# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

Subject Guide 2017 / 2018

Remote se					
Subject	Remote sensing				
Code	V05G300V01911				
Study	Degree in				<del></del>
	E Telecommunications				
programme	Technologies				
	Engineering				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
•	6		Optional	4th	1st
Teaching	English		•		
language					
Departmen	t				
Coordinato	Cuiñas Gómez, Íñigo				
Lecturers	Cuiñas Gómez, Íñigo				
	Díaz Otero, Francisco Javier				
	Martín Rodríguez, Fernando				
	Torío Gómez, Pablo				
E-mail	inhigo@uvigo.es				
Web	http://faitic.uvigo.es				
General	Remote Sensing is the topic devoted		at allow the colle	ction of data abo	out object or surface
description	characteristics without physical conta				
	This topic presents the basic principle				
	microwaves. Special care will be put	on active and pa	ssive sensors, wit	h a deep explan	ation of RADAR and optic-
	electronic systems.				
	The topic involves technological elem		processing, with a	focus on the ap	plications.
-	The topic is going to be taught in Eng	jlish.			

## Competencies

Code

- B3 CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that enables the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and adapt to new situations
- B4 CG4: The ability to solve problems with initiative, to make creative decisions and to communicate and transmit knowledge and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the Technical Telecommunication Engineer activity.
- B7 CG7: The ability to analyze and assess the social and environmental impact of technical solutions.
- B9 CG9: The ability to work in multidisciplinary groups in a Multilanguage environment and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related with Telecommunications and Electronics.
- C65 (CE65/OP8)Applying conceptual, theoretical and practical tools of telecommunications in the development and applications of radar and remote sensing systems.
- C66 (CE66/OP9) The ability for selection of circuits, subsystems and systems of remote sensing.
- D2 CT2 Understanding Engineering within a framework of sustainable development.
- D3 CT3 Awareness of the need for long-life training and continuous quality improvement, showing a flexible, open and ethical attitude toward different opinions and situations, particularly on non-discrimination based on sex, race or religion, as well as respect for fundamental rights, accessibility, etc.
- D4 CT4 Encourage cooperative work, and skills like communication, organization, planning and acceptance of responsibility in a multilingual and multidisciplinary work environment, which promotes education for equality, peace and respect for fundamental rights.

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learr Results		
Identify and analyse problems that can be solved with Remote Sensing techniques	В3	C65	D4
	B4		
	В9		

Propose solutions based on RADAR, microwaves, infrared, LIDAR or visible spectrum observation  Specify sensors and Remote Sensing systems more adequate for each application  Interpret and analyse images taken from satellites			C66	D3 D4	
			C65 C66	D2	
			C65	D2	
Contents					
Topic					
Introduction to Remote Sensing	The aim of this topic is to provide the students meaning and application of remote sensing of eattention is given to different points of view bet of the Earth and its appearance when it is observanther airlifted platform. Besides, the subject evolution of Remote Sensing and its implication out the hits of the space exploration and the diffuse been designed.	earth, s tween or rved fro shows in the fferent	ea and air our usual p om a satel the histori human lif programs	: Special perception lite or cal e, standing that have	
	The contents given in group A have an autonon called "The Earth from the air/space".	nous ac	ctivity asso	ociated,	
Fundamental concepts	The three fundamental concepts of Remote Sensing are the core of this topic: the spectral signature, the classification and the compositions of color. All these are explained after an introduction to the multispectral sensors.			ions of	
Sensors	Explanation of the concept of sensor, introducti sensors, the concept of resolution and calibratic session of two hours devoted to the passive ser thermal and radiometers of microwaves) and at sensors (RADAR and LIDAR). This explanation ir operation, its characteristics, advantages and in applications.	on. The nsors (c nother ncludes nconve	en, there is optical-ele- session to the found nient and	s at least a ctronic, the active dations and	
	The contents given in group A have several ass laboratory (group B), those called "Sensors calil infrared", and "RADAR Fundamentals".				
Processing, interpretation and formation of images	This section is a summary of the distinct techni- for interpreting and classifying images taken fro image example to which all different processing. The subject also takes care of the formation of surface of the Earth from images of areas more use of mosaics. It shows the process of the mosairborne images.	om sate g techn images reduce	ellites. It e iques are s of big reg ed, by mea	mploys an explained. gions of the ans of the	
	All the contents are given in laboratory (group B), for four sessions of 2 hour each. Besides, the works developed in group C will support the contents of this chapter.				
Geographic Information Systems (GIS)	It treats to introduce the foundations and applic all the exhibition to the support in the decisions geographic locations. The second part of the se the knowledge of applications of GIS by means cases.	proce ssion c	ss related levotes to	with deepen in	
Terrestrial exploration	This section devotes to some examples of applications of the Remote Sensing in diverse fields: studies of the ground, agriculture, mining, geology. The own actuality at teaching time can determine the applications in which more upsetting is done.				
	The contents given in group A could have associated developed by students in groups C, depending challenge.				

