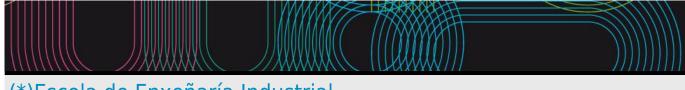
Universida_{de}Vigo

Educational guide 2022 / 2023



(*)Escola de Enxeñaría Industrial

Information

For additional information about the centre and its degres visit the centre's website https://eei.uvigo.es/

Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica

Subjects			
Year 2nd			
Code	Name	Quadmester	Total Cr.
V12G380V01301	Materials science and technology	2nd	6
V12G380V01302	Thermodynamics and heat transfer	1st	6
V12G380V01303	Fundamentals of electrical engineering	1st	6
V12G380V01305	Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies	lst	6
V12G380V01306	Mechanism and machine theory	lst	6
V12G380V01401	Environmental technology	1st	6
V12G380V01402	Resistance of materials	2nd	6
V12G380V01403	Fundamentals of automation	2nd	6
V12G380V01404	Electronic technology	2nd	6
V12G380V01405	Fluid mechanics	2nd	6

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA					
Materials s	ience and technology					
Subject	Materials science					
	and technology					
Code	V12G380V01301					
tudy	Grado en					
rogramme	Ingeniería					
	Mecánica					
escriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year		Quad	mester
	6	Mandatory	2nd		2nd	
eaching	#EnglishFriendly					
anguage	Spanish					
	Galician					
epartment			·			
Coordinator	Figueroa Martínez, Raúl					
	Abreu Fernández, Carmen María					
ecturers	Abreu Fernández, Carmen María					
	Cortes Redin, María Begoña					
	Díaz Fernández, Belén					
	Feijoó Vázquez, Iria					
	Figueroa Martínez, Raúl					
	Iglesias Rodríguez, Fernando					
	Pérez Pérez, María del Carmen					
	Riobó Coya, Cristina					
	Vázquez Castro, Alfonso					
-mail	cabreu@uvigo.es					
	raulfm@uvigo.es					
Veb	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/					
General	The aim of this subject is to introduce the main conception of the subject is to introduce the main conception.	ots of materials tech	nnology as	well a	s to stud	ау
lescription	applications of the most common materials					
ills						
Code						
	wledge in basic and technological subjects that will en	able students to lea	arn new met	thods	and the	ories, and
	them the versatility to adapt to new situations.					
	lity to solve problems with initiative, decision making, c				oility to d	communica
	ismit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engin		cal specialty	/.		
	pacity for handling specifications, regulations and mand					
CE9 Knd	wledge of the fundamentals of the science, technology	and chemistry of n	naterials. Ui	nderst	and the	relationshi
	microstructure, the synthesis, processing and propert	ies of materials.				
	lysis and synthesis					
	rmation Management.					
	ıly knowledge.					
010 CT10 Se	If learning and work.					
	+					
earning ou				Tro	ining ar	dloarning
spected res	ults from this subject			113		nd Learning sults
	the fundamental concepts of link, structure and microes	structure of the dist	inct types	B3	C9	D10
f materials				-		
t comprises	the relation go in to microestructure of the material in h	nis mechanical beha	aviour,	B3	C9	

of materials			
It comprises the relation go in to microestructure of the material in his mechanical behaviour,	B3	C9	
electrical, thermal and magnetic			
t comprises the mechanical behaviour of the metallic materials, ceramic, plastics and compound	B4		
	B6		
It knows how they can modify the properties by means of mechanical processes and thermal treatments	B4	C9	D9
t knows the basic technicians of structural characterisation of the materials	B3	C9	
	B6		
t purchases skills in the handle of the diagrams and charts			D1
			D5
t purchases skill in the realisation of essays	B6	C9	D10
t analyses the results obtained and extracts conclusions of the same			D1
			D9
It is able to apply norms of essays of materials	B6		D1
			D9

Contents	
Торіс	
Introduction	Introduction to the Science and Technology of Material. Classification of
	the materials. Terminology. Orientations for the follow-up of the matter.
Crystalline arrangement.	Crystalline and amorphous solids. Crystalline lattices, characteristics and
	imperfections. Allotropic transformations.
Properties of materials. Laboratory practices.	Mechanical, chemical, thermal, electric and magnetic properties. Standars
	for materials analysis. Compressive and tensile deformation. Principles of
	fracture mechanisms. Toughness. Hardness. Main test methods.
	Introduction to metallography. Binary isomorphous and eutectic systems.
	Microstructure in eutectic alloys. Analyses of practical situations.
Metallic materials.	Solidification. Constitution of alloys. Grain size. Main binary phase
	diagrams. Processing. Carbon steels: classification and applications. Cast
	iron alloys. Heat treatments: aims, fundamentals and classification.
	Annealing, normalizing, quenching and tempering. Nonferreous alloys.
Plastic materials	Classification accoording to the molecular structure: Thermoplastics,
	thermosets and elastomers. Properties and assessing methods. Forming
	processes. Introduction to the Composite Materials.
Ceramic materials	Classification and properties. Glasses and traditional ceramics. Technical
	Ceramics. Cements: phases, types and main applications. Concrete.
	Processing of ceramic materials.

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Introductory activities	1	0	1
Lecturing	31	56	87
Laboratory practical	16.75	18	34.75
Autonomous problem solving	0	12.2	12.2
Mentored work	0.5	9	9.5
Problem and/or exercise solving	1.5	0	1.5
Presentation	0.25	0	0.25
Report of practices, practicum and externa	al practices 0	2	2
Self-assessment	0	0.3	0.3
Objective questions exam	1.5	0	1.5

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

	Description
Introductory activities	A presentation of the course is made: contents, organization, methodologies to be used, schedule and evaluation system. Emphasis is placed on student participation and the personalized tutoring system.
Lecturing	During the academic course, the teacher exposes the main contents of the course, encouraging the active participation of the students. Exercises and type problems are solved, and hands on science methodology will be also applied.
Laboratory practical	Activities for the practical application of the knowledge acquired in the theoretical sessions. They are performed in the laboratory with specialized equipment and in accordance with applicable standards
Autonomous problem solving	Throughout the course, students will be offered different set of problems and questions that they will have to solve by themselves, demonstrating the capacity for learning and developing autonomous work.
Mentored work	The instructor will propose several projects to be carried out in small groups. The projects with be related to the characterization of materials commonly used in technological applications. Students must complete a revision of the literature concerning to the topic of the project, revise the existing standards and other sources of information. Finally, the project must be exposed to the instructor and to their classmates.

Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	The teacher will guide and resolve any doubts that the student may have in relation to the contents explained in the lectures.
Laboratory practical	The laboratory teacher will guide the students in the development of the practical classes, clarifying their doubts and guiding them to achieve the best understanding of the practical classes

Mentored work	During the development of the tasks proposed to be done in small groups, the students will have the guidance and help of the teacher
Tests	Description
Problem and/or exercise solving	The students will have the support of the teacher to solve the doubts that can arise in the resolution of the numerical problems proposed in class, as well as those that are offered for their autonomous work.
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	The laboratory teacher will guide the students in the resolution of the questions formulated in the practical classes and will help in the doubts that may arise in the writing of the practical reports.
Self-assessment	The teacher will design the self-assessment tests that the student must take throughout the course, and will guide the students in their completion, solving the technical questions that may arise

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification	L		ning
Laboratory practical	The attendance and active participation of the student in the practical sessions will be valued	1	B3 B6	C9	D1 D9 D10
Problem and/or exercise solving	Student learning in practical sesions will be evaluated by means of a written exam, which will include of exrcices and problems (7%) The final exam will include of problems and exercises similar to those raised during the course (35%)	42	B4 B6	C9	D1 D9 D10
Presentation	The projects will be assessed after the oral exposition. These are the items to be taken into account for the assessment: revised literature, structure of the contents used in the presentation and ability to reply to the comments given by the instructor and/or classmates.		B4 B6	C9	D1 D5 D10
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	The student must present a report of the practical sessions which will include the results obtained in the mechanical tests as well as the answers to the questions asked.	4	B6	C9	D9
Self-assessment	Resolution of proposed online questionnaires, which will consist of true and false questions and multiple choice questions	4	B3	C9	D9 D10
Objective questions exam	Student learning in practical sesions will be evaluated by means of a written exam, which will include of short answer questions and test questions (7%) The final exam will include hort answer questions and test questions (35%)	42	B3 B4	C9	D1 D5 D9 D10

Other comments on the Evaluation

Continuous assessment: The continuous assessment activities will be carried out during the teaching period and correspond to 30% of the grade.

Final Exam: counts for 70% of the course grade. The exam will be taken on the official date set by the EEI direction.

Requirements to pass the course:

It is necessary to achieve a minimum score of 40% in the final exam, that is 2.8 / 7.

If this minimum is not reached, the course will be considered as not passed and, although the sum of the exam grade and the continuous evaluation is higher than 5, the maximum grade that will be included in the academic records will be 4.5 points.

Renouncing continuous assessment: Students that do not follow the continuous assessment activities, after receiving authorization from the EEI direction, will be evaluated through a final exam on the contents of all the course, covering both lecture and labo contents, counting for 100% of the grade. A minimum mark of 5 (50%) will be required to pass the course.

July exam (2nd Edition): In the July edition, the continuous assessment marks will be also considered (only marks obtained in the current academic year). The characteristics of the exam will be the same as the first edition, and will be taken on the official date set by the EEI direction. Further in the July edition, the student can choose to be evaluated through a final exam on the contents of all the course, covering both lecture and labo contents, counting for 100% of the grade. A minimum mark of 5 (50%) will be required to pass the course. The student must notify the teacher of their choice well in advance.

Extraordinary Call: The extraordinary call exam contents will cover the entire course, including both lecture and labo contents, counting for 100% o the grade. A minimum mark of 5 (50%) will be required to pass the course.

Ethical commitment: Students are expected to carry out their work in accordance with an appropriate ethical behaviour. If the professor detects a behaviour that constitutes academic dishonesty (cheating, plagiarism, use of unauthorized electronic devices, for example) the student will be deemed not to meet all the criteria to pass the course, and will be informed that the final grade of this course will be FAIL (0.0). The use of any electronic device will not be allowed during the evaluation tests, unless expressly authorized. Introducing an unauthorized electronic device into the exam room will be considered reason enough for not passing the course in the present academic year, and the final grade will be: FAIL (0.0).

Attention: If there is any mismatch between the contents of the 3 language versions of this teaching guide, those included in the Spanish version will be considered valid.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Callister, William, Ciencia e ingeniería de los materiales, 2ª, Reverté, 2016

Askeland, Donald R, Ciencia e ingeniería de materiales, 6ª, Cengage Learning, 2012

Shackelford, James F, Introducción a la ciencia de materiales para ingenieros, 7ª, Pearson Educación, 2010 Complementary Bibliography

Smith, William F, Fundamentos de la ciencia e ingeniería de materiales, 5ª, McGraw-Hill, 2010 AENOR, Standard tests,

Montes J.M., Cuevas F.G., Cintas J., Ciencia e ingeniería de los materiales / J.M. Montes, F.G. Cuevas, J. Cintas, 1ª, Paraninfo, 2014

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Materials engineering/V12G380V01504

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies/V12G380V01305 Fluid mechanics/V12G380V01405 Thermodynamics and heat transfer/V12G380V01302

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer science: Computing for engineering/V12G350V01203 Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102 Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202 Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103 Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104 Chemistry: Chemistry/V12G380V01205

IDENTIFYIN				
	amics and heat transfer			
Subject	Thermodynamics			
Codo	and heat transfer V12G380V01302			
Code Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
Jogramme	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits Choose Year		Quadm	ester
	6 Mandatory 2nd		1st	
Teaching	Spanish			
anguage				
Department				
Coordinator	Sieres Atienza, Jaime			
_ecturers	Giraldez Leirado, Alejandro			
	Pequeño Aboy, Horacio			
	Santos Navarro, José Manuel Sieres Atienza, Jaime			
-mail	jsieres@uvigo.es			
Veb	Jsicies@dvigu.es			
General	Thermodynamics studies the energy, its transformations and the relationships amo	na the n	ropertied	of
description	substances. Therefore, its knowledge is of primary importance for the analysis, des			
	thermal machine or equipment; and, in general, for the industrial applications of th			
	On the other hand, it is interesting to know the mechanisms for energy transfer, ma			
	a temperature difference, with a focus in the three modes of heat transfer and the			
	allow calculating the heat transfer rate. At the end of the course, students are expe	ected to b	pe able t	o properly
	state and solve heat transfer engineering problems.			
Skills				
Code				
	ility to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and nsmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specia		iity to co	mmunica
	owledge to carry out measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, surveys,		roporto	work plar
	er similar works.	studies,	reports,	work plai
	pacity for handling specifications, regulations and mandatory standards.			
	ility to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of the technical solu	tions.		
	nowledge, understanding and ability to apply the necessary legislation in the exercis		professi	on of
	al Technical Engineer.			
C7 CE7 Kno	owledge of applied thermodynamics and heat transfer. Basic principles and their app	lication	to solvin	g
	ering problems.			
	blems resolution.			
	ility to organize and plan.			
	ply knowledge.			
	elf learning and work.			
D17_CT17 W	forking as a team.			
-				
earning ou				
expected res	sults from this subject	Irai		Learning
(nou)	derstand the Laws of Thermodynamics, the modes of heat transfer and the relations	D1	Resu C7	
100W 704		5 B4	U/	כח
	•	R5		D2 D7
	heat transfer rates	B5 B6		D7
	•	B5 B6 B7		D7 D9
	•	B6		D7
o calculate l	•	B6	C7	D7 D9 D10
to calculate I	heat transfer rates	B6 B7 B5 B6	C7	D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D7
to calculate I	heat transfer rates	B6 B7 B5 B6 B7	C7	D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D7 D9
o calculate l	heat transfer rates	B6 B7 B5 B6	C7	D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D7 D9 D10
o calculate l Know and un ransfer	heat transfer rates	B6 B7 B5 B6 B7 B11		D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D7 D9 D10 D17
o calculate l (now and un ransfer dentify the r	heat transfer rates	B6 B7 B5 B6 B7 B11 B4	C7 C7	D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D7 D9 D10 D17 D2
o calculate l Know and un ransfer dentify the r	heat transfer rates	B6 B7 B5 B6 B7 B11 B4 B6		D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D17 D2 D7
to calculate l Know and un transfer	heat transfer rates	B6 B7 B5 B6 B7 B11 B4 B6 B7		D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D17 D2 D7 D9
to calculate l Know and un transfer dentify the r	heat transfer rates	B6 B7 B5 B6 B7 B11 B4 B6		D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D7 D9 D10 D17 D2 D7 D2 D7

