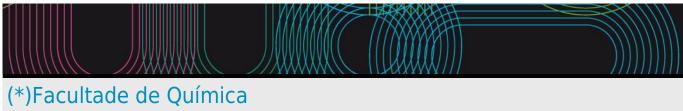
Educational guide 2019 / 2020

Universida_{de}Vigo



Presentation

The studies of Chemistry have a large tradition at the University of Vigo, where it has been taught during more than 30 years. The stablisment of the Universitary System of Galicia in the 90s and the current process of implantation of the European Space of Higher Education (EEES) modified the offer of degrees, but no the pioneering spirit of the chemists in research of in the quest for a better service to the society.



Degrees given in the Faculty

Degree in Chemistry

- Masters And Doctorates:
 - o Industry and Chemical Research and Industrial Chemistry
 - o Theoretical chemistry and Computational Modelling
- Master:
 - o Science and Technology of Conservation of Fishing Products

Web page

Information about the Faculty of Chemistry:

http://quimica.uvigo.es

(*)Grao en Química

Subjects			
Year 2nd			
Code	Name	Quadmester	Total Cr.
V11G200V01301	Physics 3	1st	6
V11G200V01302	Analytical chemistry 1	1st	9
V11G200V01303	Physical chemistry I	1st	6
V11G200V01304	Organic chemistry I	1st	9
V11G200V01401	IT tools and communication in chemistry	2nd	6
V11G200V01402	Numerical methods in chemistry	2nd	6
V11G200V01403	Physical chemistry II	2nd	9

2nd

9

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Physics 3				
Subject	Physics 3			
Code	V11G200V01301			
Study	(*)Grao en			,
programme	Química			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	Spanish			
language				
Department				
Coordinator	Martínez Piñeiro, Manuel			
	Hermida Ramón, José Manuel			
Lecturers	Hermida Ramón, José Manuel			
	Martínez Piñeiro, Manuel			
	Peña Gallego, María de los Ángeles			
E-mail	mmpineiro@uvigo.es			
	jose_hermida@uvigo.es			
Web				
General	The matter intends to be an introduction to Quantum	n Mechanics and S	Statistical mech	anics, oriented to theirs
description	applications in Chemistry.			

Code

- C3 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories in: principles of quantum mechanics and its application in the description of the structure and properties of atoms and molecules
- C14 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: relationship between macroscopic properties and properties of individual atoms and molecules, including macromolecules
- C19 Apply knowledge and understanding to solve basic problems of quantitative and qualitative nature
- C20 Evaluate, interpret and synthesize data and chemical information
- C22 Process and perform computational calculations with chemical information and chemical data
- C23 Present oral and written scientific material and scientific arguments to a specialized audience
- D1 Communicate orally and in writing in at least one of the official languages of the University
- D3 Learn independently
- D4 Search and manage information from different sources
- D5 Use information and communication technologies and manage basic computer tools
- Use mathematics, including error analysis, estimates of orders of magnitude, correct use of units and data representations
- D7 Apply theoretical knowledge in practice
- D8 Teamwork
- D9 Work independently
- D12 Plan and manage time properly
- D13 Make decisions
- D14 Analyze and synthesize information and draw conclusions
- D15 Evaluate critically and constructively the environment and oneself

Learning outcomes				
Expected results from this subject		Training and Learning Results		
To describe in an unified way the electromagnetic field by means of Maxwell's laws. Apply the	C3	D1		
basic boundary conditions in the vacuum or in materials.		D12		
		D14		
To derive the equation of propagation of an electromagnetic wave, and describe its main	C3	D12		
characteristics. Relate this concept with the electromagnetic spectrum.		D14		
To explain the empirical phenomena related with the interaction of radiation with	C3	D12		
matter which cannot be explained by the Classical Theory, and the solutions proposed (wave-		D14		
corpuscle duality, quantization of the radiation).		D15		
To know the postulates of Quantum Mechanics and their consequences in the reformulation of the	C3	D1		
microscopic theory of the Classical Physics.		D12		
		D14		
		D15		
To explain the essentials of the theory of mathematical operators, including the concepts of	C3	D1		
eigenfunction and eigenvalue, spectrum, linearity and hermiticity, complete sets of eigenfunctions	,	D9		
etc.		D12		
		D14		

To write the fundamental operators of Quantum I	Mechanics (position, linear and angular moment,	C3	D1
Hamiltonian of simple systems).		C19	D9
			D12
			D14
To apply the previous concepts to the quantum-	mechanical study of simple systems, like a	C3	D1
particle in a square well potential, or to a harmon		C19	D3
independent Schrödinger equation.	ne osenator potential, by resolving the time	015	D6
macpenaent semounger equation.			D8
			D12
			D13
		_	D14
To calculate the eigenfunctions and eigenvalues	of the angular momentum operator.	C3	D6
		C19	D12
			D14
To resolve the wave equation of the hydrogen ato	om, and calculate its eigenfunctions (orbitals).	C3	D6
, , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	C19	D8
		0_0	D12
			D14
To receive the Schrödinger equation for many ele	estron atoms by means of approximate methods		
To resolve the Schrödinger equation for many-ele	ection atoms by means of approximate methods.		D1
		C19	D5
		C20	D6
			D9
			D12
			D13
			D14
To explain in a simple way the transitions between	en states and the absorption and emission spectra	i.C3	D1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		C19	D6
		C20	D8
		C22	D9
		C23	D12
		C23	
			D14
			D15
To know the laws of Statistical Mechanics, which		nC14	D1
particular the Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics. Deriv	ve the partition function of a system and know in	C20	D4
detail its physical meaning.		C22	D5
		C23	D6
			D7
			D8
			D12
			D13
To apply the Maywell Boltzmann statistics to the	case of the ideal gases of atoms and polyatomic	C1.4	D13
particles to estimate thermodynamic properties,		C19	D4
molecular geometry and the vibrational frequenc	ies.		D5
			D6
			D7
			D8
			D12
			D13
-			
Combonie			
Contents			
Topic			
Electromagnetic field: equations of Maxwell.	Displacement current.		
	Maxwell equations. Energy.		
	Waves equations.		
Quantización Of radiation. Wave-corpuscle dualit			
Take corpused duding	photoelectric Effect		
	X-rays. Bragg condition. Braking radiation.		
	Compton effect		
Dulmalalan of Overstoon Marks of	Wave-corpuscle duality		-l
Principles of Quantum Mechanics	Limitations of Classical Physics and origin of Qua	intum Me	cnanics
	De Broglie Hypothesis		
	Uncertainty Relationship		
	Quantum Mechanics Postulates		
	Virial Theorem		

Virial Theorem

Particle in a box of potential. Harmonic oscillator. Angular moment and rigid rotor.

Introduction.

Quantum-mechanical Study of model systems

Approximate methods	Introduction.
	Method of variations.
	Method of perturbations.
Hydrogen-like Atoms	Introduction.
	Resolution of the radial part of the equation of Schrödinger. Hydrogen-like
	Orbitals.
	Angular and magnetic moments electronic.
	Electronic spin.
	Spin-orbit coupling.
	Hyperfine structure.
	Spectra of Hydrogen-like atoms
Polielectronic atoms	Approximation of independent electrons.
	Antisymmetry Principle.
	Slater orbitals and basic functions.
	SCF-HF Method
	Terms and electronic levels.
	Spectra of polielectronic atoms
Statistical mechanics	Nomenclature and postulates. Canonical ensemble.
	Canonical partition function.
	Systems of non-interacting particles. Molecular partition function.
	Canonical partition function for a pure ideal gas.
	Boltzmann distribution law for non-interacting molecules.
	Statistical thermodynamics for ideal gases.
	Introduction to the study of real systems.

Planning	Clara have	Lianus antalida Na	Takal bassas
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	25	50	75
Problem solving	26	39	65
Introductory activities	1	1	2
Problem and/or exercise solving	4	0	4
Essay questions exam	4	0	4

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Discussion of the fundamental points of each subject and presentation of those which are going to be tackled in the seminars
Problem solving	Resolution of numerical problems, theoretical questions and development of the theoretical points proposed in the masterclasses with the participation of the student.
Introductory activities	Presentation of the subject with a brief desription of: sections, contents, distribution of the sections in the short tests and in the final exam general norms of evaluation, etc.

Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	Discussion of the main points of the subject. Answers to the questions related with the points raised by the students not only in the master session but also in the seminars. The students will know before the beginning of the course the schedules of the tutorial sessions offered by the professors of the subject. In those tutorials the student will be able to review his/her examinations
Problem solving	Answers to the questions related with the points the students may have raised in the classes devoted to problem resolution and in the tutorial sessions. The students will know before the beginning of the course, the schedules of the tutorial sessions offered by the professors of the subject. In those tutorials the student will be able to review his/her examinations

Assessment	
Description	QualificationTraining and
	Learning
	Results

Problem solving	It will consist on the resolution of exercises and tests in the classroom. Nevertheless, the teacher will be able too to ask the student to deliver the solution to previously proposed exercises, that he/she has resolved in an autonomous way. In this case the teacher may ask the student tho explain to him indivdually how he/she has resolved the exercise.	25	C19 C20 C22 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Problem and/or exercise solving	During the course two short written tests will take place. They will correspond, respectively, to the contents of the sections 1 to 3 and 4 to 8 respectively. If any of those written tests is not passed the student must take on the corresponding part of the final exam (December/January). The student must take on the whole subject in the second-opportunity exam (June/July).	37.5	C3 C14 C19 C20	D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14
Essay questions exam	At the end of the course a full written test will take place in which the students can take on those aspects that they did not pass in the short written tets or improve in those they did pass.	37.5	C3 C14 C19 C20	D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14

During the course two short written tests will take place corresponding to sections 1-3, the first one, and to sections 4-8, the second. Both will contain problems and questions and, if they are passed, the student, is not obliged to take on the corresponding part of the subject in the (first-call) final exam (December/January), although he/she can do so in order to improve his/her mark. On a voluntary basis the student may participate in the seminars by solving exercises on the board. Also voluntarily the student may solve at home some proposed exercises and deliver them to the teacher. The final exam will include the whole subject but is divided into two parts corresponding to the two tests so the student can take on any or both of them, even if they have passed the short written test of that part.

The student though, must reachin the written tests a global minimum mark of 3.5/10 in order to accumulate the points obtained by resolving exercises independently or in the classroom.

In the second-opportunity evaluation (July) the student should do a full written test; the points obtained by exercise resolution (troubleshooting section) will be mantained.

On a voluntary basis, the students will be able to participate in the resolution of exercises in the seminars or deliver the answer to the written exercises proposed in the classroom.

It will be understood that any student who has not taken any written test (short or the final exam) has not really followed the subject and will not be given a mark (his/her qualification will be "no presentado").

