## Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

#### Subject Guide 2023 / 2024

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IDENTIFYIN						
	rcuit analysis and electrical machines					
Subject	Basics of circuit					
	analysis and					
	electrical					
	machines					
Code	V12G363V01302					
Study	Grado en Ingeniería en					
programme	Tecnologías					
	Industriales					
Descriptors	ECTS Credits Choos	0	Year		Ouad	mester
Descriptors	6 Manda		2nd		lst	liestei
Teaching		2001 y	2110		131	
language						
Department						
Coordinator	González Estévez, Emilio José Antonio					
Lecturers	Fernández Álvarez. Luís Camilo					
Lecturers	González Estévez, Emilio José Antonio					
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General	The aims that pursue in this subject are:					
description	<ul> <li>Description and analysis of the elements of the electrical circ</li> <li>Resolution of circuits in diet *estacionario sinusoidal.</li> <li>Systematic analysis of electrical circuits.</li> <li>Concepts of power and energy as well as his determination.</li> </ul>	uits.				
	<ul> <li>Analysis of circuits from theorems.</li> <li>Phenomena in which it bases the electromagnetic conversior</li> </ul>					
	- Common general appearances and technological of the elect	rical machir	nes.			
Training an	d Learning Results					
Code						
B3 CG3 Kn	owledge of basic and technological subjects that enable studen o new situations.	ts to learn r	iew method	ls and	theories	s, and to
C10 CE10 Ki	nowledge and use of the principles of circuit theory and electric	al machines				
D2 CT2 Pro	blem solving.					
D6 CT6 Ap	plication of computer science in the field of study.					
	elf learning and work.					
D14 CT14 C						
	/orking as a team.					
	3					
	esults from this subject			_		
	sults from this subject			Tra	Res	d Learning ults
Comprise the	e basic appearances of the operation of the circuits and the elec	trical mach	ines	В3	C10	D10 D17
	perimental process used when it works with electrical circuits a	nd scheme	electrical		C10	
Know the av	ailable current technicians for the analysis of electrical circuits			B3		D2 D6
Know the teo	chnicians of measure of the electrical circuits				C10	D2 D17
Purchase ski	lls on the process of analysis of electrical circuits			B3		D2 D14
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#### Topic

Торіс	
SUBJECT 1. INTRODUCTION And AXIOMS	1.1 Magnitudes and units. 1.2 References of polarity.
	1.3 Concept of electrical circuit.
	1.4 Axioms of Kirchhoff.
SUBJECT 2. ANALYSIS OF LINEAR CIRCUITS	2.1 Ideal Elements: definition, representation and mathematical model.
RESISTIVES	2.2 Models of real sources.
	<ul><li>2.3 Equivalent Dipoles: conversion of sources.</li><li>2.4 Association of resistors: concept of voltage divider and current divider.</li></ul>
	2.5 Association of sources and resistors.
	2.6 Topological Concepts: knot, branch, bow and mesh.
	2.7 Number and election of circular and nodal equations linearly
	independent.
	2.8 Analyses by meshes and knots of circuits with resistors.
	2.9 Topological Transformations.
	2.10 Power and energy in resistors, ideal sources and real sources.
	2.11 Fundamental theorems.
SUBJECT 3. ANALYSIS OF CIRCUITS WITH	3.1 ideal Condenser: definition, representation and mathematical model.
ELEMENTS THAT STORE ENERGY	3.2 magnetic Circuits: units, magnetic flow, strength magnetomotive and
	reluctance.
	3.3 ideal Coil: definition, representation and mathematical model.
	3.4 Association series and parallel of coils and capacitors.
	3.5 Circuits with elements that store energy. Circuits RL, RC and RLC.
SUBJECT 4. ANALYSIS OF CIRCUITS IN	4.1 Forms of periodic wave and values associated: sinusoidal wave.
*SINUSOIDAL STEADY-STATE REGIME	4.2 Determination of the sinusoidal steady-state regime.
	4.3 Response of the basic passive elements to sinusoidal excitations:
	concept of impedance and complex admittance.
	4.4 Law of Ohm and axioms of Kirchhoff in sinusoidal steady-state regime.
	4.5 Association of elements.
	4.6 Analyses by knots and by meshes of circuits in sinusoidal steady-state
	regime.
	4.7 Power and energy in sinusoidal steady-state regime. Instantaneous
	power, half or active power and energy in the passive elements: coils,
	capacitors, resistances and complex impedances.
	4.8 Power and energy in the dipoles. Apparent power, reactive power and
	complex power.
	4.9 Theorem of conservation of the complex power (theorem of Boucherot).
	4.10 The power factor and his importance in the electrical systems.
	Correction of the power factor.
	4.11 Measurement of the active and reactive power: wattmeters and
	varmeters.
	4.12 Fundamental Theorems in sinusoidal steady-state regime.
SUBJECT 5: MAGNETIC ADJUSTMENTS	5.1 Magnetic joined up coils: definitions, equations of flows, own and
	mutual inductances. Representations and mathematical models.
	5.2 Analyses by meshes of circuits of alternating current with coils joined
	up.
SUBJECT 6:	6.1 Introduction. Three-phase voltage system. Sequence of phases.
BALANCED THREE-PHASE SYSTEMS	6.2 Generators and three-phase loads: star and triangle connections.
	Voltages and currents.
	6.3 Equivalent transformations star-triangle.
	6.4 Analyses of balanced three-phase systems. Equivalent single-phase
	circuit.
	6.5 Power in balanced three-phase systems. Compensation of the power
	factor.
SUBJECT 7. ELECTRICAL MACHINES	7.1 Transformer and autotransformers.
	7.2 Rotational electrical machines: synchronous machine, asynchronous
	machine and DC machines.
PRACTICES	1. Use of lab equipments. Security requirements
	2. Measures in resistive circuits.
	3. Introduction to the analysis and simulation of circuits by means of
	Matlab.
	4. Determination of a linear model of a real coil with core of air. Real coil
	with core of iron. Cycle of magnetic hysteresis.
	5. Simulation of transient regime by means of Matlab.
	<ol><li>Measures of active and reactive power in monophase systems.</li></ol>
	Compensation of the power factor.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Laboratory practical	20	10	30
Problem solving	10	10	20
Autonomous problem solving	0	20	20
Lecturing	22	44	66
Essay questions exam	4	0	4
Essay questions exam	2	0	2
Report of practices, practicum and extern	nal practices 0	10	10
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\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