Analyze thermal systems operation, such as heat pumps, refrigeration systems or power systems. Know the main components of these kinds of systems and the thermodynamic cycles used to model them	B4 B5 B6 B7 B11	C7	D2 D7 D9 D17	
	RII			

Contents
Торіс
REVIEW OF THE FIRST And SECOND LAW OF THE
THERMODYNAMICS
PROPERTIES OF PURE SUBSTANCES: TABLES And
DIAGRAMS OF PROPERTIES
ANALYSIS OF OPEN SYSTEMS ACCORDING TO THE
FIRST And SECOND LAW OF THE
THERMODYNAMICS
APPLICATIONS OF THE ENGINEERING
THERMODYNAMIC: POWER CYCLES And
REFRIGERATION CYCLES
BASICS CONCEPTS And FUNDAMENTAL
PRINCIPLES OF THE HEAT TRANSFER
HEAT TRANSFER BY CONDUCTION. ONE-
DIMENSIONAL, STEADY-STATE HEAT FLOW
HEAT TRANSFER BY CONVECTION:
FUNDAMENTALS And CORRELATIONS FOR
CONVECTION HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS
HEAT TRANSFER BY RADIATION: FUNDAMENTALS.
THERMAL RADIATION
INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS: HEAT EXCHANGERS

Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
32.5	65	97.5
6	0	6
0	18.5	18.5
12	12	24
0	3	3
1	0	1
		classroom 32.5 65 6 0

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Lectures introduction of the contents of the matter object of study
Laboratory practical	Real processes experimentations in the laboratory which complement the contents covered in the
	course.
Autonomous problem solving	Troubleshooting and / or exercises related to the subject that the student take place by consulting the literature
Problem solving	Troubleshooting and / or exercises related to the subject that the student take place in the classroom and/or laboratory. Examples of simple application of the contents studied as well as practical examples will be solved. The methodology will be focused on explaining how to solve the problems rather than on the determining the final numerical solution.

Personalized assistance		
Methodologies	Description	
Lecturing	Students[] questions or doubts about any of the course contents will be solved during the instructor[]s office hours	
Laboratory practical	Students[] questions or doubts about any of the course contents will be solved during the instructor[]s office hours	
Problem solving	Students[] questions or doubts about any of the course contents will be solved during the instructor[]s office hours	

Assessment

	Description	Qualification			g and Results
Problem and/or exercise solving	Final written exam where students should solve lengthy response problems or exercies or theoertical questions about the course content. The exam durration and conditions will be established by the course teachers.	80	B4 B5 B6 B7	C7	D2 D7 D9 D10
	Students should develop, relate, justify and present their knowledge and results including appropriate explanations.				
	This exam will be take place in the dates fixed by the educational organisation of the centre				
	Learning outcomes: know, understand and apply the principles and foundations of applied thermodynamics and heat transfer, including appropriate explanations to proposed solutions.				
Objective questions exam	Throughout the semester several tests will be performed.	20	B6	C7	D2 D7
cxum	The corresponding note will be based on short-answer written essays or tests.				D9 D10
	This note will correspond with the denomination of Continuous Evaluation				

Other comments on the Evaluation

There are two evaluation modes that can be followed un order to passed this subject:

A) Continuous Evaluation Mode .

The final qualification (CF) of the student is determined by adding the points obtained in the final exam (EF) and those obtained by Continuous Evaluation (EC).

Each new enrollment in the course involves resetting the ratings in the continuous evaluation activities obtained in previous courses.

According to the Continuous Assessment Regulations, those students subject to the continuous evaluation mode that take part in any assessable activity included in the Subject Guide, will be considered as "presented" and will be taken into account for the final qualification of the course.

To carry out the different tests considered in the continuous evaluation mode (along the course) students are not allowed to use any kind of equation sheet or complementary document, neiter a calculatior.

These tests may be carried out during any of the course session hours (during classroom, problems or laboratory sessions) without previous notice.

The points achieved by continuous assessment will be valid in the first and the second calls/editions of the course.

B) Non-continuous Evaluation Mode

Those students that have renounced to be evaluated during the course (Continuous Evaluation) using the official procedure established by the Center, will be evaluated in the official dates set in the two calls/editions (same day and time) by a specific assessment.

This specific assessment will take into account all contents (theory, problems and laboratory practices) of the course, and will account for 100% of the maximum score. It will take place as follows:

1.- Written exam (EF), with a weight of 80% of the final qualification, identical to the final exam of all other students that follow the continuous evaluation mode.

2.- A Specific test (EC), with a weight of 20% of the final qualification. This specific test will include both the contents of laboratory practice and the contents covered during the master sessions of the course. No supporting material will be allowed such as any kind of equation sheet, complementary document, or even a calculator. Any evidence about this specific test will be considered as assessable and it will imply that the student is not eligible for repeating this specific test.

The following qualification criteria apply to the two evaluation modes.

Qualification criteria:

A minimum number of points in the final exam is not required to take into account the points obtained during the course (Continuous Evaluation). In any case, it is necessary to obtain a final qualification greater or equal than 5 points in order to to pass the subject.

In the solutions proposed in the final exam, the students will have to justify or argue all the results that propose. The procedure used by the students during the solution of the different problems will also be taken into account.

None of the results obtained by the student will be "understood" by default.

The First Call/Edition: the final qualification is calculated as

 $CF = 0.2 \cdot EC + 0.8 \cdot EF$

The Second Call/Ediciton: the final qualification is calculated as

CF =maximum(N1, N2), where

 $N1 = 0.2 \cdot EC + 0.8 \cdot EF$

N2 = EF

The points obtained for the Continuous Evaluation (EC) during the first call (by any of the two evaulation modes) will also apply for the second call.

A score system from 0 to 10 points will be used (RD 1125/2003 de 5 de septiembre, BOEde 18 de septiembre)

'FINAL DE CARRERA' EXTRAORDINARY EXAM:

They will be able to have a format of distinct examination to the detailed previously. It will consist of a wirtten exam, where students should solve problems and/or answer theoretical questions about the most relevant contents of the course. It will allow students to obtain 100% of the maximum final qualification, being a minimum of 50% required in order to pass the course.

All tests, either during the course (continuous evaluation) or the final exam, must be done wit a pen, preferably blue. The use of a pencil or a red pen is not allowed. The use of electronic devices such as tablets, smartphones, laptops, etc, are also not allowed.

Ethical Comminmnet:

It might have a different format to the formerly detailed one.

In the event that an unethical behavior is detected (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.), it will be considered that the student does not meet the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In that case, the overall rating in the current academic year will be 'fail (0.0)'.

The use of any electronic device during the different assessments or tests is not allowed, unless expressly authorized. The fact of introducing such an unauthorized device in the examination room will be considered as a reason for not passing the subject in the current academic year and the overall rating will be 'fail (0.0)'.

IMPORTANT NOTE: this is the english translation of the subject guide. In the event of any conflict between the English and Spanish versions, the Spanish version shall prevail.

Sources of information
Basic Bibliography
Çengel, Yunus y Boles, Michael, Termodinámica , 7ª Edición, McGraw-Hill, 2012
Çengel Yunus A., Boles Michael A., Thermodynamics : an engineering approach, 7th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2011
Çengel Y.A., y Ghajar A.J., Transferencia de Calor y Masa. fundamentos y aplicaciones, 4ª edición, McGraw-Hill, 2011
Çengel, Yunus A., Heat and mass transfer: a practical approach, 4th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2011
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Çengel Y.A., Introduction to Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer, McGraw-Hill, 2008
Moran M.J. y Shapiro H.N., Fundamentos de Termodinámica Técnica, 2ª edición - castellano, Ed. Reverté, 2004
Merle C. Porter y Craig W. Somerton, Termodinámica para ingenieros, McGraw-Hill/Interamericana de España, 2004
Incropera F.P. y DeWitt D.P, Introduction to Heat Transfer, 2002
Wark, K. y Richards, D.E., Termodinámica , McGraw-Hill, 2010
Kreith J. y Bohn M.S, Principios de Transferencia de Calor , 2001,
Mills A.F., Transferencia de calor, 1995

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics 2/V12G340V01202 Mathematics: Calculus 1/V12G340V01104 Mathematics: Calculus 2 and differential equations/V12G340V01204

Other comments

To enrol in this subject it will be necessary to have surpassed or to be enrolled in all the subjects of inferior courses.

Given the limitation of time for the "Thermodynamic and Heat Transfer" course, it is highly recommended that students have completed the course []Física II[] or that they have the equivalent background in thermodynamics

IMPORTANT NOTE: this is the english translation of the subject guide. In the event of any conflict between the English and Spanish versions, the Spanish version shall prevail.

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Fundament	os de electrotecnia			
Subject	Fundamentos de			
	electrotecnia			
Code	V12G380V01303	·		
Study	Grao en Enxeñaría		·	·
programme	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2	1c
Teaching	Castelán		·	,
language				
Department	Enxeñaría eléctrica			
Coordinator	Albo López, María Elena			
Lecturers	Albo López, María Elena			
	Parajo Calvo, Bernardo José			
	Sueiro Domínguez, José Antonio			
E-mail	ealbo@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General	Os obxectivos que se perseguen con esta materia	son:		
description	- Adquisición dos coñecementos referidos a símbo	los, magnitudes, pri	ncipios, elemen	tos básicos e leis da
	electricidade.			
	 Coñecemento de técnicas e métodos de análises 	de circuítos con exo	citación continu	a e en réxime
	*estacionario *senoidal			
	 Descrición de sistemas *trifásicos. 			
	- Coñecemento dos principios de funcionamento e	características das	distintas máqui	nas eléctricas.

Competencias Code

B3 CG3 Coñecemento en materias básicas e tecnolóxicas que os capacite para a aprendizaxe de novos métodos e teorías, e os dote de versatilidade para adaptarse a novas situacións.

- C10 CE10 Coñecemento e utilización dos principios de teoría de circuítos e máquinas eléctricas.
- D1 CT1 Análise e síntese.

D2 CT2 Resolución de problemas.

D6 CT6 Aplicación da informática no ámbito de estudo.

D10 CT10 Aprendizaxe e traballo autónomos.

D14 CT14 Creatividade.

D16 CT16 Razoamento crítico.

D17 CT17 Traballo en equipo.

