: The student can choose the language to use during the assessment process between english and spanish.

#### CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT:

The continuous assessment will be based in the evaluation of practical task, projects and two tests. Once a student has signed a document of agreement with the process of continuous assessment, the final degree will be obtained by the application of the criteria described bellow.

The subject is assessed in a 0 to 10 points scale and it is considered "passed" if each activity is graded equal or greater than 4, and the final grade obtained is equal or greater than 5. The final grade with be obtained from the weighted sum of the grade obtained in the following tasks with the given weights.

- 1. Tutored works: 30 % of the final grade. Two reports will be delivered: the first during the 6th week and the second during the 11th week
- 2. Reports of practical tasks(Weight: 40 %).
- 3. Short answer tests : A short answer test is included in the process of continuous assessment, at the end of the tern, with a weight of 40% on the final grade.

#### FINAL EXAMINATION:

A final examination is available for those students that for some reason could not follow the continuous evaluation assessment process. In this case there is date scheduled and officially published for final examination. The final examination will consist in a short answer test, and some additional questions related with the practical tasks and projects.

The subject is assessed in a 0 to 10 points scale and it is considered "passed" if the final grade obtained is equal or greater than 5.

# RETAKE IN JULY:

There is scheduled date in july for a final examination retake, for those students that either dropped out during the semester or failed. Prior the examination, a student can choose to follow the continuous assessment or the final examination. In the former selection, the grades obtained in the projects and practical tasks will be taken into account and the student will only answer to the short answer test. If the later, (final examination), the student will have also to answer a full examination as described before.

## Sources of information

, DIRECTIVE 2002/49/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 25 June 2002 relating to the assessment and management of environmental noise, , Official Journal of the European Communities, 18.0

ISO Standard, ISO 1996-1. Acoustics -- Description, measurement and assessment of environmental noise -- Part 1: Basic quantities and assessment procedures, , ISO Standard

ISO Standard, ISO 1996-2. Acoustics -- Description, measurement and assessment of environmental noise -- Part 2: Determination of environmental noise levels, , ISO Standard

Birgit Rasmussen, J. H. Rindel, Sound insulation between dwellings – Descriptors applied in building regulations in Europe, , Applied Acoustics 71 (2010) 171–180

Birgit Rasmussen, Sound insulation between dwellings – Requirements in building regulations in Europe, , Applied Acoustics 71 (2010) 373–385

ISO Standard., ISO 140-4:1998 Acoustics -- Measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements -- Part 4: Field measurements of airborne sound insulation between rooms., , ISO Standard.

Hyperlinks:

- Evaluation of measurement data Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement.
- Evaluation of measurement data An introduction to the "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement" and related documents
- Evaluation of measurement data Supplement 1 to the "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement" Propagation of distributions using a Monte Carlo method

#### Recommendations

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Room Acoustics/V05G300V01635 Fundamentals of Acoustics Engineering/V05G300V01531 Sound Processing/V05G300V01634 Audio Systems/V05G300V01532 Audiovisual Technology/V05G300V01631

| IDENTIFYING DATA       |   |          |      |            |
|------------------------|---|----------|------|------------|
| Audiovisual production |   |          |      |            |
| Subject                | Audiovisual   |          |      |            |
|                        | production  |          |      |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01935   |          |      |            |
| Study                  | (*)Grao en  |          |      |            |
| programme              | Enxeñaría de  |          |      |            |
|                        | Tecnoloxías de  |          |      |            |
|                        | Telecomunicación  |          |      |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре     | Year | Quadmester |
|                        | 6   | Optional | 4th  | 1st        |
| Language               | Spanish   |          |      |            |
|                        | Galician  |          |      |            |
|                        | English   |          |      |            |
| Department             |   |          |      |            |
| Coordinator            | r Fernández Santiago, Luís Emilio   |          |      |            |
| Lecturers              | Fernández Santiago, Luís Emilio   |          |      |            |
| E-mail                 | faraon@uvigo.es   |          |      |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |          |      |            |
| General<br>description | General knowledge of the processes and lar<br>oriented them to get the ability to integrate<br>technical positions. |          |      |            |

Also, achieve general skills on cameras, Sets and NLE Editing Systems.

Documentation in english.

| Comp | etencies   |                      |
|------|--|----------------------|
| Code |  | Typology             |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity. | - know<br>- Know be  |
| CG8  | CG8: To know and apply basic elements of economics and human resources management, project organization and planning, as well as the legislation, regulation and standarization in Telecommunications.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CG12 | CG12 The development of discussion ability about technical subjects  | - know<br>- Know be  |
| CE80 | (CE80/OP23) The ability to conceptually and technically manage the phases in an audiovisual production.  | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE81 | (CE81/OP24) The ability to creatively and skillfully use the technical equipment for production development.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE82 | (CE82/OP25) The ability to use specific software applications in audiovisual production.   | - know<br>- Know How |
| CE83 | (CE83/OP26) The ability to organize an audiovisual production.   | - Know How           |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - Know be            |

| Learning outcomes   |             |  |
|---|-------------|--|
| Learning outcomes   | Competences |  |
| Know the stages and the techniques of an Audiovisual production.          | CG4         |  |
|   | CG8         |  |
|   | CG12        |  |
|   | CE80        |  |
| Identify the various audiovisual structures.                              | CE80        |  |
| Know use the necessary technologies to develop an audiovisual production. | CG4         |  |
|   | CG12        |  |
|   | CE80        |  |
|   | CE81        |  |
|   | CE82        |  |
|   | CT2         |  |
| Know use of the postproduction software tools.                            | CE81        |  |
|   | CE82        |  |

| Contents                                    |  |
|---|--|
| Торіс                                       |  |
| Audiovisual Concepts:                       | Basic audiovisual language.<br>Polysemy audiovisual, formats and genres.<br>Production development, From Script to Broadcast:<br>-script, revision, screenplay, development.<br>shooting script, Storyboard.<br>-Production Breakdown script, blocking shoots, shooting schedule, call<br>sheets.<br>Generic Organization of a studio.<br>Generic Organization of production.  |
| Definition of technical positions:          | Preproduction:<br>-Advisor (foresight other stages)<br>-Technical Direction.<br>-IT system Administration. (Networks, databases-nomenclatures-,<br>adaptation)<br>Production:<br>-Electrical (lighting, rush)<br>-Physical effects (mechanical, electronic, computer)<br>-Sound. (Record, registration)<br>-Signal Control.<br>-Camera Control.<br>Postproduction:<br>-Transfer of information.<br>-Quality control, compression.<br>-Postprodcution operator (editing, Grading)<br>-Computer effects.<br>Broadcast:<br>-Recoding, compressing and reformatting.<br>-Replication.<br>-Streaming. |
| Audiovisual Genres                          | Specific studio / production genre based:<br>-Fiction<br>-Advertising<br>-Industrial<br>-News<br>-Magazines<br>-Visual Effects<br>-Animation<br>TV as a set  |
| Theoretical information linked to practices | NEWS<br>-news, scipting, call sheets, recording.<br>-Capture, editing and export.<br>-Playlist, headers, bursts, direction, broadcast.<br>REPORT:<br>-Types, definition, development,<br>DOCUMENTARY:<br>-Documentation, rhythm, graphics.<br>FICTION:<br>-single camera, multi camera.  |

Camera: -Installation. -Specific and common elements. -Settings. -Analysis of the signal. -Variables involved in filming.

NEWS -News, scipting, call sheets, recording. -News scripting and Recording.

Edition: -Setting projects -Footage capture. -online/offline - linear / nonlinear -Three points editing -Triming -Audio setting. (Levels) -Export.

NEWS -Capture, editing and export. -Editing news.

Set -Set's camera. -Camera control -Lighting -Chroma lighting -Set's Resources -Direction

NEWS -Playlist, headers, bursts, direction, broadcast.

**REPORT:** 

-Types, definition, development, -Developing, recording and editing a story.

DOCUMENTARY: -Documentation, rhythm, graphics.

FICTION:

-Single camera, multi camera. -Development, directión, production design, conducting a fictional Gag in single camera and set.

POSTPRODUCTION (the basics): quality lost in compression / quality comparison. chroma key. wire removal. track. 3D track. integration.

# Planning

|  | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Master Session   | 16          | 40                             | 56          |
| Laboratory practises                                     | 7           | 11                             | 18          |
| Classroom work   | 10          | 45                             | 55          |
| Outdoor study / field practices                          | 5.84        | 0                              | 5.84        |
| Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated. | 0.16        | 0                              | 0.16        |
| Multiple choice tests                                    | 1           | 0                              | 1           |
| Reports / memories of practice                           | 2           | 12                             | 14          |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                      |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
|                                    | Description   |
| Master Session                     | Theoretical sessions on concepts of visual language, formats, sets and use, workflow and integration of technical human resources in the production's team. |
| Laboratory practises               | practise on images and sound gathering and their postproduction to develop audiovisual products.  |
| Classroom work                     | Realization of Audiovisual contents to suitable for differect formats, apliying the knowledge learnt<br>in the laboratory practices.                        |
| Outdoor study / field<br>practices | Practices in the TV Set of CC.SS. Aimed to the understanding of direction workflow for news and fictional programs.   |

| Personalized attention            |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|                                   | Description  |  |
| Reports / memories of<br>practice | Personal review of the Edition of the individual report, aiming to the new knoweledge adquired by the student about the subject.                           |  |
|                                   | Assistance in the development of the single/Multicamera report about format/genre, in wich the the theoretical knowledge seen in the subject are included. |  |

| Assessment                    |  |                   |                      |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------------|----------------------|
|                               | Description  | Qualification Eva | aluated Competencess |
| Classroom work                | Group products developed in the classroom and in the self time: News, Repor, Documentary, Fiction. | 40                | CG4                  |
|                               |  |                   | CG8                  |
|                               |  |                   | CG12                 |
|                               |  |                   | CE80                 |
|                               |  |                   | CE82                 |
| Practical tests, real task    | Individual Editing of the report and set's individual test.  | 25                | CG4                  |
| execution and / or simulated. |  |                   | CE81                 |
| Sinulateu.                    |  |                   | CE82                 |
|                               |  |                   | CT2                  |
| Multiple choice tests         | Test, theoretical contents and practical concepts of the   | 20                | CG8                  |
|                               | subject.   |                   | CE80                 |
|                               |  |                   | CE81                 |
|                               |  |                   | CE82                 |
|                               |  |                   | CE83                 |
| Reports / memories of         | Report of the differences between multicamera and  | 15                | CG8                  |
| practice                      | singlecamera productions over the various studied formats.<br>Study of a project.                  |                   | CG12                 |
|                               |  |                   | CE83                 |
|                               |  |                   | CT2                  |

# Other comments and July evaluation

In second call will be necessary pass an Test (30%-theoretical contents and practical concepts of the subject) and questions to develop(30%-knowledge of the process of production formats) and a practical exercise of efficience in the handle of camera and NLE edition (40%).

| Sources  | of | information |
|----------|----|-------------|
| 50011CC5 | •  | mornation   |

ALTEN, STANLEY, Audio in media, , Wadsworth

TRIBALDOS, CLEMENTE, Sonido profesional, , Paraninfo

RUMSEY, FRANCIS. MCCORMICK, TIM, Sonido y grabación; Introducción a las técnicas sonoras, 2ª edición, IORTV

ONDAATJE, MICHEL, The Conversations: Walter Murch and the Art of Editing Film, , Bloomsbury Publishing Plc

