# Universida<sub>de</sub>Vigo

Subject Guide 2016 / 2017

IDENTIFYIN	G DATA				
Physics III					
Subject	Physics III				
Code	V11G200V01301				
Study	(*)Grao en				
programme	Química				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6		Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching	Spanish				
language					
Department					
Coordinator	Flores Rodríguez, Jesús Ramón				
Lecturers	Flores Rodríguez, Jesús Ramón				
	Martínez Piñeiro, Manuel				
E-mail	flores@uvigo.es				
Web					
General description	The matter pretends to be an introducti applications in Chemistry.	ion to Quant	rum Mechanics and	Statistical me	chanics, oriented to theirs

#### Competencies

Code

- C3 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories in: principles of quantum mechanics and its application in the description of the structure and properties of atoms and molecules
- C14 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles and theories: relationship between macroscopic properties and properties of individual atoms and molecules, including macromolecules
- C19 Apply knowledge and understanding to solve basic problems of quantitative and qualitative nature
- C20 Evaluate, interpret and synthesize data and chemical information
- C22 Process and perform computational calculations with chemical information and chemical data
- C23 Present oral and written scientific material and scientific arguments to a specialized audience
- D1 Communicate orally and in writing in at least one of the official languages of the University
- D3 Learn independently
- D4 Search and manage information from different sources
- D5 Use information and communication technologies and manage basic computer tools
- Use mathematics, including error analysis, estimates of orders of magnitude, correct use of units and data representations
- D7 Apply theoretical knowledge in practice
- D8 Teamwork
- D9 Work independently
- D12 Plan and manage time properly
- D13 Make decisions
- D14 Analyze and synthesize information and draw conclusions
- D15 Evaluate critically and constructively the environment and oneself

Learning outcomes				
Expected results from this subject		Training and Learning Results		
Describe *unificadamente the electromagnetic field by means of the laws of Maxwell. Apply the	C3	D1		
basic conditions of border in the empty or in presence of material means.		D12		
		D14		
Derive the equation of propagation of an electromagnetic wave, characterised through his main	C3	D12		
characteristic. Relate this concept with the electromagnetic spectrum.		D14		
Explain the empirical phenomena related with the interaction radiation	C3	D12		
matter no explained by the Classical Theory, and the solutions proposed for		D14		
his resolution (duality wave corpuscle, *cuantización of the radiation).		D15		

Bill the postulates of the Quantum Mechanics and his consequences in the reformulation of the		
	C3	D1
microscopic theory of the Classical Physics.		D12
		D14
		D15
Explain the foundations of the theory of mathematical operators, including the concepts of function	.C3	D1
and own value, spectrum, *linealidad and *hermiticidad, space of functions, etc.	103	D9
and own value, spectrum, simeandad and shermiticidad, space of functions, etc.		
		D12
		D14
Write the fundamental operators of the Quantum Mechanics (position, linear and angular moment,	C3	D1
Hamiltonian of simple systems).	C19	D9
		D12
		D14
Apply the previous concepts to the mechanical study-quantum of simple systems, like a particle	C3	D1
subjected to a potential of *pozo square infinite, or to a harmonic potential, resolving the equation	C19	D3
of Schrödinger independent of the time.		D6
		D8
		D12
		D13
		D14
Calculate the functions and own values of the for the moment angular operator.	C3	D6
Calculate the functions and own values of the for the moment angular operator.		
	C19	D12
	_	D14
Resolve the equations of wave of the atom of hydrogen, calculating his orbital.	C3	D6
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C19	D8
		D12
		D14
Deschip the equation of Cabridian arrival to the Cabridian arrival to the country of a province to	<u></u>	
Resolve the equation of Schrödinger for atoms *polielectrónicos by means of approximate	C3	D1
methods.	C19	D5
	C20	D6
		D9
		D12
		D13
		D14
Typicin of simple form the transitions between states and the another and the another and	<u></u>	D1
Explain of simple form the transitions between states and the spectrums of broadcast or resultant		
absorption.	C19	D6
	C20	D8
	C22	D9
	C23	D12
		D14
		D15
Bill the laws of the Statistical mechanics that govern the behaviour of systems of particles,	C14	D1
*particularizado to the statistics of Maxwell *Boltzmann. Derive the function of partition of a		
	C20	D4
system and know in detail his physical meaning.	C22	D5
	C23	D6
		D7
		D8
		D12
		D13
	C14	D1
Apply the statistics of Maywell *Poltzmann to the sace of the ideal saces mankey and relientering	C.14	
Apply the statistics of Maxwell *Boltzmann to the case of the ideal gases monkey and polyatomic		
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry		D4
		D5
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry		
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry		D5
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry		D5 D6
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry		D5 D6 D7 D8
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry		D5 D6 D7 D8
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry and frequencies of vibration.		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry and frequencies of vibration.  Contents		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
to estimate thermodynamic properties from microscopic properties like mass, molecular geometry and frequencies of vibration.  Contents Topic		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
Contents Topic Electromagnetic field: equations of Maxwell.  Displacement current. Maxwell equations. Energy.		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
Contents Topic Electromagnetic field: equations of Maxwell.  Displacement current.		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
Contents Topic Electromagnetic field: equations of Maxwell.  Displacement current.  Maxwell equations. Energy.  Waves equations.		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
Contents Topic Electromagnetic field: equations of Maxwell.  Displacement current.  Maxwell equations. Energy.  Waves equations.  Quantización Of radiation. Wave-corpuscle dualityUltraviolet catastrophe		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
Contents Topic Electromagnetic field: equations of Maxwell.  Maxwell equations.  Displacement current. Maxwell equations. Energy. Waves equations.  Quantización Of radiation. Wave-corpuscle duality Ultraviolet catastrophe photoelectric Effect		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
Contents Topic Electromagnetic field: equations of Maxwell.  Maxwell equations. Energy. Waves equations.  Quantización Of radiation. Wave-corpuscle duality Ultraviolet catastrophe photoelectric Effect X-rays. Bragg condition. Braking radiation.		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12
Contents Topic Electromagnetic field: equations of Maxwell.  Maxwell equations.  Displacement current. Maxwell equations. Energy. Waves equations.  Quantización Of radiation. Wave-corpuscle duality Ultraviolet catastrophe photoelectric Effect		D5 D6 D7 D8 D12

