



(*)Escola de Enxeñaría Industrial

Information

For additional information about the centre and its degrees visit the centre's website <https://eei.uvigo.es/>

Degree in Mechanical Engineering

Subjects

Year 2nd

| Code | Name | Quadmester | Total Cr. |
|---------------|--|------------|-----------|
| V12G380V01301 | Ciencia e tecnoloxía dos materiais | 2nd | 6 |
| V12G380V01302 | Termodinámica e transmisión de calor | 1st | 6 |
| V12G380V01303 | Fundamentos de electrotecnia | 1st | 6 |
| V12G380V01305 | Fundamentos de sistemas e tecnoloxías de fabricación | 1st | 6 |
| V12G380V01306 | Teoría de máquinas e mecanismos | 1st | 6 |
| V12G380V01401 | Tecnoloxía medioambiental | 1st | 6 |
| V12G380V01402 | Resistencia de materiais | 2nd | 6 |
| V12G380V01403 | Fundamentos de automática | 2nd | 6 |
| V12G380V01404 | Tecnoloxía electrónica | 2nd | 6 |
| V12G380V01405 | Mecánica de fluídos | 2nd | 6 |

IDENTIFYING DATA**Materials science and technology**

| | | | | |
|---------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Materials science and technology | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01301 | | | |
| Study programme | Degree in Mechanical Engineering | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 2nd |
| Teaching language | Spanish Galician | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Figueroa Martínez, Raúl Abreu Fernández, Carmen María | | | |
| Lecturers | Abreu Fernández, Carmen María Álvarez Dacosta, Pedro Cortes Redin, María Begoña Díaz Fernández, Belén Figueroa Martínez, Raúl Iglesias Rodríguez, Fernando Pena Uris, Gloria María Riobó Coya, Cristina | | | |
| E-mail | cabreu@uvigo.es raulfm@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | http://faitic.uvigo.es | | | |
| General description | The aim that pursues with this subject is to initiate to the student in the Science and Technology of the Materials and his applications in the Engineering. | | | |

Competencies

| | |
|------|--|
| Code | |
| CG3 | CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations. |
| CG4 | CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty. |
| CG6 | CG6 Capacity for handling specifications, regulations and mandatory standards. |
| CE9 | CE9 Knowledge of the fundamentals of the science, technology and chemistry of materials. Understand the relationship between microstructure, the synthesis, processing and properties of materials. |
| CT1 | CT1 Analysis and synthesis |
| CT5 | CT5 Information Management. |
| CT9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. |
| CT10 | CT10 Self learning and work. |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences | | |
|---|-------------|-----|------------|
| It comprises the fundamental concepts of link, structure and microstructure of the distinct types of materials | CG3 | CE9 | CT10 |
| It comprises the relation go in to microstructure of the material in his mechanical behaviour, electrical, thermal and magnetic | CG3 | CE9 | |
| It comprises the mechanical behaviour of the metallic materials, ceramic, plastics and compound | CG4 CG6 | | |
| It knows how they can modify the properties by means of mechanical processes and thermal treatments | CG4 | CE9 | CT9 |
| It knows the basic technicians of structural characterisation of the materials | CG3 CG6 | CE9 | |
| It purchases skills in the handle of the diagrams and charts | | | CT1 CT5 |
| It purchases skill in the realisation of essays | CG6 | CE9 | CT10 |
| It analyses the results obtained and extracts conclusions of the same | | | CT1 CT9 |
| It is able to apply norms of essays of materials | CG6 | | CT1 CT9 |

Contents

| | |
|-------|--|
| Topic | |
|-------|--|

| | |
|--|--|
| Introduction | Introduction to the Science and Technology of Material. Classification of the materials. Terminology. Orientations for the follow-up of the matter. |
| Crystalline arrangement. | Crystalline and amorphous solids. Crystalline lattices, characteristics and imperfections. Allotropic transformations. |
| Properties of materials. Laboratory practices. | Mechanical, chemical, thermal, electric and magnetic properties. Standards for materials analysis. Compressive and tensile deformation. Principles of fracture mechanisms. Toughness. Hardness. Main test methods. Fundamentals of thermal analysis. Fundamentals of non-destructive testing. Introduction to metallography. Binary isomorphous and eutectic systems. Microstructure in eutectic alloys. Analyses of practical situations. |
| Metallic materials. | Solidification. Constitution of alloys. Grain size. Main binary phase diagrams. Processing. Carbon steels: classification and applications. Cast iron alloys. Heat treatments: fundamentals and classification. Annealing, normalizing, quenching and tempering. Nonferrous alloys. |
| Polymers and composites | General concepts. Classification. Properties. Types of polymers. Processing. Classification of composite materials. Polymer matrix composite materials. Processing of composite materials. Problems related to polymeric and composite materials. |
| Ceramic materials | Structure and bonding in ceramic materials. Silicates structure. Glasses. Properties of ceramic materials. Processing of ceramic materials. Applications. |

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Introductory activities | 1.5 | 0 | 1.5 |
| Lecturing | 31 | 55.8 | 86.8 |
| Laboratory practical | 18 | 18 | 36 |
| Autonomous problem solving | 0 | 12 | 12 |
| Objective questions exam | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 |
| Problem and/or exercise solving | 1 | 0.95 | 1.95 |
| Problem and/or exercise solving | 1.25 | 3 | 4.25 |
| Essay | 0.5 | 6 | 6.5 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

| | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| Introductory activities | Presentation of the subject. Introduction to the science and Technology of Materials |
| Lecturing | Exhibition by part of the professor of the contents on the matter object of study, of the bases and/or guidelines of the work /exercise/ project to develop by the student. Use of manipulative Activities or experiences of chairs |
| Laboratory practical | Application to practical level of the theory in the field of the knowledge of Science and Technology of materials |
| Autonomous problem solving | The student has to be able to develop the capacity to resolve problems and/or exercises of autonomous form. |

Personalized assistance

| Methodologies | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| Lecturing | The professor, in his schedule of tutorials, will clear the doubts that can have the student. |
| Laboratory practical | The professor, in his schedule of tutorials, will clear the doubts that can have the student. |

| Tests | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Problem and/or exercise solving | The professor, in his schedule of tutorials, will clear the doubts that can have the student. |
| Essay | The professor, in his schedule of tutorials, will clear the doubts that can have the student. |

Assessment

| Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences |
|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| | | |

| | | | | |
|---|----|-------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| Laboratory practical Assistance, participation and reports that delivered periodically. | 2 | CG3 CG6 | CE9 | CT1 CT5 CT9 CT10 |
| Results of learning: it Comprises the mechanical behaviour of the metallic materials, ceramic, plastics and compounds Knows the basic technicians of structural characterisation of the materials Purchases skills in the handle of the diagrams and charts. It is able to apply norms of essays of materials Purchases skill in the realisation of essays. It analyses the results obtained and extracts conclusions of the same | | | | |
| Problem and/or exercise solving | 43 | CG3 CG4 CG6 | CE9 | CT1 CT5 CT9 CT10 |
| Results of learning: it Comprises the fundamental concepts of link, structure and microstructure of the distinct types of materials. It comprises the relation go in to microstructure of the material in his mechanical behaviour, electrical, thermal and magnetic. It comprises the mechanical behaviour of the metallic materials, ceramic, plastics and composed Know how can modify the properties by means of mechanical processes and thermal treatments Knows the basic technicians of structural characterisation of the materials Purchases skills in the handle of the diagrams and charts Is able to apply norms of essays of materials Purchases skill in the realisation of essays Analyses the results obtained and extracts conclusions of the same | | | | |
| Problem and/or exercise solving | 50 | CG3 CG4 CG6 | CE9 | CT1 CT5 CT9 CT10 |
| Results of learning: it Comprises the fundamental concepts of link, structure and microstructure of the distinct types of materials. It comprises the relation go in to microstructure of the material in his mechanical behaviour, electrical, thermal and magnetic. It comprises the mechanical behaviour of the metallic materials, ceramic, plastics and composed Know how can modify the properties by means of mechanical processes and thermal treatments Knows the basic technicians of structural characterisation of the materials Purchases skills in the handle of the diagrams and charts Is able to apply norms of essays of materials Purchases skill in the realisation of essays Analyses the results obtained and extracts conclusions of the same | | | | |
| Essay | 5 | CG3 CG4 CG6 | CE9 | CT1 CT5 CT9 CT10 |
| Results of learning: it Comprises the fundamental concepts of link, structure and microstructure of the distinct types of materials. It comprises the relation go in to microstructure of the material in his mechanical behaviour, electrical, thermal and magnetic. It comprises the mechanical behaviour of the metallic materials, ceramic, plastics and composed Know how can modify the properties by means of mechanical processes and thermal treatments Knows the basic technicians of structural characterisation of the materials Purchases skills in the handle of the diagrams and charts Is able to apply norms of essays of materials Purchases skill in the realisation of essays Analyses the results obtained and extracts conclusions of the same | | | | |

Other comments on the Evaluation

*Evaluaci3n Continuous

The *evaluaci3n continua make during the period of *impartici3n of the subject, *seg3n los criteria established in the previous section and corresponds with 30% of the final note. To surpass the subject be necessary to have reached *unapuntuaci3n *m3nima of 40% in the proof made in the date previously *fijadapor the centre, that corresponds with 70% of the final note. Those students *queno receive to the *evaluaci3n continuous (previous *autorizaci3n of the *direcci3n *dela *EEI) be3n evaluated with a final examination on the contents of *latotalidad of the matter, that *supondr3 100% of the note.

Examination of Julio (23 Edici3n)

In the examination *de julio *tendr3 in account the *evaluaci3n continuous (V3lida only in the course 2019-20). The examination *tendr3 the same *caracter3sticasque the previous and make in the previously fixed date by the centre. Those students *quequieran renounce to the *evaluaci3n continuous be3n evaluated with an examination *finalsobre the contents of the whole of the material (*teor3to + *pr3ctica) *quesupondr3 100% of the note.

Extraordinary examination

Examination on *los contenidos of the whole of the material (*teor3to + *pr3ctica) that *supondr3 100% of the note.

Commitment 3tico:

It expects that the present student a behaviour 3tico suitable. In *casode detect a behaviour no 3tico (copy, plagiarism, *utilizaci3n of *aparatosel3ctr3nicos unauthorised, etc.), consider3 that the student no *re3ne *los requisitos necessary to surpass the matter. In this case, the *calificaci3nglobal in the present course *acad3mico be3 of suspense (0.0).

No allow3 the *utilizaci3n of *ning3n device *el3ctr3nico *durantelas proofs of *evaluaci3n, except *autorizaci3n expresses. The fact of *introducirun device *el3ctr3nico unauthorised in the classroom of examination be3 *consideradomotivo of no *superaci3n of the matter in the present course *acad3mico and *lascalificaci3n global be3 of suspense (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Callister, William, **Materials Science and Engineering: an introduction**, Wiley,
Askeland, Donald R, **The science and engineering of materials**, Cengage Learning,
Shackelford, James F, **Introduction to materials science for engineers**, Prentice-Hall,

Complementary Bibliography

Smith, William F, **Fundamentals of materials science and engineering**, McGraw-Hill,
AENOR, **Standard tests**,
Montes J.M., Cuevas F.G., Cintas J., **Ciencia e Ingeniería de Materiales**, Paraninfo,

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Materials engineering/V12G380V01504

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies/V12G380V01305
Fluid mechanics/V12G380V01405
Thermodynamics and heat transfer/V12G380V01302

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer science: Computing for engineering/V12G350V01203
Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102
Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202
Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103
Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104
Chemistry: Chemistry/V12G380V01205

Other comments

To enrol in this matter is necessary to have surpassed or enrol of all the subjects of the inferior courses to the course in that it is situated this matter.

In case of discrepancy in the information contained in this guide will understand that it prevails the version edited in Spanish.

IDENTIFYING DATA**Thermodynamics and heat transfer**

| | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Thermodynamics and heat transfer | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01302 | | | |
| Study programme | Degree in Mechanical Engineering | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 1st |
| Teaching language | Spanish | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Santos Navarro, José Manuel | | | |
| Lecturers | Cid Rodríguez, Natalia Román Espiñeira, Miguel Ángel Santos Navarro, José Manuel Sieres Atienza, Jaime Vidal López, Antonio José | | | |
| E-mail | josanna@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | | | | |
| General description | Thermodynamics studies the energy, its transformations and the relationships among the properties of substances. Therefore, its knowledge is of primary importance for the analysis, design and construction of any thermal machine or equipment; and, in general, for the industrial applications of thermal engineering. On the other hand, it is interesting to know the mechanisms for energy transfer, mainly due to the existence of a temperature difference, with a focus in the three modes of heat transfer and the mathematical models that allow calculating the heat transfer rate. At the end of the course, students are expected to be able to properly state and solve heat transfer engineering problems. | | | |

Competencies

| | |
|------|--|
| Code | |
| CG4 | CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty. |
| CG5 | CG5 Knowledge to carry out measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, surveys, studies, reports, work plans and other similar works. |
| CG6 | CG6 Capacity for handling specifications, regulations and mandatory standards. |
| CG7 | CG7 Ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of the technical solutions. |
| CG11 | CG11 Knowledge, understanding and ability to apply the necessary legislation in the exercise of the profession of Industrial Technical Engineer. |
| CE7 | CE7 Knowledge of applied thermodynamics and heat transfer. Basic principles and their application to solving engineering problems. |
| CT2 | CT2 Problems resolution. |
| CT7 | CT7 Ability to organize and plan. |
| CT9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. |
| CT10 | CT10 Self learning and work. |
| CT17 | CT17 Working as a team. |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| Know and understand the Laws of Thermodynamics, the modes of heat transfer and the relations to calculate heat transfer rates | CG4 CG5 CG6 CG7 | CE7 | CT2 CT7 CT9 CT10 CT17 |
| Know and understand the basic notions of the physics involved in the different modes of heat transfer | CG5 CG6 CG7 CG11 | CE7 | CT2 CT7 CT9 CT10 CT17 |
| Identify the relevant heat transfer mechanisms involved in any heat transfer engineering application | CG4 CG6 CG7 CG11 | CE7 | CT2 CT7 CT9 CT10 CT17 |

| | | | |
|--|------|-----|------|
| Analyze thermal systems operation, such as heat pumps, refrigeration systems or power systems. | CG4 | CE7 | CT2 |
| Know the main components of these kinds of systems and the thermodynamic cycles used to model them | CG5 | | CT7 |
| | CG6 | | CT9 |
| | CG7 | | CT17 |
| | CG11 | | |

