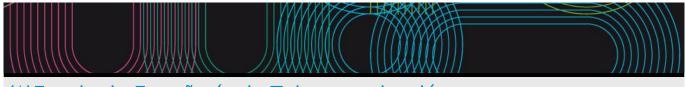
Universida_{de}Vigo

Educational guide 2019 / 2020



(*)Escola de Enxeñaría de Telecomunicación

(*)Páxina web

(*)

www.teleco.uvigo.es

(*)Presentación

(*)

A Escola Enxeñaría de Telecomunicación oferta para o curso académico 2017-18 un grao e dous másteres totalmente adaptados ao Espacio Europeo de Educación Superior, verificados pola ANECA axustándose á Orde Ministerial CIN/352/2009. A continuación indicanse os enlaces de acceso aos dípticos informativos dos tres títulos.

Grao en Enxeñaría de Tecnoloxías de Telecomunicación

http://teleco.uvigo.es/images/stories/documentos/gett/diptico-uvigo-eet-grao-gal.pdf

www: http://teleco.uvigo.es/index.php/es/estudios/gett

Máster en Enxeñaría de Telecomunicación

http://teleco.uvigo.es/images/stories/documentos/met/diptico-uvigo-eet-master-gal.pdf

www: http://teleco.uvigo.es/index.php/es/estudios/mit

Máster Interuniversitario en Matemática Industrial

http://teleco.uvigo.es/images/stories/documentos/promocion/M2i_Presentacion.pdf

www: http://m2i.es

(*)Equipo directivo

(*)

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COORDINACIÓN DO MESTRADO INTERUNIVERSITARIO EN MATEMÁTICA INDUSTRIAL

Coordinador Xeral: José Durany Castrillo (durany@dma.uvigo.es)

(*)Máster Universitario en Ciberseguridade

Subjects					
Year 1st	Year 1st				
Code	Name	Quadmester	Total Cr.		
V05M175V01101	Management of Information Security	1st	6		
V05M175V01102	Information Security	1st	6		
V05M175V01103	Secure Communications	1st	6		
V05M175V01104	Applications Security	1st	6		
V05M175V01105	Secure Networks	1st	6		
V05M175V01201	Principles and Law in Cybersecurity	2nd	3		
V05M175V01202	Hardening of Operating Systems	2nd	5		
V05M175V01203	Intrusion tests	2nd	5		
V05M175V01204	Malware Analysis	2nd	5		
V05M175V01205	Security as a Business	2nd	3		
V05M175V01206	Security in Mobile Devices	2nd	3		
V05M175V01207	Forensic Analysis	2nd	3		
V05M175V01208	Ubiquituous Security	2nd	3		
V05M175V01209	Cybersecurity in Industrial Enviromments	2nd	3		
V05M175V01210	Cybersecurity Incident Management	2nd	3		

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA				
Managemei	nt of Information Security				
Subject	Management of				
	Information				
	Security				
Code	V05M175V01101				
Study	(*)Máster				
programme	Universitario en				
	Ciberseguridade				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester	
	6	Mandatory	1st	1st	
Teaching	Spanish	,	'		
language	Galician				
Department		,	·		
Coordinator	Caeiro Rodríguez, Manuel				
Lecturers	Caeiro Rodríguez, Manuel				
	Dafonte Vázquez, José Carlos				
	Fernández Vilas, Ana				
E-mail	mcaeiro@det.uvigo.es				
Web	http://faitic.uvigo.es				
General	This subject introduces the fundamental concepts related to the management of information security (e.g.				
description	vulnerability, threat, risk). It is devoted to the study of the methodologies, tools and specifications that deal				
	with risk analysis and the development of information	security manage	ment systems.		

- A2 Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization.
- A3 Students will be able to integrate diverse knowledge areas, and address the complexity of making statements on the basis of information which, notwithstanding incomplete or limited, may include thoughts about the ethical and social responsibilities entailed to the application of their professional capabilities and judgements.
- B1 To have skills for analysis and synthesis. To have ability to project, model, calculate and design solutions in the area of information, network or system security in every application area.
- B2 Ability for problem-solving. Ability to solve, using the acquired knowledge, specific problems in the technical field of information, network or system security.
- C5 To design, deploy and operate a security management information system based on a referenced methodology.
- C7 To demonstrate ability for doing the security audit of systems, equipment, the risk analysis related to security weaknesses, and for developing de procedures for certification of secure systems.
- C13 Ability for analysing, detecting and eliminating software vulnerabilities and malware capable to exploit those in systems or networks.
- D4 Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society.
- D5 Ability for oral and written communication in English.

Learning outcomes	
Expected results from this subject	Training and
	Learning Results
To know the fundamental concepts related to Information Security Management: vulnerability, threat, risk	x, A2
countermeasure, security policy, security plan	A3
	D4
	D5
To know the different Information Security Management methodologies, commonly accepted	B1
	B2
	C5
	D5
To know the proper tools to carry out tasks related to risk analysis and security audit, as well as knowing	B1
which are the most appropriate for each environment	B2
	C7
	C13
	D5

Contents	
Topic	

Foundations	Basic concepts: confidentiality, integrity, availability, threat, risk, etc.
	Legal framework of cybersecurity
	Standardization: standards and specifications
	Security operations centers
Risk analysis, management and certification	ISO 27005 and ISO 31000
	Methodologies and risk analysis tools
	National Security Strategy
Information Security Management Systems	ISO27000, 27001 and 27002
	National Scheme of Evaluation and Certification of Information
	Technologies
	Classification of information
	Training and awareness
Business impact	Cybersecurity roles
	Typical sequence of an attack
	Resilience
	Business continuity management
	Contingency plan
Security audit	Control objectives
	Frameworks and standards for the audit
	Audit of personal data security
	Delegate of data protection

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	19.5	39	58.5
Laboratory practical	18	57	75
Objective questions exam	1.5	3	4.5
Case studies	3	9	12

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Presentation by the faculty of the subject syllabus. This methodology will be used to work on competencies: CE5, CE7, CE13, CT4 and CT5.
Laboratory practical	In the lab, guided practices will be developed and practical case studies will be presented. This methodology will be used to work on competencies CB2, CB3, CG1, CG2, CE5, CE7, CE13 and CT5.

Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description		
Lecturing	The teaching staff of the subject will provide individual and personalized attention to the students during the course, solving their doubts and questions. The doubts will be answered in person or online (during the master's own session, or during the schedule established for the tutorials). The tutoring schedule will be established at the beginning of the course and will be published on the webpage of the subject.		
Laboratory practical	The teachers of the subject will provide individual and personalized attention to the students during the course, solving their doubts and questions. Likewise, the faculty will guide the students during the realization of the tasks assigned to them in the laboratory practices. The doubts will be answered in person (during the internships, or during the scheduled time for tutorials). The tutoring schedule will be established at the beginning of the course and will be published on the website of the subject.		

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification	Trainir	ng and Le Results	-
Objective questions exam	Exam of theoretical knowledge and practical development	70	B1 B2	C5 C7 C13	D4 D5
Case studies	Exercises of practical cases on the risk analysis and the realization of security plans		\2 \3	C5 C7 C13	D5

Other comments on the Evaluation

Students can decide to be evaluated according to a continuous evaluation model or a single evaluation model. All students who submit the report of the first case study are opting for continuous assessment. Once the students choose the

continuous assessment model, their grade can never be "Not Submitted".

The grade will be the result of applying the weighted average between results: (i) written exam (70%), and (ii) case studies (30%).

Written exam: will take place on the dates published in the official calendar.

Practical part:

- 1- Continuous evaluation model. A report 2 practical cases that will be delivered in the weeks indicated in the document that will be provided to the students on the first day of class. This is a group-based activity. All the students of the same group will receive the same mark.
- 2- Single evaluation model. Delivery of the two case studies reports on the same date of the written exam published in the official calendar.

In the second-chance assessment, students will be evaluated using the single evaluation modality.

If plagiarism is detected in any of the assessment tests, the final grade of the subject will be "Suspenso (0)", a fact that will be communicated to the school's management to adopt the appropriate measures.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Campbell, Tony, Practical Information Security Management: A Complete Guide to Planning and Implementation, Apress, 2016

UNE-EN ISO, Protección y seguridad de los ciudadanos. Sistema de Gestión de la Continuidad del Negocio. Especificaciones. (ISO 22301:2012)., AENOR, 2015

UNE-EN ISO, Protección y seguridad de los ciudadanos. Sistema de Gestión de la Continuidad del Negocio. Directrices. (ISO 22313:2012)., AENOR, 2015

UNE-EN ISO, Tecnología de la información. Técnicas de seguridad. Sistemas de Gestión de la Seguridad de la Información. Requisitos. (ISO/IEC 27001:2013 incluyendo Cor 1:2014 y Cor 2:2015), AENOR, 2017

UNE-EN ISO, Tecnología de la Información. Técnicas de seguridad. Código de prácticas para los controles de seguridad de la información. (ISO/IEC 27002:2013 incluyendo Cor 1:2014 y Cor 2:2015)., AENOR, 2017

ISO/IEC, Information technology -- Security techniques -- Information security management systems -- Overview and vocabulary (ISO/IEC 27000:2018), ISO/IEC, 2018

ISO/IEC, Information technology -- Security techniques -- Information security management systems -- Guidance (ISO/IEC 27003:2017), ISO/IEC, 2017

ISO/IEC, Information technology -- Security techniques -- Information security management -- Monitoring, measurement, analysis and evaluation (ISO/IEC 27004:2016), ISO/IEC, 2016

ISO/IEC, Information technology -- Security techniques -- Information security risk management (ISO/IEC 27005:2011), ISO/IEC, 2011

Complementary Bibliography

Gómez Fernández, Luis y Fernández Rivero, Pedro Pablo, **Como implantar un SGSI según UNE-ISI/IEC 27001:2014 y su aplicación en el ENS**, AENOR, 2015

Fernández Sánchez, Carlos Manuel y Piatiini Velthuis, Mario, **Modelo para el gobierno de las TIC basado en las normas ISO**, AENOR, 2012

ISO, Risk management -- Principles and guidelines (ISO/IEC 31000:2009), ISO, 2009

Alan Calder Steve Watkins, **IT Governance: An International Guide to Data Security and ISO27001/ISO27002**, 5, Kogan Page, 2012

Alan Calder, **Nine Steps to Success - North American edition: An ISO 27001:2013 Implementation Overview**, 1, IT Governance Publishing, 2017

Edward Humphreys, Implementing the ISO / IEC 27001 ISMS Standard, 2, Artech House, 2016

Recommendations

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Information	ı Security			
Subject	Information			
	Security			
Code	V05M175V01102			
Study	(*)Máster			
programme	Universitario en			
	Ciberseguridade			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	1st	1st
Teaching	English			
language				
Department				
Coordinator	Fernández Veiga, Manuel			
Lecturers	Fernández Veiga, Manuel			
	Gestal Pose, Marcos			
	Pérez González, Fernando			
E-mail	mveiga@det.uvigo.es			
Web	http://faitic.uvigo.es			
General	This course covers the fields of cryptography and cryptanalysis, generation of pseudorandom numbers and			
description	functions, message integrity, authenticated			acy and anonymity in
	information systems, secure computations,	steganography and watern	narking.	