Resultados de aprendizaxe				
Expected results from this subject		Training and Learning Results		
Comprender os aspectos básicos do funcionamento dos circuítos e as máquinas eléctricas.	B3	C10		
Coñecer o proceso experimental utilizado cando se traballa con circuítos eléctricos e máquinas eléctricas			D1 D2	
Coñecer as técnicas actuais dispoñibles para a análise de circuítos eléctricos		C10	D6	
Coñecer as técnicas de medida de circuítos eléctricos	-		D6 D10	
Adquirir habilidades sobre o proceso de análise de circuítos eléctricos			D1 D2 D10 D14 D16 D17	
			D17	

Contidos	
Торіс	
INTRODUCIÓN.	Carga, corrente, potencial eléctrico, enerxía e potencia eléctrica, lei de Ohm, lei de Joule, leis de Kirchoff. Elementos Ideais. Asociación serie, paralelo de elementos ideais
ELEMENTOS REAIS.	Elementos Pasivos Reais (Resistencia, Bobina, Condensador)
FONTES E TEOREMAS FUNDAMENTAIS.	Modelos de Fontes Reais. Conversión de Fontes Reais. Teoremas Fundamentais: Linealidade, Substitución, Superposición, Thévenin e Norton.
MÉTODOS SISTEMÁTICOS DE ANÁLISES.	Nós e mallas

REGIMEN ESTACIONARIO SENOIDAL	Formas de onda e parámetros asociados, fasores,
	impedancias/admitancias. Asociación de impedancias/admitancias.
	Comportamento dos elementos no R.E.S
POTENCIA E ENERXÍA EN R.E.S	Potencias: complexa, activa, reactiva, aparente. Teorema de Boucherot. Factor de Potencia. Compensación de Potencia Reactiva
SISTEMAS TRIFÁSICOS EQUILIBRADOS	Valores de liña e fase. Redución ao monofásico equivalente. Potencia. Medida de Potencia Activa e Reactiva
TRANSFORMADORES MONOFÁSICOS E TRIFÁSICOS.	Constitución, circuíto equivalente, índice horario.
MÁQUINAS ASÍNCRONAS	Constitución. Xeración do campo xiratorio. Circuíto Equivalente. Curvas Características. Manobras
MAQUINAS DE ALTERNA MONOFÁSICAS	Constitución. Principio de funcionamento. Aplicacións.
MAQUINAS SÍNCRONAS.	Constitución. Funcionamento en baleiro e en carga. Sincronización.
PRÁCTICAS	 INTRODUCIÓN E SEGURIDADE 1. Descrición do laboratorio. Seguridade eléctrica: Contacto Directo/Indirecto. Introdución ao RD 614/2001 sobre disposicións mínimas para a protección da saúde e seguridade da traballadores fronte ao risco eléctrico. EPI/Aparamenta/Instalacións/Protocolos de Seguridade fronte a Risco Eléctrico. Estudo de Casos. 2. Equipos de medida (polímetro, pinza amperimétrica, vatímetro dixital, osciloscopio dixital, analizador de rede) e de xeración (fonte DC, fonte AC, fonte trifásica) utilizados no laboratorio. Métodos para realizar as medidas de tensión, intensidade, potencia con efectividade e seguridade.
	 BLOQUE TEORÍA DE CIRCUÍTOS 3. Asociacións de elementos. Equivalencia estrela-triángulo. 4. Elementos Reais: resistencia, bobina núcleo aire, bobina núcleo ferro, condensador, transformador. 5. Circuíto RLC serie e paralelo. Media de tensións, intensidades, potencias. Determinación de Impedancia/Admitancia Equivalente. 6. Compensación de Reactiva en Circuítos RL serie e paralelo. 7. Sistema trifásico equilibrado. Concepto de valores de liña e fase. Medida de Potencias en cargas trifásicas.
	BLOQUE MÁQUINAS ELÉCTRICAS 8. Ensaios na máquina asíncrona trifásica. Determinación do circuíto equivalente 9. Máquinas de corrente continua. Constitución e principio de funcionamento. Aplicacións
MÁQUINAS DE CORRENTE CONTINUA.	Constitución. Circuítos Equivalentes. Curvas características

Planificación			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lección maxistral	22	44	66
Resolución de problemas	10	10	20
Prácticas de laboratorio	20	10	30
Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma	0	20	20
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	4	0	4
Informe de prácticas, prácticum e prácticas exter	nas 0	10	10
*The information in the planning table is for guida	ance only and does no	ot take into account the het	erogeneity of the students.

Metodoloxía docente	
	Description
Lección maxistral	O profesor exporá nas clases de aula os contidos da materia.
Resolución de problemas	Exporanse e resolverán problemas e exercicios tipo nas clases de aula como guía para o alumnado
Prácticas de laboratorio	Realizaranse no laboratorio montaxes prácticas correspondentes aos contidos vistos na aula, ou ben se tratarán aspectos complementarios non tratados nas clases teóricas.
Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma	É moi aconsellable que o alumno trate de resolver pola súa conta exercicios e cuestións da materia propostos polo profesorado.

Atención personalizada	
Methodologies	Description

Resolución de problemas

Prácticas de laboratorio

O profesor atenderá persoalmente as dúbidas e consultas dos alumnos.

Ava	liac	ión

	Description	Qualification	Trainin Learr Resu	ning
Lección maxistral	Avaliarase o nivel de seguimento por parte do alumnado dos contidos da materia. A este efecto desenvolveranse durante o curso polo menos dúas probas curtas a realizar descontando o tempo do dedicado ás clases de aula. Cada proba constará dun conxunto de pequenos exercicios para os cales cada alumno/a proporá unha resposta, si é correcta (e o exercicio está resolto/xustificado) conta como un acerto e si é errónea ou se deixa en branco non puntúa, cada proba valórase entre 0 e 10 puntos. A avaliación das probas curtas é a media aritmética das puntuacións obtidas, está comprendida entre 0 e 10. A primeira desas probas comprende até Métodos Sistemáticos de Análises e a segunda inclúe R.E.S. en sistemas monofásicos e trifásicos. En caso de realizarse algunha outra proba, o profesor/a determinará os contidos a avaliar.		B3 C10	D2 D10 D16
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	O exame constará de dous problemas, un deles da parte de Teoría de Circuítos e outro da parte de Máquinas Eléctricas. Cada sección avaliarase entre 0 e 10 puntos esixíndose un mínimo de 3 puntos en cada unha delas para poder aprobar a materia.	60	B3 C10	D1 D2 D6 D10 D14 D16
Informe de prácticas, prácticum e prácticas externas	Valorarase a realización das prácticas e a resolución dun cuestionario referido á montaxe, resultados obtidos e interpretación dos mesmos. A non asistencia á práctica leva asociada a cualificación de cero puntos na práctica, independentemente que o estudante entregue o correspondente cuestionario/informe.	10	B3 C10	D1 D2 D6 D10 D14 D16 D17

Other comments on the Evaluation

A nota numérica final obtense pola media ponderada dos elementos anteriores:

Nota = 0,3 * Probas curtas + 0,1 * Prácticas + 0,6 * Exame

Se pola aplicación da media ponderada anterior a nota final é superior a 4,5 puntos, pero non se cumpre a condición de alcanzar un mínimo de 3 puntos en cada parte do exame final, a nota máxima será de 4,5 puntos. .

AVALIACIÓN CONTINUA:

Tanto a realización das probas, como a asistencia ás prácticas e entrega dos cuestionarios dos mesmos, son actividades de avaliación continua, avaliando a primeira con ata 3 puntos ea segunda con ata 1 punto na nota final.

Na facultade desta materia considérase xustificado que o alumno poida realizar un exame final con opcións para aspirar ao grao máis alto posible, para que os estudantes que desexen mellorar a cualificación correspondente á avaliación continua poidan facer un exame adicional despois do exame. xeral, que incluirá cuestións relacionadas cos contidos tanto da docencia de clase como de laboratorio, e que pode ser ata o 40% da cualificación final coa mesma distribución que se outorga na avaliación continua, nese exame adicional pode recuperar unha das partes ou ambas. En caso de realizalo, a cualificación que se terá en conta para valorar as actividades de avaliación continua será a do exame adicional.

O alumno que desexe renunciar ás actividades correspondentes á avaliación continua ten un prazo para facelo fixado pola dirección da escola, nese caso a nota máxima que se pode esperar co exame final é de 6,0 puntos sobre 10, con todo, pode aumentar a súa cualificación realizando o exame adicional mencionado no parágrafo anterior.

Para a segunda oportunidade de xuño a xullo mantense a cualificación na avaliación continua obtida na primeira oportunidade, sen prexuízo de que, como na primeira oportunidade de decembro a xaneiro, pódese superar coa realización do exame adicional que é propoñer a tal efecto. En caso de realizalo, a cualificación que se terá en conta para valorar as actividades de avaliación continua será a do exame adicional.

Cada nova matrícula na materia implica unha redución a cero das cualificacións nas actividades de avaliación continua obtidas nos cursos anteriores.

AVALIACIÓN DA CONVOCATORIA FIN DE CARRERA, o exame consistirá en dous partes:

Exame de Problemas (80% da nota final)

Exame Test (20% da nota Final).

As características do "Exame de Problemas" e do "Exame Test" son as mesmas que as especificadas para as Convocatorias 1ª e 2ª, sen que poida gardarse ningunha nota de exames de convocatorias anteriores.

Compromiso ético:

Estudante deberá presentar un comportamento ético axeitado. En caso de detectar un comportamento non ético (copia, plaxio, uso de dispositivos electrónicos non autorizados, por exemplo) considerarase que o alumno non cumpre os requisitos necesarios para aprobar a materia. Dependendo do tipo de comportamento non ético detectado, poderíase concluír que o alumno non alcanzou as competencias B2, B3 e CT19.

Bibliografía. Fontes de información
Basic Bibliography
Suárez Creo, J. Albo López E, Apuntes F.Electrotecnia,
Súarez Creo, J., Albo López, E, Ejercicios Resueltos de F. Electrotecnia,
Complementary Bibliography
Jesús Fraile Mora, Circuitos Eléctricos, 2015,
Gómez Expósito, Martínez Ramos y otros, FUNDAMENTOS DE TEORÍA DE CIRCUITOS , 2007,
Suarez Creo J. y Miranda Blanco B.N., MÁQUINAS ELÉCTRICAS. FUNCIONAMIENTO EN RÉGIMEN PERMANENTE, 2006,
Jesús Fraile Mora, Máquinas eléctricas , 2015,
Jesús Fraile Mora, Problemas de máquinas eléctricas , 2015,

Recomendacións

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Tecnoloxía eléctrica/V12G340V01804 Compoñentes eléctricos en vehículos/V12G340V01902 Oficina técnica/V12G340V01307

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Física: Física I/V12G340V01102 Física: Física II/V12G340V01202 Matemáticas: Álxebra e estatística/V12G340V01103 Matemáticas: Cálculo I/V12G340V01104

Other comments

É moi recomendable que os alumnos teñan coñecementos suficientes da álxebra dos números complexos e coñecementos básicos de teoría de circuítos:

En concreto, esta materia parte e apóiase dos contidos estudados en Física II, realizando un mero repaso no primeiro tema
 Introdución
 daqueles aspectos relacionados directamente coa Teoría Circuítos, primeiro bloque didáctico de Fundamentos de Electrotecnia. É por tanto recomendable, para o correcto seguimento da materia, ter aprobada Física II.
 Por outra banda, todo o cálculo en R.E.S., que abarca o 80% do curso, realízase aplicando operacións de números complexos (suma, resta, multiplicación, división, conxugado].), por tanto é fundamental dominar a álxebra de números complexos (Matemáticas I) para poder seguir adecuadamente esta materia.

Por todo iso, é conveniente superar as materias dos cursos inferiores ao curso en que está situado esta materia, especialmente Matemáticas I e Física II, antes de matricularse de Fundamentos de Electrotecnia.

IDENTIFYIN						
	als of manufacturing systems and technol	ologies				
Subject	Fundamentals of					
	manufacturing					
	systems and technologies					
Codo	V12G380V01305	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Code Study						
2	Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica					
programme Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester		
Descriptors	6	Mandatory	2nd	Quadmester 1st		
Teaching	Spanish	Manualory	2110	151		
language	Spanish					
Department						
Coordinator	Diéguez Quintas, José Luís					
Lecturers	Areal Alonso, Juan José					
Lecturers	Ares Gómez, José Enrique					
	Diéguez Quintas, José Luís					
	Fenollera Bolíbar, María Inmaculada					
	Peláez Lourido, Gustavo Carlos					
	Pérez García, José Antonio					
	Prado Cerqueira, María Teresa					
E-mail	jdieguez@uvigo.es					
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.es					
General	The educational aims of Foundations of Syste	ems and Technologies of M	lanufacture, in l	his fundamental and		
description	descriptive appearances, centre in the study					
	related with the processes of manufacture of					
	as well as the evaluation of his dimensional p					
	quality. All this including from the phases of					
	tools, toolings, teams, machines tool and neo		alisation, in acco	ordance with the norms		
	and specifications established, and applying	criteria of optimisation.				
	To reach the aims mentioned will give the following thematic educational:					
	Foundations of dimensional maturals on Mar			ha of		
	- Foundations of dimensional metrology. Mea					
	 Study, analysis and evaluation of the diment tolerances. Systems of adjust and tolerances 		i tolerances. Op	limisation of the		
	 Processes of conformed of materials by mea 		orations schon	ne teams and tooling		
	- Processes of conformed by means of plastic					
	 Processes of conformed by *moldeo, operat 			and cooming		
	- Processes of conformed no conventional, or					
	- Conformed of polymers, and other no metal			and tooling		
	- Processes of union and assembling, operation			J		
	- Foundations of the programming of scheme			Ifacture.		
	·					
Skills						
Code						
	owledge in basic and technological subjects the		learn new meth	nods and theories, and		
	them the versatility to adapt to new situation					
	asic knowledge of production systems and ma	nutacturing.				
	blems resolution.					
	cision making.					
	ply knowledge.					
	elf learning and work.					
	/orking as a team.					
D20_CT20 A	bility to communicate with people not expert i	n the field.				
Learning o	Itcomes					
	sults from this subject	Train	ing and Learnin	a Results		
(*)		C15		D2		
		015		D2 D9		
				D9 D10		
				D20		

Β3

C15

New

D2 D10

New		C15	D2 D8 D17
New	B3	C15	D2
			D8 D9
			D17 D20

Contents	
Торіс	
DIDACTIC UNIT 1. INTRODUCTION To THE TECHNOLOGIES And SYSTEMS OF MANUFACTURE. DIDACTIC UNIT 2. *METROTECNIA.	 Lesson 1. INTRODUCTION To THE ENGINEERING OF *FABRICACION. The productive cycle. Classification of industries. Technologies of manufacture. Lesson 2. PRINCIPLES OF DIMENSIONAL METROLOGY. Introduction. Definitions and concepts. The International System of Units. Physical magnitudes that covers the Dimensional Metrology. Elements that take part in the measurement. Classifications of the methods of measure. Patterns. The chain of *trazabilidad. *Calibración. Uncertainty. Chain of *calibración and transmission of the uncertainty. Relation between tolerance and uncertainty. Expression of the uncertainty of measure in
	 *calibración. Lesson 3. INSTRUMENTS And METHODS OF MEASURE. Introduction. Patterns. Instruments of verification. Patterns *interferométricos. Principles of *interferometría. Instruments of direct measure. Methods and instruments of indirect measure. Lesson 4. MEASUREMENT BY COORDINATES. MEASUREMENT BY IMAGE. SUPERFICIAL QUALITY. Machines of measurement by coordinates. Concept. Principles of the MMC.
	Classification of the machines. Main components of the MMC. Process to be followed for the development of a measure. Systems of measurement by image. Superficial quality. Methods of measure of the *rugosidad. Parameters of *rugosidad.

