



IDENTIFYING DATA

Botany

| | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Botany | | | |
| Code | P03G370V01303 | | | |
| Study programme | (*)Grao en Enxeñaría Forestal | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Type | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 2nd | 1st |
| Teaching language | | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Paz Bermudez, Maria Graciela | | | |
| Lecturers | Paz Bermudez, Maria Graciela | | | |
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| Web | http://http://faitic.uvigo.es/index.php/es/ | | | |
| General description | (*)Coñece-los conceptos básicos e a terminoloxía específica para aprender a diferencia-los grandes grupos de organismos que estuda a Botánica, incidindo nos grupos con maior presenza no ámbito forestal galego. | | | |

Competencies

| Code | | Typology |
|------|---|----------------------|
| CG1 | CG-01: Capacidade para comprender os seguintes fundamentos necesarios para o desenvolvemento da actividade profesional: Biolóxicos. | • know • Know How |
| CG6 | CG-06: Capacidade para identificar os diferentes elementos: elementos bióticos. | • know • Know How |
| CG8 | CG-08: Capacidade para identificar os diferentes elementos: recursos naturais renovables susceptibles de protección, conservación e aproveitamento. | • know • Know How |
| CG14 | CG-14: Capacidade para o uso das técnicas de protección do medio forestal. | • Know How |
| CG16 | CG-16: Capacidade para o uso das técnicas de conservación da biodiversidade. | • Know How |
| CE15 | (*)CE-15: Capacidade para coñecer, comprender e utilizar os principios de: botánica forestal. | • know • Know How |
| CT20 | (*)CBS 8: Sensibilidade cara a temas ambientais. | • Know be |

Learning outcomes

| Learning outcomes | Competences |
|-------------------|---|
| (*) | CG1 CG6 CG8 CG14 CG16 CE15 CT20 |

Contents

| Topic | |
|--|---|
| 1. Concept of Botanist. | Categories and taxonomic unities. Botanic nomenclature. |
| 2. Morphological levels of vegetal organization. | Traffic of Therophytes to Cormophytes. Generalities of the vascular plants and its adaptive advantages. |
| 3. The reproduction | Types of reproduction. Biological cycles. Alternation of generations and his importance. |
| 4. The plants with seed (Spermatophytes). | General characters. Root and cut. Main type and modifications. The leaf, special trainings and phylotaxic. Forms of life. |
| 5. The flower. | Concept of flower in gymnosperms and angiosperms. Floral receptacle. Perianth. Androceo. Xineceo. Inflorescences |

| | |
|--|--|
| 6. Pollination | Main type and floral syndromes. Evolution of the flower in relation of type of pollination |
| 7. Fertilization | Differences between the fertilization in Gymnosperms and Angiosperms. Training of the seed. Fruits and Infoscences. Dispersion. |
| 8. Gymnosperms | General characters. Reproduction: Vital cycle. Main groups. Division Cycadophyta. Division Ginkgophyta. |
| 9. Division Coniferophyta. General characteristics. | General characteristics. Class Coniferopsida |
| Class Coniferopsida | |
| 10. Order Coniferales, Family Pinaceae. | General characteristics. Ecological importance, forestal and economic. Genders more representative. |
| 11. Family Cupressaceae. | General characteristics. Genders more representative. |
| 12. Family Taxodiaceae. | General characters. Genders more relevants. Forestal importance and examples. Family Araucariaceae, species more relevants. |
| 13. Quotation of the families Podocarpaceae and Cephalotaxaceae. Order Taxales, Family Taxaceae, species more relevants and forestal importes. | (*) |
| 14. Anxiospermas. Div. Magnoliophyta General characters. | Reproduction: Vital cycle. Differential characters go in the classes Magnoliopsida (Dicotyledonous) and Liliopsida (monocotiledóneas). |
| 15. Magnoliopsida Class (dicotyledonous). Subclase 1: Magnoliidae. General characters. | Families: Magnoliaceae, Lauraceae, Ranunculaceae, Berberidaceae. Genders and species more important and examples. |
| 16. Subclass 2: Hamamelididae. | General characters of the families Hamamelidaceae and Platanaceae. Species of forestal and ornamental interest. |
| 17. Special quotation of the families Fagaceae and Betulaceae. | Genders and species more relevants. Ecological and economic interest. |
| 18. Family Juglandaceae. General characters of the families Ulmaceae and Moraceae. | (*) |
| 19. Subclass 3: Caryophyllidae. | General characters. Quotation of the most important orders. Examples. |
| 20. Subclass 4: Dillenidae. | General characters of the families of main economic and forestall: Theaceae, Tiliaceae, Cistaceae, Salicaceae, Brasicaceae, Ericaceae. |
| 21. Subclass 5: Rosidae. | Families of main forstal interest: Rosaceae, Leguminosaceae, Myrtaceae, Aquifoliaceae, Rutaceae, Anacardiaceae, Hippocastanaceae, Aceraceae, Rhamnaceae, Buxaceae. |
| 22. Subclass 6: Asteridae. | Quotation of the most representative families: Solanaceae, Caprifoliaceae, Lamiaceae, Oleaceae and Asteraceae |
| 23. Class Liliopsida (monocotiledoneas). | Differential characters and families more significant. |
| 24. Concept of Geobotanic | Distribution of the plants and floristic territories. Biogeographic kingdoms. |

