



## IDENTIFYING DATA

### Applied electrotechnics

Subject	Applied electrotechnics			
Code	V12G363V01501			
Study programme	Grado en Ingeniería en Tecnologías Industriales			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	3rd	1st
Teaching language				
Department				
Coordinator	Novo Ramos, Bernardino			
Lecturers	Novo Ramos, Bernardino			
E-mail	bnovo@uvigo.es			
Web				
General description	<p>The objective of Applied Electrotechnic is to complete the training of the students of the Industrial Technologies Degree in what is related with Three-phase Systems and Power Transformers. This subject will provide specific tools to analyse and evaluate the behaviour of the most usual electrical installations under balanced and unbalanced situations.</p> <p>The subject is conceived also, to provide the necessary knowledge and competencies to be able to follow some subjects in the 3rd and 4rd years of the Degree.</p> <p>The students have to be familiar with subjects like "Basics of Theory of Circuits and Electric Machines" and "Calculus I and II" because some of the information provided in these subjects will be necessary to follow Applied Electrotechnic, without and extra effort</p>			

## Training and Learning Results

Code
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## Expected results from this subject

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results
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## Contents

Topic	
UNIT I: 3-PHASE CIRCUITS, POWER MEASUREMENTS AND REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ Introduction: Generators, loads and 3-phase circuits</li> <li>□ Balanced 3-phase circuits. Voltages and currents.</li> <li>□ Conversion of 3-phase sources and loads.</li> </ul>
This Unit will allow the student to understand how to analyse 3-phase circuits under either balanced or unbalanced conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ Analysis of balanced 3-phase circuits.</li> <li>□ Powers in balanced 3-phase circuits. Compensation.</li> <li>□ Analysis of unbalanced 3-phase circuits.</li> </ul>

Initially the unit covers the basic concepts for the analysis of balanced circuits. It continues analysing unbalanced circuits, the different methods to measure the electrical powers and the compensation of the reactive power.

## UNIT II: TRANSFORMERS

This Unit will allow the student to learn about the constructive characteristics of the transformers, to determine its characteristic parameters and to understand the machine main properties and its utilization in the electrical systems.

Analogies between electric and magnetic circuits.

- Introduction to the transformers: constructive aspects.
- The ideal transformer.
- Operation of the real transformer.
- Equivalent circuit of the single-phase transformer real: e.m.f's and voltages.
- No-load and in short-circuit tests of the transformer.
- Voltage drops, losses and performance of a transformer.
- Autotransformers.
- 3-phase transformers: Constitution, connection diagrams and tests.
- Instrument transformers.

### Planning

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	20	60	80
Problem solving	9	18	27
Collaborative Learning	9	9	18
Laboratory practical	9	9	18
Essay questions exam	7	0	7

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

### Methodologies

	Description
Lecturing	The usual lecture
Problem solving	The professor will guide the first steps of the alumni in order to show them how to analyse different problems/situations and how to solve them
Collaborative Learning	Once taught how to solve a "generalistic problem" the alumni will have to create groups to find out the solutions to the same proposed problems related with the subject.  They will be requested to collaborate in order to hand the professor the proper solution at the end of the session
Laboratory practical	Experimental solving of proposed lab tests, realization of measurements and presentation of results.

### Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practical	The doubts and questions that can arise during the classes or personal assignments of the students will be solved either in situ or during the tuition hours. The tuition personal attention should be required by e-mail. The professor will use his "Virtual Office" to solve any of these questions, if in-person tuition is not needed
Lecturing	he doubts and questions that can arise during the classes or personal assignments of the students will be solved either in situ or during the tuition hours. The tuition personal attention should be required by e-mail. The professor will use his "Virtual Office" to solve any of these questions, if in-person tuition is not needed
Problem solving	he doubts and questions that can arise during the classes or personal assignments of the students will be solved either in situ or during the tuition hours. The tuition personal attention should be required by e-mail. The professor will use his "Virtual Office" to solve any of these questions, if in-person tuition is not needed

### Assessment

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Lecturing	It will cover 30 of the mark .  It will be about power transformers  The student has to obtain a mark bigger than the 30% of the value of this part in order to compensate with the other part of the subject.	30	

Problem solving	First part : 3-ph systems (40%)	60
	Second part: Transformers (20%)	
	The student has to obtain a mark bigger than the 30% of the value of this part in order to compensate with the other part of the subject.	
Laboratory practical	They will be valued as a 10% of the final mark	10

### Other comments on the Evaluation

Continuous assessment (100%):

At the end of each Part ( I & II) the student will perform a test that will be scored from 0 to 10 points. The passing mark is 5. The test will cover theoretical issues and practical exercises. In each Part the student can reach 50% of the final mark. The passed partial tests are released from the corresponding part in the final exam.

For the students who pass all tests, the final mark will be the average of the marks of the partial tests.

Students who fail any or all partial tests, will have to take a final exam where she/he will be graded from 0 to 10 points.

To pass the subject it is necessary to achieve a minimum grade of 3 points in each part and an average mark bigger than 5.

Students approved by partial tests can modify (maybe improve) their mark by presenting to the final exam.

The professors will indicate the dates and places of publication of marks and revisions

### Sources of information

#### Basic Bibliography

#### Complementary Bibliography

### Recommendations

#### Subjects that continue the syllabus

Electrical machines/V12G363V01605

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Physics: Physics 2/V12G363V01202

Mathematics: Calculus 2 and differential equations/V12G363V01204

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Basics of circuit analysis and electrical machines/V12G363V01302

### Other comments

Requirements: To enrol in this subject is necessary either to have surpassed or to be enrolled in all the subjects of the previous courses of the one where this subject is summoned