BRINKMANN, R., The art and science of digital compositing, 2nd ed, Elsevier

MMILLERSON, GERALD. OWENS, JIM, Television production, , Taylor & Francis

# Recommendations

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Image processing and analysis/V05G300V01931 Multimedia technology and computer graphics/V05G300V01932

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405 Fundamentals of Image Processing/V05G300V01632 Sound Processing/V05G300V01634 Imaging Systems/V05G300V01633 Audiovisual Technology/V05G300V01631 Video and Television/V05G300V01533

| IDENTIFYIN             | IG DATA   |  |   |   |
|------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Multimedia             | services  |  |   |   |
| Subject                | Multimedia<br>services  |  |   |   |
| Code                   | V05G300V01941   |  |   |   |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |  |   |   |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре   | Year  | Quadmester  |
|                        | 6   | Optional   | 4th   | 1st   |
| Language               | Spanish   |  | ·   |   |
| Department             |   |  |   |   |
| Coordinator            | Blanco Fernández, Yolanda   |  |   |   |
| Lecturers              | Blanco Fernández, Yolanda<br>Mikic Fonte, Fernando Ariel  |  |   |   |
| E-mail                 | yolanda@det.uvigo.es  |  |   |   |
| Web                    | http://www.faitic.es  |  |   |   |
| General<br>description | The aim of this subject is to provide the s<br>allow them to understand the basic princi<br>To this aim, it is necessary to present the<br>the available mechanisms for the transmi<br>The focus is put on the realm of television<br>the transmission over IP networks (IPTV).<br>The practical part of the subject will allow<br>telematic services based on the transmiss<br>interactive services about digital television | iples of the digital treatment<br>main standards in the field of<br>ission of the audiovisual infor<br>n, dealing with both the digita<br>of the students to experiment<br>sion of multimedia streams, a | of the multimed<br>of the multimedia<br>mation through<br>al terrestrial TV b<br>with the design<br>along with the pr | ia information.<br>a processing, as well as<br>telematic networks.<br>proadcasting (DTTV) and<br>and development of |
|                        | The documentation of the subject will be  | available in English   |   |   |

The documentation of the subject will be available in English.

| Com   | petencies  |             |                      |
|---|--|-------------|----------------------|
| Code  |  |             | Typology             |
| CG3   | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  |             | - know               |
| CG6   | CG6: The aptitude to manage mandatory specifications, procedures and laws.   |             | - know               |
| CE84 (CE84/OP27) The ability to apply the techniques based on computer, networks and distributed applications and services, in the broadcasting and interchange of audiovisual information. |  |             | - know<br>- Know Hov |
| СТЗ   | CT3 CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible,<br>open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination<br>based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. |             | - Know be            |
| Lear  | ning outcomes  |             |                      |
| Learn   | ing outcomes   | Comp        | etences              |
| Unde  | rstand the basic foundations of the digital treatment of the multimedia information.   | CG3<br>CE84 |                      |
| Know  | the main standards in the field of the processing of the multimedia information  | CG6         |                      |

| Know the main standards in the field of the processing of the multimedia information.                    | CGO  |
|--|------|
| Understand the foundations and the main mediums adopted in digital TV broadcasting.                      | CG6  |
|  | CE84 |
| Know the basic foundations of the transmission of audiovisual information through telematic networks.    | CG3  |
|  | CE84 |
|  | СТЗ  |
| Acquire skills in the design and development of telematic services based on exchanging audiovisual       | CG3  |
| contents.  | CE84 |
|  | СТЗ  |
| Acquire skills for the programming of telematic services in the scope of interactive digital television. | CE84 |
|  |      |

- Contents
- Topic

# 1. Multimedia systems: Foundations and basic concepts a. Digitalization of audio and video signals. b. Format for storage of audio and video signals.

| concepts                               | <ul> <li>b. Format for storage of audio and video signals.</li> </ul>    |  |
|--|--|--|
|  | <ul> <li>c. Conditional access and digital rights management.</li> </ul> |  |
| 2. Terrestrial Digital TV broadcasting | a. Architecture  |  |
|  | b. Transport of bitstreams   |  |
|  | c. Signaling   |  |
|  | d. Middlewares   |  |
|  | e. Mobile Digital Television   |  |
| 3. IP Television and video-on-demand   | a. Architecture  |  |
|  | b. Data distribution. VoD and nVoD.                                      |  |
|  | c. Broadcasting, multicasting and P2P                                    |  |
|  | d. Systems and protocols   |  |
|  | e. Signaling   |  |
|  |  |  |

| 2  | 2            |  |
|----|--------------|--|
|    | Z            | 4  |
| 7  | 33           | 40   |
| 4  | 7            | 11   |
| 8  | 22           | 30   |
| 19 | 35           | 54   |
| 2  | 9            | 11   |
|    | 8<br>19<br>2 | 4         7           8         22           19         35 |

| Methodologies                  |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
|                                | Description   |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | The students, organized into groups of 2-3 people (as per professor's criteria), will expose to their mates in the computer room the design proposed for the project planned for the group classes. The aim is to argue the advantages and problems of each model, promoting the debate around the proposal of each group. The professor will carry out a personalized follow-up of each group, with the goal of fixing possible deficiencies and guiding right design decisions. |
|                                | These methodologies will assess the skills CG3, CG6 and CT3.  |
| Projects                       | The students, organized in groups of 2-3 people (as per professor's criteria), will implement the project posed by the professor. The goal is to boost a collective discussion to identify the key points in the development of the project. The students will combine face-to-face work in the computer room with the individual work.   |
|                                | These methodologies will assess the skills CG3, CG6 and CT3.  |
| Practice in computer<br>rooms  | The professor will propose practices in which the students will deal with the main concepts explained in the subject, putting the focus on the coding formats adopted in the transmission of multimedia information. The doubts arisen during the autonomous work of the students in the computer room will allow to promote the debate of the group to agree the best solution for each problem.   |
|                                | These methodologies will assess the skills CE84 and CG3.  |
| Practice in computer<br>rooms  | The professor will propose practices in which the students will deal with the main concepts explained in the subject, putting the focus on possible applications in the realm of Terrestrial Digital TV and transmission of television over IP. The doubts arisen during the autonomous work of the students in the computer room will allow to promote the debate of the group to agree the best solution for each problem.  |
|                                | These methodologies will assess the skills CE84, CG3 and CG6.   |
| Master Session                 | Classes where the main theoretical concepts of the subject will be explained, by proposing examples and possible application scenarios in the context of the transmission of multimedia streams.  |
|                                | These methodologies will assess the skills CG3 and CG6.   |
|                                | 5   |

Description

| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | The personalized attention will be based on following-up the work of each student, by tracking the solutions proposed for the practices in room computers and group projects, and the public presentation of their designs and implementations. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Projects                       | The personalized attention will be based on following-up the work of each student, by tracking the solutions proposed for the practices in room computers and group projects, and the public presentation of their designs and implementations. |
| Practice in computer rooms     | The personalized attention will be based on following-up the work of each student, by tracking the solutions proposed for the practices in room computers and group projects, and the public presentation of their designs and implementations. |
| Practice in computer rooms     | The personalized attention will be based on following-up the work of each student, by tracking the solutions proposed for the practices in room computers and group projects, and the public presentation of their designs and implementations. |

|                                     | Description  | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions      | The students, organised in groups of 2-3 people (as per the professors' criteria) will present the design proposed for the project posed in the  |               | CG3                       |
|                                     | classes type C. These oral presentations will take place the penultimate week of the course.   |               | CG6<br>CT3                |
| Projects                            | The students, organised in groups of 2-3 people (according to the  | 30            | CG3                       |
|                                     | professors' criteria), will develop a project about Digital TV broadcast or<br>IPTV. This project, that will be delivered between the days 8 and 15 January  |               | CG6                       |
|                                     | 2016, will include the code and the necessary documentation to justify the decisions of design and the criteria considered in the development of the solution proposed.  |               | CT3                       |
| Practice in                         | The students, organised in groups of 2 people, will deliver a report in which  | 10            | CG3                       |
| which<br>of the<br>necess<br>develo | they will describe the solution proposed for a first practice in the laboratory,<br>which will be about the main formats of coding adopted in the transmission<br>of the multimedia information over telematic networks. In case to be<br>necessary, the submission will include the software used in the<br>development of the solution proposed. This first practice will be delivered<br>during 6th week of the course. |               | CE84                      |
| Practice in                         | Each student will deliver individually a report that describes properly the  | 20            | CG3                       |
| computer rooms                      | solution proposed for the second of the practical proposals in the laboratory, which will be about Digital TV broadcast. The proposed solutions must   | ,             | CG6                       |
|                                     | include the coding adopted in the development of the practice, as well as a rigorous discussion about design decisions and implementation details. The practice will be delivered during 10th week of the course.  |               | CE84                      |
| Multiple choice                     | Each student will takeindividually and without material of support an  | 30            | CG3                       |
| tests                               | exam including multiple-choice tests and short-answer questions, which is<br>aimed at assessing his level of understanding on the theoretical concepts<br>explained in the subject. This exam will be held on the official date<br>approved by the Board of School. Any type of support material is not<br>allowed in this exam.   |               | CG6                       |

There exist two mechanisms for the assessment of students in this subject: continuous assessment (CA) and traditional assessment (TA). Regardless of the considered assessment mechanism, the pass mark for the subject is 5 out of 10.

The students must choose one of the possible mechanisms by bearing in mind the following conditions:

- CA includes the 5 tests described above.
- Students who sit CA must submit during the 6th week of the course their solution for the first practice proposed in the computer room (3rd test in the previous section). By the submission of this practice the student makes a commitment to be assessed via CA, thus renouncing the TA mechanism. In virtue of this commitment, the final remark of these students cannot be "Not taken".
- Students who do not submit the first practice during the 6th week of the course renounce to the CA, thus being assessed through the TA mechanism. Note that it will not be possible to join the CA in the next tests.
- CA tests will be carried out only in the dates defined by the professors. These CA tests cannot be repeated later.
- The grades obtained in the CA and other exams and practical projects are only valid for the current academic year.
- CA will be just considered in the first opportunity to pass the subject. In the second one only TA will be valid.

# Students who sit CA in the first opportunity to pass the subject will be assessed as follows:

• CA tests will be 100% of the final remark of the student. This assessment mechanism consists of five CA tests that have been previously described (a multiple-choice test, two practices in the computer room, public presentation of the design of a practical project and the final implementation of this project). Note that the student makes a commitment to follow-up CA by submitting the first practice during the 6th week of the course, thus renouncing the TA mechanism.

# **Students who sit TA in the first opportunity to pass the subject** will be assessed as follows:

- A final exam that these students will take in the official date published at http://www.teleco.uvigo.es. This test will include short-answer questions and/or multiple-choice tests, along with problems and practical use cases to be analyzed and resolved. The weight of this exam in the final remark is 50%. Note that support materials are not allowed.
- Submission of a practical project that will include software and documentation to justify design decisions and describe implementation details. The weight of this project in the final remark is 50%. Note that that each student must submit this project <u>individually</u> in a date to be confirmed between 8th and 15th January, 2016.

Students who did not pass the subject in the first opportunity, will have **a second opportunity** where they cannot be assessed via CA, so that **only TA is valid**. Therefore, these students must (i) take the final exam (in the official date published at http://www.teleco.uvigo.es) and (ii) submit <u>individually</u> the practical project (in the date published by professors at www.faitic.uvigo.es), as described above for the TA mechanism. The weight of each part in the final remark will be 50%.