Meteorology and Oceanography	In this section, the applications that more satellites have used along the history of Remote Sensing are presented: the meteorology and the oceanography. In Meteorology, it indicates which types of sensors employ, analyses the different parameters of interest, the characteristics regarding resolution and the results of climatic studies along the planet. Regarding Oceanography, the subject focuses on the observed parameters, the sensors, and it also presents images that show the results of the observations both directly and after the application of distinct processed.		
	The contents given in group A could have associated some of the works developed by students in groups C, depending on the focus of each group challenge.		
Space exploration	The aim of the subject is to present a panoramic of the space exploration. Beginning with the sensors employed along the years of history of the humanity in the space, the subject shows the main knowledges that we have obtained from the distinct bodies of the solar system and it explains how they arrived to this knowledge (missions, peculiarities of the ships and sensors employed, etc.).		

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Master Session	17.2	25.8	43
Laboratory practises	4	8	12
Practice in computer rooms	10	15	25
Tutored works	5	45	50
Presentations / exhibitions	2	4	6
Autonomous practices through ICT	0	2	2
Introductory activities	1	1.2	2.2
Short answer tests	2.8	0	2.8
Systematic observation	0	2	2
Jobs and projects	0	5	5

<sup>\*</sup>The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Master Session	The course topics are presented and developed by the lecturer: foundations, theoretical bases, applications, etc.
	Group A sessions. 1 session/week. 2 hours/session
	Through this methodology the competencies CE65, CE66, CT2, and CG3 are developed.
Laboratory practises	Experimental work on sensor calibration and infrared termography.
	Group B sessions. 2 sessions/semester. 2 hours/session.
	Through this methodology the competencies CE65, CE66, CT4, and CG4 are developed.
Practice in computer rooms	Computer-based work on radar fundamentals and satellite imagery processing and interpretation.
	Group B sessions. 5 sessions/semester. 2 hours/session
	Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CG7, CG9, CT4, and CT3 are developed.
Tutored works	The students will be assigned a simulation project. They will developed the project working in groups of 5-7 students. Project class sessions will be devoted to discussion and follow-up of the project.
	Group C sessions. 6 sessions/semester. 1 hour/session.
	Additional tutorial sessions will be scheduled if required.
	Through this methodology the competencies CG4, CG7, CG9, CT4, and CT3 are developed.

Presentations / exhibitions	The students will present, in an open session, their project results.		
exhibitions	Previously, the students must e-mail to their group C teacher the code developed and a report summarizing the results.		
	Group C sessions. 1 session/semester. 1 hour/session.		
	Through this methodology the competency CG9 is developed.		
Autonomous practices through ICT	Activities to be autonomously developed, with software provided by means of FaiTIC platform: "Earth from air/space", to learn about points of view.		
	This methodology works on competences CE65 and CE66		
Introductory activities	Activities directed to take contact and gather information on the students, as well as to present the topic. For this activity reserves one face-to-face hour of group A, in which the professor presents the topic, explain the practices of laboratory and computer, and what expects of the works in group C.		
	This methodology works on competences CE65, CE66, and CG4		

Personalized attention	
Methodologies	Description
Introductory activities	Time that each professor has reserved to attend and resolve doubts of the students
Master Session	Time that the lecturer of group A has reserved to attend and resolve doubts of the students
Laboratory practises	Time that the lecturer of groups B can use to help the students understand the lab practices and to resolve doubts.
Practice in computer rooms	Time that the lecturer of groups B can use to help the students understand the lab practices and to resolve doubts.
Tutored works	Time that the lecturer of groups C can use to provide support to the tutored groups, additional to the scheduled meetings.
Presentations / exhibitions	Time that the lecturer of groups C can use to help the students in preparing their results presentations.
Autonomous practices through ICT	Time that the lecturer of group A will use to attend the students that need some support in doing their autonomous work.

Assessment				
	Description	Qualification	Lea	ng and rning sults
Master Session	Proofs of short answer: there will be four proofs, at dates informed to the students at the beginning of the academic year, of 10 minutes length, that allows the student to pass part of the matters.	40	B3 C0 B7 C0	
	In these short proofs the skils CE65, CE66, CG3 and CG7 will be evaluated.			
Laboratory practises	Systematic observation: During laboratory practices, the results and the demonstration of having understood the procedure to arrive to them will be evaluated:  1. "Sensors calibration": 5% 2. "Infrared thermography": 10%	15	B4 C0 B9	66 D3
	In these practices the skils CE66, CT3, CG4 and CG9 will be evaluated.			
Practice in computer rooms	Systematic observation: During the computer practices , the results and the demonstration of having understood the procedure to arrive to them will be evaluated:  1. "Foundations of RADAR": 7%  2. "Image Processing": 13%	20	B4 C	65 D2
	In these practices the skils CE65, CT2 and CG4 will be evaluated.			

