



## (\*)Escola de Enxeñaría Industrial

### Information

For additional information about the centre and its degrees visit the centre's website <https://eei.uvigo.es/>

## PCEO Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica/Grado en Ingeniería en Electrónica Industrial y Automática

### Subjects

#### Year 1st

Code	Name	Quadmester	Total Cr.
V12G770V01101	Graphic expression: graphic expression	1st	9
V12G770V01102	Physics: Physics I	1st	6
V12G770V01103	Mathematics: algebra and statistics	1st	9
V12G770V01104	Mathematics: calculus I	1st	6
V12G770V01105	Business: Introduction to business management	2nd	6
V12G770V01106	Physics: Physics II	2nd	6
V12G770V01107	Computer science: Computing for engineering	2nd	6
V12G770V01108	Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations	2nd	6
V12G770V01109	Chemistry: Chemistry	2nd	6

**IDENTIFYING DATA****Graphic expression: graphic expression**

Subject	Graphic expression: graphic expression	Choose	Year	Quadmester
Code	V12G770V01101			
Study programme	PCEO Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica/Grado en Ingeniería en Electrónica Industrial y Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	9	Basic education	1st	1st
Teaching language				
Department				
Coordinator	Troncoso Saracho, José Carlos Fernández Álvarez, Antonio			
Lecturers	Alegre Fidalgo, Paulino Comesaña Campos, Alberto Fernández Álvarez, Antonio González Rodríguez, Elena López Saiz, Esteban Patiño Barbeito, Faustino Prado Cerqueira, María Teresa Troncoso Saracho, José Carlos			
E-mail	antfdez@uvigo.es tsaracho@uvigo.es			
Web	<a href="http://moovi.uvigo.gal/">http://moovi.uvigo.gal/</a>			
General description	The main objective of this course is to train students in the use of the most commonly used geometric shapes and projections in engineering drawing. The subject of Engineering Graphics also aims to improve the student's spatial vision and to introduce him/her to the concept of standardisation. To achieve these objectives, we will use both manual and computer-based drawing methods.			

**Skills**

Code

**Learning outcomes**

Expected results from this subject

Training and Learning Results

Know, understand, and apply a body of knowledge about the basics of drawing and standardization of industrial engineering, in its broadest sense , while promoting the development of space capacity.

Purchase the capacity for the abstract reasoning and the establishment of strategies and efficient procedures in the resolution of the graphic problems inside the context of the works and own projects of the engineering.

Use the graphic communication between technicians, by means of the realisation and interpretation of planes in accordance with the Norms of Technical Drawing, involving the use of the new technologies.

Assume a favourable attitude to the permanent learning in the profession, showing proactive, participatory and with spirit of improvement.

**Contents**

Topic

Block 0. Computer-aided drawing. Sketching and application of standards.	- Introduction to Computer-aided Drawing. - Working environment. Coordinate systems. - Drawing commands. Graphical entities. Drawing aids. Object snapping. - Modify tools. Visualization options. Inquiry commands. - Plotting scaled drawings. - Sketching and application of standards.
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Block 1. 2D geometry.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Review of fundamental geometry concepts.</li> <li>- Conics: definitions, focal and major circles, drawing a tangent to a conic curve.</li> <li>- Constructing tangencies through loci, expansion/contraction and inversive geometry.</li> <li>- Technical curves (roulettes): trochoids and involutes (evolvents).</li> </ul>
Block 2. Projections.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Introduction: Types of projection. Projective invariants.</li> <li>- Topographic projection: Representation of basic elements (points, lines, planes). Elementary constructions, intersections, parallelism and perpendicularity. Roof plans. Landform drawing.</li> <li>- Multiview projection: Representation of basic elements (points, lines, planes). Parallelism and perpendicularity, true length of a segment, true size of a planar figure, planar sections.</li> <li>- Pictorial representation: Axonometric projection (isometric, dimetric, trimetric). Oblique projection (cavalier and cabinet projection).</li> <li>- Central projection: one-point perspective, two-point perspective and three-point perspective.</li> <li>- Surfaces: Polyhedra. Curved surfaces (ruled surfaces and surfaces of revolution). Intersection between two surfaces.</li> </ul>
Block 3. Standardisation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Technical Drawing: Generalities. The graphic language of engineering. Major fields of application (architectural, topographical and engineering). Different forms of technical drawings (sketch, diagram, assembly drawing, part drawing, etc.).</li> <li>- Introduction to standardisation: Benefits of standardization. Specifications, regulations and technical standards.</li> <li>- Basic standards for Technical Drawing: Drawing sheets. Title blocks. Types of lines. Lettering. Scales. Folding of drawing sheets.</li> <li>- General principles of representation: Basic conventions for views. Standard arrangements of the 6 principal orthographic views (first-angle and third-angle methods). Views (auxiliary, partial, local, symmetric, enlarged features). Sectional views (cuts and sections) and variations (offset sections, aligned sections, sections revolved in the relevant view, removed sections, half sections, local cuts, auxiliary sections). General conventions for hatching. Conventional representation (repeated features, simplified intersections, runouts, initial outlines).</li> <li>- Dimensioning: Principles of dimensioning. Types of dimensioning. Types of dimensions. Elements of dimensioning (dimension line, nominal dimension value, terminator, etc.). Arrangement of dimensions (chain, parallel and running dimensioning). Dimensioning of common manufactured features (radii, diameters, spheres, chamfers, counterbores, countersinks, etc.).</li> <li>- Threads. Elements of a thread. Types of threads. Standard representation of threads. Threads in assembly. Thread specification. Simplified representation.</li> <li>- Working drawings: Assembly drawings (definition and types). General rules and conventions for assembly drawings. Parts list. Part drawings. Drawing numbering system. Examples.</li> <li>- Tolerancing: Types of tolerances (dimensional and geometrical). Specifying dimensional tolerances (linear and angular). ISO system of tolerances ISO (tolerance grades, fundamental deviations, symbols). Fits. Examples.</li> </ul>

<b>Planning</b>			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	38	116	154
Problem solving	34	0	34
Seminars	4	0	4
Project based learning	0	27	27
Essay questions exam	2	0	2
Laboratory practice	4	0	4

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

<b>Methodologies</b>	
	Description
Lecturing	Active masterclass. The professor will give a presentation of each module. The students will be encouraged to take an active role in the lectures through questions, discussions and exercises.

Problem solving	Exercises and/or problems will be posed and solved individually or in groups.
Seminars	Carrying out activities to reinforce learning through the tutored group resolution of practical cases linked to the theoretical content of the subject.
Project based learning	Carrying out of activities that require active participation and collaboration among the students.

### Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Seminars	

### Assessment

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Essay questions	There will be a final exam that will cover all the contents of the course, both exam theoretical and practical, and may include multiple-choice questions, reasoning questions, problem solving and development of practical cases. A minimum grade of 4/10 is required to pass the course.	65	
Laboratory practice	Throughout the course, in certain labs, students will be asked to work out exercises and problems. These assignments will be assessed according to criteria that will have been communicated to them beforehand.	35	

### Other comments on the Evaluation

A grade of 5/10 is required to pass the course. Students who did not achieve a pass mark can re-sit the final exam.

Honor code: Students are expected to observe academic integrity. If any type of unethical behaviour is detected (e.g. cheating, plagiarism, use of unauthorised electronic devices, etc.) the student will be considered as not meeting the requirements to pass the course and will be assigned a failing grade (0).

### Sources of information

#### Basic Bibliography

Corbella Barros, David, <b>Trazados de Dibujo Geométrico 1</b> , Madrid 1970,
Ladero Lorente, Ricardo, <b>Teoría do Debuxo Técnico</b> , Vigo 2012,
Asociación Española de Normalización (AENOR), <b>Normas UNE de Dibujo Técnico</b> , Versión en vigor,
Félez, Jesús; Martínez, Mª Luisa, <b>DIBUJO INDUSTRIAL</b> , 3ª Edición, ISBN: 84-7738-331-6,
Casasola Fernández, Mª Isabel y otros, <b>Sistemas de representación I, Teoría y problemas</b> , ISBN 978-84-615-3553-8, Ed. Asociación de Investigación, 2011

#### Complementary Bibliography

López Poza, Ramón y otros, <b>Sistemas de Representacion I</b> , ISBN 84-400-2331-6,
Izquierdo Asensi, Fernando, <b>Geometría Descriptiva</b> , 24ª Edición. ISBN 84-922109-5-8,
Auria, José M.; Ibáñez Carabantes, Pedro; Ubieto Artur, Pedro, <b>DIBUJO INDUSTRIAL. CONJUNTOS Y DESPIECES</b> , 2ª Edición, ISBN: 84-9732-390-4,
Guirado Fernández, Juan José, <b>INICIACIÓN Á EXPRESIÓN GRÁFICA NA ENXEÑERÍA</b> , ISBN: 84-95046-27-X,
Ramos Barbero, Basilio; García Maté, Esteban, <b>DIBUJO TÉCNICO</b> , 2ª Edición, ISBN: 84-8143-261-X,
<b>Manuales de usuario y tutoriales del software DAO empleado en la asignatura,</b>
Giesecke, Mitchell, Spencer, Hill, Dygdon, Novak, Lockhart, <b>Technical Drawing with Engineering Graphics</b> , 14ª, Prentice Hall, 2012
David A. Madsen, David P. Madsen, <b>Engineering Drawing &amp; Design</b> , 5ª, Delmar Cengage Learning, 2012

### Recommendations

#### Other comments

To be successful in this course, it is recommended to have a background in technical drawing, standardisation and computer-aided drafting at high school level.