## Sources of information

Wes Simpson, Video over IP IPTV, Internet video, H.264, P2P, Web TV, and streaming: a complete guide to understanding the technology, Elsevier, 2008

Artur Lugmayr, Samuli Niiranen, Seppo Kalli, Digital Interactive TV and metadata, Springer, 2004

George Lekakos, Konstantinos Chorianopoulos, Georgios Doukidis, Interactive Digital Television: technologies and applications, IGI Publishing, 2007

José J. Pazos Arias, Carlos Delgado Kloos, Martín López Nores, Personalization of Interactive Multimedia Services: a research and development perspective, Nova Science Publishers, 2008

Liliana Ardissono, Alfred Kobsa, Mark Maybury, Personalized Digital Television: targeting programs to individual viewers, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2004

Other sources of information related with DVB standards (http://www.dvb.org/technology/standards/):

• Framing structure, channel coding and modulation for digital terrestrial television (IN 300 744 V1.6.1). January 2009.

- Implementation guidelines for DVB terrestrial services; Transmission aspects (TR 101 190 V1.3.2). May 2011.
- Mega-frame for Single Frequency Network (SFN) synchronization (TS 101 191 V1.4.1). June 2004.

#### Recommendations

#### **Other comments**

It is recommended to have taken or to be taking the following subjects of the Telematics-related module:

- + Operating systems
- + Architecture and Technology of Networks
- + Security
- + Concurrent and Distributed Programming
- + Networks and Switching Theory
- + Multimedia Networks
- + Systems of Information
- + Architectures and Telematic Services

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA   |                            |                   |                         |
|------------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Wireless ar            | id mobile networks   |                            |                   |                         |
| Subject                | Wireless and<br>mobile networks  |                            |                   |                         |
| Code                   | V05G300V01942  |                            |                   |                         |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |                            |                   |                         |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре                       | Year              | Quadmester              |
|                        | 6  | Optional                   | 4th               | 1st                     |
| Language               | Spanish<br>Galician<br>English   |                            |                   |                         |
| Department             |  |                            |                   |                         |
| Coordinator            | Gil Castiñeira, Felipe José  |                            |                   |                         |
| Lecturers              | Gil Castiñeira, Felipe José<br>López Bravo, Cristina   |                            |                   |                         |
| E-mail                 | xil@gti.uvigo.es   |                            |                   |                         |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |                            |                   |                         |
| General<br>description | The subject "Wireless and Mobile Networks" (<br>mobile networks, one of the technological bas<br>communications protocols, and looks at the o<br>movement. | sis of the present society | , studying the ex | isting challenges for t |

The focus of this subject will be on network protocols above physical layer (nevertheless, it will touch the most important physical layer properties).

The documentation will be available in english.

| Com  | petencies  |                                   |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Code |  | Typology                          |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know                            |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How                        |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.   | - Know How                        |
| CE85 | (CE85/OP28) The ability to analyze, plan and deploy wireless communication networks for different coverage ranges: metropolitan, local and short range.  | - know<br>- Know How              |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - know<br>- Know How              |
| CT3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - know<br>- Know How<br>- Know be |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance o responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.   | f - Know How                      |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| Understand the main concepts of wireless communications. | CG3         |
|  | CE85        |
|  | CT2         |
|  | СТ3         |

| Understand the main concepts of mobile communications.           | CG3<br>CE85<br>CT2<br>CT3               |
|--|---|
| Know the main protocols used in wireless communication networks. | CG3<br>CE85<br>CT2<br>CT3               |
| Know the architectures used in wireless communication networks.  | CG3<br>CE85<br>CT2<br>CT3               |
| Ability to design mobile wireless networks.                      | CG4<br>CG9<br>CE85<br>CT2<br>CT3<br>CT4 |

| Contents                                     |  |
|--|--|
| Торіс  |  |
| Introduction to wireless communications      | Channel characteristics                                |
|  | Multiple access  |
|  | Modulation   |
| Principles of operation of wireless networks | Mobility management                                    |
|  | Introduction to ubiquitous computing                   |
|  | Ad hoc networks, routing                               |
|  | Security   |
|  | Network topologies                                     |
| Wide area networks                           | Architecture   |
|  | Mobile networks  |
|  | Network topologies                                     |
|  | Practical case   |
| Local networks                               | Architecture: ad hoc and infrastructure based networks |
|  | User authentication approaches                         |
|  | Security   |
|  | Quality of services                                    |
|  | Practical case   |
| Low range networks                           | Architecture   |
|  | Bandwidth/power consumption balance                    |
|  | Personal communication                                 |
|  | Industrial communication                               |

| Planning                                      |                              |                              |                             |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | Class hours                  | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |
| Practice in computer rooms                    | 13                           | 39                           | 52                          |
| Integrated methodologies                      | 6                            | 28                           | 34                          |
| Master Session                                | 19                           | 38                           | 57                          |
| Reports / memories of practice                | 0                            | 3                            | 3                           |
| Systematic observation                        | 1                            | 0                            | 1                           |
| Jobs and projects                             | 1                            | 0                            | 1                           |
| Short answer tests                            | 2                            | 0                            | 2                           |
| *The information in the planning table is for | or guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |

| Methodologies               |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
|                             | Description  |
| Practice in computer rooms  | Students will complete guided and supervised practices in the laboratory.                                    |
| Integrated<br>methodologies | Team development of the design, implementation and validation of a protocol, system, application or service. |
| Master Session              | Professors present the main theoretical contents related to wireless and mobile networks.                    |

| Personalized attention    |   |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|
|                           | Description   |  |
| Practice in computer room | s The professors of the course will provide individual attention to the students during the course, solving their doubts and questions. |  |
|                           | In addition, the professors will advise and will guide the students during the realization of the tasks.                                |  |
| Integrated methodologies  | The professors of the course will provide individual attention to the students during the course, solving their doubts and questions.   |  |
|                           | In addition, the professors will advise and will guide the students during the realization of the tasks.                                |  |

|                               | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess                      |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------|--|
| Master Session                | Students will be evaluated to asses what they have learned in master sessions.  | 30            | CG3<br>CE85                                    |
| Practice in computer<br>rooms | Students will fill lab reports to asses the correct realization and understanding of the laboratory tasks.  | 20            | CG3<br>CG4<br>CE85                             |
| Integrated<br>methodologies   | Students will be divided in groups to complete the design,<br>implementation and validation of a protocol, a system, an<br>application or service. The result will be evaluated after the<br>delivery, having into account key aspects such as the correction,<br>the quality, the performance and the functionalities. In addition,<br>during the implementation of the project, the design and the<br>evolution of the development will be evaluated. | 50            | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG9<br>CE85<br>CT2<br>CT3<br>CT4 |

In order to pass the course it is necessary to complete the different parts of the course (master sessions, practices in labs, and tutored works). The final grade will be the **weighted geometric mean** of the grades of the different parts (i.e. it is not possible to pass the subject with a zero in one part). If "x" is the grade obtained for the master sessions, "y" for the practices in labs, and "z" for the tutored works, the final grade will be: grade =  $x^{0.3*y^{-0.2*z^{-0.5}}}$ 

During the first month, students must declare if they opt for continuous or final assessment. Students who select continuous assessment and submit the first task or lab report may not be listed as "Not Present".

Students that opt by the final assessment procedure, must submit an additional dossier with detailed information about the events and issues that arose during the execution of the different tasks, and especially the tutored work. In addition, during the first month of the course, professors will notify students if they have to do the tutored work individually, in the case they opt for final assessment.

#### Second opportunity to pass the course

The course final exam will only be held for students who failed the course in the first oportunity (semester final exam).

In order to pass the course it is necessary to complete the different parts of the subject, which will be evaluated as is indicated in the tests description section. Besides, it will be necessary to submit an additional dossier with detailed information about the events and issues that arose during the execution of the different tasks, and especially the tutored work.

Students that have opted by the continuous assessment procedure, can decide to maintain the grades of the parts they have already passed in the first opportunity or discard them.

#### Other comments

The grades obtained are only valid for the current academic year.

Although the tutored work will be completed (if possible) in groups, the performance of each student in his or her group will

be analyzed continuously

Although the tutored work will be completed (if possible) in groups, the performance of each student in his or her group will be monitored continuously. In the case in which the performance of a member of the group wouldn't be adequate compared with the performance of his or her team mates, he or she could be excluded from the group and/or qualified individually.

The use of any material during the tests will have to be explicitly authorized.

# Sources of information

Viajy Garg, Wireless Communications and Networking, 1, 2007

Kaveh Pahlavan, Prashant Krishnamurthy, Networking Fundamentals: Wide, Local and Personal Area Communications , 1, 2009

Pei Zheng, Larry L. Peterson, Bruce S. Davie, Adrian Farre, Wireless Networking Complete, 1, 2009 James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach, 6, 2012

#### Recommendations

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer Networks/V05G300V01403 Data Networks: Technology and Architecture/V05G300V01542

| IDENTIFYIN             | G DATA   |   |  |  |
|------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Intelligent            | systems programming  |   |  |  |
| Subject                | Intelligent systems  |   |  |  |
|                        | programming  |   |  |  |
| Code                   | V05G300V01943  |   |  |  |
| Study                  | (*)Grao en   |   |  |  |
| programme              | Enxeñaría de   |   |  |  |
|                        | Tecnoloxías de   |   |  |  |
|                        | Telecomunicación   |   |  |  |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits   | Туре  | Year   | Quadmester                             |
|                        | 6  | Optional  | 4th  | 1st                                    |
| Language               | English  |   |  |  |
| Department             |  |   |  |  |
| Coordinator            | Burguillo Rial, Juan Carlos  |   |  |  |
| Lecturers              | Burguillo Rial, Juan Carlos  |   |  |  |
|                        | Costa Montenegro, Enrique  |   |  |  |
| E-mail                 | jrial@uvigo.es   |   |  |  |
| Web                    |  |   |  |  |
| General<br>description | This course will begin providing the notion of<br>interact for modeling and solving complex pr<br>application of intelligent agents and multiage<br>them with other current paradigms such as:<br>distributed of networks, the adaptive user int | oblems. Later we will stue<br>ent systems in current co<br>object oriented programn | dy the design, im<br>mmunications te<br>ning, mobile age | plementation and chnologies and relate |

The students will learn to program multiagent systems in suitable platforms and mobile terminals (Android). Besides, they will perform a work in group, where they will extend the concepts studied in the subject to other topics of their own interest.

