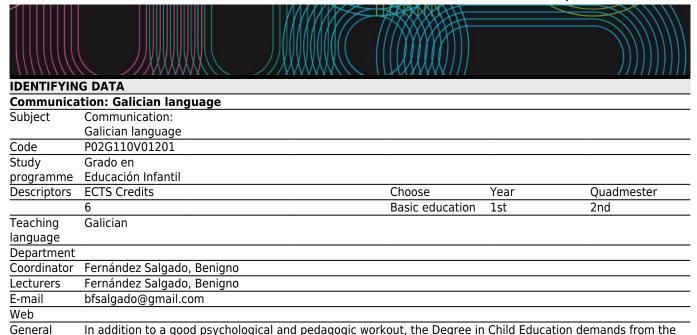
Universida_{de}Vigo

Subject Guide 2021 / 2022



The main goal of this subject is to develop linguistic and communication capacities in a consistent way so that a comprehensive education and the transmission of knowledge to the students are favoured. In addition to listening, three linguistic skills must be improved and developed in the classroom: proficient reading skills (comprehension, rhythm, and elocution), spoken communicative skills (correction, clarity, and fluency) and effective writing skills (coherence, cohesion, and grammaticality).

Future teachers should, therefore, have a good command of a suitable level of Galician language in order to perform their tasks efficiently: by using Galician as the main language in teaching, by playing the role of linguistic models for their students and by correcting the inadequacies an mistakes they can make when talking and writing.

Skills

description

Code

B2 Promote and facilitate the learnings in the first infancy, from a perspective globalizadora and integradora of the different cognitive dimensions, emotional, psicomotora and volitiva.

future teacher a good competence in the most basic communication tool: language.

- B4 Boost the convivencia in the classroom and out of her and tackle the peaceful resolution of conflicts. Know observe systematically contexts of learning and convivencia and know reflexionar on them.
- B5 Reflexionar In group on the acceptance of norms and the respect to the other. Promote the autonomy and the singularity of each student like factors of education of the emotions, the feelings and the values in the first infancy.
- Know the evolution of the language in the first infancy, know identify possible dysfunctions and look after his correct evolution. Tackle with efficiency situations of learning of tongues in contexts multiculturales and multilingual. Express oralmente and by writing and dominate the use of different technical of expression.
- B11 Reflexionar On the practices of classroom for innovar and improve the educational work Purchase habits and skills for the autonomous and cooperative learning and promote it in the students.
- C43 Favour the capacities of speech and of writing.
- C44 Know and dominate technicians of oral expression and written.
- C46 Comprise the step of the oralidad to the writing and know the different registers and uses of the tongue.
- C48 Face situations of learning of tongues in multilingual contexts.
- C49 Recognise and value the suitable use of the verbal language and no verbal.
- C50 Know and use properly resources for the animation to the reading and to the writing.
- D1 Capacity of analysis and synthesis
- D2 Capacity of organisation and planning
- D3 oral and written Communication
- D4 Knowledge of foreign tongue
- D7 Resolution of problems
- D9 Work in team
- D11 Skills in the interpersonal relations

D12 I	Recognition of the diversity and multiculturalidad
D13 (critical Reasoning
D14	ethical Commitment
D15 a	autonomous Learning
D17 (Creativity
D18 I	Leadership

Learning outcomes			
Expected results from this subject	Training and Lear Results		
Understanding the basic principles of the sciences of language and communication.	B2	C48 C49	D3 D9 D11 D13 D14
Speaking, reading and writing Galician correctly and properly.		C43 C44 C46 C50	D1 D2 D3 D11 D13 D15
Knowledge and command of techniques of oral and written expression in order to improve linguistic and communication skills, particularly, with a view to improve the writting of academic texts.		C44 C46	D1 D3 D13 D17
Knowledge of Galician phonetics and spellings of the Galician writing system.	-	C43	D3 D15
Knowledge of the grammar of the Galician tongue.		C44 C48	D1 D3 D12 D15
Knowledge of the different registers and uses of Galician language.	B2 B4 B5 B6		D3 D18
Knowledge of the way Galician words are formed from internal sources.	-	C43 C49	D1 D3 D7
Knowledge and good use of vocabulary to express ideas accurately, both orally and in written texts.	B6 B11		D3 D4 D7 D11 D12 D15

