Universida_{de}Vigo

Subject Guide 2020 / 2021

IDENTIFYIN Inorganic c				
Subject	Inorganic			
Subject	chemistry II			
Code	V11G200V01604			
Study	(*)Grao en			
programme	Química			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	3rd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Castro Fojo, Jesús Antonio			
Lecturers	Castro Fojo, Jesús Antonio			
	García Fontán, María Soledad			
E-mail	jesusc@uvigo.es			
Web	http://faitic.uvigo.es		- Tuo u oltio u Mot	
General description	This matter presents the most relevant aspects of the important class of derivatives known as coordination		e Transition Met	ais as well as an
description		compounds.		
6				
Competenc	les			
Code				
	strate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, as and its main characteristics	concepts, princip	les and theorie	s: types of chemical
	strate knowledge and understanding of essential facts,	concents princin	les and theorie	s: kinetics of change
	g catalysis and reaction mechanisms	concepts, princip		3. Kineties of change,
	strate knowledge and understanding of essential facts,	concepts, princip	les and theorie	s: main techniques for
	al determination, including spectroscopy	concepts) princip		
	strate knowledge and understanding of essential facts,	concepts, princip	les and theorie	s: characteristic
	es of the elements and their compounds, including gro			
	strate knowledge and understanding of essential facts,		les and theorie	s: structural features of
	al elements and their compounds, including stereochen			
	strate knowledge and understanding of essential facts,			
macros	copic properties and properties of individual atoms and	molecules, inclu	ding macromole	ecules

Learning outcomes

Expected results from this subject	Traini	ng and Learning Results
Classify ligands and coordination compounds, as well as recognize the presence of isomers.	C12	
Define the global and steps thermodynamic stability constants of one complex and describe the chelate, macrocyclic and cryptate effects	C2 C14	
Deduce the spectroscopic terms for stable electronic configurations of the transition metals in a coordination compound	C9	
Construct and interpret a qualitative energy diagram of molecular orbitals in octahedral complexes	C12 C14	
Interpret the electronic spectra of octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes of transition metals and rationalize their magnetic behavior	C8 C14	
Describe the different mechanisms of substitution and rationalize the various products obtained in substitution reactions in octahedral and square planar complex.	C7	
Describe how you can get metals from their natural resources	C9	
Being able to differentiate the behavior between the elements of the first transition series and the second and third.	C9	
Predicting the reactivity of the metal oxides, halides and of those of the coordination compounds based on the bond and on the oxidation state of the metal.	C9	

Rationalize the thermodynamic stability of coordination compounds, depending on the oxidation	
state of the metal and the type of ligand.	

