# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

### Subject Guide 2022 / 2023

<b>IDENTIFYIN</b>	IG DATA science: Computing for engineering			
Subject	Computer science:			
Subject	Computing for			
	engineering			
Code	V12G363V01203			
Study	Grado en			
programme	Ingeniería en			
p g	Tecnologías			
	Industriales			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
· ·	6	Basic education	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
	English			
Department				
Coordinator	Rodríguez Damian, María			
	Sáez López, Juan			
Lecturers	Ibáñez Paz, Regina			
	Manzanedo García, Antonio			
	Pérez Cota, Manuel			
	Rodríguez Damian, Amparo			
	Rodríguez Damian, María			
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General	They treat the following contents:			
description	Methods and basic algorithms of programmin	a		
uescription	Programming of computers by means of a lar			
	Architecture of computers	gaage of myn level		
	Operating systems			
	basic Concepts of databases			

Ski	lls
Cod	e
B3	CG3 Knowledge of basic and technological subjects that enable students to learn new methods and theories, and to
	adapt to new situations.
B4	CG4 Ability to solve problems through initiative, decision-making, creativity, critical reasoning, and to communicate and
	transmit knowledge, skills and abilities in the field of industrial engineering.
C3	CE3 Basic knowledge on the use and programming of computers, operating systems, databases and software
	applications in engineering.
D1	CT1 Analysis and synthesis.
D2	CT2 Problem solving.
D5	CT5 Information Management.
D6	CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study.
D7	CT7 Ability to organize and plan.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.
Lea	rning outcomes
Exp	ected results from this subject Training and Learning Results
Con	nputer and operating system skills. B3 C3 D5
	D6
	D7

Basic understanding of how computers work	B3	C3	D1 D5
Skills regarding the use of computer tools for engineering	B3	C3	D5
			D6
			D7
			D17
Database fundamentals	B3	C3	D1
			D5
			D6
			D7
Capability to implement simple algorythims using a programming language	B3	C3	D2
	B4		D7
			D17
Structured and modular programming fundamentals	B3	C3	D2
	B4		D5
			D17

Contents	
Торіс	
Concepts and basic technicians of programming	Paradigms of programming
applied to the engineering	Programming structured
	Programming languages
	Python features
Foundations of Python	Types of variables
-	data and operators
	Comments
	Functions and standard Modules.
	Import and use of modules.
	Input-Output and control of errors
Structures of control	Decision if-else
	Iterative: while
	Boolean algebra
Sequences and iterative	Working with sequences: lists, tuples and string
	Types of data mutable and no mutable
	Concepts of reference and value
	Indexes of the sequences
	Cycle for- in
	Operators and sequences
	Functions and methods of sequences
Lists and List of lists	Operators and methods
	Characteristics of the lists
	Working with lists
	Indexes and iterate lists
Functions and own Modules	Definition and creation of functions
	Types of parameters and return values
	Concepts of value and reference in the parameters
	Scope of the variables
	Creation and invocation of modules
Persistence	Files, definitions and characteristics
	Basic operations with the files
Graphic interface	Creation of windows and widgets
	Manipulation of graphic elements
	Utilisation of variable control
Basic concepts of Computing	Computer Architecture
	Components: hardware, software
	Operating systems
	Databases
	Databases

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Introductory activities	1	1	2
Practices through ICT	22	24	46
Problem solving	11	18	29
Previous studies	1	5	6
Autonomous problem solving	6	20	26
Lecturing	10	0	10

Objective questions exam	4	7	11	
Problem and/or exercise solving	8	12	20	

	only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.
· · · · ·	

Methodologies	
	Description
Introductory activities	Activities directed to take contact, gather information on the students, creation of groups, tasks of organisation, as well as present the subject.
Practices through ICT	Activities of application of the knowledges to concrete situations and of acquisition of basic skills and process related with the matter object of study. They develop in special spaces with equipment facilitated by the School, and expects that each student have his own laptop or the facilitated by the School.
Problem solving	Analysis of a fact, problem or real event with the purpose to know it, interpret it, resolve it, generate hypothesis, contrast data, complete knowledges, diagnose it and train in alternative procedures of solution.
Previous studies	Reading and understanding by part of the student of some subjects or parts of subjects to deepen in the knowledge of the same in class.
Autonomous problem solving	Resolution by part of the student of the different type of problems posed, being able to identify the efficiency of each method of resolution proposed.
Lecturing	Exhibition by part of the professor of the contents on the matter object of study, theoretical bases and/or guidelines of a work, exercise or project to develop by the student.

