# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

Subject Guide 2019 / 2020

IDENTIFYING	<u>-</u>			
Thermodyna				
Subject	Thermodynamics			
Code	007G410V01303			
Study	(*)Grao en			
programme	Enxeñaría			
	Aeroespacial			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	Spanish			
language				
Department				
Coordinator	Cerdeiriña Álvarez, Claudio			
Lecturers	Cerdeiriña Álvarez, Claudio			
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General	Students will be instructed on the concepts, Lav	ws and main application	nc of the bacic	scionco of

## Competencies

description

Code

- Planning, documentation, project management, calculation and manufacturing in the field of aeronautical engineering (in accordance with what is established in section 5 of order CIN / 308/2009), aerospace vehicles, propulsion systems, aerospace materials, airport infrastructures, air navigation infrastructures and space management, air traffic and transport management systems.
- C8 Understand thermodynamic cycles generating mechanical power and thrust.
- C16 Appropriate knowledge applied to engineering: Concepts and laws that govern the processes of transfer of energy, the movement of fluids, the mechanisms of transmission of heat and the interchange of matter and its role in the analysis of the main propulsion systems in aerospace engineering.
- C19 Applied knowledge of: science and technology of materials; mechanics and thermodynamics; fluid mechanics; aerodynamics and flight mechanics; navigation and air traffic systems; aerospace technology; theory of structures; airborne transportation; economy and production; projects; environmental impact.
- D1 Capability of analysis, organization and planification.
- D3 Capability of oral and written communication in native lenguage
- D4 Capability of autonomous learning and information management
- D5 Capability to solve problems and draw decisions
- D6 Capabiliity for interpersonal communication

Thermodynamics.

D8 Capabiliity for critical and self-critical reasoning

Learning outcomes				
Expected results from this subject		ining and	Learning	
		Results		
Knowledge, comprehension, application, analysis and synthesis of the principles and methods of	B2	C8	D1	
Thermodynamics.		C16	D3	
·		C19	D4	
			D5	
			D6	
			D8	
Knowledge and comprehension of the first and second laws of Thermodynamics and their applications to open systems, with illustration for some typical examples in Aerospace Engineering		C8	D1	
		C16	D3	
		C19	D4	
			D5	
			D6	
			D8	

Knowledge, comprehension and application of the generalized thermodynamic relations, the	B2	C8	D1
equilibrium and stability contitions of simple compressible systems and phase transitions.		C16	D3
		C19	D4
			D5
			D6
			D8

Contents	
Topic	
First law.	Energy and temperature. Thermodynamic processes and reversibility. Pressure-volume work. Adiabatic work and heat. Equation of state and volumetric coefficients. Heat capacity. Thermodynamic relations in pVT systems from isochoric, isobaric, isothermal and adiabatic processes. Appendix 1.1. Heat transfer.
Second law.	Interconversion of heat and work. Carnot cycle and absolute temperature. Entropy. Irreversibility, law of entropy increase and extremal principle.
Thermodynamic potentials and formal structure.	Thermodynamic potentials, extensivity and concavity. Euler equation and Gibbs-Duhem equation. Legendre transforms. Extremal principle for F and G. Extremal principle for U, concavity, convexity and second derivatives. Maxwell relations and Gibbs-Helmholtz equations. Appendix 3.1. Real gases. Appendix 3.2. Elasticity. Appendix 3.3. Surface thermodynamics.
Phase transitions.	Phase rule. Phase diagrams. Clapeyron equations. Liquid-gas transition in the van der Waals model. Second-order transitions. Third law.
Thermofluidics.	Control volumes. Conservation of mass. Work flux and energy in a fluid in motion. Analysis of energy of systems of stationary flux. Engineering devices of stationary flux.
Laboratory	Itinerary "Equation of State": Ideal gas; Adiabatic coefficient; Joule-Thomson effect. Itinerary "Phase transitions": Liquid-vapor equilibrium; Critical point; Ferromagnetism. Itinerary "Miscellaneous": Specific heat of solids; Engines; Stefan-Boltzmann law.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	19	43.5	62.5
Seminars	20	44	64
Laboratory practical	11	10	21
Essay questions exam	2.5	0	2.5

<sup>\*</sup>The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	The most relevant parts of the course shall be taught in one-hour sessions. Active participation of students will be welcome.
Seminars	Every hour will be devoted to supplement Master Sessions as well as to the resolution of exercises. Active participation of students will be welcome.
Laboratory practical	Once assessment of parts devoted to theory and exercises is finished, students will enter the laboratory under the teacher's supervision. Student's autonomy will be encouraged.

Personalized assistance				
Methodologies	Description			
Laboratory practical	Performance of each student will be supervised.			

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification	Training and		and
			Learning Results		
Lecturing	Jointly with that relative to Seminars, an exam will be held during classes,	20	B2	C8	D1
	which will carry exemption for those students getting a qualification			C16	D3
	greater than 7 points (over 10).			C19	D4
					D5
					D6
					D8

Seminars	Jointly with that relative to Master Sessions, an exam will be held during classes, which will carry exemption for those students getting a qualification greater than 7 points (over 10).	20	B2	C8 C16 C19	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D8
Laboratory practical	Assessment will be made in January, in the laboratory and via an exam.	10	_ B2	C8 C16 C19	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D8
Essay questions exam	An exam for the whole course contents will be held on the official date.	50	B2	C8 C16 C19	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D8

#### Other comments on the Evaluation

To go further in December/January, a qualification greater than 5 (over 10) will be required. This corresponds to the joint assessment of the official exam and the exam during classes. Secondly, a qualification greater than 5 (over 10) will also be required for the laboratory part. These thresholds being overcome, the final qualification will be obtained according to the balance indicated above.

To go further in June/July, a qualification greater than 5 (over 10) in an exam over the whole course contents (theory, exercises and laboratory) will be required. That exam will be held on the official date.

The June/July criterion applies to any student that do not take classes regularly.

The dates of the final exams are published on the website of the EEAE in the web page http://aero.uvigo.es/gl/docencia/exames.

# Sources of information Basic Bibliography

J. F. Tester, M. Modell, **Thermodynamics and Its Applications**, 3ª ed., Prentice Hall, 1996

M. Alonso, E. J. Finn, **Física**, Addison-Wesley Iberoamericana, 1992

H. B. Callen, Termodinámica, 1ª ed., Editorial AC, 1981

H. B. Callen, Thermodynamics and an Introduction to Thermostatistics, 2ª ed., John Wiley & Sons, 1985

L. I. Sedov, Mechanics of Continuous Media, World Scientific, 1997

Y. A. Cengel, M. A. Boles, **Termodinámica**, 8º edición, McGraw-Hill, 2015

# **Complementary Bibliography**

D. Kondepudi, I. Prigogine, Modern Thermodynamics, John Wiley & Sons, 1998

B. Widom, **Thermodynamics - Equilibrium**, Encyclopedia of Applied Physics, Vol. 21, Wiley, 1997

#### Recommendations

## Subjects that continue the syllabus

Fluid mechanics/007G410V01402

# Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/007G410V01103