Recommendations
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Physical chemistry II/V11G200V01403

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Analytical c	hemistry 1			
Subject	Analytical			
	chemistry 1			
Code	V11G200V01302	,		
Study	(*)Grao en Química			
programme				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	9	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	Spanish	,		,
language	Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Pérez Cid, Benita			
Lecturers	Bendicho Hernández, José Carlos			
	Pena Pereira, Francisco Javier			
	Pérez Cid, Benita			
E-mail	benita@uvigo.es			
Web				
General description	The main objective of the course Analytical Chemis and quantitative chemical analysis, in both applied the course will establish the basis for learning other the design and application of more complex analytic experiments and seminars.	and theoretical issured to	ues. The differe pics, particularl	nt subjects addressed in y those associated with

Code

- A5 Students have developed those learning skills that are necessary for them to continue to undertake further study with a high degree of autonomy
- C1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: Major aspects of chemical terminology, nomenclature, units and unit conversions.
- C2 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: types of chemical reactions and its main characteristics
- C4 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: Basics and tools for solving analytical problems and characterization of chemical substances
- C17 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories in: metrology of chemical processes including quality management
- C18 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: principles of electrochemistry
- C19 Apply knowledge and understanding to solve basic problems of quantitative and qualitative nature
- C20 Evaluate, interpret and synthesize data and chemical information
- C21 Recognize and implement good scientific practices for measurement and experimentation
- C22 Process and perform computational calculations with chemical information and chemical data
- C25 Handle chemicals safely, considering their physical and chemical properties, including the evaluation of any specific risks associated with its use
- C26 Perform common laboratory procedures and use instrumentation in synthetic and analytical work
- C27 Monitor, by observation and measurement of physical and chemical properties, events or changes, and document and record them in a consistent and reliable way
- C28 Interpret data derived from laboratory observations and measurements in terms of their significance and relate them to the appropriate theory
- C29 Demonstrate skills for numerical calculations and interpretation of experimental data, with special emphasis on precision and accuracy
- D1 Communicate orally and in writing in at least one of the official languages of the University
- D3 Learn independently
- D4 Search and manage information from different sources
- D5 Use information and communication technologies and manage basic computer tools
- Use mathematics, including error analysis, estimates of orders of magnitude, correct use of units and data representations
- D7 Apply theoretical knowledge in practice
- D8 Teamwork
- D9 Work independently
- D12 Plan and manage time properly
- D13 Make decisions
- D14 Analyze and synthesize information and draw conclusions
- D15 Evaluate critically and constructively the environment and oneself
- D16 Develop an ethical commitment

xpected results from this subject	Training a	nd Learnin
	Res	sults
ecognise the importance of the Analytical Chemistry in function of its aims.	C4	D4
dentify the fundamental stages of the analytical process like methodology for the resolution of A	C19 5 C4	D14 D4
nalytical problems and select the appropriate analytical method.	C19	D4 D14
Describe the basic analytical properties (accuracy, precision, sensitivity and selectivity) and the	C19	D1
ypes of errors that can affect to the experimental results.	C20	D4
		D6
		D14
escribe the fundamentals of sampling and sample preparation for the determination of different	C4	D1
nalytes.	C19	D4
		D14
alibration, use and cleaning of the material used in the analytical laboratory.		D7
	C26	D9
repare solutions of exact concentration (primary pattern) and approximate (secondary and	5 C1	D12 D6
eactive pattern auxiliaries) in function of its purpose and handle properly the concentration units.	C17	D0 D7
active pattern auxiliaries, in function of its purpose and natione property the concentration ariles.	C21	D9
	C25	D12
		D13
xplain and interpret the basic knowledges of the separation and identification of chemical species A	5 C2	D3
solution using a systematic separation approach.	C4	D7
	C19	D9
	C21	D12
	C26	D13
		D14
escribe the principles of the quantitative chemical analysis (volumetric and gravimetric) and its	C2	D1 D14
xperimental limitations.	C4 C19	D14
lentify and evaluate the possible interaction between concurrent reactions: acid-base, complexes, A		D7
recipitation and redox.	C18	D7
recipitation and readx.	C19	D12
	C20	D14
laborate and interpret titration curves of acid-base, complexes, precipitation and redox and know A	5 C2	D5
elect the most suitable indicators.	C18	D7
	C19	D9
	C20	D12
		D14
escribe the foundations of the gravimetric analysis and the factors that influence the purity of	C2 C20	D1 D4
recipitates.	C20	D4 D14
arry out, in the laboratory, the precipitation and the separation by filtration in gravimetric	C2	D14 D7
nalysis.	C17	D8
141,5151	C19	D12
	C21	
	C25	
	C26	
	C28	
se properly the gravimetric and volumetric techniques, including the suitable handling of the		D7
ecessary equipment.	C19	D9
	C21 C26	D12
	C26 C27	D14
andle the systematic calculation in the volumetric (direct, indirect and back titrations) and		D6
ravimetric analysis and learn how to interpret the results obtained.	C20	D6 D7
armound analysis and learn how to interpret the results obtained.	C28	D14
	C29	D15
		D16
	-	
ontents		
ontents opic		
ubject 1: Analytical Chemistry and analytical	Classificat	tion of the
rocess. analytical methods. The analytical process: steps.		
	. , p = = = i uii	chy.

Subject 2: Evaluation of the analytical results.	Analytical properties. Errors in Analytical Chemistry: classification. Basic statistics applied to the expression of the results. Comparison and rejection of the results. Concept of traceability.
Subject 3: Introduction to the qualitative and quantitative Chemical Analysis .	Previous operations to the analysis. Sampling and sample treatment. Decomposition and dissolution. Introduction to the analytical separations. Qualitative analysis: characteristics of the binary answers. Classical quantitative analysis and instrumental. Methodologies of quantification. Calculable and relative methods.
Subject 4: Quantitative analysis: volumetric and gravimetric.	Volumetric reactions. Pattern solutions. Direct, indirect and back titrations. Formation, properties and purity of the precipitates. Calculations in volumetric and gravimetric analysis.
Subject 5: Acid-base titrations	Behaviour of monoprotic, polyprotic and amphoteric species. Titration curves. Detection of the end point: acid-base indicators. Titrant reagents. Analytical applications.
Subject 6: Complexometric titrations	Stability of the complexes. Masking reactions. Titration curves . Detection of the end point: metallochromic indicators. Analytical applications.
Subject 7: Precipitation titrations.	Factors affecting the solubility of precipitates. Titration curves. Detection of the end point: Mohr, Volhard and Fajans methods. Analytical applications.
Subject 8: Redox titrations	Factors influencing the redox potential. Titration curves. Detection of the end point: redox and specific indicators. Analytical applications.
Qualitative analysis (Laboratory)	Separation and identification of chemical species. (3 sessions)
	Resolution of an analytical problem by using a systematic separation procedure. (2 sessions)
Gravimetric analysis (Laboratory)	Gravimetric determination of nickel with dimethylglyoxime. (1 session)
Acid-base titrations (Laboratory)	Determination of the acidity of a vinegar sample. (1 session)
	Determination of acetylsalicycil acid in analgesics. (1 session)
Complexation titrations (Laboratory)	
	Determination of the hardness of a water sample. (1 session)
Precipitation titrations (Laboratory)	Determination of chloride in seawater using the Mohr method. (1 session)
Redox titrations (Laboratory)	Determination of wealth in oxygen in a hydrogen peroxide sample. (1 session)
	Determination of active chlorine in a bleach sample . (1 session)

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
ecturing	26	35	61
Seminars	26	39	65
Laboratory practical	42.5	12	54.5
Essay questions exam	2	9	11
Essay questions exam	3.5	16	19.5
Laboratory practice	2	6	8
Practices report	0	6	6

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	They are theoretical classes (two hours each week) in which the professor will offer a global vision of each one of the subjects of the program, specially in the most relevant issues and in those with more difficulty for the student. Classroom sessions will develop in an interactive way with the students, commenting with them the on-line material (available in the platform Tem@) and the most adapted bibliography for the preparation, in depth, of each subject.
Seminars	Each week will be devoted two hours to seminars, in which will be solved problems and/or exercises aimed at reinforcing the knowledges acquired during the classroom sessions. In some sessions the professor will explain to the students the problems type that allow him carry out the approach and resolution of the same. Instead, in other sessions, will be the own students those that will resolve and will explain in the blackboard the exercises proposed in the bulletins (on-line material). Will be able to request to the students that deliver, of individual form, some of these exercises resolved, that will be corrected by the professor.

Laboratory practical

Students will do experiments in the laboratory, in an individual way, in 3.5 hours per session. The student will have the scripts of the practices in the platform Tem@, so that they can have a previous knowledge of the experiments to perform. During the development of the practices the student will elaborate a notebook in which they will annotate all the relative to the experiment carried out (reactions, procedures, observations, results, etc.). Those students who have approved the laboratory practices in the academic year 2018-19, do not need to repeat them. In this case, marks reached in the laboratory sessions will be maintained.

Personalized assistance				
Methodologies	Description			
Laboratory practical	Time devoted by the teacher to solve all doubts and queries raised by students during the course. The teacher will inform students in advance on the suitable timetable for tutorials.			
Seminars	Time devoted by the teacher to solve all doubts and queries raised by students during the course. The teacher will inform students in advance on the suitable timetable for tutorials.			
Tests	Description			
Laboratory practice	Time devoted by the teacher to solve all doubts and queries raised by students during the course. The teacher will inform students in advance on the suitable timetable for tutorials.			
Essay questions exam	Time devoted by the teacher to solve all doubts and queries raised by students during the course. The teacher will inform students in advance on the suitable timetable for tutorials.			
Practices report	Time devoted by the teacher to solve all doubts and queries raised by students during the course. The teacher will inform students in advance on the suitable timetable for tutorials.			
Essay questions exam	Time devoted by the teacher to solve all doubts and queries raised by students during the course. The teacher will inform students in advance on the suitable timetable for tutorials.			

