# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

Subject Guide 2018 / 2019

IDENTIFYIN				
	cience: Computing for engineering			
Subject				
Subject	Computer science: Computing for			
	engineering			
Code	V12G380V01203			
Study				
	Degree in Mechanical			
programme				
Danasistass	Engineering ECTS Credits	Channa	Vasu	O
Descriptors		Choose	Year	Quadmester
<del>-</del>	6	Basic education	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish Callains			
language	Galician			
D	English			
Department	Systems Engineering and Automatisms			
<u> </u>	Computer Sciences			
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General	They treat the following contents:			
description	Methods and basic algorithms of programming	المناط المائط		
	Programming of computers by means of a language of	nign ievei		
	Architecture of computers			
	Operating systems basic Concepts of databases			
-	pasic concepts of databases			

# Competencies

Code

- B3 CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.
- B4 CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and the ability to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills in the field of industrial engineering in Mechanical specialty.
- C3 CE3 Basic knowledge on the use and programming of computers, operating systems, databases and software applications in engineering.
- D1 CT1 Analysis and synthesis
- O2 CT2 Problems resolution.
- D5 CT5 Information Management.
- OG CTG Application of computer science in the field of study.
- D7 CT7 Ability to organize and plan.
- D17 CT17 Working as a team.

#### **Learning outcomes**

Expected results from this subject

Training and Learning Results

Computer and operating system skills.	В3	C3	D5
			D6
			D7
Basic understanding of how computers work	В3	C3	D1
			D5
Skills regarding the use of computer tools for engineering	В3	C3	D5
			D6
			D7
			D17
Database fundamentals	В3	C3	D1
			D5
			D6
			D7
Capability to implement simple algorythims using a programming language	В3	C3	D2
	B4		D7
			D17
Structured and modular programming fundamentals	В3	C3	D2
	B4		D5
			D17

Contents	
Topic	
Basic computer architecture	Basic components
	Peripheral devices
	Communications
Basic programming concepts and techniques	Data structures
applied to engineering	Control structures
	Structured programming
	Information treatment
	Graphical user interfaces
Operating systems	Basic principles
	Types
Practical exercises that support and secure the	Practical exercises that will allow the students to verify the concepts
theoretical concepts	learned in class and see that using them they can solve problems
Computer tools applied to engineering	Types and examples

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Introductory activities	1	1	2
Laboratory practices	22	30	52
Case studies	12	14	26
Lecturing	8	12	20
Objective questions exam	4	7	11
Laboratory practice	6	8	14
Essay questions exam	10	15	25

<sup>\*</sup>The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Introductory activities	Activities related to estashing contact, gathering information from the students, organizing groups, as well as presenting the course.
Laboratory practices	Activities related to applying the knowledge obtained to specific situations and acquiring basic and procedimental skills related with the subject being studied. Developed in specialized spaces with specialized equipment (labs, computer rooms, etc).
Case studies	Analyze a fact, problem or real event with the purpose of knowing it, interpreting it, resolving it, generating hypothesis, contrasting data, thinking about it, gaining new knowledge, diagnosing it and training alternative solutions
Lecturing	Exhibition of the contents that make up the subject being studied on behalf of the profesor, theoretical principles and/or instructions regarding an assignment, exercise or project to be developed by the student.

Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description	
Laboratory practices		

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification			g and Results
Objective questions exam	Tests for evaluating aquired competencies that include cuestions from which the student must choose a response from a set of alternatives (true/false, multiple choice,)	15	В3	C3	D5
Laboratory practic	eTests for evaluating aquired competencies that include activities, problems or practical excercises to be solved.	60	B3 B4	C3	D1 D2 D5 D6 D7 D17
Essay questions exam	Tests for evaluating aquired competencies that include cuestions regarding a subject. The students must develop, relate, organize and present their knowledge regarding the subject.	25	B3 B4	C3	D1 D2 D5 D6 D7

#### Other comments on the Evaluation

Ethical commitment:

Students are expected to behave ethically. If unethical behaviour is detected (copying,plagiarism, use of unauthorized electronic

devices and others), then it will beconsidered that the student does not meet the minimum requirements to pass thecourse. In this case, the final grade for the current academic year will befailed (0.0).

In addition to the ethical commitment, the following is underlined:

In the first place, a person registered in the course is by default subject to the continuous assessment system; if the student does not want to be in this system, the he/she must expressly renounce to it within the established deadlines.

#### CONTINUOUSASSESSMENT OPERATION

In the present course, the continuous assessment will collect all the evidence oflearning from the person enrolled and will be grouped into three assessments. The first two will take place preferably in the laboratories: Test 1 and Test2. The third evaluation may be written: Test 3. If the student does not renounce to the continuous evaluation system, tests that are not attended will be considered as qualified as zero (0.0). A minimum score of 30% out of 10 (3.0 points) must be obtained in the last two evaluations: Test 2 and Test 3, inorder to be eligible to have the final average calculated. If this requirement is not met and the final average is equal to or greater than 5, the final gradewill be 4:

A studentis considered passed if he/she obtains a five or more in compliance with allthe requirements.

First call (May/June):

The following must be met to pass the subject under continuous assessment:

Test 
$$1 * 0.2 + (Test 2 >= 3) * 0.4 + (Test 3 >= 3) * 0.4 >= 5$$

Once thefirst evaluation: Test 1, has been carried out, the person enrolled may request to abandon the continuous evaluation system (within the period and by the meansestablished by the teaching staff). In this way, the person enrolled will beable to follow the non-continuous assessment system.

Second call (June/July):

If a person does not reach the passing level in the first exam (May/June) but has passed the minimum mark in the second exam: Test 2, in the second call (June/July) he/she can choose to keep the grades of the first two tests, and take a 4-points exam, or take a 100% exam in the subject (10 points). If the person takes the 4-points test, he/she will be asked for a minimum score of 30% out of 10 (3. 0 points) in order to calculate the final grade. If this requirement is not met and the final average is equal to or greater than 5, the final grade will be 4.

#### **NON-CONTINUOUS EVALUATION OPERATION**

An exam that allows students to obtain 100% of the grade. The exam may be divided into sections, minimuns can be required.

# First call (May/June):

Registered students who have expressly renounced to the continuous assessment system may take the May/June exam (on the date and at the time proposed by the School) and take an exam that allows them to obtain 100% of the grade. This exam is not open to those who have failed the continuous assessment.

# Second call (June/July):

An exam will be proposed to evaluate 100% of the subject, for those who have not achieved the minimum mark in the first call.

The version of the guide was made in Spanish. For any doubt or contradiction, the Spanish guide will be mandatory.

# Sources of information

#### **Basic Bibliography**

Newsome, Bryan, 2015, Visual Basic, John Wiley & Dons, 2015

Ceballos Sierra, F. Javier, Microsoft Visual Basic.Net, Rama, 2007

Alberto Prieto Espinosa, Introducción a la informática, McGraww Hill, 2006

#### **Complementary Bibliography**

Tanenbaum, Andrew S., **Sistemas Operativos Modernos**, Pearson Educacion, 2009

Balena, Francesco, Programación avanzada con Microsoft Visual Basic .NET, McGraw-Hill, 2003

Silberschatz, Abraham ,Korth Henry, Sudarshan, S., Fundamentos de bases de datos, McGraw-Hill, 2014

# Recommendations