Principles of Quantum Mechanics	Limitations of Classical Physics and origin of Quantum Mechanics De Broglie Hypothesis Uncertainty Relationship Quantum Mechanics Postulates Virial Theorem
Quantum-mechanical Study of model systems	Introduction. Particle in a box of potential. Harmonic oscillator. Angular moment and rigid rotor.
Approximate methods	Introduction. Method of variations. Method of perturbations.
Hydrogen-like Atoms	Introduction. Resolution of the radial part of the equation of Schrödinger. Hydrogen-like Orbitals. Angular and magnetic moments electronic. Electronic spin. Spin-orbit coupling. Hyperfine structure. Spectra of Hydrogen-like atoms
Polielectronic atoms	Approximation of independent electrons. Antisymmetry Principle. Slater orbitals and basic functions. SCF-HF Method Terms and electronic levels. Spectra of polielectronic atoms
Statistical mechanics	Nomenclature and postulates. Canonical ensemble. Canonical partition function. Systems of non-interacting particles. Molecular partition function. Canonical partition function for a pure ideal gas. Boltzmann distribution law for non-interacting molecules. Statistical thermodynamics for ideal gases. Introduction to the study of real systems.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Master Session	26	49.4	75.4
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	26	39	65
Introductory activities	1	0.6	1.6
Short answer tests	4	0	4
Long answer tests and development	4	0	4
*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.			

Methodologies

Description

Master Session \*Expoisición Of the fundamental appearances of each subject and approach of those that go to tackle in the seminars

Troubleshooting and / or Resolution of numerical problems, theoretical questions and development of the theoretical exercises appearances posed in the Masterclasses with the participation of the student.

Introductory activities

Class of presentation of the \*asignatura with exhibition: of parts of the \*temario, contents, distribution in short proofs and final examination, general norms of evaluation, etc.

Methodologies	Description
Master Session	Answers to the questions related with the matter that pose the students in the classes of resolution of problems and in *tutorías. The students will know from principle of course the schedules of *tutorías of the professors of the matter. In the *tutorías the students will be able to review his examinations
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	Answers to the questions related with the matter that pose the students in the classes of resolution of problems and in *tutorías. The students will know from principle of course the schedules of *tutorías of the professors of the matter. In the *tutorías the students will be able to review his examinations

## Assessment

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	Basically it will centre in the resolution of exercises in the classroom.  Nevertheless, it will be able to *tambien ask to the student that deliver exercises proposed and that the resolve of autonomous way. In this case the professor will be able to ask to the student that explain him *indivdualmente	15	
Short answer tests	as it has resolved the exercise.  They will celebrate 2 proofs of short answer. They will refer, respectively, to the matter of the subjects 1 to 3 and 4 to 8. The *superación of each one of them will allow that the students can not going back to examine of this matter in the final examination of the *cuatrimestre, but no like this in the	42.5	
Long answer tests and development	examination of second opportunity (June-July).  dWhen finishing the course will celebrate a complete proof in which the students that wish it will be able to repeat those appearances that did not surpass in the short proofs realised.	42.5	

#### Other comments on the Evaluation

During the course will realise two short proofs referred to the subjects

1-3, the first, and to the subjects 4-8, the second. Both will contain

problems and questions and his \*superación will free to the students of this

part of the \*asignatura. Of voluntary way, the students will be able to participate in the resolution of exercises in the seminars or deliver exercises proposed. Also will be able to present to a final examination, that will include all

the matter, that will allow them increase the punctuation reached in

the partial.All student will have to reach at least a qualification of 3.5 on 10

in the global of his proofs written to be able to accumulate the corresponding

punctuation to resolution of exercises.

In the second announcement will keep the punctuation reached

by means of the resolution of exercises. This examination will value of

similar way to the final examination.

The student that do not present to any proof during the course will be described in first announcement as no presented.

Sources of information
R. Eisberg, y R. Resnick, <b>Fisica Cuantica</b> , 1983,
M. Alonso y E.J. Finn, <b>Física</b> , 2000,
I. N. Levine, <b>Fisicoquímica</b> , 2004,
P.W. Atkins y J. de Paula, <b>Atkin's Physical Chemistry</b> , 2014,
J. Bertrán y otros, <b>Química Cuántica</b> , 2000,
I.N. Levine, <b>Química Cuántica</b> , 2001,

## Recommendations

### **Subjects that continue the syllabus**

Physical chemistry II/V11G200V01403

#### Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/V11G200V01102 Physics: Physics II/V11G200V01201

Mathematics: Mathematics I/V11G200V01104
Mathematics: Mathematics II/V11G200V01203