Universida_{de}Vigo

Subject Guide 2014 / 2015

IDENTIFYIN	NG DATA			
	nica e Fotónica para Comunicacións			
Subject	(*)Electrónica e			
	Fotónica para			
	Comunicacións			
Code	V05M145V01202	,		
Study	(*)Máster			
programme	e Universitario en			
	Enxeñaría de			
	Telecomunicación			
Descriptors		Choose	Year	Quadmester
	5	Mandatory	1st	2nd
Teaching	English			
language				
Department				
	r Fernández Barciela, Mónica			
Lecturers	Fernández Barciela, Mónica			
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Web				
General	The aim of the subject is that the student adquires known			
description				
	RF and MW transceivers, the student will learn to evalu			
	analog circuits (active and passive) for them. As an leading the same and passive is a size of them.	arning aid, the stu	ident will use co	mmercial circuit
	simulators.			ata kanananataatan and
	In the field of the optical communications, the student			
	reception components and active optoelectronical sub		i be able to chai	racterise them and
	select them as function of the optical system to be des In this subject the student will handle technical and sc		hy in English lar	2011200
-	in this subject the student will handle technical and sc	ientine bibliograp	ily ili Lilylisii iai	iguage.

Competencies

Code

- A6 CG1 The ability to project, calculate and design products, processes and facilities in telecommunication engineering areas
- A9 CG4 The capacity for mathematical modeling, calculation and simulation in technological centers and engineering companies, particularly in research, development and innovation tasks in all areas related to Telecommunication Engineering and associated multidisciplinary fields.
- A20 CE2 The ability to develop radio communication systems: antenna, equipment and subsystems design; channel modeling; link budgeting; and planning.
- A21 CE3 The ability to implement systems by cable, line, satellite, in fixed and mobile communication environments.
- A30 CE12 The ability to use programmable logic devices, as well as to design advanced electronic systems, both analog and digital. The ability to design communications components such as routers, switches, hubs, transmitters and receivers in different bands.
- A31 CE13 The ability to apply advanced knowledge of photonics, optoelectronics and high-frequency electronics.
- B2 CT2 Developing enough autonomy to participate in research projects and scientific and technological collaborations within its scope, in interdisciplinary contexts and, in case, with a high component of knowledge transfer.

Learning aims		
Expected results from this subject	Typology	Training and Learning Results

Learn to evaluate preformance, select and design components and analog subsystems	Know How	A6
(active and passive) for communication transceptors in different frequency bands		A9
(radiofrequency, microwaves). As learning aid, the student will use circuit simulators.		A20
		A21
		A30
		A31
Learn the operation of the components and basic transmission and reception active	Know How	A6
optoelectronical subsystems in optical communications and photonic processin, and		A20
being able to characterise them and select them as function of the optical system to		A21
design.		A31
Handle technical documentation and scientific bibliography in English	know	A31
		B2

Contents	
Topic	
1. Introduction to circuit design for RF and	a. Analog circuits for communication transceptors.
Microwave transceptors	b. Transceptor technologies for communication systems transmitting at
	different frequency bands. Applications.
	c. Basic concepts. Transmission lines. S parameters. Smith Chart.
	Impedance matching.
2. Passive circuit design	Couplers, filters and phase shifters.
3. Introduction to microwave linear amplifier	 a. Power and power gain definitions. Gain and noise circles.
design	b. Stability. Stability circles. Bias and stabilization networks.
4. Microwave linear amplifier design	a. Maximum transducer gain design
	b. Low noise ampliifiiers
	c. Broadband amplifiers
5. Power amplifier design	a. Loadline and power contours.
	b. Operating Classes.
	c. Designing for linearity and efficiency.
6. Frequency converters design	Frequency multipliers and mixers.
7. Signal generators	a. Oscillator design. VCOs
	b. PLL basics
	c. PLL based synthesiers.
	d. Direct digital synthesis.
8. Photonics	a. Semiconductors optical properties.
	b. Fabry-Perot lasers and DFB.
	c. Photodetectors. Static and dynamic regime.
	d. Electro-optic and electro-absorbing modulators.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Practice in computer rooms	8	0	8
Master Session	29	72.5	101.5
Short answer tests	1	0	1
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	2	4	6
Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated.	0	8.5	8.5