Contents

Topic

REVIEW OF THE FIRST And SECOND LAW OF THE THERMODYNAMICS

PROPERTIES OF PURE SUBSTANCES: TABLES And DIAGRAMS OF PROPERTIES

ANALYSIS OF OPEN SYSTEMS ACCORDING TO THE FIRST And SECOND LAW OF THE THERMODYNAMICS

APPLICATIONS OF THE ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMIC: POWER CYCLES And REFRIGERATION CYCLES

BASICS CONCEPTS And FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF THE HEAT TRANSFER

HEAT TRANSFER BY CONDUCTION. ONE-DIMENSIONAL, STEADY-STATE HEAT FLOW

HEAT TRANSFER BY CONVECTION: FUNDAMENTALS And CORRELATIONS FOR CONVECTION HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS

HEAT TRANSFER BY RADIATION: FUNDAMENTALS. THERMAL RADIATION

INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS: HEAT EXCHANGERS

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Lecturing | 32.5 | 65 | 97.5 |
| Laboratory practical | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Autonomous problem solving | 0 | 18.5 | 18.5 |
| Problem solving | 12 | 12 | 24 |
| Problem and/or exercise solving | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Objective questions exam | 1 | 0 | 1 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

| | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| Lecturing | Lectures introduction of the contents of the matter object of study |
| Laboratory practical | Real processes experimentations in the laboratory which complement the contents covered in the course. PRACTICAL CONTENTS (at least 3 of the following laboratory practices will be done): 1) Application of the First Law of Thermodynamics: experimental determination of isothermal and adiabatic processes. 2) Evaluating thermodynamic properties of pure substances by means of computer software. 3) Experimental study of a vapor cycle. 4) Experimental study of a vapor compression refrigeration cycle and heat pump cycle. 5) Experimental determination of thermal conductivity. 6) Evaluating heat transfer by radiation: the Stefan-Boltzmann law |
| Autonomous problem solving | Troubleshooting and / or exercises related to the subject that the student take place by consulting the literature |
| Problem solving | Troubleshooting and / or exercises related to the subject that the student take place in the classroom and/or laboratory. Examples of simple application of the contents studied as well as practical examples will be solved. The methodology will be focused on explaining how to solve the problems rather than on the determining the final numerical solution. |

Personalized assistance

| Methodologies | Description |
|---------------|--|
| Lecturing | Students' questions or doubts about any of the course contents will be solved during the instructor's office hours |

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Laboratory practical | Students' questions or doubts about any of the course contents will be solved during the instructor's office hours |
| Problem solving | Students' questions or doubts about any of the course contents will be solved during the instructor's office hours |

Assessment

| | Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| Problem and/or exercise solving | Final exam consisting of solving problems of lengthy response , or exercises and / or theoretical questions concerning the contents of the developed material (theory sessions, labs, etc.), and time / conditions established / as by professor | 80 | CG4 CG5 CG6 CG7 | CE7 | CT2 CT7 CT9 CT10 |
| Objective questions exam | Throughout the semester several tests will be performed. The corresponding note to the different proofs of follow-up will be based in proofs written of short answer. This note will correspond with the denomination of Continuous Evaluation | 20 | CG6 | CE7 | CT2 CT7 CT9 CT10 |

Other comments on the Evaluation

Continuous Evaluation Mode .

The final qualification (CF) of the student is determined by adding the points obtained in the final exam (EF) and those obtained by Continuous Evaluation (EC).

A minimum number of points in the final exam is not required to take into account the points obtained during the course (Continuous Evaluation). In any case, it is necessary to obtain a final qualification greater or equal than 5 points in order to pass the subject.

Each new enrollment in the course involves resetting the ratings in the continuous evaluation activities obtained in previous courses.

According to the Continuous Assessment Regulations, those students subject to the continuous evaluation mode that take part in any assessable activity included in the Teaching Guide of the subject, will be considered as "presented" and will be taken into account for the final qualification of the course.

To carry out the different tests considered in the continuous evaluation mode (along the course) students should bring the materials and / or documentation required to perform these tests, such as: calculator (non- programmable), tables and diagrams of properties of substances. Any kind of form or similar complementary document will not be allowed during these tests.

For the continuous evaluation tests and the final exam, it is recommended that students clearly justify all their results. None of the results obtained by the student will be "understood" by default. The procedure used by the students during the solution of the different problems will also be taken into account.

Non-continuous Evaluation Mode

Those students that have renounced to be evaluated during the course (Continuous Evaluation) using the official procedure established by the Center, will be evaluated in the official dates set in the two calls (same day and time) by a specific assessment. This specific assessment will take into account all contents (theory, problems and laboratory practices) of the course, and will account for 100% of the maximum score. It will take place as follows:

- 1.- Written test (EF), with a weight of 80% of the final qualification, identical to the final test of all other students that follow the continuous evaluation mode.
- 2.- A Specific test (EC) , with a weight of 20% of the final qualification. This specific test will include both the contents of laboratory practice and the contents covered during the master sessions of the course.

Qualification criteria:

First call: the final qualification is calculated as

$$CF=0.2 \cdot EC+0.8 \cdot EF$$

Second call: the final qualification is calculated as

$CF = \max(N1, N2)$, where

$$N1 = 0.2 \cdot EC + 0.8 \cdot EF$$

$$N2 = EF$$

A score system from 0 to 10 points will be used (RD 1125/2003 de 5 de septiembre, BOEde 18 de septiembre)

The exams for the "final de carrera" call may have a different format to the formerly detailed one.

All tests, either during the course (continuous evaluation) or the final exam, must be done with a pen, preferably blue. The use of a pencil or a red pen is not allowed. The use of electronic devices such as tablets, smartphones, laptops, etc, are also not allowed.

Ethical Commitment:

The student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. In the event that an unethical behavior is detected (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.), it will be considered that the student does not meet the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In that case, the overall rating in the current academic year will be 'fail (0.0)'.

The use of any electronic device during the different assessments or tests is not allowed, unless expressly authorized. The fact of introducing such an unauthorized device in the examination room will be considered as a reason for not passing the subject in the current academic year and the overall rating will be 'fail (0.0)'.

IMPORTANT NOTE: this is the english translation of the subject guide. In the event of any conflict between the English and Spanish versions, the Spanish version shall prevail.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Çengel, Yunus y Boles, Michael, **Termodinámica**, 7ª Edición, McGraw-Hill, 2012

Çengel Yunus A., Boles Michael A., **Thermodynamics : an engineering approach**, 7th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2011

Çengel Y.A., y Ghajar A.J., **Transferencia de Calor y Masa. fundamentos y aplicaciones**, 4ª edición, McGraw-Hill, 2011

Çengel, Yunus A., **Heat and mass transfer: a practical approach**, 4th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2011

Complementary Bibliography

Çengel Y.A., **Introduction to Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer**, McGraw-Hill, 2008

Moran M.J. y Shapiro H.N., **Fundamentos de Termodinámica Técnica**, 2ª edición - castellano, Ed. Reverté, 2004

Merle C. Porter y Craig W. Somerton, **Termodinámica para ingenieros**, McGraw-Hill/Interamericana de España, 2004

Incropera F.P. y DeWitt D.P., **Introduction to Heat Transfer**, 2002

Wark, K. y Richards, D.E., **Termodinámica**, McGraw-Hill, 2010

Kreith J. y Bohn M.S., **Principios de Transferencia de Calor**, 2001,

Mills A.F., **Transferencia de calor**, 1995

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics 2/V12G340V01202

Mathematics: Calculus 1/V12G340V01104

Mathematics: Calculus 2 and differential equations/V12G340V01204

Other comments

To enrol in this subject it will be necessary to have surpassed or to be enrolled in all the subjects of inferior courses.

Given the limitation of time for the "Thermodynamic Heat Transfer" course, it is highly recommended that students have completed the course [Física II] or that they have the equivalent background in thermodynamics

IMPORTANT NOTE: this is the english translation of the subject guide. In the event of any conflict between the English and Spanish versions, the Spanish version shall prevail.

IDENTIFYING DATA**Fundamentos de electrotecnia**

| | | | | |
|---------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Fundamentos de electrotecnia | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01303 | | | |
| Study programme | Grao en Enxeñaría Mecánica | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2 | 1c |
| Teaching language | Castelán | | | |
| Department | Enxeñaría eléctrica | | | |
| Coordinator | Albo López, María Elena | | | |
| Lecturers | Albo López, Ana Belén Albo López, María Elena | | | |
| E-mail | ealbo@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | http://http://fatic.uvigo.es | | | |
| General description | Os obxectivos que se perseguen con esta materia son: - Adquisición dos coñecementos referidos a símbolos, magnitudes, principios, elementos básicos e leis da electricidade. - Coñecemento de técnicas e métodos de análises de circuitos con excitación continua e en réxime *estacionario *senoidal - Descrición de sistemas *trifásicos. - Coñecemento dos principios de funcionamento e características das distintas máquinas eléctricas. | | | |

Competencias

| | |
|------|---|
| Code | |
| CG3 | CG3 Coñecemento en materias básicas e tecnolóxicas que os capacite para a aprendizaxe de novos métodos e teorías, e os dote de versatilidade para adaptarse a novas situacións. |
| CE10 | CE10 Coñecemento e utilización dos principios de teoría de circuitos e máquinas eléctricas. |
| CT1 | CT1 Análise e síntese. |
| CT2 | CT2 Resolución de problemas. |
| CT6 | CT6 Aplicación da informática no ámbito de estudo. |
| CT10 | CT10 Aprendizaxe e traballo autónomos. |
| CT14 | CT14 Creatividade. |
| CT16 | CT16 Razoamento crítico. |
| CT17 | CT17 Traballo en equipo. |

Resultados de aprendizaxe

| Learning outcomes | Competences | |
|---|-------------|--|
| Comprender os aspectos básicos do funcionamento dos circuitos e as máquinas eléctricas. | CG3 | CE10 |
| Coñecer o proceso experimental utilizado cando se traballa con circuitos eléctricos e máquinas eléctricas | | CT1 CT2 |
| Coñecer as técnicas actuais dispoñibles para a análise de circuitos eléctricos | | CE10 CT6 |
| Coñecer as técnicas de medida de circuitos eléctricos | | CT6 CT10 |
| Adquirir habilidades sobre o proceso de análise de circuitos eléctricos | | CT1 CT2 CT10 CT14 CT16 CT17 |

Contidos

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Topic | |
| INTRODUCCIÓN. | Carga, corrente, potencial eléctrico, enerxía e potencia eléctrica, lei de Ohm, lei de Joule, leis de Kirchoff. Elementos Ideais. Asociación serie, paralelo de elementos ideais |
| ELEMENTOS REAIS. | Elementos Pasivos Reais (Resistencia, Bobina, Condensador) |
| FONTES E TEOREMAS FUNDAMENTAIS. | Modelos de Fontes Reais. Conversión de Fontes Reais. Teoremas Fundamentais: Linealidade, Substitución, Superposición, Thévenin e Norton. |
| MÉTODOS SISTEMÁTICOS DE ANÁLISES. | Nós e mallas |

| | |
|---|---|
| REGIMEN ESTACIONARIO SENOIDAL | Formas de onda e parámetros asociados, fasores, impedancias/admitancias. Asociación de impedancias/admitancias. Comportamento dos elementos no R.E.S |
| POTENCIA E ENERXÍA EN R.E.S | Potencias: complexa, activa, reactiva, aparente. Teorema de Boucherot. Factor de Potencia. Compensación de Potencia Reactiva |
| SISTEMAS TRIFÁSICOS EQUILIBRADOS | Valores de liña e fase. Redución ao monofásico equivalente. Potencia. Medida de Potencia Activa e Reactiva |
| TRANSFORMADORES MONOFÁSICOS E TRIFÁSICOS. | Constitución, circuítos equivalente, índice horario. |
| MÁQUINAS ASÍNCRONAS | Constitución. Xeración do campo xiratorio. Circuíto Equivalente. Curvas Características. Manobras |
| MAQUINAS DE ALTERNA MONOFÁSICAS | Constitución. Principio de funcionamento. Aplicacións. |
| MAQUINAS SÍNCRONAS. | Constitución. Funcionamento en baleiro e en carga. Sincronización. |
| MÁQUINAS DE CORRENTE CONTINUA. | Constitución. Circuítos Equivalentes. Curvas características |
| PRÁCTICAS | <p>INTRODUCCIÓN E SEGURIDADE</p> <p>1. Descrición do laboratorio. Seguridade eléctrica</p> <p>2. Equipos de medida (polímetro, pinza amperimétrica, vatímetro dixital, osciloscopio dixital, analizador de rede) e de xeración (fonte DC, fonte AC, fonte trifásica) utilizados no laboratorio. Métodos para realizar as medidas de tensión, intensidade, potencia con efectividade e seguridade.</p> <p>BLOQUE TEORÍA DE CIRCUÍTOS</p> <p>3. Asociacións de elementos. Equivalencia estrela-triángulo.</p> <p>4. Elementos Reais: resistencia, bobina núcleo aire, bobina núcleo ferro, condensador, transformador.</p> <p>5. Circuíto RLC serie e paralelo. Media de tensións, intensidades, potencias. Determinación de Impedancia/Admitancia Equivalente.</p> <p>6. Compensación de Reactiva en Circuítos RL serie e paralelo.</p> <p>7. Sistema trifásico equilibrado. Concepto de valores de liña e fase. Medida de Potencias en cargas trifásicas.</p> <p>BLOQUE MÁQUINAS ELÉCTRICAS</p> <p>8. Ensaio na máquina asíncrona trifásica. Determinación do circuítos equivalente</p> <p>9. Máquinas de corrente continua. Constitución e principio de funcionamento. Aplicacións</p> |

