Universida_{de}Vigo

Subject Guide 2020 / 2021

		Subject Guide 2020 / 2021				
IDENTIFYIN						
Physics: Ph						
Subject	Physics: Physics 2					
Code	V12G340V01202					
Study	Degree in					
programme	Industrial					
	Organisation					
	Engineering					
Descriptors	ECTS Credits Choose	Year		Quad	mester	
	6 Basic education	on 1st		2nd		
Teaching	Spanish					
language						
Department						
Coordinator	Fernández Fernández, José Luís					
Lecturers	Álvarez Fernández, María Inés					
200001010	Blanco García, Jesús					
	Fernández Fernández, José Luís					
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	Lusquiños Rodríguez, Fernando					
	Méndez Morales, Trinidad					
	Paredes Galán, Ángel					
	Quintero Martínez, Félix					
	Ribas Pérez, Fernando Agustín					
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General	This undergraduate course is the second quarter of introductory physi	cs. The focus	s is on e	lectricity	γ,	
description	magnetism and thermodynamics			•		
Competenc	ioc					
Code						
	nowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable them to le	arn now mot	hode ar	d thoor	ioc and	
	nem with versatility to adapt to new situations.		inous ai		ies, anu	
	derstanding and mastering the basics of the general laws of mechanics,	thormodypa	mice w	2005 20		
	nagnetic fields, as well as their application for solving engineering prob		innics, w	aves an	u	
	blems resolution.	iems.				
	bly knowledge.					
D10 C110 Se	elf learning and work.					
Learning ou						
Expected res	ults from this subject		Tra		nd Learning sults	
Understandir	ng the basic concepts of electromagnetism and thermodynamics.		B3	C2		
	basic instruments for the measurement of physical quantities.			C2		
	basic techniques for experimental data evaluation.		B3	C2	 D9	
itiowing the	suble teeningues for experimental data evaluation.		5	62	D9 D10	
Ability to do	velop practical solutions to basic technical problems in engineering, with	nin the	B3	C2	 D2	
	f electromagnetism and thermodynamics.		5	62	D2 D9	
					D10	

Contents Topic

1 ELECTRIC CHARGE AND ELECTRIC FIELD	1.1 Electric Charge.
	1.2 Conductors, Insulators and Induced Charges.
	1.3 Coulomb s Law.
	1.4 Electric Field and Electric Forces.
	1.5 Electric Field Calculations.
	1.6 Electric Field Lines.
	1.7 Electric Dipoles.
2 GAUSS'S LAW	2.1 Charge and Electric Flux.
	2.2 Calculating Electric Flux. 2.3 Gauss's Law.
	2.3 Gauss's Law. 2.4 Applications of Gauss's Law.
	2.4 Applications of Gauss's Law. 2.5 Conductors in Electrostatic Equilibrium.
3 ELECTRIC POTENTIAL	3.1 Electric Potential Energy.
	3.2 Electric Potential.
	3.3 Calculating Electric Potential.
	3.4 Equipotential Surfaces.
	3.5 Potential Gradient.
4 CAPACITANCE AND DIELECTRICS	4.1 Capacitors and Capacitance.
	4.2 Capacitors in Series and Parallel.
	4.3 Energy Storage in Capacitors and Electric-Field Energy.
	4.4 Dielectrics, Molecular Model of Induced Charge, and Polarization
	Vector.
	4.5 Gauss's Law in Dielectrics.
	4.6 Dielectric Constant and Permittivity.
5 CURRENT, RESISTANCE, AND ELECTROMOT	
FORCE	5.2 Current and Current Density.
	5.3 Ohm s Law and Resistance.
	5.4 Electromotive Force and Circuits.
	5.5 Energy and Power in Electrical Circuits.
	5.6 Basic Theory of Electrical Conduction.
6 MAGNETIC FIELD	6.1 Magnetic Field.
	6.2 Motion of Charged Particles in a Magnetic Field.
	6.3 Magnetic Force on a Current-Carrying Conductor.
	6.4 Force and Torque on a Current Loop.
	6.5 Biot-Savart]s Law.
	6.6 Magnetic Field Lines and Magnetic Flux. 6.7 Ampère∏s Law.
7 MAGNETIC FIELD IN MATTER	7.1 Magnetic Substances and Magnetization Vector.
7 MAGNETIC FIELD IN MATTER	7.2 Ampère[]s Law in Magnetic Media.
	7.3 Magnetic Susceptibility and Permeability.
	7.4 Paramagnetism and Diamagnetism.
	7.5 Ferromagnetism.
8 ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION	8.1 Induction Experiments.
	8.2 Faraday-Lenz's Law.
	8.3 Induced Electric Fields.
	8.4 Eddy Currents.
	8.5 Mutual Inductance.
	8.6 Self-Inductance and Inductors.
	8.7 Magnetic-Field Energy.
9 THERMODYNAMIC SYSTEMS	9.1 Classical Thermodynamics.
	9.2 Thermodynamic Systems and Classification.
	9.3 State Variables and State of a System.
	9.4 Equations of State.
	9.5 Thermodynamic Equilibrium.
	9.6 Change of State, Transformation or Process.
	9.7 Quasi-static Processes.
	9.8 State and Process Functions.
10 TEMPERATURE AND HEAT	10.1 Thermal Equilibrium, The Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics, and
	Temperature.
	10.2 Thermometers and Temperature Scales.
	10.3 Ideal Gas Thermometers and the Kelvin Scale.
	10.4 Heat.
	10.5 Calorimetry and Heat Capacities.

