# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

#### Subject Guide 2020 / 2021

IDENTIFYIN	-			
	science: Computing for engineering			
Subject	Computer science:			
	Computing for engineering			
Code	V12G770V01107			
Study	(*)PCEO Grao en			
programme				
programme	Mecánica/Grao en			
	Enxeñaría en			
	Electrónica			
	Industrial e			
	Automática			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Basic education	1st	2nd
Teaching	Spanish			
language	Galician			
Department	English			
Coordinator				
coordinator	Rodríguez Damian, María			
Lecturers	Ibáñez Paz, Regina			
	Moares Crespo, José María			
	Pérez Cota, Manuel			
	Rodríguez Damian, Amparo			
	Rodríguez Damian, María			
	Rodríguez Diéguez, Amador			
	Sáez López, Juan Sanz Dominguez, Rafael			
	Vázquez Núñez, Fernando Antonio			
E-mail	mrdamian@uvigo.es			
E man	amador@uvigo.es			
Web	http://faitic.uvigo.es			
General	They treat the following contents:			
description	Methods and basic algorithms of progra	mming		
	Programming of computers by means of	f a language of high level		
	Architecture of computers			
	Operating systems			
	basic Concepts of databases			
	English Friendly subject: International st	udents may request from the toa	chars: a) matorial	s and hibliographic
	references in English, b) tutoring session			
	references in English, by tatoring 505510	is in English, cy chams and assess		

Competencies Code

#### Learning outcomes

Expected results from this subject

Training and Learning Results

Computer and operating system skills. Basic understanding of how computers work

Skills regarding the use of computer tools for engineering

Database fundamentals

Capability to implement simple algorythims using a programming language Structured and modular programming fundamentals

Contents				
Торіс				
Basic computer architecture	Basic components			
	Peripheral devices			
	Communications			
Basic programming concepts and techniques	Data structures			
applied to engineering	Control structures			
	Structured programming			
	Information treatment			
	Graphical user interfaces			
Operating systems	Basic principles			
	Types			
Practical exercises that support and secure the	Practical exercises that will allow the students to verify the concepts			
theoretical concepts	learned in class and see that using them they can solve problems			
Computer tools applied to engineering	Types and examples			

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Introductory activities	1	1	2
Laboratory practical	22	30	52
Case studies	12	14	26
Lecturing	8	12	20
Objective questions exam	4	7	11
Laboratory practice	6	8	14
Essay questions exam	10	15	25

\*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Introductory activities	Activities related to estashing contact, gathering information from the students, organizing groups, as well as presenting the course.
Laboratory practical	Activities related to applying the knowledge obtained to specific situations and acquiring basic and procedimental skills related with the subject being studied. Developed in specialized spaces with specialized equipment (labs, computer rooms, etc).
Case studies	Analyze a fact, problem or real event with the purpose of knowing it, interpreting it, resolving it, generating hypothesis, contrasting data, thinking about it, gaining new knowledge, diagnosing it and training alternative solutions
Lecturing	Exhibition of the contents that make up the subject being studied on behalf of the profesor, theoretical principles and/or instructions regarding an assignment, exercise or project to be developed by the student.

## Personalized assistance

#### Methodologies Description

Laboratory practical Questions will be resolved during the laboratory sessions and the student will be shown the different options to solve a problem. Teachers' tutoring in the stipulated time and format.

Assessment			
	Description	Qualification1	-
			Learning
			Results
Objective questions Tests for evaluating aquired competencies that include cuestions from which		15	
exam	the student must choose a response from a set of alternatives (true/false,		
	multiple choice,)		
Laboratory practice Tests for evaluating aquired competencies that include activities, problems or		70	
	practical excercises to be solved.		
Essay questions	Tests for evaluating aquired competencies that include cuestions regarding a	15	
exam	subject. The students must develop, relate, organize and present their		
	knowledge regarding the subject.		

### Other comments on the Evaluation

Ethical commitment:

Students are expected to behave ethically. If unethical behaviour is detected (copying, plagiarism, use of unauthorized

#### electronic

devices and others), then it will beconsidered that the student does not meet the minimum requirements to pass thecourse. In this case, the final grade for the current academic year will befailed (0.0).

In additionto the ethical commitment, the following is underlined:

In the first place, a person registered in the course is by default subject to the continuous assessment system; if the student does not want to be in this system, the he/she must expressly renounce to it within the established deadlines.