- A2 Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization.
- A5 Students will apprehend the learning skills enabling them to study in a style that will be self-driven and autonomous to a large extent.
- C1 To know, to understand and to apply the tools of cryptography and cryptanalysis, the tools of integrity, digital identity and the protocols for secure communications.
- C4 To understand and to apply the methods and tools of cybersecurity to protect data and computers, communication networks, databases, computer programs and information services.
- C10 Knowledge of the mathematical foundations of cryptography. Ability to understand their evolution and future developments.

Learning outcomes		
Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results	
Understand the theoretical basis of encryption: Shannon ciphers, perfect security, semantic security,	C1	
information-theoretic security	C10	
To know and be able to use stream ciphers	C1	
	C4	
	C10	
To know and be able to apply block ciphering tools, pseudorandom functions and the DES and AES	C1	
ciphering standards	C4	
	C10	
Knowledge about the construction, use and properties of hash functions, universal hashing and collision	C1	
resistant hashing. Knowledge about message authentication codes. Case studies	C4	
	C10 C1	
Knowledge about public key cryptography and PK cryptographic schemes: RSA, ElGamal, Diffie-Hellman.		
Knowledge about digital signatures. Semantic security of public key cryptography	C4	
	C10	
To know the basics of advanced cryptography: cryptography on elliptic curves. Lattice-based cryptograph	nyA2	
	A5	
	C1	
	C4	
	C10	
To know and be able to use identification protocols, key interchange protocols and interactive	A5	
communication protocols	C1	
	C4	
	C10	
To understand and have the ability to apply the basic techniques for steganography, watermarking and	A5	
digital forensics	C1	
	C4	
	C10	

To know, understand and be able to use techniques for data anonymization	A2	
	A5	
	C1	
	C4	
	C10	
To know and understand the basic principles of distributed secure computation	A2	
	A5	
	C1	
	C4	
	C10	

Contents	
Topic	
1. Encryption	Shannon ciphers. Perfect security. Semantic security. Information-theoretic security: the wiretap channel
2. Stream ciphers	Pseudorandom generators. Composition of PRGs. Security. Attacks. Case studies
3. Block ciphers	Block ciphers. Security. DES & AES. Pseudorandom functions. Construction of PRFs and block ciphers
4. Message integrity	Authentication codes. Message integrity. Definition of security. Keyed MACs. PRFs and MAC. Hashing, hash functions. Universal hashing. Collision resistant hashing. Case studies
5. Authenticated encryption	Definition. Composition. Attacks, examples and case studies
6. Public key cryptography	Definition. Semantic security. One-way trapdoor functions. RSA, ElGamal, McEliece crypto systems. Diffie-Hellman key agreement. Digital signatures. Case studies
7. Advanced cryptography	Elliptic curve cryptography. Lattice-based cryptography. RLWE. Quantum-resistant cryptography. Homomorphic encryption
8. Identification protocols	Definitions. Passwords. Challenge-response. sigma-protocols. Okamoto and Schnorr protocols
9. Anonymization	Definitions. t-integrity and anonymity. Divergence. Analysis
10. Data hiding and steganography	Definitions. Spread-spectrum watermarking. Dirty paper coding. Digital forensics.
11. Secure computation	Computable functions. Fundamental limits. Two-way secure computation. Multiparty secure computation. Interactive communications. Homomorphic computations. Applications

Planning				
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours	
Problem solving	0	24	24	
Laboratory practical	18	36	54	
Lecturing	17	51	68	
Essay questions exam	2	0	2	
Problem and/or exercise solving	1	0	1	
Project	1	0	1	

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Description
Problem solving	Students are supposed to solve problems and exercises about the curse contents. Written homework, with review and grading.
	This methodology develops the competences CB2, CB4, CB5, CE1, CE44, CE10 and CT5.
Laboratory practical	Students are expected to work in the computer laboratory doing small programs on ciphering, and a programming assignment on ciphering, authentication, anonymity or digital forensics. The programming assignment will be supervised by the instructors.
	This methodology develops the competences CB2, CB4, CB5, CE1, CE44, CE10 and CT4.
Lecturing	Lectures on the topics included in the course: definitions, concepts, main results, properties and applications.
	This methodology develops the competences CB2, CB4, CB5, CE1, CE44, CE10 and CT5.

Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	Individual office hours will be offered to the students who need guidance in the study, or further explanations on the course contents, clarification on the solutions to problems, etc.
Problem solving	Individual office hours will be offered to answer the questions about problems and exercises assigned to the students
Laboratory practical	Individual assistance will be given to the students who request guidance on the programming assignments or computer lab practice

Assessment			
	Description	Qualification	Training and
			Learning Results
Essay questions	Written exam. Questions, problems or exercises about the contents	50 A	A2 C1
exam	covered in the course	A	45 C4
			C10
Problem and/or	2-3 homework problem sets, to be worked out individually. Written	20 A	A2 C1
exercise solving	submission	A	45 C4
_			C10
Project	Design and development of a programming assignment. Functional	30 A	A2 C1
•	and performance tests will be run	A	45 C4
	·		C10

Other comments on the Evaluation

The student must choose between two alternative, mutually exclusive assessment method: continuous assessment or eventual assessment.

The continuous evaluation option consists in a final written exam (50% of the qualification), the completion of programming assignments (30% of the qualification) and homework (20%). These assignments will be due the last working day preceding the start of the examination period. The eventual assessment option consists in a final written exam (60% of the qualification) and in the completion of assignments (40% of the qualification). The assignments will be due the last working day preceding the start of the examination period. The examinations of the continuous and the eventual assessment options may not be equal.

The students can declare their preferred assessment type until the date of the written examination.

The students who fail the course will be given a second opportunity at the end of the academic year to do so. Their academic achievements will be re-evaluated, both with a written exam (theoretical knowledge) and a review of their engineering project looking for improvement or changes. The weights are the same they were committed to, according to their choice.

Any assigned grade will only be valid during the academic year where it is awarded.

Sources of information
Basic Bibliography
D. Boneh, V. Shoup, A graduate course in applied cryptography , http://toc.cryptobook.us, 2018
Complementary Bibliography
O. Goldreich, Foundation of cryptography, vol. I , Cambridge University Press, 2007
O. Goldreich, Foundation of cryptography, vol. ii, Cambridge University Press, 2009
J. Katz, Y. Lindell, Introduction to modern cryptography, 2, CRC Press, 2015
A. Menezes, P. van Oorschot, S. Vanstone., Handbook of applied cryptography , CRC Press, 2001
C. Dwork, A. Roth, The algorithmic foundations of differential privacy , NOW Publishers, 2014
W. Mazurczyk, S. Wenzel, S. Zander, A. Houmansadr, K. Szczypiorski, Information hiding in communications networks:
Fundamentals, mechanisms, applications, and countermeasures, Wiley, 2016
I. Cox, M. Miller, J. Bloom, J. Fridrich, T. Kolker, Digital watermarking and steganography , 2, Morgan Kaufmann, 2008
A. El-Gamal, Y. Kim, Network Information Theory , Cambridge University Press, 2011

Recommendations

Other comments

The course is given in English. Ability for mathematical reasoning is highly recommended.

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Secure Con	nmunications			
Subject	Secure			
	Communications			
Code	V05M175V01103			
Study	(*)Máster			
programme	Universitario en			
	Ciberseguridade			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	1st	1st
Teaching	Spanish			
language				
Department				
Coordinator	Rodríguez Rubio, Raúl Fernando			
Lecturers	Fernández Iglesias, Diego			
	Rodríguez Pérez, Miguel			
	Rodríguez Rubio, Raúl Fernando			
E-mail	rrubio@det.uvigo.es			
Web				
General	This subject reviews the layers of the Internet commu	nications archite	cture, showing i	ts main weaknesses from
description	a security point of view and providing the necessary to			
	acquire a detailed understanding of the network proto	cols that provide	security for the	e transmission of
	information, and the implications derived from the pla	ce they occupy v	vithin the netwo	orking architecture.
		-		

- A2 Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization.
- A4 Students will learn to communicate their conclusions --- and the hypotheses and ultimate reasoning in their support--- to expert and non-expert audiences in a clear and unambiguous way.
- A5 Students will apprehend the learning skills enabling them to study in a style that will be self-driven and autonomous to a large extent.
- B1 To have skills for analysis and synthesis. To have ability to project, model, calculate and design solutions in the area of information, network or system security in every application area.
- B3 Capacity for critical thinking and critical evaluation of any system designed for protecting information, any information security system, any system for network security or system for secure communications.
- B5 Students will have ability to apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations, within the scope of infrastructures, equipment or specific application domains, and designed for precise operating requirements
- C1 To know, to understand and to apply the tools of cryptography and cryptanalysis, the tools of integrity, digital identity and the protocols for secure communications.
- C2 Deep knowledge of cyberattack and cyberdefense techniques.
- C4 To understand and to apply the methods and tools of cybersecurity to protect data and computers, communication networks, databases, computer programs and information services.
- C8 Skills for conceive, design, deploy and operate cybersecurity systems.
- Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society.
- D5 Ability for oral and written communication in English.