C9
C12
C14

Contents	
Торіс	
Subject 1: Introduction to the Chemistry of the	Physical properties.
transition metals.	Electronic configuration.
	Multielectrons Systems.
	Microstates and spectroscopic terms.
	Reactivity and characteristic properties.
	General methods of obtention and purification of metals
Subject 2: Coordination Chemistry.	Numbers and geometry of coordination.
,	Ligand types.
	Isomerism in metal complexes.
	Nomenclature.
Subject 3: Bond in coordination compounds (I):	Theory of crystal field.
Crystal field theory	Complexes of weak and strong field. Tetrahedric and square-plane
	complexes.
Subject 4: Bond in coordination compounds (II).	Molecular orbital theory in octahedral complexes.
Subject 4: Bond in coordination compounds (ii).	
	Metal-ligand interaction.
Subject 5: Spectroscopic and magnetic propertie	
of the complexes.	Rules of selection.
	General characteristics of the electronic spectra.
	Magnetic behavior
Subject 6: Thermodynamic properties of the	Stability constants and affecting factors them. Chelate, macrocycle and
coordination compounds.	crystate effects.
Subject 7: Reaction mechanisms in coordination	Reactions of substitution in octahedral and square-plane complexes.
compounds.	Processes of electronic transfer
Subject 8: Chemistry of the group 3 and 4 metal	s. Obtention methods and uses.
	Usual oxidation numbers.
	Representative compounds of titanium: halides, oxides and mixed oxides.
	Coordination compounds.
Subject 9: Chemistry of the group 5 metals.	Obtention methods and uses.
Subject 9. Chemistry of the group 5 metals.	Usual oxidation numbers.
	Representative compounds of vanadium: halides, oxides and mixed
	oxides.
	Coordination compounds.
Subject 10: Chemistry of the group 6 metals.	Production methods and uses.
	Usual oxidation numbers.
	Representative compounds of chromium: halides, oxides and oxoanions.
	Coordination compounds.
Subject 11: Chemistry of the group 7 metals.	Production methods and uses.
	Usual oxidation numbers.
	Representative compounds of manganese: halides, oxides and oxoanions.
	Coordination compounds. Bioinorganic chemistry of manganese and
	technetium.
Subject 12: Chemistry of the group 8 metals.	Production methods and uses.
	Usual oxidation numbers.
	Representative compounds of iron: halides, oxides and oxoanions.
	Coordination compounds. Bioinorganic chemistry of iron.
Subject 13: Chemistry of the group 9 metals.	Production methods and uses.
Subject 15. Chemistry of the group 9 metals.	Usual oxidation numbers.
	Representative compounds of cobalt: halides, oxides and oxoanions.
Cubic et 14. Chamietre of the second 10 m 1	Coordination compounds. Bioinorganic chemistry of cobalt.
Subject 14: Chemistry of the group 10 metals.	Production methods and uses.
	Usual oxidation numbers.
	Representative compounds of nickel: halides, oxides and oxoanions.
	Coordination compounds. Bioinorganic chemistry of platinum.
Subject 15: Chemistry of the group 11 metals.	Production methods and uses.
	Usual oxidation numbers.
	Representative compounds of copper: halides, oxides and oxoanions.
	Coordination compounds. Bioinorganic chemistry of copper and gold.

Production methods and uses. Usual oxidation numbers. Representative compounds of zinc and mercury: halides, oxides and oxoanions. Coordination compounds. Bioinorganic chemistry of the elements of the group.

Planning

	classroom	
26	26	52
26	39	65
2	2	4
0	21	21
4	4	8
	26 26 2 0 4	26 26 26 39 2 2 0 21 4 4

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Description
Seminars	Seminar classes will be devoted to the resolution of case studies related to the subject as well as the resolution of questions or issues that arise in the development of each topic. Beheld also hold seminars that address issues not taught in other courses but necessary for the progress of the course.
Lecturing	The lectures will be devoted to presenting the fundamental aspects.

Personalize	d assistance
Methodolog	ies Description
Lecturing	Throughout the educational period students can consult any doubts on the matter tutorials or previous appointment.
Seminars	Throughout the educational period students can consult any doubts on the matter tutorials or previous appointment.

Assessment			
	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Seminars	In the lectures they may ask students to solve simple issues that will have to deliver at that time and will serve for the evaluation. The score will be considered only if the test is long reaches a score of 3 or above on 10 points.	15	C2 C7 C8 C12 C14
Objective questions exam	There will be two short tests throughout the school period of 1-2 hours each. The score will be considered only if the test is long reaches a score greater than or equal to 3 points out of 10.	30	C2 C7 C8 C9 C12 C14
	Throughout the course they ask students to do exercises to perform such work. The g solutions must be submitted in a timely manner previously established. It is possible that the teacher ask the student to defend his response delivered before proceeding with the assessment. The score will be considered only if the test is long reaches a score greater than or equal to 3 points out of 10.	e 15	C2 C7 C8 C9 C12 C14
Essay question: exam	s There will be a test at the end of the semester in which students must resolve all issues related to the presented contents.	40	C2 C7 C8 C9 C12 C14

Other comments on the Evaluation

Conditions to opt the continuous evaluation:

- Attendance at lectures and seminars is mandatory. The student has to mandatorily assist it all the class and seminars.

- To pass the course the professor must have time and form of a minimum of 80% of the exercises proposed in the various activities and presences. It is also mandatory for the student to present all written tests planned to pass the course.

