# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

## Subject Guide 2018 / 2019

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA			
Physical ch				
Subject	Physical chemistry			
Code	V11G200V01403			
Study	(*)Grao en			
programme	Química	Classes	N	
Descriptors	ECTS Credits 9	Choose	Year	Quadmester
Teaching	 Spanish	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
language	Galician			
Department	Physical Chemistry			
Coordinator	Mosquera Castro, Ricardo Antonio			
	Fernández Nóvoa, Alejandro			
Lecturers	Fernández Nóvoa, Alejandro			
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General	Application of the principles and methods of Quant	um Mechanics to th	e study of molecula	r structure and
description	spectroscopy.			
Competenci	ies			
Code				
C3 Demons	strate knowledge and understanding of essential fact	s, concepts, princip	les and theories in:	principles of
	n mechanics and its application in the description of			
	strate knowledge and understanding of essential fact	ts, concepts, princip	les and theories in:	principles of
	dynamics and their applications in chemistry			
	strate knowledge and understanding of essential fact al determination, including spectroscopy	s, concepts, princip	les and theories: m	ain techniques for
	nowledge and understanding to solve basic problems	s of quantitative and	l qualitative nature	
	e, interpret and synthesize data and chemical inform			
	ze and implement good scientific practices for meas		imentation	
	and perform computational calculations with chemic			
	oral and written scientific material and scientific arg			
	, by observation and measurement of physical and c			and document and
	hem in a consistent and reliable way			
	t data derived from laboratory observations and me	asurements in term	s of their significand	ce and relate them to
	ropriate theory			<u> </u>
	strate skills for numerical calculations and interpreta	tion of experimenta	I data, with special	emphasis on
	n and accuracy nicate orally and in writing in at least one of the offic	sial languages of the	University	
	dependently	Liai languages of the	University	
	and manage information from different sources			
	rmation and communication technologies and mana	ge basic computer	tools	
	thematics, including error analysis, estimates of orde			nd data
	ntations	<b>5</b> .		
D7 Apply th	neoretical knowledge in practice			
D8 Teamwo				
	dependently			
	d manage time properly			
D13 Make de				
	and synthesize information and draw conclusions			
LT2 Evaluate	e critically and constructively the environment and o	neseit		
				Páxina 1 de 7

Expected results from this subject	Trai	ning and Learning
		Results
Formulate molecular Hamiltonians, with use of the Born-Oppenheimer approximation and	C3	D1
discussion of their consequences.	C20	D3
	C22	D4
	C23	D5
	CZS	D5
		D7
		D9
		D12
		D13
		D14
Nork with potential energy profiles and surfaces and understand related concepts.	C3	D1
	C19	D3
	C20	D4
	C22	D5
	C28	D6
	C29	D7
	CZ9	D9
		D12
		D13
		D14
Apply MO and EV methods for describing the chemical bond in simple systems and understand the		D1
mitations of these methods.	C8	D3
	C19	D4
	C20	D5
	C21	D6
	C22	D7
	C22	D9
	C23 C27	D12
	C28	D13
	C29	D14
		D15
Describe orbital localization techniques and the basis for atomic orbital hybridisation.	C3	D1
		D3
		D4
		D6
		D9
Apply, with understanding of their foundations and their limitations, the main calculation methods	<u>C3</u>	D1
HF, DFT, post-HF) for the study of molecular structures.	C19	D3
in, bit, post-in , for the study of molecular structures.		
	C20	D4
	C22	D5
	C23	D6
	C28	D7
	C29	D9
		D12
		D13
		D14
Describe the forms of radiation-matter interactions and formulate the selection rules of electrical	C8	D1
dipole.		D3
		D3
		D4 D6
Delate the variation from any with the meta-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-state sector states and the sub-		D9
Relate the radiation frequency with the molecular motion responsible of a spectroscopic transition	. ८४	D1
		D3
		D4
		D6
		D7
		D9
ustify the broadening of spectral lines and the enviromental effects on different spectra.	C8	DJ
asary the broadening of spectral lines and the environmental effects of unferent spectra.	0	D3
		D4
		D6
		D9

Interpret rotation and vibration-rotation spectra to obtain structural information, making use of simple quantum-mechanical models (rigid and flexible rotor and harmonic and anharmonic oscillators), selections rules and line assignment techniques.	C3 C8 C19 C20 C22 C23 C27 C28 C29 C3	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9 D12 D13 D14 D1
	C8	D3 D4 D6 D9
Interpret electronic and photoelectronic spectra and obtain structural information.	C3 C8 C19 C22	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D9
Describe the different deactivation processes of excited electronic states and their representation in a Jablonski diagram.	C8 C19	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9
Describe the foundations of magnetic resonance spectroscopies, and interpret the physical origin of chemical shifts and couplings in NMR spectra.	C8 C19 C22	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9
Describe the instrumental peculiarities of the spectroscopic techniques in different spectral regions, as well as the foundations and applications of laser and Fourier-transform based techniques.	C8	D1 D3 D4 D6 D9
Apply the theoretical knowledge of Physical Chemistry I to determine experimentally chemical equilibrium constants, activity coefficients and thermochemical magnitudes.	C6 C19 C20 C21 C23 C27 C28 C29	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D12 D12 D13 D14 D15
New		