Learning outcomes	
Expected results from this subject	Training and
	Learning Results
To know in depth the network protocols that provide security to the transmission of information, and the	A5
implications derived from the place they occupy within the networking architecture	B1
	C1
	D4
	D5
To understand that other protocols, being auxiliary (not related to the world of security), present	A5
exploitable vulnerabilities; and will be able to describe the most common attacks that try to take	C4
advantage of them, and some possible countermeasures	D4
	D5

Knowing which solution / protocol is appropriate to ensure a specific scene	A5
	B1
	B3
	B5
	C1
	C2
	C4
	D4
	D5
To know the solutions providing security to certain network services and/or universally used applications	A5
	C2
	C8
	D4
	D5
To be able to configure the tools (software packages) that the different operating systems / platforms	A2
provide to secure communications.	A5
	B5
	D4
	D5
To acquire the ability to write technical reports justifying the suitability of a cybersecurity solution for a	A4
given problem or scene	B1
	B3

Contents		
Topic		
Internet architecture and protocols	Fundamental concepts	
Link level security	Wired security/Ethernet networks:	
	Access control and port-based authentication	
	Confidentiality in Ethernet networks	
	Wireless Security/WiFi networks:	
	IEEE 802.11i	
	IEEE 802.11w	
	Passpoint / HotSpot2.0	
Network level security	IPsec security protocols	
	IPsec dynamic key management	
	IPsec authentication mechanisms	
	IPsec and NAT	
Securing Internet infrastructure	Routing protocols security	
	DNS security	
	TCP security	
Data transmission security	The TLS protocol	
	Cryptographic suites	
	WebPKI infrastructure	
	Certificate validation	
	HTTP Public Key Pinning	
Mobile networks security	LTE system architecture	
	Association and authentication of the user/terminal	
	Privacy	

Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
21	21	42
19	19	38
0	58	58
2	0	2
0	10	10
	Class hours 21 19 0 2 0 2	classroom 21 21 19 19 0 58 2 0

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Master sessions follow the usual scheme for this type of teaching. In these sessions the CG3, CE1, CE2, CE4, CE8 competences are worked out

Laboratory practical	There will be several practical sessions guided by the teachers where the concepts learned in the theoretical classes will get entrenched. Such practices, will use network devices (routers and switches) and / or virtualization software that will allow students to learn and practice at home. The practices to be considered will be sized to be approachable during their respective classroom sessions; although any student that needs so will be able to reproduce them at home with free virtualization software that will allow them to virtualize the behaviour of the network hardware used in the laboratory. Optional exercises may also be proposed, which students can do during non-attendance hours, and may review individually during office hours. Students will acquire competencies CB2, CB4, CG1, CG3, CG5, CE1, CE4, CE8
Autonomous practices through ICT	Beyond the guided practices, the student will have to deploy / configure / implement some specific solutions, for certain scenarios, in an autonomous way. In these activities CB2, CB4, CB5, CG1, CG3, CG5, CE1, CE4, CE8 are worked out.

Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description		
Lecturing	During the office hours teachers will provide personalized attention to strengthen or guide students in the understanding of the theoretical concepts explained in the lectures or practical demonstration sessions; and to correct or reorient the small optional practical works derived from said laboratory classes.		
Laboratory practical	This activity is interactive by definition, so it is expected that questions will flow naturally between teachers and students, and may involve other students in the answers.		
Autonomous practices through ICT	Although the autonomous work is targeted to make students solve situations / challenges to be found in real systems on their own, during office hours, teachers will guide them by questioning the chosen solutions or suggesting alternative paths.		

Assessment			
	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Laboratory practical	They will be qualified as apt / unfit. Students will pass them if they attend all sessions of this type. If for some reason they miss any, they must do some complementary practical that teachers will establish. In some of the sessions / activities the student may be asked for an additional autonomous work (and its associated report) that will be quantitatively evaluated within the more general element called "Autonomous practices through ICT".	0	A2 B5 C4 D4 A4 C8 D5 A5
Autonomous practices through ICT	Students must perform, in presence of the teachers, a practical demonstration hishowing the resolution of the different technical challenges posed, and face questions about the adopted solutions and their degree of completeness. This defense/interview will take place, in a general way, after the delivery deadline of the last ordered task, and before the beginning of the official exams period in the corresponding call, and its definite date will be agreed on time between students and teachers. Every challenge or autonomous activity will require a written report, whose	40	A2 B5 C1 D4 A4 C4 D5 A5 C8
Essay questions exam	structure, composition and readability will affect final mark. A written exam will be carried out at the end of the semester, where the theoretical concepts taught in the lectures are evaluated, as well as the practical foundations derived from the classes / practical work carried out.	60	A4 C1 D4 C2 C4
Practices report	The student's autonomous work should be reported appropriately with pertinen docs whose evaluation will be part of the more general evaluation of the documented task.	t 0	A4 B1 D4 B3 D5

Other comments on the Evaluation

The evaluation of the subject can either follow a continuous assessment strategy (EC) or a single assessment one (EU). The students choose EC if they deliver the solution to the first challenge or autonomous work that they must attend during the course. The percentages expressed in the previous section only reflect the maximum mark obtainable in each type of test in the EC modality; and they are only indicative. The detailed evaluation form is expressed below:

For EC (first call), the final grade will be the weighted geometric mean between the autonomous work grade (TA, 40%) and the corresponding grade for the essay questions exam (E, 60%). The grade of TA will be the arithmetic mean of the marks obtained in each of the challenges / autonomous practical that students have to solve during the semester.

FINAL GRADE (EC) = $(TA ^ 0.4) \times (E ^ 0.6)$

If the laboratory practices assessment is unfit, the grade will be the minimum between the written test score (E) and 3. Students who choose EU must take a final exam consisting of three parts: a written test analogous to the continuous

assessment test (E), a proficiency test in the laboratory and one or more practical tasks (T). The final grade, in this case, is the weighted geometric mean between the theory grade (E, 80%) and practical work (T, 20%), with the condition that the aptitude test is passed. For any student that fails the aptitude test, the final grade will be the minimum between E and 3. FINAL GRADE (EU) = $(T \land 0.2) \times (E \land 0.8)$

Finally, for the second call (June / July), students will be able to continue with the evaluation mode that they had already chosen (keeping the mark of the part -E or TA / T- that they had passed), facing only the failed part - though with possible modifications in the specifications of the practical works; or they may choose to follow EU doing just a final exam as the one just described. The aptitude test will only be necessary if they did not attend all laboratory sessions.

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Recommendations

IDENTIFY	NG DATA				
Application	ns Security				
Subject	Applications Security				
Code	V05M175V01104				
Study	(*)Máster Universitario				
	en Ciberseguridade				
	ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6		Mandatory	1st	1st
Teaching	Spanish		- Tanaacory		
language	opae.				
Departmen	t				
	López Nores, Martín				
	Bellas Permuy, Fernando				
Lecturers	Bellas Permuy, Fernando				
	López Nores, Martín				
	Losada Pérez, José				
E-mail	mlnores@det.uvigo.es				
	fbellas@udc.es				
Web	http://guiadocente.udc.es/guia doce	ent/index.php?centre=6	614&ensenyament	:=614530&a:	ssignatura=614530005&an
	y_academic=2018_19&idioma_assig	g=cast	•		-
General	Developing secure applications is no	ot an easy task. Knowle	edge of the vulner	bilities that	usually affect applications,
description	the techniques of authentication, au				
	development life cycle, is essential				
	these aspects are studied in a pract	ical way, with special e	mphasis on the de	evelopment o	of web applications and
	services.				
Competer	icies				
Code					
Learning	outcomos				
	esults from this subject				Training and
Expected i	esuits from this subject				Learning Results
					<u> </u>
Contents					
Topic					
Planning					
		Class hours	Hours ou	tside the	Total hours
			classroor	n	
*The inforr	nation in the planning table is for gu	idance only and does	not take into acco	ount the hete	erogeneity of the students.
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Methodol	Description				
	Description				
Personali	zed assistance				
Assessme	nt				
Description	on Qualification		Training a	nd Learning	Results
Other con	nments on the Evaluation				
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Basic Bib					
Complem	entary Bibliography				
Recomme	ndations				

IDENTIFY	ING DATA				
Secure No					
Subject	Secure Networks				
Code	V05M175V01105				
Study	(*)Máster Universitario				
	en Ciberseguridade				
	ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
Descriptors	6		Mandatory	1st	1st
Taaching	Spanish		Manuatory	151	150
Teaching	Spanish				
language					
Departmen					
Coordinato	r Rodríguez Pérez, Miguel				
	Nóvoa de Manuel, Francisco Javie				
Lecturers	Nóvoa de Manuel, Francisco Javie	er			
	Rodríguez Pérez, Miguel				
	Rodríguez Rubio, Raúl Fernando				
E-mail	fjnovoa@udc.es				
	miguel@det.uvigo.gal				
Web	http://guiadocente.udc.es/guia_d y_academic=2018_19&idioma_as		4&ensenyamen	:=614530&a	ssignatura=614530006&an
General	(*)A materia Redes Seguras ten o	como obxectivo principal que	e os estudantes	aprendan a	deseñar e implementar
description	infraestruturas de rede capaces	de proporciona-los servizos o	de seguridade p	recisos nun d	contorno corporativo
·	moderno. Deberán coñecer as ar	quitecturas de seguridad de	referencia e se	ren quen de	configuralas en mantelas,
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Topic					
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		Class hours	Hours ou	tside the	Total hours
			classrooi	m	
*The inform	nation in the planning table is for	quidance only and does no			erogeneity of the students
1110 1111011	nation in the planning table is for	gardance only and does no	t take into acce	one the net	erogeneity of the students.
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IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Principles a	and Law in Cybersecurity			
Subject	Principles and Law			
	in Cybersecurity			
Code	V05M175V01201			
Study	(*)Máster			
programme	Universitario en			
	Ciberseguridade			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	3	Mandatory	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
	English			
Department				
Coordinator	Rodríguez Vázquez, Virgilio			
Lecturers	Faraldo Cabana, Patricia			
	Rodríguez Vázquez, Virgilio			
E-mail	virxilio@uvigo.es			
Web				
General	This subject will address the rules relating to cybe	rsecurity. A criminolo	ogical study of t	he main computing
description	crimes will be carried out. The central block consis	sts of a systematic re	eview of the reg	ulation of the computing
	crimes contained in the Spanish Criminal Code. Ar	nalysis will also be m	ade of the case	law existing in this
	subject.			

