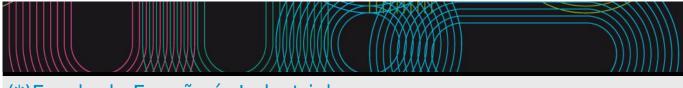
Educational guide 2021 / 2022

Universida_{de}Vigo



(*)Escola de Enxeñaría Industrial

Information

For additional information about the centre and its degres visit the centre's website https://eei.uvigo.es/

Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica

Subjects			
Year 2nd			
Code	Name	Quadmester	Total Cr.
V12G380V01301	Materials science and technology	2nd	6
V12G380V01302	Thermodynamics and heat transfer	1st	6
V12G380V01303	Fundamentals of electrical engineering	1st	6
V12G380V01305	Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies	1st	6
V12G380V01306	Mechanism and machine theory	1st	6
V12G380V01401	Environmental technology	1st	6
V12G380V01402	Resistance of materials	2nd	6
V12G380V01403	Fundamentals of automation	2nd	6
V12G380V01404	Electronic technology	2nd	6
V12G380V01405	Fluid mechanics	2nd	6

Materials science and technology Subject Materials science and technology Code V12G380V01301 Study Grado en programme Ingeniería Mecánica Descriptors ECTS Credits Choose Year 6 Mandatory 2nd Teaching #EnglishFriendly language Spanish Galician Department Coordinator Figueroa Martínez, Raúl Abreu Fernández, Carmen María	
Subject Materials science and technology Code V12G380V01301 Study Grado en programme Ingeniería Mecánica Descriptors ECTS Credits Choose Year 6 Mandatory 2nd Teaching #EnglishFriendly language Spanish Galician Department Coordinator Figueroa Martínez, Raúl Abreu Fernández, Carmen María	
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6 Mandatory 2nd Teaching #EnglishFriendly language Spanish Galician Department Coordinator Figueroa Martínez, Raúl Abreu Fernández, Carmen María Lecturers Abreu Fernández, Carmen María	
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language Spanish Galician Department Coordinator Figueroa Martínez, Raúl Abreu Fernández, Carmen María Lecturers Abreu Fernández, Carmen María	2nd
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Abreu Fernández, Carmen María Lecturers Abreu Fernández, Carmen María	
Lecturers Abreu Fernández, Carmen María	
ál Bil	
Alvarez Dacosta, Pedro	
Cortes Redin, María Begoña	
Feijoó Vázquez, Iria	
Figueroa Martínez, Raúl	
Guitián Saco, María Beatriz	
Iglesias Rodríguez, Fernando	
Pena Uris, Gloria María	
Riobó Coya, Cristina	
Vázquez Castro, Alfonso	
E-mail cabreu@uvigo.es	
raulfm@uvigo.es	
Web http://moovi.uvigo.gal/	
General The aim of this subject is to introduce the main concepts of materials technology as well as t	to study
description applications of the most common materials	

Skills

Code

- B3 CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.
- B4 CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty.
- B6 CG6 Capacity for handling specifications, regulations and mandatory standards.
- C9 CE9 Knowledge of the fundamentals of the science, technology and chemistry of materials. Understand the relationship between microstructure, the synthesis, processing and properties of materials.
- D1 CT1 Analysis and synthesis
- D5 CT5 Information Management.
- D9 CT9 Apply knowledge.
- D10 CT10 Self learning and work.

Learning outcomes						
Expected results from this subject			Training and Learning Results			
It comprises the fundamental concepts of link, structure and microestructure of the distinct types of materials	В3	C9	D10			
It comprises the relation go in to microestructure of the material in his mechanical behaviour, electrical, thermal and magnetic	В3	C9				
It comprises the mechanical behaviour of the metallic materials, ceramic, plastics and compound						
It knows how they can modify the properties by means of mechanical processes and thermal treatments		C9	D9			
It knows the basic technicians of structural characterisation of the materials		C9				
It purchases skills in the handle of the diagrams and charts			D1 D5			
It purchases skill in the realisation of essays		C9	D10			
It analyses the results obtained and extracts conclusions of the same			D1 D9			
It is able to apply norms of essays of materials			D1 D9			

Contents	
Topic	
Introduction	Introduction to the Science and Technology of Material. Classification of the materials. Terminology. Orientations for the follow-up of the matter.
Crystalline arrangement.	Crystalline and amorphous solids. Crystalline lattices, characteristics and imperfections. Allotropic transformations.
Properties of materials. Laboratory practices.	Mechanical, chemical, thermal, electric and magnetic properties. Standars for materials analysis. Compressive and tensile deformation. Principles of fracture mechanisms. Toughness. Hardness. Main test methods. Introduction to metallography. Binary isomorphous and eutectic systems. Microstructure in eutectic alloys. Analyses of practical situations.
Metallic materials.	Solidification. Constitution of alloys. Grain size. Main binary phase diagrams. Processing. Carbon steels: classification and applications. Cast iron alloys. Heat treatments: ims, fundamentals and classification. Annealing, normalizing, quenching and tempering. Nonferreous alloys.
Polymers and composites	General concepts. Classification. Properties. Types of polymers. Processing. Classification of composite materials. Polymer matrix composite materials. Processing of composite materials. Problems related to polymeric and composite materials.
Ceramic materials	Structure and bonding in ceramic materials. Silicates structure. Glasses. Properties of ceramic materials. Processing of ceramic materials. Applications.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Introductory activities	1	0	1
Lecturing	31	56	87
Laboratory practical	18	18	36
Autonomous problem solving	0	12	12
Mentored work	0.5	7.95	8.45
Problem and/or exercise solving	1	0	1
Presentation	0.25	0	0.25
Report of practices, practicum and externa	l practices 0	2	2
Self-assessment	0	0.3	0.3
Objective questions exam	2	0	2

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Introductory activities	A presentation of the course is made: contents, organization, methodologies to be used, schedule and evaluation system. Emphasis is placed on student participation and the personalized tutoring system.
Lecturing	During the academic course, the teacher exposes the main contents of the course, encouraging the active participation of the students. Exercises and type problems are solved, and hands on science methodology will be also applied.
Laboratory practical	Activities for the practical application of the knowledge acquired in the theoretical sessions. They are performed in the laboratory with specialized equipment and in accordance with applicable standards
Autonomous problem solving	Throughout the course, students will be offered different set of problems and questions that they will have to solve by themselves, demonstrating the capacity for learning and developing autonomous work.
Mentored work	The teacher will propose various assignments to be carried out in small groups. Throughout its development the teacher will guide and orient the students. Finally, the work must be presented in a public session in front of the teacher and all the classmates.

Personalized assistance					
Methodologies	Description				
Lecturing	The teacher will guide and resolve any doubts that the student may have in relation to the contents explained in the lectures.				
Laboratory practical	The laboratory teacher will guide the students in the development of the practical classes, clarifying their doubts and guiding them to achieve the best understanding of the practical classes				

Mentored work	During the development of the tasks proposed to be done in small groups, the students will have the guidance and help of the teacher
Tests	Description
Problem and/or exercise solving	The students will have the support of the teacher to solve the doubts that can arise in the resolution of the numerical problems proposed in class, as well as those that are offered for their autonomous work.
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	The laboratory teacher will guide the students in the resolution of the questions formulated in the practical classes and will help in the doubts that may arise in the writing of the practical reports.
Self-assessment	The teacher will design the self-assessment tests that the student must take throughout the course, and will guide the students in their completion, solving the technical questions that may arise

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification	L	ainin Learr Resu	ning
Laboratory practical	The attendance and active participation of the student in the practical sessions will be valued	0.5	B3 B6	C9	D1 D9 D10
Problem and/or exercise solving	The knowledges acquired in the practical sessions will be evaluated by means of test questions and problems	16	B4 B6	C9	D1 D9 D10
Presentation	The work carried out in small groups will be evaluated through their public defense. The search for information, the structuring of the work and the clarity of the presentation will be especially taken into account.	-	B4 B6	C9	D1 D5 D10
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	The student must present a report of the practical sessions which will include the results obtained in the mechanical tests as well as the answers to the questions asked.	1.5	B6	C9	D9
Self-assessment	Resolution of proposed online questionnaires, which will consist of true and false questions and multiple choice questions	4	ВЗ	C9	D9 D10
Objective questions exan	nStudent learning in this course will be evaluated by means of a written exam, which will consist of short answer questions, test questions and problems similar to those posed during the course.	70	B3 B4	C9	D1 D5 D9 D10

Other comments on the Evaluation

Continuous assessment: The continuous assessment activities will be carried out during the teaching period and correspond to 30% of the grade.

Final Exam: counts for 70% of the course grade. The exam will be taken on the official date set by the EEI direction.

Requirements to pass the course:

It is necessary to achieve a minimum score of 40% in the final exam, that is 2.8 / 7.

If this minimum is not reached, the course will be considered as not passed and, although the sum of the exam grade and the continuous evaluation is higher than 5, the maximum grade that will be included in the academic records will be 4.5 points.

Renouncing continuous assessment: Students that do not follow the continuous assessment activities, after receiving authorization from the EEI direction, will be evaluated through a final exam on the contents of all the course, covering both lecture and labo contents, counting for 100% of the grade. A minimum mark of 5 (50%) will be required to pass the course.

July exam (2nd Edition): In the July edition, the continuous assessment marks will be also considered (only marks obtained in the current academic year). The characteristics of the exam will be the same as the first edition, and will be taken on the official date set by the EEI direction. Further in the July edition, the student can choose to be evaluated through a final exam on the contents of all the course, covering both lecture and labo contents, counting for 100% of the grade. A minimum mark of 5 (50%) will be required to pass the course. The student must notify the teacher of their choice well in advance.

Extraordinary Call: The extraordinary call exam contents will cover the entire course, including both lecture and

labo contents, counting for 100% o the grade. A minimum mark of 5 (50%) will be required to pass the course.

Ethical commitment: Students are expected to carry out their work in accordance with an appropriate ethical behaviour. If the professor detects a behaviour that constitutes academic dishonesty (cheating, plagiarism, use of unauthorized electronic devices, for example) the student will be deemed not to meet all the criteria to pass the course, and will be informed that the final grade of this course will be FAIL (0.0). The use of any electronic device will not be allowed during the evaluation tests, unless expressly authorized. Introducing an unauthorized electronic device into the exam room will be considered reason enough for not passing the course in the present academic year, and the final grade will be: FAIL (0.0).

Attention: If there is any mismatch between the contents of the 3 language versions of this teaching guide, those included in the Spanish version will be considered valid.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Callister, William, Ciencia e ingeniería de los materiales, 978-84-291-7251-5, 2ª, Reverté, 2016

Askeland, Donald R, Ciencia e ingeniería de materiales, 978-607-481-620-4, 6ª, Cengage Learning, 2012

Shackelford, James F, **Introducción a la ciencia de materiales para ingenieros**, 9788483226599, 7ª, Pearson Educación, 2010

Complementary Bibliography

Smith, William F, **Fundamentos de la ciencia e ingeniería de materiales**, 978-607-15-1152-2, 5ª, McGraw-Hill, 2010 AENOR, **Standard tests**,

Montes J.M., Cuevas F.G., Cintas J., Ciencia e ingeniería de los materiales / J.M. Montes, F.G. Cuevas, J. Cintas, 978-84-283-3017-6, 1ª, Paraninfo, 2014

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Materials engineering/V12G380V01504

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies/V12G380V01305

Fluid mechanics/V12G380V01405

Thermodynamics and heat transfer/V12G380V01302

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer science: Computing for engineering/V12G350V01203

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102 Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202

Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104 Chemistry: Chemistry/V12G380V01205

Contingency plan

Description

=== EXCEPTIONAL PLANNING ===

Given the uncertain and unpredictable evolution of the health alert caused by COVID-19, the University of Vigo establishes an extraordinary planning that will be activated when the administrations and the institution itself determine it, considering safety, health and responsibility criteria both in distance and blended learning. These already planned measures guarantee, at the required time, the development of teaching in a more agile and effective way, as it is known in advance (or well in advance) by the students and teachers through the standardized tool.

=== ADAPTATION OF THE METHODOLOGIES ===

* Teaching methodologies maintained

All the lecture-based sessions will be maintained, moving them totally or partially to an online version, through the Online Campus (Campus Remoto) of the UVigo.

* Teaching methodologies modified

Laboratory sessions will be modified to adapt the group size to that set by the University or the EEI as safe. Sessions will be organized to ensure the safety distance. All the activities that can be performed in non face-to-face mode will be deployed on online platforms.

* Non-face-to-face student attention (tutoring)

Non-face-to-face tutorial services will be held through the virtual offices on the Online Campus, although the attention of the students may be carried out also by other ways (email, videoconference, Moovi forums, ...), always after previous agreement

with the teacher.

* Modifications (if applicable) of the contents of the course

According to the moment when the University decision of starting non-face-to face or mix teaching is made, some reduction of the lab contents will need to be done, following the defined organization. Students will be informed of the changes through Moovi platform.

* Additional bibliography to facilitate self-learning

If student access to academic libraries is limited, additional documentation will be provided.

* Other modifications

=== ADAPTATION OF THE COURSE ASSESSMENT ===

* Tests already carried out

The marks obtained in the continuous assessment tests already performed will maintain their weight in the final grade without changes, as defined in the teaching guide.

- * Pending tests that are maintained
- Those continuous assessment tests or exams that have not yet been done will also maintain their contribution in the final grade, as defined in the teaching guide. Exams will be held face-to-face if possible and will be adapted to take place fully online, if the applied contingency measures make it necessary.
- * Tests that are modified
- Final exam: The final exam weight (70% of the course grade) can be modified depending on the date when the non face-to-face teaching is stablished. It can be reduced to a minimum contribution of 40% of the course grade.
- Students will be informed through Moovi of the change in the reweighting of the final exam, as well as the new tests that will be proposed to increase the weight of the continuous assessment.
- The final exam will be held face-to-face if possible but, if not, it will be adapted to be performed online.
- * New tests
- In case of reducing the weight of the final exam mark in the course grade, new online tests and/or exercises will be proposed covering different items of the course syllabus and performed online using Moovi platform. The sum of the marks for the new tests and the final exam will contribute 70% to the course grade.
- Students will receive sufficient information in advance of the new tests and the grading procedure through Moovi platform.

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Thermodyn	amics and heat transfer			
Subject	Thermodynamics			
	and heat transfer			
Code	V12G380V01302			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	Spanish			
language				
Department				
Coordinator				
	Santos Navarro, José Manuel			
Lecturers	Pequeño Aboy, Horacio			
	Román Espiñeira, Miguel Ángel			
	Santos Navarro, José Manuel			
	Sieres Atienza, Jaime			
	Vidal López, Antonio José			
E-mail	jsieres@uvigo.es			
	josanna@uvigo.es			
Web		 		
General	Thermodynamics studies the energy, its transformatio			
description	substances. Therefore, its knowledge is of primary imp			
	thermal machine or equipment; and, in general, for the			
	On the other hand, it is interesting to know the mecha			
	a temperature difference, with a focus in the three mo			
	allow calculating the heat transfer rate. At the end of t	ne course, stude	ents are expecte	d to be able to properly
	state and solve heat transfer engineering problems.			
Skille		<u> </u>		

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Code

- B4 CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty.
- B5 CG5 Knowledge to carry out measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, surveys, studies, reports, work plans and other similar works.
- B6 CG6 Capacity for handling specifications, regulations and mandatory standards.
- B7 CG7 Ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of the technical solutions.
- B11 CG11 Knowledge, understanding and ability to apply the necessary legislation in the exercise of the profession of Industrial Technical Engineer.
- C7 CE7 Knowledge of applied thermodynamics and heat transfer. Basic principles and their application to solving engineering problems.
- D2 CT2 Problems resolution.
- D7 CT7 Ability to organize and plan.
- D9 CT9 Apply knowledge.
- D10 CT10 Self learning and work.
- D17 CT17 Working as a team.