| Planificación | | | |
|---|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Lección maxistral | 22 | 44 | 66 |
| Resolución de problemas | 10 | 10 | 20 |
| Prácticas de laboratorio | 20 | 10 | 30 |
| Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma | 0 | 20 | 20 |
| Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Informe de prácticas | 0 | 10 | 10 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Metodoloxía docente | |
|---|---|
| | Description |
| Lección maxistral | O profesor exporá nas clases de aula os contidos da materia. |
| Resolución de problemas | Exporanse e resolverán problemas e exercicios tipo nas clases de aula como guía para o alumnado. |
| Prácticas de laboratorio | Realizaranse no laboratorio montaxes prácticas correspondentes aos contidos vistos na aula, ou ben se tratarán aspectos complementarios non tratados nas clases teóricas. |
| Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma | É moi aconsellable que o alumno trate de resolver pola súa conta exercicios e cuestións da materia propostos polo profesorado. |

| Atención personalizada | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Methodologies | Description |
| Resolución de problemas | O profesor atenderá persoalmente as dúbidas e consultas dos alumnos. |
| Prácticas de laboratorio | O profesor atenderá persoalmente as dúbidas e consultas dos alumnos. |

| Avaliación | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------|------|---|--|
| | Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences | | | |
| Lección maxistral | Avaliarase o nivel de seguimento por parte do alumnado dos contidos da materia. A este efecto desenvolveranse durante o curso polo menos dúas probas curtas a realizar descontando o tempo do dedicado ás clases de aula. Cada proba constará dun conxunto de pequenos exercicios para os cales cada alumno/a proporá unha resposta, si é correcta (e o exercicio está resolto/xustificado) conta como un acerto e si é errónea ou se deixa en branco non puntuá, cada proba valórase entre 0 e 10 puntos. A avaliación das probas curtas é a media aritmética das puntuacións obtidas, está comprendida entre 0 e 10. A primeira desas probas comprende até Métodos Sistemáticos de Análises e a segunda inclúe R.E.S. en sistemas monofásicos e trifásicos. En caso de realizarse algunha outra proba, o profesor/a determinará os contidos a avaliar. | 30 | CG3 | CE10 | CT1 CT2 CT10 CT16 | |
| Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento | O exame constará de dous problemas, un deles da parte de Teoría de Circuitos e outro da parte de Máquinas Eléctricas. Cada sección avaliarase entre 0 e 10 puntos esixíndose un mínimo de 3 puntos en cada unha delas para poder aprobar a materia. | 60 | CG3 | CE10 | CT1 CT2 CT6 CT10 CT14 CT16 | |
| Informe de prácticas | Valorarase a realización das prácticas e a resolución dun cuestionario referido á montaxe, resultados obtidos e interpretación dos mesmos. A non asistencia á práctica leva asociada a cualificación de cero puntos na práctica, independentemente que o estudante entregue o correspondente cuestionario/informe. | 10 | CG3 | CE10 | CT1 CT2 CT6 CT10 CT14 CT16 CT17 | |

Other comments on the Evaluation

A nota numérica final obtense pola media ponderada dos elementos anteriores:

$$\text{Nota} = 0,3 * \text{Probas curtas} + 0,1 * \text{Prácticas} + 0,6 * \text{Exame}$$

Se pola aplicación da media ponderada anterior a nota final é superior a 4,5 puntos, pero non se cumpre a condición de alcanzar un mínimo de 3 puntos en cada parte do exame final, a nota máxima será de 4,5 puntos. .

AVALIACIÓN CONTINUA:

Tanto a realización das probas, como a asistencia ás prácticas e entrega dos cuestionarios dos mesmos, son actividades de avaliación continua, avaliando a primeira con ata 3 puntos ea segunda con ata 1 punto na nota final.

Na facultade desta materia considérase xustificado que o alumno poida realizar un exame final con opcións para aspirar ao grao máis alto posible, para que os estudantes que desexen mellorar a cualificación correspondente á avaliación continua poidan facer un exame adicional despois do exame. xeral, que incluírá cuestións relacionadas cos contidos tanto da docencia de clase como de laboratorio, e que pode ser ata o 40% da cualificación final coa mesma distribución que se outorga na avaliación continua, nese exame adicional pode recuperar unha das partes ou ambas. En caso de facelo, a nota que se terá en conta para avaliar as actividades de avaliación continua será a nota máis alta obtida (durante o curso / exame adicional).

O alumno que desexe renunciar ás actividades correspondentes á avaliación continua ten un prazo para facelo fixado pola dirección da escola, nese caso a nota máxima que se pode esperar co exame final é de 6,0 puntos sobre 10, con todo, pode aumentar a súa cualificación realizando o exame adicional mencionado no parágrafo anterior.

Para a segunda oportunidade de xuño a xullo mantense a cualificación na avaliación continua obtida na primeira oportunidade, sen prexuízo de que, como na primeira oportunidade de decembro a xaneiro, pódese superar coa realización do exame adicional que é propoñer a tal efecto. A nota que se terá en conta para avaliar as actividades de avaliación continua será a nota máis alta obtida.

Cada nova matrícula na materia implica unha redución a cero das cualificacións nas actividades de avaliación continua obtidas nos cursos anteriores.

Compromiso ético:

Estudiante deberá presentar un comportamento ético axeitado. En caso de detectar un comportamento non ético (copia, plaxio, uso de dispositivos electrónicos non autorizados, por exemplo) considerarase que o alumno non cumpre os requisitos necesarios para aprobar a materia. Dependendo do tipo de comportamento non ético detectado, poderíase concluír que o alumno non alcanzou as competencias B2, B3 e CT19.

Bibliografía. Fontes de información

Basic Bibliography

Suárez Creo, J. Albo López E, **Apuntes F.Electrotecnia**,

Suárez Creo, J. , Albo López, E, **Ejercicios Resueltos de F. Electrotecnia**,

Complementary Bibliography

Jesús Fraile Mora, **Circuitos Eléctricos**, 2015,

Gómez Expósito, Martínez Ramos y otros, **FUNDAMENTOS DE TEORÍA DE CIRCUITOS**, 2007,

Suarez Creo J. y Miranda Blanco B.N., **MÁQUINAS ELÉCTRICAS. FUNCIONAMIENTO EN RÉGIMEN PERMANENTE**, 2006,

Jesús Fraile Mora, **Máquinas eléctricas**, 2015,

Jesús Fraile Mora, **Problemas de máquinas eléctricas**, 2015,

Recomendacións

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Tecnoloxía eléctrica/V12G340V01804

Compoñentes eléctricos en vehículos/V12G340V01902

Oficina técnica/V12G340V01307

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Física: Física I/V12G340V01102

Física: Física II/V12G340V01202

Matemáticas: Álgebra e estatística/V12G340V01103

Matemáticas: Cálculo I/V12G340V01104

Other comments

É moi recomendable que os alumnos teñan coñecementos suficientes da álgebra dos números complexos e coñecementos básicos de teoría de circuitos:

- En concreto, esta materia parte e apóiase dos contidos estudados en Física II, realizando un mero repaso no primeiro tema □Introdución□ daqueles aspectos relacionados directamente coa Teoría Circuitos, primeiro bloque didáctico de Fundamentos de Electrotecnia. É por tanto recomendable, para o correcto seguimento da materia, ter aprobada Física II.
- Por outra banda, todo o cálculo en R.E.S., que abarca o 80% do curso, realízase aplicando operacións de números complexos (suma, resta, multiplicación, división, conxugado□.), por tanto é fundamental dominar a álgebra de números complexos (Matemáticas I) para poder seguir adecuadamente esta materia.

Por todo iso, é conveniente superar as materias dos cursos inferiores ao curso en que está situado esta materia, especialmente Matemáticas I e Física II, antes de matricularse de Fundamentos de Electrotecnia.

IDENTIFYING DATA**Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies**

| | | | | |
|-------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01305 | | | |
| Study programme | Degree in Mechanical Engineering | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 1st |
| Teaching language | Spanish | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Ares Gómez, José Enrique Diéguez Quintas, José Luís | | | |
| Lecturers | Ares Gómez, José Enrique Diéguez Quintas, José Luís Fenollera Bolívar, María Inmaculada Hernández Martín, Primo Prado Cerqueira, María Teresa Rodríguez Paz, Rafael | | | |
| E-mail | enrares@uvigo.es jdieguez@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | http://faitic.uvigo.es | | | |

General description The educational aims of Foundations of Systems and Technologies of Manufacture, in his fundamental and descriptive appearances, centre in the study and the application of scientific knowledges and technicians related with the processes of manufacture of components and conjoint whose functional purpose is mechanical, as well as the evaluation of his dimensional precision and the one of the products to obtain, with a determinate quality. All this including from the phases of preparation until the ones of utilisation of the instruments, the tools, toolings, teams, machines tool and necessary systems for his realisation, in accordance with the norms and specifications established, and applying criteria of optimisation.

To reach the aims mentioned will give the following thematic educational:

- Foundations of dimensional metrology. Measure of length, angles, forms and elements of machines.
- Study, analysis and evaluation of the dimensional tolerances. Chain of tolerances. Optimisation of the tolerances. Systems of adjust and tolerances.
- Processes of conformed of materials by means of start of material, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Processes of conformed by means of plastic deformation, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Processes of conformed by *moldeo, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Processes of conformed no conventional, operations, scheme, teams and tooling.
- Conformed of polymers, and other no metallic materials, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Processes of union and assembling, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Foundations of the programming of scheme with *CNC, used in the mechanical manufacture.

Competencies

| | |
|------|---|
| Code | |
| CG3 | CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations. |
| CE15 | CE15 Basic knowledge of production systems and manufacturing. |
| CT2 | CT2 Problems resolution. |
| CT8 | CT8 Decision making. |
| CT9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. |
| CT10 | CT10 Self learning and work. |
| CT17 | CT17 Working as a team. |
| CT20 | CT20 Ability to communicate with people not expert in the field. |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| (*) | CE15 CT2 CT9 CT10 CT20 |

| | | | |
|-----|-----|------|-----------------------------------|
| New | CG3 | CE15 | CT2 CT10 |
| New | | CE15 | CT2 CT8 CT17 |
| New | CG3 | CE15 | CT2 CT8 CT9 CT17 CT20 |

Contents

| Topic | |
|---|---|
| DIDACTIC UNIT 1. INTRODUCTION To THE TECHNOLOGIES And SYSTEMS OF MANUFACTURE. | Lesson 1. INTRODUCTION To THE ENGINEERING OF *FABRICACION. The productive cycle. Classification of industries. Technologies of manufacture. |
| DIDACTIC UNIT 2. *METROTECNIA. | Lesson 2. PRINCIPLES OF DIMENSIONAL METROLOGY. Introduction. Definitions and concepts. The International System of Units. Physical magnitudes that covers the Dimensional Metrology. Elements that take part in the measurement. Classifications of the methods of measure. Patterns. The chain of *trazabilidad. *Calibración. Uncertainty. Chain of *calibración and transmission of the uncertainty. Relation between tolerance and uncertainty. Expression of the uncertainty of measure in *calibración. Lesson 3. INSTRUMENTS And METHODS OF MEASURE. Introduction. Patterns. Instruments of verification. Patterns *interferométricos. Principles of *interferometría. Instruments of direct measure. Methods and instruments of indirect measure. Lesson 4. MEASUREMENT BY COORDINATES. MEASUREMENT BY IMAGE. SUPERFICIAL QUALITY. Machines of measurement by coordinates. Concept. Principles of the MMC. Classification of the machines. Main components of the MMC. Process to be followed for the development of a measure. Systems of measurement by image. Superficial quality. Methods of measure of the *rugosidad. Parameters of *rugosidad. |

DIDACTIC UNIT 3.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY START OF
MATERIAL

Lesson 5. INTRODUCTION To THE CONFORMED BY START OF MATERIAL.
Introduction. Movements in the process of start of material. Factors to take into account in the election of the tool. Geometry of tool. Materials of tool. Mechanism of training of the shaving. Types of shavings. Power and strengths of court. Wear of tool. Criteria of wear of tool. Determination of the life of the tool. Flowed of court.

Lesson 6. TURNING: OPERATIONS, SCHEME And TOOLING.
Introduction. Main operations in lathe. The machine-tool: the lathe. Main parts of the lathe. Setting or subjection of pieces. Typical tools of the lathe. Special lathes.

Lesson 7. MILLED: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING.
Introduction. Description and classification of the operations of milled. Parts and main types of *fresadoras. Types of strawberries. Setting of the tool. Subjection of pieces. Different configurations of *fresadoras.
*Fresadoras Special.

Lesson 8. MECHANISED OF HOLES And WITH RECTILINEAR MAIN MOVEMENT: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING.
Introduction to the operations of mechanised of holes. Punches.
*Mandrinadoras. General characteristics of the processes of mechanised with rectilinear main movement. *Limadora. *Mortajadora. *Cepilladora.
*Brochadora. Saws.

Lesson 9. CONFORMED WITH ABRASIVE: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING.
Introduction to the operations of mechanised of holes. You grind abrasive. Operation of rectified. Types of *rectificadoras. *Honeado. *Lapeado. Polishing. Burnished. *Superacabado

Lesson 10. PROCESSES OF MECHANISED NO CONVENTIONAL.
Introduction. The mechanised by electroerosion or *electro-download. Mechanised electrochemical. Mechanised by laser. Mechanised by *chorro of water. Court by arch of plasma. Mechanised by ultrasounds. Milled chemist.

DIDACTIC UNIT 4.
AUTOMATION And MANAGEMENT OF THE
PROCESSES OF MANUFACTURE.

Lesson 11. NUMERICAL CONTROL OF MACHINES TOOL.
Introduction. Advantages of the application of the *CN in the machines tool. Necessary information for the creation of a program of *CN. Manual programming of *MHCN. Types of language of *CN. Structure of a program in code ISO. Characters employed. Preparatory functions (G_). Auxiliary functions (M_). Interpretation of the main functions. Examples. Automatic programming in numerical control.

DIDACTIC UNIT 5.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED OF MATERIALS IN
LIQUID STATE And GRANULATE.