In case of discrepancies, the Spanish version of this guide shall prevail.

**IDENTIFYING DATA****Physics: Physics I**

Subject	Physics: Physics I			
Code	V12G770V01102			
Study programme	PCEO Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica/Grado en Ingeniería en Electrónica Industrial y Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Basic education	1st	1st
Teaching language	Spanish Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Lusquiños Rodríguez, Fernando			
Lecturers	Blanco García, Jesús Boutinguiza Larosi, Mohamed Lusquiños Rodríguez, Fernando Paredes Galán, Ángel Pérez Rodríguez, Martín Ribas Pérez, Fernando Agustín Roson Porto, Gabriel Serra Rodríguez, Julia Asunción Soto Costas, Ramón Francisco Souto Torres, Carlos Alberto Trillo Yáñez, María Cristina Varela Benvenuto, Ramiro Alberto			
E-mail	flusqui@uvigo.es			
Web	<a href="http://moovi.uvigo.gal/">http://moovi.uvigo.gal/</a>			
General description	Physics course for 1st year bachelor degrees			

**Skills**

Code

**Learning outcomes**

Expected results from this subject

Training and Learning Results

(\*)FB2a. Comprensión y dominio de los conceptos básicos sobre las leyes generales de la mecánica y campos y ondas y su aplicación para la resolución de problemas propios de la ingeniería.

(\*)CG3. Conocimiento en materias básicas y tecnológicas, que les capacite para el aprendizaje de nuevos métodos y teorías, y les dote de versatilidad para adaptarse a nuevas situaciones.

(\*)CS2. Aprendizaje y trabajo autónomos.

New

**Contents**

Topic

1.- UNITS, PHYSICAL QUANTITIES AND VECTORS	1.1.- The nature of Physics. 1.2.- Consistency and conversions of units. 1.3.- Uncertainty and significant figures. 1.4.- Estimates and orders of magnitude. 1.5.- Vectors and sum of vectors. 1.6.- Vector components. 1.7.- Unitary vectors. 1.8.- Vector products. 1.9.- Sliding Vectors
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2.- KINEMATICS	<p>2.1.- Position, speed and acceleration vectors. Average and instantaneous values.</p> <p>2.2.- Angular speed and angular acceleration. Average and instantaneous values.</p> <p>2.3.- Relation between linear kinematic magnitudes and angular magnitudes.</p> <p>2.4.- Intrinsic components.</p> <p>2.5.- Study of simple movements: linear motion in 1D, circular motion, projectile motion.</p> <p>2.6.- Expression of kinematic magnitudes in cartesian and polar coordinates</p>
3.- NEWTON'S LAWS OF MOTION	<p>3.1.- Force and interactions.</p> <p>3.2.- Newton's first law. Inertial and non-inertial reference systems.</p> <p>3.3.- Newton's second law.</p> <p>3.4.- Mass and weight.</p> <p>3.5.- Newton's third law.</p> <p>3.6.- Momentum. Mechanical impulse. Angular momentum.</p> <p>3.7.- Contact forces.</p>
4.- WORK AND KINETIC ENERGY	<p>4.1.- Work done by a force. Power.</p> <p>4.2.- Kinetic energy.</p> <p>4.3.- Conservative Forces</p> <p>4.4.- Elastic potential energy.</p> <p>4.5.- Potential energy in the gravitational field.</p> <p>4.6.- Mechanical energy.</p> <p>4.7.- Force and potential energy.</p> <p>4.8.- Principle of conservation of mechanical energy.</p>
5.- KINEMATICS OF SYSTEM OF PARTICLES	<p>5.1.- System of particles.</p> <p>5.2.- Rigid body.</p> <p>5.3.- Translation movement.</p> <p>5.4.- Movement of rotation around a fixed axis.</p> <p>5.5.- General movement.</p> <p>5.6.- Instantaneous center of rotation.</p> <p>5.7.- Rolling motion.</p> <p>5.8.- Relative movement.</p>
6.- DYNAMICS OF SYSTEMS OF PARTICLES	<p>6.1.- Systems of particles. Internal and external forces.</p> <p>6.2.- Centre of mass. Movement of the centre of mass.</p> <p>6.3.- Equations of the movement of a system of particles.</p> <p>6.4.- Linear momentum. Conservation of linear momentum.</p> <p>6.5.- Angular momentum of a system of particles. Conservation of angular momentum.</p> <p>6.6.- Work and power.</p> <p>6.7.- Potential energy and kinetics of a system of particles.</p> <p>6.8.- Conservation of energy of a system of particles.</p> <p>6.9.- Collisions.</p>
7.- RIGID BODY DYNAMICS	<p>7.1.- Rotation of a rigid body around a fixed axis.</p> <p>7.2.- Moments and products of inertia.</p> <p>7.3.- Calculation of moments of inertia.</p> <p>7.4.- Steiner's theorem.</p> <p>7.5.- Moment of a force and pair of forces.</p> <p>7.6.- Equations of the general movement of a rigid body.</p> <p>7.7.- Kinetic energy in the general movement of a rigid body.</p> <p>7.8.- Work in the general movement of a rigid body.</p> <p>7.9.- Angular momentum of a rigid body. Conservation theorem.</p>
8.- STATICS	<p>8.1.- Equilibrium of rigid bodies.</p> <p>8.2.- Center of gravity.</p> <p>8.3.- Stability.</p> <p>8.4.- Degrees of freedom and links</p>
9.- PERIODIC MOTION	<p>9.1.- Description of the oscillation.</p> <p>9.2.- Simple harmonic motion.</p> <p>9.3.- Energy in the simple harmonic motion.</p> <p>9.4.- Applications of simple harmonic motion.</p> <p>9.5.- The simple pendulum.</p> <p>9.6.- The physical pendulum.</p> <p>9.7.- Damped oscillations.</p> <p>9.8.- Forced oscillations and resonance.</p>

10.- FLUID MECHANICS	10.1.- Density. 10.2.- Pressure in a fluid. 10.3.- Fundamental principles of fluidostatics. 10.4.- Continuity equation. 10.5.- Bernoulli equation.
11.- MECHANICAL WAVES	11.1.- Types of mechanical waves. 11.2.- Periodic waves. 11.3.- Mathematical description of a wave. 11.4.- Speed of a transverse wave. 11.5.- Energy of the wave movement. 11.6.- Wave interference, boundary conditions and superposition. 11.7.- Stationary waves on a string. 11.8.- Normal modes of a rope.
LABORATORY	1.- Theory of Measurements, Errors, Graphs and Fittings. Examples. 2.- Reaction Time. 3.- Determination of the density of a body. 4.- Relative Movement. 5.- Instantaneous speed. 6.- Study of the Simple Pendulum. 7.- Experiences with a helical spring. 8.- Damped and forced oscillations. 9.- Moments of inertia. Determination of the radius of rotation of a body. 10.- Stationary waves.
LABORATORY NO STRUCTURED	1. Sessions with no structured activities (open practice) from the theoretical contents of the practices enumerated above. The groups of students shall resolve a practical problem proposed by the professor, selecting the theoretical frame and experimental tools to obtain the solution; for this, they will have basic information and the guide of the professor.

<b>Planning</b>	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	24.5	45	69.5
Problem solving	8	20	28
Laboratory practical	18	18	36
Objective questions exam	1	0	1
Problem and/or exercise solving	3.5	0	3.5
Essay questions exam	3	0	3
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	0	9	9

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

<b>Methodologies</b>	Description
Lecturing	Explanation by the professor of the contents of the subject, theoretical bases and/or guidelines of a work, exercise or project to be developed by the student.
Problem solving	Problems and/or exercises related to the subject are formulated. The student has to arrive to the correct solution by application of routines, formulas or algorithms, procedures of transformation of the available information and the interpretation of the results. It is usually employed to complement the lectures.
Laboratory practical	Activities to apply the knowledge to specific situations and to acquire basic skills and procedures related with the subject. They are developed in special spaces with specialized equipment (laboratories, computer rooms, etc).

<b>Personalized assistance</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Methodologies</b>	<b>Description</b>
Lecturing	In office hours
Laboratory practical	in office hours
Problem solving	In office hours
<b>Tests</b>	<b>Description</b>
Objective questions exam	In office hours
Problem and/or exercise solving	In office hours
Essay questions exam	In office hours

**Assessment**

Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Objective questions exam Tests for evaluating the acquired competences that include closed questions with different answer alternatives (true / false, multiple choice, pairing of elements ...). Students select an answer from a limited number of possibilities.	10	
Problem and/or exercise solving Test in which the student must solve a series of problems and / or exercises in a time / condition established by the teacher. In this way, the student must apply the knowledge they have acquired.	40	
Essay questions exam Competency assessment tests that include open-ended questions on a topic. Students must develop, relate, organize and present the knowledge they have on the subject in an extensive answer.	40	
Report of practices, Preparation of a document by the student that reflects the characteristics of the practicum and external practices work carried out. Students must describe the tasks and procedures developed, show the results obtained or observations made, as well as the analysis and treatment of data.	10	

**Other comments on the Evaluation**

The qualification of the continuous evaluation (which we will call EC) will have a weight of 40% of the final grade and will include both the contents of the laboratory practices (weight of 20%, which we will call ECL qualification) and of the classroom (weight of 20%, which we will call ECA qualification).

The ECA qualification will be obtained through theoretical-practical tests (they will be able to understand objective questions and / or development questions) on classroom content.

The ECL qualification will be obtained as the sum of the qualification of the Reports / memories of practices on laboratory contents.