This subject will be taught and evaluated in English, but students have the possibility to interact in Spanish with the teachers at the classroom or at the lab. The documentation of the subject will be provided in English.

| Com  | petencies  |            |
|------|--|------------|
| Code |  | Typology   |
| CG3  | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know     |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.   | - Know How |
| CE86 | (CE86/OP29) The ability to program computer applications and services based on artificial intelligence.  | - Know How |
| CT2  | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - know     |
| СТ3  | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - know     |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.  | - Know How |

| Learning outcomes  |             |
|--|-------------|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
| To understand the basic concepts of intelligent systems: search, reasoning and learning. | CG3         |
|  | CG4         |
|  | CG9         |
|  | CT2         |
|  | CT3         |
|  | CT4         |

| To know the main concepts related with intelligent agents and multiagent systems.                      | CG3<br>CE86<br>CT2        |
|--|---------------------------|
| To understand the basic concepts of software engineering in intelligent systems.                       | CT3<br>CG3                |
| To understand the basic concepts of software engineering in intelligent systems.                       | CE86                      |
| To achieve a suitable level of expertise in the use of IDEs for programming intelligent systems.       | CE86<br>CT2               |
| To acquire skills in the design and development of intelligent services applied to electronic devices. | CE86<br>CT2<br>CT3<br>CT4 |
| To acquire skills for the application of intelligent systems in complex telematic services.            | CE86<br>CT2<br>CT3<br>CT4 |

| Contents                                   |   |                   |             |
|--|---|-------------------|-------------|
| Торіс                                      |   |                   |             |
| Introduction to intelligent systems        | a) Searching<br>b) Reasoning<br>c) Learning   |                   |             |
| Intelligent agents                         | <ul> <li>a) Definition of intell</li> <li>b) Architectures for i</li> <li>c) Learning and adaption</li> </ul> | ntelligent agents |             |
| Multiagent systems                         | b) Communication b  |                   |             |
| Software engineering of oriented to agents | a) Programming and<br>b) Agents vs. Object<br>c) Agents vs. Expert<br>d) The JADE develop                     | Systems           | agents      |
| Multiagent systems and Game Theory         | a) Cooperation vs. C<br>b) Negotiation<br>c) Auctions<br>d) electronic Comme                                  |                   |             |
| Mobile agents                              | <ul><li>a) Concept of mobile</li><li>b) Security problems</li><li>c) Possible application</li></ul>           | 5                 |             |
| Planning                                   |   |                   |             |
|  | Class hours   | Hours outside the | Total hours |

|                         | Class hours | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours |
|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Introductory activities | 3           | 6                              | 9           |
| Master Session          | 9           | 36                             | 45          |
| Laboratory practises    | 14          | 28                             | 42          |
| Proceedings             | 9           | 0                              | 9           |
| Forum Index             | 0           | 4                              | 4           |
| Tutored works           | 6           | 30                             | 36          |
| Multiple choice tests   | 1           | 4                              | 5           |
|                         |             |                                |             |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

# Methodologies

|                         | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Introductory activities | We start doing a generic introduction to the aims, and the global contents of the subject together with the results expected at the end of the course. |
| Master Session          | We describe the different topics of the subject providing the necessary educational material.  |
|                         | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CT2, CT3 and CT4 are developed.  |

| Laboratory practises | Every student must do a practical task in the laboratory with the JADE development platform.   |  |  |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
|                      | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CG9, CE86, CT2 and CT3 are developed.  |  |  |
| Proceedings          | In the classes there will be open discussion, among groups of students, in order to focus on a topic of subject content, the analysis of a case, the outcome of a project, exercise or problem previously developed a keynote address. |  |  |
|                      | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CG9, CE86, CT2, CT3 and CT4 are developed.   |  |  |
| Forum Index          | The students must perform some activities within the TEMA platform at FAITIC in order to discuss topics related to the subject.  |  |  |
|                      | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CE86, CT2, CT3 and CT4 are developed.   |  |  |
| Tutored works        | The students must perform a project in group, with the support of the professor, to extend and personalize the topics seen along the theoretical and practical classes.  |  |  |
|                      | At the same time, we will try that the students perform such project demos using Android terminals.  |  |  |
|                      | Through this methodology the competencies CG3, CG4, CG9, CE86, CT2, CT3 and CT4 are developed.   |  |  |

| Personalized attention  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
|                         | Description  |  |  |
| Tutored works           | In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance<br>to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology.<br>Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. |  |  |
|                         | It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along the course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts, and for performing the tasks and activities to be evaluated.   |  |  |
| Laboratory<br>practises | In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance<br>to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology.<br>Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. |  |  |
|                         | It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along the course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts, and for performing the tasks and activities to be evaluated.   |  |  |
| Proceedings             | In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance<br>to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology.<br>Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. |  |  |
|                         | It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along the course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts, and for performing the tasks and activities to be evaluated.   |  |  |
| Forum Index             | In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance<br>to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology.<br>Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. |  |  |
|                         | It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along the course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts, and for performing the tasks and activities to be evaluated.   |  |  |

| Assessment    |   |                  |                      |
|---------------|---|------------------|----------------------|
|               | Description   | Qualification Ev | aluated Competencess |
| Tutored works | tored works Evaluation of the works developed: understanding, maturity,<br>importance and originality of the work and interaction between the<br>group. | 30               | CG3                  |
|               |   | ē                | CG4                  |
|               |   |                  | CG9                  |
|               |   |                  | CE86                 |
|               |   |                  | CT2                  |
|               |   |                  | CT3                  |
|               |   |                  | CT4                  |

| Laboratory<br>practises  | The students will perform a practical task in the laboratory with<br>the JADE development platform where they will work with the<br>concepts studied in the theoretical classes. | 30 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG9<br>CE86<br>CT2<br>CT3        |
|--------------------------|--|----|--|
| Proceedings              | Discussions done along classes related with expositions done or read previously.   | 5  | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG9<br>CE86<br>CT2<br>CT3<br>CT4 |
| Forum Index              | Short answers and interaction done individually by students within<br>the TEMA platform to discuss topics related with the subject.  | 5  | CG3<br>CE86<br>CT2<br>CT3<br>CT4               |
| Multiple choice<br>tests | Three successive tests (weeks 4, 7 and 10) to evaluate the contents given up to that time in the course. The tests will be individual and with time limit.                       | 30 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CE86                             |

The elements that are part of the evaluation of the subject are the following:

- **Questionnaires**: along the course the student will fill 3 questionnaires that will contribute 10% to the final mark (each one).

- **Practical tasks**: each student will have to perform a practical task in the laboratory that will contribute 30% to the final mark.

- **Final work**: each student will have to do a work in group, about one among several possible topics, that will contribute 30% (5% proposal + 15% work done + 10% presentation) to the final mark.

- **Class participation**: students will discuss in class about expositions done by the professor, and this contributes in a 5% to the final mark.

- Forum participation: students must interact in the forum of the subject individually to achieve a 5% of the final mark.

Therefore, we have: questionnaires (3\*x10 = 30%) + Practical task (30%) + Group Work (30%) + Class participation (5%) + Forum (5%) = 100%.

Following the degree guidelines, the students that will follow this subject can choose between two evaluation: continuous evaluation and evaluation at the end of the semester.

**Continuous evaluation**: the student follows the continuous evaluation from the moment in that it fills two questionnaires. From that moment we assume that he/she has participated in the subject, independently of he/she assist to the final exam.

**Evaluation at the end of the semester**: the student will have to perform a final exam that substitutes the questionnaires done along the course, in addition to providing the practical task and the equivalent work to be done as part of the continuous evaluation.

Evaluation at the end of the second semester: the student will have to perform the part that has not passed previously.

#### The questionnaires and tasks, proposed and performed along the module, are only valid for the current course.

**Sources of information** Michael Wooldridge,, An Introduction to Multiagent Systems, Addison-Wesley, 2a, 2009

# Recommendations

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Programming II/V05G300V01302

## **Other comments**

The only requirement for the students, in order to follow this subject, is to have a basic understanding of Java programming.

| IDENTIFYIN  | IG DATA  |                            |                   |                          |
|-------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Integrated  | systems design                                 |                            |                   |                          |
| Subject     | Integrated systems                             |                            |                   |                          |
|             | design   |                            |                   |                          |
| Code        | V05G300V01944                                  |                            |                   |                          |
| Study       | (*)Grao en                                     |                            |                   |                          |
| programme   | Enxeñaría de                                   |                            |                   |                          |
|             | Tecnoloxías de                                 |                            |                   |                          |
|             | Telecomunicación                               |                            |                   |                          |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits                                   | Туре                       | Year              | Quadmester               |
|             | 6  | Optional                   | 4th               | 1st                      |
| Language    | Spanish  | ·                          |                   |                          |
|             | Galician                                       |                            |                   |                          |
|             | English  |                            |                   |                          |
| Department  |  |                            |                   |                          |
| Coordinator | Rodríguez Hernández, Pedro Salvador            |                            |                   |                          |
| Lecturers   | Gil Castiñeira, Felipe José                    |                            |                   |                          |
|             | Rodríguez Hernández, Pedro Salvador            |                            |                   |                          |
| E-mail      | pedro.rodriguez@uvigo.es                       |                            |                   |                          |
| Web         | http://faitic.uvigo.es                         |                            |                   |                          |
| General     | Embedded systems are part of almost all the o  | diary activities that invo | lve an electronic | device (the alarm clock, |
| description | the mobile phone, the car). This course intro  |                            |                   |                          |
|             | that include an operating system, and puts the |                            |                   |                          |
|             | documentation will be provided in English.     |                            |                   |                          |
|             |  |                            |                   |                          |
| Competenc   | ies  |                            |                   |                          |
| Code        |  |                            |                   | Typology                 |

| Code  |  | rypology                |
|-------|--|-------------------------|
| CG3   | CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations  | - know                  |
| CG4   | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.   | - Know How              |
| CG9   | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate,<br>in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and<br>Electronics.   | - Know How<br>- Know be |
| CE87  | (CE87/OP30) The ability to understand the specific requirements for integrated circuits with strict real time restrictions.  | - know                  |
| CE88  | (CE88/OP31) The ability to formulate and solve problems of design and development of integrated systems.   | - know<br>- Know How    |
| CT2   | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - Know be               |
| СТ3   | CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc. | - Know be               |
| СТ4   | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance or<br>responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for<br>equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.  | of - Know be            |
| Learı | ning outcomes  |                         |
| Learn | ing outcomes Com   | petences                |

| Learning outcomes  | Competences |
|--|-------------|
| Know the technological base which supports the most recent investigations in the study and design of | CG3         |
| integrated systems.  | CE87        |
| Understand the basic aspects of the special requirements inherent to embedded systems with hard real | CG3         |
| time restrictions  | CE87        |
|  | CT3         |

| Adopt a global view of the problem of programming environments with real-time restrictions, and know<br>the proper tools for dealing with them, so that embedded systems can be addressed with a system level<br>approach. | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG9<br>CE88<br>CT2<br>CT4 |
|--|---|
| Understand the basic elements of fault prevention and fault tolerance  | CG3<br>CE88                             |
| Master the concepts related to the organisation of this kind of systems software   | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG9<br>CE88<br>CT4        |
| Handle the tasks scheduling and resources sharing techniques in embedded systems   | CG3<br>CG4<br>CE88                      |
| Become familiar with the use of abstraction platforms for developing embedded systems  | CG4<br>CG9<br>CE88                      |

| Contents  |  |
|---|--|
| Торіс   |  |
| Concept of embedded system                                    | Definition of embedded system<br>Real-time systems<br>Characteristics  |
| Operating systems for embedded systems                        | Operating systems with real-time restrictions<br>Multitasking: threads and processes<br>Synchronization          |
| Architectures of embedded systems                             | ARM, MIPS<br>Microprocessors   |
| Process scheduling  | Cyclic executives<br>Priority-driven scheduling: DMS, EDF<br>Access synchronization                              |
| Reliability and fault tolerance                               | Fault prevention and fault tolerance<br>Static and dynamic redundancy<br>Security, reliability and dependability |
| Distributed embedded systems                                  | Communication mechanisms<br>Field buses  |
| Abstraction platforms for the development of embedded systems | OSGI<br>Android<br>MAEMO   |
| Communication with sensors and actuators                      | I/O Hardware<br>Coping with concurrency<br>The Analog/Digital interface  |