- A3 Students will be able to integrate diverse knowledge areas, and address the complexity of making statements on the basis of information which, notwithstanding incomplete or limited, may include thoughts about the ethical and social responsibilities entailed to the application of their professional capabilities and judgements.
- C3 Knowledge of the legal and technical standards used in cybersecurity, their implications in systems design, in the use of security tools and in the protection of information.
- C8 Skills for conceive, design, deploy and operate cybersecurity systems.
- D1 Ability to apprehend the meaning and implications of the gender perspective in the different areas of knowledge and in the professional exercise, with the aim of attaining a fairer and more egalitarian society.
- D5 Ability for oral and written communication in English.

Learning outcomes	
Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results
Students will be able to integrate diverse knowledge areas, and address the complexity of making statements on the basis of information which, notwithstanding incomplete or limited, may include thoughts about the ethical and social responsibilities entailed to the application of their professional capabilities and judgements.	A3
Knowledge of the legal and technical standards used in cybersecurity, their implications in systems design, in the use of security tools and in the protection of information.	C3
Skills for conceive, design, deploy and operate cybersecurity systems.	C8
Ability to apprehend the meaning and implications of the gender perspective in the different areas of knowledge and in the professional exercise, with the aim of attaining a fairer and more egalitarian society	D1 y.
Ability for oral and written communication in English.	D5

Contents	
Topic	
1. Introduction to the law on cybersecurity.	1.1. EU regulations.
Review of the rules on computer and risk management.	1.2. The Law of National Security: the strategy of national security and the diagram of national security.
	1.3. Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of 27 April 2016, General Data Protection
	Regulation. The Organic Law of Data Protection and the developmental
	Regulation.
	1.4. Computing crimes in the Criminal Code.
2. Criminological approach to computing.	2.1. Statistical sources: main national and international organisms, crimes.
	2.2. Analysis of the main reports on cybersecurity.
	2.3. Identification of the main technological resources used.

3. Cybersecurity breaches through criminal 3.1. Definition: computing crimes and cybercrime. conduct. 3.2. The use of ICT to commit crimes and when ICT is the goal of the crime. 3.3. The Spanish Criminal Code, LO 10/1995, of 23 November, European Directive 2013/40/UE of the European Parliament and of the Council, of 12 August 2013, on attacks against information systems, Agreement on cybersecurity or Agreement of Budapest, of the Council of Europe, of 23 November 2001. 4. The main crimes that affect cybersecurity. 4.1. Crimes of discovering and disclosing secrets (I). Frequent risks: ransomware and the theft of information. 4.2. Crimes of discovering and disclosing secrets (II). Access and interception. The access to files or computer, electronic or telematic media. Special attention to the manager of the files or media. The interception of transmissions of computing data. The use of malware (virus, spyware...). 4.3. Crimes of discovering and disclosing of secrets (III). Producing, purchasing, importing or facilitating programs to commit the crimes listed above, or computer passwords or access codes. 4.4. Crimes against privacy and an individual s right to their own image: the undue use of cookies. 4.5. Crimes against property (I). Scams committed via computer. Producing, possessing or facilitating computer programs used for this 4.6. Crimes against property (II). Fraud using a third-party telecommunication signal. Use of telecommunication terminal without the owner∏s consent. 4.7. Crimes against property (III). Damages to computing data, computing programs or electronic documents. Damages to computing systems. Damages to computing systems of a critical infrastructure (brief reference to the operators of critical infrastructure, to the operator security plans and to the of specific protection plans). Hindering or interrupting the functioning of a third-party computing system. Manufacturing, possessing or facilitating to third parties computing programs to be used for this purpose. Special reference to the criminal liability of legal persons. 4.8. Crimes against intellectual and industrial property. Through the provision of information society services or through an Internet access 4.9. Crimes relating to the market and to consumers. Discovering company secrets through the use of ICT. Intelligible access to a radio or television broadcast, to remote interactive services via electronic channels. 4.10. Crimes against public faith: electronic lies. 5. Crimes committed against persons using 5.1. Crimes against freedom. Threats using social networks or other ICT. communication techniques. Cyber stalking. 5.2. Crimes against the sexual freedom and indemnity. Child grooming and child pornography. 5.3. Crimes against intimacy and privacy. 5.4. Crimes against honour. Harming a person s digital reputation. 6. Cyberterrorism. 6.1. Concept. 6.2. Computing crimes carried out with the specific purpose of art. 573 of the Criminal Code. 6.3. Crime of collaborating with a terrorist group or organisation through the provision of technological services. 7. Crimes relating to national Defence and others. Brief approximation. 8. Analysis of Spanish caselaw in relation to 8.1. Special attention to the caselaw of the Supreme court. computing crimes. 8.2. Agreements of the non-jurisdictional plenary of the Second Chamber of the Supreme Court relating to computing crimes.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	13	32	45
Laboratory practical	5	22	27
Objective questions exam	2	0	2
Problem and/or exercise solving	1	0	1

computer criminality.

8.3. The Prosecution Service and the Prosecutor ∫s Office specialising in

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Presentation by the teacher of the contents of the subject under study, theoretical and / or guidelines for the work, exercise or project to be developed by the student.
Laboratory practical	Activities to apply knowledge to specific situations and basic skills acquisition and procedures related to the matter to be studied. Special areas are developed with specialized equipment (scientific and technical laboratories, computer rooms, etc.).

Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description		
Lecturing	The students will have lectures as shown on the timetable published on the website for the Master\[\]s Degree.		
Laboratory practica	I The students will have practical classes as shown on the timetable published on the website for the Master s Degree.		

Assessme	nt		
	Description	Qualificat	ion Training and Learning Results
Objective questions exam	The continuous assessment system will consist of three written examinations first two will focus on partial objective tests(objective questions exam, multiple choice, referred to in this part of the Guide), and the third, will focus on "problem solving" (referred to in the following part of the guide). The multiple choice [objective questions] exam: - will be held throughout the course, during the lecture timetable The timetable for the different intermediate assessment tests will be approved by the Comisión Académica de Máster Interuniversitario (CAMI) and will be available at the beginning of each academic term. - each examination will comprise the part of the program that is indicated at the start of the term by the subject coordinator. - they will consist of a multiple choice test, with 0 to 2.5 points for each of them. Correct answers will be worth 0.1 and 0.05 will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Answers left blank will not score anything. - Both exams together will be worth 50% of the final mark, with the remaining 50% corresponding to the [problem solving] (described in the following section). To pass the subject under the continuous assessment system the mark from the three exams, based on the weighting above, needs to be equal to or greater than 5. Those who attend the first partial test (the first multiple choice objective questions exam), thereby expressing their interest in being included in the continuous assessment system, will be assessed according to the criteria stated above and will not be entitled to be assessed by the final exam system that corresponds to 100% of the marks for the subject. Therefore, if a student takes the first partial exam, it is not possible to abandon the continuous assessment system. If a student takes the first partial exam and then does not take the next partial exam(s), they will score 0 points for this/these exam(s).		A3 C3 D1 C8

Problem and/or exercise solving

The continuous assessment system will consist of three written examinations: the first two will focus on partial objective tests (objective questions exam, multiple choice, referred to in the previous part of the guide exercise, and the third will focus on problem solving (referred to in this part of the guide).

50

A3 C3 D1 C8 D5

The examination corresponds to "problem solving":

- it will be held on the official date of the ordinary announcement of the final exam: first opportunity, according to the official schedule approved by the Academic Commission of the Master so Degree for the 2019-2020 academic year
- It will consist of solving one or several practical cases and will be marked with a score of 0 to 5 points
- The problems posed by the practical cases may affect the issues covered in the course syllabus.
- It will be worth 50% of the final mark, with the remaining 50% corresponding to the two multiple choice objective questions exams.

To pass the subject under the continuous assessment system, the mark from the three exams, based on the weighting above, needs to be equal to or greater than 5. Those who attend the first partial test (the first multiple choice objective questions exam), thereby expressing their interest in being included in the continuous assessment system, will be assessed according to the criteria stated above and will not be entitled to be assessed by the final exam system that corresponds to 100% of the marks for the subject. Therefore, if a student takes the first partial exam, it is not possible to abandon the continuous assessment system. If a student takes the first partial exam and then does not take the next partial exam(s), they will score 0 points for this/these exam(s).

Other comments on the Evaluation

1. FIRST OPPORTUNITY

a) CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT SYSTEM described in the sections above.

b) FINAL EXAM SYSTEM

For those who do not choose the continuous assessment system, the subject assessment will consist of a single final exam, on the date established in the official schedule approved by the Academic Commission of the Master Degree for the 2019-2020 academic year.