Those students who cannot follow the continuous assessment and who have asked and obtained the EC waiving will have the possibility of taking a final written test to obtain a REC grade that will weigh 40% of the final grade and will include both the contents of the laboratory practices (weight of 20%, which we will call RECL rating) as classroom (weight of 20%, which we will call RECA rating).

The remaining 60% of the final grade will be obtained by completing a final exam that will consist of two parts: a theoretical part (which we will call T) that will weigh 20% of the final grade and another part of problem solving ( which we will call P) that will have a weight of 40% of the final grade. The theoretical part will consist of a theoretical-practical test ( objective questions and / or development questions). Those students who do not appear for the final exam will obtain a grade of not presented.

Both the final exams and those that are held on dates and / or times different from those officially set by the center, may have an exam format different from the one previously described, although the parts of the exam retain the same value in the final grade.

Final grade G of the subject for the continuous assessment modality:

$$G = ECL + ECA + T + P$$

Final grade G of the subject for the evaluation modality at the end of the semester and July (the RECL and RECA options only for students with waiver granted):

$$G = ECL \text{ (or RECL)} + ECA \text{ (or RECA)} + T + P.$$

To pass the subject, it is a necessary and sufficient condition to have obtained a final grade G greater than or equal to 5.

Ethical commitment: The student is expected to exhibit adequate ethical behavior. In the case of detecting unethical behavior (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.), the student will be considered not to meet the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In this case, the overall grade in the current academic year will be suspended (0.0).

The use of any electronic device during the evaluation tests will not be allowed unless expressly authorized. The fact of introducing an electronic device not authorized in the exam room will be considered a reason for not passing the subject in

this academic year and the overall rating will be suspended (0,0).

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### Sources of information

#### Basic Bibliography

1. Young H.D., Freedman R.A., **Física Universitaria, V1**, 13<sup>a</sup> Ed., Pearson,

#### Complementary Bibliography

2. Tipler P., Mosca G., **Física para la ciencia y la tecnología, V1**, 5<sup>a</sup> Ed., Reverté,

3. Serway R. A., **Física para ciencias e ingeniería, V1**, 7<sup>a</sup> Ed., Thomson,

4. Juana Sardón, José María de, **Física general, V1**, 2<sup>a</sup> Ed., Pearson Prentice-Hall,

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5. Bronshtein, I. Semendiaev, K., **Handbook of Mathematics**, 5<sup>a</sup> Ed., Springer Berlín,

6. Jou Mirabent, D., Pérez García, C., Llebot Rabagliati, J.E., **Física para ciencias de la vida**, 2<sup>a</sup> Ed., McGraw Hill Interamericana de España S.L.,

7. Cussó Pérez, F., López Martínez, C., Villar Lázaro, R., **Fundamentos Físicos de los Procesos Biológicos**, 1<sup>a</sup> Ed, ECU,

8. Cussó Pérez, F., López Martínez, C., Villar Lázaro, R., **Fundamentos Físicos de los Procesos Biológicos, Volumen II**, 1<sup>a</sup> Ed, ECU,

9. Villar Lázaro R., López Martínez, C., Cussó Pérez, F., **Fundamentos Físicos de los Procesos Biológicos, Volumen III**, 1<sup>a</sup> Ed, ECU,

- 10en. Villars, F., Benedek, G.b., **Physics with Illustrative Examples from Medicine and Biology**, 2<sup>a</sup> Ed., AIP Press/Springer-Verlag,
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### Recommendations

#### Other comments

Recommendations:

1. Basic knowledge acquired in the subjects of Physics and Mathematics in previous courses.

2. Capacity for written and oral comprehension.

3. Abstraction capacity, basic calculation and synthesis of information.

4. Skills for group work and group communication.

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In case of discrepancy between versions, the Spanish version of this guide will prevail.

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## **IDENTIFYING DATA**

### **Mathematics: algebra and statistics**

Subject	Mathematics: algebra and statistics			
Code	V12G770V01103			
Study programme	PCEO Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica/Grado en Ingeniería en Electrónica Industrial y Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	9	Basic education	1st	1st
Teaching language	Spanish Galician English			
Department				
Coordinator	Matías Fernández, José María Castejón Lafuente, Alberto Elias			
Lecturers	Bazarría García, Noelia Castejón Lafuente, Alberto Elias Godoy Malvar, Eduardo Gómez Rúa, María Martín Méndez, Alberto Lucio Matías Fernández, José María Meniño Cotón, Carlos Rodal Vila, Jaime Alberto Rodríguez Campos, María Celia Sestelo Pérez, Marta			
E-mail	jmmatias@uvigo.es acaste@uvigo.es			
Web	<a href="http://moovi.uvigo.gal/">http://moovi.uvigo.gal/</a>			
General description	The aim of this course is to provide the student with the basic techniques in Algebra and Statistics that will be necessary in other courses of the degree.			
	English Friendly subject: International students may request from the teachers: a) materials and bibliographic references in English, b) tutoring sessions in English, c) exams and assessments in English.			

## **Skills**

### **Code**

## **Learning outcomes**

### **Expected results from this subject**

### **Training and Learning Results**

Acquire the basic knowledge on matrices, vector spaces and linear maps.

Handle the operations of the matrix calculation and use it to solve problems to systems of linear equations.

Understand the basic concepts on eigenvalues and eigenvectors, vector spaces with scalar product and quadratic forms used in other courses and solve basic problems related to these subjects.

Perform basic exploratory analysis of databases.

Model situations under uncertainty by means of probability.

Know basic statistical models and their application to industry and perform inferences from data samples.

Use computer tools to solve problems of the contents of the course.

## **Contents**

### **Topic**

Preliminaries	The field of complex numbers.
Matrices, determinants and systems of linear equations.	Definition and types of matrices. Matrices operations. Elementary transformations, row echelon forms, rank of a matrix. Inverse and determinant of a square matrix. Consistency of systems of linear equations and their solutions.

Vector spaces and linear maps.	Vector space. Subspaces. Linear independence, basis and dimension. Coordinates, change of basis. Basic notions on linear maps.
Eigenvalues and eigenvectors.	Definition of eigenvalue and eigenvector of a square matrix. Diagonalization of matrices by similarity transformation. Applications of eigenvalues and eigenvectors.
Vector spaces with scalar product and quadratic forms.	Vectorial spaces with scalar product. Associated norm and properties. Orthogonality. Gram-Schmidt orthonormalization process. Orthogonal diagonalization of a real and symmetric matrix. Quadratic forms.
Probability.	Concept and properties. Conditional probability and independence of events. Bayes Theorem.
Discrete random variables and continuous random variables.	Definition of random variable. Types of random variables. Distribution function. Discrete random variables. Continuous random variables. Characteristics of a random variable. Main distributions: Binomial, Geometric, Poisson, Hypergeometric, Uniform, Exponential, Normal. Central Limit Theorem.
Statistical inference.	General concepts. Sampling distributions. Point estimation. Confidence intervals. Tests of hypotheses.
Regression.	Scatterplot. Correlation. Linear regression: regression line. Inference about the parameters of the regression line.

### Planning

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	40	81	121
Problem solving	36	24	60
Autonomous problem solving	0	40	40
Essay questions exam	4	0	4

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

### Methodologies

	Description
Lecturing	The lecturer will explain the contents of the course.
Problem solving	Problems and exercises will be solved during the classes. Students will also solve similar problems and exercises.
Autonomous problem solving	Student will have to solve problems and exercises by their own.

### Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	
Problem solving	
Autonomous problem solving	

### Assessment

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Problem solving	Students will make several mid-term exams of Algebra and Statistics during the course.	40 por cento en Álgebra; 20 por cento en Estadística	
Essay questions exam	At the end of the semestre there will a final exam of Algebra and a final exam of Statistics.	60 por cento en Álgebra; 80 por cento en Estadística	

### Other comments on the Evaluation

At the end of the first quarter, once the mid-term exams and the final exams have been done, the student will have a grade out of 10 points in Algebra (A) and a grade out of 10 points in Statistics (S). The final qualification of the subject will be calculated as follows:

- If both grades, A and S, are greater or equal to 3.5, then the final grade will be  $(A+S)/2$ .
- Any of the grades A or S is less than 3.5, then the final qualification will be the minimum of the quantities  $(A+S)/2$  and 4.5.

The students who are exempted by the School from taking the mid-term exams will be evaluated through a final exam of Algebra (100% of the grade of this part) and a final exam of Statistics (100% of the grade of this part). The final grade will be calculated according to procedure described above.

A student will be assigned to NP ("absent") if he/she is absent in both final exams (i.e. Algebra and Statistics); otherwise he/she will be graded according the the procedure described above.

The assessment in the second call (June/July) will be done by means of a final exam of Algebra and a final exam of Statistics (100% of the grade of each part). The final grade will be calculated according to procedure described above.

If at the end of the first quarter a student obtains a grade equal to or greater than 5 out of 10 in any of the parts of the subject (Algebra or Statistics) then he/she will keep this grade in the second call (June/July) without retaking the corresponding exam.

**Ethical commitment:** Students are expected to commit themselves to an adequate and ethical behaviour. Students showing unethical behaviours (exam cheating, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.) will be rated with the minimum grade (0.0) in the current academic year.

As a general rule, the use of any electronic device for the assessment tests is not allowed unless explicitly authorized.