| Planning                                  |                               |                              |                             |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | Class hours                   | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |
| Presentations / exhibitions               | 1                             | 5                            | 6                           |
| Laboratory practises                      | 14                            | 0                            | 14                          |
| Group tutoring                            | 6                             | 10                           | 16                          |
| Integrated methodologies                  | 0                             | 55                           | 55                          |
| Master Session                            | 19                            | 38                           | 57                          |
| Short answer tests                        | 2                             | 0                            | 2                           |
| *The information in the planning table is | for guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |

| Methodologies                  |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
|                                | Description   |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions | Presentation by the students of the developed projects results.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CT2, CT4, CG4, CG9, CE87 and CE88 are developed. |

| Laboratory practises        | Development by the students of guided and supervised assignments in the laboratory.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CT2, CT3, CG3, CG4, CE87 and CE88 are developed.  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Group tutoring              | Meetings of the professors with the students for tracking the current status and further planning the project activities.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CT2, CT4, CG4, CG9, CE87 and CE88 are developed.  |
| Integrated<br>methodologies | We use learning projects based training: the students carry out a project along the semester to resolve a complex problem by means of planning, design and implementation of a series of activities.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CT2, CT3, CT4, CG3, CG4, CG9, CE87 and CE88 are developed. |
| Master Session              | Professors present the main theoretical contents related to embedded systems with real-time restrictions.<br>Through this methodology the competencies CT3, CG3, CE87 and CE88 are developed.  |

| Personalized attention | on  |
|------------------------|---|
|                        | Description   |
| Master Session         |   |
|                        | The professors of the subject will provide individual attention to the students during the, solving their doubts and questions. |
|                        | In addition, the professors will advise and guide the students during the realization of their tasks.                           |
| Laboratory practises   |   |
|                        | The professors of the subject will provide individual attention to the students during the, solving their doubts and questions. |
|                        | In addition, the professors will advise and guide the students during the realization of their tasks.                           |
| Group tutoring         |   |
|                        | The professors of the subject will provide individual attention to the students during the, solving their doubts and questions. |
|                        | In addition, the professors will advise and guide the students during the realization of their tasks.                           |
| Integrated methodolog  | ies   |
|                        | The professors of the subject will provide individual attention to the students during the, solving their doubts and questions. |
|                        | In addition, the professors will advise and guide the students during the realization of their tasks.                           |
| Assessment             |   |
| D                      | escription Qualification Evaluated Competencess   |

|                      | Description   | Quanneación | Competencess |
|----------------------|---|-------------|--------------|
| Presentations /      | Once their project is implemented, the students will perform a  | 10          | CG4          |
| exhibitions          | public presentation of its design, development and results, having<br>to answer successfully to questions.  |             | CG9          |
|                      | to unswer successfully to questions.  |             | CE87         |
| Laboratory practises | The students will fill questionnaires to asses the correct realization  | 10          | CG3          |
|                      | and understanding of the laboratory tasks.  |             | CG4          |
|                      |   |             | CE87         |
|                      |   |             | CE88         |
| Group tutoring       | A continuous tracking of the design and evolution of the  | 10          | CG4          |
|                      | implementation will be held during the realization of the project.<br>Periodically, the students will present the state and results of their<br>projects, as well as the scheduled tasks. |             | CG9          |
|                      |   |             | CE87         |
|                      |   |             | CE88         |

| Integrated<br>methodologies | The students will be divided in groups for accomplishing the design, implementation and proof of an embedded system. The result will be evaluated after the his delivery, assessing aspects such as correction, quality, performance and functionalities. | 30 | CG3<br>CG4<br>CG9<br>CE87<br>CE88 |
|-----------------------------|---|----|-----------------------------------|
| Short answer tests          | Students will be evaluated to asses what they have learned in master sessions.  | 40 | CG3                               |
|                             |   |    | CE87                              |
|                             |   |    | CE88                              |

In order to pass the course it is necessary to complete the different parts of the subject (master sessions, practices in labs, and projects). The final grade will be the **weighted geometric mean** of the grades of the different parts (i.e. it is not possible to pass the subject with a zero in one part). If "x" is the grade obtained for the master sessions, "y" for the practices in labs, and "z" for the project, the final grade will be: grade =  $x^0.4*y^0.1*z^0.5$ 

During the first month, students must declare if they opt for continuous or final assessment. Students who select continuous assessment and submit the first task or questionnaire may not be listed as "Absent".

Students who opt for the final assessment procedure must pass the short answer test (40%), submit a project (50%) and submit the laboratory practises (10%). These parts will be evaluated as indicated in the tests description section. The final grade will be the **weighted geometric mean** of the grades of the different parts. Besides, they must submit an additional dossier with detailed information about the events and issues that arose during the execution of the different tasks, and especially the project. In addition, during the first month of the course, professors will notify students who opted for final assessment if they have to do the tutored work individually.

Although the project will be developed in groups, the ongoing activities of each student in a group will be monitored individually. In case a student's performance is below his or her groupmates, he or she could be expelled from the group or graded on a individual basis.

#### Second opportunity to pass the course

The end of course exam will only be held by students who failed the end of semester exams.

In order to pass the course it is necessary to complete the different parts of the subject: pass the short answer test (40%), submit a project (50%) and submit the laboratory practises (10%). These parts will be evaluated as indicated in the tests description section. The final grade will be the **weighted geometric mean** of the grades of the different parts. Besides, it will be necessary to submit an additional dossier with detailed information about the events and issues that arose during the execution of the different tasks, and especially the project.

Students that have opted by the continuous assessment procedure, can decide to maintain the grades of the parts they have already passed in the first opportunity or discard them.

#### Other comments

The grades obtained are only valid for the current academic year.

The use of any material during the tests will have to be explicitly authorized.

#### Sources of information

A. Burns & A. Wellings, istemas de Tiempo Real y Lenguajes de Programación, 3, 2003

E.A. Lee & S.A. Seshia, Introduction to Embedded Systems, 1, 2012

P. Marwedel, Embedded System Design, 2, 2012

P. Barry & P. Crowley, Modern Embedded Computing, 1, 2012

S. Barrett & J. Kridner, Bad to the Bone: Crafting Electronics Systems with Beaglebone and BeagleBone Black, 1, 2013

#### Recommendations

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Informatics: Computer Architecture/V05G300V01103 Distributed and Concurrent Programming/V05G300V01641 Operating Systems/V05G300V01541

| IDENTIFYIN             | IDENTIFYING DATA  |                          |                   |            |
|------------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| New compu              | terised services  |                          |                   |            |
| Subject                | New computerised services   |                          |                   |            |
| Code                   | V05G300V01945   |                          |                   |            |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |                          |                   |            |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре                     | Year              | Quadmester |
|                        | 6   | Optional                 | 4th               | 1st        |
| Language               | Spanish   |                          |                   |            |
| Department             |   |                          |                   |            |
| Coordinator            | Álvarez Sabucedo, Luis Modesto  |                          |                   |            |
| Lecturers              | Álvarez Sabucedo, Luis Modesto<br>Santos Gago, Juan Manuel  |                          |                   |            |
| E-mail                 | lsabucedo@det.uvigo.es  |                          |                   |            |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                          |                   |            |
| General<br>description | The overall objective of the course is that stud<br>telematic services. Thus the contents of this c<br>developments in this field. At first we focus or | ourse will be open and t | ry to gradually a |            |

| Com  | petencies   |              |
|------|---|--------------|
| Code |   | Typology     |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.              | - Know How   |
| CG9  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.  | - Know How   |
| CE89 | (CE89/OP32) The ability to design and construct new computer services.  | - Know How   |
| CT4  | CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance or responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights. | f - Know How |

| Learning outcomes  |             |  |
|--|-------------|--|
| Learning outcomes  | Competences |  |
| To identify new applications of telematic services.  | CG4         |  |
|  | CE89        |  |
|  | CT4         |  |
| Knowledge of the main tools and environments for the development of new telematics services. | CG4         |  |
|  | CG9         |  |
| To acquire skills to develop new telematic services.   | CE89        |  |

| Contents                          |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Торіс                             |   |
| Introduction                      | Supporting technologies   |
|                                   | Representation models<br>General concepts for eTechnologies               |
| Supporting telematic services     | Concepts about applied security<br>Services for authentication in the net |
|                                   | Services for payment<br>Searchers and recommenders                        |
| Introduction to the semantic web. | Metadata, RDF. Metadata examples: LOM and Dublin Core.                    |
|                                   | Languages and tools of the semantic web. Introduction to SPARQL.          |

| eServices     | eLearning<br>eGovernment<br>eHealth<br>eCommerce<br>Others |
|---------------|--|
| New paradigms | loT<br>Cloud computing<br>Others                           |

. .

| Planning                                      | Class hours               | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Master Session                                | 16                        | 40                           | 56                         |
| Laboratory practises                          | 14                        | 28                           | 42                         |
| Case studies / analysis of situations         | 5                         | 25                           | 30                         |
| Introductory activities                       | 3                         | 6                            | 9                          |
| Jobs and projects                             | 1                         | 3                            | 4                          |
| Jobs and projects                             | 1                         | 4                            | 5                          |
| Long answer tests and development             | 2                         | 2                            | 4                          |
| *The information in the planning table is for | guidance only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students |

| Methodologies                         |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
|                                       | Description  |
| Master Session                        | Theoretical contents and their practical application will be presented during the lectures. Student are expected to play an active role during lectures.   |
| Laboratory practises                  | During practical sessions, it will be developed a semantic project with the support of adhoc software tools.   |
| Case studies / analysis of situations | Use cases will presented to the students. Thus, they will be able to analyze and to study them in depth in order to prepeare their academic projects.  |
| Introductory activities               | Program of the subject will be presented along with the methodologies used, the classroom, practical contents, final project, final and continuous evaluation criteria, and, in general, all aspects of the subject. |

| Personalized attention                      |  |  |
|---|--|--|
|   | Description  |  |
| Master Session                              | In the tutorial class, all questions related to practices, problem solving sessions and lectures will be tackled. Through continuous evaluation, students with non optimal performance will be identifed. In order to tackle those issues, some procedures will be launched such as call for mentoring and analyzing the reasons that are ledding to these bad results, and to search for solutions. Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in the professor's office at hours established by the professor for this purpose at the beginning of the semester and published online. |  |
| Laboratory<br>practises                     | In the tutorial class, all questions related to practices, problem solving sessions and lectures will be tackled. Through continuous evaluation, students with non optimal performance will be identifed. In order to tackle those issues, some procedures will be launched such as call for mentoring and analyzing the reasons that are ledding to these bad results, and to search for solutions. Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in the professor's office at hours established by the professor for this purpose at the beginning of the semester and published online. |  |
| Case studies /<br>analysis of<br>situations | In the tutorial class, all questions related to practices, problem solving sessions and lectures will be tackled. Through continuous evaluation, students with non optimal performance will be identifed. In order to tackle those issues, some procedures will be launched such as call for mentoring and analyzing the reasons that are ledding to these bad results, and to search for solutions. Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in the professor's office at hours established by the professor for this purpose at the beginning of the semester and published online. |  |
| Jobs and projects                           | In the tutorial class, all questions related to practices, problem solving sessions and lectures will be tackled. Through continuous evaluation, students with non optimal performance will be identifed. In order to tackle those issues, some procedures will be launched such as call for mentoring and analyzing the reasons that are ledding to these bad results, and to search for solutions. Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in the professor's office at hours established by the professor for this purpose at the beginning of the semester and published online. |  |