The exam will cover the whole syllabus and will be worth 100% of the mark for the subject. It will consist of two parts, a theory part and a practical part, which will both be worth 0 to 5 points each. The theory part will consist of a multiple choice test, in which correct answers will be worth twice as much as the points deduced for incorrect answers. Any answers left blank will not score anything. The practical part will consist of solving one or several practical cases. The final mark for the exam will be obtained by adding together the marks obtained in each of the parts. To pass the subject students must obtain a minimum of 5 points after adding the marks from both parts together.

2. SECOND OPPORTUNITY AND EXTRAORDINARY EXAM

The subject assessment will consist of a single final exam, on the date established in the official schedule approved by the Academic Commission of the Master\(\Pi\)s Degree for the 2019-2020 academic year.

The exam will cover the whole syllabus and will be worth 100% of the mark for the subject. It will consist of two parts, a theory part and a practical part, which will both be worth 0 to 5 points each. The theory part will consist of a multiple choice test, in which correct answers will be worth twice as much as the points deduced for incorrect answers. Any answers left blank will not score anything. The practical part will consist of solving one or several practical cases. The final mark for the exam will be obtained by adding together the marks obtained in each of the parts. To pass the subject students must obtain a minimum of 5 points after adding the marks from both parts together.

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Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Management of Information Security/V05M175V01101

IDENTIFY	ING DATA			
	g of Operating Systems			
Subject	Hardening of Operating			
	Systems			
Code	V05M175V01202			
Study	(*)Máster Universitario			
	e en Ciberseguridade			
Descriptors	s ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	5	Mandatory	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language				
Departmer				
Coordinato	r Lorenzo Veiga, Beatriz			
It	Yáñez Izquierdo, Antonio Fermín			
Lecturers	Lorenzo Veiga, Beatriz			
E-mail	Yáñez Izquierdo, Antonio Fermín			
E-IIIaII	antonio.yanez@udc.es b.lorenzo.es@ieee.org			
Web	http://guiadocente.udc.es/guia docent/index.php?cent	ro-61/18.encenvamen	t-61/5308.ac	signatura = 61.45300078.an
	y_academic=2018_19&idioma_assig=eng			
General	A newly installed Operating system is inherently insecu			
description	such things such as the age of the O.S., the amount of			
	already patched, and the use of default policies design			
	we refer to the act of configuring an operating system			
	minimize the risk of getting it compromised. This usual			
	and removing (or disabling) non-essential aplications a vulnerabilities and how to defend the O.S. against ther			
	considered.	ii. Dotti Olvix (iiilux) a	ila vviilaows ty	pe 0.3. Will be
	Considered			
Competer	ncios			
Code	licies			
code				-
	outcomes			Too below and
Expected	results from this subject			Training and
-				Learning Results
-				
Contents				
Topic				
Planning				
	Class hours	Hours or	ıtside the	Total hours
		classroo	m	
*The inforr	mation in the planning table is for guidance only and d	oes not take into acc	ount the heter	rogeneity of the students.
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Methodol	onies			
Methodol	Description			
-	Везеприон			
Personali	zed assistance			
			_	
Assessme				
Assessme Descripti	-	Training a	nd Learning F	Results
		Training a	nd Learning F	Results
Descripti	on Qualification	Training a	ind Learning F	Results
Descripti		Training a	ind Learning F	Results
Descripti Other cor	on Qualification nments on the Evaluation	Training a	nd Learning F	Results
Other cor	on Qualification mments on the Evaluation of information	Training a	and Learning F	Results
Other cor Sources of Basic Bib	on Qualification mments on the Evaluation of information liography	Training a	and Learning F	Results
Other cor Sources of Basic Bib	on Qualification mments on the Evaluation of information	Training a	and Learning F	Results
Other cor Sources of Basic Bib	on Qualification mments on the Evaluation of information liography entary Bibliography	Training a	and Learning F	Results

IDENTIFY	ING DATA				
Intrusion					
Subject	Intrusion tests				
Code	V05M175V01203				
Study	(*)Máster Universitario				
	en Ciberseguridade				
	ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
Descriptors	5			1st	2nd
Tasabina			Mandatory	151	2110
Teaching	Spanish				
language Departmen	+				
	r Costa Montenegro, Enrique				
Coordinato	Carballal Mato, Adrián				
Lasturara					
Lecturers	Carballal Mato, Adrián				
E	Costa Montenegro, Enrique				
E-mail	adrian.carballal@udc.es				
\\\ \ - -	kike@gti.uvigo.es		146	- 6145206	
Web	http://guiadocente.udc.es/guia_d		14&ensenyamen	t=614530&as	signatura=614530008&an
	y_academic=2018_19&idioma_a			-	.,
General	No hay una mejor forma de prob				
description	reproducir intentos de acceso de				
	determinada infraestructura. En				
	(pentesting) cubriendo las distint acceso hasta el borrado de huella		kpiotación (desde	ei reconocim	iento y el control de
	acceso nasta el borrado de nuello	dS)			
Competer	ncies				
Code					
Learning	outcomos				
	esults from this subject				Training and
Expected i	esuits from this subject				Training and Learning Results
					Learning Results
Contents					
Topic					
Planning					
. idiiiiiig		Class hours	Hours or	itside the	Total hours
		Class flours	classroo		Total flours
*The inferr	nation in the planning table is for	and done			re consitue of the students
*The Inform	nation in the planning table is for	guidance only and does	not take into acco	ount the nete	rogeneity of the students.
Methodol	ogies				
	Description				
Dawaanali	and analataway				
Personali	zed assistance				
Assessme	ent				
Description	on Qualification		Training a	nd Learning I	Results
	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			_	
Oth	nments on the Evaluation				
	iments on the Evaluation				
Otner con					
Other con					
Sources o	f information				
Sources o	f information iography				
Sources o	f information				
Sources of Basic Bibl Complem	f information liography entary Bibliography				
Sources o	f information liography entary Bibliography				

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA				
Malware An	alysis				
Subject	Malware Analysis				
Code	V05M175V01204	,			
Study	(*)Máster	,			
programme	Universitario en				
	Ciberseguridade				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester	
	5	Mandatory	1st	2nd	
Teaching	English	,			
language					
Department					
Coordinator	Burguillo Rial, Juan Carlos				
Lecturers	Burguillo Rial, Juan Carlos				
E-mail	jrial@uvigo.es				
Web	http://http://faitic.uvigo.es				
General description	Malware uses the systems and the communication networks to disseminate virus, hijack devices or steal confidential data. The aim of this subject is to provide the student the capability to analyze, detect and erase malware. To achieve that, we will explore and evaluate, practically and with case studies, the techniques used nowadays to hide malware, together with the new tendencies to detect it and eliminate it.				

- A1 To possess and understand the knowledge that provides the foundations and the opportunity to be original in the development and application of ideas, frequently in a research context.
- B1 To have skills for analysis and synthesis. To have ability to project, model, calculate and design solutions in the area of information, network or system security in every application area.
- C8 Skills for conceive, design, deploy and operate cybersecurity systems.
- C11 Ability to collect and interpret relevant data in the field of computer and communications security.
- C13 Ability for analysing, detecting and eliminating software vulnerabilities and malware capable to exploit those in systems or networks.
- D4 Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society.
- D5 Ability for oral and written communication in English.

Learning outcomes		
Expected results from this subject	Training and	
	Learning Results	
The student will learn to analyze, detect and erase malware in systems and networks.	B1	
	C11	
	C13	
	D5	
The student will learn to detect and fight against techniques used to hide and to provide persistence to	A1	
malware in systems and networks.	B1	
	C8	
	C11	
	C13	
	D5	
The student will analyze systems and networks to detect and correct vulnerabilities that can be used by	B1	
malware.	C8	
	C11	
	C13	
	D5	
The student will learn the malware nowadays trends and the experience obtained from relevant case	A1	
studies.	B1	
	D4	
	D5	

Contents	
Topic	
Introduction to malware analysis and	a) What is malware?
engineering.	b) How to detect and erase it?
	c) What is malware engineering?
Malware types and definitions.	a) Estructure.
	b) Components.
	c) Infection vectors.

Malware Engineering.	a) Propagation techniques.		
	b) Infection processes.		
	c) Malware persistence.		
	d) Hiding techniques.		
Reverse malware engineering.	a) How to analyze and infer malware behavior?		
	b) Understanding how new malware types work.		
Tools for malware analysis.	a) Tools for malware detection.		
	b) Tools for malware erasing.		

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Introductory activities	2	2	4
Lecturing	10	30	40
Laboratory practical	15	40	55
Discussion Forum	0	2	2
Case studies	5	4	9
Objective questions exam	2	4	6
Problem and/or exercise solving	3	6	9

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Introductory activities	We start doing a general introduction to the aims, the global contents of the subject and the expected outcomes. This activity will be performed individually.
Lecturing	We describe the different subject topics, giving the teaching material needed to follow them.
	Through this methodology the competencies CB1, CG1, CE8, CE11, CE13, CT4 and CT5 are developed. This activity will be performed individually.
Laboratory practical	Students must perform a set of practices in the lab to better understand the contents explained along the master lessons.
	Through this methodology the competencies CG1, CE8, CE11, CE13 and CT5 are developed. Some practices will be performed individually and others in groups (depending on the number of students).
Discussion Forum	Students must participate in the subject forum within TEMA at FAITIC.
	Through this methodology the competencies CE8, CE11, CE13 and CT5 are developed. This activity will be performed individually.
Case studies	Along master lessons students will present case studies about threads, security problems already known and nowadays technologies.
	Through this methodology the competencies CG1, CE11, CE13 and CT5 are developed. This activity can be performed individually or in groups of two people.

Methodologies	Description
Introductory activities	In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology. Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along the course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts, and for performing the tasks and activities to be evaluated.
Lecturing	In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology. Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along the course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts, and for performing the tasks and activities to be evaluated.
Case studies	In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology. Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along the course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts, and for performing the tasks and activities to be evaluated.