Learning outcomes							
Expected results from this subject	Trair	l Learning					
		Resu	lts				
Know and understand the Laws of Thermodynamics, the modes of heat transfer and the relations	B4	C7	D2				
to calculate heat transfer rates	B5		D7				
	B6		D9				
	B7		D10				
			D17				
Know and understand the basic notions of the physics involved in the different modes of heat	B5	C7	D2				
transfer	B6		D7				
	B7		D9				
	B11		D10				
			D17				

Identify the relevant heat transfer mechanisms involved in any heat transfer engineering	B4	C/	D2
application	B6		D7
	B7		D9
	B11		D10
			D17
Analyze thermal systems operation, such as heat pumps, refrigeration systems or power systems.	B4	C7	D2
Know the main components of these kinds of systems and the thermodynamic cycles used to	B5		D7
model them	B6		D9
	B7		D17
	B11		

	BII
Contents	
Topic	
REVIEW OF THE FIRST And SECOND LAW OF THE	
THERMODYNAMICS	
PROPERTIES OF PURE SUBSTANCES: TABLES And	
DIAGRAMS OF PROPERTIES	
ANALYSIS OF OPEN SYSTEMS ACCORDING TO THE	
FIRST And SECOND LAW OF THE	
THERMODYNAMICS	
APPLICATIONS OF THE ENGINEERING	
THERMODYNAMIC: POWER CYCLES And	
REFRIGERATION CYCLES	
BASICS CONCEPTS And FUNDAMENTAL	
PRINCIPLES OF THE HEAT TRANSFER	
HEAT TRANSFER BY CONDUCTION. ONE-	
DIMENSIONAL, STEADY-STATE HEAT FLOW	
HEAT TRANSFER BY CONVECTION:	
FUNDAMENTALS And CORRELATIONS FOR	
CONVECTION HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS	
HEAT TRANSFER BY RADIATION: FUNDAMENTALS.	
THERMAL RADIATION	
INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS: HEAT EXCHANGERS	

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	32.5	65	97.5
Laboratory practical	6	0	6
Autonomous problem solving	0	18.5	18.5
Problem solving	12	12	24
Problem and/or exercise solving	0	3	3
Objective questions exam	1	0	1

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Lectures introduction of the contents of the matter object of study
Laboratory practical	Real processes experimentations in the laboratory which complement the contents covered in the course.
Autonomous problem solving	Troubleshooting and / or exercises related to the subject that the student take place by consulting the literature
Problem solving	Troubleshooting and / or exercises related to the subject that the student take place in the classroom and/or laboratory. Examples of simple application of the contents studied as well as practical examples will be solved. The methodology will be focused on explaining how to solve the problems rather than on the determining the final numerical solution.

Personalized assistance				
Methodologies	Description			
Lecturing	Students questions or doubts about any of the course contents will be solved during the instructor soffice hours			
Laboratory practical	Students questions or doubts about any of the course contents will be solved during the instructor soffice hours			

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification			g and Results
Problem and/or exercise solving	Final written exam where students should solve lengthy response problems or exercies or theoertical questions about the course content. The exam durration and conditions will be established by the course teachers.	80	B4 B5 B6 B7	C7	D2 D7 D9 D10
	Students should develop, relate, justify and present their knowledge and results including appropriate explanations.				
	This exam will be take place in the dates fixed by the educational organisation of the centre				
	Learning outcomes: know, understand and apply the principles and foundations of applied thermodynamics and heat transfer, including appropriate explanations to proposed solutions.				
Objective questions exam	Throughout the semester several tests will be performed.	20	В6	C7	D2 D7
	The corresponding note will be based on short-answer written essays or tests.				D9 D10
	This note will correspond with the denomination of Continuous Evaluation				

Other comments on the Evaluation

There are two evaluation modes that can be followed un order to passed this subject:

A) Continuous Evaluation Mode .

The final qualification (CF) of the student is determined by adding the points obtained in the final exam (EF) and those obtained by Continuous Evaluation (EC).

Each new enrollment in the course involves resetting the ratings in the continuous evaluation activities obtained in previous courses.

According to the Continuous Assessment Regulations, those students subject to the continuous evaluation mode that take part in any assessable activity included in the Subject Guide, will be considered as "presented" and will be taken into account for the final qualification of the course.

To carry out the different tests considered in the continuous evaluation mode (along the course) students are not allowed to use any kind of equation sheet or complementary document, neiter a calculatior.

These tests may be carried out during any of the course session hours (during classroom, problems or laboratory sessions) without previous notice.

The points achieved by continuous assessment will be valid in the first and the second calls/editions of the course.

B) Non-continuous Evaluation Mode

Those students that have renounced to be evaluated during the course (Continuous Evaluation) using the official procedure established by the Center, will be evaluated in the official dates set in the two calls/editions (same day and time) by a specific assessment.

This specific assessment will take into account all contents (theory, problems and laboratory practices) of the course, and will account for 100% of the maximum score. It will take place as follows:

- 1.- Written exam (EF), with a weight of 80% of the final qualification, identical to the final exam of all other students that follow the continuous evaluation mode.
- 2.- A Specific test (EC) , with a weight of 20% of the final qualification. This specific test will include both the contents of laboratory practice and the contents covered during the master sessions of the course. No supporting material will be allowed such as any kind of equation sheet, complementary document, or even a calculator. Any evidence about this specific

test will be considered as assessable and it will imply that the student is not eligible for repeating this specific test.

The following qualification criteria apply to the two evaluation modes.

Qualification criteria:

A minimum number of points in the final exam is not required to take into account the points obtained during the course (Continuous Evaluation). In any case, it is necessary to obtain a final qualification greater or equal than 5 points in order to to pass the subject.

In the solutions proposed in the final exam, the students will have to justify or argue all the results that propose. The procedure used by the students during the solution of the different problems will also be taken into account.

None of the results obtained by the student will be "understood" by default.

The First Call/Edition: the final qualification is calculated as

 $CF = 0.2 \cdot EC + 0.8 \cdot EF$

The Second Call/Ediciton: the final qualification is calculated as

CF = maximum(N1, N2), where

 $N1 = 0.2 \cdot EC + 0.8 \cdot EF$

N2 = EF

The points obtained for the Continuous Evaluation (EC) during the first call (by any of the two evaulation modes) will also apply for the second call.

A score system from 0 to 10 points will be used (RD 1125/2003 de 5 de septiembre, BOEde 18 de septiembre)

'FINAL DE CARRERA' EXTRAORDINARY EXAM:

They will be able to have a format of distinct examination to the detailed previously. It will consist of a wirtten exam, where students should solve problems and/or answer theoretical questions about the most relevant contents of the course. It will allow students to obtain 100% of the maximum final qualification, being a minimum of 50% required in order to pass the course.

All tests, either during the course (continuous evaluation) or the final exam, must be done wit a pen, preferably blue. The use of a pencil or a red pen is not allowed. The use of electronic devices such as tablets, smartphones, laptops, etc, are also not allowed.

Ethical Comminmnet:

It might have a different format to the formerly detailed one.

In the event that an unethical behavior is detected (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.), it will be considered that the student does not meet the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In that case, the overall rating in the current academic year will be 'fail (0.0)'.

The use of any electronic device during the different assessments or tests is not allowed, unless expressly authorized. The fact of introducing such an unauthorized device in the examination room will be considered as a reason for not passing the subject in the current academic year and the overall rating will be 'fail (0.0)'.

IMPORTANT NOTE: this is the english translation of the subject guide. In the event of any conflict between the English and Spanish versions, the Spanish version shall prevail.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Çengel, Yunus y Boles, Michael, **Termodinámica**, 7ª Edición, McGraw-Hill, 2012

Çengel Yunus A., Boles Michael A., Thermodynamics: an engineering approach, 7th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2011

Çengel Y.A., y Ghajar A.J., **Transferencia de Calor y Masa. fundamentos y aplicaciones**, 4ª edición, McGraw-Hill, 2011

Çengel, Yunus A., Heat and mass transfer: a practical approach, 4th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2011

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Incropera F.P. y DeWitt D.P, Introduction to Heat Transfer, 2002

Wark, K. y Richards, D.E., **Termodinámica**, McGraw-Hill, 2010

Kreith J. y Bohn M.S, **Principios de Transferencia de Calor**, 2001,

Mills A.F., **Transferencia de calor**, 1995

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics 2/V12G340V01202 Mathematics: Calculus 1/V12G340V01104

Mathematics: Calculus 2 and differential equations/V12G340V01204

Other comments

To enrol in this subject it will be necessary to have surpassed or to be enrolled in all the subjects of inferior courses.

Given the limitation of time for the "Thermodynamic and Heat Transfer" course, it is highly recommended that students have completed the course [Física II] or that they have the equivalent background in thermodynamics

IMPORTANT NOTE: this is the english translation of the subject guide. In the event of any conflict between the English and Spanish versions, the Spanish version shall prevail.

Contingency plan

Description

=== EXCEPTIONAL PLANNING ===

Given the uncertain and unpredictable evolution of the health alert caused by COVID-19, the University of Vigo establishes an extraordinary planning that will be activated when the administrations and the institution itself determine it, considering safety, health and responsibility criteria both in distance and blended learning. These already planned measures guarantee, at the required time, the development of teaching in a more agile and effective way, as it is known in advance (or well in advance) by the students and teachers through the standardized tool.

- === ADAPTATION OF THE METHODOLOGIES ===
- * Teaching Methodologies maintained UNCHANGED
- * Teaching Methodologies modified

If the classroom attendance is suspended, the teaching methodologies (master class, seminars, problem classes, supervised work, presentations, etc.) will be carried out through the virtual means that the University of Vigo makes available to teachers to such an effect.

* Non-attendance mechanisms for student attention (tutoring):

The attention to the students in tutorials will be carried out at fixed and published time of the tutorials but through an "appointment" managed by email. In this way the tutoring will be carried out through the virtual means that the University of Vigo proposes and enables the teaching staff for this purpose, see virtual office of the teacher in Campus Remoto

- * Modifications (if they proceed) of the contents to give UNCHANGED
- * Additional bibliography to facilitate self-learning: None
- * Other modifications:

None

=== ADAPTATION OF THE EVALUATION ===

In case to exist a situation of sanitary alarm and by part of the competent authority (sanitary administrations and the own institution of Rectorado) decree the no classroom attendance, is possible that splits of the educational contents evaluate by

means of other tasks that will have a weight of 20%, what does that the evaluation of the course remain with the following percentages:

Tests "Objective questions exam" -> 20%

Tests "Problem and/or exercise solving" -> 60%

"Additional Tasks" -> 20%

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA				
Fundament	os de electrotecnia				
Subject	Fundamentos de				
	electrotecnia				
Code	V12G380V01303				
Study	Grao en Enxeñaría				
programme	Mecánica				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester	
	6	Mandatory	2	1c	
Teaching	Castelán				
language					
Department	Enxeñaría eléctrica				
Coordinator	Albo López, María Elena				
Lecturers	Albo López, María Elena				
	Parajo Calvo, Bernardo José				
	Sueiro Domínguez, José Antonio				
E-mail	ealbo@uvigo.es				
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/				
General	Os obxectivos que se perseguen con esta materia son	:			
description	- Adquisición dos coñecementos referidos a símbolos,	magnitudes, pri	ncipios, element	tos básicos e leis da	
	electricidade.				
	- Coñecemento de técnicas e métodos de análises de	circuítos con exc	citación continua	a e en réxime	
	*estacionario *senoidal				
	- Descrición de sistemas *trifásicos.				
	 Coñecemento dos principios de funcionamento e car 	acterísticas das	<u>distintas máquii</u>	nas eléctricas.	

Con	npetencias
Code	e
В3	CG3 Coñecemento en materias básicas e tecnolóxicas que os capacite para a aprendizaxe de novos métodos e teorías, e os dote de versatilidade para adaptarse a novas situacións.
C10	CE10 Coñecemento e utilización dos principios de teoría de circuítos e máquinas eléctricas.
D1	CT1 Análise e síntese.
D2	CT2 Resolución de problemas.
D6	CT6 Aplicación da informática no ámbito de estudo.
D10	CT10 Aprendizaxe e traballo autónomos.
D14	CT14 Creatividade.
D16	CT16 Razoamento crítico.
D17	CT17 Traballo en equipo.

Resultados de aprendizaxe				
Expected results from this subject		Training and Learning Results		
Comprender os aspectos básicos do funcionamento dos circuítos e as máquinas eléctricas.	В3	C10		
Coñecer o proceso experimental utilizado cando se traballa con circuítos eléctricos e máquinas			D1	
eléctricas			D2	
Coñecer as técnicas actuais dispoñibles para a análise de circuítos eléctricos		C10	D6	
Coñecer as técnicas de medida de circuítos eléctricos			D6	
			D10	
Adquirir habilidades sobre o proceso de análise de circuítos eléctricos	_		D1	
			D2	
			D10	
			D14	
			D16	
			D17	

Contidos	
Topic	
INTRODUCIÓN.	Carga, corrente, potencial eléctrico, enerxía e potencia eléctrica, lei de Ohm, lei de Joule, leis de Kirchoff. Elementos Ideais. Asociación serie, paralelo de elementos ideais
ELEMENTOS REAIS.	Elementos Pasivos Reais (Resistencia, Bobina, Condensador)
FONTES E TEOREMAS FUNDAMENTAIS.	Modelos de Fontes Reais. Conversión de Fontes Reais. Teoremas Fundamentais: Linealidade, Substitución, Superposición, Thévenin e Norton.
MÉTODOS SISTEMÁTICOS DE ANÁLISES.	Nós e mallas

REGIMEN ESTACIONARIO SENOIDAL	Formas de onda e parámetros asociados, fasores, impedancias/admitancias. Asociación de impedancias/admitancias. Comportamento dos elementos no R.E.S
POTENCIA E ENERXÍA EN R.E.S	Potencias: complexa, activa, reactiva, aparente. Teorema de Boucherot. Factor de Potencia. Compensación de Potencia Reactiva
SISTEMAS TRIFÁSICOS EQUILIBRADOS	Valores de liña e fase. Redución ao monofásico equivalente. Potencia. Medida de Potencia Activa e Reactiva
TRANSFORMADORES MONOFÁSICOS E TRIFÁSICOS.	Constitución, circuíto equivalente, índice horario.
MÁQUINAS ASÍNCRONAS	Constitución. Xeración do campo xiratorio. Circuíto Equivalente. Curvas Características. Manobras
MAQUINAS DE ALTERNA MONOFÁSICAS	Constitución. Principio de funcionamento. Aplicacións.
MAQUINAS SÍNCRONAS.	Constitución. Funcionamento en baleiro e en carga. Sincronización.
MÁQUINAS DE CORRENTE CONTINUA.	Constitución. Circuítos Equivalentes. Curvas características
PRÁCTICAS	INTRODUCIÓN E SEGURIDADE 1. Descrición do laboratorio. Seguridade eléctrica 2. Equipos de medida (polímetro, pinza amperimétrica, vatímetro dixital, osciloscopio dixital, analizador de rede) e de xeración (fonte DC, fonte AC, fonte trifásica) utilizados no laboratorio. Métodos para realizar as medidas de tensión, intensidade, potencia con efectividade e seguridade.
	BLOQUE TEORÍA DE CIRCUÍTOS 3. Asociacións de elementos. Equivalencia estrela-triángulo. 4. Elementos Reais: resistencia, bobina núcleo aire, bobina núcleo ferro, condensador, transformador. 5. Circuíto RLC serie e paralelo. Media de tensións, intensidades, potencias. Determinación de Impedancia/Admitancia Equivalente. 6. Compensación de Reactiva en Circuítos RL serie e paralelo. 7. Sistema trifásico equilibrado. Concepto de valores de liña e fase. Medida de Potencias en cargas trifásicas.
	BLOQUE MÁQUINAS ELÉCTRICAS 8. Ensaios na máquina asíncrona trifásica. Determinación do circuíto equivalente 9. Máquinas de corrente continua. Constitución e principio de funcionamento. Aplicacións

Planificación			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lección maxistral	22	44	66
Resolución de problemas	10	10	20
Prácticas de laboratorio	20	10	30
Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma	0	20	20
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	4	0	4
Informe de prácticas, prácticum e prácticas exter	rnas 0	10	10
*The information in the planning table is for guide	ance only and does no	ot take into account the het	erogeneity of the students.