DIDACTIC UNIT 3. PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY START OF MATERIAL

Lesson 5. INTRODUCTION TO THE CONFORMED BY START OF MATERIAL. Introduction. Movements in the process of start of material. Factors to take into account in the election of the tool. Geometry of tool. Materials of tool. Mechanism of training of the shaving. Types of shavings. Power and strengths of court. Wear of tool. Criteria of wear of tool. Determination of the life of the tool. Flowed of court. Lesson 6. TURNING: OPERATIONS, SCHEME And TOOLING. Introduction. Main operations in lathe. The machine-tool: the lathe. Main parts of the lathe. Setting or subjection of pieces. Typical tools of the lathe. Special lathes. Lesson 7. MILLED: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING. Introduction. Description and classification of the operations of milled. Parts and main types of *fresadoras. Types of strawberries. Setting of the tool. Subjection of pieces. Different configurations of *fresadoras. *Fresadoras Special. Lesson 8. MECHANISED OF HOLES And WITH RECTILINEAR MAIN MOVEMENT: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING. Introduction to the operations of mechanised of holes. Punches. *Mandrinadoras. General characteristics of the processes of mechanised with rectilinear main movement. *Limadora. *Mortajadora. *Cepilladora. *Brochadora, Saws. Lesson 9. CONFORMED WITH ABRASIVE: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING. Introduction to the operations of mechanised of holes. You grind abrasive. Operation of rectified. Types of *rectificadoras. *Honeado. *Lapeado. Polishing. Burnished. *Superacabado Lesson 10. PROCESSES OF MECHANISED NO CONVENTIONAL. Introduction. The mechanised by electroerosion or *electro-download. Mechanised electrochemical. Mechanised by laser. Mechanised by *chorro of water. Court by arch of plasma. Mechanised by ultrasounds. Milled chemist. Lesson 11. NUMERICAL CONTROL OF MACHINES TOOL. **DIDACTIC UNIT 4.** Introduction. Advantages of the application of the *CN in the machines AUTOMATION And MANAGEMENT OF THE PROCESSES OF MANUFACTURE. tool. Necessary information for the creation of a program of *CN. Manual programming of *MHCN. Types of language of *CN. Structure of a program in code ISO. Characters employed. Preparatory functions (G). Auxiliary functions (M). Interpretation of the main functions. Examples. Automatic programming in numerical control.

DIDACTIC UNIT 5. PROCESSES OF CONFORMED OF MATERIALS IN LIQUID STATE And GRANULATE.	Lesson 12. GENERAL APPEARANCES OF THE CONFORMED BY FOUNDRY OF METALS. Introduction. Stages in the conformed by foundry. Nomenclature of the main parts of the mould. Materials employed in the conformed by foundry. Flow of the fluid in the system of feeding. Solidification of the metals. Contraction of the metals. The *rechupe. Procedure of calculation of the system distribution of *colada. Considerations on design and defects in pieces melted.
	Lesson 13. PROCESSES OF MANUFACTURE BY FOUNDRY. Classification of the processes of foundry. *Moldeo In sand. *Moldeo In shell. *Moldeo In plaster. *Moldeo In ceramics. *Moldeo To the CO2. *Moldeo To the stray wax Foundry in full mould. *Moldeo *Mercast. *Moldeo In permanent mould. Foundry injected. Foundry *centrifugada. Ovens employed in foundry.
	Lesson 14. METALLURGY OF DUSTS (*PULVIMETALURGIA). Introduction. Manufacture of the metallic dusts. Characteristics and properties of the metallic dusts. Dosage and mix of metallic dusts. *Compactación. *Sinterizado. Ovens of sintering. *Sinterizado By download *disruptiva. *Presinterizado. Back operations. Considerations of design. Products *obtenibles by sintering.
	Lesson 15. CONFORMED OF PLASTICS. Introduction. Polymeric material classification. Physical properties of polymers. Classification of the processes. *Moldeo By extrusion. *Moldeo By injection. *Moldeo By compression. *Moldeo By transfer. *Moldeo Rotational. *Termoconformado.
DIDACTIC UNIT 6. PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY UNION.	Lesson 16. PROCESSES OF WELDING. Introduction to the processes of welding. Welding with electrical arch. Welding by resistance. Welding with oxygen and gas fuel .Welding with temperature of fusion of metal of lower contribution that the one of the metals to join.
	Lesson 17. PROCESSES OF UNION And SETTING WITHOUT WELDING. Processes of union by means of adhesive. Resistance to the adhesion. Conditions for the hit. Design of unions Types of adhesive according to origin and composition. Processes of mechanical union. Removable mechanical unions and permanent.
DIDACTIC UNIT 7. PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY PLASTIC DEFORMATION OF METALS.	Lesson 18. GENERAL APPEARANCES OF THE CONFORMED BY PLASTIC DEFORMATION. Introduction. Curves of effort-deformation. Expressions of the deformation. Proof of the volume. Approximate models of the curve encourage real- natural deformation. State of flat deformation. Primary and secondary processes. Processes of work in hot and in cold. Conditions and control of the process.
	Lesson 19. PROCESSES OF *LAMINACIÓN And FORGES. *Laminación: Foundations; temperature of *laminación; teams for the *laminación in hot; characteristics, quality and tolerances of the products *laminados in hot; *laminación in cold. It forges: free; in matrix of impression; in press; by *recalcado; header in cold; by *laminación; in cold.
	Lesson 20. EXTRUSION, *EMBUTICIÓN And AFFINE. Extrusion. Pulled of bars and tubes. *Trefilado. Reduction of section. *Embutición. *Repujado In lathe. Attainable pieces by *repujado: considerations of design. Forming by pulled. Forming with pads of rubber and with liquid to pressure. Forming to big power.
	Lesson 21. CONFORMED OF METALLIC SHEET. *Curvado Or bent of sheets. *Curvado With rollers. Conformed with rollers. *Enderezado. *Engatillado. Operations of cut of sheet.

Practice 1.- Utilisation of the conventional devices of metrology. Measurement of pieces using foot of normal king and of depths and micrometer of outsides and inner. Employment of clock comparator. *Comprobación Of flat surfaces. Use of calibrate raisin/does not happen, rules, squares and *calas pattern. Measurement and *comprobación of threads. Realisation of metric measurements and in English units. Practice 2.-Indirect measurements.

*Comprobación Of a cone using rollers and a foot of king, measurement of a tail of *milano using rollers, measurement of the angles of a double tail of *milano and measurements using a rule of breasts. Direct measurements with goniometer.

Practice 3.- Machine of measurement by coordinates.

Establish a system of coordinates. Check measures in piece, using a machine to measure by coordinates. Verify tolerances forms and position. Practice 4.- Manufacture with machines conventional tools.

Manufacture of a piece employing the lathe, the *fresadora and the *taladro conventional, defining the basic operations and realising them on the machine.

Practice 5.- Selection of conditions of computer-aided court. Realisation of leaves of process of three pieces using program of planning of Practical computer-aided

processes 6, 7 and 8.- Initiation to the numerical control applied to the lathe and to the *fresadora.

Realisation of a program in *CNC using a simulator, with the main orders and simpler; realising at the end diverse pieces so much in the lathe as in the *fresadora of the classroom workshop. Practice 9.- Welding.

Knowledge of different teams of electrical welding. *Soldeo Of different materials employed the technicians of electrode *revestido, *TIG and *MIG.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the	Total hours
		classroom	
Lecturing	32.5	0	32.5
Laboratory practical	18	0	18
Objective questions exam	0	2	2
Laboratory practice	0	50	50

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	The theoretical classes will realise combining the explanations of blackboard with the employment of videos and presentations of computer. The purpose of these is to complement the content of aim them, interpreting the concepts in these exposed by means of the sample of examples and the realisation of exercises.
Laboratory practical	The practical classes of laboratory will realise in 9 sessions of 2 hours, except the students of the course bridge that will realise the practices in the 6 sessions that contemplates his particular schedule, in groups of 20 maximum students, and employing the available resources of instruments and machines, combining with the simulations by computer.

Personalized assistance	
Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	
Laboratory practical	
Tests	Description
Objective questions exam	
Laboratory practice	
Assessment	

Description

Qualification Training and Learning Results

Objective questions exam	Type A test (for all students -75% final grade-) The character of this test is written and face-to-face, it is compulsory for all students, with or without continuous evaluation. It will be composed of 25 multiple choice questions on the theoretical and practical content. The evaluation of the multiple choice test will be carried out on a scale of 7.5 points, which represents 75% of the total mark, being necessary to obtain at least 2.5 points, so that together with the practical tests it is possible to obtain the minus 5 points and pass the subject. The grade for this test will be obtained by adding 0.3 points for each question answered correctly and 0.1 points will be deducted if the question is answered incorrectly. Blank questions do not score.	75	B3 C15 D8 D9 D10
Laboratory practice	Type B test (continuous assessment -15% final grade-): A test to be carried out in the practical class schedule consisting of carrying out a numerical control program that mechanizes the piece that is presented to you. Type C test (continuous assessment -10% final grade-): A written test or work to be proposed by the teacher throughout the semester. This test will be valued with a maximum of 1 point, 10% of the final grade. The notes of tests A, B and C will be added, in order to obtain at least 5 points and pass the subject.	25	C15 D2 D8 D9 D10 D17 D20
	Type D test (waiver of continuous assessment, 25% final grade): Resolution of various practical problems, whose value will be 25% of the final grade, that is, a maximum of 2.5 points. It is necessary to obtain a minimum of 1 point in this test so that the qualification can be added to that of the type A test and to be able to obtain at least 5 points to pass the subject. This type D test will be carried out exclusively by students who have been granted the waiver of continuous assessment, and it will be carried out on the same day that the compulsory type A test is carried out, after it has finished.		_

Other comments on the Evaluation

PASSED

Qualified students through continuous evaluation:

To pass this subject it is necessary to obtain at least 5 points by adding the score of the tests types 'A', 'B' and 'C', in the conditions previously exposed.

Qualified Students Granted Waiver of Continuous Assessment:

To pass this subject it is necessary to obtain at least 5 points by adding the score of the 'A' and 'D' tests, under the conditions set forth in their respective sections.

ATTENDANCE TO THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL CLASSES

Attendance at theoretical and practical classes is not mandatory, but what is taught in them will always be subject to examination.

PERFORMANCE OF CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TESTS

Carrying out these type 'B' and 'C' tests is not mandatory, but if they are not carried out, up to 2.5 points will be lost, which is the total value of these tests.

If these tests are carried out and the subject is not approved, its value is not saved from one course to another.

EXTRAORDINARY CALL (Minutes of 2nd edition / July)

Qualified students through continuous evaluation:

This second call will be graded as follows:

- By completing the mandatory type 'A' test.

- The qualifications of the type 'B' test are kept in this 2nd opportunity, but it will be possible, if desired, to improve this qualification, by carrying out a new machine tool programming test, which will be a test type, at the end of the type 'A' test.

- The score achieved in the type 'C' test will be maintained, but this mark can be improved if desired by means of a new written test or work, which will be similar, to be delivered on the date that is published, before the day of the call of this second edition.

To pass this subject it is necessary to obtain at least 5 points by adding the three previous tests and meeting the same minimum requirements as in the 1st edition.

The marks of the continuous evaluation tests, corresponding to 25% of the final grade, will not be kept from one course to another.

Qualified Students Granted Waiver of Continuous Assessment:

Students who do not carry out continuous assessment, because the center has accepted their resignation, must always take the type 'A' test and the type 'D' test, in the terms specified in the previous sections.

To pass this subject it is necessary to obtain at least 5 points by adding the two previous tests.

EXTRAORDINARY END-OF-CAREER CALL:

This test will be the same for all students and will consist of a type 'A' test and a type 'D' test, in the terms specified in the previous sections.

To pass this subject it is necessary to obtain at least 5 points by adding the two previous tests, fulfilling the same minimum requirements as in the ordinary calls.

ETHICAL COMMITMENT:

The student is expected to present an appropriate ethical behavior, free from fraud. In case of detecting unethical behavior (copying, plagiarism, use of unauthorized electronic devices...) it will be considered that the student does not meet the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In this case, the overall grade in the current academic year will be a fail (0.0).

Sources of information Basic Bibliography Complementary Bibliography Dieguez, J.L.; Pereira, A.; Ares, J.E.; 'Fundamentos de fabricación mecánica, Alting, L., Procesos para ingenieria de manufactura, De Garmo; Black; Kohser, Materiales y procesos de fabricación, Kalpakjian, Serope, Manufactura, ingeniería y tecnología, Lasheras, J.M., Tecnología mecánica y metrotecnia,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Materials science and technology/V12G350V01305

Other comments

Requirements: To enrol of this matter is necessary to have surpassed or be enrolled of all the matters of the inferior courses to the course to the that is *emplazada this matter.