Laboratory practica	In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology. Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along the course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts, and for performing the tasks and activities to be evaluated.
Discussion Forum	In the practical formative activities and tutoring, the professors of the subject will offer personal guidance to each student in the tasks to be performed, with the aim to orient the approach and the methodology. Also they will offer coordination information with other contents and subjects of the study program. It is recommended to consult the doubts with the teachers along the course in order to improve the understanding of the basic concepts, and for performing the tasks and activities to be evaluated.

Assessment						
	Description	Qualification			ning a	
Laboratory practical	Students will perform a set of practices at the lab, where they work with the concepts studied along the master lessons.	45	A1	B1	C8 C11 C13	D5
Discussion Forum	Students must participate in the subject forum available at TEMA in FAITIC.	5	A1	В1	C11 C13	D4 D5
Case studies	Students will provide presentations about case studies, selected by them, in order to analyze nowadays threads.	15	_	В1	C11 C13	D5
Objective questions exam	Two evaluation tests will be performed along the subject for the partial contents provided in the subject. Tests will be filled individually and time limited	30 /	A1	B1	C11 C13	D5
Problem and/or exercise solving	Along master lessons, the teacher will ask questions to the students to test their knowledge level in the discussed topics.	5	A1		C11 C13	D5

Other comments on the Evaluation

The elements that are part of the evaluation of the subject are the following:

- **Questionnaires**: along the course the student will fill two questionnaires that will contribute 15% to the final mark (each one).
- **Presentation of case studies**: each student has to provide an original presentation, which contributes with a 15% to the final mark.
- **Laboratory practice**: each student will have to perform a set of practical tasks/quizzes in the laboratory that will contribute 45% to the final mark.
- **Class participation**: students will discuss in class about expositions done by the professor, and this contributes up to a 5% to the final mark.
- **Forum participation**: students should interact individually in the forum of the subject to achieve up to a 5% to the final mark. To achieve such percentage the student should provide at least two relevant contributions.

Therefore, we have:

Final Mark = Questionnaires (2*x15% = 30%) + Case Study Presentation (15%) + Lab. Tasks (45%) + Class participation (5%) + Forum (5%) = 100%.

The students need to pass the questionnaires and the practical task with at least 4 points over 10 to calculate the average final mark. If any of the marks is below 4, then the final mark will never be higher than 4 points over 10.

The schedule of the midterm/intermediate exams will be approved in the Comisión Académica de Grado (CAG) and will be available at the beginning of each academic semester.

Plagiarism is regarded as serious dishonest behavior. If any form of plagiarism is detected in any of the tests or exams, the final grade will be FAIL (0), and the incident will be reported to the corresponding academic authorities for prosecution.

Following the degree guidelines, the students that will follow this subject can choose between two possibilities: continuous assessment and final evaluation at the end of the semester.

Continuous assessment: the student follows the continuous assessment since the moment he/she fulfills the two questionnaires. From that moment we assume that he/she will participate in the subject, independently of the assistance to

the first call.

First Call: if the continuous evaluation is not performed, then the student will have to perform a final exam that substitutes the questionnaires done along the course, in addition to provide the practical tasks and the equivalent work to be done as part of the continuous assessment.

Second Call: the student will have to perform the part not passed previously.

The questionnaires and tasks, proposed and performed along the module, are only valid for the current course.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Michael Hale Ligh, Andrew Case, Jamie Levy, Aaron Walters, **The Art of Memory Forensics: Detecting Malware and Threats in Windows, Linux, and Mac Memory**, 1, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2014

Michael Sikorski / Andrew Honig, **Practical Malware Analysis**, 1, William Pollock, 2012

Complementary Bibliography

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Forensic Analysis/V05M175V01207 Hardening of Operating Systems/V05M175V01202 Security in Mobile Devices/V05M175V01206

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Applications Security/V05M175V01104

IDENTIFY	NG DATA				
Security a	s a Business				
Subject	Security as a Business				
Code	V05M175V01205				
Study	(*)Máster Universitario				
	e en Ciberseguridade				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
	3		Mandatory	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish		, ,		
language	•				
Departmen	t				
	r Fernández Vilas, Ana				
	Carneiro Díaz, Victor Manuel				
Lecturers	Carneiro Díaz, Victor Manuel				
	Fernández Vilas, Ana				
E-mail	victor.carneiro@udc.es				
	avilas@det.uvigo.es				
Web	http://guiadocente.udc.es/guia_docer y academic=2018 19&idioma assig=		614&ensenyamen	t=614530&a	ssignatura=614530010&an
General	(*)Seguridade como negocio aborda a	as competencias nece	esarias para comp	ender o func	ionamento dun Security
description	Operation Centre (SOC), desde o pun				
	infraestrutura, organización, operació				
	servizos asociados a un SOC. Estudar		ornas de especializ	ación como (o sector bancario,
	administración pública ou o ámbito m	nilitar.			
Competer	ncies				
Code					
Laavoina	autaamaa				
Learning Expected r	esults from this subject				Training and
Expected i	esuits from this subject				Training and Learning Results
					Learning Results
Contents					
Topic					
Planning					
<u></u>		Class hours	Hours or	itside the	Total hours
		Class Hoars	classroo		Total Hours
*The inform	nation in the planning table is for guid	dance only and does			erogeneity of the students
1110 1111011	nation in the planning table is for gain	durice offig and does	not take into acci	Julie the hete	crogeneity of the students.
	_				
Methodol					
	Description				
Personali	zed assistance				
Assessme	t				
Assessme			Tuninina		Daguita
Description	on Qualification		Training a	nd Learning	Results
Other con	nments on the Evaluation				
Sources	f information				
Basic Bibl					
	entary Bibliography				
Complem	entary bibliography				
Recomme	ndations				

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Security in	Mobile Devices			
Subject	Security in Mobile			
	Devices			
Code	V05M175V01206	,	,	
Study	(*)Máster		,	
programme	Universitario en			
	Ciberseguridade			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	3	Optional	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	López Bravo, Cristina			
Lecturers	Fernández Caramés, Tiago Manuel			
	López Bravo, Cristina			
E-mail	clbravo@det.uvigo.es			
Web	http://faitic.uvigo.es			
General	This course presents a general view of security in m	obile devices with	different charac	teristics. Based on the
description	study of the architecture of these devices, we will di	iscover their interi	nal operation and	I which are the main
	security tools that they include, along with the risks			
	and mitigate the vulnerabilities that affect mobile de		nsic analysis tool	s, secure application
	development and device management in business e	environments.		
	The documentation of this course will be in English.			

- A2 Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization.
- A3 Students will be able to integrate diverse knowledge areas, and address the complexity of making statements on the basis of information which, notwithstanding incomplete or limited, may include thoughts about the ethical and social responsibilities entailed to the application of their professional capabilities and judgements.
- A4 Students will learn to communicate their conclusions --- and the hypotheses and ultimate reasoning in their support--- to expert and non-expert audiences in a clear and unambiguous way.
- B1 To have skills for analysis and synthesis. To have ability to project, model, calculate and design solutions in the area of information, network or system security in every application area.
- B2 Ability for problem-solving. Ability to solve, using the acquired knowledge, specific problems in the technical field of information, network or system security.
- B5 Students will have ability to apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations, within the scope of infrastructures, equipment or specific application domains, and designed for precise operating requirements
- C4 To understand and to apply the methods and tools of cybersecurity to protect data and computers, communication networks, databases, computer programs and information services.
- C6 To develop and apply forensic research techniques for analysing incidents or cybersecurity threats.
- C9 Ability to write clear, concise and motivated projects and work plans in the field of cybersecurity.
- C15 Ability to identify the value of information for an institution, economic or of other sort; ability to identify the critical procedures in an institution, and the impact due to their disruption; ability to identify the internal and external requirements that guarantee readiness upon security attacks.
- D4 Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society.
- D5 Ability for oral and written communication in English.

Learning outcomes	
Expected results from this subject	Training and
	Learning Results
Knowing the fundamental concepts associated with security in mobile operating systems and the	A2
development of secure apps.	B1
	C4
	C15
	D4
	D5
Identifying an app with malicious behavior and vulnerabilities in operating systems and apps	A4
	B2
	C4
	D4
	D5

	A3
	B2
	C6
	D5
Knowing the fundamentals of mobile device management systems	A2
	B1
	B2
	B5
	C9
	D5

Contents	
Topic	
Introduction: Threats and vulnerabilities that	
affect mobile devices	
Mobile devices architectures	
Security models in mobile devices	
Writing secure Applications	Permissions
	Packages management
	Users management
	APIs
Data assurance	
Devices assurance	
Network assurance	
Vulnerabilities, exploits and malicious	
applications	
Forensic analysis of mobile operating systems	
Mobile Device Management Systems	

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	9	9	18
Computer practices	10	10	20
Objective questions exam	2	14	16
Problem and/or exercise solving	0	11	11
Practices report	0	10	10
			1. 6.1 . 1 .

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	The professors of the course present the main theoretical contents related to security in mobile devices. Through this methodology competencies CB3, CG1, CE4, CE15, and CT4 get developed.
Computer practices	Students will complete guided and supervised practices in the laboratory. Through this methodology the competencies CG2, CG5, CB2, CB4, CE4, CE6, and CE9 get developed.

Personalized assistance						
Methodologies	Description					
Computer practices	The professors of the course will provide individual attention to the students during the course, solving their questions. Questions will be answered during the lab sessions or during tutorial sessions. Teachers will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the course website.					
Lecturing	The professors of the course will provide individual attention to the students during the course, solving their questions. Questions will be answered during the master sessions or during tutorial sessions (also virtually). Teachers will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the course website.					