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## Sources of information

### Basic Bibliography

Lay, David C., **Álgebra lineal y sus aplicaciones**, 4<sup>a</sup>,  
Nakos, George; Joyner, David, **Álgebra lineal con aplicaciones**, 1<sup>a</sup>,  
de la Villa, A., **Problemas de álgebra**, 4<sup>a</sup>,  
Cao, Ricardo et al., **Introducción a la Estadística y sus aplicaciones**, 1<sup>a</sup>,  
Devore, Jay L., **Probabilidad y estadística para ingeniería y ciencias.**, 8<sup>a</sup>,  
Devore, Jay L., **Probability and statistics for engineering and sciences**, 8<sup>a</sup>,  
**Complementary Bibliography**

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## Recommendations

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104

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## **IDENTIFYING DATA**

### **Matemáticas: Cálculo I**

Subject	Matemáticas: Cálculo I			
Code	V12G770V01104			
Study programme	PCEO Grao en Enxeñaría Mecánica/Grao en Enxeñaría en Electrónica Industrial e Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Basic education	1	1c
Teaching language	Castelán Galego			
Department	Matemática aplicada I Matemática aplicada II			
Coordinator	Martínez Martínez, Antonio			
Lecturers	Bajo Palacio, Ignacio Busto Ulloa, Saray Díaz de Bustamante, Jaime Estévez Martínez, Emilio Martínez Martínez, Antonio Martínez Torres, Javier Meniño Cotón, Carlos Prieto Gómez, Cristina Magdalena Rodal Vila, Jaime Alberto Vidal Vázquez, Ricardo			
E-mail	antonmar@uvigo.es			
Web	<a href="http://moovi.uvigo.gal/">http://moovi.uvigo.gal/</a>			
General description	O obxectivo desta materia é que o estudante adquira o dominio das técnicas básicas de cálculo diferencial nunha e en varias variables e de cálculo integral nunha variable que son necesarias para outras materias que debe cursar na titulación.			

## **Competencias**

Code

## **Resultados de aprendizaxe**

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results
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Comprensión dos coñecementos básicos de cálculo diferencial dunha e de varias variables.

Comprensión dos coñecementos básicos de cálculo integral de funcións dunha variable.

Manexo das técnicas de cálculo diferencial para a localización de extremos, a aproximación local de funcións e a resolución numérica de sistemas de ecuacións.

Manexo das técnicas de cálculo integral para o cálculo de áreas, volumes e superficies.

Utilización de ferramentas informáticas para resolver problemas de cálculo diferencial e de cálculo integral.

## **Contidos**

Topic

Converxencia e continuidade	Introdución aos números reais. Valor absoluto. O espazo euclídeo $R^n$ . Sucesións. Series. Límites e continuidade de funcións dunha e de varias variables.
Cálculo diferencial de funcións dunha e de varias variables	Cálculo diferencial de funcións dunha variable real. Cálculo diferencial de funcións de varias variables reais.
Cálculo integral de funcións dunha variable	A integral de Riemann. Cálculo de primitivas. Integrals impropias. Aplicacións da integral.

## **Planificación**

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Resolución de problemas	20.5	30	50.5
Prácticas de laboratorio	12.5	5	17.5

Lección maxistral	32	39	71
Resolución de problemas e/ou exercicios	3	3	6
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvimento	2	3	5

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

### Metodoloxía docente

	Description
Resolución de problemas	O profesor resolverá problemas e exercicios tipo e o alumno terá que resolver exercicios similares.
Prácticas de laboratorio	Empregaranse ferramentas informáticas para resolver exercicios e aplicar os coñecementos obtidos nas clases de teoría.
Lección maxistral	O profesor exporá nas clases teóricas os contidos dá a materia.

### Atención personalizada

Methodologies	Description
Resolución de problemas	O profesor atenderá persoalmente as dúbihdas e consultas do alumnado.
Prácticas de laboratorio	O profesor atenderá persoalmente as dúbihdas e consultas do alumnado.

### Avaliación

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Resolución de problemas e/ou exercicios	Realizaranxe probas escritas e/ou traballos.	40	
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvimento	Farase un exame final sobre os contidos da totalidade da materia.	60	

### Other comments on the Evaluation

A avaliación continua levaráse a cabo sobre os criterios anteriormente expostos. Aqueles alumnos que non se acollan á avaliación continua serán avaliados cun exame final sobre os contidos da totalidade da materia, que suporá o 100% da nota.

A avaliación dos alumnos en segunda convocatoria consistirá nun exame sobre os contidos da totalidade da materia, que suporá o 100% da nota.

Compromiso ético:

"Espérase que o alumno presente un comportamento ético adecuado. En caso de detectar un comportamento non ético (copia, plaxio, utilización de aparellos electrónicos non autorizados, e outros) considerarase que o alumno non reúne os requisitos necesarios para superar a materia. Neste caso a cualificación global no presente curso académico será de suspenso (0.0)."

### Bibliografía. Fontes de información

#### Basic Bibliography

Burgos, J., <b>Cálculo Infinitesimal de una variable</b> , 2 <sup>a</sup> , McGraw-Hill, 2007
Burgos, J., <b>Cálculo Infinitesimal de varias variables</b> , 2 <sup>a</sup> , McGraw-Hill, 2008
Galindo Soto, F. y otros, <b>Guía práctica de Cálculo Infinitesimal en una variable</b> , 1 <sup>a</sup> , Thomson, 2003
Galindo Soto, F. y otros, <b>Guía práctica de Cálculo Infinitesimal en varias variables</b> , 1 <sup>a</sup> , Thomson, 2005
Larson, R. y otros, <b>Cálculo 1</b> , 9 <sup>a</sup> , McGraw-Hill, 2010
Larson, R. y otros, <b>Cálculo 2</b> , 9 <sup>a</sup> , McGraw-Hill, 2010
Stewart, J., <b>Cálculo de una variable. Trascendentes tempranas</b> , 7 <sup>a</sup> , Thomson Learning, 2014

#### Complementary Bibliography

García, A. y otros, <b>Cálculo I</b> , 3 <sup>a</sup> , CLAGSA, 2007
García, A. y otros, <b>Cálculo II</b> , 2 <sup>a</sup> , CLAGSA, 2006
Rogawski, J., <b>Cálculo. Una variable</b> , 2 <sup>a</sup> , Reverte, 2012
Rogawski, J., <b>Cálculo. Varias variables</b> , 2 <sup>a</sup> , Reverte, 2012
Tomeo Perucha, V. y otros, <b>Cálculo en una variable</b> , 1 <sup>a</sup> , Garceta, 2011
Tomeo Perucha, V. y otros, <b>Cálculo en varias variables</b> , 1 <sup>a</sup> , Garceta, 2011

### Recomendacións

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Matemáticas: Cálculo II e ecuacións diferenciais/V12G330V01204

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously



**IDENTIFYING DATA****Business: Introduction to business management**

Subject	Business: Introduction to business management			
Code	V12G770V01105			
Study programme	PCEO Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica/Grado en Ingeniería en Electrónica Industrial y Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6		Basic education 1st	2nd
Teaching language	#EnglishFriendly Spanish Galician English			
Department				
Coordinator	Álvarez Llorente, Gema			
Lecturers	Álvarez Llorente, Gema Arevalo Tomé, Raquel Fernández Arias, María Jesús González-Portela Garrido, Alicia Trinidad Pérez Pereira, Santos Sinde Cantorna, Ana Isabel Urgal González, Begoña			
E-mail	galvarez@uvigo.es			
Web	<a href="http://moovi.uvigo.gal/">http://moovi.uvigo.gal/</a>			
General description	(*)Esta materia ten como obxectivo fundamental ofrecer ao alumno unha visión preliminar ou introdutoria, de carácter teórico-práctico, encol a natureza e o funcionamento das organizacións empresariais e a súa relación coa contorna na que operan, así como as actividades que levan a cabo. Para iso, entre outras cousas, definiremos o termo empresa dende un punto de vista multidimensional que abrangue a complexidade do seu funcionamento como sistema abierto. Posteriormente, analizaremos as relacóns da empresa coa súa contorna, e entraremos no estudo das súas principais áreas funcionais que contribúen ao correcto desenvolvemento da súa actividade.			

**Skills**

Code

**Learning outcomes**

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results
Know the role of the company in the field of economic activity.	
Understand the basic aspects that characterize the different types of companies.	
Know the legal framework of the different types of companies.	
Know the most relevant aspects of the organization and management in the company.	
Acquire skills on the processes that affect business management.	

**Contents**

Topic

1. THE COMPANY	1.1 The nature of the firm 1.2 The role of the company in the socio-economic system. 1.3 The company as a system. 1.4 The environment of the company. 1.5 Company objectives and goals. 1.6 Types of companies.
2. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (PART I). ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY	2.1 Economic and financial structure of the company. 2.2 Working Capital 2.3 Operating cycle and Cash Conversion Cycle 2.4 Working Capital requirement
3. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (PART II). UNDERSTANDING THE RESULTS OF THE COMPANY	3.1 The results of the company. 3.2 The profitability of the company. 3.3 The competitive strategy.

4. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (PART III). INVESTMENT DECISIONS.	4.1 Definition of Investment. 4.2 Types of investments. 4.3. Investment Appraisal Techniques
5. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (PART IV). FINANCING.	5.1 Concept of financing 5.2 Types of financing 5.3 Short-term External financing 5.4 Long-term external financing. 5.5 Internal financing 5.6 Solvency and liquidity.
6. OPERATION MANAGEMENT (PART I). GENERAL FEATURES	6.1 Production system. 6.2 Efficiency. 6.3 Productivity 6.4 Research, development and innovation (R&D&I).
7. OPERATION MANAGEMENT (PART II). PRODUCTION COSTS	7.1 Concept of cost. 7.2 Classification of costs. 7.3 The cost of production. 7.4 The income statement. 7.5 Breakeven Point.
8. MARKETING MANAGEMENT	8.1 What is marketing? 8.2 Basic concepts. 8.3 Marketing tools: Marketing mix.
9. MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATION	9.1 Components of the organization and management system. 9.2 The management system. 9.3 The human system. 9.4 The cultural system. 9.5 The political system.
PRACTICAL CLASSES OF THE SUBJECT *	Practical class 1: The company as a system Practical class 2: The business environment and business types Practical class 3: The economic and financial structure of the company (I). Basic concepts Practical class 4: The economic and financial structure of the company (II). The balance sheet Practical class 5: Operating cycle and Cash Conversion Cycle Practical class 6: The results of the company. The income statement Practical class 7: Investment appraisal techniques Practical class 8: Sources of business financing Practical class 9: Efficiency and productivity Practical class 10: Costs, margins and breakeven point Practical class 11: The basics of marketing Practical class 12: The management system of the company: A case study
(*) Practical classes schedules can undergo changes depending on the evolution of the course.	