In case of discrepancies, will prevail the version in Spanish of this guide.

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Mechanism	and machine theory			
Subject	Mechanism and			
-	machine theory			
Code	V12G380V01306			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
	English			
Department				
Coordinator	Fernández Vilán, Ángel Manuel			
	Segade Robleda, Abraham			
Lecturers	Fernández Álvarez, José Manuel			
	Fernández Vilán, Ángel Manuel			
	González Baldonedo, Jacobo			
	Segade Robleda, Abraham			
E-mail	asegade@uvigo.es			
	avilan@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General	This subject is intended to provide the students with b			
description	well as his applications in the field of Mechanical engin			
	most important concepts related with Mechanism and			
	kinematic and dynamic analysis methods for mechanic			
	and also through effective use of simulation software.			
	some aspects about machinery design; a topic that wi	ll be cover thoro	ughly in future s	subjects of the Degree.

Ski	lls
Cod	le
B3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and

- provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations. CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate B4 and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty.
- C13 CE13 Knowledge of the principles of the theory of machines and mechanisms.

D2 CT2 Problems resolution.

CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study. D6

- D9 CT9 Apply knowledge. D10 CT10 Self learning and work. D16 CT16 Critical thinking.

Learning outcomes				
Expected results from this subject		Training and Learning Results		
To know the fundamentals of Mechanism and Machines Theory, and the application of these concepts concerning to the field of Mechanical engineering to solve problems related with this subject in the Industrial Engineering field.	B3 B4	C13	D2 D6 D9 D10 D16	
To know, comprehend, apply, and practice the concepts related to Mechanism and Machines Theory.	B3 B4	C13	D2 D6 D9 D10 D16	
To know and apply kinematic and dynamic analyses techniques to mechanical systems.	B3 B4	C13	D2 D6 D9 D10 D16	
Efficiently know and utilize software for analysis of mechanisms.	B3 B4	C13	D2 D6 D9 D10 D16	

Contents	
Торіс	
Introduction to mechanism and machine theory	Introduction Definition of Machine, Mechanism and Kinematic Chain Link/part and linkage/joint Classification Kinematic Diagram, modeling, and symbology (nomenclature) Mobility Degrees of freedom Synthesis of mechanisms
Geometrical analysis of mechanisms.	Introduction Calculation methods of placement Loop closure equations
Kinematic analysis of mechanisms	Fundamentals Graphical methods Analytical methods Matrix methods
Static analysis of mechanisms	Fundamentals Force reduction (Graphical Methods) Work/Power Virtual Methods
Dynamic analysis of mechanisms	Fundamentals Machine general dynamics Machine Work and Power Balanced Dynamics of rotors
Cam mechanisms	Fundamentals Flat cams Cam synthesis
Power transmission mechanisms	Fundamentals Gears Mechanism Other mechanisms

Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
23	19.5	42.5
9.5	30	39.5
18	47	65
3	0	3
	23 9.5	classroom 23 19.5 9.5 30

Description	
Master class where the theoretical concepts are explain	
Problem solving using the theoretical concepts presented in the Master Lesson	
Practical tasks developed at the teaching laboratory or computer lab.	
	Master class where the theoretical concepts are explain Problem solving using the theoretical concepts presented in the Master Lesson

Personalized assistance				
Methodologies	Description			
Lecturing	Group or individual tutorials will be held during office hours to strengthen the acquired knowledge and to guide and assess the proposed works/papers .			
Problem solving	Group or individual tutorials will be held during office hours to strengthen the acquired knowledge and to guide and assess the proposed works/papers.			
Laboratory practical	Group or individual tutorials will be held during office hours to strengthen the acquired knowledge and to guide and assess the proposed works/papers.			

	Description	Qualification		raining arning I) and Results
Laboratory practical	Attendance and participation as well as practices reports, papers, and tests will be rated. However, to be evaluated, students must attend a minimum of 7 practice sessions; otherwise, students won to be evaluated and will get 0 points. Learning outcomes: all will be graded	20	B3 B4	C13	D2 D6 D9 D10 D16

exam and laboratory sessions. B4 D9 Learning outcomes: all will be graded. D10 D16		5	80		C13	D10
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Other comments on the Evaluation

Students must achieve a 5 or higher grade* to pass the subject, following these rules:

- Laboratory Practical.
 - Students are required to attend and utilized the laboratory/Computer room. Practices reports, papers, and tests for each practice session as well as proposed works/papers from tutorials will be evaluated and graded with a maximum of 2 points of the final grade. This grade will be kept for the second term in the student[]s evaluation records (July). To be evaluated, students must attend a minimum of 7 practice sessions; otherwise, students won[]t be evaluated and will get 0 points.
 - For those students who have been officially granted the right to waive their continued evaluation, there will be a mandatory final test where they will be able to get a maximum grade of 2 points. However, an advanced request must be made to the professor to prepare the necessary materials for this test.
- Essay questions exam. It will have a maximum grade of 8 points.

* Grades are calculated using a system of numerical qualification from 0 to 10 points conforming to the Spanish current legislation (RD 1125/2003, 5 September; BOE 18 September).

Ethical commitment: An adequate ethical behaviour of the student is expected at all times. In case an unethical behaviour is detected (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, and others); the student will be considered unfit to meet the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In this case, the overall qualification in the current academic year will be a Fail grade (0.0).

The use of any electronic devices during tests is completely forbidden unless is specified and authorized. The fact of introducing unauthorized electronic devices in the examination room will be considered reason enough to fail the subject in the current academic year and the overall qualification will be a Fail grade (0.0).

Tests Schedule: This information can be found along with any updates at the center (university) webpage.

Sources of informa	
Basic Bibliography	
Munir Khamashta, P	roblemas resueltos de cinemática de mecanismos planos, UPC,
Munir Khamashta, Pi	roblemas resueltos de dinámica de mecanismos planos, UPC,
Calero Pérez, R. y Ca	rta González, J.A., Fundamentos de mecanismos y máquinas para ingenieros, McGraw-Hill,
Complementary Bi	bliography
García Prada, J.C. Ca	stejón, C., Rubio, H., Problemas resueltos de Teoría de Máquinas y mecanismos, THOMSON,
Cardona, S. y Clos D.	., Teoría de Máquinas. , UPC,
Shigley, J.E.; Uicker J	.J. Jr., Theory of Machines and Mechanisms, McGraw-Hill,
Hernández A, Cinem	nática de mecanismos: Análisis y diseño, SÍNTESIS,
Lamadrid Martínez, A	A.; Corral Sáiz, A., Cinemática y Dinámica de Máquinas, E.T.S.I.I.T,
Mabie, Reinholtz, Me	chanisms and dynamics of machinery, Limusa-wyley,
Nieto, j., Síntesis de	e Mecanismos, AC,
Erdman, A.G.; Sando	r, G.N.,, Mechanism Design: Analysis and Synthesis, PRENTICE HALL,
Simon A.; Bataller A;	Guerra .J.; Ortiz, A.; Cabrera, J.A., Fundamentos de teoría de Máquinas, BELLISCO,
Kozhevnikov SN, Me	canismos , Gustavo Gili,
Recommendations	
Subjects that cont	inue the syllabus
Machine design I/V12	2G380V01304
Automobiles and rail	ways/V12G380V01941
	nachines and oleo-pneumatic systems/V12G380V01914
Machine design II/V1	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Computer-aided mechanical design/V12G380V01915

Transport engineering/V12G380V01945

Thermal engines and machines/V12G380V01913

Systems for data analysis, simulation and validation/V12G380V01933

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Graphic expression: Graphic expression/V12G380V01101 Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102 Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103 Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104 Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Other comments

Requirements: to enrol in this subject, it is mandatory to have passed or at least, to be enrolled of all first year subjects. In case of discrepancies, the Spanish version of this guide prevails.

Environmer	ntal technology			
Subject	Environmental			
-	technology			
Code	V12G380V01401			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	#EnglishFriendly			·
language	Spanish			
	Galician			
	English			
Department				
Coordinator	Álvarez da Costa, Estrella			
Lecturers	Álvarez da Costa, Estrella			
	Cameselle Fernández, Claudio			
	Moldes Menduíña, Ana Belén			
	Moure Varela, Andrés			
	Yañez Diaz, Maria Remedios			
E-mail	ealvarez@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal			
General	Subject that belongs to the Block of Commo	on Subjects of the Industria	Technologies.	It is part of the curri

GeneralSubject that belongs to the Block of Common Subjects of the Industrial Technologies. It is part of the curriculadescriptionof all Degrees of Industrial Engineering.

This subject provides an approach to Environmental Engineering, which is necessary to develop any engineering project. In it we work areas of Chemistry and Process Engineering, in order to study the pollutants behaviour and their effect on the environment and organisms, to design physical-chemical processes to mitigate pollution, as well as to evaluate the environmental impact of the industrial wastes.

The subject's objective is to know, understand, and know how to apply the techniques used, on an industrial scale, in fields such as solid wastes treatment and management, wastewater treatment, soil remediation, treatment of polluting gas industrial emissions, and pollution prevention.

Subject of the "English Friendly" program.

International students may request the teachers M^a Remedios Yañez Diaz (M2 group) and Claudio Cameselle Fernández (M5 group):

a) Materials and bibliographic references for the follow-up of the subject in English.

- b) Attend tutorials in English.
- c) Tests and evaluations in English.

Code	
B7	CG7 Ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of the technical solutions.
C16	CE16 Basic knowledge and application of environmental technologies and sustainability.
D1	CT1 Analysis and synthesis
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D3	CT3 Oral and written proficiency.
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.
D12	CT12 Research skills.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.
D19	CT19 Sustainability and environmental commitment. Equitable, responsible and efficient use of resources.

Expected results from this subject	Training and Le	
	Res	ults
Basic knowledge and application of environmental technologies and sustainability	C16	D2
		D3
		D10
		D19

Problem solving	C16	D2 D3 D10 D19
Oral and writing communication	C16	D2
		D3 D10
Knowledge application to practical and real cases	C16	D10 D2
		D3
		D10
		D19
Analysis and synthesis	C16	D1
		D2
		D3
		D9
		D10
		D12
		D17
		D19
Ability to analyze and determine the social and environmental impact of the technical solutions to B7		D1
environmental problems		D3
		D9
		D10
		D17
		D19

Contents	
Торіс	
Lesson 1: Introduction to the environmental	1. Material cycle economy.
technology.	2. Introduction to the best available techniques (BAT).
Lesson 2: Management of waste and effluents.	1. Generation of waste. Types and classification of wastes.
-	2. Codification of wastes.
	3. Urban waste management.
	4. Industrial waste management. Industrial waste treatment facilities.
	5. Regulations
Lesson 3: Treatment of urban and industrial	1. Valorization.
wastes.	2. Physico-chemical treatment.
	3. Biological treatment.
	4. Thermal treatment.
	5. Landfilling.
	6. Soil remediation technologies.
Lesson 4: Treatment of industrial and municipal	 Characteristics of municipal and industrial wastewaters.
wastewaters.	2. Wastewater treatment plant.
	3. Sludge treatment.
	4. Water treatment and reuse
	5. Regulations
Lesson 5: Atmospheric pollution.	 Types and origin of atmospheric pollutants.
	Dispersion of pollutants in the atmosphere.
	3. Effects of the atmospheric pollution.
	Treatment of polluting gas emissions.
	5. Regulations
Lesson 6: Sustainability and environmental	1. Sustainable development
impact assessment	2. Life cycle analysis and economy.
	3. Ecological footprint and carbon footprint.
	4. Introduction to the environmental impact assessment
Practice 2: Preparation of immobilized activated	
charcoal for use as an adsorbent.	
Practice 1: Codification of wastes	
Practice 3: Contaminants removal by adsorption	
with immobilized activated charcoal.	
Practice 4: Coagulation-flocculation:	
Establishment of optimal working conditions.	
Practice 5: Simulation of certain stages of an EDAR.	
Practice 6: Life Cycle Analysis of a product.	
Planning	

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	26	52	78
Problem solving	11	22	33
Laboratory practical	12	12	24
Objective questions exam	1	0	1
Problem and/or exercise solving	2	0	2
Report of practices, practicum and externa	al practices 0	6	6
Case studies	0	6	6
*The information in the planning table is for	or guidance only and does no	ot take into account the het	erogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

	Description
Lecturing	Teaching in the classroom of the key concepts and procedures for learning the syllabus contents
Problem solving	Solving exercises with the teacher's help and independently
Laboratory practical	Application of the knowledge acquired to the resolution of problems of environmental technology,
	using equipment and facilities available in the laboratory/computer room.

Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description		
Laboratory practical	In tutorials, students can consult with their teacher any questions about laboratory practices or the report of practices to be done. The tutoring schedule of the teaching staff will be public and accessible to the students.		
Lecturing	In tutorials, students can consult with their teacher any questions arising in the lectures and related to the contents seen in them The schedule of tutorials of teachers will be public and accessible to students.		
Problem solving	In tutorials, students can consult their teacher any questions about the resolution of problems raised in the classroom. The tutoring schedule of the teaching staff will be public and accessible to the students.		