Assessmen			
	Description	Qualification	on Training and
			Learning Results
Seminars	The teacher will evaluate the exercices/problems included in the worksheets and solved by students.	15	C1 D4 C2 D5 C4 D6 C18 D7 C19 D9 C22 D14
Laboratory practical	The teacher will carry out a follow-up the performance of students in the laboratory sessions (skills acquired). It is important to indicate that it is COMPULSORY the assistance to all the laboratory sessions. The lack of assistance, even being justified, will penalize the mark (in case of justified absences are recommended to made the practice in another group). If the number of absences is upper than 25 % of the laboratory sessions, students will not be allowed to pass the course.		A5 C1 D6 C2 D7 C4 D8 C17 D9 C18 D12 C19 D13 C20 D14 C21 D15 C22 D16 C25 C26 C27 C28 C29
Essay questions exam	Students will carry out a first written exam corresponding to the four first subjects of the program. This exam consits of test questions and numerical exercises. If students pass this exam, they only need to pass the examination corresponding to the rest of subjects in the final exam.	20	C29 A5 C1 D1 C2 D3 C4 D4 C19 D5 C20 D6 C22 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14 D16

Essay questions exam	Students will carry out a second written exam corresponding to the four last subjects of the program. This exam consists of theoretical questions and numerical exercises and it will be made the day of the final exam. Students who have not passed the exam corresponding to the first four subjects, will need to pass the examination of the whole course. In the last case, the exam will represent 50 % of the final mark .	30	A5 C1 D1 C2 D3 C4 D4 C18 D5 C19 D6 C20 D7 C22 D9 D12 D13 D14 D16
Laboratory practice	At the end of the laboratory sessions, students will carry out a exam so that practical skills acquired can be evaluated. It is mandatory to overcome this examination to pass the practical part of the course.	15	A5 C28 D1 C29 D3 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D15 D16
Practices report	During the laboratory sessions, students will elaborate a noteboodk in which reflects the experimental work performed (reactions, procedures, observations, results, etc.). This notebook will be evaluated by the professor.	5	C20 D1 D3 D6 D9 D12 D14 D15 D16

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Ordinary Announcement: To pass the course, it is compulsory to pass individually each one of the parts: theory and laboratory practices. For this, it is necessary to pass the written and laboratory examinations. Written exams will consist of theoretical or test questions and numerical exercises. To pass these exams it will be necessary to have a balance in the marks of both parts. The corresponding mark of the laboratory practices will be only taken into account once students have passed the theoretical examination. The participation of the student in any of the acts of evaluation of the course will involve the condition of presented and, therefore, the allocation of a mark. For this effect, they are considered acts of evaluation the assistance to practical laboratory sessions (three or more) and the realisation of written exams.

Extraordinary Announcement: In the July announcement the students will have to repeat the written exams (theory and/or laboratory) that have not passed in the ordinary announcement. It will be preserved the mark reached by the student, during the course, in the other activities that appear in the evaluation section, with the exception of seminars. The theoretical exam will represent 65 % of the final mark.

Sources of information	
Basic Bibliography	
D.A. Skoog, D.M. West, F.J. Holler, S	S.R. Crouch, Fundamentos de Química Analítica , 9ª Ed., Cengage Learning, 2015
Gary D. Christian, Química Analít	ica, 6ª Ed., McGraw-Hill, 2009
D.C. Harris, Análisis Químico Cua	intitativo, 3ª Ed., Reverté, 2007
F. Burriel, S. Arribas, F. Lucena y J.	Hernández, Química Analítica Cualitativa , 18ª Ed., Thomson, 2002
M. Valcárcel, Principios de Quími	ca Analítica, Springer-Verlag Ibérica, 1999
J. N. Miller y J.C. Miller, Estadística	y Quimiometría para Química Analítica, 4ª Ed., Prentice Hall, 2002
P. Yañez-Sedeño Orive, J.M. Pingarr	ón Carrazón, F.J. Manuel de Villena Rueda, Problemas Resueltos de Química
Analítica, Síntesis, 2003	
J. Guiteras, R. Rubio, G. Fonrodona,	Curso Experimental en Química Analítica, Síntesis, 2003
Complementary Bibliography	
D.A. Skoog, D.M. West , F.J. Holler,	S.R. Crouch, Química Analítica , 7ª Ed., McGraw-Hill, 2001
D. Harvey, Química Analítica Mo	derna, McGraw-Hill, 2002
M. Válcarcel, A.I. López Lorente, M.	A., López Jiménez, Fundamentos de Química Analítica: una aproximación docente
discente, Universidad de Córdoba	
J. A. López Cancio, Problemas Res	sueltos de Química Analítica, Thompson, 2005

$\frac{\text{Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously}}{\text{Physics } 3/\text{V}11\text{G}200\text{V}01301}$

Physics 3/V11G200V01301
Physical chemistry I/V11G200V01303
Organic chemistry I/V11G200V01304

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Physical ch	emistry I			
Subject	Physical chemistry			
-				
Code	V11G200V01303			
Study	(*)Grao en Química			
programme				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Hervés Beloso, Juan Pablo			
Lecturers	Hervés Beloso, Juan Pablo			
	Mandado Alonso, Marcos			
E-mail	jherves@uvigo.es			
Web				
General description	Physical Chemical I is one of the first contacts of a stud discipline studies the properties and the behaviour of the Physics. This matter presents the rigorous macroscopic already entered in Chemistry I. Taking advantage of the Thermodynamics, they will be applied to systems of chem. For this purpose, it is fundamental to be familiariand integral calculus in one variable, skill already seen. The knowledge on the macroscopic description of the complementary with the contents of the subject Physic applications of these knowledges will be studied in the	he chemical systement of che basic knowled emical interest the sed with differe in Mathematics hemical system al Chemistry III to	tems employing to the mical systems of the principle of the principle of the principle of the principle of the following year t	the methods of the in equilibrium, systems es of the itative description of nore than a variable ched in this subject are r. The experimental

Con	npetencies
Code	e
C6	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories in: principles of
	thermodynamics and their applications in chemistry
C18	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: principles of
	electrochemistry
	Apply knowledge and understanding to solve basic problems of quantitative and qualitative nature
C20	Evaluate, interpret and synthesize data and chemical information
C23	Present oral and written scientific material and scientific arguments to a specialized audience
D1	Communicate orally and in writing in at least one of the official languages of the University
D3	Learn independently
D4	Search and manage information from different sources
D5	Use information and communication technologies and manage basic computer tools
D6	Use mathematics, including error analysis, estimates of orders of magnitude, correct use of units and data
	representations
D7	Apply theoretical knowledge in practice
D8	Teamwork

D9 Work independently
D12 Plan and manage time properly

D14 Analyze and synthesize information and draw conclusions

D15 Evaluate critically and constructively the environment and oneself

D13 Make decisions

Learning outcomes				
Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results			
Employ the concept of function of state to calculate the variations of the distinct functions of thermodynamic state of a pure substance.	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15		

Obtain the entropy of a substance from calorimetric measures	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Establish if a process that suffers a pure substance is spontaneous or no from the calculation of the variations of the thermodynamic properties	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Handle thermodynamic tables to obtain values of the distinct functions of thermodynamic state of reaction and calculate the thermodynamic functions of reaction to distinct temperatures	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Calculate the fugacity function for a real gas from his equation of state or from experimental measures	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Calculate the thermodynamic constant of reactions in solution, from the concentrations of the species or from the thermodynamic functions	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15

Calculate the thermodynamic characteristics of a change of phase, and know the interval of applicability of the equations employed	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Calculate the thermodynamic properties of an ideal solution from his composition	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Calculate the colligative properties of a solution from the concentration of the solute and the properties of the dissolvent. Establish when these results can be applied to a real case	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Calculate the activities and activity coefficients of non-electrolytic solutions and employ the suitable model for the calculation of the mean ionic activity coefficient. Obtain this coefficient from experimental measures	C6 s C18 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Employ pertinent experimental measures of the galvanic cells to determine functions of state of reaction	C6 C18 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15

Determine the activity and/or the mean ionic activity coefficient of an electrolite by means of experimental measures of EMF of galvanic cells	C6 C18 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Analyse the importance of the interphase and of the distinct phenomena associated to the interphase in the thermodynamic processes of the material systems	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Establish the importance of the superficial tension and the distinct processes associated in function of the nature of the system	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Differentiate between processes of physical and chemical adsorption and describe the models employed for his description	C6 C19 C20 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15

Topic	
The laws of the thermodynamic in Chemistry.	First Law of thermodynamics. Internal energy. Enthalpy. Heat capacities . Thermochemistry.
	Second law of thermodynamics. Entropy. Molecular interpretation of the entropy.
	Third law of thermodynamics. Calculation of the variations of entropy.
Thermodynamic functions	Gibbs Equations. Maxwell relationships. Calculation of variations of the state functions .
	Open systems. Partial Molar quantities. Chemical potential. Chemical potential of an ideal gas. Chemical potential of the real gases.
Phase equilibrrium in systems of one component.	Concepts of component, phase and degree of freedom. Equilibrium conditions between phases. Phases Rule. First order transitions. Clapeyrol and Clausius Equations.
Ideal Solutions.	Molar partial Volume. Gibbs-Duhem Equation. Ideal solutions: Raoult law. Vapour pressure diagrams. Ideal diluted solutions: Henry Law. Colligative Properties
Non-ideal Solutions.	Deviations of the Raoult law. Activity and activity coefficient . Electrolitic solutions. Debye-Hückel theory.

Equilibrium conditions . Extent of reaction. Perfect gas equilibria. Equilibrium is solution reactions. Response of equilibria to temperature. Le Chatelier´s principle. Acid-base equilibria. Solubility Product. Salt effects. Electrochemical cells. Nerst Equation.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	26	31	57
Seminars	26	38	64
Problem and/or exercise solving	0	14	14
Self-assessment	0	10	10
Essay questions exam	5	0	5

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	They will consist in the brief exposition by the professor of the fundamental aspects of each subject, employing the available material in the TEMA platform. Also numerical problems will be proposed for helping to comprise and settle concepts.
Seminars	Seminar will be devoted to the resolution of problems and will deepen on those aspects that present greater difficulties to the students. These classes will be mainly a task for the students under the supervision of the professor.

Personalized assistance		
Tests	Description	
Self-assessment	Students will solve autonomously questionnaires-type test through the TEMA platform and will be individually tutorized by the professor.	
Problem and/or exercise solving	Students will solve autonomously proposed problems and will be individually tutorized by the professor.	

Assessment	B 1.0	- Hel .: -		
	Description	Qualification		nd Learning sults
Problem and/or exercise solving	Proposed problems for each chapter of the subject. The	Up to 15,0	C6	D1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	students will solve part of them in short tests carried out		C18	D3
	in the seminars.		C19	D4
			C20	D6
			C23	D7
				D8
				D9
				D12
				D13
				D14
				D15
Self-assessment	Test type proofs in the platform TEMA.	Up to 10,0	C6	D3
			C18	D4
			C19	D5
			C20	D7
				D9
				D12
				D13
				D14
Face and the second	Clabal	Minimum 75	CC	D15
Essay questions exam	Global written exam	Minimum 75	C6	D1
			C18	D3
			C19 C20	D4 D6
			C20	D6 D7
				D7 D9
				D9 D12
				D12 D13
				D13 D14
				D14

Other comments on the Evaluation

- The student's voluntary work (self-evaluating tests + proposed problems) may constitute up to 25% of the final grade as long as the student performs at least half of the activities proposed throughout the course.
- A written test of the first half of the subject will be made. This test can eliminate material. The completion of this test is the minimum condition for the subject to be qualified.
- There will be a global written test at the end of the semester (about three hours) about all the content of the subject. This global test will involve at least 75% of the final grade. If the students have passed the written test of the first half of the subject (≥5) they may choose either the global written test exam or the second half of the subject. In the first case, the mark of the global test will be the average of the exams of the first and second half of the subject.