Contents	
Торіс	
Introduction to group symmetry theory in	- Symmetry elements and operations.
chemistry	- Symmetry point groups.
	- Matrix representations.
	<ul> <li>Irrdeducible Representations. Character tables.</li> </ul>
	- Chemical applications.
Qualitative spects of molecular electronic	- Born-Oppenheimer approximation.
structure.	- The H2+ molecule.
	- The MO method for homonucler and heteronuclear diatomic molecules.
	- The MO method in polyatomic molecules.
	- The VB method.
Quantitative treatments for the study of the	- Hartree-Fock method.
molecular electronic structure.	- post-Hartree-Fock methods.
	- Semiempirical methods.
	- Calculation of molecular properties

Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy.	<ul> <li>Radiation-matter interaction: General approach.</li> <li>Transition dipole moment integral. Selection rules.</li> <li>Intensity and position of the spectral transitions.</li> <li>Instrumentation.</li> </ul>
Rotational spectroscopy.	<ul> <li>Pure rotation spectra of diatomic molecules. Rigid and elastic rotor models.</li> <li>Pure rotation spectra of polyatomic molecules.</li> <li>Pure rotation Raman spectra.</li> <li>Instrumentation and applications.</li> </ul>
Spectroscopy of Vibration-rotation.	<ul> <li>Vibration-rotation spectra of diatomic molecules. Harmonic and anharmonic oscillator models with rotation depending on vibration.</li> <li>Vibration-rotation spectra of polyatomic molecules.</li> <li>Vibration-rotation Raman spectroscopy.</li> <li>Instrumentation and applications.</li> </ul>
Electronic spectroscopy.	<ul> <li>Molecular Electronic states.</li> <li>Vibration-rotation structure: Franck-Condon principle</li> <li>Chromophore and auxochrome Groups.</li> <li>Electronic deactivation Processes.</li> <li>Instrumentation and applications.</li> <li>Lasers.</li> <li>Photoelectron Spectroscopy and related techniques.</li> </ul>
Spectroscopies of Resonance.	<ul> <li>Introduction to the magnetic resonance.</li> <li>Chemical shift.</li> <li>Spin-spin interaction. Coupling Constant.</li> <li>Electronic spin resonance Spectroscopy.</li> </ul>
Practices of Chemical Thermodynamics (six sessions)	<ul> <li>Experimental determination of chemical equilibrium constants employing spectroscopic or potentiometric techniques.</li> <li>Experimental determination of combustion, dissolution, neutralisation, fusion or vaporisation enthalpies.</li> <li>Colligative Properties.</li> <li>Experimental determination of activity coefficients employing potentiometric techniques.</li> </ul>
Practices of Quantum Chemistry and Spectroscopy (seven sessions).	<ul> <li>Computational study of the electronic structure of different molecules</li> <li>Computational Study of conformational isomery.</li> <li>Computational study of simple chemical processes.</li> <li>Prediction, theoretical interpretation and resolution of the vibration- rotation spectrum of HCl in gas phase.</li> <li>Electronic spectroscopy: Spectrum of the I2 molecule in gas phase.</li> </ul>

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Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
26	39	65
26	39	65
45.5	4.5	50
0	10	10
4	8	12
0	9	9
2	5	7
0	4	4
1	2	3
	26 26 45.5 0	classroom           26         39           26         39           45.5         4.5           0         10           4         8

Methodologies	
	Description
Lecturing	They will consist in the presentation of the fundamental aspects of each subject by the teacher, using the material available in the TEM@ platform (diagrams, bulletins of problems,). In addition, numerical problems will be proposed for a better understanding of theoretical concepts.
Seminars	The classes of seminar will be mainly work of the student, under the supervision of the professor, and will be used for: - Problems solving, individually or by groups. - Once the student has worked the basic concepts, reinforce those contents of each subject that can present a greater complexity.

Laboratory practices	Completion of laboratory or computational chemistry practices under the supervision of a teacher in an autonomous way. Lab practices will be done by pairs in sessions of 3,5 hours. With advance enough, students will have in the TEM@ platform guide notes for the practices together with all the additional neccessary material. Guide notes will present the essential elements to realise the experimental or computational practices, as well as the fundamental theoretical points and further data treatment. After practice completion, in the terms set by the teacher, it will be necessary to deliver the corresponding report, elaborated following the guidelines given by the teacher.
Autonomous problem solving	For each one of the subjects, some problems or other works to be solved by the student and delivered to the teacher in due time will be proposed.

Personalized attentio	
Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).
Seminars	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).
Laboratory practices	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).
Autonomous problem solving	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).
Tests	Description
Essay questions exam	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).
Practices report	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).
Short answer tests	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).
Objective questions exam	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).
Laboratory practice	In tutorial sessions, the teacher may solve in an individual and more personal way those doubts of the students that can arise along the course in any one of its parts (theory lessons, seminars, laboratory practice and the several types of autonomous activities to realise).

