Subject Guide 2023 / 2024



IDENTIFYIN				
	calculation tools for engineering			
Subject	Advanced			
	calculation tools for			
	engineering			
Code	V04M183V01112			
Study	Máster			
programme	Universitario en			
	Industria 4.0			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	3	Optional	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
-	English			
Department				
Coordinator	•			
Lecturers	Karkkainen , Tatja			
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General	More than one million jobs in STEM (Science, Tech			
description	in the next four years in Spain, according to estim			
	The last letter of the acronym is where this subjec			
	transition to the Fourth Industrial Revolution. They			
	present and will be in the future. Maths, in fact, co			
	fact is that, although the main work of mathematic			
	the world of the real and palpable. Therefore, it is	important to highlig	ht the importance	ce and role of this
	discipline in the new era of digitalisation.			
	In this subject we have focused on two main areas			. Non a formula de al
	- On the one hand, the application of Differential E			
	integration algorithms in mathematical software e		oplication can be	made multiple
	problems, among them those related to manufact		omatics within t	ha ccana of Industry 4.0
	- On the other hand, the second major application is called 'topological data analysis' and deals with			
	information can be extracted from a site and the o			
	iniormation can be extracted from a site and the C	amerent ways in Will	cir tile uata is sil	apeu. Hiis is a Helu

Training and Learning Results

Code

- A2 Students should be able to apply their acquired knowledge and problem-solving skills in new or unfamiliar environments within broader (or multidisciplinary) contexts related to their area of study.
- A3 Students are able to integrate knowledge and deal with the complexity of making judgements based on information which, being incomplete or limited, includes reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of their knowledge and judgements.

where Big Data and Machine Learning represent recent fields of great actuality and demand of professionals for the jobs of the future. In this section these techniques will be applied to problems of Industrial Organization

- B2 Problem solving.
- B4 Information management capacity.
- B7 Computer skills related to the field of study.

such as Resource Allocation or routes.

- C31 Know the advanced computer tools for mathematical calculation and their use in design and manufacturing engineering applications
- C32 Select and apply advanced calculation tools for solving mathematical problems in the field of design engineering and manufacturing
- D1 Ability to understand the meaning and application of the gender perspective in different areas of knowledge and in professional practice with the aim of achieving a more just and equal society

D2 Incorporate criteria of sustainability and environmental commitment into professional practice. To acquire skills in the equitable, responsible and efficient use of resources

Expected results from this subject Expected results from this subject	Training and	
Expected results from this subject	Learning Results	
The student knows for what, in which tasks and how the advanced software tools of mathematical	A3	
calculation can be used, in the industrial environment.	B2	
	B4	
	B7	
	C31	
	D1	
	D2	
The student acquires the necessary skills in the use of advanced mathematical calculation software	A2	
	B2	
	B7	
	C31	
	D1	
	D2	
The student acquires basic and advanced skills in programming languages for scientific use.	A2	
	B2	
	B7	
	C31	
	C32	
	D1	
	D2	
The student is able to use programming languages for problem solving in engineering.	A2	
The student acquires the necessary skills in the use of advanced mathematical calculation softwen environments to pose and solve engineering problems in industry. The student acquires basic and advanced skills in programming languages for scientific use. The student is able to use programming languages for problem solving in engineering.	B2	
	B4	
	B7	
	C32	
	D1	
	D2	
El/La estudiante diagnostica problemas y propone soluciones con herramientas de cálculo y cómo se	A2	
	A3	
	B4	
	C32	
	D1	
	D2	

Contents	
Topic	
1 Differential Equations applied in Engineering	Implementation of numerical integration algorithms of differential equations in mathematical software environments. Application to different types of problems related to manufacturing processes.
2 Implementation of Algorithms for the Industry4.0	Study problems in the production organization environment by reviewing algorithms, implementing them and applying them in real situations in the context of Industry 4.0

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Problem solving	9	15	24
Practices through ICT	7.5	7.5	15
Project based learning	2.5	14.5	17
Lecturing	4	6	10
Objective questions exam	0.5	5	5.5
Presentation	0.5	2	2.5
Systematic observation	1	0	1

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description

Problem solving	Activity in which problems and/or exercises related to the subject are formulated. The student must develop the appropriate solutions by means of the execution of routines, the application of formulas or algorithms, the application of procedures of transformation of the available information and the interpretation of the results. It is usually used as a complement to a master class.
Practices through ICT	Activities for applying knowledge to specific situations and acquiring basic and procedural skills
	related to the subject matter. They are developed through ICTs in an autonomous way.
Project based learning	Carrying out activities that allow the interaction of several subjects and train students in teamwork, with open problems. They allow to form, among others, the capacities of learning in cooperation, leadership, organization, communication and strengthening of the interpersonal relations.
Lecturing	Presentation by the teacher of the contents on the subject of study, theoretical bases and/or
	guidelines of a work, exercise or project to be developed by the student.