Personalized assistance				
Methodologies	Description			
Problem solving	They will resolve the doubts posed by the students. Teachers' tutoring in the agreed format.			
Practices through ICT	Attention in the laboratory to the doubts that present or will indicate him the way to be followed so that the person find the solution. Teachers' tutoring in the schedule and format stipulated.			

	Description	Qualification	Le	ining earni Resul	ng
Practices through ICT	Group of proofs that include the solution of problems, exercises of practical type, and activities to resolve.	70			
Objective questions exam	Proofs for the evaluation of the competitions purchased that include questions with different alternative of answer (true/false, multiple election,)	15	B3	C3	D5
Problem and/or exercise solving	e Resolution of practical exercises	15			

## Other comments on the Evaluation

Ethical commitment:

Students are expected to behave ethically. If unethical behaviour is detected (copying, plagiarism, use of unauthorized electronic devices and others), then it will be considered that the student does not meet the minimum requirements to pass thecourse. In this case, the final grade for the current academic year will befailed (0.0).

In addition to the ethical commitment, the following is underlined:

In the first place, a person registered in the course is by default subject to the continuous assessment system; if the student does not want to be in this system, the he/she must expressly renounce to it within the established deadlines.

# CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT OPERATION

In the present course, the continuous assessment will collect all the evidence oflearning from the person enrolled and will be

grouped into three assessments. The first two will take place preferably in the laboratories: Test 1 and Test2. The third

evaluation may be written: Test 3. If the student does notrenounce to the continuous evaluation system, tests that are not

attended will be considered as qualified as zero (0.0). A minimum score of 30% out of 10 (3.0points) must be obtained in the

last two evaluations: Test 2 and Test 3, inorder to be eligible to have the final average calculated. If this requirementis not

met and the final average is equal to or greater than 5, the final grade will be 4:

Test 1 \* 0.3 + (Test 2>=3) \* 0.4 + (Test 3>=3) \* 0.3 >=5

A student is considered passed if he/she obtains a five or more in compliance with all the requirements.

#### First call (May/June):

The following must be met to pass the subject under continuous assessment:

Test 1 \* 0.3 + (Test 2>=3) \* 0.4 + (Test 3>=3) \* 0.3 >= 5

Once thefirst evaluation: Test 1, has been carried out, the person enrolled may request o abandon the continuous evaluation system (within the period and by the meansestablished by the teaching staff). In this way, the person enrolled will beable to follow the non-continuous assessment system.

#### Second call (June/July):

If a person does not reach the passing level in the first exam (May/June) but has passed the minimum mark in the second exam: Test 2, in the second call (June/July) he/she can choose to keep the grades of the first two tests, and take a 4-points exam, or take a 100% exam in the subject (10 points). If the person takes the 3-points test, he/she will be asked for a minimum score of 30% out of 10 (3. 0 points) in order to calculate the final grade. If this requirement is not met and the final average is equal to or greater than 5, the final grade will be 4.

#### NON-CONTINUOUS EVALUATION OPERATION

An exam that allows students to obtain 100% of the grade. The exam may be divided into sections, minimuns can be required.

#### First call (May/June):

Registered students who have expressly renounced to the continuous assessment system may take the May/June exam (on the date and at the time proposed by the School) and take an exam that allows them to obtain 100% of the grade. This exam is not open to those who have failed the continuous assessment.

#### Second call (June/July):

An exam will be proposed to evaluate 100% of the subject, for those who have not achieved the minimum mark in the first call.

The version of the guide was made in Spanish. For any doubt or contradiction, the Spanish guide will be mandatory.

Sources of information			
Basic Bibliography			
Eric Matthes, Python Crash Course, 3rd Edition: A Hands-On, Project-Based Introduction to Programming, 3, No			
Starch Press, 2022			
Silvia Guardati Buemo y Osvaldo Cairó Battistutti, <b>De cero al infinito. Aprende a programar en Python</b> , Cairó, 2020			
Juan Diego Pérez Villa, Introducción a la informática. Guía visual, Anaya Multimedia, 2022			
Complementary Bibliography			
Jane Holcombe y Charles Holcombe, ISE Survey of Operating Systems, 7, McGraw Hill, 2022			
Antonio Postigo Palacios, <b>Bases de datos</b> , Ediciones Paraninfo, 2021			

#### Recommendations