Tutored works	The works developed in C groups will be evaluated in two parts: the own dynamics of the works and the presentations.	15	B7 B9	C66	
	The work itself will receive 15% of the final mark of the subject. Each of the members of the work would receive the same mark, as each of them is coresponsible of the development.				
	In these works the skils CE66, CG7 and CG9 will be evaluated.				
Presentations / exhibitions	Presentations of the works developed by the groups C.	7	_ B9		D4
	After the presentation, the lecturers will ask questions, individually, to the members of the group. The mark of this part will be given individually, depending on the demonstrated knowledge of each member of the group, and will represent 7% of the total subject mark.				
	In the presentation of the works the skils CG9 and CT4 will be evaluated.				
Autonomous	Students will give the lecturer their autonomous work results:	3	 B4	C65	
practices through IC	T"The Earth from the air/space": 3%				
	In these practices the skils CE65 and CG4 will be evaluated.		_		
Short answer tests	The final examination, in case to have to do it, will consist of 10 questions of short answer, with questions related with the classes of theory, of laboratory and the presentations of the works, and will cost by 100% of the note of the topic.	0		C65 C66	D2 D3 D4

## Other comments on the Evaluation

## The course language is English. Tests, reports and exams should be written in English.

Evaluation and grading.

The students can chose any of the following assessment systems:

- 1.-Continuous assessment. This consist of the following activities
- 1.1. Four quizzes. They account for 40% of the final grade.
- 1.2. Performance at lab classes. It accounts for a 35% of the final grade.
- 1.3. Simulation project results andreport. 15% of the grade.
- 1.4. Project presentation. 7% of thegrade.
- 1.5. Homework. 3% of the final grade.

Missed quizzes and/or lab classes will not be rescheduled.

Students attending to two of the 4 quizzes will be considered in the continuous assessment system. A student in continuous assessment is considered to be presented to the exam, independently of having taken all assessment events.

Students that want to improve their grademay attend the final exam. Their final grade will be the average between thefinal exam and the continuous assessment grade.

2.- **Final exam.** It consists of a 10 questions exam. The exam can be taken up to two timesper course. Time and place are published in the School web page. All material given in the lectures, lab classes and project presentations is subject toquestioning.

#### **Ethical code**

Final exams and quizzes must be worked out on everyone sown. Any infraction will beconsidered a serious breach of ethics and reported to the academic authorities.

Lecturers may decide to fail a student if he has committed a serious ethical breach.

## Sources of information

#### **Basic Bibliography**

Iñigo Cuiñas, Notes of, FaiTIC, 2017

## Complementary Bibliography

Emilio Chuvieco Salinero, Teledetección ambiental, Ariel, 2010

Nicholas M. Short, Sr., The Remote Sensing Tutorial, Code 935, Goddard Space Flight Center, 1998

Varios autores, Exploring the Moon, NASA, 1997

Águeda Arquero Hidalgo, Consuelo Gonzalo Martín, Estíbaliz Martínez Izquierdo, **Teledetección: Una aproximación desde** la superficie al satélite, Fundación General de la UPM, 2003

Varios autores, Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, Canadian Centre for Remote Sensing, 1998

Gerald C. Holst, Common Sense Approach to Thermal Imaging, SPIE Optical Engineering Press, 2000

Gary Jedlovec, Advances in Geoscience and Remote Sensing, In-Teh, 2009

Iñigo Cuiñas, Verónica Santalla, Ana V. Alejos, María Vera-Isasa, Edita de Lorenzo, Manuel G. Sánche, **Playing LEGO Mindstorms® while Learning Remote Sensing**, International Journal of Engineering Education, vo, 2011

Iñigo Cuiñas, Verónica Santalla, Pablo Torío, **Aprender jugando: fundamentos de Termografía en asignaturas de Teledetección**, Jornada de Innovación Educativa 2012, 2012

#### Recommendations

## Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Navigation systems and satellite communications/V05G300V01912

## Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Fundamentals of Sound and Image/V05G300V01405

Signal Transmission and Reception Techniques/V05G300V01404

Electromagnetic Transmission/V05G300V01303

Microwave Circuits/V05G300V01611

Radio Frequency Circuits/V05G300V01511

Optical Telecommunication Infrastructures/V05G300V01614

Principles of Digital Communications/V05G300V01613

Wireless Systems and Networks/V05G300V01615

Radio Communication Systems/V05G300V01512

Multimedia Signal Processing/V05G300V01513

#### **Other comments**

The topic is going to be taught in English.

All the documents will be in English.