Metodoloxía docente	
	Description
Lección maxistral	O profesor exporá nas clases de aula os contidos da materia.
Resolución de problemas	Exporanse e resolverán problemas e exercicios tipo nas clases de aula como guía para o alumnado.
Prácticas de laboratorio	Realizaranse no laboratorio montaxes prácticas correspondentes aos contidos vistos na aula, ou ben se tratarán aspectos complementarios non tratados nas clases teóricas.
Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma	É moi aconsellable que o alumno trate de resolver pola súa conta exercicios e cuestións da materia propostos polo profesorado.

Atención personalizada	
Methodologies	Description
Resolución de problemas	O profesor atenderá persoalmente as dúbidas e consultas dos alumnos.
Prácticas de laboratorio	O profesor atenderá persoalmente as dúbidas e consultas dos alumnos.

	Description	Qualification	Training Learr Resu	ing
Lección maxistral	Avaliarase o nivel de seguimento por parte do alumnado dos contidos da materia. A este efecto desenvolveranse durante o curso polo menos dúas probas curtas a realizar descontando o tempo do dedicado ás clases de aula. Cada proba constará dun conxunto de pequenos exercicios para os cales cada alumno/a proporá unha resposta, si é correcta (e o exercicio está resolto/xustificado) conta como un acerto e si é errónea ou se deixa en branco non puntúa, cada proba valórase entre 0 e 10 puntos. A avaliación das probas curtas é a media aritmética das puntuacións obtidas, está comprendida entre 0 e 10. A primeira desas probas comprende até Métodos Sistemáticos de Análises e a segunda inclúe R.E.S. en sistemas monofásicos e trifásicos. En caso de realizarse algunha outra proba, o profesor/a determinará os contidos a avaliar.	30	B3 C10	D1 D2 D10 D16
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	O exame constará de dous problemas, un deles da parte de Teoría de Circuítos e outro da parte de Máquinas Eléctricas. Cada sección avaliarase entre 0 e 10 puntos esixíndose un mínimo de 3 puntos en cada unha delas para poder aprobar a materia.	60	B3 C10	D1 D2 D6 D10 D14 D16
Informe de prácticas, prácticum e prácticas externas	Valorarase a realización das prácticas e a resolución dun cuestionario referido á montaxe, resultados obtidos e interpretación dos mesmos. A non asistencia á práctica leva asociada a cualificación de cero puntos na práctica, independentemente que o estudante entregue o correspondente cuestionario/informe.	10	B3 C10	

Other comments on the Evaluation

A nota numérica final obtense pola media ponderada dos elementos anteriores:

Nota = 0,3 * Probas curtas + 0,1 * Prácticas + 0,6 * Exame

Se pola aplicación da media ponderada anterior a nota final é superior a 4,5 puntos, pero non se cumpre a condición de alcanzar un mínimo de 3 puntos en cada parte do exame final, a nota máxima será de 4,5 puntos. .

AVALIACIÓN CONTINUA:

Tanto a realización das probas, como a asistencia ás prácticas e entrega dos cuestionarios dos mesmos, son actividades de avaliación continua, avaliando a primeira con ata 3 puntos ea segunda con ata 1 punto na nota final.

Na facultade desta materia considérase xustificado que o alumno poida realizar un exame final con opcións para aspirar ao grao máis alto posible, para que os estudantes que desexen mellorar a cualificación correspondente á avaliación continua poidan facer un exame adicional despois do exame. xeral, que incluirá cuestións relacionadas cos contidos tanto da docencia de clase como de laboratorio, e que pode ser ata o 40% da cualificación final coa mesma distribución que se outorga na avaliación continua, nese exame adicional pode recuperar unha das partes ou ambas. En caso de facelo, a nota que se terá en conta para avaliar as actividades de avaliación continua será a nota máis alta obtida (durante o curso / exame adicional).

O alumno que desexe renunciar ás actividades correspondentes á avaliación continua ten un prazo para facelo fixado pola dirección da escola, nese caso a nota máxima que se pode esperar co exame final é de 6,0 puntos sobre 10, con todo, pode aumentar a súa cualificación realizando o exame adicional mencionado no parágrafo anterior.

Para a segunda oportunidade de xuño a xullo mantense a cualificación na avaliación continua obtida na primeira oportunidade, sen prexuízo de que, como na primeira oportunidade de decembro a xaneiro, pódese superar coa realización do exame adicional que é propoñer a tal efecto. A nota que se terá en conta para avaliar as actividades de avaliación continua será a nota máis alta obtida.

Cada nova matrícula na materia implica unha redución a cero das cualificacións nas actividades de avaliación continua obtidas nos cursos anteriores.

Compromiso ético:

Estudante deberá presentar un comportamento ético axeitado. En caso de detectar un comportamento non ético (copia, plaxio, uso de dispositivos electrónicos non autorizados, por exemplo) considerarase que o alumno non cumpre os requisitos necesarios para aprobar a materia. Dependendo do tipo de comportamento non ético detectado, poderíase concluír que o alumno non alcanzou as competencias B2, B3 e CT19.

Bibliografía. Fontes de información

Basic Bibliography

Suárez Creo, J. Albo López E, Apuntes F. Electrotecnia,

Súarez Creo, J., Albo López, E, Ejercicios Resueltos de F. Electrotecnia,

Complementary Bibliography

Jesús Fraile Mora, Circuitos Eléctricos, 2015,

Gómez Expósito, Martínez Ramos y otros, FUNDAMENTOS DE TEORÍA DE CIRCUITOS, 2007,

Suarez Creo J. y Miranda Blanco B.N., MÁQUINAS ELÉCTRICAS. FUNCIONAMIENTO EN RÉGIMEN PERMANENTE, 2006,

Jesús Fraile Mora, **Máquinas eléctricas**, 2015,

Jesús Fraile Mora, Problemas de máquinas eléctricas, 2015,

Recomendacións

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Tecnoloxía eléctrica/V12G340V01804

Compoñentes eléctricos en vehículos/V12G340V01902

Oficina técnica/V12G340V01307

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Física: Física I/V12G340V01102 Física: Física II/V12G340V01202

Matemáticas: Álxebra e estatística/V12G340V01103

Matemáticas: Cálculo I/V12G340V01104

Other comments

É moi recomendable que os alumnos teñan coñecementos suficientes da álxebra dos números complexos e coñecementos básicos de teoría de circuítos:

☐ En concreto, esta materia parte e apóiase dos contidos estudados en Física II, realizando un mero repaso no primeiro tema ☐Introdución☐ daqueles aspectos relacionados directamente coa Teoría Circuítos, primeiro bloque didáctico de Fundamentos de Electrotecnia. É por tanto recomendable, para o correcto seguimento da materia, ter aprobada Física II.

☐ Por outra banda, todo o cálculo en R.E.S., que abarca o 80% do curso, realízase aplicando operacións de números complexos (suma, resta, multiplicación, división, conxugado☐.), por tanto é fundamental dominar a álxebra de números complexos (Matemáticas I) para poder seguir adecuadamente esta materia.

Por todo iso, é conveniente superar as materias dos cursos inferiores ao curso en que está situado esta materia, especialmente Matemáticas I e Física II, antes de matricularse de Fundamentos de Electrotecnia.

Plan de Continxencias

Description

=== MEDIDAS EXCEPCIONAIS PLANIFICADAS ===

Ante a incerta e imprevisible evolución da alerta sanitaria provocada polo COVID-19, a Universidade de Vigo establece unha planificación extraordinaria que se activará no momento en que as administracións e a propia institución determíneno atendendo a criterios de seguridade, saúde e responsabilidade, e garantindo a docencia nun escenario non presencial ou parcialmente presencial. Estas medidas xa planificadas garanten, no momento que sexa preceptivo, o desenvolvemento da docencia dun modo máis áxil e eficaz ao ser coñecido de antemán (ou cunha ampla antelación) polo alumnado e o profesorado a través da ferramenta normalizada e institucionalizada das guías docentes.

=== ADAPTACIÓN DAS METODOLOXÍAS ===

* Metodoloxías docentes que se manteñen

En caso de docencia virtual ou mixta, mantéñense as mesmas metodoloxías docentes que en docencia presencial utilizando os medios telemáticos que a Universidade pon a disposición do profesorado e do alumnado (Faitic, Campus Remoto e/oCampus Integra, programas informáticos, etc.)

* Metodoloxías docentes que se modifican

As prácticas de laboratorio substitúense por tarefas usando gravacións de prácticas reais ou programas informáticos de simulación eléctrica.

* Mecanismo non presencial de atención ao alumnado (tutorías)

As tutorías, en caso de docencia virtual ou mixta, desenvolveranse de forma telemática mediante o uso das ferramentas telemáticas dispoñibles (faitic, correo electrónico, Campus Remoto, Campus Integra, teléfono, etc.)

- * Modificacións (si proceden) dos contidos a impartir ningunha
- * Bibliografía adicional para facilitar o auto-aprendizaxe ningunha
- * Outras modificacións ningunha

=== ADAPTACIÓN DA AVALIACIÓN ===

* Probas xa realizadas

As probas presenciais realizadas manteñen o seu valor e peso na avaliación global

* Probas pendentes que se manteñen

As probas pendentes de realizarse mantéñense co seu valor e peso na avaliación global, realizándose a través das distintas ferramentas postas a disposición do profesorado e alumnado (faitic, correo electrónico, Campus Remoto, Campus Integra, teléfono, etc.)

- * Probas que se modifican ningunha
- * Novas probas ningunha
- * Información adicional

Mantéñense os criterios de avaliación adecuados á realización das probas, no caso de ser necesario e por indicación en Resolución Reitoral, usando os medios telemáticos postos a disposición do profesorado

IDENTIFYIN	IG DATA				
Fundament	als of manufacturing systems and technologies				
Subject	Fundamentals of				
	manufacturing				
	systems and				
	technologies				
Code	V12G380V01305				
Study	Grado en Ingeniería				
programme	Mecánica				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester	
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st	
Teaching	Spanish				
language					
Department					
Coordinator	Diéguez Quintas, José Luís				
Lecturers	Areal Alonso, Juan José				
	Ares Gómez, José Enrique				
	Diéguez Quintas, José Luís				
	Fenollera Bolíbar, María Inmaculada				
-	Pérez García, José Antonio				
E-mail	jdieguez@uvigo.es				
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/				
General	The educational aims of Foundations of Systems and T				
description	descriptive appearances, centre in the study and the application of scientific knowledges and technicians				
	related with the processes of manufacture of components and conjoint whose functional purpose is mechanical				
	as well as the evaluation of his dimensional precision and the one of the products to obtain, with a determinate				
	quality. All this including from the phases of preparation until the ones of utilisation of the instruments, the				
	tools, toolings, teams, machines tool and necessary systems for his realisation, in accordance with the norms				
	and specifications established, and applying criteria of	optimisation.			
	To reach the aims mentioned will give the following thematic educational:				
	To reach the aims mentioned will give the following thematic educational.				
	- Foundations of dimensional metrology. Measure of length, angles, forms and elements of machines.				
	- Study, analysis and evaluation of the dimensional tole	erances. Chain of	tolerances. Opti	misation of the	
	tolerances. Systems of adjust and tolerances.				
	- Processes of conformed of materials by means of sta				
	- Processes of conformed by means of plastic deformation			and tooling	
	- Processes of conformed by *moldeo, operations, sche	eme, teams and t	ooling		

Skills
Code

B3 CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.

- Conformed of polymers, and other no metallic materials, operations, scheme, teams and tooling

- Foundations of the programming of scheme with *CNC, used in the mechanical manufacture.

- Processes of conformed no conventional, operations, scheme, teams and tooling.

- Processes of union and assembling, operations, scheme, teams and tooling

- C15 CE15 Basic knowledge of production systems and manufacturing.
- D2 CT2 Problems resolution.
- D8 CT8 Decision making.
- D9 CT9 Apply knowledge.
- D10 CT10 Self learning and work.
- D17 CT17 Working as a team.
- D20 CT20 Ability to communicate with people not expert in the field.

Expected results from this subject		Training and L	earning Results
(*)		C15	D2
			D9
			D10
			D20
New	В3	C15	D2
			D10
New		C15	D2
			D8
			D17

New B3 C15 D2 D8 D9

D9 D17 D20

Co	nte	ents
To	pic	

DIDACTIC UNIT 1.

INTRODUCTION To THE TECHNOLOGIES AND SYSTEMS OF MANUFACTURE.

DIDACTIC UNIT 2. *METROTECNIA.

Lesson 1. INTRODUCTION To THE ENGINEERING OF *FABRICACION. The productive cycle. Classification of industries. Technologies of manufacture.

Lesson 2. PRINCIPLES OF DIMENSIONAL METROLOGY.

Introduction. Definitions and concepts. The International System of Units. Physical magnitudes that covers the Dimensional Metrology. Elements that take part in the measurement. Classifications of the methods of measure. Patterns. The chain of *trazabilidad. *Calibración. Uncertainty. Chain of *calibración and transmission of the uncertainty. Relation between tolerance and uncertainty. Expression of the uncertainty of measure in *calibración.

Lesson 3. INSTRUMENTS And METHODS OF MEASURE. Introduction. Patterns. Instruments of verification. Patterns *interferométricos. Principles of *interferometría. Instruments of direct measure. Methods and instruments of indirect measure.

Lesson 4. MEASUREMENT BY COORDINATES. MEASUREMENT BY IMAGE. SUPERFICIAL QUALITY.

Machines of measurement by coordinates. Concept. Principles of the MMC. Classification of the machines. Main components of the MMC. Process to be followed for the development of a measure. Systems of measurement by image. Superficial quality. Methods of measure of the *rugosidad. Parameters of *rugosidad.

DIDACTIC UNIT 3.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY START OF
MATERIAL

Lesson 5. INTRODUCTION To THE CONFORMED BY START OF MATERIAL. Introduction. Movements in the process of start of material. Factors to take into account in the election of the tool. Geometry of tool. Materials of tool. Mechanism of training of the shaving. Types of shavings. Power and strengths of court. Wear of tool. Criteria of wear of tool. Determination of the life of the tool. Flowed of court.

Lesson 6. TURNING: OPERATIONS, SCHEME And TOOLING. Introduction. Main operations in lathe. The machine-tool: the lathe. Main parts of the lathe. Setting or subjection of pieces. Typical tools of the lathe. Special lathes.

Lesson 7. MILLED: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING. Introduction. Description and classification of the operations of milled. Parts and main types of *fresadoras. Types of strawberries. Setting of the tool. Subjection of pieces. Different configurations of *fresadoras. *Fresadoras Special.