IMPORTANT: To pass the subject, it is mandatory to achieve a minimum score of 4 points out of 10 in the global test.

- In the following calls the previous percentages and the grades obtained in the voluntary work and in the short test carried out during the course will be maintained, except in the case of change of professor, who will be the one that establishes new norms.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Complementary Bibliography

Levine, Fisicoquímica, McGraw-Hill. 5ª Ed,

Atkins, Química Física, Panamerica, 8ª Ed,

Engel, Química Física, Pearson,

Chang, Fisicoquimica, McGraw-Hill,

Rodríguez Renuncio, Termodinámica Química, Sintésis, 2ª Ed,

Levine, Problemas de Fisicoquímica, McGraw-Hill,

Rodríguez Renuncio, Problemas resueltos de Termodinámica Química, Sintésis,

Metz, Fisicoquímica. Problemas y Soluciones, McGraw-Hill,

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Physical chemistry II/V11G200V01403

IDENTIFY	ING DATA			
Organic o	hemistry I			
Subject	Organic chemistry I			
Code	V11G200V01304			
Study	(*)Grao en Química			
programm	e			
Descriptor	s ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	9	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	#EnglishFriendly			
language	Spanish			
	Galician			
Departme				
Coordinate	or Iglesias Antelo, María Beatriz			
Lecturers	J			
	Muñoz López, Luis			
	Terán Moldes, María del Carmen			
	Vaz Araújo, Belén			
E-mail	bantelo@uvigo.es			
Web	http://secretaria.uvigo.gal/docnet-nuevo/guia_docent/index.ra=V11G200V01304&any_academic=2019_20	php?centre=311	&ensenyament=	V11G200V01&assignatu
General	English Friendly subject. International students may reques	t from the teache	rs:	
description	a) materials and bibliographic references in English,			
	b) tutoring sessions in English,			
	c) exams and assessments in English.			
	In this subject, students reach an understanding of the func organic compounds structure and reactivity. Following two			
	groups with multiple carbon-oxygen and carbon-carbon bor			

Code

- C2 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: types of chemical reactions and its main characteristics
- C10 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: properties of aliphatic, aromatic, heterocyclic and organometallic compounds
- C11 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: nature and behavior of functional groups in organic molecules
- C12 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: structural features of chemical elements and their compounds, including stereochemistry
- C13 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: main synthetic routes in organic chemistry, including interconversions of functional groups and the formation of carbon-carbon and carbon-heteroatom bonds
- C19 Apply knowledge and understanding to solve basic problems of quantitative and qualitative nature
- C20 Evaluate, interpret and synthesize data and chemical information
- C21 Recognize and implement good scientific practices for measurement and experimentation
- C23 Present oral and written scientific material and scientific arguments to a specialized audience
- C25 Handle chemicals safely, considering their physical and chemical properties, including the evaluation of any specific risks associated with its use
- C26 Perform common laboratory procedures and use instrumentation in synthetic and analytical work
- C27 Monitor, by observation and measurement of physical and chemical properties, events or changes, and document and record them in a consistent and reliable way
- C28 Interpret data derived from laboratory observations and measurements in terms of their significance and relate them to the appropriate theory
- D1 Communicate orally and in writing in at least one of the official languages of the University
- D3 Learn independently
- D4 Search and manage information from different sources
- D5 Use information and communication technologies and manage basic computer tools
- D7 Apply theoretical knowledge in practice
- D8 Teamwork
- D9 Work independently
- D12 Plan and manage time properly
- D13 Make decisions
- D14 Analyze and synthesize information and draw conclusions
- D15 Evaluate critically and constructively the environment and oneself

Learning outcomes

Expected results from this subject		g and Learning Results
Distinguish the most usual reactions in Organic Chemistry. Relate the energetic profile to a particular reaction. Differentiate the types of reagents. Differentiate the types of reaction intermediates.	C2 C19	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D14
Establish the influence of the structure and the chemical features of the functional groups present in a molecule on its reactivity.	C2 C11	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D14
Explain the reactivity of carbonyl compounds by means of a nucleophilic addition mechanism and the reactivity of carboxylic acids and their derivatives by means of an addition-elimination mechanism.	C2 C10 C11 C13	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D14
Take oceanographic data-geological, evaluate them, process them and interpret them in regard to the theories of Sequential Analysis.		
Explain the reactivity of organic compounds with multiple carbon-carbon bonds by means of an electrophilic addition mechanism.	C2 C10 C11 C13	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D14
Explain the reactivity of aromatic compounds through an electrophilic substitution mechanism.	C2 C10 C11 C13	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D14
For each transformation, describe in detail the reaction mechanism, indicating reaction steps, transition states, intermediates etc.	C2 C11	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D14
Predict the result of the reaction of a specific substrate with a given reagent in specific conditions, regarding regioselectivity and stereoselectivity of the process.	C11 C12 C13 C19	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D14
Apply the rules for safety and health in laboratory work and carry out the treatment and correct elimination of the waste generated.	C25	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14

Carry out correctly the usual experimental proce		C21 C26	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14
Carry out the work up of the reaction product, as usual techniques (extraction, distillation, recrysta	s well as its isolation and purification by means of allization and chromatography).	C21 C26 C27	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14
Write and describe appropriately the completed they can be reproduced.	experiments in the laboratory notebook, so that	C23 C27 C28	D1 D3 D4 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14
Look for and select information regarding the sul	bjects studied.	C20	D4 D5 D8 D14 D15
Contents			
Topic			
Lesson 1. Configurational stereoisomerism	Functional groups. Three-dimensional represent Absolute configuration of stereogenic centres, c alkenes.	yclic comp	oounds and
Lesson 2. Reactivity of organic compounds	Acid-base reactivity of organic compounds. Reactions reactions. Energetic profile of a reaction cleavage. Ionic reactions. Reaction intermediate Redox reactivity of organic compounds. Formal	n. Heterol es: carbani	ytic bond ons.
Lesson 3. Addition reactions to carbon-carbon multiple bonds Lesson 4. Aromatic substitution reactions	Structure and general reactivity of functional gramultiple bonds: alkenes and alkynes. Hydrogenation: heats of hydrogenation and stationes; homolytic bond cleavage; concerted reactiones; homolytic bond cleavage; concerted reactiones; homolytic bond cleavage; concerted reactiones; hydration reactions to alkenes. Additional intermediates: carbocations; regioselectivity; elegonal clean properties. Hydration reactions; orientation and Addition of halogens (X2). Dihydroxylation reactions to alkynes. Structure and general reactivity of aromatic con	oups with bility of alk ctions. cion of HX; ectrophiles nd stereoc cions.	carbon-carbon kenes and reaction s and
2000011 11 / Worlddie Substitution (Cuctions	General mechanism for the electrophilic aromat		tion reaction.

	Redox reactivity of organic compounds. Formal states of oxidation.
Lesson 3. Addition reactions to carbon-carbon	Structure and general reactivity of functional groups with carbon-carbon
multiple bonds	multiple bonds: alkenes and alkynes.
	Hydrogenation: heats of hydrogenation and stability of alkenes and
	dienes; homolytic bond cleavage; concerted reactions.
	Electrophilic addition reactions to alkenes. Addition of HX; reaction
	intermediates: carbocations; regioselectivity; electrophiles and
	nucleophiles. Hydration reactions; orientation and stereochemistry.
	Addition of halogens (X2). Dihydroxylation reactions.
	Addition reactions to alkynes.
Lesson 4. Aromatic substitution reactions	Structure and general reactivity of aromatic compounds.
	General mechanism for the electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction.
	Reactions with non-carbon electrophiles. Reactions with carbon
	electrophiles. Electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions in substituted
	systems: orientation and reactivity. Modulation of the reactivity of
	aromatic rings.
Lesson 5. Reactions of nucleophilic addition to the	eStructure and general reactivity of the carbonyl group (aldehydes and
carbonyl group	ketones).
	General mechanism for the nucleophilic addition reaction.
	Non reversible nucleophilic additions: addition of organometallic
	compounds (alkynyl anions, organolithium and organomagnesium
	reagents); addition of stabilized carbanions; addition of hydride.
	Reversible nucleophilic additions: addition of oxygen and sulphur
	compounds (water, alcohols and thiols); addition of nitrogen compounds
	(amines and other nitrogen compounds); addition of hydrogen cyanide.

Lesson 6. Reactions of nucleophilic substitution the carbonyl group	n atStructure and general reactivity of carboxylic acids and their derivatives. Relative reactivity of acid derivatives: basicity and electrophilic character. Non reversible addition-elimination reactions: leaving group. Reversible addition-elimination reactions: basic catalysis and acid catalysis. Reactions with water and alcohols; reactions with ammonia and amines.
	Structure and reactivity of nitriles. Reactions of nitriles.
Practice 1	Separation of organic compounds mixtures by using two techniques: acid- base extraction (liquid-liquid extraction) and chromatography. Five sessions.
Practice 2	Electrophilic addition to a double bond. One session.
Practice 3	Reduction of a ketone. One session.
Practice 4	Preparation of a hydrazone. One session.
Practice 5	Hydrolysis of an ester. One session.
Practice 6	Synthesis project. Three sessions.

Planning					
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours		
Lecturing	25	25	50		
Problem solving	26	50	76		
Laboratory practical	42	10	52		
Essay	0	10	10		
Essay questions exam	6	31	37		

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Exposition by the teaching staff of the syllabus' general aspects, with special emphasis in its fundamental features. The teaching staff will facilitate, through the virtual classroom, all the material needed for the student's personal work. Prior to class, the student must use this material and consult the recommended bibliography to complete the information, in order to improve his/her academic progress in the subject.
Problem solving	Two hours each week will be devoted to discussing the most prominent aspects of the topic, to solve questions arisen in the development of the lesson and to the resolution of the proposed exercises.
Laboratory practical	Laboratory experiments will be carried out, individually, in 3.5 h sessions. The students will find, in advance, in the virtual classroom, the material needed for the preparation of the experiments. At the start of each session the professor will do an exposition of the contents to be developed. During the experiments the student will elaborate a laboratory notebook recording all the observations pertinent to the experiment. At the end of the session the student will answer some questions regarding the work done.

Personalized assistance					
Methodologies	Description				
Problem solving	The teaching staff will attend students' queries regarding the different topics within the subject. Attention to students schedules will be available through the subject's virtual classroom and other means provided by the university. Additionally, the teaching staff will use online channels to communicate with the students (electronic mail and tools within the virtual classroom).				
Tests Description					
Essay	The teaching staff will tutor the students while preparing and carrying out a short laboratory project.				