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|---|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Outdoor study / field practices | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Laboratory practises | 16 | 10 | 26 |
| Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises | 4 | 28 | 32 |
| Master Session | 30 | 60 | 90 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

| | Description |
|---|---|
| Outdoor study / field practices | Activities application of knowledge to specific situations and basic skills acquisition and related procedural matter under study. They thrive in nonacademic outdoor spaces. Among them we can cite practical field visits to events, research centers, companies, institutions ... academic-professional interest to the student. |
| Laboratory practises | Activities application of knowledge to specific situations and basic skills acquisition and related procedural matter under study. Special spaces are developed with specialized equipment (scientific and technical laboratories, languages, etc.). |
| Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises | Actividade in which problems are formulated and / or exercises related to the course. The student must develop the analysis and resolution of problems and / or exercises independently. |
| Master Session | Presentation by the teacher of the contents on the subject under study, theoretical and / or guidelines for a job, exercise or project to be developed by the student. |

Personalized attention

| Methodologies | Description |
|----------------------|-------------|
| Laboratory practises | |

| Assessment | | | |
|---|---|---------------|-----------------------|
| | Description | Qualification | Evaluated Competences |
| Master Session | (*)Proba con preguntas tipo test, de resposta curta e de resposta longa; o alumnado deberá demostrar os coñecementos adquiridos. Avalían-se as competencias A2,A8,A68 | 70 | CG1 CG6 CE15 |
| Laboratory practises | (*)Farase unha avaliación continua ó alumnado das actividades plantexadas nas clases prácticas.Ó final do curso o alumnado deberá entregar unha memoria final e/ou realizar unha proba sobre identificación de distintos pliegos de especies forestais. Avalíanse as competencias A10,A18,A20 | 20 | CG8 CG14 CG16 |
| Outdoor study / field practices | (*)No exame de laboratorio integraranse os coñecementos adquiridos nas saídas de campo. Avalíase a competencia B20 | 5 | CT20 |
| Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises | (*)No exame da sesión magistral integraranse os coñecementos adquiridos coa resolución de problemas dun xeito autónomo. Ó final do curso o alumnado deberá entregar un herbario formado, principalmente, polas especies forestais tratadas na parte teórica e/ou un traballo bibliográfico ou de investigación. Estes coñecementos poderán integrarse no exame de laboratorio ou valorarse dun xeito independente Avalíanse as competencias A68,B20 | 5 | CE15 CT20 |

Other comments on the Evaluation

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Complementary Bibliography

- Díaz González T. E., Fernández-Carvajal M. C., Fernández Prieto J. A., Curso de Botánica, Ed. Trea, Oviedo, 2004
- Izco J. (coord.), Botánica, Ed. McGraw- Hill. Interamericana, Madrid., 2004
- Nabors M.W., Introducción a la Botánica, Ed. Pearson, Madrid., 2006
- Strasburger, E., Tratado de Botánica, Ed. Omega, Barcelona, 2004
- Blanco Castro, E. et al., Los Bosques Ibéricos. Una interpretación Geobotánica., Ed. Planeta, Barcelona, 2005
- Castro, M.; Prunell, A. & Blanco-Dios, J., Guía das árbores autóctonas e ornamentais de Galicia., Ed. Xerais, Vigo, 2007
- Castroviejo, S. (coord.), Flora iberica: Plantas vasculares de la Península Ibérica e Islas Baleares., Real Jardín Botánico, C.S.I.C. Madrid, 1986-2010
- García, X.R., Guía das plantas de Galicia, Ed. Xerais, Vigo, 2008
- López González, G., Guía de los árboles y arbustos de la península Ibérica y Baleares, Mundi-Prensa Libros, 2007
- Carrión, J.S., Evolución vegetal, DM, 2003
- Niño Ricoi, H., Guía das árbores de Galicia, Bahía, 1997
- Polunin, O. & Smythies, B.E., Guía de campo de las flores de España, Portugal y Sudoeste de Francia, Omega, 2004

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

- Biology: Plant Biology/P03G370V01201
- Forestry Ecology/P03G370V01402