Lesson 8. MECHANISED OF HOLES And WITH RECTILINEAR MAIN MOVEMENT: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING. Introduction to the operations of mechanised of holes. Punches. *Mandrinadoras. General characteristics of the processes of mechanised with rectilinear main movement. *Limadora. *Mortajadora. *Cepilladora. *Brochadora. Saws.

Lesson 9. CONFORMED WITH ABRASIVE: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING.

Introduction to the operations of mechanised of holes. You grind abrasive. Operation of rectified. Types of *rectificadoras. *Honeado. *Lapeado. Polishing. Burnished. *Superacabado

Lesson 10. PROCESSES OF MECHANISED NO CONVENTIONAL. Introduction. The mechanised by electroerosion or *electro-download. Mechanised electrochemical. Mechanised by laser. Mechanised by *chorro of water. Court by arch of plasma. Mechanised by ultrasounds. Milled chemist.

DIDACTIC UNIT 4.
AUTOMATION And MANAGEMENT OF THE PROCESSES OF MANUFACTURE.

Lesson 11. NUMERICAL CONTROL OF MACHINES TOOL. Introduction. Advantages of the application of the *CN in the machines tool. Necessary information for the creation of a program of *CN. Manual programming of *MHCN. Types of language of *CN. Structure of a program in code ISO. Characters employed. Preparatory functions (G__). Auxiliary functions (M__). Interpretation of the main functions. Examples. Automatic programming in numerical control.

DIDACTIC UNIT 5.

PROCESSES OF CONFORMED OF MATERIALS IN LIQUID STATE AND GRANULATE.

Lesson 12. GENERAL APPEARANCES OF THE CONFORMED BY FOUNDRY OF METALS.

Introduction. Stages in the conformed by foundry. Nomenclature of the main parts of the mould. Materials employed in the conformed by foundry. Flow of the fluid in the system of feeding. Solidification of the metals. Contraction of the metals. The *rechupe. Procedure of calculation of the system distribution of *colada. Considerations on design and defects in pieces melted.

Lesson 13. PROCESSES OF MANUFACTURE BY FOUNDRY.

Classification of the processes of foundry. *Moldeo In sand. *Moldeo In shell. *Moldeo In plaster. *Moldeo In ceramics. *Moldeo To the CO2. *Moldeo To the stray wax

Foundry in full mould. *Moldeo *Mercast. *Moldeo In permanent mould. Foundry injected. Foundry *centrifugada. Ovens employed in foundry.

Lesson 14. METALLURGY OF DUSTS (*PULVIMETALURGIA). Introduction. Manufacture of the metallic dusts. Characteristics and

properties of the metallic dusts. Dosage and mix of metallic dusts. *Compactación. *Sinterizado. Ovens of sintering. *Sinterizado By download *disruptiva. *Presinterizado. Back operations. Considerations of design. Products *obtenibles by sintering.

Lesson 15. CONFORMED OF PLASTICS.

Introduction. Polymeric material classification. Physical properties of polymers. Classification of the processes. *Moldeo By extrusion. *Moldeo By injection. *Moldeo By compression. *Moldeo By transfer. *Moldeo Rotational. *Termoconformado.

DIDACTIC UNIT 6. PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY UNION.

Lesson 16. PROCESSES OF WELDING.

Introduction to the processes of welding. Welding with electrical arch. Welding by resistance. Welding with oxygen and gas fuel .Welding with temperature of fusion of metal of lower contribution that the one of the metals to join.

Lesson 17. PROCESSES OF UNION And SETTING WITHOUT WELDING. Processes of union by means of adhesive. Resistance to the adhesion. Conditions for the hit. Design of unions Types of adhesive according to origin and composition. Processes of mechanical union. Removable mechanical unions and permanent.

DIDACTIC UNIT 7.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY PLASTIC DEFORMATION OF METALS.

Lesson 18. GENERAL APPEARANCES OF THE CONFORMED BY PLASTIC DEFORMATION.

Introduction. Curves of effort-deformation. Expressions of the deformation. Proof of the volume. Approximate models of the curve encourage real-natural deformation. State of flat deformation. Primary and secondary processes. Processes of work in hot and in cold. Conditions and control of the process.

Lesson 19. PROCESSES OF *LAMINACIÓN And FORGES.

*Laminación: Foundations; temperature of *laminación; teams for the *laminación in hot; characteristics, quality and tolerances of the products *laminados in hot; *laminación in cold. It forges: free; in matrix of impression; in press; by *recalcado; header in cold; by *laminación; in cold.

Lesson 20. EXTRUSION, *EMBUTICIÓN And AFFINE.

Extrusion. Pulled of bars and tubes. *Trefilado. Reduction of section. *Embutición. *Repujado In lathe. Attainable pieces by *repujado: considerations of design. Forming by pulled. Forming with pads of rubber and with liquid to pressure. Forming to big power.

Lesson 21. CONFORMED OF METALLIC SHEET.

*Curvado Or bent of sheets. *Curvado With rollers. Conformed with rollers. *Enderezado. *Engatillado. Operations of cut of sheet.

PROGRAM OF PRACTICES

Practice 1.- Utilisation of the conventional devices of metrology.

Measurement of pieces using foot of normal king and of depths and micrometer of outsides and inner. Employment of clock comparator.

*Comprobación Of flat surfaces. Use of calibrate raisin/does not happen, rules, squares and *calas pattern. Measurement and *comprobación of threads. Realisation of metric measurements and in English units.

Practice 2.-Indirect measurements.

*Comprobación Of a cone using rollers and a foot of king, measurement of a tail of *milano using rollers, measurement of the angles of a double tail of *milano and measurements using a rule of breasts. Direct measurements with goniometer.

Practice 3.- Machine of measurement by coordinates.

Establish a system of coordinates. Check measures in piece, using a machine to measure by coordinates. Verify tolerances forms and position. Practice 4.- Manufacture with machines conventional tools.

Manufacture of a piece employing the lathe, the *fresadora and the *taladro conventional, defining the basic operations and realising them on the machine.

Practice 5.- Selection of conditions of computer-aided court.

Realisation of leaves of process of three pieces using program of planning of Practical computer-aided

processes 6, 7 and 8.- Initiation to the numerical control applied to the lathe and to the *fresadora.

Realisation of a program in *CNC using a simulator, with the main orders and simpler; realising at the end diverse pieces so much in the lathe as in the *fresadora of the classroom workshop.

Practice 9.- Welding.

Knowledge of different teams of electrical welding. *Soldeo Of different materials employed the technicians of electrode *revestido, *TIG and *MIG.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	32.5	0	32.5
Laboratory practical	18	0	18
Objective questions exam	0	2	2
Laboratory practice	0	50	50

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description

Lecturing	The theoretical classes will realise combining the explanations of blackboard with the employment of videos and presentations of computer. The purpose of these is to complement the content of aim them, interpreting the concepts in these exposed by means of the sample of examples and the realisation of exercises.
Laboratory practical	The practical classes of laboratory will realise in 9 sessions of 2 hours, except the students of the course bridge that will realise the practices in the 6 sessions that contemplates his particular schedule, in groups of 20 maximum students, and employing the available resources of instruments and machines, combining with the simulations by computer.

Description
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Description
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	Description	Qualification	Training Learnii Result	ng
Objective questions exam	It TESTS TYPE To (for all the students -60% final note-) The character of this proof is written and face-to-face, is compulsory for all the students, with or without continuous evaluation. It will be composed this proof by 20 ask type test on the theoretical and practical contents. The assessment of tests it type test will realise in a scale of 6 points, what represents 60% of the total note, being necessary to obtain at least 2 points, so that together with the practical proofs can obtain at least 5 points and surpass the matter The note of this test will obtain adding 0,3 points by each properly answered question and will subtract 0,1 points if the question is resolved of wrong form. The questions in white do not mark.			D8 D9 D10
Laboratory practice	It TESTS TYPE *B (continuous evaluation -30% final note-): Two test type test to realise in the schedule of class, consistent in 5 questions on the matter given until the moment, each correct question will cost 0,3 points and the wrong will subtract 0,1 points. The questions in white do not mark. Each proof will be therefore 15% of the final note. It TESTS TYPE C (continuous evaluation -10% final note-): A proof written or work to propose by the professor along the *cuatrimestre. This proof will value with a maximum of 1 point, 10% of the final note. These notes will add to the qualification of tests it type test, to be able to obtain at least 5 points and surpass the matter.			D2 D8 D9 D10 D17 D20
	It TESTS TYPE (renunciation to the continuous evaluation -40% final note-): Resolution of several practical problems, whose value will be 40% of the final note, or was at most 4 points, being necessary to obtain a minimum of 1 point in this second proof so that the qualification can add to the one of tests it type test, and if it equalises or surpasses 5 points, approve the matter. This tests type D, will realise it the students to which have conceded them the renunciation to the continuous evaluation, and will realise the same day that realise tests it compulsory test, after this have finalised.			

Other comments on the Evaluation

means of the realisation of the compulsory proof type [To] </*p><*p>- conserve the qualifications of the two test type

 $\sqcap^*B\sqcap$ in this 2^a opportunity, but will be able to , if it wishes , improve this qualification, by means of the repetition of these test type ||*B|| when finalising tests it type ||To||.</*p>- Will keep the punctuation reached in tests it type ||C|| by maximum value of 1 point, but will be able to improve this note if it wishes by means of a proof written or work to propose by the professor, to deliver before the day of the announcement of this second edition. </*p> necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the three previous proofs. </*p><*p>The notes of the proofs of continuous evaluation, corresponding to 40% of the final qualification, will not conserve of a course for another. without continuous evaluation, qualification in the announcement of 2° edition: </*p><*p>The students that do not realise continuous evaluation, due to the fact that the centre has accepted them the renunciation, always will have to realise in all the announcements tests it type [To] (by value of 6 points) and tests it type [D] (by value of 4 points), in the terms specified in the previous sections. </*p><*p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the two previous proofs. </*p><*p>EXTRAORDINARY ANNOUNCEMENT: </*p><*p>This proof will be equal for all the students and will consist in one tests it type \(\pi\)To\(\pi\) (by value of 6 points) and tests it type \(\pi\)D\(\pi\) (by value of 4 points), in the terms specified in the previous sections. </*p><*p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the two previous proofs. </*p><*p>ETHICAL COMMITMENT:</*p><*p>expects that the present student a suitable ethical behaviour, free of fraud. In case to detect a no ethical behaviour (copy, plagiarism, utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, for example) will consider that the student does not gather the necessary requirements to surpass the matter. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).</*p>

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Complementary Bibliography

Dieguez, J.L.; Pereira, A.; Ares, J.E., 'Fundamentos de fabricación mecánica,

Alting, L., Procesos para ingenieria de manufactura,

De Garmo; Black; Kohser, Materiales y procesos de fabricación,

Kalpakjian, Serope, Manufactura, ingeniería y tecnología,

Lasheras, J.M., Tecnología mecánica y metrotecnia,

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Manufacturing engineering and dimensional quality/V12G380V01604

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Materials science and technology/V12G350V01305

Other comments

Requirements: To enrol of this matter is necessary to have surpassed or be enrolled of all the matters of the inferior courses to the course to the that is *emplazada this matter.

In case of discrepancies, will prevail the version in Spanish of this guide.

Contingency plan

Description

The contents and the results of learning will not owe to be modified for power guarantee the collected in the memories of the qualifications. It owes to treated to adjust the materials, tutorships and the teaching methodologies to treat to achieve these results. It treats of an aspect of big importance stop the overrun of the processes of the one who are subjected the different qualifications. And say, the plan of contingency owes to based in a development of the subject, adapting the methodologies and the materials, in the research of the fulfilment of the resulted of learning of all the students.

The teaching methodologies will impart, to be necessary, to the telematic means that put the disposal of the teaching staff, in addition to the documentation facilitated through FAITIC and other platforms, email, etc.

When it was not possible to presential sesions, in the measure of the possible, will prevail the contained theorists by telematic means as well as those contents of practices of resolution of problems, classroom of computing, and others, that can be virtuals or developed pole students of way guided, tried keep the presential stop the experimental practices of laboratory, always that the groups fulfil with the rule established in the moment by the authorities in sanitary subject and of security. In the case of no power be imparted of form presential, those contents no virtuals will impart or by others (autonomous work guided, etc.) Enabling achieve equally the competitions associated it they. The titorships will be able to developed indistinctly of form presential (always that it was possible to guarantee the sanitary measures) or telematic (and email and others) respecting or adapting the schedules of titorships due. it will do a adecuation methodological to the students of risk, facilitating him additional specific information, to accredit that can not have access to the contained

imparted of conventional form.

Additional information envelope to evaluation: they will keep those proofs that already come realizing of telematic form and, in the measure of the possible, will keep the proofs presentials to the normative valid medic. The proofs will develop of form presential except Resolution Reitoral that indicate that they owe do of form non-presential, realizing gave way through the distinct tools put the disposal of the teaching staff. Those proofs no-don of telematic form by others (deliveries of autonomous work guided, etc.)

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Mechanism	and machine theory			
Subject	Mechanism and			
	machine theory			
Code	V12G380V01306		,	
Study	Grado en		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
	English			
Department				
Coordinator	, J			
	Segade Robleda, Abraham			
Lecturers	Fernández Vilán, Ángel Manuel			
	Segade Robleda, Abraham			
	Suárez Eiroa, David			
E-mail	asegade@uvigo.es			
	avilan@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General	This subject is intended to provide the students with ba			
description	well as his applications in the field of Mechanical engin			
	most important concepts related with Mechanism and			
	kinematic and dynamic analysis methods for mechanic			
	and also through effective use of simulation software. I			
	some aspects about machinery design; a topic that wil	be cover thoro	ughly in future s	subjects of the Degree.

Κi	

Code

- B3 CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.
- B4 CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty.
- C13 CE13 Knowledge of the principles of the theory of machines and mechanisms.
- D2 CT2 Problems resolution.
- D6 CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study.
- D9 CT9 Apply knowledge.
- D10 CT10 Self learning and work.
- D16 CT16 Critical thinking.

Learning outcomes			
Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results		
To know the fundamentals of Mechanism and Machines Theory, and the application of these concepts concerning to the field of Mechanical engineering to solve problems related with this subject in the Industrial Engineering field.	B3 B4	C13	D2 D6 D9 D10 D16
To know, comprehend, apply, and practice the concepts related to Mechanism and Machines Theory.	B3 B4	C13	D2 D6 D9 D10 D16
To know and apply kinematic and dynamic analyses techniques to mechanical systems.	B3 B4	C13	D2 D6 D9 D10 D16
Efficiently know and utilize software for analysis of mechanisms.	B3 B4	C13	D2 D6 D9 D10 D16

Contents	
Topic	
Introduction to mechanism and machine theory	Introduction Definition of Machine, Mechanism and Kinematic Chain Link/part and linkage/joint Classification Kinematic Diagram, modeling, and symbology (nomenclature)
	Mobility Degrees of freedom Synthesis of mechanisms
Geometrical analysis of mechanisms.	Introduction Calculation methods of placement Loop closure equations
Kinematic analysis of mechanisms	Fundamentals Graphical methods Analytical methods Matrix methods
Static analysis of mechanisms	Fundamentals Force reduction (Graphical Methods) Work/Power Virtual Methods
Dynamic analysis of mechanisms	Fundamentals Machine general dynamics Machine Work and Power Balanced Dynamics of rotors
Cam mechanisms	Fundamentals Flat cams Cam synthesis
Power transmission mechanisms	Fundamentals Gears Mechanism Other mechanisms

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	23	19.5	42.5
Problem solving	9.5	30	39.5
Laboratory practical	18	47	65
Essay questions exam	3	0	3

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Master class where the theoretical concepts are explain
Problem solving	Problem solving using the theoretical concepts presented in the Master Lesson
Laboratory practical	Practical tasks developed at the teaching laboratory or computer lab.