Lesson 12. GENERAL APPEARANCES OF THE CONFORMED BY FOUNDRY OF METALS.

Introduction. Stages in the conformed by foundry. Nomenclature of the main parts of the mould. Materials employed in the conformed by foundry. Flow of the fluid in the system of feeding. Solidification of the metals. Contraction of the metals. The *rechupe. Procedure of calculation of the system distribution of *colada. Considerations on design and defects in pieces melted.

Lesson 13. PROCESSES OF MANUFACTURE BY FOUNDRY.

Classification of the processes of foundry. *Moldeo In sand. *Moldeo In shell. *Moldeo In plaster. *Moldeo In ceramics. *Moldeo To the CO₂. *Moldeo To the stray wax
Foundry in full mould. *Moldeo *Mergast. *Moldeo In permanent mould. Foundry injected. Foundry *centrifugada. Ovens employed in foundry.

Lesson 14. METALLURGY OF DUSTS (*PULVIMETALURGIA).

Introduction. Manufacture of the metallic dusts. Characteristics and properties of the metallic dusts. Dosage and mix of metallic dusts. *Compactación. *Sinterizado. Ovens of sintering. *Sinterizado By download *disruptiva. *Presinterizado. Back operations. Considerations of design. Products *obtenibles by sintering.

Lesson 15. CONFORMED OF PLASTICS.

Introduction. Polymeric material classification. Physical properties of polymers. Classification of the processes. *Moldeo By extrusion. *Moldeo By injection. *Moldeo By compression. *Moldeo By transfer. *Moldeo Rotational. *Termoconformado.

DIDACTIC UNIT 6.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY UNION.

Lesson 16. PROCESSES OF WELDING.

Introduction to the processes of welding. Welding with electrical arch. Welding by resistance. Welding with oxygen and gas fuel. Welding with temperature of fusion of metal of lower contribution that the one of the metals to join.

Lesson 17. PROCESSES OF UNION And SETTING WITHOUT WELDING.

Processes of union by means of adhesive. Resistance to the adhesion. Conditions for the hit. Design of unions Types of adhesive according to origin and composition. Processes of mechanical union. Removable mechanical unions and permanent.

DIDACTIC UNIT 7.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY PLASTIC
DEFORMATION OF METALS.

Lesson 18. GENERAL APPEARANCES OF THE CONFORMED BY PLASTIC DEFORMATION.

Introduction. Curves of effort-deformation. Expressions of the deformation. Proof of the volume. Approximate models of the curve encourage real-natural deformation. State of flat deformation. Primary and secondary processes. Processes of work in hot and in cold. Conditions and control of the process.

Lesson 19. PROCESSES OF *LAMINACIÓN And FORGES.

*Laminación: Foundations; temperature of *laminación; teams for the *laminación in hot; characteristics, quality and tolerances of the products *laminados in hot; *laminación in cold. It forges: free; in matrix of impression; in press; by *recalcado; header in cold; by *laminación; in cold.

Lesson 20. EXTRUSION, *EMBUTICIÓN And AFFINE.

Extrusion. Pulled of bars and tubes. *Trefilado. Reduction of section. *Embutición. *Repujado In lathe. Attainable pieces by *repujado: considerations of design. Forming by pulled. Forming with pads of rubber and with liquid to pressure. Forming to big power.

Lesson 21. CONFORMED OF METALLIC SHEET.

*Curvado Or bent of sheets. *Curvado With rollers. Conformed with rollers. *Enderezado. *Engatillado. Operations of cut of sheet.

PROGRAM OF PRACTICES

Practice 1.- Utilisation of the conventional devices of metrology. Measurement of pieces using foot of normal king and of depths and micrometer of outsides and inner. Employment of clock comparator. *Comprobación Of flat surfaces. Use of calibrate raise/does not happen, rules, squares and *calas pattern. Measurement and *comprobación of threads. Realisation of metric measurements and in English units.

Practice 2.-Indirect measurements. *Comprobación Of a cone using rollers and a foot of king, measurement of a tail of *milano using rollers, measurement of the angles of a double tail of *milano and measurements using a rule of breasts. Direct measurements with goniometer.

Practice 3.- Machine of measurement by coordinates. Establish a system of coordinates. Check measures in piece, using a machine to measure by coordinates. Verify tolerances forms and position.

Practice 4.- Manufacture with machines conventional tools. Manufacture of a piece employing the lathe, the *fresadora and the *taladro conventional, defining the basic operations and realising them on the machine.

Practice 5.- Selection of conditions of computer-aided court. Realisation of leaves of process of three pieces using program of planning of Practical computer-aided processes 6, 7 and 8.- Initiation to the numerical control applied to the lathe and to the *fresadora. Realisation of a program in *CNC using a simulator, with the main orders and simpler; realising at the end diverse pieces so much in the lathe as in the *fresadora of the classroom workshop.

Practice 9.- Welding. Knowledge of different teams of electrical welding. *Soldeo Of different materials employed the technicians of electrode *revestido, *TIG and *MIG.

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Lecturing | 32.5 | 0 | 32.5 |
| Laboratory practical | 18 | 0 | 18 |
| Objective questions exam | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Laboratory practice | 0 | 50 | 50 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

| | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| Lecturing | The theoretical classes will realise combining the explanations of blackboard with the employment of videos and presentations of computer. The purpose of these is to complement the content of aim them, interpreting the concepts in these exposed by means of the sample of examples and the realisation of exercises. |
| Laboratory practical | The practical classes of laboratory will realise in 9 sessions of 2 hours, except the students of the course bridge that will realise the practices in the 6 sessions that contemplates his particular schedule, in groups of 20 maximum students, and employing the available resources of instruments and machines, combining with the simulations by computer. |

Personalized assistance

| Methodologies | Description |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Lecturing | |
| Laboratory practical | |
| Tests | Description |
| Objective questions exam | |
| Laboratory practice | |

Assessment

| Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences |
|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| | | |

| | | | |
|--------------------------|--|----|---------------------------------|
| Objective questions exam | It TESTS TYPE To (for all the students -60% final note-) The character of this proof is written and face-to-face, is compulsory for all the students, with or without continuous evaluation. It will be composed this proof by 20 ask type test on the theoretical and practical contents. The assessment of tests it type test will realise in a scale of 6 points, what represents 60% of the total note, being necessary to obtain at least 2 points, so that together with the practical proofs can obtain at least 5 points and surpass the matter The note of this test will obtain adding 0,3 points by each properly answered question and will subtract 0,1 points if the question is resolved of wrong form. The questions in white do not mark. | 60 | CG3 CE15 CT8 CT9 CT10 |
| Laboratory practice | It TESTS TYPE *B (continuous evaluation -30% final note-): Two test type test to realise in the schedule of class, consistent in 5 questions on the matter given until the moment, each correct question will cost 0,3 points and the wrong will subtract 0,1 points. The questions in white do not mark. Each proof will be therefore 15% of the final note. It TESTS TYPE C (continuous evaluation -10% final note-): A proof written or work to propose by the professor along the *cuatrimestre. This proof will value with a maximum of 1 point, 10% of the final note. These notes will add to the qualification of tests it type test, to be able to obtain at least 5 points and surpass the matter. It TESTS TYPE (renunciation to the continuous evaluation -40% final note-): Resolution of several practical problems, whose value will be 40% of the final note, or was at most 4 points, being necessary to obtain a minimum of 1 point in this second proof so that the qualification can add to the one of tests it type test, and if it equalises or surpasses 5 points, approve the matter. This tests type D, will realise it the students to which have conceded them the renunciation to the continuous evaluation, and will realise the same day that realise tests it compulsory test, after this have finalised. | 40 | CE15 CT2 CT8 CT9 CT10 CT17 CT20 |

Other comments on the Evaluation

<*/p>APPROVED</p><*/p>Students described by means of continuous evaluation:</p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the punctuation of test them types □To□, □*B□ and □C□. </p><*/p>All the students in principle will have to follow the procedure of continuous evaluation, except those that on purpose renounce in the term and form that mark the school. </p><*/p>–Students described with renunciation conceded to the continuous evaluation:</p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the punctuation of test them types □To□ and □D□.</p><*/p>ASSISTANCE To PRACTICAL CLASSES</p><*/p>The assistance to practical classes is not compulsory, but will be always matter of examination the in them given.</p><*/p>ANNOUNCEMENT OF 2^o EDITION</p><*/p>Students with continuous evaluation, qualification in the announcement of 2^o edition:</p><*/p>–This second edition of the ordinary announcement will describe as the following way: </p><*/p>- By means of the realisation of the compulsory proof type □To□ </p><*/p>- conserve the qualifications of the two test type □*B□ in this 2^a opportunity, but will be able to , if it wishes , improve this qualification, by means of the repetition of these test type □*B□ when finalising tests it type □To□.</p><*/p>- Will keep the punctuation reached in tests it type □C□ by maximum value of 1 point, but will be able to improve this note if it wishes by means of a proof written or work to propose by the professor, to deliver before the day of the announcement of this second edition.</p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the three previous proofs. </p><*/p>The notes of the proofs of continuous evaluation, corresponding to 40% of the final qualification, will not conserve of a course for another. </p><*/p>Students without continuous evaluation, qualification in the announcement of 2^o edition: </p><*/p>The students that do not realise continuous evaluation, due to the fact that the centre has accepted them the renunciation, always will have to realise in all the announcements tests it type □To□ (by value of 6 points) and tests it type □D□ (by value of 4 points), in the terms specified in the previous sections. </p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the two previous proofs. </p><*/p>EXTRAORDINARY ANNOUNCEMENT: </p><*/p>This proof will be equal for all the students and will consist in one tests it type □To□ (by value of 6 points) and tests it type □D□ (by value of 4 points), in the terms specified in the previous sections. </p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the two previous proofs. </p><*/p>ETHICAL COMMITMENT:</p><*/p>expects that the present student a suitable ethical behaviour, free of fraud. In case to detect a no ethical behaviour (copy, plagiarism, utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, for example) will consider that the student does not gather the necessary requirements to surpass the matter. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).</p>

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Complementary Bibliography

Dieguez, J.L.; Pereira, A.; Ares, J.E.; **Fundamentos de fabricación mecánica,**

Alting, L., **Procesos para ingeniería de manufactura,**

De Garmo; Black; Kohser, **Materiales y procesos de fabricación,**

Kalpakjian, Serope, **Manufactura, ingeniería y tecnología,**

Lasheras, J.M., **Tecnología mecánica y metrotecnica,**

Recommendations**Subjects that continue the syllabus**

Manufacturing engineering and dimensional quality/V12G380V01604

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Materials science and technology/V12G350V01305

Other comments

Requirements: To enrol of this matter is necessary to have surpassed or be enrolled of all the matters of the inferior courses to the course to the that is *emplazada this matter.

In case of discrepancies, will prevail the version in Spanish of this guide.

IDENTIFYING DATA**Mechanism and machine theory**

| | | | | |
|---------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Mechanism and machine theory | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01306 | | | |
| Study programme | Degree in Mechanical Engineering | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 1st |
| Teaching language | Spanish Galician English | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Fernández Vilán, Ángel Manuel Segade Robleda, Abraham | | | |
| Lecturers | Fernández Vilán, Ángel Manuel González Baldonado, Jacobo López Campos, José Ángel Segade Robleda, Abraham | | | |
| E-mail | asegade@uvigo.es avilan@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | http://faitic.uvigo.es | | | |
| General description | This subject is intended to provide the students with basic knowledge about Mechanism and Machine Theory as well as his applications in the field of Mechanical engineering. It also covers and provides the students with the most important concepts related with Mechanism and Machine Theory. The students will know and apply kinematic and dynamic analysis methods for mechanical systems both with graphical and analytical methods and also through effective use of simulation software. Furthermore, this subject serves as an introduction of some aspects about machinery design; a topic that will be cover thoroughly in future subjects of the Degree. | | | |

Competencies

| | |
|------|--|
| Code | |
| CG3 | CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations. |
| CG4 | CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty. |
| CE13 | CE13 Knowledge of the principles of the theory of machines and mechanisms. |
| CT2 | CT2 Problems resolution. |
| CT6 | CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study. |
| CT9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. |
| CT10 | CT10 Self learning and work. |
| CT16 | CT16 Critical thinking. |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences | | |
|---|-------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| To know the fundamentals of Mechanism and Machines Theory, and the application of these concepts concerning to the field of Mechanical engineering to solve problems related with this subject in the Industrial Engineering field. | CG3 CG4 | CE13 | CT2 CT6 CT9 CT10 CT16 |
| To know, comprehend, apply, and practice the concepts related to Mechanism and Machines Theory. | CG3 CG4 | CE13 | CT2 CT6 CT9 CT10 CT16 |
| To know and apply kinematic and dynamic analyses techniques to mechanical systems. | CG3 CG4 | CE13 | CT2 CT6 CT9 CT10 CT16 |
| Efficiently know and utilize software for analysis of mechanisms. | CG3 CG4 | CE13 | CT2 CT6 CT9 CT10 CT16 |

| Contents | |
|--|--|
| Topic | |
| Introduction to mechanism and machine theory | Introduction Definition of Machine, Mechanism and Kinematic Chain Link/part and linkage/joint Classification Kinematic Diagram, modeling, and symbology (nomenclature) Mobility Degrees of freedom Synthesis of mechanisms |
| Geometrical analysis of mechanisms. | Introduction Calculation methods of placement Loop closure equations |
| Kinematic analysis of mechanisms | Fundamentals Graphical methods Analytical methods Matrix methods |
| Static analysis of mechanisms | Fundamentals Force reduction (Graphical Methods) Work/Power Virtual Methods |
| Dynamic analysis of mechanisms | Fundamentals Machine general dynamics Machine Work and Power Balanced Dynamics of rotors |
| Cam mechanisms | Fundamentals Flat cams Cam synthesis |
| Power transmission mechanisms | Fundamentals Gears Mechanism Other mechanisms |

| Planning | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
| Lecturing | 23 | 19.5 | 42.5 |
| Problem solving | 9.5 | 30 | 39.5 |
| Laboratory practical | 18 | 47 | 65 |
| Essay questions exam | 3 | 0 | 3 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies | |
|----------------------|---|
| | Description |
| Lecturing | Master class where the theoretical concepts are explain |
| Problem solving | Problem solving using the theoretical concepts presented in the Master Lesson |
| Laboratory practical | Practical tasks developed at the teaching laboratory or computer lab. |

| Personalized assistance | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Methodologies | Description |
| Lecturing | Group or individual tutorials will be held during office hours to strengthen the acquired knowledge and to guide and assess the proposed works/papers . |
| Problem solving | Group or individual tutorials will be held during office hours to strengthen the acquired knowledge and to guide and assess the proposed works/papers. |
| Laboratory practical | Group or individual tutorials will be held during office hours to strengthen the acquired knowledge and to guide and assess the proposed works/papers. |

| Assessment | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| | Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences | | |
| Laboratory practical | Attendance and participation as well as practices reports, papers, and tests will be rated. However, to be evaluated, students must attend a minimum of 7 practice sessions; otherwise, students won't be evaluated and will get 0 points. Learning outcomes: all will be graded | 20 | CG3 CG4 | CE13 | CT2 CT6 CT9 CT10 CT16 |

| | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|----|------------|------|----------------------------|
| Essay questions exam | Final and mid-term tests will be focused on the contents taught at classes and laboratory sessions. Learning outcomes: all will be graded. | 80 | CG3 CG4 | CE13 | CT2 CT9 CT10 CT16 |
|----------------------|---|----|------------|------|----------------------------|

