



IDENTIFYING DATA

Graphic engineering

| | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-----------|------|------------|
| Subject | Graphic engineering | | | |
| Code | V12G380V01602 | | | |
| Study programme | Grado en Ingeniería Mecánica | | | |
| Descriptors | ECTS Credits | Choose | Year | Quadmester |
| | 6 | Mandatory | 3rd | 2nd |
| Teaching language | Spanish Galician English | | | |
| Department | | | | |
| Coordinator | Cerqueiro Pequeño, Jorge | | | |
| Lecturers | Cerqueiro Pequeño, Jorge Covela Ameijeiras, Pablo Lamosa Quinteiro, Martín López Saiz, Esteban Prado Cerqueira, José Luís | | | |
| E-mail | jcerquei@uvigo.es | | | |
| Web | http://moovi.uvigo.gal/ | | | |
| General description | <p>The aim of this course is to provide the student with methods and tools to solve engineering problems graphically. After taking it the student will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Be aware of the criteria used for the selection and use of standard parts. <input type="checkbox"/> Know about the CAD technologies used in geometrical modelling, and how to use them to produce engineering drawings. <input type="checkbox"/> Be able to perform analysis on the operation of mechanisms from the specifications in the engineering drawings. <input type="checkbox"/> Know how to apply geometrical tools to solve problems involving mechanisms, constructions, industrial facilities and installations. <input type="checkbox"/> Possess skills to create and manage graphical information associated to -especially Mechanical- Engineering problems. | | | |

Training and Learning Results

| | |
|------|--|
| Code | |
| B1 | CG1 Skills for writing, signing and developing projects in the field of industrial engineering, whose purpose, specializing in Mechanics, construction, alteration, repair, maintenance, demolition, manufacturing, installation, assembly or operation of: structures, mechanical equipments, energy facilities, electrical systems and electronic installations and industrial plants, and manufacturing processes and automation. |
| C19 | CE19 Knowledge and skills to apply the techniques of engineering graphics. |
| D2 | CT2 Problems resolution. |
| D6 | CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study. |
| D9 | CT9 Apply knowledge. |
| D10 | CT10 Self learning and work. |
| D14 | CT14 Creativity. |
| D16 | CT16 Critical thinking. |
| D17 | CT17 Working as a team. |

Expected results from this subject

| Expected results from this subject | Training and Learning Results | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-----|----|
| To know and to possess well grounded criteria for the selection and application of standard components. | B1 | C19 | D2 |
| To know CAD technologies for the geometrical modelling and the generation of technical drawings from it. | | C19 | D6 |

| | | | |
|---|----|-----|--------------------------|
| Ability to perform analysis on the operation of mechanisms from the specifications contained in technical drawings. | B1 | C19 | D16 |
| To know how to apply Geometry to the resolution of problems about constructions and industrial installations. | | C19 | D2 D9 D14 |
| To acquire skills for creating and managing graphic information related to Mechanical Engineering problems. | | C19 | D10 D14 D16 D17 |

Contents

Topic

THEORICAL CONTENTS

| | |
|---|--|
| 1. Introduction to graphics in Engineering. | 1.1. Types of graphics in Engineering. Fields of application. Graphics for the design, the visualisation and the communication. The graphic language. 1.2. Graphic systems. Types and structure of the graphic files. Information management. Hierarchies. Layers. 1.3. Models. Geometrical model. Information associativity. |
| 2. Representation of standard parts and mechanical components. | 2.1. Standardization of values. Standard names. 2.2. Representation, dimensioning and standard names of elements: Springs, bearings and their accessories, pulleys. Graphic information in gear wheel drawings. Curves for gear teeth profiles. 2.3. Other forms for the transmission of movement. 2.4. Couplings 2.5. Symbolic representation of mechanisms. 2.6. Materials. Standard designations. 2.7. Criteria for the selection and use of standard elements. |
| 3. Management of variability; functional consequences of tolerances. Analysis and synthesis of tolerances. | 3.1. Variability associated to Mechanical Engineering problems. 3.2. Macro- and micro-geometrical variability. 3.3. Size tolerances and fits. Specification. 3.4. Geometrical tolerances. Specification. 3.5. References and reference systems. 3.6. Surface finishes. Specification. 3.7. Statistical tolerances. Cost functions for tolerances. 3.8. Analysis and synthesis of tolerances. 3.9. Tolerance combination of tolerances: consequences of the tolerance cumulation on the assembly and operation of mechanisms. |
| 4. Conception and representation of elementary mechanical forms. Dimensioning aimed to product function, manufacture and control. | 4.1. Constructive forms for the design of casted, forged, shaped and deep-drawn parts. 4.2. Elementary mechanical functions. 4.3. Analysis of the operation conditions of mechanisms. 4.4. Functional dimensioning. Chains of dimensions. 4.5. Dimensioning oriented to the manufacturing process. 4.6. Dimensioning oriented to compliance control. |
| 5. Geometrical product specifications (GPS). | 5.1. The geometrical specification concept according to ISO. 5.2. Chains of standards. Links and characteristics. 5.3. Fundamental and global GPS standards. 5.4. General GPS standards matrices. 5.5. Complementary GPS standards matrices. 5.6. Specification operations. 5.7. Interpretation of geometrical specifications based on the operations needed to build them. |
| 6. Fundamentals of computer graphics. | 6.1. Basic geometrical transformations. 6.2. Grafication of lines: basic, digital differential or middle-point algorithms. 6.3. Approximating and interpolating polynomial curves: types and applications. 6.4. Geometrical Modeling. Structure of information in 2-D and 3-D CAD files. Entities and solid/surfaces/wire mesh/points models. 6.5. Graphic libraries. 6.6. Product-oriented CAD systems for mechanical design. |
| 7. Representation of industrial constructions and installations. | 7.1. Symbolic representation of structures. 7.2. Detail drawings of metallic structures. 7.3. Representation and dimensioning of welded joints. 7.4. Drawings for metal-working. 7.5. Symbols and diagrams for oil-hydraulic and pneumatic circuits. 7.6. Symbols and diagrams for fluid conduction systems. |

