# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

Subject Guide 2023 / 2024

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IDENTIFYIN						
	cs: Calculus 2					
Subject	Mathematics:					
	Calculus 2					
Code	V05G301V01106					
Study	Grado en Ingeniería					
programme	de Tecnologías de					
	Telecomunicación					
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester		
	6	Basic education	1st	2nd		
Teaching	Spanish					
language						
Department						
	Álvarez Vázquez, Lino José					
Lecturers	Álvarez Vázquez, Lino José					
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E-mail	lino@dma.uvigo.es					
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal					
General	The matter of Calculus II of the Degree in Enginee					
description	common training to the branch of the telecommu					
	students should be able to formulate, to solve and					
	telecommunication at the end of the lectures. For					
	of one and several variables and its meaning and					
	approximation for this kind of integrals. On the other hand, they should become familiar with the developments of functions in Fourier series. Also, they will have to know how to solve differential equations of first and second					
	order. Finally, they should know to handle the Lap					
	these contents are notable for several matters that	at they must to study sin	iuicaneousiy of	later in the degree.		

## Training and Learning Results

Code

- B3 CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that enables the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and adapt to new situations
- B4 CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.
- C1 CE1/FB1: The ability to solve mathematical problems in Engineering. The aptitude to apply knowledge about linear algebra, geometry, differential geometry, differential and integral calculus, differential and partial differential equations; numerical methods, numerical algorithms, statistics and optimization

D2 CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.

D3 CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.

Expected results from this subject					
Expected results from this subject		Training and Learning Results			
	B4		D3		
Knowledge of the necessary theoretical bases for the analysis of Fourier.	B3	C1	D2		
	B4		D3		
Knowledge and handle of the simple techniques for the integration of ordinary differential	B3	C1	D2		
equations.	B4		D3		
Understanding the basic theory of integration of functions of one and several variables.	B3	C1	D2		
	B4		D3		

Topic

Горіс	
Subject 1. Integral calculus in R.	The Riemann integral: integrable functions.
	Fundamental theorems of the integral calculus.
	Computation of primitives: integration by parts and change of variable.
	Improper integrals.
Subject 2. Numerical methods for the	Quadrature rules of interpolating polynomial type.
approximation of integrals.	Properties. Interpolation error.
	Particular cases: Poncelet, Trapezoidal and Simpson.
	Composite quadrature rules.
Subject 3. Fourier series and Fourier transform.	Orthogonal functions.
	Fourier series.
	Developments of Fourier series for odd and even functions. Convergence.
	The Fourier transform.
Subject 4. Multiple integration.	The double and triple integrals in elementary regions.
	Change in the order of integration.
	Theorems for the change of variable.
	Applications.
Subject 5. The Laplace transform.	Definition of the Laplace transform.
	Properties.
Subject 6. Ordinary differential equations.	Generalities on the differential equations: concept of solution, families of
	curves and orthogonal trajectories.
	Differential equations of first order: existence and uniqueness of solution,
	exact equations, separate variables, homogeneous equations and linear
	equations.
	Differential equations of second order: existence and uniqueness of
	solution for linear differential equations, application of the Laplace
	transform, indeterminate coefficients, variation of parameters, equation of
	Cauchy-Euler.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the	Total hours
		classroom	
Problem solving	21	21	42
Laboratory practical	3	0	3
Lecturing	36	60	96
Problem and/or exercise solving	3	6	9
*The information in the planning table is for	or quidance only and does no	t take into account the het	arogeneity of the students

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Methodologies	
	Description
Problem solving	In these hours of work the professor will solve problems of each one of the subjects and will enter new methods of solution no contained in the master classes from a practical point of view. The student also will have to solve problems proposed by the professor with the aim to apply the obtained knowledges. Through this methodology the competencies B3, B4, C1, D2 and D3 are developed.
Laboratory practical	In these practices, the computer tool MATLAB will be used to study and to apply the numerical methods of approximation of integrals described in the Theme 2 of the matter. Through this methodology the competencies B4, C1, D2 and D3 are developed.
Lecturing	The professor will expose in this type of classes the theoretical contents of the matter. Through this methodology the competencies B3, C1, D2 and D3 are developed.