| Jobs and projects | In the tutorial class, all questions related to practices, problem solving sessions and lectures will be tackled. Through continuous evaluation, students with non optimal performance will be identifed. In order to tackle those issues, some procedures will be launched such as call for mentoring and analyzing the reasons that are ledding to these bad results, and to search for solutions. Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in the professor's office at hours established by the professor for this purpose at the beginning of the semester and published online. |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | In the tutorial class, all questions related to practices, problem solving sessions and lectures will be tackled. Through continuous evaluation, students with non optimal performance will be identifed. In order to tackle those issues, some procedures will be launched such as call for mentoring and analyzing the reasons that are ledding to these bad results, and to search for solutions. Students will have the opportunity to attend personal tutorials in the professor's office at hours established by the professor for this purpose at the beginning of the semester and published online. |

| Assessment            |   |                    |                    |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
|                       | Description   | Qualification Eval | uated Competencess |
| Jobs and projects     | It will consist of the presentation of one or several practical   | 30                 | CG4                |
|                       | projects using the concepts presented in the subject.<br>It will take place during the development of the course. |                    | CG9                |
|                       | it will take place during the development of the course.  |                    | CE89               |
| Jobs and projects     | It will consist of the presentation of a project that carries out a telematic-based solution.                     | 30                 | CG4                |
|                       |   |                    | CG9                |
|                       | It will take place at the end of the course.  |                    | CE89               |
| Long answer tests and | It will involve all the contents presented in the course.   | 40                 | CG4                |
| development           | It will take place around the middle of the course  |                    | CG9                |
|                       |   |                    | CE89               |

## 1. Continuous assessment

The course can be passed with full marks from continuous assessment, with no need to sit the final exam.

Students who sit any of the assessment tests may not be listed as "Not Present".

The weighting and content of each continuous assessment test are as follows:

#### Assessment 1 (40%):

- · All theoretical contents.
- It will take place about the 8th week of the course.

Assessment 2 (30%):

- · It will consist of the presentation of a semantic project (specified in due course).
- · It will take place about the 11th week of the course.

#### Assessment 3 (30%):

- · It will consist of a presentation of a holistic project involving telematic based services
- At the end of the course.

It is mandatory to pass each part of the continuous assessment (that is, the minimum score of each part must be 5 out of 10)

The course may be passed only with continuous assessment. Those students who failed the first assessment are allowed to compensate it in the final exam.

# 2. Final exam

 $\cdot$  There is a final exam at the end of the semester and another at the end of the course. All content presented along the course is included in this exam.

 $\cdot$  Students sitting this final exam will be asked to submit in advance some works to be done according to specific instructions on each call. These works must be original and will involve task related to assessments 2 and 3. Should the work

not be original, the student will be banned from the entire course.

• The pass mark for this test is 5 out of 10.

#### Sources of information

R. Baeza-Yates y B. Ribeiro-Neto. , R. Baeza-Yates y B. Ribeiro-Neto. "Modern Information Retrieval"., R. Baeza-Yates y B. Ribeiro-Neto. "Modern Information Retrieval". Addison Wesley.,

Gómez-Pérez, A.; Fernández-López, M.; Corcho, O, Ontological Engineering, Springer-Verlag, November 2003

# BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Arasu, A., Cho, J., García-Molina, H., Paepcke, A., and Raghavan, S. "Searching the web". ACM Transactions on Internet Technology, Vol. 1, No. 1, pp. 2-43, August 2001.
- S. Chakrabarti, B. Dom, D. Gibson, J. Kleinberg, P. Raghavan, and S. Rajagopalan. Automatic resource compilation by analyzing hyperlink structure and associated text. In *Proceedings of the 7th World-wide web conference (WWW7)*, 1998. Online at http://www7.scu.edu.au/1898/com1898.htm.
- S. Brin and L. Page. The anatomy of a large-scale hypertextual Web search engine. *7th International World Wide Web Conference*, Brisbane, Australia, April 1998. Online at http://www7.scu.edu.au/1921/com1921.htm and http://infolab.stanford.edu/~backrub/google.html
- Lassila, O., and Swick, R.R. "Resource Description Framework (RDF) Model and Syntax Specification". World Wide Web Consortium Recommendation. Available on: http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-rdf-syntax
- Lassila, Ora "Web Metadata: A Matter of Semantics". IEEE Internet Computing, Vol. 2, No. 4, pp.30-37, Julio-Agosto 1998. Available on: http://computer.org/internet/ic1998/w4030abs.htm
- Deborah L. McGuinness. "Ontologies Come of Age." http://www.ksl.stanford.edu/people/dlm/papers/ontologies-come-of-age-mit-press-(with-citation).htm
- Grigoris Antoniou and Frank van Harmelen. "Web Ontology Language: OWL". http://www.cs.vu.nl/~frankh/postscript/OntoHandbook03OWL.pdf
- RDF web-site: http://w3c.org/RDF
- Dublín Core web-site: http://dublincore.org
- LOM web-site: http://ltsc.ieee.org/wg12. Standard available on http://ltsc.ieee.org/wg12/files/LOM 1484 12 1 v1 Final Draft.pdf
- Semantic Web Activity web-site : http://www.w3.org/2001/sw/

#### Recommendations

| IDENTIFYING DATA       |   |                       |                 |                         |
|------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Externship             | s: Internships I  |                       |                 |                         |
| Subject                | Externships:<br>Internships I   |                       |                 |                         |
| Code                   | V05G300V01981   |                       |                 |                         |
| Study<br>programme     | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |                       |                 |                         |
| Descriptors            | ECTS Credits  | Туре                  | Year            | Quadmester              |
|                        | 6   | Optional              | 4th             | 1st                     |
| Language               | Spanish   |                       |                 |                         |
| Department             |   |                       | ·               |                         |
| Coordinator            | Marcos Acevedo, Jorge   |                       |                 |                         |
| Lecturers              | Marcos Acevedo, Jorge   |                       |                 |                         |
| E-mail                 | acevedo@uvigo.es  |                       |                 |                         |
| Web                    | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                       |                 |                         |
| General<br>description | (*)Estancia nunha empresa desenvolvendo func<br>relacionadas co perfil profesional cursado polo a<br>Electrónicos ou Son e Imaxe) e supervisado por | alumno (Sistemas de T | elecomunicaciór | n, Telemática, Sistemas |

|      | petencies   |            |
|------|---|------------|
| Code |   | Typology   |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.  | - know     |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.   | - know     |
| CG12 | CG12 The development of discussion ability about technical subjects   | - Know How |
| CG13 | CG13 The ability to use software tools that support problem solving in engineering.   | - Know How |
| CE21 | CE21/ST1 The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication networks, services, process<br>and applications, considered as systems of receiving, transporting, representation, processing, storage,<br>management and presentation of multimedia information from the point of view of transmission systems.  | - Know How |
| CE22 | CE22/ST2 The ability of applying the basic techniques of telecommunication networks, services and applications for mobile and fixed environments, personal, local or long distance, with different bandwidth, including telephony, radio broadcasting, TV and data, from the point of view of transmission systems.   | - Know How |
| CE23 | CE23/ST3 The ability to analyze the components and their specifications for guided and non-guided<br>communications systems   | - Know How |
| CE24 | CE24/ST4 The ability to select circuits, subsystems and systems of radiofrequency, microwaves, broadcasting, radio link and radio determination.  | - Know How |
| CE25 | CE25/ST5 The ability to select transmission antennas, equipment and systems, propagation of guided and non-guided waves, with electromagnetic, radiofrequency and optical media, and their corresponding radio electric spectrum management and frequency designation.  | - Know How |
| CE26 | CE26/ST6 The ability to analyze, codify, process and transmit multimedia information using analogical and digital signal processing techniques.   | - Know How |
| CE27 | CE27/TEL1The ability to construct, operate and manage telecommunication networks, services, processes<br>and applications considered as systems to receive, transport, represent, process, store, manage and<br>present multimedia information from the computer services point of view.  | - Know How |
| CE28 | CE28/TEL2 The ability to apply the techniques that are basis of computer networks, services and applications, such as management, signaling and switching, routing and securing systems (cryptographic protocols, tunneling, firewalls, charging mechanisms, authentication and content protection) traffic engineering (graph theory, queuing theory and teletraffic) rating, reliability and quality of service in both fixed, mobile, personal, local or long distance environments with different bandwidths, including telephony and data. | - Know How |
| CE29 | CE29/TEL3 The ability to build, operate and manage computer services using planning, sizing and analytical tools  | - Know How |
| CE30 | CE30/TEL4 The ability to describe, program, assess and optimize communication protocols and interfaces at different network architecture layers .   | - Know How |
| CE31 | CE31/TEL5 The ability to follow the technological progress of transmission, switching and processing to improve computer networks and services.   | - Know How |

| CE32 | CE32/TEL6 The ability to design networks and service architectures.  | - Know How |
|------|--|------------|
| CE33 | CE33/TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.  | - Know How |
| CE34 | CE34/SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and applications, such as receiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, processing, storage, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information services.                                 | - Know How |
| CE35 | CE35/SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads and installations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.  | - Know How |
| CE36 | CE36/SI3 The capacity to implement projects at places and installations for the production and recording of audio and video signals.   | - Know How |
| CE37 | CE37/SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation and conditioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro acoustical transducers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoustics, submarine and acoustical systems. | - Know How |
| CE38 | CE38/SI5 The ability to create, modify, manage, broadcast and distribute multimedia contents taking into account the use and accessibility criteria to audiovisual, broadcasting and interactive services.   | - Know How |
| CE39 | (CE39/SE1): The ability to construct, exploit and manage the receiving, transporting, representation, processing, storage, manage and presentation multimedia information from the electronic systems point of view.   | - Know How |
| CE40 | (CE40/SE2): The ability to select electronic circuits and devices specialized in transmission, forwarding or routing, and terminals for fixed and mobile environments.   | - Know How |
| CE41 | (CE41/SE3):The ability to make the specification, implementation, documenting and tuning of electronic systems and equipment ( both instrumentation and control oriented), considering the corresponding technical aspects and the regulations.  | - Know How |
| CE42 | (CE42/SE4): The ability to apply electronics as support technology in other fields and activities and not only in information and communication technologies.  | - Know How |
| CE43 | (CE43/SE5): The ability to design analogical and digital electronics circuits of analogical to digital conversion and vice versa, of radiofrequency, of feeding and electrical energy conversion for computing and telecommunication engineering.  | - Know How |
| CE45 | (CE45/SE7): The ability to design interface, data capturing and storage devices, and terminals for services and telecommunication systems.   | - Know How |
| CE46 | (CE46/SE8): The ability to specify and use electronic instrumentation and measurement systems.   | - Know How |
|      |  | - Know How |
| CE47 | (CE47/SE9): The ability to analyze and solve interference and electromagnetic compatibility problems .   | - KHOW HOW |

Learning outcomes

Competences

| Experience in the exert of the profession of Technical Engineer of Telecommunication and of his more usual functions (according to the programme of the student) in some real surroundings of company. | CG4<br>CG5<br>CG12<br>CG13<br>CE21<br>CE22<br>CE23<br>CE24<br>CE25<br>CE26<br>CE27<br>CE28<br>CE29<br>CE30<br>CE31<br>CE32<br>CE33<br>CE34<br>CE35<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE39<br>CE30<br>CE31<br>CE32<br>CE33<br>CE34<br>CE35<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE39<br>CE40<br>CE41<br>CE42<br>CE43<br>CE45<br>CE46<br>CE47<br>CE42<br>CE43<br>CE45<br>CE46<br>CE47<br>CE42 |
|--|--|
|--|--|