#### Methodologies

	Description
Laboratory practical	It will be performed circuit assembly corresponding to the knowledges acquired in class of theory,
	or it will be seen in the laboratory complementary aspects not treated in the theoretical classes.
Problem solving	It will solved type problems and exercises in class of big groups and the student will have to solve
	similar exercises.
Autonomous problem	The student will have to solve on his own a series of exercises and questions of the matter
solving	proposed by the professor.
Lecturing	The professor will explain in the classes of big groups the contents of the matter.

# Personalized assistance Methodologies Description Problem solving The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students during the tutorial hours. Laboratory practical The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students during the tutorial hours.

	Description		Training and Learning	
			Resu	
Essay questions exam	A test will be made, covering the whole of the contents of the subject.	40	B3 C10	D2 D10 D14
Essay questions exam	An exam consisting of problems will be made, covering the whole of the contents of the subject.	40	B3 C10	D2 D10 D14
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	It will be valued positively the realisation of a memory of each one of the practices of laboratory that will include: objectives, procedure followed, material employed, results obtained and interpretation of them. The realisation of practices and the presentation of the memories, form part of the process of continuous evaluation of the student. However, the students that have not realised the practices along the course, or wish to improve the mark obtained, will be able to opt to realise an additional written examination with questions regarding the development of the practices and to the educational contents explained during them. The value of this exam is the 20% of the final mark, in the same way as the continuous evaluation.	20	C10	D2 D6 D10 D14 D17

#### Other comments on the Evaluation

For the second opportunity of June-July it is kept the qualification in the continuous evaluation obtained during the own course, without prejudice that, to the equal that at the earliest opportunity of December - January, can be surpassed by the realisation of the examination written additional that propose to this effect.

Each new enrols in the subject supposes a put to zero of the qualifications in the activities of continuous evaluation obtained in previous courses.

#### Ethical commitment:

It expects that the present student a suitable ethical behaviour. In the case to detect a no ethical behaviour (copy, plagiarism,utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, for example) it will be considered the student does not gather the necessary requirements to surpass the matter. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).

It will not be allowed the utilisation of any electronic device during the proofs of evaluation except with explicit permission. The fact to enter an unauthorised electronic device in the classroom of examination will be considered reason of no surpass the matter in the current academic course and the global qualification will be of suspense (0.0).

Responsible professor of group:

Groups

E1 (teoria and practise): EDELMIRO MIGUEZ GARCIA

### Sources of information

Basic Bibliography A. Bruce Carson, **Teoría de Circuitos**, Thomson Editores, S.A.,

A. Pastor, J. Ortega, V. Parra y A. Pérez, Circuitos Eléctricos, Universidad Nacional de Educación a Distancia.,

Suarez Creo, J. y Miranda Blanco, B.N., **Máquinas Eléctricas. Funcionamiento en régimen permanente**, 4ª Edición. Editorial Tórculo.,

Jesus Fraile Mora, Circuitos eléctricos, Pearson,

E. González, C. Garrido y J. Cidrás, Ejercicios resueltos de circuitos eléctricos., Editorial Tórculo,

Complementary Bibliography

#### Recommendations

#### **Other comments**

It is very recommended that the students have sufficient knowledge of the algebra of the complex numbers, linear algebra, linear differential equations and have attended to the subject of Physics along the whole first course. Requirements: To enrol in this matter it is necessary to have surpassed or be enrolled of all the matters of the inferior courses to the course in which it is situated this matter.