Assessment	Description	Qualificati	T ! !	
	Description	Qualification	Learni Result	ng ts
Objective questions exam	"FINAL EXAM" consisting of theoretical questions related to the syllabus of the subject. CG7, CE16 and CT19 competences will be assessed in this exam, based on student responses to the questions. CT1, CT3 and CT10 competences are also evaluated, since the exam is	30		D1 D3 D10 D19
	written and requires students' analysis and synthesis skills.			
Problem and/or exercise solving	"FINAL EXAM" consisting of problems related to the syllabus of the subject. CT2, CT9 and CT19 competences will be assessed in this exam, based on the resolution of various exercises of environmental technology, which require the use of applied knowledge related to the contents of the subject.	30		D1 D2 D3 D9 D10 D19
	CT1, CT3 and CT10 competences are also evaluated, since the exam is written and requires students' analysis and synthesis skills.			
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	Detailed report for each practices that includes the results and their discussion. The competences: CG7, CE16, CT1, CT3, CT9 and CT10, are assessed based	10		D3 D9 D10
	on the quality of the written report elaborated by each student on his/her own. The following points will be evaluated in the report: text style and correctness, structure and presentation, analysis and discussion of the results, and conclusions.			D12 D17
	Competences CT12 and CT17 will be assessed based on the laboratory work. Lab practices will be carried out in pairs, and it is expected the student develop research skills in the field of environmental technology. The written report must be done in pairs.			

Case studies All exercises, seminars, practical cases and theoretical / practical tests that 30 B7 C16 D2 are made and delivered to the teacher throughout the course, related to the D3 D10 concepts and contents of the syllabus. D12 Throughout a four-month time several tests are performed. Competences CG7 and CE16 will be assessed considering the students□ answers to the theoretical questions. Competences CT2, CT10 and CT12 will be assessed considering the students answers to the exercises. Competenci CT3 will be assessed base on the two parts of the exam: theory and exercises; considering the precision and clarity of the answers.

Other comments on the Evaluation

Evaluation:

A student who choose continuous assessment, to pass the course, must achieve a **MINIMUN SCORE** of **4.0 points** (out of10) *in each of the parts of the "FINAL EXAM*", ie, theory (Objective questions exam) and problems (Problem and/orexercise solving). If a student reaches the minimum grade in both parts of the "FINAL EXAM", to pass the subject must obtain a **FINAL GRADE** of \geq **5.0**, that is, when the sum of grades of the "Practice report", "Case study" and the "FINAL EXAM" (Exam of objective questions + Problem solving and/or exercises) is \geq 5.0.

Students who "officially renounces continuous assessment", will make a "FINAL EXAM" (Objective questions exam + Problemand/or exercise solving) that will be worth 90% of the final grade, and a "EXAM OF PRACTICES" that will be worth 10% of the final grade. In any case, to pass the course, the student must achieve 50% of the maximum score in each of the constituentparts of the subject, ie, theory, problems and practices.

Second call:

In the second call the same criteria apply.

In relation to the July exam, grades of the "Case studies" and "Practices report" are maintained, and students only have to repeat the "FINAL EXAM", ie, "Objective questions exam" + "Problem and/or exercise solving".

If, at the 1st call, a student suspended one of the parts of the "FINAL EXAM" (theory or problems) and approves the other party with a grade \geq 6, on the July exam, you only need to repeat the suspended part.

Ethical commitment:

The student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. If you detect "unethical behavior" (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.) shall be deemed that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject. In this case the final grade, in the current academic year, will FAIL (0.0 points).

The use of electronic devices during the assessment tests will be allowed. The fact of introducing into the examination room an unauthorized electronic device, will be reason not pass the course in the current academic year, and the final grade will FAIL (0.0 points)

Sources of information
Basic Bibliography
Mihelcic, J.R. and Zimmerman, J. B., Environmental Engineering: Fundamentals, sustainability, design, Wiley, 2014
Davis, M.L. and Masten S.J., Principles of Environmental Engineering and Science, McGraw-Hill, 2014
Metcalf & amp; Eddy, Ingeniería de aguas residuales : tratamiento, vertido y reutilización, McGraw-Hill, 1998
Acosta, J.A. et al., Introducción a la contaminación de suelos, Mundi-prensa, 2017
Complementary Bibliography
Tchobanoglous, G., Gestión integral de residuos sólidos, McGraw-Hill, 1996
Nemerow, N. L., Tratamiento de vertidos industriales y peligrosos, Diaz de Santos, 1998
Baird, C y Cann M., Química Ambiental , Reverté, 2014
Kiely, G., Ingeniería Ambiental: fundamentos, entornos, tecnología y sistemas de gestión, McGraw-Hill, 2001
Castells et al., Reciclaje de residuos industriales: residuos sólidos urbanos y fangos de depuradora, Díaz de
Santos, 2009
Albergaria, J.M. and Nouws H.P.A., Soil remediation, Taylor and Francis, 2016
Sharma, H. D., and Reddy, K. R., Geoenvironmental engineering: site remediation, waste containment, and
emerging waste management technologies, John Wiley & Sons, 2004

Wark and Warner, Contaminación del aire: origen y control, Limusa, 1996

Jonker, G. y Harmsen, J., Ingeniería para la sostenibilidad, Reverté, 2014

Azapagic, A. and Perdan S., Sustainable development in practice: Case studies for engineers and scientists, Wiley, 2011

Reddy, K.R., Cameselle, C. and Adams, J.A., Sustainable Engineering: Drivers, Metrics, Tools, and Applications, Wiley, 2019

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics 1/V12G360V01102 Physics: Physics 2/V12G360V01202 Chemistry: Chemistry/V12G380V01205

Other comments

Recommendations:

To enroll in this subject is necessary to have passed or be enrolled in all subjects of previous courses to the course that is located this subject.

IDENTIFYIN Desistance				
	of materials			
Subject	Resistance of			
	materials			
Code	V12G380V01402			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Caamaño Martínez, José Carlos			
	Riveiro Rodríguez, Belén			
Lecturers	Caamaño Martínez, José Carlos			
	Cabaleiro Núñez, Manuel			
	Caride Tesouro, Luís Miguel			
	Conde Carnero, Borja			
	Fuentes Fernández, Eugenio Ignacio			
	Pereira Conde, Manuel			
	Riveiro Rodríguez, Belén			
E-mail	jccaam@uvigo.es			
	belenriveiro@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General	Introduction to linear elastic materials, and an	alysis of internal loading	s, stress and st	rain relationships. Stu
description	of the fundamentals of mechanics of materials			

Skills

Code

CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and B3 provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.

CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty. B4

C14 CE14 Knowledge and use of the principles of strength of materials.

D1CT1 Analysis and synthesisD2CT2 Problems resolution.

D9 CT9 Apply knowledge.

D10 CT10 Self learning and work.

D16 CT16 Critical thinking.

D17 CT17 Working as a team.

Learning outcomes			
Expected results from this subject	Tr	aining an	d Learning
		Res	ults
To know the differences between rigid solid and elastic solid.	B3	C14	D1
To know the stress and deformation states in a deformable solid and the relationship between	B4		D2
them.			D9
Apply the acquired knowledge to the determination of the maximum values of stress at a point of	а		D10
deformable solid.			D16
T know the basic principles governing the Mechanics of Materials.			D17
To know the relationships between the different stress resultants and the stresses.			
To apply the knowledge acquired to the determination of stress resultant diagrams.			
To apply the acquired knowledge about stresses applied to bar elements.			
To know the basics about deformations of bar elements.			
To apply the knowledge acquired to the dimensioning of bar elements.			

Contents	
Торіс	
1. Introduction	1.1 Introduction
	1.2 Review of statics fundamentals and applied concepts for further
	progress in solid mechanics and stress analysis

2. Basic principles of elasticity and mechanics of 2.0 Stress and strain. Linear elastic materials 2.1. Normal stress in an axially loaded prisma

materials.	2.1. Normal stress in an axially loaded prismatic bar.
	2.2. Equilibrium of a deformable body.
	2.3. Stress-Strain diagram of ductile materials. Hooke s Law.
	2.4. Stress resultants. Diagrams.
3. Axial loads	3.1. Normal forces.
	3.2. Elastic deformation of an axially loaded member.
	3.3. Statically governed problems.
	3.4. Statically indeterminate problems.
	3.5. Thermal stress and assembly misfits.
4. Bending	4.1 Beams: definition and types. Loads on beams.
	4.2 Internal shear forces and bending moments.
	4.3 External load, shear force and bending moment relationships.
	4.4 Shear and moment diagrams
	4.5 Pure bending and non-uniform bending. Hypothesis and limitations.
	4.6. Normal stresses in unsymmetric bending.
	4.7 Symmetric bending. The flexure formula (Navier s Law).
	4.8 Section modulus of a beam. Ideal beam cross-section.
	4.9 Deflection of beams and shafts. Slope and deflection. Mohr
	Theorems.
	4.10 Hyperstatic bending.
5. Other forces: shear, buckling and torsion	5.1. Shear in joints. Definition. Shear force. Shear stress. Bolted and
	riveted joints. Shear joints.
	5.2. Introduction to the concept of compressive buckling.
	5.3. Intoduction to the concept of torsion in straight prisms.

Planning	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	32.5	49	81.5
Laboratory practical	9	23	32
Project based learning	9	24.5	33.5
Essay questions exam	3	0	3
*The information in the planning table i	s for guidance only and does no	ot take into account the het	erogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Lecture where theoretical principles are presented using digital media, videos and blackboard.
Laboratory practical	Activities of application of the knowledge to concrete situations and of acquisition of basic skills and
	procedural skills related with the subject of study.
Project based learning	Resolution of problems related to real case studies.

Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description		
Laboratory practical	The students can ask the lecturers for the clarification of those concepts presented in the lecturers and practicals, as well as to clarify / discuss any doubts that may appear after the end of the sessions. The tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (Remote Campus, Faitic, etc.) under the modality of prior agreement.		

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification	Training Learn Resu	ing
Laboratory practical	A) it will evaluate the attendance and active participation in all the practicals of the semester, as well as the correct delivery (time and form) of all the documentation requested (reports, exercises, etc.). Practical sessions will be held in a fixed date, so it is not possible to attend the practical in a later date. Whether the student does not attend to a practical, he/she must demonstrate that the absence was due to unavoidable reasons (e.g. medical reasons). Practicals will marked with the value indicated, only when the student reaches the minimum mark in the written exam, which is 45%. (See following section: 'Other comments'		B3 C14 B4	D1 D2 D9 D10 D16 D17

Project based learning	 C) Written tests to evaluate the individual work delivered by the student. It will be compulsory the attendance to the 90% of the practicals to obtain the marks given in section C. The marks obtained in the sections A will proportionally affect to the marks of the section C. The section C will be marked with a maximum value of 12,5% of the total mark, only when the student reach the minimum mark in the written exam, which is 45%. (See following section: 'Other comments') 	12.5	B3 C14 D1 B4 D2 D9 D10 D16
Essay questions exam	Written exam in the dates established by the School.	85	B3 C14 D1 B4 D2 D9 D10 D16

Other comments on the Evaluation

Students resigning continuum assessment (after School aproval) will be evaluated only through the written exam which will be graded with 100% of final mark.

Continuum assessment is composed of sections A and C. The maximum mark for continuum assessment (NEC) is 15%, which will be computed from the following equation: NEC (%) = $0.25 \cdot (A) + 1.25 \cdot (C) \cdot (A)$; where A and C are granted 0-1.

Ethical commitment: it is expected an adequate ethical behavior of the student. In case of detecting unethical behaviour (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.) shall be deemed that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject.

In this case, the overall rating in the current academic year will be Fail (0.0).

The use of any electronic device for the assessment tests is not allowed unless explicitly authorized. The fact of introducing unauthorized electronic device in the examination room will be considered reason for not passing the subject in the current academic year and will hold overall rating (0.0).

Basic Bibliography	
Hibbeler, R., Mechan	ics of Materials,
Manuel Vázquez, Resi	istencia de materiales,
Complementary Bib	liography
Ortiz Berrocal, L., Res	istencia de materiales, Ed. McGraw-Hill,
González Taboada, J.A	., Tensiones y deformaciones en materiales elásticos, Ed. Autor,
González Taboada, J.A	., Fundamentos y problemas de tensiones y deformaciones en materiales elásticos, Ed.
Autor,	

Recommendations

Other comments

Requirements: To register for this module the student must have passed or be registered for all the modules of the previous year.

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Fundament	als of automation			
Subject	Fundamentals of			
	automation			
Code	V12G380V01403			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	English			
Department				
Coordinator	Espada Seoane, Angel Manuel			
	López Fernández, Joaquín			
Lecturers	Espada Seoane, Angel Manuel			
	Fernández Silva, María			
	López Fernández, Joaquín			
	Moares Crespo, José María			
E-mail	joaquin@uvigo.es			
	aespada@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General	In this matter present the basic concepts of	f the systems of industrial a	utomation and	of the methods of
description	control, considering like central elements o	f the same the programmal	ble programmal	ole logic controller and
	the industrial controller, respectively.			

Skills

Code

B3 CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.

C12 CE12 Know the fundamentals of automation and control methods.

D2 CT2 Problems resolution.

D3 CT3 Oral and written proficiency.

D6 CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study.

D9 CT9 Apply knowledge.

D16 CT16 Critical thinking.

D17 CT17 Working as a team.

D20 CT20 Ability to communicate with people not expert in the field.