<b>Planning</b>			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	32.5	45.5	78
Laboratory practical	18	45	63
Objective questions exam	3	6	9

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

<b>Methodologies</b>	
	Description
Lecturing	Explanation of the main contents of the course.
Laboratory practical	Application to specific problems of the knowledge acquired in theoretical classes.

<b>Personalized assistance</b>	
<b>Tests</b>	<b>Description</b>
Objective questions exam	The students will have occasion of acudir to tutorías in the dispatch of the professor in the time that the professors will establish to such effect to principle of course and that will publish in the platform of teledocencia Faitic. These tutorías are destinadas to resolve doubts and orientar to the students on the development of the contents abordados in the theoretical kinds, the practical kinds and the works that can them encomendar. In this apartado also includes the aclaración to the students of any question on the proofs realized along the course.

<b>Assessment</b>
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	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Laboratory practical	In accordance with the planning docente of the academic course, the student will have to develop a number determined of practices that include diverse exercises of application of the knowledges purchased in the kinds of theory to concrete situations and allow to develop diverse basic skills (capacity for the resolution of problems, initiative, work in team, etc.). These practices do not take part in the calculation of the qualification of the subject, but exige to the student obtain an exert minimum in the same for the superación of the subject.	0	
Objective questions exam	Will realize , and minimum, two test type test along the course, in which will evaluate the knowledges, the destrezas and the competencies purchased by the students so much in the classrooms of theory and of practices.	100	

#### **Other comments on the Evaluation**

1. Compromiso ético:

Espérase que o alumno teña un comportamento ético adecuado. No caso de detectar un comportamento non ético (copia, plaxio, uso de dispositivos electrónicos non autorizados, por exemplo) considerarase que o alumno non cumpre os requisitos necesarios para aprobar a materia. Nese caso suspenderase a nota global no curso académico actual

(0,0).

2. Sistema de avaliação continua

Segundo as directrices do título e os acordos da comisión académica ofrecerán aos alumnos / as que estuden esta materia un sistema de avaliação continua.

A avaliação continua consistirá en dúas probas tipo test que se realizarán ao longo do curso. Cada unha das probas de tipo de proba abordará os contidos vistos ata o momento da súa realización, tanto en clases teóricas como prácticas. Polo tanto, a primeira proba non publicará material para a realización da segunda proba. Debido a isto, cada unha destas probas terá un peso diferente no cálculo da cualificación obtida na materia. O primeiro 30% eo segundo o 70%.

Estas probas non son recuperables, é dicir, se un estudiante non pode realizaras na data estipulada, o profesor non ten que repetilas, salvo que o estudiante xustifique e acredeite.

O estudiante ten dereito a coñecer a cualificación obtida en cada proba nun prazo razonable despois da súa conclusión e discutir o resultado co profesor.

Entenderase que o estudiante superou a avaliação continua cando se cumpren todos os requisitos seguintes:

1. O 75% das prácticas da materia desenvolvérónse correctamente.

2. Polo menos unha nota de 5 sobre 10 (aprobada) obtivo a última proba de tipo de proba (que abarcará todos os contidos vistos na materia).

3. A media ponderada das cualificacións obtidas nas probas tipo test é un mínimo de 5 sobre 10 (aprobado), sendo a nota obtida na materia.

Para que o alumno poida realizar as probas de avaliação indicadas neste punto, o alumno debe cumplir o primeiro requisito expresado no parágrafo anterior.

Se a media ponderada das marcas obtidas nas probas de tipo de proba é maior ou igual a 5 pero a nota obtida na última proba de tipo de proba é inferior a 5, o alumno non superará a materia ea súa nota será a obtida en a segunda proba.

Entenderase que un estudiante optou pola avaliação continua cando, cumprindo cos requisitos necesarios para a realización de prácticas, participa na segunda proba de tipo test.

A cualificación obtida nas probas e probas prácticas só será válida para o curso académico no que se realizan.

### 3. Estudiantes que non opten pola avaliación continua

Ao alumnado que non opte pola avaliación continua ofrecerase un procedemento de avaliación que lles permita alcanzar a nota máis alta. Este procedemento consistirá nun exame final (cuxa data está fixada pola Xestión do Centro), na que se evaluarán todos os contidos desenvolvidos na materia, tanto nas clases teóricas como nas clases prácticas. Este exame final constará de dúas partes: unha proba teórica en formato tipo test, que representará o 30% da nota final e outra parte da práctica, que será o 70% restante e que consistirá nunha serie de exercicios a desenvolver. É unha condición esencial para pasar a materia para obter unha puntuación mínima de 5 sobre 10 (aprobada) na proba de tipo de proba. En caso de non superar a proba de tipo de proba, a nota final do estudiante será a obtida no devandito exame avaliado en 3.

Só os estudiantes que non realicen ningunha das probas de avaliación incluídas nesta guía de ensino serán considerados "non presentados". En concreto, para os estudiantes que realizan a primeira proba de tipo de proba pero que non realizan a segunda proba de tipo de proba e non se presentan ao exame final, a súa nota na materia será a nota obtida na primeira proba de proba. 3

### 4. Sobre a chamada de xullo

A convocatoria de recuperación (xullo) consistirá nun exame final que será o 100% da nota final e no que se evaluarán todos os contidos desenvolvidos na materia, tanto nas clases teóricas como nas clases prácticas. Este exame constará de dúas partes: unha proba teórica en formato de proba, que suporá o 30% da nota final e outra práctica, que será o 70% restante e que consistirá nunha serie de exercicios para desenvolver. É unha condición esencial para pasar a materia para obter unha puntuación mínima de 5 sobre 10 (aprobada) na proba de tipo de proba. En caso de non superar a proba de tipo de proba, a nota final do estudiante será a obtida no devandito exame avaliado en 3.

### 5. Prohibición do uso de dispositivos electrónicos

Non se permitirá o uso de ningún dispositivo electrónico durante as probas de avaliación, salvo autorización expresa. O feito de introducir un dispositivo electrónico non autorizado na sala de exames será considerado un motivo para non superar a materia neste curso académico e suspenderase a puntuación global (0,0).

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#### **Sources of information**

##### **Basic Bibliography**

- Barroso Castro, C. (Coord.), **Economía de la empresa**, 2012,  
Moyano Fuentes, J.; Bruque Cámara, S.; Maqueira Marín, J.M.; Fidalgo Bautista, F.A.; Martínez Jurado, **Administración de empresas: un enfoque teórico-práctico**, 2011,  
García Márquez, F., **Dirección y Gestión Empresarial**, 2013,  
Iborra Juan, M.; Dasi Coscollar, A.; Dolz Dolz, C.; Ferrer Ortega, C., **Fundamentos de dirección de empresas. Conceptos y habilidades directivas**, 2014,
- 
- ##### **Complementary Bibliography**
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#### **Recommendations**

##### **Subjects that continue the syllabus**

Basics of operations management/V12G320V01605

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**IDENTIFYING DATA****Physics: Physics II**

Subject	Physics: Physics II			
Code	V12G770V01106			
Study programme	PCEO Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica/Grado en Ingeniería en Electrónica Industrial y Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Basic education	1st	2nd
Teaching language	Spanish			
Department				
Coordinator	Fernández Fernández, José Luís			
Lecturers	Añel Cabanelas, Juan Antonio Blanco García, Jesús Cabaleiro Álvarez, David Fernández Fernández, José Luís Hermida Merino, Daniel López Vázquez, José Carlos Lugo Latas, Luis Lusquiños Rodríguez, Fernando Paredes Galán, Ángel Pérez Rodríguez, Martín Quintero Martínez, Félix Ribas Pérez, Fernando Agustín Sánchez Carnero, Noela Belén Soto Costas, Ramón Francisco Varela Benvenuto, Ramiro Alberto			
E-mail	jlfdez@uvigo.es			
Web	<a href="http://moovi.uvigo.gal/">http://moovi.uvigo.gal/</a>			
General description	This undergraduate course is the second quarter of introductory physics. The focus is on electricity, magnetism and thermodynamics			

**Skills**

Code

**Learning outcomes**

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results
Understanding the basic concepts of electromagnetism and thermodynamics.	
Knowing the basic instruments for the measurement of physical quantities.	
Knowing the basic techniques for experimental data evaluation.	
Ability to develop practical solutions to basic technical problems in engineering, within the framework of electromagnetism and thermodynamics.	

**Contents**

Topic

1.- ELECTRIC CHARGE AND ELECTRIC FIELD	1.1.- Electric Charge. 1.2.- Conductors, Insulators and Induced Charges. 1.3.- Coulomb's Law. 1.4.- Electric Field and Electric Forces. 1.5.- Electric Field Calculations. 1.6.- Electric Field Lines. 1.7.- Electric Dipoles.
2.- GAUSS'S LAW	2.1.- Charge and Electric Flux. 2.2.- Calculating Electric Flux. 2.3.- Gauss's Law. 2.4.- Applications of Gauss's Law. 2.5.- Conductors in Electrostatic Equilibrium.

