## Subject Guide 2023 / 2024

# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

IDENTIFYIN				
Materials to				
Subject	Materials			
Carla	technology			
Code	V09G291V01202			,
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería de la			
Describeration	Energía Energía	Classia	V	Our describer
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
T l. l	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	Galician			
language	English			
Department	Diver Diver Marie del Comerce			
Coordinator	Pérez Pérez, María del Carmen			
Lecturers	Pérez Pérez, María del Carmen			
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Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/course/view.php?id=3281			
General description	<ul> <li>Material Technology is a second-year subject with a marked technological character. It is common for all students, regardless of the specific orientation. The objective is to present the fundamentals of Materials Science and Technology in a comprehensible way to students, focusing on the relationship between internal structure - properties - processing of materials.</li> <li>The learning outcomes are focused on: <ol> <li>Understanding the fundamental concepts of bonds, structure, and microstructure of different types of materials.</li> <li>Understanding the relationship between the microstructure of the material and its mechanical, electrical, thermal, and magnetic behavior.</li> <li>Knowing the main techniques of structural characterization of materials.</li> <li>Acquiring skills in the handling of diagrams and graphics.</li> <li>Be able to interpret and implement material testing standards.</li> <li>Acquiring skills in performing tests.</li> <li>Analyzing the results obtained taking the corresponding conclusions.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>			
	8. Developing scientific viewpoint and experimental n related to Materials Technology.			d solution of problems

#### Training and Learning Results

Code

- A1 That the students demonstrate to possess and understand knowledge in an area of study that is part of the general education (second level), and often found at a level that, although based on advanced textbooks, also includes some aspects that involve knowledge from the avant-garde of the field of study
- A2 That the students know how to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and that they possess the competences that are usually demonstrated through the elaboration and defense of arguments and the resolution of problems within their area of study
- A3 That the students have the capability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their area of study) to issue judgments that include a reflection on relevant social, scientific or ethical issues
- A4 That the students can transmit information, ideas, problems and solutions to a specialized and non-specialized audience
- A5 That the students develop those learning capabilities necessary to undertake further studies with a high degree of autonomy.
- B1 Ability to draw links between the different elements of all the knowledge acquired, understanding them as components of a body of knowledge with a clear structure and strong internal cohesion.
- B4 To foster collaborative working, communication, organization and planning skills, along with the ability to take responsibilities in a multilingual, multidisciplinary work environment that promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.
- B5 To be familiar with the relevant sources of information, including constant updating, in order to practice one sources profession competently, accessing all the present and future tools of information search, constantly adapting to technological and social changes.
- C11 Ability to know, understand and use the principles and technology of materials.

- D2 Ability to organize, understand, assimilate, produce and handle all the relevant information to develop their
- professional work, using appropriate computing, mathematics, physics tools, etc. when these are required.

  To become aware of the need for continuous training and the constant improvement of quality, developing the values that are characteristic of scientific thinking, showing flexible, open and ethical attitudes in the face of different situations and opinions, particularly as regards non-discrimination on the grounds of gender, race or religion, respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.

Expected results from this subject				
Expected results from this subject		Training and Learning		
			Results	
To understand the basic concepts related to bonding, structure, and microstructure of the different		В1	C11	D2
types of materials.	A2			D5
	A3			
To understand the relationship between the microstructure and its mechanical, electric, thermal	A1	B1	C11	D2
and magnetic behaviour.	A2			D5
	А3			
To understand the basis of the mechanical behaviour of metals, ceramics, polymers, and		B1	C11	D2
composites.	A2			D5
	Α3			
To know the main techniques for structural characterization of materials.	A1	B1	C11	D2
	A4			D5
	A5			
To acquire skills in diagrams and graphics handling.	A1	B1	C11	D2
	A2	B5		D5
	А3			
	A5			
To be able to apply standards for materials testing.		B1	C11	D2
,	A2	В4		D5
	A5			
To acquire skills for performing tests.	A1	B4	C11	D2
	A2			
	Α5			

Contents	
Topic	
CHAPTER I. INTRODUCTION	I.1. The Science and Engineering of the Material. Definitions.
	I.2. Types of materials. Evolution and trends.
	I.3. Structure - Properties - Processing relations.
	I.4. Introduction to the mechanical, electrical, thermal, and magnetic properties of the materials.
	I.5. Introduction to the concept of design and selection of materials.
CHAPTER II. CRYSTAL STRUCTURES. UNIT CELLS	II.1. Crystal / amorphous arrangements. Differences.
	II.2. Characteristics of the crystal structures. Metallic, ionic, and covalent
	crystals.
	II.3. Study of the metallic crystals: BCC, FCC, HCP.
	II.4.Crystallographic directions. Crystallographic planes (Miller indices).
	II.5. Resolution of the crystal structure: X-ray diffraction.
CHAPTER III. IMPERFECTION IN SOLIDS.	III.1. Point defects.
DIFFUSION	III.2. Linear defects (dislocations). Physical meaning of the dislocations.
	III.3. Surface defects.
	III.4. Diffusión. Mechanisms.
	III.5. Fick's laws (stationary and non-stationary states).
	III.6. Industrial application of diffusion phenomena.
CHAPTER IV. TESTING AND MECHANICAL	V.1. Elastic deformation. Young modulus.
PROPERTIES	IV.2. Plastic deformation.
	IV.3. The tensile test: use of stress-strain diagram.
	IV.4. The compression and bend tests for brittle materials.
	IV.5. Hardness of materials. Hardness tests.
	IV.6. Impact test: toughness.
	IV.7. Fracture toughness: fracture mechanics.
	IV.8. Fatigue tests.
CHAPTER V. MECHANISMS OF DEFORMATION	V.1. Slipping mechanism: dislocations and plastic deformation.
	V.2. Deformation by twinning.
	V.3. Strain hardening by cold working.
	V.4. Annealing: recovery, recrystallization, and grain growth.