Assessmer				
	Description	Qualification	n Train	ing and
			Lea	rning
			Re	sults
Problem	Class participation and resolution by the student of all the problems and/or	25	C2	D1
solving	exercises proposed in time/conditions established by the teaching staff will be		C10	D4
	evaluated.		C11	D7
			C12	D8
			C13	D9
			C19	D14
			C20	

Laboratory practical	Assistance to practical classes is mandatory. Monitoring of laboratory work will be evaluated as APT/NO APT. The following aspects will be considered in this section: pre-lab questionnaires, development of the experimental work, laboratory notebook, final questions. In order to pass the subject it is indispensable to be evaluated as APT.	0	C21 C25 C26 C27 C28	D12 D13 D14 D15
Essay	The student will elaborate a report prior to the execution of a short project in the laboratory during the last week of practical classes.	15	C20 C23 C25	D1 D4 D5 D9 D14
Essay questions	First test: 15%. It will cover contents corresponding to the first three lessons.	60	C2 C10	D3 D7
exam	Second test: 15%. It will cover contents corresponding to the last three lessons.		C11 C12	D12 D14
	Written test for the experimental part: 15%. To be taken by the students that have achieved the APT mention in the monitoring of the laboratory work. In this test, student acquisition of competences and skills related to the experimental aspects of the subject will be evaluated.		C13 C19	
	Global test: 15%. In this test, student acquisition of competences and skills related to the theoretical aspects of the subject will be evaluated.			

In order to pass the subject in January, it will be required :

- Achieve mention **APT** in the evaluation of the laboratory work.
- Achieve a **minimum mark of 3 points out of 10** in each of the two short theoretical tests (first test and second test) and in the written test for the experimental part.
- Achieve a minimum mark of 4 points out of 10 in the global test.

If any of the previous conditions is not fulfilled, the final mark for the subject will be the mark obtained for the Exams (Essay questions exam) section multiplied by 0.6 (60%).

• Achieve a minimum mark of 5.0 in the weighted addition of the marks for all the sections (problem solving, essay, exams [essay questions exam]).

The final grade for the students who pass the subject could be standardized so that the highest mark can reach a value of up to 10 points.

The participation of the student in any of the acts of evaluation for the subject will involve the condition of *presentado/a* and, therefore, the assignment of a mark. The acts of evaluation that will be considered are: assistance to laboratory practices (25% or more) or the delivery of reports/exercises (25% or more) or taking any examination.

Students of 2nd and subsequent enrollment. Those students who passed the laboratory practices during the 2014-15 or 2015-16 courses or were evaluated as APT during the 2016-17, 2017-18 or 2018-19 courses will be awarded the APT mention for the monitoring of laboratory work in the academic course 2019-20, not being necessary the completion of the experimental work again. However, they must **elaborate the report of the project** (15%) and take **the written test for the experimental part** (15%) to achieve the mark for the experimental part of the subject in the academic course 2019-20.

EVALUATION IN JULY

The Exams (Essay questions exam) section can be repeated in July, in the following way:

- Exams (45%) . It will be carried out a global test in which the competences acquired in the theoretical aspects of the subject will be evaluated. The student must achieve a **minimum mark of 4 points out of 10** so that the result of this test will be taken into account in the global mark of the subject. This result will substitute the marks obtained for the three theoretical tests carried out during the semester (first test, second test and global test).
- Written test for the experimental part (15%) . A minimum mark of 3 points out of 10 must be achieved. The new mark will substitute the one achieved in the written test for the experimental part taken at the end of the semester.

The final mark will be the weighted addition of the marks for all the sections (problem solving, essay, exams [essay questions exam]), as long as all the required minima are reached. If this is not the case, the final mark for the subject will be the mark obtained for the Exams (Essay questions exam) section multiplied by 0.6 (60%). In case that this mark was lower than the one obtained in the end of semester evaluation, the official mark will be this last one.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

KLEIN, D., Química Orgánica, 1º edición en español, Médica Panamericana, 2013

VOLLHARDT, K.P.C.; SCHORE, N.E, Química Orgánica, 5ª edición en español, Edicións Omega, 2007

WADE, L.G., Química Orgánica, 9ª edición en español, Pearson-Educación, 2017

Complementary Bibliography

CAREY, F., Química Orgánica, 9ª edición en español, McGraw-Hill Interamericana, 2014

CLAYDEN, J.; GREEVES, N.; WARREN, S., **Organic Chemistry**, 2ª edición, Oxford University Press, 2012 YURKANIS BRUICE, P., **Fundamentos de Química Orgánica**, 3ª edición, Pearson, 2015

DOBADO, J. A.; GARCÍA-CALVO, F.: GARCÍA, J. I., Química Orgánica: Ejercicios comentados, Garceta, 2012

PALLEROS, D. R., Experimental Organic Chemistry, John Wiley and Sons, 2000

QUIÑOÁ, E.; RIGUERA, R., Cuestiones y ejercicios de Química Orgánica, 2ª edición, McGraw-Hill Interamericana, 2004

QUIÑOÁ, E.; RIGUERA, R., Nomenclatura y representación de los compuestos orgánicos, 2ª edición, McGraw-Hill Interamericana, 2005

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Organic chemistry II/V11G200V01504 Organic chemistry III/V11G200V01704

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Physics 3/V11G200V01301 Analytical chemistry 1/V11G200V01302 Physical chemistry I/V11G200V01303

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
IT tools and	l communication in chemistry			
Subject	IT tools and			
	communication in			
	chemistry			
Code	V11G200V01401			
Study	(*)Grao en Química			
programme				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	English			
language				
Department				
Coordinator	Silva López, Carlos			
Lecturers	Correa Duarte, Miguel Ángel			
	Hermida Ramón, José Manuel			
	Pérez Juste, Ignacio			
	Pérez Juste, Jorge			
	Silva López, Carlos			
E-mail	carlos.silva@uvigo.es			
Web				
General	The course aims to familiarize students with the use	of chemical inforn	nation sources (scientifical and technical
description	in general) with emphasis on its use through the Inte	rnet, as well as w	ith the use of al	l types of software tools
	for statistical calculations and chemical modeling . At	ttention is also pa	id to the acquis	ition of important
	communication skills (writing scientific and technical	documents, acad	emic, web desig	gn, etc).
	-	-		-

Comp	petencies
Code	
C20	Evaluate, interpret and synthesize data and chemical information
C22	Process and perform computational calculations with chemical information and chemical data
C23	Present oral and written scientific material and scientific arguments to a specialized audience
D1	Communicate orally and in writing in at least one of the official languages of the University
D2	Communicate at a basic level in English in the field of chemistry
D3	Learn independently
D4	Search and manage information from different sources
D5	Use information and communication technologies and manage basic computer tools
D8	Teamwork
D9	Work independently
D10	Work at a national and international context
D14	Analyze and synthesize information and draw conclusions
D15	Evaluate critically and constructively the environment and oneself
D16	Develop an ethical commitment
D18	Generate new ideas and show initiative

Learning outcomes		
Expected results from this subject	Trair	ning and Learning Results
(*)Distinguish and handle the distinct sources of scientific and technical information (books,	C23	D1
magazines, summaries, databases, pages web, patents, etc.).		D2 D4
		D5
		D9
		D14
		D16
(*) Differentiate and classify the scientific magazines and the contributions to the same, respect to	0	D2
their thematic, aim and scope.		D4
		D5
		D8
		D9
		D14

(*) Find and absorb information in a fast and effective way.	C23	D1 D2 D3 D5 D8 D9
		D10 D15 D18
(*) Resume and classifiy the information for its effective broadcasting.	C23	D1 D2 D5 D8 D10 D16
(*) Argue the own opinions showing critical sense.	C23	D1 D2 D5 D8 D10 D16
(*) Performd simple written documents for the diffusion of knowledges and the scientific and technical results (p.ej. Articles, reports, works).	C23	D1 D2 D5 D8 D10 D16
(*) Handle with critical spirit the network (""""internet"""") as an information source.	C22	D3 D5 D9 D14 D16
(*) Perform academic oral presentations on subjects related with the Chemistry, using audiovisual media.	C23	D1 D2 D14 D18
(*) Organise the bibliography, with or without help of bibliographic tools.	C20	D3 D4 D5 D9 D14 D15
(*) Use computer programs for the preparation of figures and charts.	C22	D4 D5 D9
(*) Comprehend the basic principles and utility of simulation programs of chemical processes.	C22	D5 D9 D14
(*) Comprehend and explain texts in English related with Chemistry.	C23	D1 D2 D3 D8
(*) Draft simple documents and perform short oral presentations in English, on subjects related with Chemistry.	C23	D1 D2 D3 D8 D14
(*) Identify the most important programs of molecular modelling and understand the usefulnes of the results obtained.	C20	D3 D4 D14
Contents		
Topic The scietific literature: general aspects. Structure and classification of the literature.		
General rules of a literature search.		
Function, organization and use of a scientific libr	rary.	

Information Sources	Books. Journals. Technical reports. Conference Proceedings. Patents. Thesis. Government Publications. Standards. Videos. Dictionaries. Directories Encyclopedias Databases
Using Internet	Basic Internet services.
	Remote connection and file transfer utilities.
	Search engines.
	Electronic lists and subscription services.
	Other services.
	Structure, function and design of web pages.
Indexing and abstracting services	Identification of a scientific paper.
	The ISI Web of Knowledge (WOK).
	The Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) and the Scifinder.
	Other abstracting services.
	Handbooks.
Bibliographic Managers	Classification of bibliographic references: general principles.
	Use of popular software packages:
	Refworks and Endnote as examples.
Preparation of a scientific, technical or academic document	Parts of a scientific document.
	References, tables and figures : general principles.
	Use of computer templates.
	General aspects of the scientific style and the use of English.
-	How to write: CVs, progress reports, grant requests and other academic documents.

Planning					
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours		
Lecturing	14	28	42		
Computer practices	26	52	78		
Problem solving	2	22	24		
Essay questions exam	1.5	4.5	6		

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	The theoretical aspects of the subject are presented
Computer practices	Computer lab exercises: literature searches, use of bibliographic managers, use of statistical packages, report writing.
Problem solving	Report or article writing in English language. Simple exercises with modelling software

Persona	lized	assi	stan	ce
---------	-------	------	------	----

Methodologies	Description
Computer practices	Hands-on exercises in a computer laboratory
Problem solving	Monitored problem solving tasks

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification		nd Learning sults
Computer practices	Typically, literature searches	20	C22 C23	D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D9 D15 D16
Problem solving	Tipically, database searches and use of utilities of modelling software.	40	C22 D1 C23 D2 D3 D4 D5 D8 D10 D14	D1 D2 D3 D4 D5
Essay questions exa	mWritten exam consisting of short questions.	40		D1 D2 D14 D15

Attendance at practical lectures (seminars) is compulsory. The student will be given a rating (0-10) as long as he/she has attended 3 or more seminar sessions, has delivered at least two reports on the exercises or practices proposed by the teacher or has done a written exam.