3.- ELECTRIC POTENTIAL	3.1.- Electric Potential Energy. 3.2.- Electric Potential. 3.3.- Calculating Electric Potential. 3.4.- Equipotential Surfaces. 3.5.- Potential Gradient.
4.- CAPACITANCE AND DIELECTRICS	4.1.- Capacitors and Capacitance. 4.2.- Capacitors in Series and Parallel. 4.3.- Energy Storage in Capacitors and Electric-Field Energy. 4.4.- Dielectrics, Molecular Model of Induced Charge, and Polarization Vector. 4.5.- Gauss's Law in Dielectrics. 4.6.- Dielectric Constant and Permittivity.
5.- CURRENT, RESISTANCE, AND ELECTROMOTIVE FORCE	5.1.- Electric Current. 5.2.- Current and Current Density. 5.3.- Ohm's Law and Resistance. 5.4.- Electromotive Force and Circuits. 5.5.- Energy and Power in Electrical Circuits. 5.6.- Basic Theory of Electrical Conduction.
6.- MAGNETIC FIELD	6.1.- Magnetic Field. 6.2.- Motion of Charged Particles in a Magnetic Field. 6.3.- Magnetic Force on a Current-Carrying Conductor. 6.4.- Force and Torque on a Current Loop. 6.5.- Biot-Savart's Law. 6.6.- Magnetic Field Lines and Magnetic Flux. 6.7.- Ampère's Law.
7.- MAGNETIC FIELD IN MATTER	7.1.- Magnetic Substances and Magnetization Vector. 7.2.- Ampère's Law in Magnetic Media. 7.3.- Magnetic Susceptibility and Permeability. 7.4.- Paramagnetism and Diamagnetism. 7.5.- Ferromagnetism.
8.- ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION	8.1.- Induction Experiments. 8.2.- Faraday-Lenz's Law. 8.3.- Induced Electric Fields. 8.4.- Eddy Currents. 8.5.- Mutual Inductance. 8.6.- Self-Inductance and Inductors. 8.7.- Magnetic-Field Energy.
9.- THERMODYNAMIC SYSTEMS	9.1.- Classical Thermodynamics. 9.2.- Thermodynamic Systems and Classification. 9.3.- State Variables and State of a System. 9.4.- Equations of State. 9.5.- Thermodynamic Equilibrium. 9.6.- Change of State, Transformation or Process. 9.7.- Quasi-static Processes. 9.8.- State and Process Functions.
10.- TEMPERATURE AND HEAT	10.1.- Thermal Equilibrium, The Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics, and Temperature. 10.2.- Thermometers and Temperature Scales. 10.3.- Ideal Gas Thermometers and the Kelvin Scale. 10.4.- Heat. 10.5.- Calorimetry and Heat Capacities.
11.- THE FIRST LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS	11.1.- Work. 11.2.- Work Done During Volume Changes. 11.3.- Internal Energy. 11.4.- The First Law of Thermodynamics. 11.5.- Internal Energy of an Ideal Gas. 11.6.- Molar Heat Capacities of an Ideal Gas. 11.7.- Adiabatic, Isothermal, Isobaric and Isochoric Processes for an Ideal Gas. 11.8.- Enthalpy.

12.- THE SECOND LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS	12.1.- Directions of Thermodynamic Processes. 12.2.- Heat Engines, Refrigerators, and Heat Pumps. 12.3.- The Second Law of Thermodynamics: Clausius and Kelvin-Planck Statements. 12.4.- Carnot Engine. 12.5.- Carnot Theorems. 12.6.- Thermodynamic Temperature. 12.7.- Entropy. 12.8.- Increase of Entropy Principle. 12.9.- Entropy Change of an Ideal Gas.
LABORATORY	1.- How to Use a Multimeter. Ohm's Law. Direct Current. Circuit with Resistors. 2.- Linear and Non-Linear Conductors. 3.- Charge and Discharge of a Capacitor. 4.- Analysis of a Parallel Plate Capacitor with Dielectrics. 5.- Utilization of an Oscilloscope to Analyze Charge and Discharge Processes. 6.- Study of the Magnetic Field. Helmholtz Coils. Magnetic Moment. Hall Effect. 7.- Calorimetry. Water Equivalent of Calorimeter. Latent Heat of Fusion. 8.- Thermodynamics of the Ideal Gas. Heat Capacity Ratio. Adiabatic Work.
LABORATORY: UNSTRUCTURED ACTIVITY (OPEN LAB) SESSIONS	Unstructured activity (open lab) sessions that cover the topics of the above cited regular laboratory sessions. A practical problem will be assigned to each team. Then, under the teacher's supervision, each team must analyse the problem, select a theoretical model and experimental means to obtain a solution.

Planning	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	24.5	45	69.5
Problem solving	8	20	28
Laboratory practical	18	18	36
Objective questions exam	1	0	1
Problem and/or exercise solving	3.5	0	3.5
Essay questions exam	3	0	3
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	0	9	9

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	Lectures are given by the teacher on the contents of the subject, theoretical bases and / or guidelines of a work, exercise or project to be performed by the students.
Problem solving	Activity in which problems and / or exercises related to the subject are formulated. The student must develop the appropriate or correct solutions through the repetition of routines, the application of formulas or algorithms, the application of procedures for transforming the available information and the interpretation of the results. It is usually used as a complement to the lecture sessions.
Laboratory practical	Activities for applying the knowledge to particular situations and for the acquisition of basic and procedural skills related to the subject. They are developed in dedicated rooms with specialized equipment (laboratories, computer rooms, etc.).

Personalized assistance	Methodologies	Description
	Lecturing	In office hours.
	Laboratory practical	In office hours.
	Problem solving	In office hours.
Tests		Description
Objective questions exam		In office hours.
Problem and/or exercise solving		In office hours.
Essay questions exam		In office hours.
Report of practices, practicum and external practices		In office hours.

Assessment
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Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Objective questions exam	Tests for the assessment of acquired knowledge that include closed questions with different response options (true/false, multiple choice, matching of elements...). Students select a response among a limited number of choices.	10
Problem and/or exercise solving	Test in which the student must solve a series of problems and / or exercises in a time / conditions set by the teacher. In this way, the student should apply the acquired knowledge.	40
Essay questions exam	Tests that include open questions on a topic. Students should develop, relate, organize and present knowledge on the subject in an argued response.	40
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	Preparation of a report by the students which reflects the characteristics of the work that has been carried out. Students must describe the developed tasks and procedures, show the results or observations made, as well as the data analysis and processing.	10

### Other comments on the Evaluation

Continuous assessment (denoted EC) will have a weight of 40% in the final mark, and will include the lab mark (20%, denoted ECL) and the class mark (20%, denoted ECA).

The mark ECA will be evaluated by means of tests on the topics covered in the lectures. These tests will comprise objective questions and/or essay questions.

The mark ECL will be evaluated by the lab reports and tests on the topics covered in the laboratory sessions.

Those students unable to attend the continuous assessment and who have been granted the waiver of the continuous assessment have the possibility of taking a final test to obtain a REC mark with a weight of 40% of the final mark. This test will include the contents of the lab sessions (weight of 20%, denoted RECL) and the topics covered in the lectures (weight of 20%, denoted RECA).

The remaining 60% of the final mark will be obtained by taking a final exam. This will consist of two parts: a theoretical part (denoted T) with a weight of 20% of the final mark, and another part on problem solving (denoted P) with a weight of 40% of the final mark. The theoretical part will consist of a test comprising objective questions and/or essay questions. Those students not attending the final exam will obtain a mark of non-presented.

Both the **fin de carrera** exam and any other ones held on dates and/or times different from those officially set by the School of Industrial Engineering (E.E.I.), could have an exam format different from the one previously described, although each part of the exam (EC or REC, T and P) will hold its weight in the final mark.

Final mark G for the continuous assessment modality:

$$G = ECL + ECA + T + P.$$

Final mark G for the assessment at the end of the course and July (RECL and RECA only for those students who have been granted the waiver of the continuous assessment):

$$G = ECL \text{ (or RECL)} + ECA \text{ (or RECA)} + T + P.$$

To pass the course, a student must obtain a final mark G equal to or higher than 5.

**Ethical commitment:** Every student is expected to follow an appropriate ethical behaviour. In the case that unethical conduct is detected (copy, plagiarism, utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, or others), it will be considered that the student does not fulfil the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In this case, the final mark in the present academic year will be **suspensos** (0.0).

Students should not possess or use any electronic device during the tests and exams, unless specifically authorised to do so. The mere fact that a student carries an unauthorised electronic device into the examination room will result in failing the subject in the present academic year and the final mark will be **suspensos** (0.0).