Personalized assi	Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description			
Lecturing	Group or individual tutorials will be held during office hours to strengthen the acquired knowledge and to guide and assess the proposed works/papers .			
Problem solving	Group or individual tutorials will be held during office hours to strengthen the acquired knowledge and to guide and assess the proposed works/papers.			
Laboratory practica	I Group or individual tutorials will be held during office hours to strengthen the acquired knowledge and to guide and assess the proposed works/papers.			

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification		raining	,
			Lea	irning i	Results
Laboratory	Attendance and participation as well as practices reports, papers, and	20	В3	C13	D2
practical	tests will be rated. However, to be evaluated, students must attend a		B4		D6
•	minimum of 7 practice sessions; otherwise, students won				D9
	and will get 0 points.				D10
	Learning outcomes: all will be graded				D16

Essay questions Final and mid-term tests will be focused on the contents taught at classes 80 B3 C13 D2 exam and laboratory sessions. B4 D9 Learning outcomes: all will be graded. D10 D16

Other comments on the Evaluation

Students must achieve a 5 or higher grade* to pass the subject, following these rules:

- Laboratory Practical.
 - Students are required to attend and utilized the laboratory/Computer room. Practices reports, papers, and tests for each practice session as well as proposed works/papers from tutorials will be evaluated and graded with a maximum of 2 points of the final grade. This grade will be kept for the second term in the student sevaluation records (July). To be evaluated, students must attend a minimum of 7 practice sessions; otherwise, students won to be evaluated and will get 0 points.
 - For those students who have been officially granted the right to waive their continued evaluation, there will
 be a mandatory final test where they will be able to get a maximum grade of 2 points. However, an advanced
 request must be made to the professor to prepare the necessary materials for this test.
- Essay questions exam. It will have a maximum grade of 8 points.
- * Grades are calculated using a system of numerical qualification from 0 to 10 points conforming to the Spanish current legislation (RD 1125/2003, 5 September; BOE 18 September).

Ethical commitment: An adequate ethical behaviour of the student is expected at all times. In case an unethical behaviour is detected (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, and others); the student will be considered unfit to meet the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In this case, the overall qualification in the current academic year will be a Fail grade (0.0).

The use of any electronic devices during tests is completely forbidden unless is specified and authorized. The fact of introducing unauthorized electronic devices in the examination room will be considered reason enough to fail the subject in the current academic year and the overall qualification will be a Fail grade (0.0).

Tests Schedule: This information can be found along with any updates at the center (university) webpage.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Munir Khamashta, Problemas resueltos de cinemática de mecanismos planos, UPC,

Munir Khamashta, Problemas resueltos de dinámica de mecanismos planos, UPC,

Calero Pérez, R. y Carta González, J.A., Fundamentos de mecanismos y máquinas para ingenieros, McGraw-Hill,

Complementary Bibliography

García Prada, J.C. Castejón, C., Rubio, H., Problemas resueltos de Teoría de Máquinas y mecanismos, THOMSON,

Cardona, S. y Clos D., Teoría de Máquinas., UPC,

Shigley, J.E.; Uicker J.J. Jr., Theory of Machines and Mechanisms, McGraw-Hill,

Hernández A, Cinemática de mecanismos: Análisis y diseño, SÍNTESIS,

Lamadrid Martínez, A.; Corral Sáiz, A., Cinemática y Dinámica de Máquinas, E.T.S.I.I.T,

Mabie, Reinholtz, Mechanisms and dynamics of machinery, Limusa-wyley,

Nieto, j., Síntesis de Mecanismos, AC,

Erdman, A.G.; Sandor, G.N.,, Mechanism Design: Analysis and Synthesis, PRENTICE HALL,

Simon A.; Bataller A; Guerra .J.; Ortiz, A.; Cabrera, J.A., Fundamentos de teoría de Máquinas, BELLISCO,

Kozhevnikov SN, **Mecanismos**, Gustavo Gili,

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Machine design I/V12G380V01304

Automobiles and railways/V12G380V01941

Design of hydraulic machines and oleo-pneumatic systems/V12G380V01914

Machine design II/V12G380V01911

Computer-aided mechanical design/V12G380V01915

Transport engineering/V12G380V01945

Thermal engines and machines/V12G380V01913

Systems for data analysis, simulation and validation/V12G380V01933

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Graphic expression: Graphic expression/V12G380V01101

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102

Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104

Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Other comments

Requirements: to enrol in this subject, it is mandatory to have passed or at least, to be enrolled of all first year subjects. In case of discrepancies, the Spanish version of this guide prevails.

Contingency plan

Description

In the event that attendance to classes become legally entirely or partially limited, the measures set on place will be:

- 1. To guarantee the necessary means, namely personal computer or internet access, to every enrolled student so they can follow the distance learning classes, appropriately. Therefore, to apply the appropriate solutions, any student who does not have any of these means should inform the course coordinator.
- 2. To inform students of the different measures adopted, the department will use the platform, Faitic.
- 3. On top of that, in the case of cancelation of face-to-face classes, the teaching guide will show the next modifications:
- A. Competences. They will not be modified.
- B. Learning outcomes. They will not be modified.
- C. Contents. They will not be modified.
- D. Planning. It will not be modified.
- E. Methodology. It will be modified:

Lecturing and Problem solving. They will require the employment of electronic means (virtual classroom of the Remote Campus or others).

Laboratory Practices. The department will provide every student access to dynamic simulation software, so that they can carry out the practices remotely instead of from the Mechanical Engineering laboratory. The professor will supervise these practices using electronic means (virtual classroom of the Remote Campus or others).

- F. Tutoring Lessons. They will be carried out by previously arranged electronic means.
- G. Assessment. Assessment methodologies/test will not be modified: Laboratory practical and Essay questions exam. Description, qualification, and competences, they will not be modified. All exams will use electronic means (virtual classroom of the Remote Campus or others); the department will publish in advance the specific rules for each test in the platform, Faitic. According to attendance at the virtual practice sessions, the professor will compute and validate each practice attendance on virtual classroom of the Remote Campus.

Partial tests for the evaluation of specific contests of the subject can be proposed. Once again, the professor will publish in advance the rules concerning each test in the platform, Faitic.

H. Bibliography. Besides the bibliographical references found in this guide, the documentation provided at Faitic, and the problem bulletins and previous exams, the professor might facilitate additional notes, videos, web-references, and others, so that students can appropriately follow the course during the non-face-to-face classes.

This guide can be modified following Rectoral rules.

IDENTIFYIN	IG DATA			
Environmer	ntal technology			
Subject	Environmental			
	technology			
Code	V12G380V01401			
Study	Grado en			
programme				
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	#EnglishFriendly			
language	Spanish			
	Galician			
	English			
Department				
Coordinator				
Lecturers	Álvarez da Costa, Estrella			
	Cameselle Fernández, Claudio			
	Escudero Curiel, Silvia			
	Moldes Menduíña, Ana Belén			
	Moldes Moreira, Diego			
	Moure Varela, Andrés			
	Rosales Villanueva, Emilio			
	Salgado Seara, José Manuel			
	Yañez Diaz, Maria Remedios			
E-mail	ealvarez@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal			
General	Subject that belongs to the Block of Common Subjects	of the Industrial	Technologies. It	is part of the curricula
description	of all Degrees of Industrial Engineering.			
	The main objective is to achieve a basic knowledge about			
	wastewaters and pollutant emission to the atmosphere	. It includes also	the concepts of	pollution prevention
	and sustainability.			
	Subject of the "English Friendly" program.			
	Subject of the English Menally program.			
	International students may request the teachers Remed Cameselle Fernández (M2, M3 ad M5 groups, respective		Diego Moldes Mo	oreira and Claudio
	a) Materials and bibliographic references for the follow-b) Attend tutorials in English.c) Tests and evaluations in English.	up of the subjec	t in English.	

Skill	S
Code	
В7	CG7 Ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of the technical solutions.
C16	CE16 Basic knowledge and application of environmental technologies and sustainability.
D1	CT1 Analysis and synthesis
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D3	CT3 Oral and written proficiency.
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.
D12	CT12 Research skills.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.
D19	CT19 Sustainability and environmental commitment. Equitable, responsible and efficient use of resources.

Learning outcomes		
Expected results from this subject	Training an	d Learning
	Res	ults
Basic knowledge and application of environmental technologies and sustainability	C16	D2
		D3
		D10
		D19

Problem solving	C1	
		D3
		D10
		D19
Oral and writing communication	C1	
		D3
		D10
Knowledge application to practical and real cases	C1	
		D3
		D10 D19
Analysis and synthesis	C1	
Analysis and synthesis	CI	D1 D2
		D3
		D9
		D10
		D12
		D17
		D19
Ability to analyze and determine the social and environmental impact of the technical solutions to	B7	D1
environmental problems		D3
		D9
		D10
		D17
		D19

Contents	
Topic	
Lesson 1: Introduction to the environmental	1. Material cycle economy.
technology.	2. Introduction to the best available techniques (BAT).
Lesson 2: Management of waste and effluents.	1. Generation of waste. Types and classification of wastes.
	2. Codification of wastes.
	3. Urban waste management.
	4. Industrial waste management. Industrial waste treatment facilities.
	5. Regulations
Lesson 3: Treatment of urban and industrial	1. Valorization.
wastes.	2. Physico-chemical treatment.
	3. Biological treatment.
	4. Thermal treatment.
	5. Landfilling.
	6. Soil remediation technologies.
Lesson 4: Treatment of industrial and municipal	1. Characteristics of municipal and industrial wastewaters.
wastewaters.	2. Wastewater treatment plant.
	3. Sludge treatment.
	4. Water treatment and reuse
	5. Regulations
Lesson 5: Atmospheric pollution.	1. Types and origin of atmospheric pollutants.
	2. Dispersion of pollutants in the atmosphere.
	3. Effects of the atmospheric pollution.
	4. Treatment of polluting gas emissions.
	5. Regulations
Lesson 6: Sustainability and environmental	1. Sustainable development
impact assessment	2. Life cycle analysis and economy.
	3. Ecological footprint and carbon footprint.
	4. Introduction to the environmental impact assessment
Practice 2: Preparation of immobilized activated	
charcoal for use as an adsorbent.	
Practice 1: Codification of wastes	
Practice 3: Contaminants removal by adsorption	
with immobilized activated charcoal.	
Practice 4: Coagulation-flocculation:	
Establishment of optimal working conditions.	
Practice 5: Simulation of certain stages of an	
EDAR.	
Practice 6: Life Cycle Analysis of a product.	

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours	
Lecturing	26	52	78	_
Problem solving	11	22	33	_
Laboratory practical	12	12	24	
Objective questions exam	1	0	1	
Problem and/or exercise solving	2	0	2	
Report of practices, practicum and external	practices 0	6	6	_
Case studies	0	6	6	_

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Teaching in the classroom of the key concepts and procedures for learning the syllabus contents
Problem solving	Solving exercises with the teacher's help and independently
Laboratory practical	Application of the knowledge acquired to the resolution of problems of environmental technology,
	using equipment and facilities available in the laboratory/computer room.

Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practical	In tutorials, students can consult with their teacher any questions about laboratory practices or the report of practices to be done. The tutoring schedule of the teaching staff will be public and accessible to the students.
Lecturing	In tutorials, students can consult with their teacher any questions arising in the lectures and related to the contents seen in them The schedule of tutorials of teachers will be public and accessible to students.
Problem solving	In tutorials, students can consult their teacher any questions about the resolution of problems raised in the classroom. The tutoring schedule of the teaching staff will be public and accessible to the students.

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification	Le	ning and arning esults
Objective questions exam	"FINAL EXAM" consisting of theoretical questions related to the syllabus of the subject.	30	B7 C	16 D1 D3 D10
	CG7, CE16 and CT19 competences will be assessed in this exam, based on student responses to the questions.			D19
	CT1, CT3 and CT10 competences are also evaluated, since the exam is written and requires students' analysis and synthesis skills.			
Problem and/or exercise solving	"FINAL EXAM" consisting of problems related to the syllabus of the subject. CT2, CT9 and CT19 competences will be assessed in this exam, based on the resolution of various exercises of environmental technology, which require the use of applied knowledge related to the contents of the subject.	30		D1 D2 D3 D9 D10 D19
	CT1, CT3 and CT10 competences are also evaluated, since the exam is written and requires students' analysis and synthesis skills.			
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	Detailed report for each practices that includes the results and their discussion. The competences: CG7, CE16, CT1, CT3, CT9 and CT10, are assessed based on the quality of the written report elaborated by each student on his/her own. The following points will be evaluated in the report: text style and correctness, structure and presentation, analysis and discussion of the results, and conclusions.	10	B7 C	D1 D3 D9 D10 D12 D17
	Competences CT12 and CT17 will be assessed based on the laboratory work. Lab practices will be carried out in pairs, and it is expected the student develop research skills in the field of environmental technology. The written report must be done in pairs.			

Case studies All exercises, seminars, practical cases and theoretical / practical tests that are made and delivered to the teacher throughout the course, related to the

are made and delivered to the teacher throughout the course, related to the concepts and contents of the syllabus.

D3 D10 D12

B7 C16 D2

30

Throughout a four-month time several tests are performed.

Competences CG7 and CE16 will be assessed considering the students answers to the theoretical questions.

Competences CT2, CT10 and CT12 will be assessed considering the students answers to the exercises.

Competenci CT3 will be assessed base on the two parts of the exam: theory and exercises; considering the precision and clarity of the answers.

Other comments on the Evaluation

Evaluation:

A student who choose continuous assessment, to pass the course, must achieve a **MINIMUN SCORE** of **4.0 points** (out of10) *in each of the parts of the "FINAL EXAM"*, ie, theory (Objective questions exam) and problems (Problem and/orexercise solving). If a student reaches the minimum grade in both parts of the "FINAL EXAM", to pass the subject must obtain a **FINAL GRADE** of \geq **5.0**, that is, when the sum of grades of the "Practice report", "Case study" and the "FINAL EXAM" (Exam of objective questions + Problem solving and/or exercises) is \geq 5.0.

Students who "officially renounces continuous assessment", will make a "FINAL EXAM" (Objective questions exam + Problemand/or exercise solving) that will be worth 90% of the final grade, and a "EXAM OF PRACTICES" that will be worth 10% of the final grade. In any case, to pass the course, the student must achieve 50% of the maximum score in each of the constituentparts of the subject, ie, theory, problems and practices.

Second call:

In the second call the same criteria apply.

In relation to the July exam, grades of the "Case studies" and "Practices report" are maintained, and students only have to repeat the "FINAL EXAM", ie, "Objective questions exam" + "Problem and/or exercise solving".

If, at the 1st call, a student suspended one of the parts of the "FINAL EXAM" (theory or problems) and approves the other party with a grade \geq 6, on the July exam, you only need to repeat the suspended part.

Ethical commitment:

The student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. If you detect "unethical behavior" (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.) shall be deemed that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject. In this case the final grade, in the current academic year, will FAIL (0.0 points).