Other comments on the Evaluation

Students must achieve a 5 or higher grade* to pass the subject, following these rules:

1. Students are required to attend and utilized the laboratory/Computer room. Practices reports, papers, and tests for each practice session as well as proposed works/papers from tutorials will be evaluated and graded with a maximum of 2 points of the final grade. This grade will be kept for the second term in the student's evaluation records (July). To be evaluated, students must attend a minimum of 7 practice sessions; otherwise, students won't be evaluated and will get 0 points.
2. For those students who have been officially granted the right to waive their continued evaluation, there will be a mandatory final test where they will be able to get a maximum grade of 2 points. However, an advanced request must be made to the professor to prepare the necessary materials for this test.
3. The final test will have a maximum grade of 8 points.

* Grades are calculated using a system of numerical qualification from 0 to 10 points conforming to the Spanish current legislation (RD 1125/2003, 5 September; BOE 18 September).

Ethical commitment: An adequate ethical behaviour of the student is expected at all times. In case an unethical behaviour is detected (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, and others); the student will be considered unfit to meet the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In this case, the overall qualification in the current academic year will be a Fail grade (0.0).

The use of any electronic devices during tests is completely forbidden unless is specified and authorized. The fact of introducing unauthorized electronic devices in the examination room will be considered reason enough to fail the subject in the current academic year and the overall qualification will be a Fail grade (0.0).

Tests Schedule: This information can be found along with any updates at the center (university) webpage.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Munir Khamashta, **Problemas resueltos de cinemática de mecanismos planos**, UPC,

Munir Khamashta, **Problemas resueltos de dinámica de mecanismos planos**, UPC,

Calero Pérez, R. y Carta González, J.A., **Fundamentos de mecanismos y máquinas para ingenieros**, McGraw-Hill,

Complementary Bibliography

García Prada, J.C. Castejón, C., Rubio, H., **Problemas resueltos de Teoría de Máquinas y mecanismos**, THOMSON,

Cardona, S. y Clos D., **Teoría de Máquinas.**, UPC,

Shigley, J.E.; Uicker J.J. Jr., **Theory of Machines and Mechanisms**, McGraw-Hill,

Hernández A, **Cinemática de mecanismos: Análisis y diseño**, SÍNTESIS,

Lamadrid Martínez, A.; Corral Sáiz, A., **Cinemática y Dinámica de Máquinas**, E.T.S.I.I.T,

Mabie, Reinholtz, **Mechanisms and dynamics of machinery**, Limusa-wyley,

Nieto, j., **Síntesis de Mecanismos**, AC,

Erdman, A.G.; Sandor, G.N., **Mechanism Design: Analysis and Synthesis**, PRENTICE HALL,

Simon A.; Bataller A; Guerra J.; Ortiz, A.; Cabrera, J.A., **Fundamentos de teoría de Máquinas**, BELLISCO,

Kozhevnikov SN, **Mecanismos**, Gustavo Gili,

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Machine design I/V12G380V01304

Automobiles and railways/V12G380V01941

Design of hydraulic machines and oleo-pneumatic systems/V12G380V01914

Machine design II/V12G380V01911

Computer-aided mechanical design/V12G380V01915

Transport engineering/V12G380V01945

Thermal engines and machines/V12G380V01913

Systems for data analysis, simulation and validation/V12G380V01933

Hybrid and electric automotive vehicles/V12G380V01944

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Graphic expression: Graphic expression/V12G380V01101

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102

Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104

Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Other comments

Requirements: to enrol in this subject, it is mandatory to have passed or at least, to be enrolled of all first year subjects.

In case of discrepancies, the Spanish version of this guide prevails.

IDENTIFYING DATA**Environmental technology**

| | | | | |
|---------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Environmental technology | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01401 | | | |
| Study programme | Degree in Mechanical Engineering | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 1st |
| Teaching language | Spanish Galician English | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Álvarez da Costa, Estrella | | | |
| Lecturers | Álvarez da Costa, Estrella Cameselle Fernández, Claudio Moldes Menduíña, Ana Belén Rosales Villanueva, Emilio | | | |
| E-mail | ealvarez@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | http://faiic.uvigo.es | | | |
| General description | Subject that belongs to the Block of Common Subjects of the Industrial Technologies. It is part of the curricula of all Degrees of Industrial Engineering. | | | |

The main objective is to achieve a basic knowledge about the Treatment and management of solid wastes, wastewaters and pollutant emission to the atmosphere. It includes also the concepts of pollution prevention and sustainability.

Subject of the "English Friendly" program.

International students may request the teacher Claudio Cameselle Fernández (M1, M2 and M5 groups):

- Materials and bibliographic references for the follow-up of the subject in English.
- Attend tutorials in English.
- Tests and evaluations in English.

Competencies

| | |
|------|--|
| Code | |
| CG7 | CG7 Ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of the technical solutions. |
| CE16 | CE16 Basic knowledge and application of environmental technologies and sustainability. |
| CT1 | CT1 Analysis and synthesis |
| CT2 | CT2 Problems resolution. |
| CT3 | CT3 Oral and written proficiency. |
| CT9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. |
| CT10 | CT10 Self learning and work. |
| CT12 | CT12 Research skills. |
| CT17 | CT17 Working as a team. |
| CT19 | CT19 Sustainability and environmental commitment. Equitable, responsible and efficient use of resources. |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Basic knowledge and application of environmental technologies and sustainability | CE16 CT2 CT3 CT10 CT19 |
| Problem solving | CE16 CT2 CT3 CT10 CT19 |
| Oral and writing communication | CE16 CT2 CT3 CT10 |
| Knowledge application to practical and real cases | CE16 CT2 CT3 CT10 CT19 |

| | | |
|---|-----|---|
| Ability to analyze and determine the social and environmental impact of the technical solutions to environmental problems | CG7 | CT1 CT3 CT9 CT10 CT17 CT19 |
|---|-----|---|

Contents

| Topic | |
|---|---|
| Lesson 1: Introduction to the environmental technology. | 1. Material cycle economy. 2. Introduction to the best available techniques (BAT). |
| Lesson 2: Management of waste and effluents. | 1. Generation of waste. Types and classification of wastes. 2. Codification of wastes. 3. Urban waste management. 4. Industrial waste management. Industrial waste treatment facilities. 5. Regulations |
| Lesson 3: Treatment of urban and industrial wastes. | 1. Valorization. 2. Physico-chemical treatment. 3. Biological treatment. 4. Thermal treatment. 5. Landfilling. 6. Soil remediation technologies. |
| Lesson 4: Treatment of industrial and municipal wastewaters. | 1. Characteristics of municipal and industrial wastewaters. 2. Wastewater treatment plant. 3. Sludge treatment. 4. Water treatment and reuse 5. Regulations |
| Lesson 5: Atmospheric pollution. | 1. Types and origin of atmospheric pollutants. 2. Dispersion of pollutants in the atmosphere. 3. Effects of the atmospheric pollution. 4. Treatment of polluting gas emissions. 5. Regulations |
| Lesson 6: Sustainability and environmental impact assessment | 1. Sustainable development 2. Life cycle analysis and economy. 3. Ecological footprint and carbon footprint. 4. Introduction to the environmental impact assessment |
| Practice 1: Codification of wastes | |
| Practice 2: Preparation of immobilized activated charcoal for use as an adsorbent. | |
| Practice 3: Contaminants removal by adsorption with immobilized activated charcoal. | |
| Practice 4: Pollutants removal by extraction with solvents. | |
| Practice 5: Coagulation-flocculation: Establishment of optimal working conditions. | |
| Practice 6: Simulation of certain stages of a EDAR | |

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Lecturing | 26 | 52 | 78 |
| Problem solving | 11 | 22 | 33 |
| Laboratory practical | 12 | 12 | 24 |
| Objective questions exam | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Problem and/or exercise solving | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Practices report | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| Case studies | 0 | 6 | 6 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| Methodologies | |
|----------------------|--|
| | Description |
| Lecturing | Teaching in the classroom of the key concepts and procedures for learning the syllabus contents |
| Problem solving | Solving exercises with the teacher's help and independently |
| Laboratory practical | Application of the knowledge acquired to the resolution of problems of environmental technology, using equipment and facilities available in the laboratory/computer room. |

Personalized assistance

| Methodologies | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Laboratory practical | In tutorials, students can consult with their teacher any questions about laboratory practices or the report of practices to be done. The tutoring schedule of the teaching staff will be public and accessible to the students. |
| Lecturing | In tutorials, students can consult with their teacher any questions arising in the lectures and related to the contents seen in them. The schedule of tutorials of teachers will be public and accessible to students. |
| Problem solving | In tutorials, students can consult their teacher any questions about the resolution of problems raised in the classroom. The tutoring schedule of the teaching staff will be public and accessible to the students. |

Assessment

| | Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------|------|---|
| Objective questions | "FINAL EXAM" consisting of theoretical questions related to the syllabus of the subject. CG7, CE16 and CT19 competences will be assessed in this exam, based on student responses to the questions. CT1, CT3 and CT10 competences are also evaluated, since the exam is written and requires students' analysis and synthesis skills. | 30 | CG7 | CE16 | CT1 CT3 CT10 CT19 |
| Problem and/or exercise solving | "FINAL EXAM" consisting of problems related to the syllabus of the subject. CT2, CT9 and CT19 competences will be assessed in this exam, based on the resolution of various exercises of environmental technology, which require the use of applied knowledge related to the contents of the subject. CT1, CT3 and CT10 competences are also evaluated, since the exam is written and requires students' analysis and synthesis skills. | 30 | | | CT1 CT2 CT3 CT9 CT10 CT19 |
| Practices report | Detailed report for each practice that includes the results and their discussion. The competences: CG7, CE16, CT1, CT3, CT9 and CT10, are assessed based on the quality of the written report elaborated by each student on his/her own. The following points will be evaluated in the report: text style and correctness, structure and presentation, analysis and discussion of the results, and conclusions. Competences CT12 and CT17 will be assessed based on the laboratory work. Lab practices will be carried out in pairs, and it is expected the student develop research skills in the field of environmental technology. The written report must be done in pairs. | 10 | CG7 | CE16 | CT1 CT3 CT9 CT10 CT12 CT17 |

| | | | | | |
|--------------|--|----|-----|------|----------------------------|
| Case studies | All exercises, seminars, practical cases and theoretical / practical tests that are made and delivered to the teacher throughout the course, related to the concepts and contents of the syllabus. | 30 | CG7 | CE16 | CT2 CT3 CT10 CT12 |
| | Throughout a four-month time several tests are performed. | | | | |
| | Competences CG7 and CE16 will be assessed considering the students' answers to the theoretical questions. | | | | |
| | Competences CT2, CT10 and CT12 will be assessed considering the students' answers to the exercises. | | | | |
| | Competence CT3 will be assessed based on the two parts of the exam: theory and exercises; considering the precision and clarity of the answers. | | | | |

Other comments on the Evaluation

Evaluation:

A student who chooses continuous assessment, to pass the course, must achieve a **MINIMUM SCORE of 4.0 points** (out of 10) **in each of the parts of the "FINAL EXAM"**, ie, theory (Objective questions exam) and problems (Problem and/or exercise solving). If a student reaches the minimum grade in both parts of the "FINAL EXAM", to pass the subject must obtain a **FINAL GRADE of ≥ 5.0** , that is, when the sum of grades of the "Practice report", "Case study" and the "FINAL EXAM" (Exam of objective questions + Problem solving and/or exercises) is ≥ 5.0 .

Students who "*officially renounces continuous assessment*", will make a "FINAL EXAM" (Objective questions exam + Problem and/or exercise solving) that will be worth 90% of the final grade, and a "EXAM OF PRACTICES" that will be worth 10% of the final grade. In any case, to pass the course, the student must achieve 50% of the maximum score in each of the constituent parts of the subject, ie, theory, problems and practices.

Second call:

In the second call the same criteria apply.

In relation to the July exam, grades of the "Case studies" and "Practices report" are maintained, and students only have to repeat the "FINAL EXAM", ie, "Objective questions exam" + "Problem and/or exercise solving".

If, at the 1st call, a student suspended one of the parts of the "FINAL EXAM" (theory or problems) and approves the other part with a grade ≥ 6 , on the July exam, you only need to repeat the suspended part.

Ethical commitment:

The student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. If you detect "unethical behavior" (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.) shall be deemed that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject. In this case the final grade, in the current academic year, will FAIL (0.0 points).