### Sources of information

#### Basic Bibliography

1. Young H. D., Freedman R. A., **Física Universitaria, V1 y V2**, 13<sup>a</sup> ed., Pearson,

1en. Young H. D., Freedman R. A, **University physics: with modern physics**, 14th ed., Pearson,

#### **Complementary Bibliography**

2. Tipler P., Mosca G., **Física para la ciencia y la tecnología, V1 y V2**, 5<sup>a</sup> ed., Reverté,

2en. Tipler P., Mosca G, **Physics for Scientists and Engineers, V1 and V2**, 6th ed., W. H. Freeman and Company,

3. Serway R. A., Jewett J. W, **Física para ciencias e ingeniería, V1 y V2**, 9<sup>a</sup> ed., Cengage Learning,

3en. Serway R. A., Jewett J. W, **Physics for Scientists and Engineers**, 9th ed., Brooks/Cole,

4. Juana Sardón, J. M., **Física general, V1 y V2**, 2<sup>a</sup> ed., Pearson Prentice-Hall,

5. Bronshtein, I., Semendiaev, K., **Manual de matemáticas para ingenieros y estudiantes**, 4<sup>a</sup>ed., MIR 1982; MIR-Rubiños 1993,

5en. Bronshtein, I., Semendiaev, K., **Handbook of Mathematics**, 5th Ed., Springer Berlin,

6. Jou Mirabent, D., Pérez García, C., Llebot Rabagliati, J. E., **Física para ciencias de la vida**, 2<sup>a</sup> ed., McGraw-Hill Interamericana de España S.L.,

7. Cussó Pérez, F., López Martínez, C., Villar Lázaro, R., **Fundamentos Físicos de los Procesos Biológicos**, 1<sup>a</sup> ed., ECU,

8. Cussó Pérez, F., López Martínez, C., Villar Lázaro, R., **Fundamentos Físicos de los Procesos Biológicos, Volumen II**, 1<sup>a</sup> ed., ECU,

9. Villar Lázaro, R., López Martínez, C., Cussó Pérez, F., **Fundamentos Físicos de los Procesos Biológicos, Volumen III**, 1<sup>a</sup> ed., ECU,

10en. Villars, F., Benedek, G. B., **Physics with Illustrative Examples from Medicine and Biology**, 2nd ed., AIP Press/Springer-Verlag,

#### **Recommendations**

#### **Other comments**

Basic recommendations:

1. Basic knowledge acquired in the subjects of Physics and Mathematics in previous courses.

2. Oral and written comprehension.

3. Capacity for abstraction, basic calculus, and synthesis of information.

4. Skills for group work and communication.

In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish version of this syllabus prevails.

## **IDENTIFYING DATA**

### **Computer science: Computing for engineering**

Subject	Computer science: Computing for engineering			
Code	V12G770V01107			
Study programme	PCEO Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica/Grado en Ingeniería en Electrónica Industrial y Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Basic education	1st	2nd
Teaching language	Spanish Galician English			
Department				
Coordinator	Rodríguez Damian, María Sáez López, Juan			
Lecturers	Ibáñez Paz, Regina Manzanedo García, Antonio Pérez Cota, Manuel Rodríguez Damian, Amparo Rodríguez Damian, María Rodríguez Diéguez, Amador Sáez López, Juan Vázquez Núñez, Fernando Antonio			
E-mail	mrdamian@uvigo.es juansaez@uvigo.es			
Web	<a href="http://moovi.uvigo.gal/">http://moovi.uvigo.gal/</a>			
General description	They treat the following contents: Methods and basic algorithms of programming Programming of computers by means of a language of high level Architecture of computers Operating systems basic Concepts of databases			

## **Skills**

Code

## **Learning outcomes**

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results
Computer and operating system skills.	
Basic understanding of how computers work	
Skills regarding the use of computer tools for engineering	
Database fundamentals	
Capability to implement simple algorythms using a programming language	
Structured and modular programming fundamentals	

## **Contents**

Topic

Concepts and basic technicians of programming applied to the engineering	Paradigms of programming Programming structured Programming languages Python features
Foundations of Python	Types of variables data and operators Comments Functions and standard Modules. Import and use of modules. Input-Output and control of errors

Structures of control	Decision if-else Iterative: while Boolean algebra
Sequences and iterative	Working with sequences: lists, tuples and string Types of data mutable and no mutable Concepts of reference and value Indexes of the sequences Cycle for- in Operators and sequences Functions and methods of sequences
Lists and List of lists	Operators and methods Characteristics of the lists Working with lists Indexes and iterate lists
Functions and own Modules	Definition and creation of functions Types of parameters and return values Concepts of value and reference in the parameters Scope of the variables Creation and invocation of modules
Persistence	Files, definitions and characteristics Basic operations with the files
Graphic interface	Creation of windows and widgets Manipulation of graphic elements Utilisation of variable control
Basic concepts of Computing	Computer Architecture Components: hardware, software Operating systems Databases

### Planning

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Introductory activities	1	1	2
Practices through ICT	22	24	46
Problem solving	11	18	29
Previous studies	1	5	6
Autonomous problem solving	6	20	26
Lecturing	10	0	10
Objective questions exam	4	7	11
Problem and/or exercise solving	8	12	20

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

### Methodologies

	Description
Introductory activities	Activities directed to take contact, gather information on the students, creation of groups, tasks of organisation, as well as present the subject.
Practices through ICT	Activities of application of the knowledges to concrete situations and of acquisition of basic skills and process related with the matter object of study. They develop in special spaces with equipment facilitated by the School, and expects that each student have his own laptop or the facilitated by the School.
Problem solving	Analysis of a fact, problem or real event with the purpose to know it, interpret it, resolve it, generate hypothesis, contrast data, complete knowledges, diagnose it and train in alternative procedures of solution.
Previous studies	Reading and understanding by part of the student of some subjects or parts of subjects to deepen in the knowledge of the same in class.
Autonomous problem solving	Resolution by part of the student of the different type of problems posed, being able to identify the efficiency of each method of resolution proposed.
Lecturing	Exhibition by part of the professor of the contents on the matter object of study, theoretical bases and/or guidelines of a work, exercise or project to develop by the student.

### Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Problem solving	They will resolve the doubts posed by the students. Teachers' tutoring in the agreed format.
Practices through ICT	Attention in the laboratory to the doubts that present or will indicate him the way to be followed so that the person find the solution. Teachers' tutoring in the schedule and format stipulated.

<b>Assessment</b>		Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Practices through ICT	Group of proofs that include the solution of problems, exercises of practical type, and activities to resolve.		70	
Objective questions exam	Proofs for the evaluation of the competitions purchased that include questions with different alternative of answer (true/false, multiple election, ...)		15	
Problem and/or exercise solving	Resolution of practical exercises		15	

### **Other comments on the Evaluation**

Ethical commitment:

Students are expected to behave ethically. If unethical behaviour is detected (copying, plagiarism, use of unauthorized electronic devices and others), then it will be considered that the student does not meet the minimum requirements to pass the course. In this case, the final grade for the current academic year will be failed (0.0).

In addition to the ethical commitment, the following is underlined:

In the first place, a person registered in the course is by default subject to the continuous assessment system; if the student does not want to be in this system, he/she must expressly renounce to it within the established deadlines.

### **CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT OPERATION**

In the present course, the continuous assessment will collect all the evidence of learning from the person enrolled and will be grouped into three assessments. The first two will take place preferably in the laboratories: Test 1 and Test 2. The third evaluation may be written: Test 3. If the student does not renounce to the continuous evaluation system, tests that are not attended will be considered as qualified as zero (0.0). A minimum score of 30% out of 10 (3.0 points) must be obtained in the last two evaluations: Test 2 and Test 3, in order to be eligible to have the final average calculated. If this requirement is not met and the final average is equal to or greater than 5, the final grade will be 4:

$$\text{Test 1} * 0.3 + (\text{Test 2} \geq 3) * 0.4 + (\text{Test 3} \geq 3) * 0.3 \geq 5$$

A student is considered passed if he/she obtains a five or more in compliance with all the requirements.

#### **First call (May/June):**

The following must be met to pass the subject under continuous assessment:

$$\text{Test 1} * 0.3 + (\text{Test 2} \geq 3) * 0.4 + (\text{Test 3} \geq 3) * 0.3 \geq 5$$

Once the first evaluation: Test 1, has been carried out, the person enrolled may request to abandon the continuous evaluation system (within the period and by the means established by the teaching staff). In this way, the person enrolled will be able to follow the non-continuous assessment system.

#### **Second call (June/July):**

If a person does not reach the passing level in the first exam (May/June) but has passed the minimum mark in the second exam: Test 2, in the second call (June/July) he/she can choose to keep the grades of the first two tests, and take a 4-points exam, or take a 100% exam in the subject (10 points). If the person takes the 3-points test, he/she will be asked for a minimum score of 30% out of 10 (3.0 points) in order to calculate the final grade. If this requirement is not met and the final average is equal to or greater than 5, the final grade will be 4.

### **NON-CONTINUOUS EVALUATION OPERATION**

An exam that allows students to obtain 100% of the grade. The exam may be divided into sections, minimums can be required.

**First call (May/June):**

Registered students who have expressly renounced to the continuous assessment system may take the May/June exam (on the date and at the time proposed by the School) and take an exam that allows them to obtain 100% of the grade. This exam is not open to those who have failed the continuous assessment.

**Second call (June/July):**

An exam will be proposed to evaluate 100% of the subject, for those who have not achieved the minimum mark in the first call.

The version of the guide was made in Spanish. For any doubt or contradiction, the Spanish guide will be mandatory.