The use of electronic devices during the assessment tests will be allowed. The fact of introducing into the examination room an unauthorized electronic device, will be reason not pass the course in the current academic year, and the final grade will FAIL (0.0 points)

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Mihelcic, J.R. and Zimmerman, J. B., Environmental Engineering: Fundamentals, sustainability, design, Wiley, 2014

Davis, M.L. and Masten S.J., Principles of Environmental Engineering and Science, McGraw-Hill, 2014

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Acosta, J.A. et al., Introducción a la contaminación de suelos, Mundi-prensa, 2017

Complementary Bibliography

Tchobanoglous, G., Gestión integral de residuos sólidos, McGraw-Hill, 1996

Nemerow, N. L., **Tratamiento de vertidos industriales y peligrosos**, Diaz de Santos, 1998

Baird, C y Cann M., Química Ambiental, Reverté, 2014

Kiely, G., Ingeniería Ambiental: fundamentos, entornos, tecnología y sistemas de gestión, McGraw-Hill, 2001

Castells et al., **Reciclaje de residuos industriales: residuos sólidos urbanos y fangos de depuradora**, Díaz de Santos, 2009

Albergaria, J.M. and Nouws H.P.A., **Soil remediation**, Taylor and Francis, 2016

Sharma, H. D., and Reddy, K. R., **Geoenvironmental engineering: site remediation, waste containment, and emerging waste management technologies**, John Wiley & Sons, 2004

Wark and Warner, Contaminación del aire: origen y control, Limusa, 1996

Jonker, G. y Harmsen, J., **Ingeniería para la sostenibilidad**, Reverté, 2014

Azapagic, A. and Perdan S., Sustainable development in practice: Case studies for engineers and scientists, Wiley, 2011

Reddy, K.R., Cameselle, C. and Adams, J.A., **Sustainable Engineering: Drivers, Metrics, Tools, and Applications**, Wiley, 2019

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics 1/V12G360V01102 Physics: Physics 2/V12G360V01202 Chemistry: Chemistry/V12G380V01205

Other comments

Recommendations:

To enroll in this subject is necessary to have passed or be enrolled in all subjects of previous courses to the course that is located this subject.

Contingency plan

Description

=== EXCEPTIONAL PLANNING ===

Given the uncertain and unpredictable evolution of the health alert caused by COVID-19, the University of Vigo establishes an extraordinary planning that will be activated when the administrations and the institution itself determine it, considering safety, health and responsibility criteria both in distance and blended learning. These already planned measures guarantee, at the required time, the development of teaching in a more agile and effective way, as it is known in advance (or well in advance) by the students and teachers through the standardized tool.

=== ADAPTATION OF THE METHODOLOGIES ===

* Teaching methodologies maintained

All teaching methodologies planned will be maintained, although they would be adapted to remote teaching.

The "lectures" would be online, via the Remote Campus, Faitic or any other platform that the University of Vigo wouldprovide to the academic staff.

Of all " laboratory practices " initially planned, those non-experimental ones would be maintained, while the others would bereplaced by on-line practices.

* Non-attendance mechanisms for student attention (tutoring)

Tutoring would be online, in the teacher's "virtual office" or by e-mail. In any case, students should previously arrange withtheir teacher (by e-mail) the tutoring date.

* Modifications (if applicable) of the contents

In a virtual context, the three experimental practices would be replaced by online ones, maintaining the same contents.

=== ADAPTATION OF THE TESTS ===

In a virtual context, no changes would be required in the assessment criteria, or in the weighting of each test, in relation towhat is established for a presential assessment. Nor would it be necessary to make any changes in the type of tests .

Therefore, the assessment criteria are maintained, adapting the tests, if necessary and as indicated in the Rector's Resolution, to the telematic resources made available to the teaching staff

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Resistance	of materials			
Subject	Resistance of			
	materials			
Code	V12G380V01402			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
Department		·		·
Coordinator	Caamaño Martínez, José Carlos			
	Riveiro Rodríguez, Belén			
Lecturers	Caamaño Martínez, José Carlos			
	Cabaleiro Núñez, Manuel			
	Caride Tesouro, Luís Miguel			
	Fuentes Fernández, Eugenio Ignacio			
	Lorenzo Mateo, Jaime Alberto			
	Pereira Conde, Manuel			
	Riveiro Rodríguez, Belén			
E-mail	jccaam@uvigo.es			
	belenriveiro@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General	Introduction to linear elastic materials, and analys			
description	of the fundamentals of mechanics of materials an	d particularization fo	r shafts and bea	am structures.

Skills

Code

- CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.
- CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty.
- C14 CE14 Knowledge and use of the principles of strength of materials.
- D1 CT1 Analysis and synthesis
 D2 CT2 Problems resolution.
- D9 CT9 Apply knowledge.
- D10 CT10 Self learning and work.
- D16 CT16 Critical thinking.
- D17 CT17 Working as a team.

Learning outcomes			
Expected results from this subject	Tr		d Learning
		Res	<u>ults </u>
To know the differences between rigid solid and elastic solid.	В3	C14	D1
To know the stress and deformation states in a deformable solid and the relationship between	В4		D2
them.			D9
Apply the acquired knowledge to the determination of the maximum values of stress at a point of	f a		D10
deformable solid.			D16
T know the basic principles governing the Mechanics of Materials.			D17
To know the relationships between the different stress resultants and the stresses.			
To apply the knowledge acquired to the determination of stress resultant diagrams.			
To apply the acquired knowledge about stresses applied to bar elements.			
To know the basics about deformations of bar elements.			
To apply the knowledge acquired to the dimensioning of bar elements.			

Contents	
Topic	
1. Introduction	1.1 Introduction1.2 Review of statics fundamentals and applied concepts for further progress in solid mechanics and stress analysis

2. Basic principles of elasticity and mechanics of	2.0 Stress and strain. Linear elastic materials
materials.	2.1. Normal stress in an axially loaded prismatic bar.
	2.2. Equilibrium of a deformable body.
	2.3. Stress-Strain diagram of ductile materials. Hooke∏s Law.
	2.4. Stress resultants. Diagrams.
3. Axial loads	3.1. Normal forces.
	3.2. Elastic deformation of an axially loaded member.
	3.3. Statically governed problems.
	3.4. Statically indeterminate problems.
	3.5. Thermal stress and assembly misfits.
4. Bending	4.1 Beams: definition and types. Loads on beams.
	4.2 Internal shear forces and bending moments.
	4.3 External load, shear force and bending moment relationships.
	4.4 Shear and moment diagrams
	4.5 Pure bending and non-uniform bending. Hypothesis and limitations.
	4.6. Normal stresses in unsymmetric bending.
	4.7 Symmetric bending. The flexure formula (Navier□s Law).
	4.8 Section modulus of a beam. Ideal beam cross-section.
	4.9 Deflection of beams and shafts. Slope and deflection. Mohr□s
	Theorems.
	4.10 Hyperstatic bending.
5. Other forces: shear, buckling and torsion	5.1. Shear in joints. Definition. Shear force. Shear stress. Bolted and
	riveted joints. Shear joints.
	5.2. Introduction to the concept of compressive buckling.
	5.3. Intoduction to the concept of torsion in straight prisms.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the	Total hours
		classroom	
Lecturing	32.5	49	81.5
Laboratory practical	9	23	32
Project based learning	9	24.5	33.5
Essay questions exam	3	0	3
*The information in the planning table i	s for guidance only and does no	t take into account the het	erogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Lecture where theoretical principles are presented using digital media, videos and blackboard.
Laboratory practical	Activities of application of the knowledge to concrete situations and of acquisition of basic skills and procedural skills related with the subject of study.
Project based learning	Resolution of problems related to real case studies.

Personalized assistance		
Methodologies	Description	
, ,	The students can ask the lecturers for the clarification of those concepts presented in the lecturers and practicals, as well as to clarify / discuss any doubts that may appear after the end of the sessions. The tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (Remote Campus, Faitic, etc.) under the modality of prior agreement.	

Assessment								
	Description	Qualification	Training Learn Resu	ing				
Laboratory	A) it will evaluate the attendance and active participation in all the practicals of	2.5	B3 C14	D1				
practical	the semester, as well as the correct delivery (time and form) of all the		B4	D2				
	documentation requested (reports, exercises, etc.). Practical sessions will be held			D9				
	in a fixed date, so it is not possible to attend the practical in a later date. Whether			D10				
	the student does not attend to a practical, he/she must demonstrate that the			D16				
	absence was due to unavoidable reasons (e.g. medical reasons). Practicals will marked with the value indicated, only when the student reaches the minimum			D17				
	mark in the written exam, which is 45%. (See following section: 'Other comments')						

Project based learning	C) Written tests to evaluate the individual work delivered by the student. It will be compulsory the attendance to the 90% of the practicals to obtain the marks given in section C. The marks obtained in the sections A will proportionally affect to the marks of the section C. The section C will be marked with a maximum value of 12,5% of the total mark, only when the student reach the minimum mark in the written exam, which is 45%. (See following section: 'Other comments')	12.5	[D1 D2 D9 D10 D16
Essay questions exam	Written exam in the dates established by the School.	85	[D1 D2 D9 D10 D16

Other comments on the Evaluation

Students resigning continuum assessment (after School aproval) will be evaluated only through the written exam which will be graded with 100% of final mark.

Continuum assessment is composed of sections A and C. The maximum mark for continuum assessment (NEC) is 15%, which will be computed from the following equation: NEC (%) = $0.25 \cdot (A) + 1.25 \cdot (C) \cdot (A)$; where A and C are granted 0-1.

Ethical commitment: it is expected an adequate ethical behavior of the student. In case of detecting unethical behaviour (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, etc.) shall be deemed that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject.

In this case, the overall rating in the current academic year will be Fail (0.0).

The use of any electronic device for the assessment tests is not allowed unless explicitly authorized. The fact of introducing unauthorized electronic device in the examination room will be considered reason for not passing the subject in the current academic year and will hold overall rating (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Hibbeler, R., Mechanics of Materials,

Manuel Vázquez, Resistencia de materiales,

Complementary Bibliography

Ortiz Berrocal, L., Resistencia de materiales, Ed. McGraw-Hill,

González Taboada, J.A., Tensiones y deformaciones en materiales elásticos, Ed. Autor,

González Taboada, J.A., **Fundamentos y problemas de tensiones y deformaciones en materiales elásticos**, Ed. Autor,

Recommendations

Other comments

Requirements: To register for this module the student must have passed or be registered for all the modules of the previous year.

Contingency plan

Description

=== ADAPTATION OF THE ASSESSMENT ===

* Teaching methodologies that do not change

All the methodologies keep being the same as they can be held using the Campus Remoto platform complemented with faitic:

- Lecturing
- Project based learning
- Laboratory practical (only if mix teaching is adopted)
- * Teaching methodologies to be modified
- "Laboratory practical" will be substituted by "Systematic observation", which will be measured by carrying out experiments or reports that the students can carry out from their homes. The periodicity would be weekly and of temporary dedication equivalent to the laboratory practices.

* Non-attendance mechanisms for students $\[\]$ personal attention (tutoring)

The tutoring will be carried out by email to the teacher of the subject, who will be able to solve the doubts by email, or invite the student to participate in a tutorial through the remote teaching tools, Remote Campus, Teams, etc.).

* Changes in the contents (if applicable)

No modification in the contents is envisaged.

* Additional bibliography

Detailed notes will be provided to complement the material presented in the classes taught through the Remote Campus.

* Other

=== ADAPTACIÓN DE LA EVALUACIÓN ===

* Tests that are modified

[Laboratory practical] => [Systematic observation] [5%]

(this correspond to mark "A", in the formula for continuos assessment)

[Project based learning]=> [Resolution of exercises] [10%]

(this correspond to mark "C", in the formula for continuos assessment)

The Continuous Assessment Mark (NAC), will be calculated as follows: NAC = $(0.5 \cdot A) + 1.0$ (C)·A; where A y C: 0-1.

[Essay question exam] => [Essay question exam] [50%]

* New Tests

[objective questions exam][35%]

Throughout the course, questionnaires will be carried out for the subjects previously taught, so that the subject can be monitored using telematic means.

* Additional information

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Fundament	als of automation			
Subject	Fundamentals of			
	automation			
Code	V12G380V01403			
Study	Grado en		,	
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	English			
Department				
Coordinator	Espada Seoane, Angel Manuel			
	López Fernández, Joaquín			
Lecturers	Espada Seoane, Angel Manuel			
	Fernández Silva, María			
	López Fernández, Joaquín			
	Rajoy González, José Antonio			
E-mail	joaquin@uvigo.es			
	aespada@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General	In this matter present the basic concepts of the sy			
description	control, considering like central elements of the sa	me the programma	ble programmal	ble logic controller and
	the industrial controller, respectively.			

Skil	ls .
Code	9
В3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.
C12	CE12 Know the fundamentals of automation and control methods.
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D3	CT3 Oral and written proficiency.
D6	CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study.
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.
D16	CT16 Critical thinking.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.
D20	CT20 Ability to communicate with people not expert in the field.

Learning outcomes			
Expected results from this subject	Tr	aining an Res	d Learning ults
Purchase a global and realistic vision of the current scope of industrial automation systems.	В3	C12	D17 D20
Know which are the constitutive elements of an industrial automation system, its sizing and as they work.	В3	C12	D2 D6 D20
Knowledge applied on the programmable logic controllers, its programming and its application to industrial automation systems.	В3	C12	D2 D6 D9 D16 D17
General knowledge on the continuous control of dynamic systems, of the main tools of simulation of continuous systems and of the main devices of process control with greater interest to industria level.	B3 I	C12	D3 D6 D17 D20
General concepts of the technicians of industrial controllers tuning.	В3	C12	D2 D9 D16

Contents			
Topic			

1. Introducción to industrial automation and elements of automation.	1.1 Introducción to automation of tasks.1.2 Types of control.1.3 The programmable logic controller.1.4 Diagrama of blocks. Elements of the PLC.1.5 Cycle of operation of the PLC. Time of cycle.
2. Languages and programming technics of programmable logic controllers.	1.6 Ways of operation.2.1 Binary, octal, hexadecimal, BCD systems. Real numbers.2.2 Access and adressing to periphery.2.3 Instructions, variables and operating.2.4 Forms of representation of a program.
	2.5 Types of modules of program.2.6 linear Programming and estructurada.2.7 Variables binarias. Entrances, exits and memory.2.8 Binary combinations.2.9 Operations of allocation.
	2.10 Timers and counters. 2.11 Operations aritméticas.
3. Tools for sequential systems modelling.	 3.1 Basic principles. Modelling technics. 3.2 Modelling by means of Petri Networks. 3.2.1 Definition of stages and transitions. Rules of evolution. 3.2.2 Conditional election between several alternatives. 3.2.3 Simultaneous sequences. Concurrence. Resource shared. 3.3 Implementation of Petri Networks.
	3.3.1 Direct implementation. 3.3.2 Normalised implementation (Grafcet).
4. Combinal quantum simbon divertions	3.4 Examples.
4. Control systems introduction.	4.1 Systems of regulation in open loop and closed loop.4.2 Control typical loop. Nomenclature and definitions.
5. Representation, modelling and simulation of continuous dynamic systems.	5.1 Physical systems and mathematical models.5.2.1 Mechanical systems.
	5.2.2 Electrical systems.
	5.2.3 Others.5.3 Modelling in state space.
	5.4 Modelling in transfer function. Laplace transform. Properties. Examples.
C. Analysis of analysis and analysis lands	5.5 Blocks diagrams.
6. Analysis of continous dynamical systems.	6.1 Stability.6.2 Transient response.
	6.2.1 First order systems. Differential equation and transfer function. Examples.
	6.2.2 Second order systems. Differential equation and transfer function.
	Examples. 6.2.3 Effect of the addition of poles and zeros.
	6.3 Systems reduction.6.4 Steady-state response.
	6.4.1 Steady-state errors.
	6.4.2 Input signals and system type.6.4.3 Error constants.
	7.1 Basic control actions. Proportional effects, integral and derivative.
controllers.	7.2 PID controller.7.3 Empirical methods of tuning of industrial controllers.
	7.3.1 Open loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others.
	7.3.2 Closed loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others.7.4 Controllers design state space. Pole assigment.
P1. Introduction to STEP7.	Introduction to the program STEP7, that allows to create and modify programs for the Siemens PLC S7-300 and S7-400.
P2. Programming in STEP7.	Modelling of simple automation system and implementation in STEP7
P3. Implementation of PN in STEP7.	using binary operations. Petri Networks modelling of simple automation system and introduction to
P4. PN Modelling and implementation in STEP7.	the implementation of the same in STEP7. Petri Networks modelling of complex automation system and
	implementation of the same in STEP7. Petri Networks normalised modelling and implementation with S7-Graph.
S7-Graph.	
P6. Control systems analysis with MATLAB. P7. Introduction to SIMULINK.	Introduction to the control systems instructions of the program MATLAB. Introduction to SIMULINK program, an extension of MATLAB for dynamic
	systems simulation.