11 THE FIRST LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS	 11.1 Work. 11.2 Work Done During Volume Changes. 11.3 Internal Energy. 11.4 The First Law of Thermodynamics. 11.5 Internal Energy of an Ideal Gas. 11.6 Molar Heat Capacities of an Ideal Gas. 11.7 Adiabatic, Isothermal, Isobaric and Isochoric Processes for an Ideal Gas. 11.8 Enthalpy.
12 THE SECOND LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS	 12.1 Directions of Thermodynamic Processes. 12.2 Heat Engines, Refrigerators, and Heat Pumps. 12.3 The Second Law of Thermodynamics: Clausius and Kelvin-Planck Statements. 12.4 Carnot Engine. 12.5 Carnot Theorems. 12.6 Thermodynamic Temperature. 12.7 Entropy. 12.8 Increase of Entropy Principle. 12.9 Entropy Change of an Ideal Gas.
LABORATORY	 How to Use a Multimeter. Ohm is Law. Direct Current. Circuit with Resistors. Linear and Non-Linear Conductors. Charge and Discharge of a Capacitor. Analysis of a Parallel Plate Capacitor with Dielectrics. Utilization of an Oscilloscope to Analyze Charge and Discharge Processes. Study of the Magnetic Field. Helmholtz Coils. Magnetic Moment. Hall Effect. Calorimetry. Water Equivalent of Calorimeter. Latent Heat of Fusion. Thermodynamics of the Ideal Gas. Heat Capacity Ratio. Adiabatic Work.
LABORATORY: UNSTRUCTURED ACTIVITY (OPEN LAB) SESSIONS	Unstructured activity (open lab) sessions that cover the topics of the above cited regular laboratory sessions. A practical problem will be assigned to each team. Then, under the teacher supervision, each team must analyse the problem, select a theoretical model and experimental means to obtain a solution.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	24.5	45	69.5
Problem solving	8	20	28
Laboratory practical	18	18	36
Objective questions exam	1	0	1
Problem and/or exercise solving	3.5	0	3.5
Essay questions exam	3	0	3
Report of practices, practicum and external practices 0		9	9
*The information in the planning table is for	guidance only and does no	t take into account the het	erogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	Lectures are given by the teacher on the contents of the subject, theoretical bases and / or guidelines of a work, exercise or project to be performed by the students.
Problem solving	Activity in which problems and / or exercises related to the subject are formulated. The student must develop the appropriate or correct solutions through the repetition of routines, the application of formulas or algorithms, the application of procedures for transforming the available information and the interpretation of the results. It is usually used as a complement to the lecture sessions.
Laboratory practical	Activities for applying the knowledge to particular situations and for the acquisition of basic and procedural skills related to the subject. They are developed in dedicated rooms with specialized equipment (laboratories, computer rooms, etc.).