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification	Lea	ing and arning sults
Laboratory	This mark comprises the effort and the attitude, the skills and the	ata 10,0	C3	D1
practices	competitions developed by the student during the realisation of the		C6	D4
	laboratory practices.		C8	D5
			C19	D6
			C20	D7
			C21	D8
			C22	D12
			C27	D13
			C28	D14
				D15

Autonomous problem solving	For each one of the subjects or groups of subjects, problems or additional work to be done by the students will be proposed.	ata 3,75	C3 C8 C19 C20 C22 C23	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D9 D12 D13 D14 D15
Essay questions exam	Realisation of one global writing test at the end of the term, in a date set by the Faculty of Chemistry.	como mínimo 52,5	C8 C19 C20	D1 D3 D6 D9 D12 D14 D15
Practices report	Students must present a report for a laboratory practice proposed by the teachers. Students have to take care on format aspects related to the organisation, the correct use of the units, and the correct preparation of graphics and exhibition of the results. It will be also evaluated the critical analysis of results and getting right conclusions. Besides, all the practices will be evaluated by means of oral questions that the students can answer with the help of their laboratory notebook.	ata 5,0	C3 C6 C8 C19 C20 C22 C23 C27 C28 C29	D1 D3 D4 D5 D6 D8 D9 D12 D12
Short answer test	s Realisation of two short writing test (not liberatory) along the term, in dates set by the Faculty of Chemistry.	hasta 15	C3 C8 C19 C20 C22	D1 D3 D6 D9 D12 D14 D15
Objective questions exam	For each each subject or group of subjects the student will have the opportunity of answer quiz tests through the TEM@ platform.	ata 3,75	C3 C8 C19	D3 D4 D6 D7 D9 D12 D14 D15
Laboratory practice	This written proof will be done in the date fixed by the Faculty of Chemistry and about the contents and skills that the student has to have purchased during the development of the laboratory practices. The questions will be situated, in some cases, in the context of some of the experiences realised by the student and, in others, will be more general. These questions will be used to evaluate the capacity to solve the problems presented.	ata 10,0	C3 C6 C8 C19 C21 C22 C28 C29	D1 D3 D4 D6 D7 D9 D12

## Other comments on the Evaluation

The evaluation of the course will take into account the part mentioned above, with distinction between the theoretical and the practical parts of the subject.

**Theoretical part:** The evaluation will suppose, in his group (proofs (90%), problems solving (5%), quiz-tests (5%)), 75% of the final qualification of the subject. 2 proofs will be done during the course.

If the student passes the first proof (it will take place around the midle of the 4-months periode, he/she could only answer the questions related to the second part of the subject. Proofs qualification will be the average of the two proofs. When the first proof is repeated the best qualification is the only one to be used for the average,

It is required to pass the subject to obtain in the long proof a minimum qualification of 4,0 on 10,0 points. In the case of not reaching this punctuation the qualification that will reflect in the record will be not larger than 4,0.

Besides, it will be necessary to obtain an average of 2,5 in the theoretical questions of the examinations (short and long proofs). If it did not reach this punctuation the note reflected in the record will not surpass 4,0.

**Practical part:** The evaluation will contribute, in his group (practices of laboratory (40%), reports and oral questions(20%) and proof written of practices (40%)), 25% to the final qualification of the matter.

It is indispensable requirement to surpass the matter to obtain in the practical part a minimum qualification of 5,0 on 10 points. In the case of not reaching said punctuation the qualification that will reflect in the record will not be able to surpass 4,0.

The assistance to the practical sessions is compulsory (absences to sessions should be properly justified) and, therefore, is not possible to approve the matter in the case of not to have them realised.

**Condition of presented**/no presented: The realisation of the proofs, or of the proof written of practices, or the assistance to five sessions of laboratory, will involve the condition of [presented/to] and, therefore, the allocation of a qualification.

**Second Opportunity:** For the evaluation in the second opportunity, will keep the qualifications and the percentages of the problems/works proposed, of the practices of laboratory and the corresponding reports and of the quiz-tests. In the case to have an equal or upper qualification to 5,0 points in the global proof (long) or the same or upper to 4,0 in the proof written of practices, will keep said qualification (and the percentage) and only will be necessary to realise to another.

## Sources of information

## Basic Bibliography

Complementary Bibliography BERTRÁN RUSCA, J.; NÚÑEZ DELGADO, J., """"Química Física"""" (vol. I), 1ª edicion, BERTRÁN, J.; BRACHANDELL, V.; MORENO, M.; SODUPE, M., """"Química Cuántica"""", 2ª edición,

ATKINS, P. W.; DE PAULA, J., Química Física, 8ª edición,

### Recommendations

## Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

IT tools and communication in chemistry/V11G200V01401 Numerical methods in chemistry/V11G200V01402 Inorganic chemistry I/V11G200V01404

### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Mathematics: Mathematics 1/V11G200V01104 Mathematics: Mathematics 2/V11G200V01203 Physics 3/V11G200V01301 Physical chemistry I/V11G200V01303