The use of electronic devices during the assessment tests will be allowed. The fact of introducing into the examination room an unauthorized electronic device, will be reason not pass the course in the current academic year, and the final grade will FAIL (0.0 points)

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Mihelcic, J.R. and Zimmerman, J. B., **Environmental Engineering: Fundamentals, sustainability, design**, Wiley, 2014

Davis, M.L. and Masten S.J., **Principles of Environmental Engineering and Science**, McGraw-Hill, 2014

Metcalf & Eddy, **Ingeniería de aguas residuales : tratamiento, vertido y reutilización**, McGraw-Hill, 1998

Acosta, J.A. et al., **Introducción a la contaminación de suelos**, Mundi-prensa, 2017

Complementary Bibliography

Tchobanoglous, G., **Gestión integral de residuos sólidos**, McGraw-Hill, 1996

Nemerow, N. L., **Tratamiento de vertidos industriales y peligrosos**, Díaz de Santos, 1998

Baird, C y Cann M., **Química Ambiental**, Reverté, 2014

Kiely, G., **Ingeniería Ambiental: fundamentos, entornos, tecnología y sistemas de gestión**, McGraw-Hill, 2001

Castells et al., **Reciclaje de residuos industriales: residuos sólidos urbanos y fangos de depuradora**, Díaz de Santos, 2009

Albergaria, J.M. and Nouws H.P.A., **Soil remediation**, Taylor and Francis, 2016

Sharma, H. D., and Reddy, K. R., **Geoenvironmental engineering: site remediation, waste containment, and emerging waste management technologies**, John Wiley & Sons, 2004

Wark and Warner, **Contaminación del aire: origen y control**, Limusa, 1996

Jonker, G. y Harmsen, J., **Ingeniería para la sostenibilidad**, Reverté, 2014

Azapagic, A. and Perdan S., **Sustainable development in practice: Case studies for engineers and scientists**, Wiley, 2011

Reddy, K.R., Cameselle, C. and Adams, J.A., **Sustainable Engineering: Drivers, Metrics, Tools, and Applications**, Wiley, 2019

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics 1/V12G360V01102

Physics: Physics 2/V12G360V01202

Chemistry: Chemistry/V12G380V01205

Other comments

Recommendations:

To enroll in this subject is necessary to have passed or be enrolled in all subjects of previous courses to the course that is located this subject.

IDENTIFYING DATA**Resistance of materials**

| | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Resistance of materials | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01402 | | | |
| Study programme | Degree in Mechanical Engineering | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 2nd |
| Teaching language | Spanish Galician | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Caamaño Martínez, José Carlos Riveiro Rodríguez, Belén | | | |
| Lecturers | Caamaño Martínez, José Carlos Cabaleiro Núñez, Manuel Fernández Abalde, Félix Fuentes Fernández, Eugenio Ignacio Riveiro Rodríguez, Belén Sánchez Rodríguez, Ana | | | |
| E-mail | jccaam@uvigo.es belenriveiro@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | http://fatic.uvigo.es | | | |
| General description | Introduction to linear elastic materials, and analysis of internal loadings, stress and strain relationships. Study of the fundamentals of mechanics of materials and particularization for shafts and beam structures. | | | |

Competencies

| | |
|------|--|
| Code | |
| CG3 | CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations. |
| CG4 | CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty. |
| CE14 | CE14 Knowledge and use of the principles of strength of materials. |
| CT1 | CT1 Analysis and synthesis |
| CT2 | CT2 Problems resolution. |
| CT9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. |
| CT10 | CT10 Self learning and work. |
| CT16 | CT16 Critical thinking. |
| CT17 | CT17 Working as a team. |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences | | |
|---|-------------|------|--------------|
| To know the differences between rigid solid and elastic solid. | CG3 | CE14 | CT1 |
| To know the stress and deformation states in a deformable solid and the relationship between them. | CG4 | | CT2 CT9 |
| Apply the acquired knowledge to the determination of the maximum values of stress at a point of a deformable solid. | | | CT10 CT16 |
| T know the basic principles governing the Mechanics of Materials. | | | CT17 |
| To know the relationships between the different stress resultants and the stresses. | | | |
| To apply the knowledge acquired to the determination of stress resultant diagrams. | | | |
| To apply the acquired knowledge about stresses applied to bar elements. | | | |
| To know the basics about deformations of bar elements. | | | |
| To apply the knowledge acquired to the dimensioning of bar elements. | | | |

Contents

| Topic | |
|---|---|
| 1. Introduction | 1.1 Introduction 1.2 Review of statics fundamentals and applied concepts for further progress in solid mechanics and stress analysis |
| 2. Basic principles of elasticity and mechanics of materials. | 2.0 Stress and strain. Linear elastic materials 2.1. Normal stress in an axially loaded prismatic bar. 2.2. Equilibrium of a deformable body. 2.3. Stress-Strain diagram of ductile materials. Hooke's Law. 2.4. Stress resultants. Diagrams. |

| | |
|--|---|
| 3. Axial loads | 3.1. Normal forces. 3.2. Elastic deformation of an axially loaded member. 3.3. Statically governed problems. 3.4. Statically indeterminate problems. 3.5. Thermal stress and assembly misfits. |
| 4. Bending | 4.1 Beams: definition and types. Loads on beams. 4.2 Internal shear forces and bending moments. 4.3 External load, shear force and bending moment relationships. 4.4 Shear and moment diagrams 4.5 Pure bending and non-uniform bending. Hypothesis and limitations. 4.6. Normal stresses in unsymmetric bending. 4.7 Symmetric bending. The flexure formula (Navier's Law). 4.8 Section modulus of a beam. Ideal beam cross-section. 4.9 Deflection of beams and shafts. Slope and deflection. Mohr's Theorems. 4.10 Hyperstatic bending. |
| 5. Other forces: shear, buckling and torsion | 5.1. Shear in joints. Definition. Shear force. Shear stress. Bolted and riveted joints. Shear joints. 5.2. Introduction to the concept of compressive buckling. 5.3. Introduction to the concept of torsion in straight prisms. |

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Lecturing | 32.5 | 49 | 81.5 |
| Laboratory practical | 9 | 23 | 32 |
| Project based learning | 9 | 24.5 | 33.5 |
| Essay questions exam | 3 | 0 | 3 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

| | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| Lecturing | Lecture where theoretical principles are presented using digital media, videos and blackboard. |
| Laboratory practical | Activities of application of the knowledge to concrete situations and of acquisition of basic skills and procedural skills related with the subject of study. |
| Project based learning | Resolution of problems related to real case studies. |

Personalized assistance

| Methodologies | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Laboratory practical | Resolution of doubts and personalized attention during office hours. |

Assessment

| | Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences | | |
|------------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|------|---|
| Laboratory practical | A) it will evaluate the attendance and active participation in all the practicals of the semester, as well as the correct delivery (time and form) of all the documentation requested (reports, exercises, etc.). Practical sessions will be held in a fixed date, so it is not possible to attend the practical in a later date. Whether the student does not attend to a practical, he/she must demonstrate that the absence was due to unavoidable reasons (e.g. medical reasons). Practical will be marked with the value indicated, only when the student reaches the minimum mark in the written exam, which is 45%. (See following section: 'Other comments') | 2.5 | CG3 CG4 | CE14 | CT1 CT2 CT9 CT10 CT16 CT17 |
| Project based learning | C) Written tests to evaluate the individual work delivered by the student. It will be compulsory the attendance to the 90% of the practicals to obtain the marks given in section C. The marks obtained in the sections A will proportionally affect to the marks of the section C. The section C will be marked with a maximum value of 12,5% of the total mark, only when the student reach the minimum mark in the written exam, which is 45%. (See following section: 'Other comments') | 12.5 | CG3 CG4 | CE14 | CT1 CT2 CT9 CT10 CT16 |
| Essay questions exam | Written exam in the dates established by the School. | 85 | CG3 CG4 | CE14 | CT1 CT2 CT9 CT10 CT16 |

Other comments on the Evaluation

Students resigning continuum assessment (after School approval) will be evaluated only through the written exam which will be graded with 100% of final mark.

Continuum assessment is composed of sections A and C. The maximum mark for continuum assessment (NEC) is 15%, which will be computed from the following equation: $NEC (\%) = 0,25 \cdot (A) + 1,25 \cdot (C) \cdot (A)$; where A and C are granted 0-1.

Ethical commitment: it is expected an adequate ethical behavior of the student. In case of detecting unethical behaviour (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.) shall be deemed that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject.

In this case, the overall rating in the current academic year will be Fail (0.0).

The use of any electronic device for the assessment tests is not allowed unless explicitly authorized. The fact of introducing unauthorized electronic device in the examination room will be considered reason for not passing the subject in the current academic year and will hold overall rating (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Hibbeler, R., **Mechanics of Materials**,

Manuel Vázquez, **Resistencia de materiales**,

Complementary Bibliography

Ortiz Berrocal, L., **Resistencia de materiales**, Ed. McGraw-Hill,

González Taboada, J.A., **Tensiones y deformaciones en materiales elásticos**, Ed. Autor,

González Taboada, J.A., **Fundamentos y problemas de tensiones y deformaciones en materiales elásticos**, Ed. Autor,

Recommendations

Other comments

Requirements: To register for this module the student must have passed or be registered for all the modules of the previous year.

IDENTIFYING DATA**Fundamentals of automation**

| | | | | |
|---------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Fundamentals of automation | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01403 | | | |
| Study programme | Degree in Mechanical Engineering | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 2nd |
| Teaching language | Spanish English | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Espada Seoane, Angel Manuel | | | |
| Lecturers | Espada Seoane, Angel Manuel Fernández Silva, María López Fernández, Joaquín Rajoy González, José Antonio | | | |
| E-mail | aespada@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | http://faitic.uvigo.es | | | |
| General description | In this matter present the basic concepts of the systems of industrial automation and of the methods of control, considering like central elements of the same the programmable programmable logic controller and the industrial controller, respectively. | | | |

Competencies

| | |
|------|---|
| Code | |
| CG3 | CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations. |
| CE12 | CE12 Know the fundamentals of automation and control methods. |
| CT2 | CT2 Problems resolution. |
| CT3 | CT3 Oral and written proficiency. |
| CT6 | CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study. |
| CT9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. |
| CT16 | CT16 Critical thinking. |
| CT17 | CT17 Working as a team. |
| CT20 | CT20 Ability to communicate with people not expert in the field. |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences | | |
|---|-------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| Purchase a global and realistic vision of the current scope of industrial automation systems. | CG3 | CE12 | CT17 CT20 |
| Know which are the constitutive elements of an industrial automation system, its sizing and as they work. | CG3 | CE12 | CT2 CT6 CT20 |
| Knowledge applied on the programmable logic controllers, its programming and its application to industrial automation systems. | CG3 | CE12 | CT2 CT6 CT9 CT16 CT17 |
| General knowledge on the continuous control of dynamic systems, of the main tools of simulation of continuous systems and of the main devices of process control with greater interest to industrial level. | CG3 | CE12 | CT3 CT6 CT17 CT20 |
| General concepts of the technicians of industrial controllers tuning. | CG3 | CE12 | CT2 CT9 CT16 |

Contents

| | |
|--|--|
| Topic | |
| 1. Introducción to industrial automation and elements of automation. | 1.1 Introducción to automation of tasks. 1.2 Types of control. 1.3 The programmable logic controller. 1.4 Diagrama of blocks. Elements of the PLC. 1.5 Cycle of operation of the PLC. Time of cycle. 1.6 Ways of operation. |

| | |
|--|---|
| 2. Languages and programming technics of programmable logic controllers. | <p>2.1 Binary, octal, hexadecimal, BCD systems. Real numbers.</p> <p>2.2 Access and addressing to periphery.</p> <p>2.3 Instructions, variables and operating.</p> <p>2.4 Forms of representation of a program.</p> <p>2.5 Types of modules of program.</p> <p>2.6 linear Programming and estructurada.</p> <p>2.7 Variables binarias. Entrances, exits and memory.</p> <p>2.8 Binary combinations.</p> <p>2.9 Operations of allocation.</p> <p>2.10 Timers and counters.</p> <p>2.11 Operations aritméticas.</p> |
| 3. Tools for sequential systems modelling. | <p>3.1 Basic principles. Modelling technics.</p> <p>3.2 Modelling by means of Petri Networks.</p> <p>3.2.1 Definition of stages and transitions. Rules of evolution.</p> <p>3.2.2 Conditional election between several alternatives.</p> <p>3.2.3 Simultaneous sequences. Concurrence. Resource shared.</p> <p>3.3 Implementation of Petri Networks.</p> <p>3.3.1 Direct implementation.</p> <p>3.3.2 Normalised implementation (Grafcet).</p> <p>3.4 Examples.</p> |
| 4. Control systems introduction. | <p>4.1 Systems of regulation in open loop and closed loop.</p> <p>4.2 Control typical loop. Nomenclature and definitions.</p> |
| 5. Representation, modelling and simulation of continuous dynamic systems. | <p>5.1 Physical systems and mathematical models.</p> <p>5.2.1 Mechanical systems.</p> <p>5.2.2 Electrical systems.</p> <p>5.2.3 Others.</p> <p>5.3 Modelling in state space.</p> <p>5.4 Modelling in transfer function. Laplace transform. Properties. Examples.</p> <p>5.5 Blocks diagrams.</p> |
| 6. Analysis of continous dynamical systems. | <p>6.1 Stability.</p> <p>6.2 Transient response.</p> <p>6.2.1 First order systems. Differential equation and transfer function. Examples.</p> <p>6.2.2 Second order systems. Differential equation and transfer function. Examples.</p> <p>6.2.3 Effect of the addition of poles and zeros.</p> <p>6.3 Systems reduction.</p> <p>6.4 Steady-state response.</p> <p>6.4.1 Steady-state errors.</p> <p>6.4.2 Input signals and system type.</p> <p>6.4.3 Error constants.</p> |
| 7. PID controller. Parameters tuning of industrial controllers. | <p>7.1 Basic control actions. Proportional effects, integral and derivative.</p> <p>7.2 PID controller.</p> <p>7.3 Empirical methods of tuning of industrial controllers.</p> <p>7.3.1 Open loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others.</p> <p>7.3.2 Closed loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others.</p> <p>7.4 Controllers design state space. Pole assigment.</p> |
| P1. Introduction to STEP7. | Introduction to the program STEP7, that allows to create and modify programs for the Siemens PLC S7-300 and S7-400. |
| P2. Programming in STEP7. | Modelling of simple automation system and implementation in STEP7 using binary operations. |
| P3. Implementation of PN in STEP7. | Petri Networks modelling of simple automation system and introduction to the implementation of the same in STEP7. |
| P4. PN Modelling and implementation in STEP7. | Petri Networks modelling of complex automation system and implementation of the same in STEP7. |
| P5. GRAFCET modelling and implementation with S7-Graph. | Petri Networks normalised modelling and implementation with S7-Graph. |
| P6. Control systems analysis with MATLAB. | Introduction to the control systems instructions of the program MATLAB. |
| P7. Introduction to SIMULINK. | Introduction to SIMULINK program, an extension of MATLAB for dynamic systems simulation. |
| P8. Modelling and transient response in SIMULINK. | Modelling and simulation of control systems with SIMULINK. |
| P9. Empirical tuning of an industrial controller. | Parameters tuning of a PID controller by the methods studied and implementation of the control calculated in an industrial controller. |