#### CONTINUOUSASSESSMENT OPERATION

In the present course, the continuous assessment will collect all the evidence of learning from the person enrolled and will be grouped into three assessments. The first two will take place preferably in the laboratories: Test 1 and Test2. The third evaluation may be written: Test 3. If the student does not renounce to the continuous evaluation system, tests that are not attended will be considered as qualified as zero (0.0). A minimum score of 30% out of 10 (3.0 points) must be obtained in the last two evaluations: Test 2 and Test 3, inorder to be eligible to have the final average calculated. If this requirementis not met and the final average is equal to or greater than 5, the final gradewill be 4:

Test 1 \* 0.3 + (Test 2>=3) \* 0.4 + (Test 3>=3) \* 0.3 >=5

A studentis considered passed if he/she obtains a five or more in compliance with allthe requirements.

First call (May/June):

The following must be met to pass the subject under continuous assessment: Test 1 \* 0.3 + (Test 2>=3) \* 0.4 + (Test 3>=3) \* 0.3 >= 5

Once thefirst evaluation: Test 1, has been carried out, the person enrolled may request to abandon the continuous evaluation system (within the period and by the meansestablished by the teaching staff). In this way, the person enrolled will beable to follow the non-continuous assessment system.

Second call (June/July):

If a person does not reach the passing level in the first exam (May/June) but has passed the minimum mark in the second exam: Test 2, in the second call (June/July) he/she can choose to keep the grades of the first two tests, and take a 4-points exam, or take a 100% exam in the subject (10 points). If the person takes the 4-points test, he/she will be asked for a minimum score of 30% out of 10 (3. 0 points) in order to calculate the final grade. If this requirement is not met and the final average is equal to or greater than 5, the final grade will be 4.

#### NON-CONTINUOUS EVALUATION OPERATION

An exam that allows students to obtain 100% of the grade. The exam may be divided into sections, minimuns can be required.

First call (May/June):

Registered students who have expressly renounced to the continuous assessment system may take the May/June exam (on the date and at the time proposed by the School) and take an exam that allows them to obtain 100% of the grade. This exam is not open to those who have failed the continuous assessment.

Second call (June/July):

An exam will be proposed to evaluate 100% of the subject, for those who have not achieved the minimum mark in the first call.

The version of the guide was made in Spanish. For any doubt or contradiction, the Spanish guide will be mandatory.

Sources of information Basic Bibliography

Eric Matthes, **Python Crash Course, 2nd Edition: A Hands-On, Project-Based Introduction to Programming**, 2019 Sébastien Chazallet, **Python 3. Los fundamentos del lenguaje - 2ª edición**, 2016

Dictino Chaos García, Introducción a la informática básica (GRADO), 2017

**Complementary Bibliography** 

Tanenbaum, Andrew S.,, Sistemas Operativos Modernos, Pearson Education, 2009

Silberschatz, Abraham ,Korth Henry, Sudarshan, S.,, Fundamentos de bases de datos, McGraw-Hill,, 2014

#### Recommendations

#### Contingency plan

#### Description

=== EXCEPTIONAL MEASURES SCHEDULED ===

=== ADAPTATION OF THE METHODOLOGIES ===

#### \* Educational methodologies mantained

The methodologies: lecturing, laboratory practical and the study of cases, will continue on being valid but supported by services, such as: Remote Campus, Faitic, or other that the University of Vigo has available at that moment.

\* Educational methodologies modified: it won't be necessary to modify any educational methodology because all they can be adapted.

\* Mechanism to individual tutoring

Each professor involved will put in knowledge of the students the different ways to establish a channel of communication, these methods can be e-mail, theacher virtual office, forums, etc. This information will be always available to students.

\* Additional bibliography to facilitate non-attendance education

The bibliography will be made available to students from the beginning of the course. The students can choose the resources that best suit their needs: manuals, solved exercises, videos, etc. Does not apply additional bibliography.

=== ADAPTATION OF THE EVALUATION ===

The evaluation criteria are maintained, adapting the performance of the tests, if necessary and by indication in the rectoral resolution.

\* additional Information

The content of the subject will remain the same, and the different means that the University of Vigo makes available to us will be searched for, those that facilitate the transmission of knowledge and evaluation.