| | |
|--|--|
| 8. Diagrams, Nomograms and empirical equations. | 8.1. Graphic constructions used in engineering. 8.2. Scales for graphic constructions. 8.3. Diagrams and Nomograms. Volumetric graphs. 8.4. Graphic representation of empirical equations. 8.5. Functions for data analysis. |
| 9. CAD/CAE/CAM systems. Systems for data acquisition from actual geometries. Rapid prototyping. | 9.1. CAX systems. 9.2. CAD/CAM tools. 9.3. CAE tools in the context of Design Engineering. 9.4. Virtual reality: characteristics and devices. Applications in the Engineering field. 9.5. Digitalisation of forms. Reverse engineering projects. 9.6. Rapid prototyping systems. 9.7. Formats for exchanging information. |
| 10. Introduction to Industrial Design. | 10.1. Design. Types. Industrial Design: product, communication and corporate image. 10.2. Design methodologies. 10.3. Stages in the design process. 10.4. Creativity in the design process. 10.5. Assessment of design alternatives. 10.6. DfX. |
| PRACTICAL CONTENTS | |
| 1. Sketching of a mechanical assembly. | The sketching of a mechanical assembly by every student will be proposed. It will include power transmission elements and a high number of standard components. The preliminary process, involving the study, information gathering and analysis, will be performed by groups of three/four students. |
| 2. Modelling of the previous assembly. | The modelling of parts and assembly of the previous assignment will be carried out, using the advanced CAD software (AutoCAD, SolidWorks ou ONSHAPE) that is available at the laboratory. Every student will work on his own, but groups will be made for idea-sharing and collaborative learning. |
| 3. Making of 2D drawings. | Detail and assembly drawings will be made from the previous models of the assembly, using the CAD software available. The drawings will contain the bill of materials and all necessary specifications -dimensions, macro- and micro-geometrical tolerances, special indications- needed to guarantee optimal operation of the mechanism to which each part belongs. |
| 4. Representations for metal-working. | Solid modelling and plane developments will be performed on a metalworking element, including all the necessary dimensional specifications, using the advanced CAD software (AutoCAD, SolidWorks u ONSHAPE) that is available in the laboratory. |
| 5. Making of a report for functionality and exchangeability analysis. | A critical analysis will be performed on the design of exercises 1 to 4, containing an estimation of the expected operational conditions, based on the applied tolerances and their combined effect. A study showing how the tolerance costs could be reduced based on the combined effect of all the intervening ones will also be carried out. CAE analysis will be performed on a relevant part of the design. All pieces from the report will be documented, applying as much graphical information from the course work as possible in order to achieve a better understanding of the document. |
| 6. Representation of an industrial facility. Schematics of piping works and other installations. | A small building of the 'industrial unit' kind, hosting a workshop or small mechanical industry, will be represented using the CAD software available, including drawings with all the necessary dimensions and the corresponding construction details of the metallic structure. The symbolic representation of the various relevant installations in the unit: energy, fluids, etc. will be also carried out. |

Planning

| | Class hours | Hours outside the classroom | Total hours |
|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Lecturing | 26 | 39 | 65 |
| Problem solving | 24 | 34 | 58 |
| Project based learning | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Seminars | 5 | 10 | 15 |
| Portfolio / dossier | 2 | 0 | 2 |

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

| | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| Lecturing | Active master session. Each topic will be presented by the lecturer using audiovisual resources, this being complemented with the comments that students make, based either on the recommended references or on any others that are relevant for this part of the subject. |
| Problem solving | Exercises and/or problems will be proposed to be solved along the masterclasses, either partially or fully in class, either individually or in groups, and always with the active orientation of the lecturer. These activities will be oriented to make easier a better understanding of the application and practical utility of the contents of each topic. The purpose of these exercises will also be to provide an orientation on the contents and aims of the laboratory classes. |
| Project based learning | Realisation of activities that require the active participation of students and the collaboration among them. |
| Seminars | Realisation of activities to reinforce the learning by means of the tutored resolution in groups of practical cases related with the theory contents of the subject, evaluating along them how the students associate these contents to each one of the different stages developed in the analysis and solution processes of each problem. |