Learning outcomes

Expected results from this subject			Training and Learning Results		
Purchase a global and realistic vision of the current scope of industrial automation systems.	B3	C12	D17 D20		
Know which are the constitutive elements of an industrial automation system, its sizing and as they work.	B3	C12	D2 D6 D20		
Knowledge applied on the programmable logic controllers, its programming and its application to industrial automation systems.	B3	C12	D2 D6 D9 D16 D17		
General knowledge on the continuous control of dynamic systems, of the main tools of simulation of continuous systems and of the main devices of process control with greater interest to industria level.		C12	D3 D6 D17 D20		
General concepts of the technicians of industrial controllers tuning.	B3	C12	D2 D9 D16		

Topic

	 1.1 Introducción to automation of tasks. 1.2 Types of control. 1.3 The programmable logic controller. 1.4 Diagrama of blocks. Elements of the PLC. 1.5 Cycle of aparation of the PLC.
	1.5 Cycle of operation of the PLC. Time of cycle.1.6 Ways of operation.
2. Languages and programming technics of	2.1 Binary, octal, hexadecimal, BCD systems. Real numbers.
	2.2 Access and adressing to periphery.
	2.3 Instructions, variables and operating.
	2.4 Forms of representation of a program.
	2.5 Types of modules of program.
	2.6 linear Programming and estructurada.
	2.7 Variables binarias. Entrances, exits and memory.
	2.8 Binary combinations.
	2.9 Operations of allocation.
	2.10 Timers and counters.
	2.11 Operations aritméticas.
3. Tools for sequential systems modelling.	3.1 Basic principles. Modelling technics.3.2 Modelling by means of Petri Networks.
	3.2.1 Definition of stages and transitions. Rules of evolution.
	3.2.2 Conditional election between several alternatives.
	3.2.3 Simultaneous sequences. Concurrence. Resource shared.
	3.3 Implementation of Petri Networks.
	3.3.1 Direct implementation.
	3.3.2 Normalised implementation (Grafcet).
	3.4 Examples.
	4.1 Systems of regulation in open loop and closed loop.
	4.2 Control typical loop. Nomenclature and definitions.
	5.1 Physical systems and mathematical models.
continuous dynamic systems.	5.2.1 Mechanical systems.
	5.2.2 Electrical systems. 5.2.3 Others.
	5.3 Modelling in state space.5.4 Modelling in transfer function. Laplace transform. Properties.
	Examples.
	5.5 Blocks diagrams.
6. Analysis of continous dynamical systems.	6.1 Stability.
	6.2 Transient response.
	6.2.1 First order systems. Differential equation and transfer function.
	Examples.
	6.2.2 Second order systems. Differential equation and transfer function.
	Examples.
	6.2.3 Effect of the addition of poles and zeros.
	6.3 Systems reduction.
	6.3 Systems reduction.6.4 Steady-state response.
	6.3 Systems reduction.6.4 Steady-state response.6.4.1 Steady-state errors.
	6.3 Systems reduction.6.4 Steady-state response.6.4.1 Steady-state errors.6.4.2 Input signals and system type.
	6.3 Systems reduction.6.4 Steady-state response.6.4.1 Steady-state errors.
7. PID controller. Parameters tunning of industrial controllers.	 6.3 Systems reduction. 6.4 Steady-state response. 6.4.1 Steady-state errors. 6.4.2 Input signals and system type. 6.4.3 Error constants. 7.1 Basic control actions. Proportional effects, integral and derivative. 7.2 PID controller.
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 7. PID controller. Parameters tunning of industrial controllers. P1. Introduction to STEP7. P2. Programming in STEP7. P3. Implementation of PN in STEP7. P4. PN Modelling and implementation in STEP7. P5. GRAFCET modelling and implementation with S7-Graph. 	 6.3 Systems reduction. 6.4 Steady-state response. 6.4.1 Steady-state errors. 6.4.2 Input signals and system type. 6.4.3 Error constants. 7.1 Basic control actions. Proportional effects, integral and derivative. 7.2 PID controller. 7.3 Empirical methods of tuning of industrial controllers. 7.3.1 Open loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others. 7.3 Closed loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others. 7.4 Controllers design state space. Pole assigment. Introduction to the program STEP7, that allows to create and modify programs for the Siemens PLC S7-300 and S7-400. Modelling of simple automation system and implementation in STEP7 using binary operations. Petri Networks modelling of simple automation system and introduction to the implementation of the same in STEP7. Petri Networks modelling of complex automation system and implementation of the same in STEP7. Petri Networks normalised modelling and implementation with S7-Graph.
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Modelling and simulation of control systems with SIMULINK.

P9. Empirical tuning of an industrial controller.

Parameters tuning of a PID controller by the methods studied and implementation of the control calculated in an industrial controller.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the	Total hours
		classroom	
Laboratory practical	18	30	48
Problem solving	0	15	15
Lecturing	32.5	32.5	65
Essay questions exam	3	19	22
*The information in the planning table	is for guidance only and does n	ot take into account the hete	erogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Laboratory practical	Different activities aimed to apply the concepts learned during the lectures.
Problem solving	The professor is going to solve in class some problems and exercises. The students need to solve similar exercises on their own to obtain the capabilities needed.
Lecturing	Include the professor lectures about the contents of the subject.

Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums,) under the modality of prior agreement.
Laboratory practical	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums,) under the modality of prior agreement.
Problem solving	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums,) under the modality of prior agreement.
Tests	Description
Essay questions exam	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums,) under the modality of prior agreement.

	Description	Qualification	TI	raining	g and
			Lea	rning l	Results
Laboratory practical	It will evaluate each practice of laboratory between 0 and 10 points, in function of the fulfillment of the aims fixed in the billed of the same and of the previous preparation and the attitude of the students. Each practical will be able to have distinct weight in the total note.	20	B3	C12	D3 D6 D9 D16 D17 D20
Essay questions exam	Final examination of the contents of the matter, that will be able to include problems and exercises, with a punctuation between 0 and 10 points.	80	В3	C12	D2 D3 D16

Other comments on the Evaluation

- Continous Assessment of student work practices along established laboratory sessions will be held in the semester, with the assistance to them mandatory. In the case of not overcome, a review of practices, conditioned to having passed the script test, will take place in the second call, on a date after the script test, in one or more sessions and including the contents not passed in ordinary practice sessions.

- The assessment of the practices for students who officially renounces Continuous Assessment will be carried out in a review of practices, conditioned to having passed the script test, in the two calls, on a date after the script test, in one or more sessions and including the same contents of the ordinary practice sessions..

- It may demand previous requirements to the realisation of each practice in the laboratory, so that they limit the maximum qualification to obtain.

- It must pass both tests (script and practices) to pass the matter, give the total score at the rate indicated above. In case of no longer than two or one test, scaling may be applied to partial notes that the total does not exceed 4.5.

- In the final exam may establish a minimum score on a set of issues to overcome.

- In the second call of the the same course, students should examine the tests (script and/or practices) not passed in the first one, with the same criteria of that.

- According to the Rule of Continuous Assessment, the subject students to Continuous Assessment that present to some activity evaluable collected in the Teaching Guide of the matter, will be considered like "presented".

- Ethical commitment: student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. If you detect unethical behavior (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, and another ones), it follows that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

E.MANDADO, J.MARCOS, C. FERNANDEZ, J.I.ARMESTO, Autómatas Programables y Sistemas de Automatización, 1ª, Marcombo, 2009

MANUEL SILVA, Las Redes de Petri en la Automática y la Informática, 1ª, AC, 1985

R. C. DORF, R. H. BISHOP, Sistemas de Control Moderno, 10ª, Prentice Hall, 2005

Complementary Bibliography

PORRAS A., MONTANERO A., **Autómatas programables : fundamento, manejo, instalación y prácticas**, McGraw-Hill, 2003

ROMERA J.P., LORITE J.A., MONTORO S., Automatización : problemas resueltos con autómatas programables, 4ª, Paraninfo, 2002

BARRIENTOS, ANTONIO, Control de sistemas continuos: Problemas resueltos, 1ª, McGraw-Hill, 1997

OGATA, KATSUIKO, Ingeniería de Control Moderna, 5ª, Pearson, 2010

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Product design and communication, and automation of plant elements/V12G380V01931

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Electronic technology/V12G380V01404

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer science: Computing for engineering/V12G380V01203 Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204 Fundamentals of electrical engineering/V12G380V01303

Other comments

- Requirements: To enrol in this subject is necessary to had surpassed or well be enrolled of all the subjects of the inferior courses to the course in the that is summoned this subject.

IDENTIFYIN				
Electronic t	echnology			
Subject	Electronic			
	technology			
Code	V12G380V01404			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
	English			
Department				
Coordinator	Verdugo Mates, Rafael			
Lecturers	Domínguez Gómez, Miguel Ángel			
	Nogueiras Meléndez, Andres Augusto			
	Pérez López, Serafín Alfonso			
	Verdugo Mates, Rafael			
E-mail	rverdugo@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General	The objective of this course is to provide the s			
description	knowledge in electronics' five main areas: ana	log electronics, digital e	lectronics, indu	strial sensors, power
	electronics and communications electronics.			
	In case of any discrepancy between this trans	lation of the guide and th	he Spanish vers	ion, the valid one is t

In case of any discrepancy between this translation of the guide and the Spanish version, the valid one is the Spanish version.

Skil	Skills				
Cod	e				
B3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and				
	provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.				
C11	CE11 Knowledge of the fundamentals of electronics.				
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.				
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.				
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.				
D17	CT17 Working as a team.				

Learning outcomes				
Expected results from this subject	Tra	aining ar	nd Learni	ng Results
Know the operation of the electronic devices.	A2	B1	C11	D2
	A4	B3	C12	D2
		B13	C20	D3
				D4
				D5
				D6
				D9
				D10
				D10 D12
				D12 D15
				D15 D17
Know the electronic systems of conditioning and acquisition of data.	A2	B1	C11	 D2
	A4	B13	C12	D3
			C20	D4
				D5
				D6
				D10
				D10
				D12
				D15
Identify the different types of industrial sensors.				D10
Know the digital electronic systems basic.			C11	D2
				D9
				D17

Know the electronic circuits for the communication of information.

B1	C16	D10
B3		
B3		
B10		

Topic	
Introduction	 Control and supervision of industrial systems by means of electronics Some representative cases
Electronic devices, circuits and systems	 Electronics components and devices Active and passive electronic devices
	- Analog and digital electronic circuits
Diodes and rectification	- Electronic systems - The diode
	- Operation modes and characteristics
	- Diodes types
	- Operation Models
	- Analysis of circuits with diodes
	- Rectifier circuits
	- Filtering for rectifier circuits
	- Thyristors
Transistors	- The Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT.) Operation principles and
	characteristic curves
	- Work zones
	- Quiescent point design
	- The transistor operating as a switch
	- The transistor operating as an amplifier
	- Field Effect Transistors (FET).
Amplification	- Amplification concept
	- Feedback concept
	- The Operational Amplifier (OA)
	- Basic circuits with OA
	- The Instrumentation Amplifier
Digital Electronics I	- Numbering Systems
	- Boolean Algebra
	 Combinatorial logic functions. Analysis, synthesis and reduction
Digital electronics II	- Flip-flops
	- Sequential logic circuits
	- Programmable Systems
	- Microprocessors
	- Memories
Electronic Sensors	- Sensors
	 Types of sensors as function of the measuring magnitude
	 Some sensors of special interest in industry applications
	- Electrical model of some common sensors
	- Study of some examples of coupling sensors and CAD system
Analog - Digital Converters	- The Analog and Digital Signals.
-	- The Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)
	- Sampling, quantification and digitization
	- More important ADC characteristics: number of bits, sampling speed,
	conversion range and cost
ndustrial Communications	- Introduction to Industrial Communications
	- Industrial data buses.
Power Electronics	- Circuits for Power Conversion
	- Rectifiers
	- Lineal and Switched Power Sources

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	25	0	25
Problem solving	8	0	8
Previous studies	0	49	49
Autonomous problem solving	0	46	46
Laboratory practical	18	0	18
Objective questions exam	1	0	1
Essay questions exam	3	0	3

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	These sessions will be held in the rooms and dates fixed by the direction of the school. They will consist in an oral explanation by the professor of the most important parts of the course, all related with the materials that the student had to work previously. This is intended to favor the active participation of the students, that will have occasion to rise doubts and questions during the sessions. Active participation is desired during all the sessions.
Problem solving	During these sessions, in the classroom, interleaved with the lectures, the professor will proceed to solve examples and/or exercises that properly illustrate the problems to solve. As long as the number of participants in the classroom allows, active participation will be promoted.
Previous studies	Previous preparation of the theoretical sessions: Prior to the start of the theoretical sessions, the students will have available a series of materials that have to prepare, as the sessions will relay on them.
	Previous preparation of the laboratory sessions: It is mandatory that the students make all the assigned previous tasks prior to access the laboratory. These task are intended to greatly improve the laboratory knowledge acquisition. The achieved report will be taken into account when the laboratory session is to be evaluated.
Autonomous problem solving	Self study and review of the theoretical sessions for knowledge consolidation: The student must study, in a systematic time schedule, after each lecture session, in order to dissipate any doubts. Any doubts or unsolved questions will have to be expose to the professor as soon as possible in order to enhance the feedback of the learning process.
Laboratory practical	Laboratory sessions will be held in the time schedule established by the school's head teacher. Students will work in groups of two students each. The sessions will be supervised by a professor, who will control the assistance and will also evaluate the harnessing of it. During the laboratory sessionsthe students will make activities of the following kinds: - Assembling electronics circuits - Use of electronic instrumentation - Measure of physical variables on circuits - Do calculations related to the circuit and/or the measurements - Collect data and represent it (diagrams, charts, tables) At the end of each laboratory session each group will deliver the corresponding score sheets.

Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practical	Tutoring Sessions: During the established schedule of each professor, students will be able to speak freely about course issues with the professor. Also the will receive orientation and academic support if needed. Email: The students also will be able to request orientation and support by means of emai to the professors of the course. This way of attention is advisable for indications and short doubts of punctual type.

	Description	Qualification	Trainin Learning	-
Laboratory practical	Assessment of the laboratory sessions: The laboratory sessions will be evaluated in a continuous way, on each session. The applied criteria are:	20	C11	D9 D10 D17
	- A minimum attendance of 80% - Punctuality - Previous task preparation of the sessions - Make the most of the session			
	The practical sessions will be held in groups of two students. The documents of the practices will be available prior to the sessions. The students will fill report, that will be delivered when the session ends. This report serves to justify both the attendance and how they have done the work asked for.			
Objective questions exam	These partial tests evaluate part of the theoretical content of the subject. They will consist of individual objective tests related to a set of topics of the subject.	80 e	B3 C11	D2 D9 D10

B3 C11 D2 D9 D10

Other comments on the Evaluation

EVALUATION AND GRADING OF THE SUBJECT

The evaluation of the subject is continuousand consists of the following elements:

Self assessment :

Associated with each topic there are severalself-assessment questionnaires. There are short questionnaires after each section or pill into which each topic is divided, and a larger and more comprehensive questionnaire at the end of each topic. These self-assessment questionnaires have no influence on the grade. The purpose of these questionnaires is to help students assess their level of knowledge about each of the topics. The answers of these questionnaires by the students provide valuable information to the teaching staff about those aspects of the subject in which the students find greater difficulties.

Laboratory sessions:

The evaluation of the laboratory sessions accounts for 20% of the course grade. The laboratory sessions are evaluated one by one, obtaining a grade for each session. The evaluation criteria are: attendance, punctuality, prior preparation and performance. The laboratory session grade (NP) will be obtained by averaging the grades of all the sessions, with the following requisites:

- A minimum attendance of 80% must be recorded, otherwise the laboratory grade will be zero.
- A minimum of 3.3 points in the grade of theory must be reached (NT), otherwise the laboratory grade will be zero.

Theory:

The evaluation of the theory part (NT) accounts for 80% of the course grade. For its evaluation, the subject will be divided into two parts (P1 and P2), each covering approximately 50% of the contents of the subject and three evaluation sessions will be held, distribute das follows:

First session: It will take place approximately in the middle of the semester. This session will exclusively evaluate P1.

Second session: It will be held on the date and time established by the center for the final exam in May. In this session each student will be able to take advantage of one of the following options:

- Incomplete option: Only P2 is examined. Students who have obtained a grade equal to or greater than 3.3 points in P1 may choose this option. If the grade obtained in P2 is equal to or greater than 3.3 points, the resulting grade will be NT = (P1 + P2) / 2. If the grade obtained in P2 is less than 3.3 points, NT will be calculated in the same way, but its maximum value will be limited to 3.6 points.
- Complete option: The student renounces the grade of P1 obtained in the first session and takes a complete exam (EC) of the entire theory. The grade will be NT = EC.

Third session: It will be done on the date and time established by the center for the final exam in July. In this session, the students will take a complete exam (EC). The grade will be NT = EC.

The final grade (NA) will be calculated as follows: NA = 0.2x (NL) + 0.8x (NT)

Other considerations

For the present academic year, the laboratory qualifications of the two previous years will be kept and considered valid.

Those students to whom the management of thecenter grants the waiver of continuous evaluation will be evaluated, on the same day and time of the final exam established by the center (second and / or third session). The evaluation will consist of two tests: An exam in full modality (EC) with a weight of 80% on the final grade. A specific laboratory test, weighing 20% on the final grade. In principle, this specific test will be carried out after the written test in the electronic laboratories of the corresponding center's site.

In the extraordinary call End of Degre estudents will take a theory exam that will have a weight of 80% on the final grade. The remaining 20% will be obtained from the qualification of aspecific laboratory test. To pass the course, in any of the previous cases, it is necessary to achieve a final grade equal or higher than 5 points.

Recommendations:

It is <u>very important</u> that the students keep updated the profile in the FAITIC platform. All communications related with this course will be made through this platform. All individual communications will be made through the email listed in this platform.

The students can solve doubts related with the laboratory previous activities in the personal attention hours (tutoring time), or by any other contact procedure available in FAITIC.

The students must meet the deadlines for all the activities.

All the achieved results must be justified, in any of the exams or activities. None of the achieved results will be taken for good if no explanation is given about the method used to find them. The selected method for solving a problem is considered when grading the solution.

When writing the solutions and answers in reports and tests, avoid spelling mistakes and unreadable symbols.

Exams lacking some of the sheets will not be graded.

Use of cell phones, notes or books is forbidden during exams.

Competencies Acquisition and Its Influence on Assesments

In this subject all the different activities are designed to assess the students in the competencies, and the acquisition of the competencies defines the final mark. Here follows a description of how the competencies and activities are related. CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.

The acquisition of this competency is provided by the contents of the topics of the subject. All activities of self-assessment, the laboratory sessions and the different test are elaborated to evaluate the knowledge of the technical subjects. CE11 Knowledge of the fundamentals of self-assessment.

This competency is warrant to be acquired along all the lectures, the laboratory sessions, the self-assessment activities andt he tests.

CT2 Problems resolution.

The students will exercise this competency by means of the following activities: self-assessment activities, bulletin of problems and previous theoretical solution of experiments to be made at the laboratory. This competency is also acquired along all thetest (for each block and the individual one), as they mainly are composed by problems to be solved. CT9 Apply Knowledge

This competency is mainly acquired during the laboratory sessions, where the theoretical knowledge from problems, designs and simulations should match the assembly of circuits and real measures. Laboratory sessions are evaluated one by one, scoring an average of marks, if there is a minimum number of attended sessions with a minimum score. CT10 Self learning and work

The self learning process is fundamental to achieve the score to approve the subject. In order to motivate students in the task of acquiring the theoretical knowledgeneed, self-assessment test (on line), lectures based on the remote learningplatform (faitic) and bulletins of problems have been created. Theself-assessment test also provide feedback to the professors about the main difficulties found by students. On thelaboratory sessions, the previous preparation is an explicit method of evaluation. In order to made this preparation, each of the laboratory sessions has its specific documentation and tutorials.

CT17 Working as a team

The students exercise this competency at the laboratory sessions, by making teamsof two people. Cooperation in most of the sessions is needed to perform the assembly of circuits, make the measurements and take notes. The professor in charge of the laboratory session verifies the previous work and how each session is going along, watching that both members cooperate to achieve the best possible result. Scores for students can be different if the professor detects that one of the team member is not cooperating.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

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TOCCI, RONALD J., NEAL S. WIDMER , GREGORY L. MOSS, Sistemas digitales. Principios y aplicaciones, 10ª,

Lago Ferreiro, A.; Nogueiras Meléndez, A. A., **Dispositivos y Circuitos Electrónicos Analógicos: Aplicación práctica en Jaboratorio**,

Complementary Bibliography Malik N. R., Electronic Circuits. Analysis, simulation, and design, Wait, J.; Huelsman, L.; Korn, G., INTRODUCCION AL AMPLIFICADOR OPERACIONAL, 4ª, Pleite Guerra, J.; Vergaz Benito, R.; Ruíz de Marcos; J. M., Electrónica analógica para ingenieros.,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously Fundamentals of automation/V12G380V01403

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102 Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202 Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103 Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104 Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204 Fundamentals of electrical engineering/V12G380V01303

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Teaching	Spanish			
anguage Department				
Coordinator	López Veloso, Marcos			
	Gil Pereira, Christian			
Lecturers	Gil Pereira, Christian			
	López Veloso, Marcos			
	Molares Rodríguez, Alejandro			
E-mail	chgil@uvigo.es			
Nab	marcoslpzveloso@uvigo.es			
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systems, awareness of the physical laws that govern fluid motion and development of analytical

skills for simple flow systems, e.g. calculation of pipes, channels and fluid systems			
CT2 Resolution of problems.	B4	C8	D2
	B5		D9
			D10

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	and valves	cients measurements. Losse	s in elbows, benus, lees	
Planning				
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours	
Lecturing	32.5	60.5	93	
Problem solving	14	33	47	
Laboratory practical Mentored work	4 0	0	4 0	
Essay questions exam	3	0	3	
Problem and/or exercise solving	3	0	3	
*The information in the planning table is for gu	-			
			- · ·	
Methodologies				
Description				

Lecturing	The foundations of each subject that are needed to solve practical problems, are explained. It includes mainly lectures but it can also includes: Readings Bibliographic Review Solution of problems Conferences Oral Presentations
Problem solving	Application of the concepts tackled in the lectures. It includes activities such as: Readings Seminars Solution of problems Team working Study of practical cases
Laboratory practical	Fundamentally, they will consist on activities of experimentation, although they also can include: Practical cases Simulation Solution of problems Team working
Mentored work	Optionally, students can join this activity and carry out a mentored project by groups.

Personalized assistance				
Methodologies	Description			
Lecturing	Personalized attention will be given to the students during class (throughout the possible questions that could arise) and during the specific timetable of the teacher for tutorships. Updated information of the tutorships timetables will be given to the students			
Laboratory practical	Personalized attention will be given to the students during class (throughout the possible questions that could arise) and during the specific timetable of the teacher for tutorships. Updated information of the tutorships timetables will be given to the students			
Mentored work	The questions and inquiries of the students will be attended in the professors's office. The tutorships timetables will be published in the teaching platform and/or given to the students in class.			

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results		
Mentored work	The professors will assess the students based on the dedication, the results and the quality of the work. The specific criteria will be published in the definition of the work at the beginning of the course. MarkMW (Mentored Work)	e Up to 5	B4 B5	C8	D2 D9 D10
Essay questions exam	Written exam consisting of: theoretical questions practical questions resolution of exercises/problems short covering of a topic MarkEX (Exam)	Between 75 and 100	B4 B5	C8	D2 D9 D10
Problem and/or exercise solving	 Problem and exercise solving that might include: Weakly delivery Delivery of problems solved during the practical lessons Reports describing the development of the experimental and lab activities. Written tests, online tests, questions, etc. MarkCA (Continuous assessment) 	Up to 20	B4 B5	C8	D2 D9 D10

Other comments on the Evaluation

The final mark will be obtain based on the formula: Mark = MarkCA+MarkMW+MarkEX·[1-(MarkCA+MarkMW)/10]. Where:

Mentored Work (MarkMW): value between 0 and 0.5 points, representing a maximum of 5% of the total mark. The mark of the mentored work will not be kept from the previous year to the students that are repeating the course.

Continuous assessment (MarkCA): value between 0 and 2 points, representing a maximum of 20% of the total mark. The mark of the continuous assessment will not be kept from the previous year to the students that are repeating the course.

Final exam (MarkEX): value between 0 and 10, representing between 75 and 100% the total mark, based on the results of the mentored work and the continuous assessment. The weight of this mark will be calculated using the expression: 1- (MarkCA+MarkMW)/10. Example: if a student gets 1.5 out of 2 points in the continuous assessment and 0.3 out of 0.5 points

in the mentored work, the mark of the final exam will be weighted by the factor 1-(1.5+0.3)/10=0.82, that is, the mark of the final exam will represent 82% of the total mark.

Continuous assessment and mentored work grading is not saved year after year

Summer final exam: the same criteria as in 1st call will be applied;

Ethical Commitment: In case of noticing a non ethical behaviour (copy, plagiarism, utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, and others) it will be considered that the student does not gather the necessary requirements to pass the course. In this case, the global qualification iof the present academic course will be failed (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Frank M White, Mecánica de Fluidos/Fluid Mechanics, VI,

Antonio Crespo, Mecánica de fluidos,

Complementary Bibliography

Philip M. Gerhart, Richard J Gross, , Jonh I. Hochstein, FUNDAMENTOS DE MECANICA DE FLUIDOS, II,

Yunus A. Çengel, John M. Cimbala, Mecánica de fluidos : fundamentos y aplicaciones,

Elena Martín Ortega, Concepción Paz Penín, Prácticas de laboratorio de mecánica de fluidos,

A. Liñán Martínez, M. Rodríguez Fernández, F.J. Higuera Antón, Mecánica de fluidos,

Victor L. Streeter, E. Benjamin Wylie, Keith W. Bedford, Mecánica de fluidos/Fluid Mechanics, IX,

Robert W. Fox, Alan T. McDonald, Introducción a la mecánica de fluidos,

Robert L. Mott, Mecánica de fluidos, VI,

Merle C. Potter, David C. Wiggert ; con Miki Hondzo, Tom I.P. Shih, **Mecánica de fluidos/Mechanics of Fluids**, III, Bijush K. Kundu, Jra M. Cohon, **Fluid Mochanics**, 4th Edition

Pijush K. Kundu , Ira M. Cohen, Fluid Mechanics, 4th Edition,

G. M. Homsy et al., Multi-media Fluid Mechanics,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Thermodynamics and heat transfer/V12G380V01302

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102 Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202 Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103 Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104 Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204