Personalized assistance			
Methodologies	Description		
Problem solving	The teachers propose, guide, review and correct the approach and resolution of problems and/or exercises individually or in groups. Even if the activities are carried out autonomously, the students will have tutorial sessions at all times so that the teachers can control the activity.		
Practices through ICT	Develop and provide a script to guide the resolution of the problem or activities. To carry out the follow-up evaluation of the activities. Control and individual evaluation of activities. Even if the activities are carried out autonomously, the students will have tutorial sessions at all times so that the teachers can control the activity.		
Project based learning	Design a real project that allows students to deepen their skills. Control and individual evaluation of activities. Even if the activities are carried out autonomously, the students will have tutorial sessions at all times so that the teachers can control the activity.		
Tests	Description		
Objective questions exam	Individualized attention to students during the tests. Review of tests and evaluation activities.		
Presentation	Preparation of evaluation activities and evaluation criteria/indicators Review of evidence and evaluation activities. Communication of results (publication of notes and data and/or review procedure). Even if the activities are carried out autonomously, the students will have tutorial sessions at all times so that the teaching staff can monitor the activity.		
Systematic observation	Preparation of a list of aspects to be evaluated. Observation of the students.		

Assessment						
	Description	Qualification			ng a g Re	
Problem solving	Test in which students must solve a series of problems and/or exercises in a time/conditions established by the teacher. In this way, students must apply the knowledge they have acquired. Different tools can be used to apply this technique such as, for example, chat, mail, forum, audio conference, video conference, etc. Problem solving evaluates knowledge and skills, but not attitudes.		A2	B2 B4 B7		<u> </u>
Project based learning	Presentation of a project by a group or individually Objectives: To evaluate higher thinking. Analysis, synthesis and evaluation are valued. The project evaluates knowledge, skills and attitudes.				C31 C32	
Objective questions exam	Tests that evaluate knowledge that include closed questions with different answer alternatives (true/false, multiple choice, matching of elements). Students select an answer from a limited number of possibilities (preferably four) with a reduction for failure of a value equal to the percentage of success (-0.25 pts. in the case of four possible answers if the value of the question is 1 pt). The test of objective questions only evaluates knowledge. It does not evaluate skills or attitudes. It evaluates skills of inferior thinking. It assesses knowledge, understanding and application.		A2 A3	B7	C31	
Presentation	Presentation by the students to the teacher and/or a group of students of an aspect on the contents of the subject or the results of a work, exercise, project It can be carried out individually or in a group. In the presentation, knowledge, skills and attitudes are evaluated. The objective is to evaluate higher thinking (analysis and synthesis).	15	A2		C31 C32	
Systematic observation	Careful, rational, planned and systematic perception to describe and record the manifestations of student behaviour. It is possible to assess learning and actions and how they are carried out valuing order, precision, dexterity, efficiency The aim is to evaluate higher thinking.	•	A3		C31 C32	

Other comments on the Evaluation

Students who do not pass the subject in continuous training at the first opportunity of each academic year, in which the distribution of evaluation weights is as stablished above, will have the possibility of having an exam of objective questions, worth 100% of the final mark, in successive calls that are not the first opportunity of each academic year

Ethical commitment: Students are expected to behave ethically. If unethical behaviour is detected (copying, plagiarism, use of unauthorised electronic devices,...), the student will be considered to be ineligible to pass the subject. Depending on the type of unethical behaviour detected, it could be concluded that the student has not reached the necessary skills to overcome the subject. Students are expected to behave in a respectful and dignified manner and to collaborate with the teaching system, teaching staff, coordination and administrative and services personnel of the Master's degree. Any question due to the lack of ethical and dignified behaviour of the student body may have repercussions on the evaluation of the subject.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

de Arriba et al., **Implementación e desenvolvemento de aulas de xeometría Euclídea e diferencial en SAGE**, 1ª, Servicio de publicaciones de la UVigo, 2020

Amos Gilat, MATLAB: una introducción con ejemplos prácticos, 1ª, Reverté, 2006

Heiner Lasi, Peter Fettke, Thomas Feld, Michael Hoffmann, **Industry 4.0**, Vol. 6: Iss. 4, 239-242, Business & Information Systems Engineering, AI, 2014

Complementary Bibliography

Crouzeix, M., Mignot, A.L., **Analyse Numerique des équations différentielles**, 2eme. ed. révisée et augm., Masson, 1992 Gekeler, Eckart,, **Mathematical methods for mechanics : a handbook with MATLAB experiments**, 1st, Springer, 2008 A Charnes, WW Cooper, E Rhodes, **Measuring the efficiency of decision making units**, 2, 429-444., European Journal of Operational Research, Elsevier, 1978

Muhammad A.Razi, Kuriakose Athappilly, **A comparative predictive analysis of neural networks (NNs), nonlinear regression and classification and regression tree (CART) models**, Volume 29, Issue 1, 65-74, Expert Systems with Applications, Elsevier, 2005

Recommendations