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Laboratory practical | 18 | 30 | 48 |
| Problem solving | 0 | 15 | 15 |
| Lecturing | 32.5 | 32.5 | 65 |
| Essay questions exam | 3 | 19 | 22 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

| | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Laboratory practical | Different activities aimed to apply the concepts learned during the lectures. |
| Problem solving | The professor is going to solve in class some problems and exercises. The students need to solve similar exercises on their own to obtain the capabilities needed. |
| Lecturing | Include the professor lectures about the contents of the subject. |

Personalized assistance

| Methodologies | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Lecturing | For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). |
| Laboratory practical | For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). |
| Problem solving | For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). |

| Tests | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Essay questions exam | For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). |

Assessment

| | Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences | | |
|----------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------|------|---|
| Laboratory practical | It will evaluate each practice of laboratory between 0 and 10 points, in function of the fulfillment of the aims fixed in the billed of the same and of the previous preparation and the attitude of the students. Each practical will be able to have distinct weight in the total note. | 20 | CG3 | CE12 | CT3 CT6 CT9 CT16 CT17 CT20 |
| Essay questions exam | Final examination of the contents of the matter, that will be able to include problems and exercises, with a punctuation between 0 and 10 points. | 80 | CG3 | CE12 | CT2 CT3 CT16 |

Other comments on the Evaluation

- Continuous Assesment of student work practices along established laboratory sessions will be held in the semester, with the assistance to them mandatory. In the case of not overcome, a review of practices will take place in the second call.
- The assesment of the practices for students who officially renounces Continuous Assesment will be carried out in a review of practices in the two calls.
- It may demand previous requirements to the realisation of each practice in the laboratory, so that they limit the maximum qualification to obtain.
- It must pass both tests (script and practices) to pass the matter, give the total score at the rate indicated above. In case of no longer than two or one test, scaling may be applied to partial notes that the total does not exceed 4.5.
- In the final exam may establish a minimum score on a set of issues to overcome.
- In the second call of the the same course, students should examine the tests (script and/or practices) not passed in the first one, with the same criteria of that.
- According to the Rule of Continuous Assesment, the subject students to Continuous Assesment that present to some activity evaluable collected in the Teaching Guide of the matter, will be considered like "presented".
- Ethical commitment: student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. If you detect unethical behavior (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, and another ones), it follows that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

E.MANDADO, J.MARCOS, C. FERNANDEZ, J.I.ARMESTO, **Autómatas Programables y Sistemas de Automatización**, 1ª, Marcombo, 2009

MANUEL SILVA, **Las Redes de Petri en la Automática y la Informática**, 1ª, AC, 1985

R. C. DORF, R. H. BISHOP, **Sistemas de Control Moderno**, 10ª, Prentice Hall, 2005

Complementary Bibliography

PORRAS A., MONTANERO A., **Autómatas programables : fundamento, manejo, instalación y prácticas**, McGraw-Hill, 2003

ROMERA J.P., LORITE J.A., MONTORO S., **Automatización : problemas resueltos con autómatas programables**, 4ª, Paraninfo, 2002

BARRIENTOS, ANTONIO, **Control de sistemas continuos: Problemas resueltos**, 1ª, McGraw-Hill, 1997

OGATA, KATSUIKO, **Ingeniería de Control Moderna**, 5ª, Pearson, 2010

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Product design and communication, and automation of plant elements/V12G380V01931

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Electronic technology/V12G380V01404

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer science: Computing for engineering/V12G380V01203

Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Fundamentals of electrical engineering/V12G380V01303

Other comments

- Requirements: To enrol in this subject is necessary to had surpassed or well be enrolled of all the subjects of the inferior courses to the course in the that is summoned this subject.

IDENTIFYING DATA**Electronic technology**

| | | | | |
|---------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Electronic technology | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01404 | | | |
| Study programme | Degree in Mechanical Engineering | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 2nd |
| Teaching language | Spanish Galician English | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Verdugo Mates, Rafael Nogueiras Meléndez, Andres Augusto | | | |
| Lecturers | Doval Gandoy, Jesús Eguizábal Gándara, Luis Eduardo López Sánchez, Óscar Martínez-Peñalver Freire, Carlos Nogueiras Meléndez, Andres Augusto Pérez López, Serafín Alfonso Rodríguez Andina, Juan José Verdugo Mates, Rafael | | | |
| E-mail | rverdugo@uvigo.es aaugusto@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | http://faiatic.uvigo.es | | | |
| General description | The objective of this course is to provide the students with the theoretical and practical fundamental knowledge in electronics' five main areas: analog electronics, digital electronics, industrial sensors, power electronics and communications electronics. | | | |
| | In case of any discrepancy between this translation of the guide and the Spanish version, the valid one is the Spanish version. | | | |

Competencies

| | |
|------|---|
| Code | |
| CG3 | CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations. |
| CE11 | CE11 Knowledge of the fundamentals of electronics. |
| CT2 | CT2 Problems resolution. |
| CT9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. |
| CT10 | CT10 Self learning and work. |
| CT17 | CT17 Working as a team. |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences | | | |
|---|-------------|------|------|------|
| Know the operation of the electronic devices. | CB2 | CG1 | CE11 | CT2 |
| | CB4 | CG3 | CE12 | CT2 |
| | | CG13 | CE20 | CT3 |
| | | | | CT4 |
| | | | | CT5 |
| | | | | CT6 |
| | | | | CT9 |
| | | | | CT10 |
| | | | | CT10 |
| | | | | CT12 |
| | | | | CT15 |
| | | | | CT17 |

| | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Know the electronic systems of conditioning and acquisition of data. | CB2 CB4 | CG1 CG13 | CE11 CE12 CE20 | CT2 CT3 CT4 CT5 CT6 CT10 CT10 CT12 CT15 |
| Identify the different types of industrial sensors. | CB1 CB2 CB4 CB5 | CG4 CG5 CG13 | CE1 | CT10 |
| Know the digital electronic systems basic. | CB1 CB4 | | CE2 CE11 | CT2 CT9 CT17 |
| Know the electronic circuits for the communication of information. | | CG1 CG3 CG3 CG10 | CE16 | CT10 |

Contents

| Topic | |
|--|--|
| Introduction | - Control and supervision of industrial systems by means of electronics - Some representative cases |
| Electronic devices, circuits and systems | - Electronics components and devices - Active and passive electronic devices - Analog and digital electronic circuits - Electronic systems |
| Diodes and rectification | - The diode - Operation modes and characteristics - Diodes types - Operation Models - Analysis of circuits with diodes - Rectifier circuits - Filtering for rectifier circuits - Thyristors |
| Transistors | - The Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT.) Operation principles and characteristic curves - Work zones - Quiescent point design - The transistor operating as a switch - The transistor operating as an amplifier - Field Effect Transistors (FET). |
| Amplification | - Amplification concept - Feedback concept - The Operational Amplifier (OA) - Basic circuits with OA - The Instrumentation Amplifier |
| Digital Electronics I | - Numbering Systems - Boolean Algebra - Combinatorial logic functions. Analysis, synthesis and reduction |
| Digital electronics II | - Flip-flops - Sequential logic circuits - Programmable Systems - Microprocessors - Memories |
| Electronic Sensors | - Sensors - Types of sensors as function of the measuring magnitude - Some sensors of special interest in industry applications - Electrical model of some common sensors - Study of some examples of coupling sensors and CAD system |
| Analog - Digital Converters | - The Analog and Digital Signals. - The Analog to Digital Converter (ADC) - Sampling, quantification and digitization - More important ADC characteristics: number of bits, sampling speed, conversion range and cost |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Industrial Communications | - Introduction to Industrial Communications - Industrial data buses. |
| Power Electronics | - Circuits for Power Conversion - Rectifiers - Lineal and Switched Power Sources |

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Lecturing | 25 | 0 | 25 |
| Problem solving | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Previous studies | 0 | 49 | 49 |
| Autonomous problem solving | 0 | 46 | 46 |
| Laboratory practical | 18 | 0 | 18 |
| Objective questions exam | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Essay questions exam | 3 | 0 | 3 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

| | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| Lecturing | These sessions will be held in the rooms and dates fixed by the direction of the school. They will consist in an oral explanation by the professor of the most important parts of the course, all related with the materials that the student had to work previously. This is intended to favor the active participation of the students, that will have occasion to rise doubts and questions during the sessions. Active participation is desired during all the sessions. |
| Problem solving | During these sessions, in the classroom, interleaved with the lectures, the professor will proceed to solve examples and/or exercises that properly illustrate the problems to solve. As long as the number of participants in the classroom allows, active participation will be promoted. |
| Previous studies | Previous preparation of the theoretical sessions: Prior to the start of the theoretical sessions, the students will have available a series of materials that have to prepare, as the sessions will relay on them. Previous preparation of the laboratory sessions: It is mandatory that the students make all the assigned previous tasks prior to access the laboratory. These task are intended to greatly improve the laboratory knowledge acquisition. The achieved report will be taken into account when the laboratory session is to be evaluated. |
| Autonomous problem solving | Self study and review of the theoretical sessions for knowledge consolidation: The student must study, in a systematic time schedule, after each lecture session, in order to dissipate any doubts. Any doubts or unsolved questions will have to be expose to the professor as soon as possible in order to enhance the feedback of the learning process. |
| Laboratory practical | Laboratory sessions will be held in the time schedule established by the school's head teacher. Students will work in groups of two students each. The sessions will be supervised by a professor, who will control the assistance and will also evaluate the harnessing of it. During the laboratory sessionsthe students will make activities of the following kinds: - Assembling electronics circuits - Use of electronic instrumentation - Measure of physical variables on circuits - Do calculations related to the circuit and/or the measurements - Collect data and represent it (diagrams, charts, tables) At the end of each laboratory session each group will deliver the corresponding score sheets. |

Personalized assistance

| Methodologies | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Laboratory practical | Tutoring Sessions: During the established schedule of each professor, students will be able to speak freely about course issues with the professor. Also the will receive orientation and academic support, if needed. Email: The students also will be able to request orientation and support by means of email to the professors of the course. This way of attention is advisable for indications and short doubts of punctual type. |

Assessment

| Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences |
|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|
|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|----|------|----------------------------|
| Laboratory practical | Assessment of the laboratory sessions: The laboratory sessions will be evaluated in a continuous way, on each session. The applied criteria are: - A minimum attendance of 80% - Punctuality - Previous task preparation of the sessions - Make the most of the session The practical sessions will be held in groups of two students. The documents of the practices will be available prior to the sessions. The students will fill report, that will be delivered when the session ends. This report serves to justify both the attendance and how they have done the work asked for. | 20 | CE11 | CT9 CT10 CT17 |
| Objective questions exam | Evaluation of Blocks of Topics: This part is intended to emphasize the self learning process and provide feedback to the students. It's main aim is to provide honest and objective information about the learning process. These individual exams will be held by electronics means, if possible. It can consist on a wide set of test questions, short answers and analytical numerical problems. | 20 | CG3 | CE11 CT2 CT9 CT10 |
| Essay questions exam | Individual Exam: It will consist on an individual written exam near the end of the semester, in the dates established by the head teachers. The exam will be a combination of any of the following types of exercises: - Test Questions - Short Answer Questions - Analysis Problems - Practical Cases | 60 | CG3 | CE11 CT2 CT9 CT10 |

Other comments on the Evaluation

Evaluation:

All the students will be evaluated of continuous way by means of the following procedure:

Along the semester the students will realise several partial proofs and will obtain a note by each proof. The note of partial (NP) will obtain of the average of the notes of the proofs.

Also the long of the semester the students will do practices of laboratory and will obtain a note by each practice. The sessions without assistance will be marked with a zero. The note of laboratory (NL) will obtain of the average of the notes of the practices, with the following exceptions:

- If the assistance to the sessions of practices is inferior to 80% the total note of the same (NL) will be zero.
- If the average of the notes obtained in the partial proofs (*NP) is inferior to 3,33, the note of laboratory (NL) will be zero.

Also along the semester partial exams will be made. Each partial exam will have a grade. The grade of these exams (NP) is the average of the grades in each one.

The qualification of continuous evaluation (CC) procedure will be calculated with this formula:

$$CC = 0,8 \times NP + 0,2 \times NL$$

The students can opt to that qualification CC becomes the qualification in records (CA), without need to take any additional exam, as long as they fulfil all the following requirements:

- The average grade of the partial exams (NP) must be great or equal than 6,25 points.
- The grade obtained in all the partial exams must be at least 3,75 points.
- Obtain a laboratory grade (NL) great or equal to 7 points.

A final exam (EF) will be held in scheduled dates in June and July.

The grades in records (CA) for those students that do not want to or can not opt to the note of continuous qualification method will be obtained with arrangement to the following formula:

$$CA = 0,2 \times NP + 0,2 \times NL + 0,6 \times EF$$

For the present academic year, grades NL and NP obtained in the previous two academic courses are still valid with the following exceptions:

- Those students that want to use the previous NL grade with less than 7 points can not apply for the continuous evaluation procedure, and must pass the final exam (EF)
- Those student that want to use the previous NP grade can not apply for the continuous evaluation procedure, and must pass the final exam (EF)
- Those students that attend any laboratory session along the academic year can not opt to keep valid the laboratory qualification from the previous academic years.
- Those students that take any partial test along the academic year can not opt to keep valid the partial test qualification from the previous academic years.