Personalized assistance

Methodologies Description

| | |
|----------|---|
| Seminars | For the election, follow-up and supervision of the works. For all the teaching modalities considered in the Contingency Plan, the tutorial sessions can be carried out using IT tools (email, video-call, FAITIC forums, etc.) according to the modality of prior concertation of the virtual place, date and time. |
|----------|---|

Assessment

| | Description | Qualification | Training and Learning Results |
|---------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Lecturing | At the consideration of the lecturer, a number of control tests will be realised -at least a partial test placed about the middle (about the 7th week) of the course-, in the date previously fixed. The passing of that test will allow the student to remove its contents from the final exam. The final exam, having two independent parts, will be taken by all the students not following the ordinary continuous assessment way. All students must take the second part of such exam, and they can opt for re-take for passing or improving the grades from its first part. | 40 | C19 D10 D16 |
| Problem solving | The practical activities to be realised will correspond to those indicated in the 'Practical Contents' section, and will be posed to be developed, solved and delivered to the lecturer in the due date indicated for each specific case. Every activity presented will be evaluated in accordance with the criteria previously indicated for it, and will be given back to the students promptly so that the learning coming from such revision can be incorporated to the following practical activities. The calendar for the execution and presentation of the practical activities will be made known at the start of the course. | 40 | B1 C19 D2 D6 D9 D14 D16 D17 |
| Portfolio / dossier | A collection of written reports on the practical activities carried out will be elaborated by the students/student teams and delivered to the lecturer according to the established schedule. The commitment and implication of the students with the theory classes and the laboratory activities programmed will also be taken into account, as well as the meeting of the submission deadlines and the technical and format quality of the written deliverables and the presentations. | 20 | B1 C19 D2 D6 D9 D10 D14 D16 D17 |

Other comments on the Evaluation

In the 'continuous evaluation' modality, the students will pass the course if they reach a score of 5.0 points. A minimum score of 50% of the maximum grade is also required for each part and section. The 'continuous evaluation' will consolidate the partial marks, and the students are required to repeat only the failed parts across the continuous evaluation process.

Students wishing to improve their continuous -pass- evaluation grade can do the full official final exam as well. The students that failed the course in the first official date must do a final test that will encompass the whole of the -theory and practical- course contents, that might include short- and long-answer tests, problem-solving and case study development.

An appropriate ethical behaviour is expected from the student. In the case that a non-ethical -copying, plagiarism, use of unauthorized electronic devices, among others- it will be considered that the student does not meet the necessary requirements to pass the course. In this case the overall grade for the course in the present academic year will be a fail (0.0). Except in the case of specific authorization, no electronic devices will be allowed for the students to use during the evaluation tests. The act of being in possession of a non-authorized device while in the exam room will be taken as a cause for not passing the course in the current academic year, and the overall grade will be a fail (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

AENOR, **Normas UNE/EN/ISO diversas actualizadas**, AENOR,

Cordero, J.M.; Cortés, P., **Curvas y Superficies para Modelado Geométrico**, Ra-ma, 2002

Félez, J.; Martínez, M.L., **Ingeniería Gráfica y Diseño**, Síntesis, D.L., 2008

Foley, J. D.; Van Dam, A.; Feiner, S. K.; Hughes, J. F.; Philips, R. L., **Introducción a la Graficación por Computadora**, Addison-Wesley Ib., 1996

Complementary Bibliography

Aguayo, F.; Soltero, V., **Metodología del Diseño Industrial. Un Enfoque desde la Ingeniería Concurrente.**, Ra-ma, 2003

Company, P.; Vergara, M.; Mondragón, S., **Dibujo Industrial**, Publicacions de la Universitat Jaume I, 2007

Farin, G., **Curves and surfaces for computer aided geometric design**, Academic Press, 1997

Fischer, B. R., **Mechanical Tolerance Stackup and Analysis**, Marcel Dekker, Inc., 2004

García, M.; Alcaide, J.; Gómez, T.; Collado-Ruiz, D., **Fundamentos del diseño en la ingeniería**, UPV, 2009

Giesecke F.E.; et al., **Technical Drawing with Engineering Graphics**, Prentice Hall (Pearson Education, 2012

Gómez, S., **El Gran Libro de SolidWorks Office Professional**, Ed. Marcombo, 2010

Hearn, D.; Baker, P., **Gráficos por computador**, Prentice Hall Hispanoamericana, 1995

Jensen, C.; Helsel, J. D.; Short, D. R., **Dibujo y diseño en Ingeniería**, Mc Graw-Hill, 2002

Molero, J., **Autocad 2010: Curso Avanzado**, Anaya Multimedia, 2009

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Product design and communication, and automation of plant elements/V12G380V01931

Systems for product design and development/V12G380V01934

Final Year Dissertation/V12G380V01991

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Machine design I/V12G380V01304

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Graphic expression: Graphic expression/V12G380V01101

Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies/V12G380V01305

Other comments

It is required in order to register in this subject to either have passed all subjects in the former courses, or to be registered in all of them.

It is specifically recommended to have passed the 'Graphic Expression' subject from first year.