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Practice in computer rooms	With the aid of a commercial microwave and RF circuit simulator, it will analysed various passive (matching networks, filters, couplers, etc.) and active (amplifiers, oscillators) circuits. It will be defined and evaluated different figures of merit and other parameters that will be used for circuits performance analysis.
	The work of the student in these practice classes will be evaluated: 1. In continuous evaluation: by answering in writting short questions delivered by the end of some of the practices, and with the microwave circuit design to be performed by the student. 2. In evaluation performed only in a final examination: by means of questions and circuit designs related with the work performed during the practical classes. In these practices the student with work towards achieving competencies: A20, A21, A30, A31
Master Session	It will take place in a classroom with video projection facilities and blackboard. During these sessions it will be described in detail most of the contents in the subject programme. Competencies under work: A20, A21, A30, A31

Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description	
Master Session	The student will have available office hours in which the subject lecturers will solved his/her questions related to the practices in computer rooms or during master sessions. Besides, while in computer room practices, the lecturer will approach each student, guiding his/her work and answering his/her questions.	
Practice in computer rooms	The student will have available office hours in which the subject lecturers will solved his/her questions related to the practices in computer rooms or during master sessions. Besides, while in computer room practices, the lecturer will approach each student, guiding his/her work and answering his/her questions.	

Assassment		
Assessment	Description	Qualification
Practice in computer rooms	In the case of continuous evaluation, during the practices the student will provide written answers to several related questions.	
	In the case of evaluation by single final examination, this part will be also evaluated in that examination.	
	In these practices are evaluated competencies: A20, A21, A30, A31	
Short answer tests	There will be 2 short examinations, one of them in the same date as the final examination of the students that do not follow continuous evaluation. The two short examinations and the final examination will include short answer tests.	30
	In these short examintaions it will be evaluated competencies : A20, A21, A30, A31	
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	The 2 short examinations, mentioned above, and the Final Exam will include exercises resolution.	40
	Competencies under evaluation: A20, A21, A30, A31	
Practical tests, real task execution and / or simulated.	For students following continous evalutation, it will be mandatory to perform a circuit desing using the circuit simulator, work proposed by the lecturer. Competencies under evaluation :A20, A21, A30, A31	20

Other comments on the Evaluation

A) If the student chooses continuous evaluation:

1. It will be compulsory the assistance to the practises in the computer room, as well as the realisation of a design of a microwave circuit by means of the circuit simulator. This design will be proposed by the lecturer and it will be an autonomous work of the student.

The evaluation of the practises will be a 10% of the total subject qualification, and the evaluation of the circuit design will be a 20%. That is to say, the sum of the evaluation of the practical classes and the design will add up to a 30% of the subject qualification.

2. The rest of the subject assessment (up to a 70% of the subject qualification) will be performed by two short exams that will contain exercises resolution, and/or short answers tests. The first short exam will assess up to a 30%, and the second up to a 40%, of the subject qualification.

Before realising the second short exam, the student must inform the lecturers about his choice of the method of evaluation.

B) If the student chooses a final exam:

It will only be considered the score he/she obtained in the final examination: in the exercises resolution (in the extensive version) and in the short question test related to: the theoretical part, and the practices in the computer room.

Second Assessment (July):

In July the students who did not pass the subject in May, will be assessed by an similar exam as that described in previous B option.

In particular, the students that in May chose continuous evaluation and declare the want to keep the scores obtained in the practises and in the design (that will add up to a 30% of the subject qualification), will perform a reduced version of the final examination described in the previous paragraph (and will add up to a 70% of the subject qualification).

Sources of information
D.M. Pozar, Microwave Engineering, 3,
Enrique Sánchez, Introducción a los dispositivos y circuitos semiconductores de microondas, 1,
Guillermo González, Microwave Transistor Amplifiers: Analysis and Design, 2,
Steve C. Cripps, RF Power Amplifiers for Wireless Communications, 1,
Steve C. Cripps, Advanced Techniques in RF Power Amplifier Design, 1,

Amnon Yariv, Pochi Yeh, Photonics Optical Electronics in Modern Communications, 6,
Bahaa E. A. Saleh, Malvin Carl Teich, Fundamentals of Photonics, 2,
S. O. Kasap, Optoelectronics and Photonics: Principles and Practice, 2,
Guillermo González, Foundations of Oscillator Circuit Design, 1,
Egan, William F., Phase-lock basics, 1,
Rhea, Randall W., HF filter desing and computer simulation, 1,
Rhea, Randall W., Discrete oscillator design: linear, nonlinear, transient, and noise domains, 1,

Recommendations