Contents

Topic Item

To define by the company advisor and the academic advisor.

| Planning  |                      |                                |                             |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | Class hours          | Hours outside the<br>classroom | Total hours                 |
| External practises                                  | 147                  | 0                              | 147                         |
| Reports / memories of internships or practicum      | 0                    | 3                              | 3                           |
| *The information in the planning table is for guida | nce only and does no | ot take into account the het   | erogeneity of the students. |

| Methodologies      |  |  |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Description        |  |  |
| External practises | The student develops own functions in a company as an Telecommunication Engineer with determinate profile by the technology that the student have studied (Systems of Telecommunication, Electronic Systems, Telematic or Sound and Image) |  |

| Personaliz            | Personalized attention  |  |
|-----------------------|---|--|
|                       | Description   |  |
| External<br>practises | The student will have a advisor inside the company that will guide him and will supervise in the specific tasks<br>that it will have to develop inside the company; and an academic advisor -professor of the University of Vigo-<br>that will define together with the advisor of the company the general frame of the activity of the student,<br>checking that it adjusts to the profile studied by the student. |  |

# Assessment

Description

Qualification Evaluated Competencess

| External practises | It will value so much the aptitude like the attitude of the student in the development of the activities entrusted. | 90 | CG4  |
|--------------------|---|----|------|
|                    | In the development of the activities enclusted.   |    | CG5  |
|                    |   |    | CG12 |
|                    |   |    | CG13 |
|                    |   |    | CE21 |
|                    |   |    | CE22 |
|                    |   |    | CE23 |
|                    |   |    | CE24 |
|                    |   |    | CE25 |
|                    |   |    | CE26 |
|                    |   |    | CE27 |
|                    |   |    | CE28 |
|                    |   |    | CE29 |
|                    |   |    | CE30 |
|                    |   |    | CE31 |
|                    |   |    | CE32 |
|                    |   |    | CE33 |
|                    |   |    | CE34 |
|                    |   |    | CE35 |
|                    |   |    | CE36 |
|                    |   |    | CE37 |
|                    |   |    | CE38 |
|                    |   |    | CE39 |
|                    |   |    | CE40 |
|                    |   |    | CE41 |
|                    |   |    | CE42 |
|                    |   |    | CE43 |
|                    |   |    | CE45 |
|                    |   |    | CE46 |
|                    |   |    | CE47 |
|                    |   |    | CT2  |

| CE25<br>CE26<br>CE27<br>CE28<br>CE29<br>CE30<br>CE31<br>CE31<br>CE32<br>CE33<br>CE34<br>CE33<br>CE34<br>CE35<br>CE36<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE38<br>CE39<br>CE39<br>CE40<br>CE41<br>CE41<br>CE42<br>CE42<br>CE42<br>CE43<br>CE45<br>CE45 |
|--|
| CE47   |

The tutor of the company will deliver a report valuing appearances related with the practices realised by the student:punctuality, assistance, responsibility, capacity of work in team and integration in the company, quality of the workrealised, etc.

The student/to will have to deliver an explanatory memory of the activities realised during the practices, specifying hislength, the units or departments of the company in that they realised , the training received (courses, computerprograms, etc.), the level of integration inside the company and the relations with the personnel.

The memory has to include also a section of conclusions, that will contain a reflection on the suitability of theeducations received during the career for the exert of the practice (positive and negative appearances more significantrelated with the development of the practices). It will value , besides, the inclusion of information on the professionaland personal experience obtained with the practices (personal assessment of the learning achieved along the practices, and suggestions or own contributions on the structure and operation of the company visited).

If the memory presented by the student does not reach the quality and minimum requirements, the student will have opportunity torectify it for his \*re-evaluation in the extraordinary announcement of July.

# Sources of information

The sources of information will be provided by the company advisor (and, where applicable, by the academic advisor) dynamically as they depend on the student activities undertaken in the company host; and may be from technical manuals for operation and maintenance of different technical equipment up even scientific or research is in the R & D departments.

# Recommendations

| IDENTIFYIN                  | G DATA  |                         |                 |                         |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Externships: Internships II |   |                         |                 |                         |
| Subject                     | Externships:<br>Internships II  |                         |                 |                         |
| Code                        | V05G300V01982   |                         | ·               |                         |
| Study<br>programme          | (*)Grao en<br>Enxeñaría de<br>Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación  |                         |                 |                         |
| Descriptors                 | ECTS Credits  | Туре                    | Year            | Quadmester              |
|                             | 6   | Optional                | 4th             | 1st                     |
| Language                    | Spanish   |                         |                 |                         |
| Department                  |   |                         | ·               |                         |
| Coordinator                 | Marcos Acevedo, Jorge   |                         |                 |                         |
| Lecturers                   | Marcos Acevedo, Jorge   |                         |                 |                         |
| E-mail                      | acevedo@uvigo.es  |                         |                 |                         |
| Web                         | http://faitic.uvigo.es  |                         |                 |                         |
| General<br>description      | (*)Estancia nunha empresa desenvolvendo fui<br>relacionadas co perfil profesional cursado polo<br>Electrónicos ou Son e Imaxe) e supervisado po | o alumno (Sistemas de T | elecomunicaciór | n, Telemática, Sistemas |

|      | petencies   |            |
|------|---|------------|
| Code |   | Typology   |
| CG4  | CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.  | - know     |
| CG5  | CG5: The knowledge to perform measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, technical evaluations, studies, reports, task scheduling and similar work to each specific telecommunication area.   | - know     |
| CG12 | CG12 The development of discussion ability about technical subjects   | - Know How |
| CG13 | CG13 The ability to use software tools that support problem solving in engineering.   | - Know How |
| CE21 | CE21/ST1 The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication networks, services, process<br>and applications, considered as systems of receiving, transporting, representation, processing, storage,<br>management and presentation of multimedia information from the point of view of transmission systems.  | - Know How |
| CE22 | CE22/ST2 The ability of applying the basic techniques of telecommunication networks, services and applications for mobile and fixed environments, personal, local or long distance, with different bandwidth, including telephony, radio broadcasting, TV and data, from the point of view of transmission systems.   | - Know How |
| CE23 | CE23/ST3 The ability to analyze the components and their specifications for guided and non-guided<br>communications systems   | - Know How |
| CE24 | CE24/ST4 The ability to select circuits, subsystems and systems of radiofrequency, microwaves, broadcasting, radio link and radio determination.  | - Know How |
| CE25 | CE25/ST5 The ability to select transmission antennas, equipment and systems, propagation of guided and non-guided waves, with electromagnetic, radiofrequency and optical media, and their corresponding radio electric spectrum management and frequency designation.  | - Know How |
| CE26 | CE26/ST6 The ability to analyze, codify, process and transmit multimedia information using analogical and digital signal processing techniques.   | - Know How |
| CE27 | CE27/TEL1The ability to construct, operate and manage telecommunication networks, services, processes<br>and applications considered as systems to receive, transport, represent, process, store, manage and<br>present multimedia information from the computer services point of view.  | - Know How |
| CE28 | CE28/TEL2 The ability to apply the techniques that are basis of computer networks, services and applications, such as management, signaling and switching, routing and securing systems (cryptographic protocols, tunneling, firewalls, charging mechanisms, authentication and content protection) traffic engineering (graph theory, queuing theory and teletraffic) rating, reliability and quality of service in both fixed, mobile, personal, local or long distance environments with different bandwidths, including telephony and data. | - Know How |
| CE29 | CE29/TEL3 The ability to build, operate and manage computer services using planning, sizing and<br>analytical tools   | - Know How |
| CE30 | CE30/TEL4 The ability to describe, program, assess and optimize communication protocols and interfaces at different network architecture layers .   | - Know How |
| CE31 | CE31/TEL5 The ability to follow the technological progress of transmission, switching and processing to improve computer networks and services.   | - Know How |

| CE32  | CE32/TEL6 The ability to design networks and service architectures.  | - Know How |
|-------|--|------------|
| CE33  | CE33/TEL7 The ability to program network and distributed applications and services.  | - Know How |
| CE34  | CE34/SI1The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and applications, such as receiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, processing, storage, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information services.                                 | - Know How |
| CE35  | CE35/SI2 The ability to analyze, specify, carry out and maintain systems, equipments, heads and installations of TV, audio and video for mobile and fixed environments.  | - Know How |
| CE36  | CE36/SI3 The capacity to implement projects at places and installations for the production and recording of audio and video signals.   | - Know How |
| CE37  | CE37/SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation and conditioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification, analysis and selection of electro acoustical transducers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoustics, submarine and acoustical systems. | - Know How |
| CE38  | CE38/SI5 The ability to create, modify, manage, broadcast and distribute multimedia contents taking into account the use and accessibility criteria to audiovisual, broadcasting and interactive services.   | - Know How |
| CE39  | (CE39/SE1): The ability to construct, exploit and manage the receiving, transporting, representation, processing, storage, manage and presentation multimedia information from the electronic systems point of view.   | - Know How |
| CE40  | (CE40/SE2): The ability to select electronic circuits and devices specialized in transmission, forwarding or routing, and terminals for fixed and mobile environments.   | - Know How |
| CE41  | (CE41/SE3):The ability to make the specification, implementation, documenting and tuning of electronic systems and equipment ( both instrumentation and control oriented), considering the corresponding technical aspects and the regulations.  | - Know How |
| CE42  | (CE42/SE4): The ability to apply electronics as support technology in other fields and activities and not only in information and communication technologies.  | - Know How |
| CE43  | (CE43/SE5): The ability to design analogical and digital electronics circuits of analogical to digital conversion and vice versa, of radiofrequency, of feeding and electrical energy conversion for computing and telecommunication engineering.  | - Know How |
| CE44  | (CE44/SE6): The ability to understand and use feedback theory and electronic control systems.  | - Know How |
| CE45  | (CE45/SE7): The ability to design interface, data capturing and storage devices, and terminals for services and telecommunication systems.   | - Know How |
| CE46  | (CE46/SE8): The ability to specify and use electronic instrumentation and measurement systems.   | - Know How |
| CE47  | (CE47/SE9): The ability to analyze and solve interference and electromagnetic compatibility problems .   | - Know How |
| CT2   | CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.   | - know     |
|       |  |            |
| Learr | ing outcomes   |            |
| Learn | Comp   | otoncoc    |

Learning outcomes

Competences

| Experience in the exert of the profession of Technical Engineer of Telecommunication and of his more<br>usual functions (according to the programme of the student) in some real surroundings of company. | 5<br>12<br>13<br>22<br>23<br>24<br>25<br>27<br>22<br>20<br>31<br>23<br>33<br>33<br>33<br>33<br>40<br>41<br>23<br>44<br>42<br>34<br>44<br>5<br>46<br>47 |
|---|--|
|   |  |

Contents

Торіс

Item

To define by the company advisor and the academic advisor.