If the student fails in the first call he/she will be asked to improve some of the exercises or perform new ones provided by the teacher. In addition he/she will have to undergo a more thorough exam, which will weight 50% of the final grade.

Sources of information
Basic Bibliography
Complementary Bibliography
Douville, J.A., The literature of chemistry , 1st,
Kaplan, S.M., The English-Spanish Spanish-English dictionary of chemistry, 2 ^a ,
Day, R.A.; Gastel, B., How to write and publish a scientific paper, 7ª,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Numerical methods in chemistry/V11G200V01402 Physical chemistry II/V11G200V01403 Inorganic chemistry I/V11G200V01404

Quadmester
2nd
nd of numerical solution of
w to the student to obtain
f a scientific calculator of
١

Code

- A3 Students have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their field of study) to inform judgments that include reflection on relevant social, scientific or ethical issues
- A5 Students have developed those learning skills that are necessary for them to continue to undertake further study with a high degree of autonomy
- C19 Apply knowledge and understanding to solve basic problems of quantitative and qualitative nature
- C22 Process and perform computational calculations with chemical information and chemical data
- C29 Demonstrate skills for numerical calculations and interpretation of experimental data, with special emphasis on precision and accuracy
- D3 Learn independently
- D4 Search and manage information from different sources
- Use information and communication technologies and manage basic computer tools
- Use mathematics, including error analysis, estimates of orders of magnitude, correct use of units and data representations
- D7 Apply theoretical knowledge in practice
- D9 Work independently
- D12 Plan and manage time properly
- D13 Make decisions
- D14 Analyze and synthesize information and draw conclusions

Learning cutes are			
Learning outcomes			
Expected results from this subject	Ir		d Learning
		Res	
Use the numerical and symbolic packages of **MATLAB.		C22	D5
		C29	
Control distinct bases of numbering and *enterarse of the existence of errors committed in the	A3	C29	D6
approximations			D9
			D13
			D14
Look for approximations of roots of equations of a variable and systems of equations.	A3	C19	D3
	A5	C22	D4
		C29	D5
			D6
			D7
			D9
			D12
			D13
			D13

Use *polynomials that adjust to several points of the plane.	A3 A5	C19 C22 C29	D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14
Derive and integrate numerically, relate these numerical and analytical concepts and understand the because of his need.	A3 A5	C19 C22 C29	D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14
Handle adjust of data to distinct types of curves of previous election by means of computer packages.	A3 A5	C19 C22 C29	D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14

Contents	
Topic	
Subject 1. *Introduction the analysis **numerica.	Systems of numbering Need of the numerical methods. *Fontes And analysis of the error. Available *software.
Subject 2. Approximation of roots of equations of a variable.	*Condicionamiento Of the calculation of roots. Methods of separation of roots- Method of the *bisection. Method of Newton-**Raphson. *Theorem of the point did.
Subject 3. *Numerical interpolation.	The general problem of *interpolation. *Interpolation of *Lagrange. Error of *interpolation and excellent election of *nodes. *Interpolation **polinomial.
Subject 4. It adjust of curves.	It adjust of data. Straight of regression by square minima. Approximation of functions by square minima. *Interpolation **polinomial to *pieces.
Subject 5. Derivation And numerical integration.	Diagrams of *derivación numerical *based in *interpolation. Formulas of *derivación *finite. Error of *derivación. Formulas of integration with *polynomial *interpolation. Error of integration. Formulas of *quadratures.
Subject 6. Optimization.	Direct methods of solving optimization problems. One Variable. Several variables. Without restrictions. With restrictions.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	13	26	39
Computer practices	26	52	78
Objective questions exam	4	12	16
Problem and/or exercise solving	2	8	10
Essay	0	7	7

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Exhibition of the theoretical bases and orientation by part of the *profesorado on the contents of the matter
Computer practices	Development in the classrooms of computing of the exercises that propose in the theoretical classrooms using the scientific calculator **MATLAB.

Personalized assistance		
Methodologies	Description	
Computer practices	The students will work of autonomous way with the permanent supervision of the professor	

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification	Trainir Lear Res	ning
Computer practices	At the end of the sessions in the classrooms of computing, the student will resolve some exercises of the even type that the ones of the realised in the classroom.	25	C19 C22 C29	D6
Objective questions exam	During the course will realise **alomenos three partial proofs short type test and practical type that will explain a 25 by one hundred in the final qualification. Besides, in a final proof, will realise another tests type test of **tódala matter that *contabilizará another 10 by one hundred in the final qualification.	35	C19 C22 C29	D6
Problem and/or exercise solving	When finalising the course **realizaráse a practical proof resolving some practical exercises in the classroom of computing	30	C19 C22 C29	D6
Essay	**Participacion With *aprovechamiento in all the activities proposed by the *profesorado, are these to realise inside or out of the classroom.	10	C19 C22 C29	D6

Students who do not pass the subject in the ordinary session and intend to do so in the extraordinary call, will maintain the qualifications obtained during the course in each of the previous sections, except for the qualifications of the practical tests of computer science, that can be recovered, and the two tests carried out. At the end of the course they will be evaluated in the corresponding exam. In this case, the student must contact the professor in sufficient time to agree on the work to be done before the final tests.

The participation of the student in any of the assessment acts of the subject will entail the condition of "presented" and, therefore, the assignment of a qualification. Evaluation acts are considered as assistance to computer science practices (four or more), the carrying out of a test or the delivery of a minimum of 25% of the problems or exercises entrusted by the teacher.

The three partial assessment tests will be on February 21, March 2 and April 30. The final test will be held on May 21st.

C		1 C
SOURCES	ΛT	information
Jources	v.	minormation

Basic Bibliography

Chapra, S.C.; Canale, R.P., **Métodos numéricos para ingenieros. Sexta edición.**, 2015, McGraw-Hill, 2015

Besada, M., MATLAB: todo un mundo, 2007,

Bober, W.; Tsai, C.; Masory, O., Numerical and Analytical Methods with Matlab, 2009, CRC Press,

Complementary Bibliography

Recommendations

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Physical ch	emistry II			
Subject	Physical chemistry			
	II			
Code	V11G200V01403			
Study	(*)Grao en	,	,	,
programme	Química			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	9	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Mosquera Castro, Ricardo Antonio			
	Fernández Nóvoa, Alejandro			
Lecturers	Fernández Nóvoa, Alejandro			
	Gómez Graña, Sergio			
	Mosquera Castro, Ricardo Antonio			
	Pastoriza Santos, Isabel			
	Pérez Juste, Jorge			
E-mail	mosquera@uvigo.es			
	afnovoa@uvigo.es			
Web				
General	Application of the principles and methods of	Quantum Mechanics to th	e study of mole	cular structure and
description	spectroscopy.			

Code

- C3 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories in: principles of quantum mechanics and its application in the description of the structure and properties of atoms and molecules
- C6 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories in: principles of thermodynamics and their applications in chemistry
- C8 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: main techniques for structural determination, including spectroscopy
- C19 Apply knowledge and understanding to solve basic problems of quantitative and qualitative nature
- C20 Evaluate, interpret and synthesize data and chemical information
- C21 Recognize and implement good scientific practices for measurement and experimentation
- C22 Process and perform computational calculations with chemical information and chemical data
- C23 Present oral and written scientific material and scientific arguments to a specialized audience
- C27 Monitor, by observation and measurement of physical and chemical properties, events or changes, and document and record them in a consistent and reliable way
- C28 Interpret data derived from laboratory observations and measurements in terms of their significance and relate them to the appropriate theory
- C29 Demonstrate skills for numerical calculations and interpretation of experimental data, with special emphasis on precision and accuracy
- D1 Communicate orally and in writing in at least one of the official languages of the University
- D3 Learn independently
- D4 Search and manage information from different sources
- D5 Use information and communication technologies and manage basic computer tools
- Use mathematics, including error analysis, estimates of orders of magnitude, correct use of units and data representations
- D7 Apply theoretical knowledge in practice
- D8 Teamwork
- D9 Work independently
- D12 Plan and manage time properly
- D13 Make decisions
- D14 Analyze and synthesize information and draw conclusions
- D15 Evaluate critically and constructively the environment and oneself

Learning outcomes

Expected results from this subject

Training and Learning Results

Formulate molecular Hamiltonians, with use of the Born-Oppenheimer approximation and discussion of their consequences.	C3 C20 C22 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14
Work with potential energy profiles and surfaces and understand related concepts.	C3 C19 C20 C22 C28 C29	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13
Apply MO and EV methods for describing the chemical bond in simple systems and understand the limitations of these methods.	C3 C8 C19 C20 C21 C22 C23 C27 C28 C29	D14 D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Describe orbital localization techniques and the basis for atomic orbital hybridisation.	C3	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9
Apply, with understanding of their foundations and their limitations, the main calculation methods (HF, DFT, post-HF) for the study of molecular structures.	C3 C19 C20 C22 C23 C28 C29	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14
Describe the forms of radiation-matter interactions and formulate the selection rules of electrical dipole.	C8	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9
Relate the radiation frequency with the molecular motion responsible of a spectroscopic transition	. C8	D1 D3 D4 D6 D7 D9
Justify the broadening of spectral lines and the environmental effects on different spectra.	C8	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9

Interpret rotation and vibration-rotation spectra to obtain structural information, making use of simple quantum-mechanical models (rigid and flexible rotor and harmonic and anharmonic oscillators), selections rules and line assignment techniques.	C3 C8 C19 C20 C22 C23 C27 C28 C29	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14
Discuss the Franck-Condon principle and its consequences.	C3 C8	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9
Interpret electronic and photoelectronic spectra and obtain structural information.	C3 C8 C19 C22	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7
Describe the different deactivation processes of excited electronic states and their representation in a Jablonski diagram.	C8 C19	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9
Describe the foundations of magnetic resonance spectroscopies, and interpret the physical origin of chemical shifts and couplings in NMR spectra.	C8 C19 C22	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9
Describe the instrumental peculiarities of the spectroscopic techniques in different spectral regions, as well as the foundations and applications of laser and Fourier-transform based techniques.	C8	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9
Apply the theoretical knowledge of Physical Chemistry I to determine experimentally chemical equilibrium constants, activity coefficients and thermochemical magnitudes.	C6 C19 C20 C21 C23 C27 C28 C29	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
New	_	