CHAPTER VI. SOLIDIFICATION AND SOLID-STATE	VI.1. Principles of solidification: pure metals. Nucleation and growth steps.
TRANSFORMATION	VI.2. Mechanism of strengthening by grain size reduction.
	VI.3. Solidification in ingot casting: cast structure.
	VI.4. Alloys: solid solution and intermediate phases. Solid-Solution
	Strengthening.
	VI.5. Cooling curves: pure materials and alloys.
	VI.6. Phase diagrams (I). Total solubility (binary isomorphous systems).
	Microsegregation. Eutectic and peritectic systems.
	VI.7. Phase diagrams (II). Solid-state transformations. Partial solubility in a
	solid state. Dispersion strengthening. Eutectoid reaction.
CHAPTER VII. MATERIALS FOR ENGINEERING (I):	VII.1. Ferrous alloys: steels and cast irons.
METALLIC MATERIALS	VII.2. The Iron-Iron Carbide (Fe-Fe3C) phase diagram. Allowing elements
METALLIC MATERIALS	and designation.
	VII.3. Isothermal Transformation Diagrams (TTT). Continuous Cooling
	Transformation Diagrams (CCT).
	VII.4. Heat treatment of steels: annealing, normalizing, quenching, and
	tempering.
	VII.5. Cast irons. Types: white cast iron, gray cast iron, ductile cast iron,
	and compacted graphite cast iron.
	VII.6. Nonferrous alloys. Light alloys (based on Al, Ti). Alloys based on Cu,
	Pb, Sn, Zn, and Ni.
CHAPTER VIII. MATERIALS FOR ENGINEERING (II):	
CERAMIC MATERIALS	VIII.2. Traditional ceramics: clay products, refractories, abrasives, cement,
	and concrete.
	VIII.3. Advanced ceramics.
	VIII.4. Glass ceramics: Characteristics, viscous deformation.
	VIII.5. Heat treatments and chemical treatments of glasses. Vitroceramics.
	Characteristics.
CHAPTER IX. MATERIALS FOR ENGINEERING (III):	IX.1. Polymerization. Types of polymers.
POLYMERIC MATERIALS	IX.2. General characteristics: thermal, mechanical, and chemical behavior.
	IX.3. Thermoplastic plastics: structure, crystallinity. Types.
	IX.4. Thermosetting plastics: structure. Types.
	IX.5. Elastomeric materials: structure, vulcanization. Rubbers,
	thermoplastic elastomers. Types
CHAPTER X. MATERIALS FOR ENGINEERING (IV):	X.1. Classification and general characteristics. Matrix and disperse phases.
COMPOSITE MATERIALS	X.2. Polymer matrix composites reinforced with fiber.
	X.3. Metal matrix composites and ceramic matrix composites.
	X.4. Laminar composites and sandwich structures.
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Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
22	35.5	57.5
10	27	37
14	14	28
4	6	10
es 0	14	14
1.5	0	1.5
1	0	1
0	1	1
	22 10	classroom           22         35.5           10         27           14         14           4         6

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Presentation by the teacher of the contents on the subject under study, theoretical and/or guidelines for a job, exercise, or project to be developed by the student.
Problem solving	Activity which formulated problem and/or exercises related to the course. The student should develop appropriate solutions or right through the exercise routines, application of formulas or algorithms, application processing procedures available information, and interpretation of the results. It is often used to complement the lecture.
Laboratory practical	Activities application of knowledge to specific situations and basic skills acquisition and related procedural matter under study. They are developed in specific spaces with specialized equipment (Laboratories, computer rooms, etc)
Case studies	Analysis of an event, issue, or actual event in order to know, interpret, solve, generate hypotheses, comparing data, reflect, complete knowledge, diagnose, and training in alternative dispute resolution procedures.