Assessment				
	Description	Qualificati	on -	Training and
			Le	arning Results
Objective	Short-questions exam on the theoretical and practical contents reviewed	50	A3	C4
questions exam	throughout the course, both in the lectures and in the laboratory practices. This exam will be done at the end of the bimester.		A4	

	Problem-solving tests where students make use of the acquired knowledge, in both theoretical and practical sessions. This test will be carried out throughout the bimester, with partial deliveries on the dates indicated by teachers.	20		B1 B2	C4	
Practices report	Students will individually fill questionnaires and/or write practice reports, where the right development and understanding of the practice get probed.	30	_A4 _	B5	C4 C6 C9 C15	D4

Other comments on the Evaluation

FIRST CALL

Following the guidelines of the degree, two evaluation systems will be offered to students attending this course: continuous assessment and eventual assessment.

Before the end of the second week of the course, students must declare if they opt for the continuous assessment or the eventual assessment. Those who opt for the continuous assessment system may not be listed as "not presented" if they make a delivery or an assessment test after the communication of their decision.

Continuous assessment system

The final grade of the course will be equal to the weighted arithmetic average of the tests previously indicated. To pass the course the final grade must be greater or equal to five.

Eventual assessment system

The final grade of the course will be equal to the weighted arithmetic average of the tests previously indicated. In this case, the problem-solving test (troubleshooting) will be done in a single test at the end of the bimester. To pass the course the final grade must be greater or equal to five.

SECOND CALL

The assessment will consist in an objective questions exam, a problem-solving exam and delivering the practice reports of all the practices carried out throughout the course.

OTHER COMMENTS

The obtained grades are only valid for the current academic year.

The use of any material during the tests will have to be explicitly authorized.

Plagiarism is regarded as serious dishonest behavior. If any form of plagiarism is detected in any of the tests or exams, the final grade will be FAIL (0), and the incident will be reported to the corresponding academic authorities for prosecution.

Sources of information Basic Bibliography Dominic Chell, The mobile application hacker's handbook, 1, Jonh Wiley & Sons, 2015 Complementary Bibliography Joshua Drake, Android hacker's handbook, 1, John Wiley & Sons, 2014 Charles Miller, iOS hacker's handbook, 1, John Wiley & Sons, 2012 Abhishek Dubey, Anmol Misra, Android security: attacks and defenses, 1, CRC Press, 2013 David Thiel, iOS application security: the definitive guide for hackers and developers, 1, No Starch Press, 2016 Nikolay Elenkov, Android security internals: an in-depth guide to Android's security architecture, 1, No Starch Press, 2015

Andrew Hoog, iPhone and iOS forensics: investigation, analysis, and mobile security for Apple iPhone, iPad, and iOS devices, 1, Syngress/Elsevier, 2011

Andrew Hoog, iPhone and iOS forensics: investigation, analysis, and mobile security for Apple iPhone, iPad, and iOS devices, 1, Syngress/Elsevier, 2011

Recommendations

Other comments

It is recommended to have Linux OS and Java programming skills. It is also recommended, but not indispensable, to have

oid programming	skills.			

IDENTIFY	ING DATA					
Forensic A	Analysis					
Subject	Forensic Analysis					
Code	V05M175V01207					
Study	(*)Máster Universitario	en				
	Ciberseguridade					
Descriptors	ECTS Credits			Choose	Year	Quadmester
	3			Optional	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish					
language						
Departmen		,				
Coordinato	Suárez González, André					
	Vázquez Naya, José Mai					
Lecturers	Suárez González, André					
E-mail	Vázquez Naya, José Mar	nuei				
E-IIIdii	asuarez@det.uvigo.es jose.manuel.vazquez.na	ava@ude.oc				
Web			cont/indox nhn2con	tro-6148.onconyo	mont-61/1520s.	assignatura=614530012
web	&any academic=2019				ment=614550&	assignatura=014550012
General	El análisis forense de e				analíticas nara	identificar preservar
	analizar y presentar da					
description	una fuerte componente					
	continuación, se estudia					
	aplicable a nuevos caso					
						álisis forense y realizará
	prácticas simulando pro		•	•		•
Competer	ncies					
Code	icics					
Code						
	outcomes					
Expected r	esults from this subject	t				Training and
						Learning Results
New						
Contents						
Topic						
Dlanning						
Planning			Clara la coma		talala tha	Tatal la coma
			Class hours			Total hours
				classrooi		
*The inforr	nation in the planning t	table is for guidan	ce only and does	not take into acco	ount the heterog	geneity of the students.
Methodol	ogies					
	Descript	ion				
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Assessme						
_Descripti	on Qualif	ication		Training a	nd Learning Re	sults
Other con	nments on the Evalu	ation				
	c					
	f information					
Basic Bib						
Complem	entary Bibliography					
Complem	entary Bibliography					
Compleme						

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Ubiquituou	s Security			
Subject	Ubiquituous			
	Security			
Code	V05M175V01208			
Study	(*)Máster			
programme	Universitario en			
	Ciberseguridade			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	3	Optional	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Gil Castiñeira, Felipe José			
Lecturers	Gil Castiñeira, Felipe José			
	Rabuñal Dopico, Juan Ramón			
E-mail	felipe@uvigo.es			
Web	http://faitic.uvigo.es			
General	Intelligent devices are providing new services and w	e are almost unav	vare of their pres	sence: our car is not
description	anymore a mechanical machine, as it became a con-			
	part; in hotels, we no longer use a key as we can ope	en our room with	a card or with ou	r mobile phone; our
	home thermostats can be connected to a weather fo	recasting service	to take advantag	ge of the temperature of
	the environment. Those are all examples of the appl	ications that allow	embedded tech	nologies, wireless
	communication networks, and in summary, the "Inte	rnet of Things" (Id	T). This subject	analyzes the problems
	and the best practices to make this kind of systems	secure.	-	·

- A2 Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization.
- A3 Students will be able to integrate diverse knowledge areas, and address the complexity of making statements on the basis of information which, notwithstanding incomplete or limited, may include thoughts about the ethical and social responsibilities entailed to the application of their professional capabilities and judgements.
- A4 Students will learn to communicate their conclusions --- and the hypotheses and ultimate reasoning in their support--- to expert and non-expert audiences in a clear and unambiguous way.
- B1 To have skills for analysis and synthesis. To have ability to project, model, calculate and design solutions in the area of information, network or system security in every application area.
- B2 Ability for problem-solving. Ability to solve, using the acquired knowledge, specific problems in the technical field of information, network or system security.
- B5 Students will have ability to apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations, within the scope of infrastructures, equipment or specific application domains, and designed for precise operating requirements
- C4 To understand and to apply the methods and tools of cybersecurity to protect data and computers, communication networks, databases, computer programs and information services.
- C9 Ability to write clear, concise and motivated projects and work plans in the field of cybersecurity.
- D4 Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society.
- D5 Ability for oral and written communication in English.

Learning outcomes	
Expected results from this subject	Training and
	Learning Results
Gain knowledge of the security in the different layers of an ubiquitous system and the used technologies.	A2
	A3
	A4
	B1
	B2
	B5
	C4
	C9
	D4
	D5

Understand the security problems related to the ubiquitous field.	A2
	A3
	A4
	B1
	B2
	B5
	C4
	C9
	D4
	D5
To know real cases of attacks to ubiquitous systems.	A2
·	A3
	A4
	B5
	C4
	D4
	D5

Contents	
Topic	
Physical security	Hardware components.
	- Communication buses.
	- Interfaces.
	- Cryptographyc hardware.
	Attacks.
Middleware security	Security during the startup process.
	Security in the operating system.
	Access control.
	Cyphering.
	Firmware updates.
Communication security	Wireless communications.
	Risks and threats for communications.
Security in the perception of the environment	Attacks in the positioning system.
	Attacks to sensor measurements.
	Privacy.

Planning					
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours		
Project based learning	10	35	45		
Lecturing	10	20	30		

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Project based learning	Work in groups in the design, implementation and validation of an IoT system, with a special emphasis in the security.
	Perform attacks to the security of the systems implemented by the other groups or implemented by third parties.
	This methodology will contribute to acquire competences CB2, CB3, CB4, CG1, CG2, CG5, CE4, CE9, CT4 and CT5.
Lecturing	Professors will present the main theoretical contents related to the security for ubiquitous systems (security for embedded systems, communications and backends).
	This methodology will contribute to the acquisition of competences CB2, CB3, CB4, CG1, CG2, CE4 and CE9.

Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description		
Lecturing	The professors of the course will provide individual attention to the students during the course, solving their doubts and questions. Questions will be answered during the master sessions or during tutorial sessions. Professors will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the subject website.		

Project based learning

The professors of the course will provide individual attention to the students during the course, solving their doubts and questions. The professors will guide and help the students to complete the assigned project. Questions will be answered during the supervising sessions, group supervising sessions, or during tutorial sessions. Teachers will establish timetables for this purpose at the beginning of the course. This schedule will be published on the subject website.

Assessme	Assessment					
	Description	Qualification		ainir rning		nd sults
Project based learning	The students will work in groups in the design, implementation and proof of an IoT with a special emphasis in security.	, 80		B1 B2 B5		
learning	The same group of students will perform attacks to the security of the systems implemented by other groups or by third parties.					
	The results (project and reports containing the outcomes of the attacks) will be evaluated after the delivery, having into account key aspects such as the correction, the quality, the performance and the functionalities. It will be mandatory to deliver the code, prototypes and documentation. It will be also necessary make a public presentation of the results.					
	In addition, during the implementation of the project, the design and the evolution of the development will be evaluated. If the intermediate results are not satisfactory, a penalization of the 20% of the grade could be applied. The evaluation will be by group and by person: each one of the members of a team must document his/her tasks and answer the questions related to them.	1				
Lecturing	Students will complete one or several exams to asses what they have learned in master lessons. In case there is more than one exam, the result will be the arithmetic mean of the different tests.	20		B1 B2		

Other comments on the Evaluation

In order to pass the course it is necessary to complete the different parts of the subject (exam or exams about the master sessions and project). The final grade will be the **weighted geometric mean** of the grades of the different parts. For example, If "NT" is the grade obtained for the master sessions and "NP" for the project, the final grade will be:

Grade = $NT^0.2 \times NP^0.8$

During the first month, students must provide a written declaration to opt for single evaluation. In other case, it will be considered that they opt for continuous evaluation. Students who select continuous evaluation and submit the first task or questionnaire may not be listed as "Absent".