Contents	
Topic	
Introduction to group symmetry theory in	- Symmetry elements and operations.
chemistry	- Symmetry point groups.
	- Matrix representations.
	- Irrdeducible Representations. Character tables.
	- Chemical applications.
Qualitative spects of molecular electronic	- Born-Oppenheimer approximation.
structure.	- The H2+ molecule.
	- The MO method for homonucler and heteronuclear diatomic molecules.
	- The MO method in polyatomic molecules.
	- The VB method.
Quantitative treatments for the study of the	- Hartree-Fock method.
molecular electronic structure.	- post-Hartree-Fock methods.
	- Semiempirical methods.
	- Calculation of molecular properties

Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy.	 Radiation-matter interaction: General approach. Transition dipole moment integral. Selection rules. Intensity and position of the spectral transitions. Instrumentation.
Rotational spectroscopy.	 Pure rotation spectra of diatomic molecules. Rigid and elastic rotor models. Pure rotation spectra of polyatomic molecules. Pure rotation Raman spectra. Instrumentation and applications.
Spectroscopy of Vibration-rotation.	 Vibration-rotation spectra of diatomic molecules. Harmonic and anharmonic oscillator models with rotation depending on vibration. Vibration-rotation spectra of polyatomic molecules. Vibration-rotation Raman spectroscopy. Instrumentation and applications.
Electronic spectroscopy.	 - Molecular Electronic states. - Vibration-rotation structure: Franck-Condon principle - Chromophore and auxochrome Groups. - Electronic deactivation Processes. - Instrumentation and applications. - Lasers. - Photoelectron Spectroscopy and related techniques.
Spectroscopies of Resonance.	- Introduction to the magnetic resonance Chemical shift Spin-spin interaction. Coupling Constant Electronic spin resonance Spectroscopy.
Practices of Chemical Thermodynamics (six sessions)	 Experimental determination of chemical equilibrium constants employing spectroscopic or potentiometric techniques. Experimental determination of combustion, dissolution, neutralisation, fusion or vaporisation enthalpies. Colligative Properties. Experimental determination of activity coefficients employing potentiometric techniques.
Practices of Quantum Chemistry and Spectroscopy (seven sessions).	 Computational study of the electronic structure of different molecules Computational Study of conformational isomery. Computational study of simple chemical processes. Prediction, theoretical interpretation and resolution of the vibration-rotation spectrum of HCl in gas phase. Electronic spectroscopy: Spectrum of the I2 molecule in gas phase.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	26	39	65
Seminars	26	39	65
Laboratory practical	42	0	42
Autonomous problem solving	0	12	12
Essay questions exam	4	8	12
Practices report	0	9	9
Problem and/or exercise solving	4	8	12
Objective questions exam	0	4	4
Laboratory practice	1	3	4

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	They will consist in the presentation of the fundamental aspects of each subject by the teacher, using the material available in the TEM@ platform (diagrams, bulletins of problems,). In addition, numerical problems will be proposed for a better understanding of theoretical concepts.
Seminars	The classes of seminar will be mainly work of the student, under the supervision of the professor, and will be used for: - Problems solving, individually or by groups Once the student has worked the basic concepts, reinforce those contents of each subject that can present a greater complexity.

Laboratory practical	Completion of laboratory or computational chemistry practices under the supervision of a teacher in an autonomous way. Lab practices will be done by pairs in sessions of 3,5 hours. With advance enough, students will have in the TEM@ platform guide notes for the practices together with all the additional neccessary material. Guide notes will present the essential elements to realise the experimental or computational practices, as well as the fundamental theoretical points and further data treatment. After practice completion, in the terms set by the teacher, it will be necessary to deliver the corresponding report, elaborated following the guidelines given by the teacher.
Autonomous problem solving	For each one of the subjects, some problems or other works to be solved by the student and delivered to the teacher in due time will be proposed.

Personalized assistan	Personalized assistance				
Methodologies	Description				
Lecturing	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).				
Seminars	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).				
Laboratory practical	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).				
Autonomous problem solving	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).				
Tests	Description				
Essay questions exam	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).				
Practices report	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).				
Problem and/or exercise solving	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).				
Objective questions exam	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).				
Laboratory practice	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).				

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification	Lea	ing and rning sults
Laboratory practical	This mark comprises the effort and the attitude, the skills and the competitions developed by the student during the realisation of the laboratory practices.	ata 10,0	C3 C6 C8 C19 C20 C21 C22 C27 C28	D1 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D12 D13 D14 D15

Autonomous problem solving	For each one of the subjects or groups of subjects, problems or additional work to be done by the students will be proposed.	ata 3,75	C3 C8 C19 C20 C22 C23	D5 D6
Essay questions exam	Realisation of one global writing test at the end of the term, in a date set by the Faculty of Chemistry.	como mínimo 33,75	C8 C19 C20	D1 D3
Practices report	Students must present a report for a laboratory practice proposed by the teachers. Students have to take care on format aspects related to the organisation, the correct use of the units, and the correct preparation of graphics and exhibition of the results. It will be also evaluated the critical analysis of results and getting right conclusions. Besides, all the practices will be evaluated by means of oral questions that the students can answer with the help of their laboratory notebook.	ata 5,0	C3 C6 C8 C19 C20 C22 C23 C27 C28 C29	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D8 D9
Problem and/or exercise solving	Realisation of one writing test (liberatory) at the middle of the term, in date set by the Faculty of Chemistry.	ata 33,75	C3 C8 C19 C20 C22	D9
Objective questions exam	For each each subject or group of subjects the student will have the opportunity of answer quiz tests through the TEM@ platform.	ata 3,75	C3 C8 C19	D3 D4
Laboratory practice	This written proof will be done in the date fixed by the Faculty of Chemistry and about the contents and skills that the student has to have purchased during the development of the laboratory practices. The questions will be situated, in some cases, in the context of some of the experiences realised by the student and, in others, will be more general. These questions will be used to evaluate the capacity to solve the problems presented.	ata 10,0	C3 C6 C8 C19 C21 C22 C28 C29	D1 D3 D4 D6 D7 D9

The evaluation of the course will take into account the part mentioned above, with distinction between the theoretical and the practical parts of the subject.

Theoretical part:

The evaluation will suppose, in his group (proofs (90%), problems solving (5%), quiz-tests (5%)), 75% of the final qualification of the subject. 2 proofs will be done during the course.

If the student passes the first proof (it will take place around the midle of the 4-months periode, he/she could only answer the questions related to the second part of the subject. Proofs qualification will be the average of the two proofs. When the first proof is repeated the best qualification is the only one to be used for the average,

It is required to pass the subject to obtain in the long proof a minimum qualification of 4,0 on 10,0 points. In the case of not

reaching this punctuation the qualification that will reflect in the record will be not larger than 4,0.

Besides, it will be necessary to obtain an average of 2,5 in the theoretical questions of the examinations (short and long proofs). If it did not reach this punctuation the note reflected in the record will not surpass 4,0.

Practical part:

The evaluation will contribute, in his group (practices of laboratory (40%), reports and oral questions(20%) and proof written of practices (40%)), 25% to the final qualification of the matter.

It is indispensable requirement to surpass the matter to obtain in the practical part a minimum qualification of 5,0 on 10 points. In the case of not reaching said punctuation the qualification that will reflect in the record will not be able to surpass 4,0.

The assistance to the practical sessions is compulsory (absences to sessions should be properly justified) and, therefore, is not possible to approve the matter in the case of not to have them realised.

Condition of presented/no presented:

The realisation of the global proof, or of the proof written of practices, or the assistance to five sessions of laboratory, will involve the condition of [presented/to] and, therefore, the allocation of a qualification.

Second Opportunity:

For the evaluation in the second opportunity, will keep the qualifications and the percentages of the problems/works proposed, of the practices of laboratory and the corresponding reports and of the quiz-tests. In the case to have an equal or upper qualification to 5,0 points in the global proof (long) or the same or upper to 5,0 in the proof written of practices, will keep said qualification (and the percentage) and only will be necessary to realise to another.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Complementary Bibliography

BERTRÁN RUSCA, J.; NÚÑEZ DELGADO, J., """"Química Física"""" (vol. I), 1ª edicion,

BERTRÁN, J.; BRACHANDELL, V.; MORENO, M.; SODUPE, M., """Química Cuántica""", 2ª edición,

ATKINS, P. W.; DE PAULA, J., Química Física, 8ª edición,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

IT tools and communication in chemistry/V11G200V01401 Numerical methods in chemistry/V11G200V01402 Inorganic chemistry I/V11G200V01404

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics 3/V11G200V01301

Physical chemistry I/V11G200V01303

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Inorganic cl	nemistry I			
Subject	Inorganic			
	chemistry I			
Code	V11G200V01404			·
Study	(*)Grao en			
programme	Química			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	9	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish	,		
language				
Department		,	,	'
Coordinator	García Bugarín, Mercedes			
Lecturers	Castro Fojo, Jesús Antonio			
	García Bugarín, Mercedes			
	García Fontán, María Soledad			
	García Martínez, Emilia			
	Rodríguez Arguelles, María Carmen			
E-mail	mgarcia@uvigo.es			
Web				
General	"Machine translation into english of the original t	eaching guide"		
description	In this asignatura studies the chemistry of the el-	ements of the main g	roups and his co	ompounds. It pretends
•	give an overview of the different types of chemic			

Code

- C1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: Major aspects of chemical terminology, nomenclature, units and unit conversions.
- C2 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: types of chemical reactions and its main characteristics
- C9 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: characteristic properties of the elements and their compounds, including group relationships and variations in the periodic table
- C12 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: structural features of chemical elements and their compounds, including stereochemistry
- C14 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: relationship between macroscopic properties and properties of individual atoms and molecules, including macromolecules
- C20 Evaluate, interpret and synthesize data and chemical information
- C23 Present oral and written scientific material and scientific arguments to a specialized audience
- C25 Handle chemicals safely, considering their physical and chemical properties, including the evaluation of any specific risks associated with its use
- C26 Perform common laboratory procedures and use instrumentation in synthetic and analytical work
- C27 Monitor, by observation and measurement of physical and chemical properties, events or changes, and document and record them in a consistent and reliable way
- C28 Interpret data derived from laboratory observations and measurements in terms of their significance and relate them to the appropriate theory
- D1 Communicate orally and in writing in at least one of the official languages of the University
- D3 Learn independently
- D4 Search and manage information from different sources
- D5 Use information and communication technologies and manage basic computer tools
- D6 Use mathematics, including error analysis, estimates of orders of magnitude, correct use of units and data representations
- D7 Apply theoretical knowledge in practice
- D8 Teamwork
- D9 Work independently
- D12 Plan and manage time properly
- D13 Make decisions
- D14 Analyze and synthesize information and draw conclusions
- D15 Evaluate critically and constructively the environment and oneself