| Planning  |                      |                              |                             |
|---|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | Class hours          | Hours outside the classroom  | Total hours                 |
| External practises                                  | 147                  | 0                            | 147                         |
| Reports / memories of internships or practicum      | 0                    | 3                            | 3                           |
| *The information in the planning table is for guida | nce only and does no | ot take into account the het | erogeneity of the students. |

| Methodologies      |  |
|--------------------|--|
|                    | Description  |
| External practises | The student develops own functions in a company as an Telecommunication Engineer with determinate profile by the technology that the student have studied (Systems of Telecommunication, Electronic Systems, Telematic or Sound and Image) |

| Personaliz            | Personalized attention   |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|
|                       | Description  |  |
| External<br>practises | The student will have a advisor inside the company that will guide him and will supervise in the specific tasks<br>that it will have to develop inside the company; and an academic advisor -professor of the University of Vigo<br>that will define together with the advisor of the company the general frame of the activity of the student,<br>checking that it adjusts to the profile studied by the student. |  |

| Assessment  |                                      |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Description | Qualification Evaluated Competencess |

| External practises | It will value so much the aptitude like the attitude of the student<br>in the development of the activities entrusted. | 90 | CG4  |
|--------------------|--|----|------|
|                    | In the development of the activities enclusted.  |    | CG5  |
|                    |  |    | CG12 |
|                    |  |    | CG13 |
|                    |  |    | CE21 |
|                    |  |    | CE22 |
|                    |  |    | CE23 |
|                    |  |    | CE24 |
|                    |  |    | CE25 |
|                    |  |    | CE26 |
|                    |  |    | CE27 |
|                    |  |    | CE28 |
|                    |  |    | CE29 |
|                    |  |    | CE30 |
|                    |  |    | CE31 |
|                    |  |    | CE32 |
|                    |  |    | CE33 |
|                    |  |    | CE34 |
|                    |  |    | CE35 |
|                    |  |    | CE36 |
|                    |  |    | CE37 |
|                    |  |    | CE38 |
|                    |  |    | CE39 |
|                    |  |    | CE40 |
|                    |  |    | CE41 |
|                    |  |    | CE42 |
|                    |  |    | CE43 |
|                    |  |    | CE45 |
|                    |  |    | CE46 |
|                    |  |    | CE47 |
|                    |  |    | CT2  |

| of internships or inc<br>practicum (U | he memory presented by the student will have to adjust to the dications collected in the rules of practices in valid company inversity of Vigo and intern of the degree in Engineering of echnologies of Telecommunication). | 10 | CG4<br>CG5<br>CG12<br>CG13<br>CE21<br>CE22<br>CE23<br>CE24<br>CE25<br>CE26<br>CE27<br>CE28<br>CE29<br>CE30<br>CE30<br>CE31<br>CE32<br>CE33<br>CE34<br>CE33<br>CE34<br>CE35<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE39<br>CE30<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE39<br>CE30<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE34<br>CE35<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CE31<br>CE32<br>CE33<br>CE34<br>CE35<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE30<br>CE31<br>CE32<br>CE32<br>CE33<br>CE34<br>CE35<br>CE34<br>CE35<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE31<br>CE32<br>CE33<br>CE34<br>CE35<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE36<br>CE37<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE38<br>CE37<br>CE40<br>CE41<br>CE42<br>CE41<br>CE42<br>CE43<br>CE43<br>CE42<br>CE43<br>CE43<br>CE43<br>CE43<br>CE43<br>CE43<br>CE43<br>CE43 |
|---------------------------------------|--|----|--|
|                                       |  |    | CE47   |

The tutor of the company will deliver a report valuing appearances related with the practices realised by the student: punctuality, assistance, responsibility, capacity of work in team and integration in the company, quality of the workrealised, etc.

The student/to will have to deliver an explanatory memory of the activities realised during the practices, specifying hislength, the units or departments of the company in that they realised , the training received (courses, compute programs, etc.), the level of integration inside the company and the relations with the personnel.

The memory has to include also a section of conclusions, that will contain a reflection on the suitability of the educations received during the career for the exert of the practice (positive and negative appearances more significant related with the development of the practices). It will value , besides, the inclusion of information on the professional and personal experience obtained with the practices (personal assessment of the learning achieved along the practices, and suggestions or own contributions on the structure and operation of the company visited).

If the memory presented by the student does not reach the quality and minimum requirements, the student will have opportunity to rectify it for his re-evaluation in the extraordinary announcement of July.

# Sources of information

The sources of information will be provided by the company advisor (and, where applicable, by the academic advisor) dynamically as they depend on the student activities undertaken in the company host; and may be from technical manuals for operation and maintenance of different technical equipment up even scientific or research is in the R & D departments.

# Recommendations

| Final D<br>Subject<br>Code<br>Study<br>prograr | -   | e Work<br>Final Degree Work  |  |  |                      |
|--|---|--|--|--|----------------------|
| Code<br>Study                                  | t   | Final Degree Work  |  |  |                      |
| Study  |   |  |  |  |                      |
|  |   | V05G300V01991  |  |  |                      |
| prograi  |   | (*)Grao en   |  |  |                      |
|  | mme   | Enxeñaría de   |  |  |                      |
|  |   | Tecnoloxías de<br>Telecomunicación   |  |  |                      |
| Descrip  | otors   | ECTS Credits   | Туре   | Year Qua   | dmester              |
| Descrip  | 51013   | 12   | Mandatory  | 4th 2nd  | umester              |
| Langua   |   | Spanish  | Mandatory  |  |                      |
| Departi  |   |  |  |  |                      |
|  |   | Fernández Veiga, Manuel  |  |  |                      |
| Lecture  |   | Fernández Veiga, Manuel  |  |  |                      |
| E-mail   |   | mveiga@det.uvigo.es  |  |  |                      |
| Web  |   | http://faitic.uvigo.es   |  |  |                      |
| Genera   | <u>.</u>  | The Bachelor Thesis (TFG) is a constituent part, as a u  | nit modulo, of the   | curriculum of Dogroo in F  | nainooring of        |
| descrip  | DEION   | Technologies of Telecommunication. It is an original a<br>autonomously under educational supervision, and has<br>acquisition of the formative contents and the competer<br>His definition and contents are explained of form more<br>End of Degree approved by the Academic Commission<br>content can consult in the web of the School of Engine | to allow him to s<br>nces associated<br>e extensive in the<br>of Degree, in se | how in a comprehensive fo<br>to the title.<br>rule for the realisation of t<br>ssion celebrated the 3/4/20 | rm the<br>he Work of |
| Compe  | etenci  | es   |  |  |                      |
| Code   |   |  |  |  | Typology             |
| k  | knowle  | ts have demonstrated knowledge acquisition and und<br>dge begins based on general secondary education, an<br>ed textbooks would support it, includes some aspects:   | d it is typically at   | a level that, although   | - Know be            |
| ā  | are typ   | ts can apply their knowledge to their jobs in a profess ically demonstrated through devising and sustaining a study.   |  |  | - Know Hov           |
|  | Studer<br>public.   | ts can communicate information, ideas, problems and  | solutions to both  | general and specialized  | - Know Hov           |
| ā  | accord  | : The ability to write, develop and sign projects in the field of Telecommunication Engineering,<br>ording to the knowledge acquired as considered in section 5 of this Law, the conception and<br>elopment or operation of networks, services and applications of Telecommunication and Electronics.  |  |  | - Know Hov           |
| c  | CG2: The knowledge, comprehension and ability to apply the needed legislation during the development<br>of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer profession and aptitude to manage compulsory<br>specifications, procedures and laws.  |  |  | - Know Hov   |                      |
| t  |   |  | - Know Hov   |  |                      |
| i  | CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.  |  |  | , - Know be  |                      |
| CG10 (   | CG10 <sup>-</sup>   | he ability for critical reading of scientific papers and d   | ocs.   |  | - Know Hov           |
|  |   | he ability to use software tools to search for informati   |  | ical resources.  | - Know Hov           |
| F  | E90 (CE90/TFG)Original and individual exercise to be defended before an examining board consisting of a project in a specific technology of Telecommunication Engineering and of a professional nature, where the abilities acquired from the teachings are integrated and synthesized. |  | - Know Hov   |  |                      |
|  |   | evelopment of sufficient autonomy to carry out works v<br>sciplinary contexts.   | vithin the area of   | Telecommunications in  | - Know be            |
| CT2 (  | CT2 UI  | derstanding Engineering within a framework of sustai   | nable developme  | nt.  | - Know be            |
| C  | of resp   | courage cooperative work, and skills like communicat<br>onsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work e<br>y, peace and respect for fundamental rights.  |  |  | - Know be            |

Learning outcomes

Competences

| Search, management and structuring of information on any topic   | CB2<br>CG2<br>CG10<br>CG14<br>CT1       |
|--|---|
| Development and writing of a project document which are collected: history, state of the art or problematic, objectives, project phases, project development, conclusions and future lines.  | CB2<br>CG1<br>CG10<br>CT1<br>CT2<br>CT4 |
| Prototyping, programming simulation software, etc., according to specifications.   | CB4<br>CG1<br>CG2<br>CG4<br>CG9<br>CE90 |
| CG1: The ability to write, develop and sign projects in the field of Telecommunication Engineering,<br>according to the knowledge acquired as considered in section 5 of this Law, the conception and<br>development or operation of networks, services and applications of Telecommunication and Electronics. | CB1<br>CG1<br>CE90<br>CT1<br>CT2<br>CT4 |

Contents

Topic

The contents of each TFG will be defined in individual proposals offered by tutors and approved by the Academic Degree Commission under the rules for carrying out the Final Project Work, which content is available on the website of the School of Telecommunication Engineering.

| Planning                      |             |                             |             |  |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
|                               | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |  |
| Previous studies / activities | 0           | 20                          | 20          |  |
| Integrated methodologies      | 0           | 20                          | 20          |  |
| Presentations / exhibitions   | 0           | 8                           | 8           |  |
| Tutored works                 | 30          | 210                         | 240         |  |
| Jobs and projects             | 2           | 10                          | 12          |  |

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies                    |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
|                                  | Description  |
| Previous studies /<br>activities | Search, read and work documentation, troubleshooting suggestions and / or exercises to be performed in the classroom and / or laboratory independently by students.                |
| Integrated<br>methodologies      | The student presents the results obtained in the preparation of a document on the subject matter.<br>It will be carried out individually, and both in writing (memory) and orally. |
| Presentations /<br>exhibitions   | Students must prepare and defend the work in front of a jury.  |
| Tutored works                    | The student, individually, produces a paper on the subject matter, or he/she prepares seminars, research, memoirs, essays, summaries, etc.   |

| Personalized attention  |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Description   |  |  |
| Tutored works Each tutor will devote some time to personally respond to each student work to grade their dependents, t<br>guide their work and guide the learning process, and to review and correct memory and oral presentation |  |  |

Assessment

|                   | Description   | Qualification | Evaluated<br>Competencess |
|-------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| Jobs and projects | A panel of three teachers for each of the mentions of the Degree shall be<br>appointed.<br>The evaluation was carried out according to the rules for carrying out the<br>Final Year Work and assessment rubric approved by the Academic Degree<br>Committee, which contents are available on the website of the school of<br>Telecommunication Engineering. | 100           |                           |

All information related to the TFG is available on the website of the School of Telecommunication Engineering at the following link:

http://www.teleco.uvigo.es/index.php/es/estudios/gett/planificacion-academica/tfg

# Sources of information

The bibliography will be specific to each individual proposed work.

# Recommendations

#### Other comments

Having passed all necessary subjects to obtain the Bachelor degree except the TFG, or enroll simultaneously in all subjects.