P8. Modelling and transient response in	Modelling and simulation of control systems with SIMULINK.
SIMULINK.	
P9. Empirical tuning of an industrial controller.	Parameters tuning of a PID controller by the methods studied and
	implementation of the control calculated in an industrial controller.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Laboratory practical	18	30	48
Problem solving	0	15	15
Lecturing	32.5	32.5	65
Essay questions exam	3	19	22

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Laboratory practical	Different activities aimed to apply the concepts learned during the lectures.
Problem solving	The professor is going to solve in class some problems and exercises. The students need to solve similar exercises on their own to obtain the capabilities needed.
Lecturing	Include the professor lectures about the contents of the subject.

Personalized assist	Personalized assistance				
Methodologies	Description				
Lecturing	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums,) under the modality of prior agreement.				
Laboratory practical	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums,) under the modality of prior agreement.				
Problem solving	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums,) under the modality of prior agreement.				
Tests	Description				
Essay questions exam	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums,) under the modality of prior agreement.				

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification		aining rning I	and Results
Laboratory practical	It will evaluate each practice of laboratory between 0 and 10 points, in function of the fulfillment of the aims fixed in the billed of the same and of the previous preparation and the attitude of the students. Each practical will be able to have distinct weight in the total note.	20 I	В3	C12	D3 D6 D9 D16 D17 D20
Essay questions exam	Final examination of the contents of the matter, that will be able to include problems and exercises, with a punctuation between 0 and 10 points.	80	В3	C12	D2 D3 D16

Other comments on the Evaluation

⁻ Continuous Assessment of student work practices along established laboratory sessions will be held in the semester, with the assistance to them mandatory. In the case of not overcome, a review of practices, conditioned to having passed the script test, will take place in the second call, on a date after the script test, in one or more sessions and including the contents not passed in ordinary practice sessions.

- The assesment of the practices for students who officially renounces Continuous Assesment will be carried out in a review of practices, conditioned to having passed the script test, in the two calls, on a date after the script test, in one or more sessions and including the same contents of the ordinary practice sessions.
- It may demand previous requirements to the realisation of each practice in the laboratory, so that they limit the maximum qualification to obtain.
- It must pass both tests (script and practices) to pass the matter, give the total score at the rate indicated above. In case of no longer than two or one test, scaling may be applied to partial notes that the total does not exceed 4.5.
- In the final exam may establish a minimum score on a set of issues to overcome.
- In the second call of the the same course, students should examine the tests (script and/or practices) not passed in the first one, with the same criteria of that.
- According to the Rule of Continuous Assessment, the subject students to Continuous Assessment that present to some activity evaluable collected in the Teaching Guide of the matter, will be considered like "presented".
- Ethical commitment: student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. If you detect unethical behavior (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, and another ones), it follows that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

E.MANDADO, J.MARCOS, C. FERNANDEZ, J.I.ARMESTO, **Autómatas Programables y Sistemas de Automatización**, 1ª, Marcombo, 2009

MANUEL SILVA, Las Redes de Petri en la Automática y la Informática, 1ª, AC, 1985

R. C. DORF, R. H. BISHOP, **Sistemas de Control Moderno**, 10^a, Prentice Hall, 2005

Complementary Bibliography

PORRAS A., MONTANERO A., **Autómatas programables : fundamento, manejo, instalación y prácticas**, McGraw-Hill, 2003

ROMERA J.P., LORITE J.A., MONTORO S., **Automatización : problemas resueltos con autómatas programables**, 4ª, Paraninfo, 2002

BARRIENTOS, ANTONIO, Control de sistemas continuos: Problemas resueltos, 1ª, McGraw-Hill, 1997

OGATA, KATSUIKO, Ingeniería de Control Moderna, 5ª, Pearson, 2010

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Product design and communication, and automation of plant elements/V12G380V01931

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Electronic technology/V12G380V01404

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer science: Computing for engineering/V12G380V01203 Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Fundamentals of electrical engineering/V12G380V01303

Other comments

- Requirements: To enrol in this subject is necessary to had surpassed or well be enrolled of all the subjects of the inferior courses to the course in the that is summoned this subject.

Contingency plan

Description

Considering the uncertain and unpredictable evolution of the health alert caused by COVID-19, the University establishes an extraordinary planning that will be activated when the administrations and the institution determine it. It is based on safety, health and responsibility, and it guarantees teaching in an online or semi-presential modalities. These already planned measures will guarantee, at the required time, the development of teaching in a more agile and effective way, because they will be known in advance by students and teachers through the standardized tool for teaching guides DOCNET

=== ADAPTATION OF THE METHODOLOGIES ===

- * Teaching Methodologies that keep
- Lecturing.
- Problem solving.

- Laboratory practices without use of instrumentation.
- * Teaching methodologies that modify
- Laboratory practices with use of instrumentation: will be replaced by activities in virtualized environments.
- * Adaptation of tutorial sessions and personalized attention

The tutorial sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums, ...) with prior agreement.

=== ADAPTATION OF THE EVALUATION ===

Keep the type of proofs and his weighting in the final qualification, adapting his realization to the circumstances.

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Electronic t	echnology			
Subject	Electronic			
	technology			
Code	V12G380V01404			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish	,		
language	Galician			
	English			
Department				
Coordinator	Nogueiras Meléndez, Andres Augusto			
Lecturers	Domínguez Gómez, Miguel Ángel			
	Nogueiras Meléndez, Andres Augusto			
	Pérez López, Serafín Alfonso			
	Verdugo Mates, Rafael			
E-mail	aaugusto@uvigo.gal			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General	The objective of this course is to provide the stud	lents with the theoret	ical and practic	al fundamental
description	knowledge in electronics' five main areas: analog	g electronics, digital e	lectronics, indu	strial sensors, power
	electronics and communications electronics.			
	In case of any discrepancy between this translati Spanish version.	on of the guide and tl	ne Spanish vers	ion, the valid one is the

Ski	ls
Cod	е
В3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and
	provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.
C11	CE11 Knowledge of the fundamentals of electronics.
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.

Learning outcomes				
Expected results from this subject	Tra	aining a	nd Learn	ing Results
Know the operation of the electronic devices.	A2	B1	C11	D2
	A4	В3	C12	D2
		B13	C20	D3
				D4
				D5
				D6
				D9
				D10
				D10
				D12
				D15
Manually and a sharp in a section of an editioning and a socialities of date	42	D1	C11	D17
Know the electronic systems of conditioning and acquisition of data.	A2	B1	C11	D2
	A4	B13	C12	D3
			C20	D4 D5
				D5 D6
				D10
				D10
				D10
				D15
Identify the different types of industrial sensors.				D10
Know the digital electronic systems basic.			C11	D2
Rilow the digital electronic systems basic.			CII	D9
				D17

B1 C16 D10 B3 B3 B10

Contents	
Торіс	
Introduction	- Control and supervision of industrial systems by means of electronics
	- Some representative cases
Electronic devices, circuits and systems	- Electronics components and devices
	- Active and passive electronic devices
	- Analog and digital electronic circuits
	- Electronic systems
Diodes and rectification	- The diode
	- Operation modes and characteristics
	- Diodes types
	- Operation Models
	- Analysis of circuits with diodes
	- Rectifier circuits
	- Filtering for rectifier circuits
	- Thyristors
ransistors	- The Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT.) Operation principles and
Tulisiscols	characteristic curves
	- Work zones
	- Quiescent point design
	- The transistor operating as a switch
	- The transistor operating as a switch
	- Field Effect Transistors (FET).
Annual (Claration	· ,
Amplification	- Amplification concept
	- Feedback concept
	- The Operational Amplifier (OA)
	- Basic circuits with OA
	- The Instrumentation Amplifier
Digital Electronics I	- Numbering Systems
	- Boolean Algebra
	- Combinatorial logic functions. Analysis, synthesis and reduction
Digital electronics II	- Flip-flops
	- Sequential logic circuits
	- Programmable Systems
	- Microprocessors
	- Memories
Electronic Sensors	- Sensors
	- Types of sensors as function of the measuring magnitude
	- Some sensors of special interest in industry applications
	- Electrical model of some common sensors
	- Study of some examples of coupling sensors and CAD system
Analog - Digital Converters	- The Analog and Digital Signals.
	- The Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)
	- Sampling, quantification and digitization
	 More important ADC characteristics: number of bits, sampling speed
	conversion range and cost
ndustrial Communications	- Introduction to Industrial Communications
naustriai Communications	
Danier Flacture i a	- Industrial data buses.
Power Electronics	- Circuits for Power Conversion
	- Rectifiers
	- Lineal and Switched Power Sources

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	25	0	25
Problem solving	8	0	8
Previous studies	0	49	49
Autonomous problem solving	0	46	46
Laboratory practical	18	0	18
Objective questions exam	1	0	1
Essay questions exam	3	0	3

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	These sessions will be held in the rooms and dates fixed by the direction of the school. They will consist in an oral explanation by the professor of the most important parts of the course, all related with the materials that the student had to work previously. This is intended to favor the active participation of the students, that will have occasion to rise doubts and questions during the sessions. Active participation is desired during all the sessions.
Problem solving	During these sessions, in the classroom, interleaved with the lectures, the professor will proceed to solve examples and/or exercises that properly illustrate the problems to solve. As long as the number of participants in the classroom allows, active participation will be promoted.
Previous studies	Previous preparation of the theoretical sessions: Prior to the start of the theoretical sessions, the students will have available a series of materials that have to prepare, as the sessions will relay on them.
	Previous preparation of the laboratory sessions: It is mandatory that the students make all the assigned previous tasks prior to access the laboratory. These task are intended to greatly improve the laboratory knowledge acquisition. The achieved report will be taken into account when the laboratory session is to be evaluated.
Autonomous problem solving	Self study and review of the theoretical sessions for knowledge consolidation: The student must study, in a systematic time schedule, after each lecture session, in order to dissipate any doubts. Any doubts or unsolved questions will have to be expose to the professor as soon as possible in order to enhance the feedback of the learning process.
Laboratory practical	Laboratory sessions will be held in the time schedule established by the school's head teacher. Students will work in groups of two students each. The sessions will be supervised by a professor, who will control the assistance and will also evaluate the harnessing of it. During the laboratory sessionsthe students will make activities of the following kinds: - Assembling electronics circuits - Use of electronic instrumentation - Measure of physical variables on circuits - Do calculations related to the circuit and/or the measurements - Collect data and represent it (diagrams, charts, tables) At the end of each laboratory session each group will deliver the corresponding score sheets.

Personalized assistance				
Methodologies	Description			
Laboratory practical	Tutoring Sessions: During the established schedule of each professor, students will be able to speak freely about course issues with the professor. Also the will receive orientation and academic support, if needed. Email: The students also will be able to request orientation and support by means of email to the professors of the course. This way of attention is advisable for indications and short doubts of punctual type.			

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification	Training Learning	-
Laboratory practical	Assessment of the laboratory sessions:	20	C11	D9 D10
	The laboratory sessions will be evaluated in a continuous way, on each session. The applied criteria are:			D17
	- A minimum attendance of 80% - Punctuality			
	Previous task preparation of the sessionsMake the most of the session			
	The practical sessions will be held in groups of two students. The documents of the practices will be available prior to the sessions. The students will fill report, that will be delivered when the session ends. This report serves to justify both the attendance and how they have done the work asked for.			
Objective questions exam	These partial tests evaluate part of the theoretical content of the subject. They will consist of individual objective tests related to a set of topics of th subject.	80 e	B3 C11	D2 D9 D10

exam

times established by the center's management.

Other comments on the Evaluation

EVALUATION AND GRADING OF THE SUBJECT

The evaluation of the subject is continuousand consists of the following elements:

Self assessment:

Associated with each topic there are severalself-assessment questionnaires. There are short questionnaires after each section or pill into which each topic is divided, and a larger and more comprehensive questionnaire at the end of each topic. These self-assessment questionnaires have no influence on the grade. The purpose of these questionnaires is to help students assess their level of knowledge about each of the topics. The answers of these questionnaires by the students provide valuable information to the teaching staff about those aspects of the subject in which the students find greater difficulties.

Laboratory sessions:

The evaluation of the laboratory sessions accounts for 20% of the course grade. The laboratory sessions are evaluated one by one, obtaining a grade for each session. The evaluation criteria are: attendance, punctuality, prior preparation and performance. The laboratory session grade (NP) will be obtained by averaging the grades of all the sessions, with the following requisites:

- A minimum attendance of 80% must be recorded, otherwise the laboratory grade will be zero.
- A minimum of 3.3 points in the grade of theory must be reached (NT), otherwise the laboratory grade will be zero.

Theory:

The evaluation of the theory part (NT) accounts for 80% of the course grade. For its evaluation, the subject will be divided into two parts (P1 and P2), each covering approximately 50% of the contents of the subject and three evaluation sessions will be held, distribute das follows:

First session: It will take place approximately in the middle of the semester. This session will exclusively evaluate P1.

Second session: It will be held on the date and time established by the center for the final exam in May. In this session each student will be able to take advantage of one of the following options:

- Incomplete option: Only P2 is examined. Students who have obtained a grade equal to or greater than 3.3 points in P1 may choose this option. If the grade obtained in P2 is equal to or greater than 3.3 points, the resulting grade will be NT = (P1 + P2) / 2. If the grade obtained in P2 is less than 3.3 points, NT will be calculated in the same way, but its maximum value will be limited to 3.6 points.
- Complete option: The student renounces the grade of P1 obtained in the first session and takes a complete exam (EC) of the entire theory. The grade will be NT = EC.

Third session: It will be done on the date and time established by the center for the final exam in July. In this session, the students will take a complete exam (EC). The grade will be NT = EC.

The final grade (NA) will be calculated as follows: NA = 0.2x (NL) + 0.8x (NT)

Other considerations

For the present academic year, the laboratory qualifications of the two previous years will be kept and considered valid.

Those students to whom the management of thecenter grants the waiver of continuous evaluation will be evaluated, on the same day and time of the final exam established by the center (second and / or third session). The evaluation will consist of two tests: An exam in full modality (EC) with a weight of 80% on the final grade. A specific laboratory test, weighing 20% on the final grade. In principle, this specific test will be carried out after the written test in the electronic laboratories of the corresponding center's site.

In the extraordinary call End of Degre estudents will take a theory exam that will have a weight of 80% on the final grade. The remaining 20% will be obtained from the qualification of aspecific laboratory test.

To pass the course, in any of the previous cases, it is necessary to achieve a final grade equal or higher than 5 points.

Recommendations:

It is <u>very important</u> that the students keep updated the profile in the FAITIC platform. All communications related with this course will be made through this platform. All individual communications will be made through the email listed in this platform.