Those students granted with an exemption from the school direction not to take part on the continuous evaluation process, will be evaluated at the same day and time established by the school direction board, in the following way:

- A two part test

1- A written exam identical to the final examination, with a weight of 70% on the final grade and lasting a maximum of two hours.

2- A specific laboratory test, with a weight of 30% on the final grade and lasting a maximum of two hours. This take will take place immediately after the written exam in the laboratories of the same school.

In the final year examination, students will take a written exam that will weigh 70% on the final grade. The remaining 30% will be obtained from the qualification of a laboratory test.

To pass the course, in any of the previous cases, it is necessary to achieve a final grade equal or higher than 5 points.

Recommendations:

It is very important that the students keep updated the profile in the FAITIC platform. All communications related with this course will be made through this platform. All individual communications will be made through the email listed in this platform.

The students can solve doubts related with the laboratory previous activities in the personal attention hours (tutoring time), or by any other contact procedure available in FAITIC.

The students must meet the deadlines for all the activities.

All the achieved results must be justified, in any of the exams or activities. None of the achieved results will be taken for good if no explanation is given about the method used to find them. The selected method for solving a problem is considered when grading the solution.

When writing the solutions and answers in reports and tests, avoid spelling mistakes and unreadable symbols.

Exams lacking some of the sheets will not be graded.

Use of cell phones, notes or books is forbidden during exams.

Competencies Acquisition and Its Influence on Assesments

In this subject all the different activities are designed to assess the students in the competencies, and the acquisition of the competencies defines the final mark. Here follows a description of how the competencies and activities are related. CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.

The acquisition of this competency is provided by the contents of the topics of the subject. All activities of self-assessment, the laboratory sessions and the different test are elaborated to evaluate the knowledge of the technical subjects.

CE11 Knowledge of the fundamentals of electronics.

This competency is warrant to be acquired along all the lectures, the laboratory sessions, the self-assessment activities and the tests.

CT2 Problems resolution.

The students will exercise this competency by means of the following activities: self-assessment activities, bulletin of problems and previous theoretical solution of experiments to be made at the laboratory. This competency is also acquired along all the test (for each block and the individual one), as they mainly are composed by problems to be solved.

CT9 Apply Knowledge

This competency is mainly acquired during the laboratory sessions, where the theoretical knowledge from problems, designs and simulations should match the assembly of circuits and real measures. Laboratory sessions are evaluated one by one, scoring an average of marks, if there is a minimum number of attended sessions with a minimum score.

CT10 Self learning and work

The self learning process is fundamental to achieve the score to approve the subject. In order to motivate students in the task of acquiring the theoretical knowledge, self-assessment test (on line), lectures based on the remote learning platform (fatic) and bulletins of problems have been created. The self-assessment test also provide feedback to the professors about the main difficulties found by students. On the laboratory sessions, the previous preparation is an explicit method of evaluation. In order to made this preparation, each of the laboratory sessions has its specific documentation and tutorials.

CT17 Working as a team

The students exercise this competency at the laboratory sessions, by making teams of two people. Cooperation in most of the sessions is needed to perform the assembly of circuits, make the measurements and take notes. The professor in charge of the laboratory session verifies the previous work and how each session is going along, watching that both members cooperate to achieve the best possible result. Scores for students can be different if the professor detects that one of the team member is not cooperating.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

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Rashid, M.H., **CIRCUITOS MICROELECTRONICOS: ANALISIS Y DISEÑO**, 2^a,

TOCCI, RONALD J., NEAL S. WIDMER, GREGORY L. MOSS, **Sistemas digitales. Principios y aplicaciones**, 10^a,

Lago Ferreira, A.; Nogueiras Meléndez, A. A., **Dispositivos y Circuitos Electrónicos Analógicos: Aplicación práctica en laboratorio**,

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Malik N. R., **Electronic Circuits. Analysis, simulation, and design**,

Wait, J.; Huelsman, L.; Korn, G., **INTRODUCCION AL AMPLIFICADOR OPERACIONAL**, 4^a,

Pleite Guerra, J.; Vergaz Benito, R.; Ruíz de Marcos; J. M., **Electrónica analógica para ingenieros.**,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Fundamentals of automation/V12G380V01403

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102

Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202

Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104

Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Fundamentals of electrical engineering/V12G380V01303

| IDENTIFYING DATA | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|------|------------|
| Fluid mechanics | | | | |
| Subject | Fluid mechanics | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01405 | | | |
| Study programme | Degree in Mechanical Engineering | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 2nd |
| Teaching language | | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Paz Penín, María Concepción Conde Fontenla, Marcos | | | |
| Lecturers | Carrera Pérez, Gabriel Conde Fontenla, Marcos Gil Pereira, Christian López Veloso, Marcos Paz Penín, María Concepción Román Espiñeira, Ignacio Javier | | | |
| E-mail | mfontenla@uvigo.es cpaz@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | | | | |
| General description | This syllabus presents information about the Fluid mechanics course during the 2nd year of the degree in Mechanical Engineering, 2019-2020, in accordance to the guidelines by the European Space of Upper Education. | | | |
| | <p>This is a first course in fluid mechanics, focusing on the topics that are relevant to Mechanical Engineering applications.</p> <p>The course is intended to acquire essential knowledge needed to analyze devices with fluid as a working material, such as hydraulic machinery, lubrication devices, heating and cooling systems, pipes systems, pneumatic systems, aero and hydrodynamics devices, wind turbines, etc.</p> <p>It includes stress and strain rate descriptions, fluid statics, use of differential and finite control volume analysis with continuity, momentum, and energy equations, Bernoulli and Euler equations, incompressible viscous flow using Navier-Stokes equations, dimensional analysis, laminar and turbulent pipe flow.</p> | | | |

Competencies

| | | | |
|------|--|--|--|
| Code | | | |
| CG4 | CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty. | | |
| CG5 | CG5 Knowledge to carry out measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, surveys, studies, reports, work plans and other similar works. | | |
| CE8 | CE8 Knowledge of the basic principles of fluid mechanics and their application to solving problems in the field of engineering. Calculation of pipes, channels and fluid systems. | | |
| CT2 | CT2 Problems resolution. | | |
| CT9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. | | |
| CT10 | CT10 Self learning and work. | | |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences | | |
|---|-------------|-----|--------------------|
| CG5 Knowledge for the realisation of measurements, calculations, assessments, evaluations, studies, reports, plans of works and other analogous works. | CG4 CG5 | CE8 | CT2 CT9 CT10 |
| CG4 Capacity to: solve problems with initiative and creativity, take decisions, develop critical reasoning and capacity to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of the industrial engineering. | CG4 CG5 | CE8 | CT2 CT9 CT10 |
| RI2 Knowledge of the basic principles of the fluid mechanics and his application to the resolution of problems in the field of the engineering. | CG4 CG5 | CE8 | CT2 CT9 CT10 |
| Intended learning outcomes are, understanding of the basics of flow behaviour in engineering systems, awareness of the physical laws that govern fluid motion and development of analytical skills for simple flow systems, e.g. calculation of pipes, channels and fluid systems | | | |
| CT2 Resolution of problems. | CG4 CG5 | CE8 | CT2 CT9 CT10 |

Contents

Topic

| | |
|--|---|
| 1. Introduction | 1.1 Fundamental Concepts: 1.1.1 Stress tensor. Newton Law 1.2 The Fluid as a Continuum 1.3 Viscosity: 1.3.1 Newtonian Fluids and non Newtonian fluids 1.4 Characteristics of the flows: 1.4.1 Different types of flows: 1.4.1.1 Geometrical conditions, 1.4.1.2 Kinematic conditions, 1.4.1.3 Mechanical conditions, 1.4.1.4 Compressibility 1.5 Stresses on a fluid: 1.5.1 Tensorial and vectorial magnitudes, 1.5.1.2 Volumetric Forces, 1.5.2.2 Surface Forces, 1.5.2.3 The stress tensor, 1.5.2.4 Concept of pressure |
| 2. Basic Physical Laws of Fluid Mechanics | 2.1 Velocity field 2.2 Streamlines and pathlines 2.3 Systems and Control volumes 2.4 Integrals extended to Fluid volumes. The Reynolds Transport Theorem 2.5 Conservation of Mass. Integral and Differential Equation 2.6 The Linear Momentum Equation. Integral and Differential Equation. 2.7 Navier-Poisson Law 2.8 The Energy Equation. Integral and Differential Equation. Frictionless Flow: The Bernoulli Equation |
| 3. Dimensional Analysis. Similarity concepts | 3.1 Introduction 3.2 The Pi Theorem 3.3 Applications 3.4 Fundamental Nondimensional Numbers in Fluid Mechanics: 3.4.1 Physical meaning of the nondimensional numbers 3.5 Similarity in Fluid dynamics: 3.5.1 Partial Similarity, 3.5.2 Scaling effect |
| 4. Laminar viscous flow | 4.1 Introduction 4.2. Fully developed flow: 4.2.1 Hagen-Poiseuille Flow, 4.2.2 Viscous flow in circular ducts, 4.2.3 Flow in Noncircular Ducts 4.3 Entrance region effect 4.4 Losses in Pipe Systems: 4.4.1 Friction coefficient 4.5 Stability of laminar flow |
| 5. Turbulent Flow in ducts | 5.1 Introduction 5.2 Pipe-head Loss in turbulent regime: 5.2.1 Nikuradse chart, 5.2.2 Moody chart, 5.2.3 Empirical Formulas for flow in circular ducts. Hydraulic diameter |
| 6. Minor Losses in Pipe Systems | 6.1 Introduction 6.2 Minor Losses: 6.2.1 Loss at the entrance of a pipe, 6.2.2 Loss at the exit of a pipe, 6.2.3 Loss at contractions, 6.2.4 Loss at expansions, 6.2.5 Loss at elbows, 6.2.6 Losses at bends, elbows, tees and valves |
| 7. Pipe systems | 7.1 Pipes in series 7.2 Pipes in parallel 7.3 The three-reservoir pipe junction problem 7.4 Pipings networks 7.5 Nonsteady effects in duct flows: 7.5.1 Emptying time of a tank, 7.5.2 Setting of the steady flow in a pipe, 7.5.3 Water hammer |
| 8. Open-Channel Flow | 8.1 Introduction 8.2 Uniform Flow: 8.2.1 Pipes used like channels 8.3 Non uniform flow: 8.3.1 The hydraulic jump, 8.3.2 Fast transitions, 8.3.3 Flow over a gate, 8.3.4 Flow under a gate, 8.3.5 Section of control |
| LABORATORY | 1. Measurements of head and minor losses in a pipe system. Minor losses measurements in a venturi device. Minor losses measurements in a holed-plate. Friction coefficients measurements. Losses in elbows, bends, tees and valves |

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Lecturing | 32.5 | 60.5 | 93 |
| Problem solving | 14 | 33 | 47 |
| Laboratory practical | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Essay questions exam | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Problem and/or exercise solving | 3 | 0 | 3 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

Description

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Lecturing | They explain the foundations of each subject needed to solve practical problems. It includes mainly lectures but can also include: Readings bibliographic Review Solution of problems Conferences Oral Presentations |
| Problem solving | They will apply the concepts tackled in the lectures. It includes activities such as: Readings Seminars Solution of problems Team working Study of practical cases |
| Laboratory practical | Fundamentally, they will consist on activities of experimentation, although they also can include: Practical cases Simulation Solution of problems Team working |

Personalized assistance

| Methodologies | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Lecturing | Personalized attention will be given to the students during class (throughout the possible questions that could arise) and during the specific timetable of the teacher for tutorships. Updated information of the tutorships timetables will be given to the students |
| Laboratory practical | Personalized attention will be given to the students during class (throughout the possible questions that could arise) and during the specific timetable of the teacher for tutorships. Updated information of the tutorships timetables will be given to the students |

Assessment

| | Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|-----|--------------------|
| Essay questions exam | Written exam consisting of: theoretical questions practical questions resolution of exercises/problems short covering of a topic | 80 | CG4 CG5 | CE8 | CT2 CT9 CT10 |
| Problem and/or exercise solving | (*)Resolución de problemas e/ou ejercicios propostos, que podrán incluir: - un número de entregas semanales (non presencial) - resoluciones presenciais en horario de prácticas como reforzo de temas - Informe as actividades realizadas nas sesións de laboratorio, resultados da experimentación, etc. | 20 | CG4 CG5 | CE8 | CT2 CT9 CT10 |

Other comments on the Evaluation

Continuous evaluation: represents 20% of the grade. Except official renounce of the student, the course is followed under continuous assessment mode.

Continuous assessment grading is not saved year after year

Final exam: 80% of the total mark.

If the student does not attend the none of two final exams, the student will be graded as "non-attendance".

Summer final exam: the same criteria as in 1st call will be applied;

Ethical Commitment: In case of noticing a non ethical behaviour (copy, plagiarism, utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, and others) it will be considered that the student does not gather the necessary requirements to pass the course. In this case, the global qualification of the present academic course will be failed (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Frank M White, **Mecánica de Fluidos/Fluid Mechanics**, VI,
Antonio Crespo, **Mecánica de fluidos**,

Complementary Bibliography

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Yunus A. Çengel, John M. Cimbala, **Mecánica de fluidos : fundamentos y aplicaciones**,

Elena Martín Ortega, Concepción Paz Penín, **Prácticas de laboratorio de mecánica de fluidos**,

A. Liñán Martínez, M. Rodríguez Fernández, F.J. Higuera Antón, **Mecánica de fluidos**,

Victor L. Streeter, E. Benjamin Wylie, Keith W. Bedford, **Mecánica de fluidos/Fluid Mechanics**, IX,

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Pijush K. Kundu , Ira M. Cohen, **Fluid Mechanics**, 4th Edition,

G. M. Homsy et al., **Multi-media Fluid Mechanics**,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Thermodynamics and heat transfer/V12G380V01302

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102

Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202

Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104

Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204