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**Sources of information**

**Basic Bibliography**

Eric Matthes, **Python Crash Course, 3rd Edition: A Hands-On, Project-Based Introduction to Programming**, 3, No Starch Press, 2022

Silvia Guardati Buemo y Osvaldo Cairó Battistutti, **De cero al infinito. Aprende a programar en Python**, Cairó, 2020

Juan Diego Pérez Villa, **Introducción a la informática. Guía visual**, Anaya Multimedia, 2022

**Complementary Bibliography**

Jane Holcombe y Charles Holcombe, **ISE Survey of Operating Systems**, 7, McGraw Hill, 2022

Antonio Postigo Palacios, **Bases de datos**, Ediciones Paraninfo, 2021

**Recommendations**

## **IDENTIFYING DATA**

### **Matemáticas: Cálculo II e ecuacións diferenciais**

Subject	Matemáticas: Cálculo II e ecuacións diferenciais			
Code	V12G770V01108			
Study programme	PCEO Grao en Enxeñaría Mecánica/Grao en Enxeñaría en Electrónica Industrial e Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits  6	Choose	Year Basic education 1	Quadmester 2c
Teaching language	Castelán Galego Inglés			
Department	Matemática aplicada I Matemática aplicada II			
Coordinator	Cachafeiro López, María Alicia			
Lecturers	Bazarría García, Noelia Busto Ulloa, Saray Cachafeiro López, María Alicia Calvo Ruibal, Natividad Castejón Lafuente, Alberto Elias Durany Castrillo, José Estévez Martínez, Emilio Fernández García, José Ramón Godoy Malvar, Eduardo Martínez Brey, Eduardo Martínez Torres, Javier Prieto Gómez, Cristina Magdalena			
E-mail	acachafe@uvigo.es			
Web	<a href="http://moovi.uvigo.gal/">http://moovi.uvigo.gal/</a>			
General description	U obxectivo que se persegue con esta asignatura é que o alumno coñeza as técnicas básicas de o cálculo integral en varias variables, cálculo vectorial, ecuaciones diferenciales ordinarias e as súas aplicacións.			

## **Competencias**

Code

## **Resultados de aprendizaxe**

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results
Comprensión de os conceptos básicos de o cálculo integral en varias variables.	
Coñecemento de as principais técnicas de integración de funcións de varias variables.	
Coñecemento de os principais resultados de o cálculo vectorial e aplicacións.	
Adquisición de os coñecementos básicos para a resolución de ecuaciones e sistemas diferenciales lineais.	
Comprensión de a importancia de o cálculo integral, cálculo vectorial e de as ecuaciones diferenciales para o estudo de o mundo físico.	
Aplicación de os coñecementos de cálculo integral, cálculo vectorial e de ecuaciones diferenciales.	
Adquisición de a capacidade necesaria para utilizar estes coñecementos en a resolución manual e informática de cuestiós, exercicios e problemas.	

## **Contidos**

Topic

Integración en varias variables.	Integral dobre sobre rectángulos. Principio de Cavalieri. Reducción a integrais iteradas. Integral dobre sobre rexións elementais. Propiedades. Teorema de Fubini. Teorema de o cambio de variable. Caso particular de coordenadas polares. Integral triple sobre unha caixa e sobre rexións elementais. Teorema de Fubini. Teorema de o cambio de variable. Casos particulares: coordenadas cilíndricas e esféricas. Aplicacións geométricas e físicas de a integral múltiple: cálculo de volumes, centros de masa e momentos de inercia.
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Cálculo vectorial	Curvas no plano e no espazo. Longitude de arco. Cambio de parámetro. Integral curvilínea ou de traxectoria con respecto á longitude de arco de campos escalares. Integral curvilínea ou circulación de campos vectoriales. Propiedades. Teorema fundamental das integrais de liña. Teorema de Green no plano. Superficies regulares. Plano tangente. Vector normal. Área dunha superficie. Integral de superficie de campos escalares. Fluxo ou integral de superficie de campos vectoriales. Operadores diverxencia e rotacional. Caracterización de campos conservativos. Teorema de Stokes. Teorema de Gauss.
Ecuacións diferenciais	Ecuacións diferenciais ordinarias. Concepto de solución. Teoremas de existencia e unicidade para problemas de condición inicial. Métodos de resolución de ecuacións diferenciais ordinarias de primeira orde: en variables separables, reducibles a variables separables, homoxéneas, lineais e reducibles a lineais. Ecuacións diferenciais exactas. Factores integrantes. Ecuación diferencial dunha familia uniparamétrica de curvas planas. Traxectorias ortogonales. Ecuacións diferenciais lineais de orde 2 e de orde superior. Problemas de condición inicial. Conxuntos fundamentais. Método de variación de parámetros. Método de coeficientes indeterminados. Reducción de orde. Ecuación de Euler. Sistemas de ecuacións diferenciais lineais.
Métodos numéricos para problemas de valor inicial	Introdución aos métodos numéricos. Métodos de Euler e Euler mellorado. Método de Runge-Kutta de orde 4.

## Planificación

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lección magistral	32	60	92
Resolución de problemas	22	24	46
Prácticas de laboratorio	9	0	9
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	3	0	3

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

## Metodoloxía docente

	Description
Lección magistral	O profesor expondrá nas clases teóricas os contidos da materia. Os alumnos terán textos básicos de referencia para o seguimiento da materia.
Resolución de problemas	O profesor resolverá problemas e exercicios e o alumno terá que resolver exercicios similares para adquirir as capacidades necesarias.
Prácticas de laboratorio	O profesor resolverá problemas e exercicios de forma manual e/ou mediante o uso de ferramentas informáticas e o alumno terá que resolver exercicios similares para adquirir as capacidades necesarias.

## Atención personalizada

Methodologies	Description
Resolución de problemas	O profesor atenderá persoalmente as dúbidas e consultas dos alumnos, en especial nas clases de problemas e laboratorio e en *tutorías.
Prácticas de laboratorio	O profesor atenderá persoalmente as dúbidas e consultas dos alumnos, en especial nas clases de problemas e laboratorio e en *tutorías.

## Avaliación

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Resolución de problemas	Realizarse probas escritas e/ou traballos.	40	
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	Realizarse una proba final sobre os contidos de toda a materia.	60	

## Other comments on the Evaluation

A avaliación continua levarase a cabo sobre os criterios anteriormente expostos. A cualificación final do alumno será a mellor nota entre a obtida mediante avaliación continua e a obtida na proba final.

Aqueles alumnos que non se acollan á avaliación continua serán evaluados cun exame final sobre os contidos de toda a materia que supoñerá o 100% da nota.

A avaliación dos alumnos en segunda convocatoria consistirá nun exame sobre os contidos da asignatura que supoñerá o

100% da nota.

Compromiso ético:

Espérase que o alumno presente un comportamento ético adecuado. En caso de detectar un comportamento non ético (por exemplo, copia, plagio, utilización de aparellos electrónicos non autorizados) considerarase que o alumno non reúne os requisitos necesarios para superar a materia. Neste caso a cualificación global da asignatura no presente curso académico será de suspenso con cualificación numérica de 0.

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### **Bibliografía. Fontes de información**

#### **Basic Bibliography**

Larson, R., Edwards, B.H., **Cálculo 2 de varias variables**, 9<sup>a</sup> edición, McGraw-Hill, 2010

Marsden, E., Tromba, A.J., **Cálculo Vectorial**, 6<sup>a</sup> edición, Pearson, 2018

Rogawski, J., **Cálculo: varias variables**, 2<sup>a</sup> edición, Reverté, 2012

Thomas, G.B. Jr., **Cálculo: varias variables**, 12<sup>a</sup> edición, Addison-Wesley-Pearson Education, 2010

García, A., López, A., Rodríguez, G., Romero, S., de la Villa, A., **Cálculo II. Teoría y problemas de funciones de varias variables**, 2<sup>a</sup> edición, CLAGSA, 2002

Nagle, K., Saff, E.B., Snider, A.D., **Ecuaciones diferenciales y problemas con valores en la frontera**, 4<sup>a</sup> edición, Pearson Educación, 2005

Zill, D.G., **Ecuaciones Diferenciales con aplicaciones de modelado**, 9<sup>a</sup> edición, Cengage Learning, 2009

García, A., García, F., López, A., Rodríguez, G., de la Villa, A., **Ecuaciones Diferenciales Ordinarias**, CLAGSA, 2006

Kincaid, D., Cheney, W., **Métodos numéricos y computación**, 6<sup>a</sup> edición, Cengage Learning, 2011

#### **Complementary Bibliography**

### **Recomendacións**

#### **Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before**

Matemáticas: Álgebra e estatística/V12G320V01103

Matemáticas: Cálculo I/V12G320V01104

#### **Other comments**

En caso de discrepancias, prevalecerá a versión en castelán desta guía.

**IDENTIFYING DATA****Chemistry: Chemistry**

Subject	Chemistry: Chemistry			
Code	V12G770V01109			
Study programme	PCEO Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica/Grado en Ingeniería en Electrónica Industrial y Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Basic education	1st	2nd
Teaching language				
Department				

Coordinator Cruz Freire, José Manuel  
Lorenzo Fernández, Paula

Lecturers Alonso Gómez, José Lorenzo  
Álvarez Álvarez, María Salomé  
Bolaño García, Sandra  
Bravo Bernárdez, Jorge  
Cruz Freire, José Manuel  
Gómez Costas, Elena  
Gómez Graña, Sergio  
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Nóvoa Rodríguez, Ramón  
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Rey Losada, Francisco Jesús  
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Sousa Castillo, Ana  
Vecino Bello, Xanel

E-mail paula.lorenzo@uvigo.es  
jmcruz@uvigo.es

Web

General description

**Skills**

Code

**Learning outcomes**

Expected results from this subject

Training and Learning Results

Knowing the chemical bases of industrial technologies. Specifically, the student will gain basic knowledge of general, organic and inorganic chemistry and their applications in engineering. This will allow the student to apply the basic concepts and fundamental laws of chemistry. Due to theoretical-practical training, the student will be able to effectively carry out lab experiments and to solve basic chemistry exercises.

**Contents**

Topic

**Planning**

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
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\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

**Methodologies**

Description

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**Personalized assistance**

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**Assessment**

Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
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**Other comments on the Evaluation**

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**Sources of information**

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**Basic Bibliography**

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**Complementary Bibliography**

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**Recommendations**

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