Personalized assistance		
Methodologies	Description	
Lecturing	The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students. He will solve doubts in his office, in the classes of problems, and in the laboratory. Also the Web platform Moovi and the email will be used to help the students. They will have occasion of to attend tutorial sessions in a timetable established at the beginning of the course and which will be published in Moovi (https://moovi.uvigo.gal/user/profile.php?id=11586).	
Problem solving	The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students. He will solve doubts in his office, in the classes of problems, and in the laboratory. Also the Web platform Moovi and the email will be used to help the students. They will have occasion of to attend tutorial sessions in a timetable established at the beginning of the course and which will be published in Moovi (https://moovi.uvigo.gal/user/profile.php?id=11586).	

Laboratory practical

The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students. He will solve doubts in his office, in the classes of problems, and in the laboratory. Also the Web platform Moovi and the email will be used to help the students. They will have occasion of to attend tutorial sessions in a timetable established at the beginning of the course and which will be published in Moovi (https://moovi.uvigo.gal/user/profile.php?id=11586).

Assessment	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results		
Problem and/or exercise solving	<ul> <li>* Three "one hour sessions":</li> <li>1st session: Themes 1, 2 and 3.</li> <li>2nd session: Theme 4.</li> <li>3rd session: Themes 5 and 6.</li> <li>These three sessions account for 60% of the score with the following weights:</li> <li>First: 20% (2 points)</li> <li>Second: 20% (2 points)</li> <li>Third: 20% (2 points)</li> <li>* One final exam: 40% (4 points)</li> <li>Individual assessment</li> </ul>	100	B3 B4	C1	D2 D3

#### Other comments on the Evaluation

The evaluation will preferably be continuous. The student will be enrolled in this kind of assessment if he attends any evaluable session. Once enrolled, it is impossible to unsubscribe from continuous assessment.

The exams of continuous evaluation are not recoverable, ie, if a student can not attend the test in the date stipulated by the teacher, it is impossible to require the repetition. Before performing each test, both the approximate date of publication of the qualifications and the date and procedure for review them will be communicated. The score obtained at the evaluable tasks will be only valid for the academic year in which the student make them.

In tests of continuous assessment the student will solve problems and exercises of the topics of matter.

The schedule of the midterm/intermediate exams will be approved in the Comisión Académica de Grado (CAG) and will be available at the beginning of each academic semester.

#### 1. Continuous assessment.

The final score for a student who makes continuous assessment is given by the formula

#### N = C + E

C: Grade obtained by adding the scores of the three sessions of the items 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.E: Grade of the final examination of the items 4, 5 and 6.

#### In this mode a student will pass the subject when N is greater than or equal to 5.

#### 2. Global assessment.

Those students who fail to continuous assessment may be submitted to a final exam of all topics in the subject on the same date that the final exam of continuous assessment.

These students will be evaluated from 0 to 10 points and they will pass the subject when the obtained score is greater than or equal to 5.

#### 3. Extraordinary exam.

Previously to the exam students who chose continuous assessment may choose, if desired, for an exam of the items 4, 5 and 6. The final grade is obtained as

### NR = C + ER

**C**: Grade obtained by adding the scores of the three sessions of the items 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

**ER**: Grade the final recovery examination of the items 4, 5 and 6.

In this mode a student will pass the subject when NR is greater than or equal to 5.

If they do not choose that option, the student will be assessed in all the issues on the subject.

In this other method they will be evaluated from 0 to 10 points. A student **will pass the subject when the obtained score is greater than or equal to 5**.

#### 4. Qualification of not presented.

Finally, a student is considered not presented **if is not enrolled in the continuous assessment and does not attend any of the examinations** of the subject. Otherwise the student is considered presented.

#### 5. End-of-program exam.

The student will be assessed in all the issues on the subject.

 Sources of information

 Basic Bibliography

 D. Zill - W.S. Wright, Cálculo de una variable, 4ª, McGraw-Hill, 2011

 J.E. Marsden - A.J. Tromba, Cálculo vectorial, 5ª, Addison-Wesley, 2004

 D.G. Zill - M.R. Cullen, Ecuaciones diferenciales, 3ª, Thomson, 2002

 Complementary Bibliography

 A. Quarteroni - F. Saleri, Cálculo científico con Matlab y Octave, 1ª, Springer, 2006

Subjects that continue the syllabus Physics: Fields and Waves/V05G301V01202

#### Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Physics: Analysis of Linear Circuits/V05G301V01108 Mathematics: Probability and Statistics/V05G301V01107

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Linear algebra/V05G301V01102 Mathematics: Calculus 1/V05G301V01101