- The no fulfillment of the conditions involves the loss of the right to the continuous evaluation

Development of continuous evaluation:

- The competencies of the subject relating to the competencies of the degree (A1-A3, A5, A10, A12 and A20) will be assessed explicitly in classroom exercises and written tests. The transferable skills will be evaluated implicitly by the qualification of the exercises (B2, B3 and B4).

- Will need a score greater than or equal to 30% of the total value in each of written tests (short and final) and the sum total of the qualifications of the deliverables to the final qualification note the rest of the elements of evaluation (exercises and short tests). Failure to achieve any of the minimum, in the act appear the result of the tests and weighted exercises in which qualified reached criterion.

- Students who fail the course at the end of the semester will take a written test in the closing period of evaluation in the final month of July. This test will be worth 40% of the mark and replace the test results at the end of the semester. The qualification of the exercises (classroom activities) and short tests are not recoverable.

In the case of not achieving the conditions for continuous evaluation, it/the student will be able to presented the a proof at the end of the semester where will owe to resolve questions related with all the specific skills of the subject. In each question or question, the kind of skill being evaluated will be identify. This proof will be different in extension to the realized by those that opt by continuous evaluation. In this case:

1.- It will be necessary to obtain a minimum of 3 points on 10 of average in the evaluation of each specific competition to surpass the subject.

2.- It will be necessary to obtain an equal global qualification or upper to 5 on 10 in this proof to surpass the subject and, in any case previous qualifications obtained during the semester will be not considered.

3.- The qualification will not be affected by the normalization applied to be upper to 7 points.

Sources of information
Basic Bibliography
Complementary Bibliography
Housecroft, C.E. e Sharpe, A.G., Inorganic chemistry, 3º Ed.,
Winter, Mark J., D-block chemistry , Oxford : Oxford University Press,, 1994
Housecroft, Catherine E., The Heavier d-block metals : aspects of inorganic and coordination chemistry, Oxford :
Oxford University Press,, 1999
Atkins, Peter, Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford : Oxford University Press,, 2010
Housecroft, C.E. e Sharpe, A. G., Inorganic chemistry, 4º ed.,
Ribas Gispert, J, Coordination Chemistry, Willey-VCH, Weinheim, 2008
Rodgers, G.E., Introduction to Coordination, Solid State and Descriptive Inorganic, 3ª Ed., Chemistry. BrooksCole
Cengage Learning: Bel, 2012
Recommendations
Subjects that continue the syllabus

Materials chemistry/V11G200V01702 Inorganic chemistry III/V11G200V01703

Contingency plan

Description

=== EXCEPTIONAL MEASURES SCHEDULED ===

In front of it uncertain and unpredictable evolution of the sanitary alert caused by the COVID- 19, the University establishes join extraordinary planning that will actuate in the moment in that the administrations and the @propio institution determine it attending to criteria of security, health and responsibility, and guaranteeing the classroom teaching and non-classroom teaching when aplicate. These already scheduled measures guarantee, in the moment that was prescriptive, the development of the classroom teaching and non-classroom teaching when being known beforehand (or with a wide advance)

pole students and the teaching staff through the tool normalized and institutionalized of the teaching guides DOCNE*T.

=== ADAPTATION OF The METHODOLOGIES ===

To teaching activity will impart by means of Remote Campus and will also foresee the use of the platform "Faitic" how reinforcement and without prejudice of other measures that can adopt to guarantee the accessibility of the students and teachers to it.

- Teaching methodologies that keep :

Depending of the situation, would keep the classrom seminars and of not being possible, will keep in a virtual format

- teaching Methodologies that modify

In the case that classroom teaching were not possible, non-classroom teaching would be used.

The ttention to the students requested can be carried out by mail electronic or in virtual dispatches.

- Modifications (proceed) of the contained to impart

None

- additional Bibliography to facilitate to car-learning

Will put the disposal of the students, to be accurate, manual built ad hoc

=== ADAPTATION OF The EVALUATION ===

To evaluation will keep the same in normal periods and in exceptional periods. The platforms of teaching allow the evaluation such and how is posed.