Personalized assistance		
Methodologies	Description	
Lecturing	In office hours.	
Laboratory practical	In office hours.	
Problem solving	In office hours.	

Tests	Description
Objective questions exam	In office hours.
Problem and/or exercise solving	In office hours.
Essay questions exam	In office hours.
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	In office hours.

Assessment

	Description	Qualification	Tra	ining	g and
				earn Resu	
Objective questions exam	Tests for the assessment of acquired knowledge that include closed questions with different response options (true/false, multiple choice, matching of elements). Students select a response among a limited number of choices.	5 10	В3	C2	
	Test in which the student must solve a series of problems and / or exercises in a time / conditions set by the teacher. In this way, the student should apply the acquired knowledge.	40	В3	C2	D2
Essay questions exam	Tests that include open questions on a topic. Students should develop, relate, organize and present knowledge on the subject in an argued response.	40	В3	C2	
	Preparation of a report by the students which reflects the characteristics of the work that has been carried out. Students must describe the developed tasks and procedures, show the results or observations made, as well as the data analysis and processing.	10	B3	C2	D9 D10

Other comments on the Evaluation

Continuous assessment (denoted EC) will have a weight of 40% in the final mark, and will include the lab mark (20%, denoted ECL) and the class mark (20%, denoted ECA).

The mark ECA will be evaluated by means of tests on the topics covered in the lectures. These tests will comprise objective questions and/or essay questions.

The mark ECL will be evaluated by the lab reports and tests on the topics covered in the laboratory sessions.

Those students unable to attend the continuous assessment and who have been granted the waiver of the continuous assessment have the possibility of taking a final test to obtain a REC mark with a weight of 40% of the final mark. This test will include the contents of the lab sessions (weight of 20%, denoted RECL) and the topics covered in the lectures (weight of 20%, denoted RECA).

The remaining 60% of the final mark will be obtained by taking a final exam. This will consist of two parts: a theoretical part (denoted T) with a weight of 20% of the final mark, and another part on problem solving (denoted P) with a weight of 40% of the final mark. The theoretical part will consist of a test comprising objective questions and/or essay questions. Those students not attending the final exam will obtain a mark of non-presented.

Both the [fin de carrera] exam and any other ones held on dates and/or times different from those officially set by the School of Industrial Engineering (E.E.I.), could have an exam format different from the one previously described, although each part of the exam (EC or REC, T and P) will hold its weight in the final mark.

Final mark G for the continuous assessment modality:

G = ECL + ECA + T + P.

Final mark G for the assessment at the end of the course and July (RECL and RECA only for those students who have been granted the waiver of the continuous assessment):

G = ECL (or RECL) + ECA (or RECA) + T + P.

To pass the course, a student must obtain a final mark G equal to or higher than 5.

Ethical commitment: Every student is expected to follow an appropriate ethical behaviour. In the case that unethical conduct is detected (copy, plagiarism, utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, or others), it will be considered that the student does not fulfil the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In this case, the final mark in the present academic year will be []suspenso[] (0.0).

Students should not possess or use any electronic device during the tests and exams, unless specifically authorised to do so. The mere fact that a student carries an unauthorised electronic device into the examination room will result in failing the subject in the present academic year and the final mark will be []suspenso[] (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

1. Young H. D., Freedman R. A., **Física Universitaria, V1 y V2**, 13^a ed., Pearson,

1en. Young H. D., Freedman R. A, University physics: with modern physics, 14th ed., Pearson, Complementary Bibliography

2. Tipler P., Mosca G., Física para la ciencia y la tecnología, V1 y V2, 5ª ed., Reverté,

2en. Tipler P., Mosca G, Physics for Scientists and Engineers, V1 and V2, 6th ed., W. H. Freeman and Company,

3. Serway R. A., Jewett J. W, **Física para ciencias e ingeniería, V1 y V2**, 9ª ed., Cengage Learning, 3en. Serway R. A., Jewett J. W, **Physics for Scientists and Engineers**, 9th ed., Brooks/Cole,

4. Juana Sardón, J. M., Física general, V1 y V2, 2ª ed., Pearson Prentice-Hall,

5. Bronshtein, I., Semendiaev, K., Manual de matemáticas para ingenieros y estudiantes, 4ªed., MIR 1982; MIR-Rubiños 1993,