Students who opt for the final assessment procedure have to submit also a dossier that must be defended in-person in front of the professors, with detailed information about the events and issues that arose during the execution of the different tasks, and especially the project. In addition, during the first month of the course, professors will notify students who opted for final assessment if they have to do the tutored work individually.

Second call to pass the course

Students can opt to the second call only if they didn't pass the first call (at the end of the semester).

The evaluation procedure is the presented in the previous sections, but t will be necessary to submit an additional dossier that must be defended in-person in front of the professors, with detailed information about the events and issues that arose during the execution of the different tasks, and especially the project.

Students that have opted by the continuous evaluation procedure, can decide to maintain the grades of the different parts of the subject obtained in the first call or discard them.

Other comments

Although the project will be completed (if possible) in groups, each student should keep a record of his or her activities. In the case in which the performance of a member of the group wouldn't be adequate compared with the performance of his or her team mates, he or she could be excluded from the group and/or qualified individually.

The use of any material during the tests will have to be explicitly authorized.

In case of detection of plagiarism or unethical behavior in any of the tasks/tests done, the final grade will be "failed (0)" and the professors will communicate the incident to the academic authorities to take the appropriate measures.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Brian Russell, Drew Van Duren, Practical Internet of Things Security, 1, Packt Publishing, 2016

Complementary Bibliography

Houbing Song, Glenn A. Fink, Sabina Jeschke, Security and Privacy in Cyber-Physical Systems. Foundations, Principles, and Applications., 1, Wiley, 2018

Bruce Schneider, Applied Cryptography: Protocols, Algorithms and Source Code in C, 2, Wiley, 2015

Adam Shostack, Threat Modeling. Designing for Security., 1, Wiley, 2014

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Hardening of Operating Systems/V05M175V01202 Secure Networks/V05M175V01105 Applications Security/V05M175V01104 Information Security/V05M175V01102 Secure Communications/V05M175V01103 Intrusion tests/V05M175V01203

IDENTIFY					
Cybersec	urity in Industrial Enviromment	:S			
Subject	Cybersecurity in				
	Industrial				
	Environments				
Code	V05M175V01209				
Study	(*)Máster				
programm	e Universitario en				
	Ciberseguridade				
Descriptors	s ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
	3	,	Optional	1st	2nd
Teaching anguage	Spanish				
Departmer	nt				·
Coordinato	r Diaz-Cacho Medina, Miguel Ramó	n			
	Fernández Caramés, Tiago Manue	el .			
Lecturers	Diaz-Cacho Medina, Miguel Ramó				
	Fernández Caramés, Tiago Manue	el			
E-mail	tiago.fernandez@udc.es				
	mcacho@uvigo.es				
Web	http://guiadocente.udc.es/guia_do &any academic=2019 20	ocent/index.php?cent	re=614&enseny	ament=6145308	kassignatura=614530014
General	The Industry 4.0 paradigm derive	d into the proliferation	n of industrial d	evices connected	to networks and physica
	processes. This subject, besides r	eviewing traditional i	ndustrial system	ıs (i.e., industrial	control systems, access
	controls, communication and info	rmation managemen	t systems) is foc	used on the secu	rity of the Industry 4.0
	technologies: IoT/IIoT, robotics, cl	oud/edge computing	, augmented rea	lity, blockchain o	or AGVs.
Competer	ncies				
Code					
	outcomes				
	outcomes results from this subject				Training and
					Training and Learning Results
Expected r					
Expected r Contents					
Expected r Contents Topic	esults from this subject				
Expected r Contents Topic	esults from this subject	(*)Políticas de so	eguridad industr	ial	
Expected r Contents Topic	esults from this subject				Learning Results
Expected r Contents Topic	esults from this subject				
Expected r Contents Topic	esults from this subject	Implicaciones de	e la cibersegurid		Learning Results
Expected r Contents Topic (*)Introduc	results from this subject	Implicaciones de	e la cibersegurid		Learning Results
Contents Topic (*)Introduc	results from this subject rición s de control de acceso físico a	Implicaciones de	e la cibersegurid		Learning Results
Contents Topic (*)Introduc	results from this subject	Implicaciones de Casos prácticos (*)Sistemas de p	e la cibersegurid		Learning Results
Contents Topic (*)Introduc	results from this subject rición s de control de acceso físico a	Implicaciones de	e la cibersegurid		Learning Results
Contents Topic (*)Introduc	results from this subject rición s de control de acceso físico a	Implicaciones de Casos prácticos (*)Sistemas de p Sistemas de acc	e la cibersegurid proximidad ceso remoto		Learning Results
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Sistemas MES

(*)Sistemas de comunicaciones industriales

(*)Arquitectura de comunicaciones

Tecnologías de comunicación cableadas

Tecnologías de comunicación inalámbricas

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Autonomous practices through ICT	10	10	20
Mentored work	0	20	20
Lecturing	9	9	18
Objective questions exam	1	15	16

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Autonomous practices through ICT	(*)Realización por parte del alumnado de prácticas guiadas y supervisadas.
Mentored work	(*)Realización por parte del alumnado de trabajos de componente tanto teórica como práctica.
Lecturing	(*)Exposición por parte del profesorado de los principales contenidos teóricos relacionados con la ciberseguridad en contornos industriales.

Personalized assistance		
Methodologies Description		
Autonomous practices through ICT		

Assessment			
	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Autonomous practices through ICT	(*)Resolución de prácticas y realización de informes con los resultados obtenidos.	30	
Mentored work	(*)Realización de un trabajo con parte teórica y parte práctica.	30	
Objective questions exam	(*)Examen escrito sobre los contidos teóricos y prácticos impartidos durante el curso.	40	

Other comments on the Evaluation

Sources	of i	infor	mation

Basic Bibliography

Eric Knapp, Joel Thomas Langill, Industrial Network Security., Elsevier, 2014

Junaid Ahmed Zubairi, **Cyber Security Standards, Practices and Industrial Applications: Systems and Methodologies.**, IGI Global, 2012

Tyson Macaulay, **Cybersecurity for Industrial Control Systems: SCADA, DCS, PLC, HMI, and SIS.**, Auerbach Publications, 2012

Josiah Dykstra, Essential Cybersecurity Science: Build, Test, and Evaluate Secure Systems., O'Reilly, 2015

Pascal Ackerman, Industrial Cybersecurity, Packt, 2017

Complementary Bibliography

Peng Cheng, Heng Zhang, Jiming Chen, Cyber Security for Industrial Control Systems: From the Viewpoint of Close-Loop., CRC Press, 2016

Recommendations

Cybersec	ING DATA				
	urity Incident Management				
Subject	Cybersecurity Incident				
	Management				
Code	V05M175V01210				
Study	(*)Máster Universitario en				
	e Ciberseguridade				
Descriptors	s ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
	3		Optional	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish				
language	-1				
Departmen	orÁlvarez Sabucedo, Luis Modesto				
Coordinato	Dafonte Vázquez, José Carlos				
Lecturers	Álvarez Sabucedo, Luis Modesto				
Lecturers	Dafonte Vázquez, José Carlos				
	Gómez García, Ángel				
E-mail	lsabucedo@det.uvigo.es				
-	carlos.dafonte@udc.es				
Web	http://guiadocente.udc.es/guia_doc cademic=2018 19&idioma assig=		kensenyament=6	14530&assi	gnatura=614530015&an
General	La gestión de incidentes de ciberse		ar la proactividad	l para preve	nir y atenuar posibles
description	n consecuencias. Se obtendrá el con- incidentes y las recuperaciones, la identificación y clasificación de los	justificación de los planes p	ropuestos para re	cuperación	y resiliencia, la
				•	-
Compete	ncies				
Code					
Learning	outcomes				
	results from this subject				Training and
					Learning Result
Contents					
Topic					
торіс					
Planning					
		Class hours	المستوال	cida tha	Total harres
		Class floars	Hours out classroom		Total hours
*The infor	mation in the planning table is for		classroom	1	
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			classroom	1	
*The infor	logies		classroom	1	
			classroom	1	
Methodo	logies Description		classroom	1	
Methodo	logies		classroom	1	
Methodo	logies Description		classroom	1	
Methodo	logies Description ized assistance		classroom	1	
Methodo Personal	Description ized assistance		classroom	1	erogeneity of the studer
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Methodo Personali Assessme	logies Description ized assistance ent ion Qualification		classroom	n unt the hete	erogeneity of the studer
Methodo Personali Assessme	Description ized assistance		classroom	n unt the hete	erogeneity of the studer
Personali Assessme Descripti	logies Description ized assistance ent ion Qualification mments on the Evaluation		classroom	n unt the hete	erogeneity of the studer
Personali Assessme Descripti Other cor	Description ized assistance ent ion Qualification mments on the Evaluation of information		classroom	n unt the hete	erogeneity of the studer
Personali Assessme Descripti Other con Sources of Basic Bib	logies Description ized assistance ent ion Qualification mments on the Evaluation of information liography		classroom	n unt the hete	erogeneity of the studer
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Personali Assessme Descripti Other con Sources of Basic Bib	logies Description ized assistance ent ion Qualification mments on the Evaluation of information liography		classroom	n unt the hete	erogeneity of the studer
Personali Assessme Descripti Other con Sources of Basic Bib Complement	logies Description ized assistance ent ion Qualification mments on the Evaluation of information liography		classroom	n unt the hete	erogeneity of the studer