Learning outcomes

Expected results from this subject

Training and Learning Results

C2 D3 C9 D4 D9 Choose the general method more adapted for the obtaining of the elements of the main groups C1 D1 from his present compounds in the nature. C2 D3 C9 D4 D9 Identify in each group of elements of the main groups those types of singular compounds and of C1 D1 particular importance by his structure or his reactivity. C2 D3 C9 D4 C12 D9 C12 D9 C14 Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 D1 his structure. C12 D3 C14 D4 C10 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 compounds with his applications. C9 D3 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 C3 C44 D4 C15 D9 C25 C47 D6 C48 D7 C48 D7 D8 D8 D9 D11 D15 D15 D15 D15 D15 D15 D15 D15 D15	Distinguish the different chemical behaviour of the elements of the main groups inside each group		D1
Choose the general method more adapted for the obtaining of the elements of the main groups C1 D1 from his present compounds in the nature. C2 D3 C9 D4 D9 Identify in each group of elements of the main groups those types of singular compounds and of C1 D1 particular importance by his structure or his reactivity. C2 D3 C9 D4 C12 D9 C14 C12 D9 C14 C14 D9 C14 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 C2 C2 C3 C2 C3 C3 C3 C4 C5			_
Choose the general method more adapted for the obtaining of the elements of the main groups from his present compounds in the nature. C2 D3 C9 D4 D9 Identify in each group of elements of the main groups those types of singular compounds and of C1 D1 particular importance by his structure or his reactivity. C9 D4 C12 D9 C14 Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 C14 Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C1 D3 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 compounds with his applications. C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 C3 D4 C14 D9 C23 C3 D4 C15 D4 C16 D5 C17 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C9	
from his present compounds in the nature. C2 D3 C9 D4 D9 Identify in each group of elements of the main groups those types of singular compounds and of C1 D1 particular importance by his structure or his reactivity. C2 D3 C9 D4 C12 D9 C14 Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 his structure. C12 D3 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 C27 D6 C28 D7 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D12 D13 D14		_	D9
Identify in each group of elements of the main groups those types of singular compounds and of C1 D1			
Identify in each group of elements of the main groups those types of singular compounds and of particular importance by his structure or his reactivity. C2 D3 C9 D4 C12 D9 C14 Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 D1 his structure. C12 D3 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 C3 C3 Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 D4 of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14	from his present compounds in the nature.		D3
Identify in each group of elements of the main groups those types of singular compounds and of particular importance by his structure or his reactivity. C2 D3 C9 D4 C12 D9 C14 Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 C20 D4 C21 D4 C21 D4 C21 D4 C21 D5 C23 Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 D4 C26 D5 C27 D6 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C9	D4
particular importance by his structure or his reactivity. C2 D3 C9 D4 C12 D9 C14 C14 Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 D1 his structure. C12 D3 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 compounds with his applications. C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 C23 C24 C15 D5 C27 C27 C28 C27 C28 C27 C28 C28 C28 C29 C28 C29			D9
C9 D4 C12 D9 C14 Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 D1 his structure. C12 D3 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 compounds with his applications. C9 D3 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 C33 C34 C15 D4 C16 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D12 D13 D14	Identify in each group of elements of the main groups those types of singular compounds and of	C1	D1
Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 D1 his structure. C12 D3 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 C23 C23 C23 C25 C25 C25 C25 C26	particular importance by his structure or his reactivity.	C2	D3
Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 D1 his structure. C12 D3 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 C20		C9	D4
Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and C9 D1 his structure. C12 D3 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 compounds with his applications. C9 D3 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C12	D9
his structure. C12 D3 C14 D4 C20 D9 C23 Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 compounds with his applications. C9 D3 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 Of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C14	
Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 compounds with his applications. C9 D3 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 D4 of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14	Deduce the physical properties of a compound from the type of link between his components and	C9	D1
Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 compounds with his applications. C9 D3 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 D4 of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14	his structure.	C12	D3
Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 compounds with his applications. C9 D3 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 C23 C23 C23 C25 D4 of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C14	D4
Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his C2 D1 C3 D3 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C20	D9
compounds with his applications. C9 D3 C12 D4 C14 D9 C23 Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 Of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C23	
Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 D4 of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14	Relate the physical and chemical properties of the elements of the main groups and of his	C2	D1
Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 D4 of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14	compounds with his applications.	C9	D3
Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 Of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 D5 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C12	D4
Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical properties C25 of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C14	D9
of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C23	
of elements of the main groups and of his compounds. C26 C27 D6 C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14	Carry out in the laboratory the preparation and the study of some physical and chemical propertie	s C25	D4
C28 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14	of elements of the main groups and of his compounds.	C26	D5
D8 D9 D12 D13 D14		C27	D6
D9 D12 D13 D14		C28	D7
D12 D13 D14			D8
D12 D13 D14			
D14			
			D13
D15			D14
D15			D15

Contents	
Topic	
1. Hydrogen	Obtaining. Physical and chemical properties. Hydrides: classification and general study of the same. The water.
2. The Nobel gases	General characteristics. Properties and uses. Fluorides of xenon. Combinations of xenon with oxygen.
3. The Halogens	General characteristics. Obtaining, properties and reactivity. Halides. Oxides, oxoácidos and oxosales. Compound interhalógenos and ions polihalogenuro. Pseudohalógenos. Fluorocarbonos.
4. Elements of the group 16	General characteristics. Specific study of the oxygen. Obtaining, properties and reactivity. Peroxide of hydrogen. Sulphur. Obtaining, properties and reactivity. Combinations hydrogenated and halogenadas of the sulphur. Oxides, oxoácidos and oxosales of sulphur.
5. Elements of the group 15	General characteristics. Obtaining, properties and reactivity. Combinations hydrogenated and halogenadas. Oxides, oxoácidos and oxosales of nitrogen and phosphorus. Arsenic and bismuth.
6. Elements of the group 14	General characteristics. Carbon. Obtaining, properties and reactivity. Oxides and carbonates. Carbides. Combinations halogenadas and nitrogenous. Silicon, germanium, tin and lead. Obtaining, properties and reactivity. Hydrides and halides. Oxides. Silicates. Silicones.
7. Elements of the group 13	General characteristics. Boron. Obtaining, properties and reactivity. Hydrides and halides. Composed with nitrogen. Oxides, oxoácidos and oxosales. Aluminium. Obtaining, properties and reactivity. Chemistry in aqueous dissolution of the ion aluminium. Hydrides, halides and oxides. Compounds more important of gallium, Indian and talio.
8. Elements of the group 1	Physical and chemical properties. Reactivity. Obtaining. Compounds more important.
9. Elements of the group 2	Physical and chemical properties. Reactivity. Obtaining. Compounds more important.
Practice 1-2	Study of the chemical properties of the oxides.
Practice 3-4	Obtaining and chemical behaviour of the halogens.
Practice 5-6	Obtaining and reactivity of compounds of the group 16.
Practice 7-8	Obtaining and reactivity of compounds of the group 15.

Practice 9	Obtaining and reactivity of compounds of the group 14.
Practice 10-11	Obtaining and reactivity of compounds of the group 13.
Practice 12	Practice to determine

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	26	15	41
Problem solving	26	23	49
Laboratory practical	42	6	48
Essay questions exam	4	70	74
Laboratory practice	3	10	13

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Exhibition by part of the professor on the subject to develop, doing special emphasis in the most important appearances or of difficult understanding for the student. The professor to will use the platform Tem@ to give information on the matter or on his development.
Problem solving	They will devote two weekly hours to argue and resolve questions on the matter that previously the student will have to work.
Laboratory practical	The experiments will realise along 12 sessions of 3,5 hours each one. The student will have of the scripts of practices as well as of the material of support in the platform tem@ with the end that it can have previous knowledge of the experiments to realise. The student will have to elaborate the fascicle of laboratory during the realisation of the practices.

Personalized assistance	
Methodologies	Description
Problem solving	

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification	Lea	ng and rning sults
Problem solving	It will value the resolution by part of the student of a series of problems and/or exercises proposed in the time/condition established by the professor. The punctuation will be considered if in each one of the eliminatory proofs reaches an equal or upper qualification to 5 points on 10.	15	C1 C2 C9 C12 C14 C23	D1 D3 D4 D6 D7 D9 D13
Laboratory practical	It is compulsory the assistance to the sessions of laboratory. The professor will realise a follow-up of the experimental work realised by the student in the sessions of laboratory, as well as of the fascicle elaborated (10%). It will realise a proof that will allow to evaluate the competitions and skills purchased by the student (15%). The punctuation will be considered if in each one of the eliminatory proofs reaches an equal or upper qualification to 5 points on 10.	25	C25 C26 C27 C28	D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Essay questions exam	2 Proofs on concrete appearances of the contents explained in class and seminars. Each proof will be able to be eliminatory when the student reach a minimum qualification of 5 points on 10. To be able to approve the matter, the student will have to reach in each one of the eliminatory proofs a minimum qualification of 5 points on 10.	60	C1 C2 C9 C12 C14 C20	D1 D6 D7

The assistance to the theoretical classes, practices of laboratory and seminars is compulsory. The participation of the student in any of the acts of evaluation of the matter will involve the condition of presented and, therefore, the allocation of a qualification. They consider acts of evaluation the assistance to the practical classes of laboratory (three or more) and the realisation of proofs. The students will be able to realise a Final Proof, that will be able to have a value of until a 60 %, in the

date of closing of evaluation of the announcement of May-June when they require: - Surpass any of the eliminatory proofs. - Go up the note of the eliminatory proofs that allow him reach the minima required to approve the matter. - Go up the note in the eliminatory proofs to improve the final note of the matter.

Announcement of Julio. The students that do not surpass the matter at the end of the cuatrimestre will have to do a proof written in the period of closing of evaluation of the announcement of July. Said proof will substitute the results of the eliminatory proofs realised along the cuatrimestre and will have a value of until a 60 %. The qualification of resolution of problems and practical of laboratory obtained to along the cuatrimestre keeps .

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

RAYNER-CANHAM, G., Química Inorgánica Descriptiva, 2.ª Ed,

SHRIVER & ATKINS, Química Inorgánica, 4º ed.,

Complementary Bibliography

ATKINS, P.; OVERTON, T.; ROURKE, I.; WELLER, M. YARMSTRONG, F., Inorganic Chemistry, Fifth Edition,

HOUSE, J. E., Inorganic Chemistry, 2ª Ed,

HOUSECROFT, C.E. Y SHARPE, A. G., Inorganic Chemistry, 3ª Ed,

HOUSECROFT, C. E.; A. G. SHARPE., Química Inorgánica, 2.ª Ed (español),

RAYNER CANHAM, G., OVERTON, T., Descriptive Inorganic Chemistry, 6ª Ed,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

IT tools and communication in chemistry/V11G200V01401 Numerical methods in chemistry/V11G200V01402 Physical chemistry II/V11G200V01403