Contents				
Topic				
Phonetics and spelling	Phonetic and writing system of Galician.			
	Written accent.			
	Words of dubious spelling.			
	Punctuation marks.			
	Consonantical groups.			
Grammar	Noun and adjective.			
	Article.			
	Personal pronoun.			
	Demonstrative.			
	Possessive.			
	Numerals. Indefinite pronouns and adjectives			
	Relatives, interrogatives and exclamatives.			
	The adverb.			
	The verb. Personal infinitive. Verbal periphrases.			
	The elements of relation: prepositions and conjunctions.			
	Syntax. Noun and verb concordance. Sentence construction.			

Lexicon. Derivative Morphology.

Patrimonial, semilearned and learned words.

Word formation

Derivation: prefixation, sufixation, parasynthesis.

Compounding. Other methods.

Irregular lexical families.

Neologisms.

Lexical interferences.

Lexical accuracy: word choice, common mistakes, clichés, uses and

ahuses

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Problem solving	15	30	45
Mentored work	8	30	38
Lecturing	30	30	60
Presentation	3	4	7

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Problem solving	Guided Project (text writing, dialectological study or analysis of any linguistic aspect concerning form or content).
Mentored work	Exercises related to each of the programme's subjects.
Lecturing	Exercises or projects in the classroom following the guidelines and supervision of the professor. They can be related to the students' developments achieved with autonomous tasks.

Personalized assistance

Methodologies Description

Problem solving	By means of personalised attention at my office (209, Faculty of CCSS) or by electronic mail
	(lingua2@gmail.com). There will be the possibility to provide each student of groups of students
	personalized attentionthrough the available telematic means (UVigo Campus Remoto: videoconference;
	forums in FAITIC).

Mentored work In the case that there is no face-to-face teaching, personalized attention will be provided online at the office 863 or via email and at the Faitic forums.

Assessme	nt					
	Description	Qualification	on Trainii	ning and Learning Results		
Problem solving	Final Examination (30%) Presentation of the course project (10%)	40	B4 B6 B11	C43 C44	D2 D3 D7 D15	
Mentored w	ork The practical work is of two types. The students must worrk in a team group on one of the subjects proposed in the classroom (40%). The practical exercises of grammar and vocabulary made at home and destined to speak and write properly and correctly amount to remaining 20%.	60	B4 B6 B11	C43 C44 C46 C48 C49 C50	D1 D2 D3 D7 D11 D13 D15 D17 D18	

Other comments on the Evaluation

Model A: Continuous evaluation: in order to pass the subject, students will have to get 5 points in the written work, the exercises and the exams.

Model B. Single assesment: students unattending regular classes will have to take a final exam (100% of the mark).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

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Complementary Bibliography

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Santamarina, A. (dir.), Dicionario de dicionarios, Versión 3, A Coruña: Fundación Barrié de la Maza,

Sousa, X. e Álvarez, R. (eds.), **A toponímia em foco: princípios, métodos, enfoques / Guavira Letras, nº 25**, Universidade Federal do Mato Grosso do Sul,

Recommendations

Other comments

- -A filing card with a personal photograph must be handed in within the first two weeks of class.
- We recommend that Erasmus and foreign students possess some knowledge of Galician (level B2) to study this subject.

Contingency plan

Description

=== EXCEPTIONAL PLANNING ===

Given the uncertain and unpredictable evolution of the health alert caused by COVID-19, the University of Vigo establishes an extraordinary planning that will be activated when the administrations and the institution itself determine it, considering safety, health and responsibility criteria both in distance and blended learning. These already planned measures guarantee, at the required time, the development of teaching in a more agile and effective way, as it is known in advance (or well in advance) by the students and teachers through the standardized tool.