5en. Bronshtein, I., Semendiaev, K., Handbook of Mathematics, 5th Ed., Springer Berlin,

6. Jou Mirabent, D., Pérez García, C., Llebot Rabagliati, J. E., **Física para ciencias de la vida**, 2ª ed., McGraw-Hill Interamericana de España S.L.,

 Cussó Pérez, F., López Martínez, C., Villar Lázaro, R., Fundamentos Físicos de los Procesos Biológicos, 1ª ed., ECU,
 Cussó Pérez, F., López Martínez, C., Villar Lázaro, R., Fundamentos Físicos de los Procesos Biológicos, Volumen II, 1ª ed., ECU,

9. Villar Lázaro, R, López Martínez, C., Cussó Pérez, F., **Fundamentos Físicos de los Procesos Biológicos, Volumen III**, 1ª ed., ECU,

10en. Villars, F., Benedek, G. B., **Physics with Illustrative Examples from Medicine and Biology**, 2nd ed., AIP Press/Springer-Verlag,

Recommendations

Other comments

Basic recommendations:

1. Basic knowledge acquired in the subjects of Physics and Mathematics in previous courses.

2. Oral and written comprehension.

3. Capacity for abstraction, basic calculus, and synthesis of information.

4. Skills for group work and communication.

In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish version of this syllabus prevails.

Contingency plan

Description

=== EXCEPTIONAL PLANNING ===

Given the uncertain and unpredictable evolution of the health alert caused by COVID-19, the University of Vigo establishes an extraordinary planning that will be activated when the administrations and the institution itself determine it, considering safety, health and responsibility criteria both in distance and blended learning. These already planned measures guarantee, at the required time, the development of teaching in a more agile and effective way, as it is known in advance (or well in advance) by the students and teachers through the standardized tool.

=== ADAPTATION OF THE METHODOLOGIES ===

* Teaching methodologies maintained

* Teaching methodologies modified

All the methodologies (lecturing, problem solving and laboratory practical): in the blended learning regime face-to-face classroom activities will be combined with online lecturing through the virtual campus ([Campus Remoto]), using FAITIC platform as an additional support. In the distance learning regime, online lecturing will take place through virtual campus ([Campus Remoto]), using FAITIC platform as an additional support as well. To guarantee the access of the students to the materials and resources of the course other methodologies and media could be implemented if needed.

Laboratory practicals: in blended learning, the operation of experimental devices by the students and the associated data acquisition activities could suffer major restrictions. These activities will be mostly replaced by demonstrations developed by

the lecturer in the lab and watched by the students attending the lab session. These demonstrations could be followed online by the rest of the students. Data processing and analysis are greatly independent of the operation of experimental devices and can be developed outside the laboratory (in another classroom, at home, etc..), so such activities could be realized by students attending the lab as well as by students participating online. In the distance learning regime, the laboratory practicals will be developed entirely online and the operation of experimental devices and data acquisition activities to be done by the students will be completely replaced by demonstrations developed by the lecturer and/or specific audiovisual materials.

* Non-attendance mechanisms for student attention (tutoring)

Office hours and tutoring could be developed both face-to-face (provided that safety can be guaranteed) or online, by using asynchronous media (email, forum, etc.) or by videoconference (by making an appointment).

* Modifications (if applicable) of the contents

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* Additional bibliography to facilitate self-learning

* Other modifications

=== ADAPTATION OF THE TESTS === * Tests already carried out Test XX: [Previous Weight 00%] [Proposed Weight 00%]

* Pending tests that are maintained
Test XX: [Previous Weight 00%] [Proposed Weight 00%]
Final exam, part P 40%, the weight of the exam is maintained.
Final exam, part T 20%, the weight of the exam is maintained.

* Tests that are modified

[Previous test] => [New test]

ECA 20%, types of tests may include: objective questions exam, essay questions exam => ECA 20%, types of tests may include: objective questions exam, essay questions exam, problem and/or exercise solving.

ECL 20%, types of tests may include: essay questions exam, practices report 10% => ECL 20%, types of tests may include: essay questions exam, problem and/or exercise solving, practices report 10%.

* New tests

* Additional Information