Personalized assistance		
Methodologies	Description	
Lecturing	Time devoted to attend and resolve doubts related to the main topics of the subject. In general, it will be developed individually, in-office hours, which will be provided in the presentation of the subject and it will be available to students in the online platform used by the teacher and the students. Doubts will also be solved directly in class, during the lectures. The tutorial sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, Moovi forums,) with prior agreement	
Problem solving	Time devoted to attend and resolve doubts related to the main topics of the subject. In general, it will be developed individually, in-office hours, which will be provided in the presentation of the subject and it will be available to students in the online platform used by the teacher and the students. Doubts will also be solved directly in class, during the lectures. The tutorial sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, Moovi forums,) with prior agreement	
Laboratory practical	Time devoted to attend and resolve doubts related to the main topics of the subject. Generally, students will be advised in small groups, although it can be done individually. This activity can be developed directly during laboratory activity or in-office hours. Useful information (office hours) will be provided at the beginning of the course. The tutorial sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, Moovi forums,) with prior agreement	
Case studies	Time that each teacher reserves to attend and solve doubts to the students in relation to aspects of the subject. Generally, In general, it will be developed individually, in-office hours, which will be provided in the presentation of the subject and it will be available to students in the online platform used by the teacher and the students. Doubts will also be solved directly in class, during the lectures. The tutorial sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, Moovi forums,) with prior agreement.	

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification	Training an Learning Results	d
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	Each laboratory session generates a report that must be done by the students individually.  The results expected from this subject are: To understand the basis of the mechanical behaviour of metals, ceramics, polymers and composites. To know the main techniques for structural characterization of materials.  To acquire skills in diagrams and graphics handing.  To be able to apply standards for materials testing. To acquire skills for performing tests.	10	A1 B1 C11 C A2 B4 C A3 B5 A5	D2 D5
Problem and/or exercise solving	These are exercises in which the contents are put into practice. theories presented in the magisterial session. They will be carried out throughout the semester, two short tests that will consist of exercises (each has a weighting of 10%). In the written exam to be held at the official date established by the center, exercises will be included (with a weighting of 25%).  The results expected from this subject are: To understand the basic concepts related to bonding, structure, and microstructure of the different types of material. To understand the relationship between the microstructure and its mechanical, electric, thermal and magnetic behaviour. To know the main techniques for structural characterization of materials. To acquire skills in diagrams and graphics handling.	45	A1 B1 C11 C A2 B5 C A3	D2 D5
Essay questions exar	They consist in short questions included in the final exam.  nThe results expected from this subject are: To understand the basic concepts related to bonding, structure, and microstructure of the different types of material. To understand the relationship between the microstructure and its mechanical, electric, thermal and magnetic behaviour. To know the main techniques for structural characterization of materials. To acquire skills in diagrams and graphics handling.	15	A1 B1 C11 C A2 B4 C A3 B5 A4	D2 D5

Objective Tests assessing knowledge that includes closed with response alternatives questions examquestions (true/false, multiple choice, matching of elements...). Three tests will

be carried out, two related to the subject taught in the master sessions and a third focused on knowledge acquired in laboratory practices. Each of them represents the 10%.

The results expected from this subject are: To understand the basic concepts related to bonding, structure, and microstructure of the different types of material. To understand the relationship between the microstructure and its mechanical, electric, thermal and magnetic behaviour. To know the main techniques for structural characterization of materials. To acquire skills in diagrams and graphics handling.

A1 B1 C11 D5 A2 B5 A5

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## Other comments on the Evaluation

Those students who refuse to carry out continuous assessment may achieve 100% of the grade in the written exam, both at first and second chance.

On the second opportunity, the written exam will be worth 100% of the grade for all students, and will include the resolution of exercises as well as development guestions and objective guestions.

Exam schedule. Verify/consult updated information on the center's website:

http://minaseenerxia.uvigo.es/es/docencia/examenes

#### Sources of information

#### **Basic Bibliography**

Callister, William D.; Rethwisch, David G.,, Ciencia e Ingeniería de Materiales, 2ª, Reverté, 2016

Callister, William D.; Rethwisch, David G.,, Materials Science and Engineering. An Introduction, 9th, Wiley, 2014

Asleland, Donald R. ; Fulay, Pradeep P. ; Wright, Wendelin J., **Ciencia e Ingeniería de Materiales**, 5ª, CENGAGE Learning, 2015

Asleland, Donald R.; Fulay, Pradeep P.; Wright, Wendelin J., **Science and Engineering of Materials**, 7th, CENGAGE Learning, 2015

Shackelford, James F., Introduction to Materials Science for Engineers, 8th, Pearson Education, 2016

Shackelford, James F., Introducción a la ciencia de materiales para ingenieros, 7ª, Pearson Educación, S.A., 2010

**Complementary Bibliography** 

Smith, W.; Hashemi, Javad, **Fundamentos de la ciencia e ingeniería de materiales**, 5ª, McGraw-Hill, 2010

Smith, W.; Hashemi, Javad, Foundations Of Materials Science And Engineering, 5th, McGraw-Hill Education, 2009

J.M. Montes; F.G. Cuevas; J. Cintas, Ciencia e Ingeniería de los Materiales, 1ª, Paraninfo, 2014

Pero-Sanz, Antonio J., Ciencia e ingenieria de materiales. Estructura, transformaciones, propiedades y selección, 5ª, CIE-Dossat, 2000

#### Recommendations

### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Materials resistance/V09G291V01203

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/V09G291V01102 Physics: Physics II/V09G291V01107 Chemistry: Chemistry/V09G291V01105