Universida_{de}Vigo

Subject Guide 2019 / 2020

IDENTIFYIN	IG DATA				
Production	of Basic Components from	n Lignocellulosic Wa	ste		
Subject	Production of Basic				
	Components from				
	Lignocellulosic				
Carla	Waste				
Code	001M142V01213				
Study	(*)Master				
programme	Cioncia o				
	Tecnoloxía				
	Agroalimentaria e				
	Ambiental				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
	3		Optional	1st	2nd
Teaching	#EnglishFriendly				
language	Galician				
Department					
Coordinator	Santos Reyes, Valentín				
Lecturers	Santos Reyes, Valentín				
	Vila Babarro, Carlos				
E-mail	vsantos@uvigo.es				
Web					<u> </u>
General	Know and implement the m	ain technologies for the	e production of platf	form chemicals f	rom residual
description	lignocellulosic materials				
Competence	ies				
Code					
A1					<u> </u>
B3 (*)Que mellora	os estudantes sexan capaces r o funcionamiento dos proxe	s de desenvolver habilio ectos de investigación o	dades personais de en que intervén.	razoamento criti	co e constructivo para
B4 (*)Que	os estudantes sxean capaces	s de adaptarse a novas	situacións, con grai	ndes doses de cr	eatividade e ideas para
asumir	o liderado de investigadores				
<u>C1</u>					
<u>C8</u>					
<u>C10</u>					
<u>D1</u>					
D2					
<u>D3</u>					
U4					

D8 D9 D10 D11 Motivación poa calidade con sensibilidade hacia temas medioambientais

Learning outcomes

D5 D6 D7 D8

Expected results from this subject

Training and Learning Results

Knowing the potential of lignocellulosic residues (wood, prunings, straws, ...) as substrates for A1 B4 C10 obtaining high added value products, candidates to replace to those now obtained from petroleum. Knowing the potential as platform chemicals of hydroxymethylfurfural (HMF), furfural, levulinic acid and formic acid D1

Knowing the different processes in the treatment of lignocellulosic materials for obtaining the aforementioned platform chemicals. Obtain laboratory skills to carry them out.	A1	B3 B4	C1 C8 C10	D1 D2 D4 D5 D7 D8 D11
Knowing the different analytical techniques for determining the chemical composition and	A1		C1	D1
structure of materials and studied compounds. Obtain skills to perform them at laboratory and			C8	D2
knowledege for interpretation of the obtained data.			C10	
Critical analysis of recent studies published in scientific literature.	A1	B3	C1	D1
		B4	C10	D2
				D3
				D4 DC
				D6
				D8
				D9 D10
Acquiring skills in synthesis and organization of information, writing and expection, through the		83		1
development and public presentation of a related tonic work	AI	B3 R4	C10	D1 D2
development and public presentation of a related topic work.		5		52
				D4
				D6
				D8
				D11

Contents			
Торіс			
Introducion	- Biomass as a renewable resource		
	 Platform chemicals obtained from biomass 		
Biomass fractionation	- Treatments for hemicellulose solubilization		
	- Delignification treatments		
	- Cellulose hydrolysis		
Hemicelluloses	- Composition		
	- Obtention		
Cellulose	- Caracterization		
	- Obtention		
Levulinic acid	- Characteristics and properties		
	 Production by acid hydrolysis of hexoses 		
	 Production using solid catalysts 		
	- Production using enzymes		
Hydroxymethylfurfural (HMF)	- Characteristics and properties		
	 Production by acid hydrolysis of hexoses 		
	- Biphasic systems		
	- Production using ionic liquids		
Furfural	- Characteristics and properties		
	 Production by acid hydrolysis of pentoses 		
	- Biphasic systems		
	- Production using ionic liquids		

Planning					
	Class hours	Hours outside the	Total hours		
		Classicolli			
Laboratory practical	3	9	12		
Presentation	2	36	38		
Seminars	1	8	9		
Lecturing	8	8	16		
*The information in the planning table	e is for guidance only and does n	ot take into account the het	erogeneity of the students.		

	escription
DC	
Laboratory practical Laboratory practical cha cha pro an	boratory experiments related with fractionation of lignocellulosic materials, chemical aracterization of obtained fractions, production of levulinic acid by acid hydrolysis, and oduction of furfural in a biphasic system. These part is complemented with familiarization in alysis methodologies.

Presentation	The supervised work made by the student will be presented in the classroom to the teacher and classmates. Evaluation will consider organization of the information and domain of the exposed subject. Additionally the answers to the questions posed by the teacher and classmates will be considered, and participation as listener, according to the comments and questions raised in the classmates' presentations.			
Seminars	Related with "Laboratory Practice" methodology, scheduled seminars address to perform analysis of the obtained experimental data. More specifically, applying material balances to the studied processes, implementing the kinetic modeling for acid hydrolysis of sugars in a spreadsheet, or offline integration of different chromatograms.			
Lecturing	Presentation at classroom of the fundamentals of the subject, using audiovisual methods and, in some cases, making basic experiments requiring little material and low-tech.			

Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description		
Laboratory practical	During the labs the teacher is present in the laboratory to guide, correct, and control their correct development and follow up.		
Presentation	During the performance of the tutored work the professor will orient in the compiling, classifying and organizing of the information. This orientation will continue during subsequent elaboration of material to be used in exposition in classroom.		
Seminars	In the presential part of the seminars, calculation methodologies to be employed for the interpretation of the experimental data obtained will be presented. Any student doubt will be solved. In the non presential part any question or consult made by the students will be answered using the e-learning platform, e-mail or in person during tutoring time.		

Assessment							
	Description		Qualification		Training and		
			L	earning Re	esults		
Laboratory practical	It will be considered for evaluation the actitude and aptitude in the laboratory, the quality of the obtained data, and the answers/comments to the questions.	25	A1	B4 C1 C8 C10	D1 D2 D6 D9 D10 D11		
Presentation	As "emitter: The organization and synthesis of the presented material, the clarity in the exposition, and the answer to the questions will be evaluated As "receptor": Participation in classmates presentations will be evaluated, taking into account the comments / questions realized	20	A1	C1	D1 D3 D4 D7 D8 D11		
Seminars	To be valuated: the attitude and aptitude, the skills in the use of the required software tools (spreadsheet, chromatographic analysis software), and the elaborated material.	20	A1	C1 C8 C10	D1 D4 D6 D8 D9 D11		
Lecturing	Realization of an exam of the subject. It Will include relative questions to theoretical concepts, production methodologies, analytical methods and practical cases	35	A1	B4 C1 C8 C10	D3 D5 D8		

Other comments on the Evaluation

- 1. It is necessary to obtain a minimum qualification of 4.0 (base 10) in every part to pass the subject (Exam, laboratory practices, oral presentations and seminars).
- 2. Students that can not attend in person must demonstrate that they have the necessary knowledge of the matter and laboratory skills. They will have to do the exam of the subject, to elaborate a homework whose oral presentation can be video recorded and uploaded to the e-learning platform, to solve some of the cases dealed in seminars, and to realize a exam about laboratory aspects. However, respect to laboratory practices, you are kindly requested to attend in person if possible.
- In July the student can opt for examining of the exam or the methodologies not surpassed in the previous opportunity, or of those that wish to improve the previous qualification. The assigned qualification will be the best of that obtained in June or July for exam or every methodology.
- 4. The communication with the students will be made through the e-learning platform of the University of Vigo.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Complementary Bibliography

Robert-Jan Van Putten et al, Hydroxymethylfurfural, a versatile platform chemical made from renewable resources, ACS,

Edwin R.P. Keijsers eta I., The cellulose resource matrix, Elsevier,

Yomaira J. Pagán-Torres et al., **Production of 5-Hydroxymethylfurfural from Glucose Using a Combination of Lewis** and Brønsted Acid Catalysts in Water in a biphasic reactor ..., ACS,

Atsushi Takagaki et al., Catalytic transformations of biomass-derived materials into value-added chemicals, Springer,

Jean-Paul Lange et al., Furfural- A promising platform for lignocellulosic biofuels, Willey-VCH,

D.W. Rackemann y W.O.S. Doherty, **The conversion of lignocellulosics to levulinic acid**, John Willey and Sons,

S. Rivas, Valorizacion de hemicelulosas de biomasa vegetal, UVigo,

A. Morone, M. Apte, R.A. Pandey, Levulinic acid production from renewable waste resources: Bottlenecks, potential remedies, advancements and applications, Elsevier,

S. Dutta, S.De, B. Saha, I. Alam, **Advances in conversion of hemicellulosic biomass to furfural and upgrading to biofuels**, R. Society of Chemistry,

J. Cui, J. Tan, T. Deng et al., **Conversion of carbohydrates to furfural via selective cleavage of the carbon carbon bond**, R. Society of Chemistry,

A.M. Raspolli Galletti, C. Antonetti, V. de Luise et al., **Levulinic acid production from waste biomass**, Carolina State University,

J. Sadhukhan, K. Siew, E. Martínez-Hernández, Novel integrated mechanical biological treatment systems for the production of levulinic acid from fraction of municipal waste, Elsevier,

Peleteiro, S.; Santos, V.; Garrote, G.; Parajó, J. C, Furfural production from Eucalyptus wood using an acidic ionic liquid,

Rivas, S.; Galletti, A.M.R.; Antonetti, C.; Licursi, D.; Santos, V.; Parajó, J. C., A biorefinery cascade conversion of hemicellulose-free Eucalyptus globulus wood: Production of concentrated levulinic acid solutions for gamma-valerolactone sustainable preparation products,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Instrumental Techniques for Agri-Food and Environmental Analyses/001M142V01109