The students can solve doubts related with the laboratory previous activities in the personal attention hours (tutoring time), or by any other contact procedure available in FAITIC.

The students must meet the deadlines for all the activities.

All the achieved results must be justified, in any of the exams or activities. None of the achieved results will be taken for good if no explanation is given about the method used to find them. The selected method for solving a problem is considered when grading the solution.

When writing the solutions and answers in reports and tests, avoid spelling mistakes and unreadable symbols.

Exams lacking some of the sheets will not be graded.

Use of cell phones, notes or books is forbidden during exams.

Competencies Acquisition and Its Influence on Assesments

In this subject all the different activities are designed to assess the students in the competencies, and the acquisition of the competencies defines the final mark. Here follows a description of how the competencies and activities are related. CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.

The acquisition of this competency is provided by the contents of the topics of the subject. All activities of self-assessment, the laboratory sessions and the different test are elaborated to evaluate the knowledge of the technical subjects.

CE11 Knowledge of the fundamentals of electronics.

This competency is warrant to be acquired along all the lectures, the laboratory sessions, the self-assessment activities andt he tests.

CT2 Problems resolution.

The students will exercise this competency by means of the following activities: self-assessment activities, bulletin of problems and previous theoretical solution of experiments to be made at the laboratory. This competency is also acquired along all thetest (for each block and the individual one), as they mainly are composed by problems to be solved.

CT9 Apply Knowledge

This competency is mainly acquired during the laboratory sessions, where the theoretical knowledge from problems, designs and simulations should match the assembly of circuits and real measures. Laboratory sessions are evaluated one by one, scoring an average of marks, if there is a minimum number of attended sessions with a minimum score.

CT10 Self learning and work

The self learning process is fundamental to achieve the score to approve the subject. In order to motivate students in the task of acquiring the theoretical knowledgeneed, self-assessment test (on line), lectures based on the remote learningplatform (faitic) and bulletins of problems have been created. Theself-assessment test also provide feedback to the professors about the main difficulties found by students. On thelaboratory sessions, the previous preparation is an explicit method of evaluation. In order to made this preparation, each of the laboratory sessions has its specific documentation and tutorials.

CT17 Working as a team

The students exercise this competency at the laboratory sessions, by making teamsof two people. Cooperation in most of the sessions is needed to perform the assembly of circuits, make the measurements and take notes. The professor in charge of the laboratory session verifies the previous work and how each session is going along, watching that both members cooperate to achieve the best possible result. Scores for students can be different if the professor detects that one of the team member is not cooperating.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Malvino, Albert; Bates, David J., Principios de Electrónica, 7ª,

Boylestad, R. L.; Nashelsky, L., ELECTRÓNICA: TEORIA DE CIRCUITOS Y DISPOSITIVOS ELECTRONICOS, 10ª,

Rashid, M.H., CIRCUITOS MICROELECTRONICOS: ANALISIS Y DISEÑO, 2ª,

TOCCI, RONALD J., NEAL S. WIDMER, GREGORY L. MOSS, Sistemas digitales. Principios y aplicaciones, 10ª,

Lago Ferreiro, A.; Nogueiras Meléndez, A. A., **Dispositivos y Circuitos Electrónicos Analógicos: Aplicación práctica en laboratorio**,

Complementary Bibliography

Malik N. R., Electronic Circuits. Analysis, simulation, and design,

Wait, J.; Huelsman, L.; Korn, G., INTRODUCCION AL AMPLIFICADOR OPERACIONAL, 4ª,

Pleite Guerra, J.; Vergaz Benito, R.; Ruíz de Marcos; J. M., Electrónica analógica para ingenieros.,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Fundamentals of automation/V12G380V01403

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102 Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202

Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104

Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Fundamentals of electrical engineering/V12G380V01303

Contingency plan

Description

=== EXCEPTIONAL PLANNING ===

Given the uncertain and unpredictable evolution of the health alert caused by COVID-19, the University of Vigo establishes an extraordinary planning that will be activated when the administrations and the institution itself determine it, considering safety, health and responsibility criteria both in distance and blended learning. These already planned measures guarantee, at the required time, the development of teaching in a more agile and effective way, as it is known in advance (or well in advance) by the students and teachers through the standardized tool.

=== ADAPTATION OF THE METHODOLOGIES ===

An attempt will be made to ensure that the degree of attendance in teaching activities is the maximum that guarantees the safety and health of all parties involved. In any case, the guidelines will be followed in instructions indicated by the management of the center.

In the event that there is a situation in which the teaching activities cannot be attended, neither the content nor the learning results contemplated in the subject will be affected. To this end, the following adaptations will be made.

Theory sessions:

In the event that they cannot be attended, remote classrooms or any other means enabled by the university will be used for their delivery. The contents taught will be the same.

Laboratory sessions:

In the event that they cannot be attended, remote classrooms or any other means enabled by the university will be used for their delivery. In those situations where the sessions are not face-to-face, simulation tools will be preferably used.

Tutorials:

For the situation of non-attendance, email and, if necessary, telephone or videoconference will be used preferably.

Evaluation:

In the event that the tests cannot be carried out in person, they will be carried out by telematic means. The number of assessment tests will not change, nor will the relative weight of each one of them in the grade of the course.

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Fluid mecha	anics			
Subject	Fluid mechanics			
Code	V12G380V01405			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería			
	Mecánica			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching				
language				
Department				
Coordinator	López Veloso, Marcos			
Lecturers	Gil Pereira, Christian			
	López Veloso, Marcos			
	Molares Rodríguez, Alejandro			
	Paz Penín, María Concepción			
	Román Espiñeira, Ignacio Javier			
E-mail	marcoslpzveloso@uvigo.es			
Web				
General description	This syllabus presents information about the Fluid med Mechanical Engineering, 2019-2020, in accordance to Education.			
	This is a first course in fluid mechanics, focusing on the applications. The course is intended to acquire essential knowledge material, such us hydraulic machinery, lubrication dev pneumatic systems, aero and hydrodynamics devices, It includes stress and strain rate descriptions, fluid stat with continuity, momentum, and energy equations, Be using Navier-Stokes equations, dimensional analysis, la	needed to analy ices, heating and windturbines, et tics, use of differ rnoulli and Euler	ze devices with fl d cooling systems cc. ential and finite c equations, incom	uid as a working , pipes systems, ontrol volume analysis

Skills

Code

- CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty.
- B5 CG5 Knowledge to carry out measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, surveys, studies, reports, work plans and other similar works.
- C8 CE8 Knowledge of the basic principles of fluid mechanics and their application to solving problems in the field of engineering. Calculation of pipes, channels and fluid systems.
- D2 CT2 Problems resolution.
- D9 CT9 Apply knowledge.
- D10 CT10 Self learning and work.

Learning outcomes			
Expected results from this subject	Tra		nd Learning sults
CG5 Knowledge for the realisation of measurements, calculations, assessments, evaluations,	B4	C8	D2
studies, reports, plans of works and other analogous works.	B5		D9
	_		D10
CG4 Capacity to: solve problems with initiative and creativity, take decisions, develope critical	B4	C8	D2
reasoning and capacity to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of the	B5		D9
industrial engineering.			D10
RI2 Knowledge of the basic principles of the fluid mechanics and his application to the resolution	of B4	C8	D2
problems in the field of the engineering.	B5		D9
			D10
Intended learning outcomes are, understanding of the basics of flow behaviour in engineering			
systems, awareness of the physical laws that govern fluid motion and development of analytical			
skills for simple flow systems, e.g. calculation of pipes, channels and fluid systems			
CT2 Resolution of problems.	B4	C8	D2
	B5		D9
			D10

Contents

Topic

1. Introduction	1.1 Fundamental Concepts: 1.1.1 Stress tensor. Newton Law 1.2 The Fluid as a Continuum 1.3 Viscosity:1.3.1 Newtonian Fluids and non Newtonian fluids 1.4 Characteristics of the flows: 1.4.1 Different types of flows: 1.4.1.1 Geometrical conditions, 1.4.1.2 Kinematic conditions, 1.4.1.3 Mechanical conditions, 1.4.1.4 Compressibility 1.5 Stresses on a fluid: 1.5.1 Tensorial and vectorial magnitudes, 1.5.1.2 Volumetric Forces, 1.5.2.2 Surface Forces, 1.5.2.3 The stress tensor, 1.5.2.4 Concept of pressure
2. Basic Physical Laws of Fluid Mechanics	2.1 Velocity field 2.2 Streamlines and pathlines 2.3 Systems and Control volumes 2.4 Integrals extended to Fluid volumes. The Reynolds Transport Theorem 2.5 Conservation of Mass. Integral and Differential Equation 2.6 The Linear Momentum Equation. Integral and Differential Equation. 2.7 Navier-Poisson Law 2.8 The Energy Equation. Integral and Differential Equation. Frictionless Flow: The Bernoulli Equation
3. Dimensional Analysis. Similarity concepts	3.1 Introduction 3.2 The Pi Theorem 3.3 Applications 3.4 Fundamental Nondimensional Numbers in Fluid Mechanics: 3.4.1 Physical meaning of the nondimensional numbers 3.5 Similarity in Fluid dynamics: 3.5.1 Partial Similarity, 3.5.2 Scaling effect
4. Laminar viscous flow	4.1 Introduction 4.2. Fully developed flow: 4.2.1 Hagen-Poiseuille Flow, 4.2.2 Viscous flow in circular ducts, 4.2.3 Flow in Noncircular Ducts 4.3 Entrance region effect 4.4 Losses in Pipe Systems: 4.4.1 Friction coefficient 4.5 Stability of laminar flow
5. Turbulent Flow in ducts	5.1 Introduction 5.2 Pipe-head Loss in turbulent regime: 5.2.1 Nikuradse chart, 5.2.2 Moody chart, 5.2.3 Empirical Formulas for flow in circular ducts. Hydraulic diameter
6. Minor Losses in Pipe Systems	6.1 Introduction 6.2 Minor Losses: 6.2.1 Loss at the entrance of a pipe, 6.2.2 Loss at the exit of a pipe, 6.2.3 Loss at contractions, 6.2.4 Loss at expansions, 6.2.5 Loss at elbows, 6.2.6 Losses at bends, elbows, tees and valves
7. Pipe systems	7.1 Pipes in series 7.2 Pipes in parallel 7.3 The three-reservoir pipe junction problem 7.4 Pipings netwoks 7.5 Nonsteady effects in duct flows: 7.5.1 Emptying time of a tank, 7.5.2 Setting of the steady flow in a pipe, 7.5.3 Water hammer
8. Open-Channel Flow	8.1 Introduction 8.2 Uniform Flow: 8.2.1 Pipes used like channels 8.3 Non uniform flow: 8.3.1 The hydraulic jump, 8.3.2 Fast transitions, 8.3.3 Flow over a gate, 8.3.4 Flow under a gate, 8.3.5 Section of control
LABORATORY	Measurements of head and minor losses in a pipe system. Minor losses measuremens in a venturi device. Minor losses measurents in a holed-plate. Friction coefficients measurements. Losses in elbows, bends, tees and valves

Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
32.5	60.5	93
14	33	47
4	0	4
3	0	3
3	0	3
		classroom 32.5 60.5

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
	•

Lecturing	They explain the foundations of each subject needed to solve practical problems. It includes mainly lectures baut can also includes: Readings bibliographic Review		
	Solution of problems		
	Conferences		
	Oral Presentations		
Problem solving	They will apply the concepts tackled in the lectures. It includes activities such as:		
	Readings		
	Seminars		
	Solution of problems		
	Team working		
	Study of practical cases		
Laboratory practical	Fundamentally, they will consist on activities of experimentation, although they also can include:		
	Practical cases		
	Simulation		
	Solution of problems		
	Team working		

Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description		
Lecturing	Personalized attention will be given to the students during class (throughout the possible questions that could arise) and during the specific timetable of the teacher for tutorships. Updated information of the tutorships timetables will be given to the students		
Laboratory practical	Personalized attention will be given to the students during class (throughout the possible questions that could arise) and during the specific timetable of the teacher for tutorships. Updated information of the tutorships timetables will be given to the students		

Assessment				•	
	Description	Qualification	Traini	ng and Resu	_
Essay questions exam	Written exam consisting of: theoretical questions practical questions resolution of exercises/problems short covering of a topic	80	B4 B5	C8	D2 D9 D10
Problem and/or exercise solving	(*)Resolución de problemas e/ou exercicios propostos, que poderán incluír: - un número de entregas semanais (non presencial) - resolucións presenciais en horario de prácticas como reforzo de temas - Informe as actividades realizadas nas sesións de laboratorio, resultados da experimentación, etc.	20	B4 B5	C8	D2 D9 D10

Other comments on the Evaluation

Continuous evaluation: represents 20% of the grade. Except official renounce of the student, the course is followed under continuous assessment mode.

Continuous assessment grading is not saved year after year

Final exam: 80% of the total mark.

If the student does not attend the none of two final exams, the student will be graded as "non-attendance".

Summer final exam: the same criteria as in 1st call will be applied;

Ethical Commitment: In case of noticing a non ethical behaviour (copy, plagiarism, utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, and others) it will be considered that the student does not gather the necessary requirements to pass the course. In this case, the global qualification iof the present academic course will be failed (0.0).

Sources of information			
Basic Bibliography			
Frank M White, Mecánica de Fluidos/Fluid Mechanics, VI,			
Antonio Crespo, Mecánica de fluidos,			

Complementary Bibliography

Philip M. Gerhart, Richard J Gross, , Jonh I. Hochstein, FUNDAMENTOS DE MECANICA DE FLUIDOS, II,

Yunus A. Çengel, John M. Cimbala, Mecánica de fluidos: fundamentos y aplicaciones,

Elena Martín Ortega, Concepción Paz Penín, Prácticas de laboratorio de mecánica de fluidos,

A. Liñán Martínez, M. Rodríguez Fernández, F.J. Higuera Antón, Mecánica de fluidos,

Victor L. Streeter, E. Benjamin Wylie, Keith W. Bedford, Mecánica de fluidos/Fluid Mechanics, IX,

Robert W. Fox, Alan T. McDonald, Introducción a la mecánica de fluidos,

Robert L. Mott, Mecánica de fluidos, VI,

Merle C. Potter, David C. Wiggert; con Miki Hondzo, Tom I.P. Shih, Mecánica de fluidos/Mechanics of Fluids, III,

Pijush K. Kundu, Ira M. Cohen, Fluid Mechanics, 4th Edition,

G. M. Homsy et al., Multi-media Fluid Mechanics,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Thermodynamics and heat transfer/V12G380V01302

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102 Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202

Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104

Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Contingency plan

Description

=== EXCEPTIONAL PLANNING ===

Given the uncertain and unpredictable evolution of the health alert caused by COVID-19, the University of Vigo establishes an extraordinary planning that will be activated when the administrations and the institution itself determine it, considering safety, health and responsibility criteria both in distance and blended learning. These already planned measures guarantee, at the required time, the development of teaching in a more agile and effective way, as it is known in advance (or well in advance) by the students and teachers through the standardized tool.

- === ADAPTATION OF THE METHODOLOGIES ===
- * Teaching methodologies maintained
- * Teaching methodologies modified
- * Non-attendance mechanisms for student attention (tutoring)
- * Modifications (if applicable) of the contents
- * Additional bibliography to facilitate self-learning
- * Other modifications

=== ADAPTATION OF THE TESTS ===

* Tests already carried out

Test XX: [Previous Weight 00%] [Proposed Weight 00%]

...

* Pending tests that are maintained

Test XX: [Previous Weight 00%] [Proposed Weight 00%]

• • •

* Tests that are modified [Previous test] => [New test]

* New tests

*	Additional	Information